TECHNICAL MANUAL
VOLUME 2 OF 3
PART 1 OF 2

TROUBLESHOOTING

ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL

2½-TON, 6X6, M44A1 AND M44A2 SERIES TRUCKS
(MULTIFUEL)

TRUCK, CARGO: M35A1,
M35A2, M35A2C, M36A2; TRUCK,
TANK, FUEL: M49A1C, M49A2C; TRUCK, TANK,
WATER: M50A1, M50A2, M50A3; TRUCK, VAN,
SHOP: M109A2, M109A3; TRUCK, REPAIR SHOP:
M185A2, M185A3; TRUCK, TRACTOR: M275A1,
M275A2; TRUCK, DUMP: M342A2; TRUCK,
MAINTENANCE, PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION:
M756A2; TRUCK, MAINTENANCE,
EARTH BORING AND POLESETTING: M764

NOTE:

THE STYLE OF THIS TM IS

EXPERIMENTAL. IT IS BEING TRIED

BY THE ARMY ONLY ON

A LIMITED BASIS

#### WARNING

Engine cooling system runs under pressure and at very high temperatures. If filler cap is taken off before pressure is set free, scalding coolant will blow out. Due to high temperature of coolant bad burns can occur if contact is made with skin.

Do not touch any part of the exhaust system while engine is running. You can get badly burned. If the engine has just been shut off, wait until the exhaust system has time to cool down before doing any work.

Because of their higher power, 24 volt systems are more dangerous than 6 or 12 volt systems. Do not let a hot wire touch metal parts of the truck at any time. Flash testing by striking a hot wire against a ground will cause an arc that can destroy the lead connector and possibly the lead itself.

Accidental contact of metal tools between positive (+) battery or starter terminal will cause burns on the hand, damaged tools, truck electrical components and batteries. The battery can explode spraying acid and sharp fragments that can cause serious or fatal injuries.

Only properly trained personnel should perform test on 115 volt system. The voltage present in 115 volt system can cause severe or fatal electric shock.

Take off battery ground cable before working near or touching fan. This will make sure that the engine will not be started by accident. Use a rag when touching fan blades because edges on blades can cause cuts.

Eye shields must be worn when using compressed air. Eye injury can occur if eye shields are not used.

## \*TM 9-2320-209-20-2-1 T.O. 36A12-1B-1092-1-2

TECHNICAL MANUAL NO. 9-2320-209-20-2-1 TECHNICAL ORDER NO. 36A12-1B-1092-1-2

## DEPARTMENTS OF THE ARMY AND

#### THE AIR FORCE

Washington, DC, 27 May 1981

TECHNICAL MANUAL

VOLUME 2 OF 3

PART 1 OF 2

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL

# 2½-TON, 6x6, M44A1 AND M44A2 SERIES TRUCKS (MULTIFUEL)

Model		NSN without Winch	NSN with Winch
Truck, Cargo	M35A1 M35A2 M35A2C M36A2	2320-00-542-5633 2320-00-077-1616 2320-00-926-0873 2320-00-077-1618	2320-00-542-5634 2320-00-077-1617 2320-00-926-0875 2320-00-077-1619
Truck, Tank, Fuel	M49A1C M49A2C	2320-00-440-3349 2320-00-077-1631	2320-00-440-3346 2320-00-077-1632
Truck, Tank, Water	M50A1 M50A2 M50A3	2320-00-440-8307 2320-00-077-1633 2320-00-937-4036	2320-00-440-8305 2320-00-077-1634 2320-00-937-5264
Truck, Van, Shop	M109A2 M109A3	2320-00-440-8313 2320-00-077-1636	2320-00-440-8308 2320-00-077-1637
Truck, Repair Shop	M185A2 M185A3	4940-00-987-8799 4940-00-077-1638	4940-00-077-1639
Truck, Tractor	M275A1 M275A2	2320-00-446-2479 2320-00-077-1640	2320-00-077-1641
Truck, Dump	M342A2	2320-00-077-1643	2320-00-077-1644
Truck, Maintenance, Pipeline Construction	M756A2		2320-00-904-3277
Truck, Maintenance, Earth Boring and Polesetting	M764		2320-00-937-5980

<sup>\*</sup>This manual, together with TM 9-2320-209-20-1, 27 May 1981; TM 9-2320-209-20-2-2, 27 May 1981: TM 9-2320-209-20-3-1, 27 May 1981; TM 9-2320-209-20-3-2, 27 May 1981; TM 9-2320-209-20-3-3, 27 May 1981; and TM 9-2320-209-20-3-4, 27 May 1981, supersedes TM 9-2320-209-20-1, 31 August 1978.

#### REPORTING OF ERRORS AND RECOMMENDING IMPROVEMENTS

You can help improve this manual. If you find any mistake or if you know of a way to improve the procedure, please let us know. Mail your letter, DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publication and Blank Forms), or DA Form 2028-2 located in the back of this manual direct to: Commander, U.S. Army Tank Automotive Materiel Readiness Command, ATTN: DRSTA-MBT, Warren, Michigan 48090. A reply will be furnished to you.

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#### CHAPTER 1

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1-1. SCOPE. This volume tells you how to do troubleshooting at the organizational level of maintenance. The amount of troubleshooting you can do is based on what the Maintenance Allocation Chart says you can fix. Because of this, the only trouble symptoms you will find here are those that could be caused by faulty things you can fix.
- 1-2. ORGANIZATION. This volume has the information you will need to troubleshoot the truck. Chapter 2 tells you how to use the information in the other chapters of this volume to find what is wrong with the truck, and what you must do to fix it. Chapter 7 has a procedure that takes you step-by-step through a sample trouble-shooting procedure and shows you how to use the information to find the trouble and fix it.
- 1-3. TROUBLESHOOTING APPROACH . In order to find out what is causing the problem in the truck, you must use a good approach. A good approach just means a way of doing troubleshooting so you can find the problem and not get confused or lost. The following chapter describes how you can use the materials in this volume to troubleshoot with a good approach.

## CHAPTER 2 TROUBLESHOOTING APPROACH

- 2-1. GENERAL APPROACH. This chapter gives you instructions on how to use the troubleshooting material to help you find and fix the trouble. In every system of the truck there can be faults or problems which will cause certain symptoms. Symptoms can be such things as unusual noise, vibration, or even complete failure of a system. This volume gives information for each system on which you can do trouble-shooting to find faults and fix them. Before you troubleshoot a system, you should look at the troubleshooting indexes which will lead you to the information you need to help make your troubleshooting faster and easier. If you follow the instructions the right way, you will find those troubles you can fix. But, if you fix something and the trouble is still there, it means there is more than one trouble. If this happens, start all over again to find the other trouble.
- 2-2. TROUBLESHOOTING INDEX. The troubleshooting index, and instructions on how to use it are in chapter 3. Go to this index first because it tells you where to find troubleshooting roadmaps, fault symptom indexes, summary troubleshooting charts and support diagrams for each system.
- 2-3. TEST EQUIPMENT PROCEDURES INDEX . The test equipment procedures index, and instructions on how to use it are in chapter 4. This index tells you where to find electrical and mechanical tests which you can use to do your troubleshooting. It also tells you what equipment you will need to do the tests. If you have a STE/ICE (Simplified Test Equipment/Internal Combustion Engine) Set (NSN 4910-00-124-2554), you may use it, where applicable, to do your troubleshooting. Refer to TM 9-4910-571-12 & P.
- 2-4. TROUBLESHOOTING ROADMAPS. Troubleshooting roadmaps for each system are in chapter 5. If the system is made up of subsystems, these subsystems are also on the roadmap. Under the subsystem is a list of things which are the most likely causes of a fault symptom in that subsystem. If you have enough skill, you can troubleshoot these things on the truck without using the detailed troubleshooting procedures. So if you know enough about the truck to work on your own, use the roadmap for the system with the problem before you check the fault symptom index.
- 2-5. FAULT SYMPTOM INDEX. Fault symptom indexes and instructions on how to use them are in chapter 6. For each system of the truck, there is an index which gives you a list of the fault symptoms for that system. The index also tells you where to find the detailed troubleshooting procedures and what resources (tools/people) you need to do each procedure.
- 2-6. SAMPLE TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE. A sample troubleshooting procedure is in chapter 7. This sample procedure will help you see the way detailed troubleshooting procedures are to be used.

#### CHAPTER 3

### TROUBLESHOOTING INDEX

- 3-1. GENERAL. This chapter has a troubleshooting index which covers every system of the truck on which you can do troubleshooting. The index tells you where to find all the other information you need to do your troubleshooting procedures.
- 3-2. INDEX. The troubleshooting index (fig. 3-1) is divided into five columns that list systems, troubleshooting roadmaps, fault symptoms, summary troubleshooting procedures, and system support diagrams. The following breakdown tells you what is in each column.
- a. <u>System Column</u>. This column gives a list of systems on the truck for which troubleshooting can be done at the organizational maintenance level.
- b. <u>Troubleshooting Roadmaps Column</u>. This column tells you where to find the troubleshooting roadmap for each listed system. These roadmaps are given in chapter 5.
- c. <u>Fault Symptom Index Column.</u> This column tells you where to find the troubleshooting fault symptom index for each listed system. Fault symptom indexes are given in chapter 6.
- d. <u>Summary Troubleshooting Procedures Column</u>. This column tells you where to find the summary troubleshooting procedure for each listed system. Some systems do not have summary troubleshooting procedures, so the column will be left blank for those systems.
- e. System Support Diagrams Column. This column tells you where to find support diagrams for each listed system, Some systems do not have support diagrams, so the column will be left blank for those systems.

	SYSTEM	TROUBLE- SHOOTING ROADMAPS	FAULT SYMPTOM INDEXES	SUMMARY TROUBLE- SHOOTING PROCEDURES	SYSTEM SUPPORT DIAGRAMS
1	ENGINE	Figure 5-1	Table 6-1	Figure 9-1	
2	CLUTCH	Figure 5-2	Table 6-2	Figure 12-1	
3	FUEL	Figure 5-3	Table 6-3	Figure 14-1	Figure 15-1
4	EXHAUST	Figure 5-4	Table 6-4	Figure 18-1	Figure 19-1
5	COOLING	Figure 5-5	Table 6-5	Figure 21-1	Figure 22-1
6	ELECTRICAL	Figure 5-6	Table 6-6	Figure 26-1	Figure 27-1
7	TRANSMISSION	Figure 5-7	Table 6-7	Figure 32-1	
8	TRANSFER	Figure 5-8	Table 6-8	Figure 34-1	
9	PROPELLER SHAFT	Figure 5-9	Table 6-9	Figure 37-1	Figure 38-1
10	FRONT AXLE	Figure 5-10	Table 6-10	Figure 40-1	
11	REAR AXLE	Figure 5-11	Table 6-11		Figure 43-1
12	BRAKES	Figure 5-12	Table 6-12	Figure 45-1	Figure 46-1
13	WHEELS	Figure 5-13	Table 6-13		
14	STEERING	Figure 5-14	Table 6-14	Figure 53-1	Figure 54-1
15	SPRINGS AND SHOCK ABSORBERS	Figure 5-15	Table 6-15	Figure 56-1	
16	DUMP BODY	Figure 5-16	Table 6-16	Figure 58-1	Figure 59-1
17	WATER TANK BODY	Figure 5-17	Table 6-17	Figure 62-1	Figure 63-1
18	FUEL TANK BODY M49A1C	Figure 5-18	Table 6-18	Figure 66-1	Figure 67-1
19	FUEL TANK BODY M49A2C	Figure 5-19	Table 6-19	Figure 70-1	Figure 71-1
20	EARTH BORING MACHINE M764	Figure 5-20	Table 6-20	Figure 74-1	Figure 75-1
21	FRONT WINCH	Figure 5-21	Table 6-21	Figure 78-1	
22	EARTH BORING MACHINE REAR	Figure 5-22	Table 6-22		
	WINCH				
23	PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION TRUCK	Figure 5-23	Table 6-23		
	REAR WINCH				
24	ENGINE COOLANT HEATER	Figure 5-24	Table 6-24	Figure 83-1	Figure 84-1
25	FUEL BURNING PERSONNEL HEATER	Figure 5-25	Table 6-25	Figure 88-1	Figure 89-1
26	HOT WATER HEATER	Figure 5-26	Table 6-26	Figure 92-1	
27	DEEP WATER FORDING KIT	Figure 5-27	Table 6-27	Figure 95-1	Figure 96-1
28	NON ELECTRICAL GAGES	Figure 5-28	Table 6-28	Figure 99-1	Figure 100-1

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Figure 3-1. Troubleshooting Index

#### **CHAPTER 4**

### TEST EQUIPMENT PROCEDURES INDEX

- 4-1. GENERAL. This chapter has a test equipment procedures index which tells you where to find the tests you need to do your troubleshooting.
- 4-2. INDEX. The test equipment procedures index is divided into three columns that list test equipment, tests, and figure numbers. The following breakdown tells you what is in each column.
- a. Test Equipment Column. This column tells you what kind of equipment you need to do your troubleshooting tests. For all electrical tests, a multimeter is used. The multimeter can be any one of three models fielded for your use. These models are given in the test equipment column. For mechanical tests, test equipment is also given, along with the part number of the equipment.
- b. Tests Column. This column tells you what tests are given in this manual. Next to each piece of test equipment are listed the tests that you can do with that equipment. This column also gives troubleshooting tests which can be done without using test equipment.
- c. Figure Column. This column tells you where you can find the tests in this manual. The first test given is the DC Voltage test. The figures given for this test are 28-2, 28-8, and 28-14. Three figures are given for each multimeter test because there are three multimeter models.

TEST EQUIPMENT		TESTS	FIGURE
1		1. DC Voltage	28-2,28-8,28-14
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	TS-352B/U	4. Continuity	28-5,28-11,28-17
		5. Short	28-6,28-12,28-18
2	GAGE-fuel system pressure	Fuel Tank Pump Pressure	16-5
	P/N 11600036		
		Flame Heater Fuel Pump	16-1
		Fuel Filter Body	16-2
		Flame Heater Nozzle	16-3
		Fuel Lines and Fittings	16-4
		Thermostat	23-1
		Compressed Air Lines Leakage	49-1
		Master Cylinder Leakage	49-2
		Air Governor Adjustment	49-3
		Hoist Control Linkage	57-6
		Hoist Control Box	57-7
		Control Linkage Woodroof	57-8
		Keyed Shaft	
		Heater Fuel Line Clog	85-1
		Heater Fuel Pump	85-2

Figure 4-1. Test Equipment Procedures Index

# CHAPTER 5 TROUBLESHOOTING ROADMAPS

- 5-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives troubleshooting roadmaps for every system of the truck for which you have detailed troubleshooting procedures. Figures 5-1 through 5-28 cover all the roadmaps for the detailed procedures.
- 5-2. ROADMAPS. Each roadmap gives a list of things which are most likely to cause a fault symptom in a system or subsystem. At least one of the items listed will be found to be bad when you do the detailed troubleshooting procedures for that system.

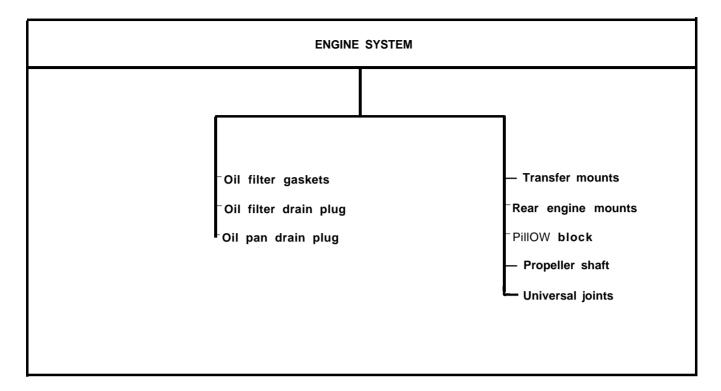


Figure 5-1. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Engine System

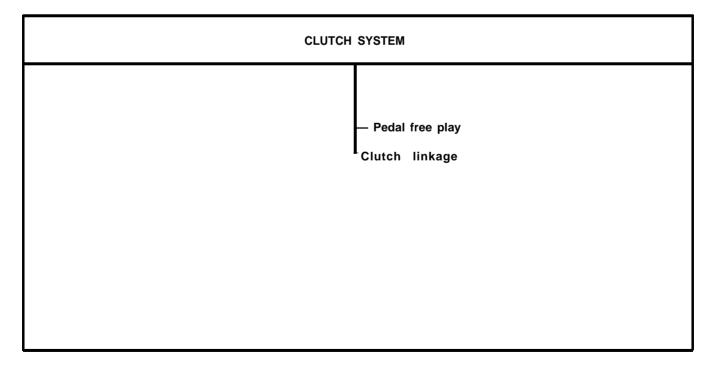


Figure 5-2. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Clutch System

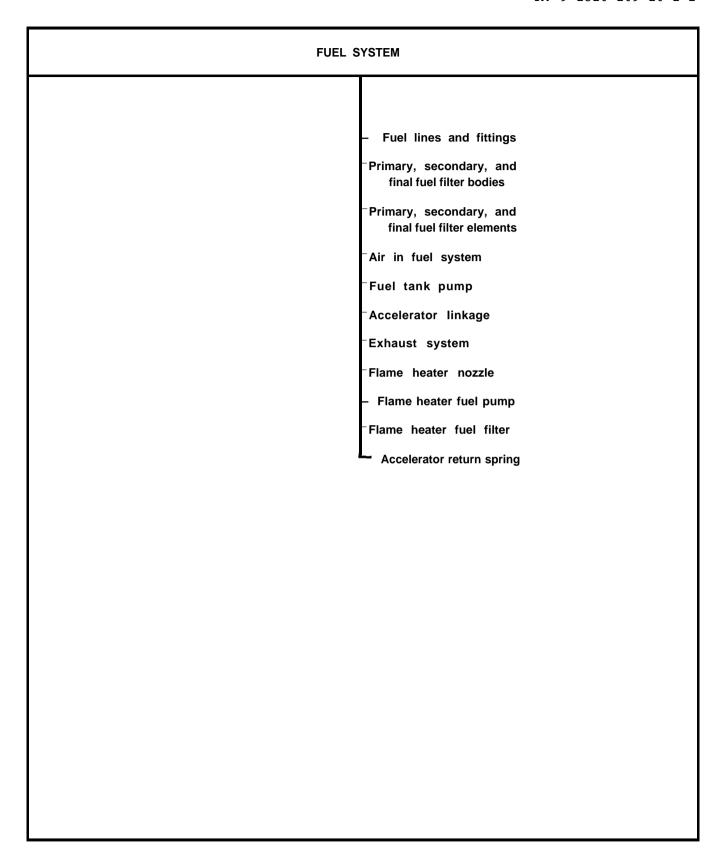


Figure 5-3. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Fuel System

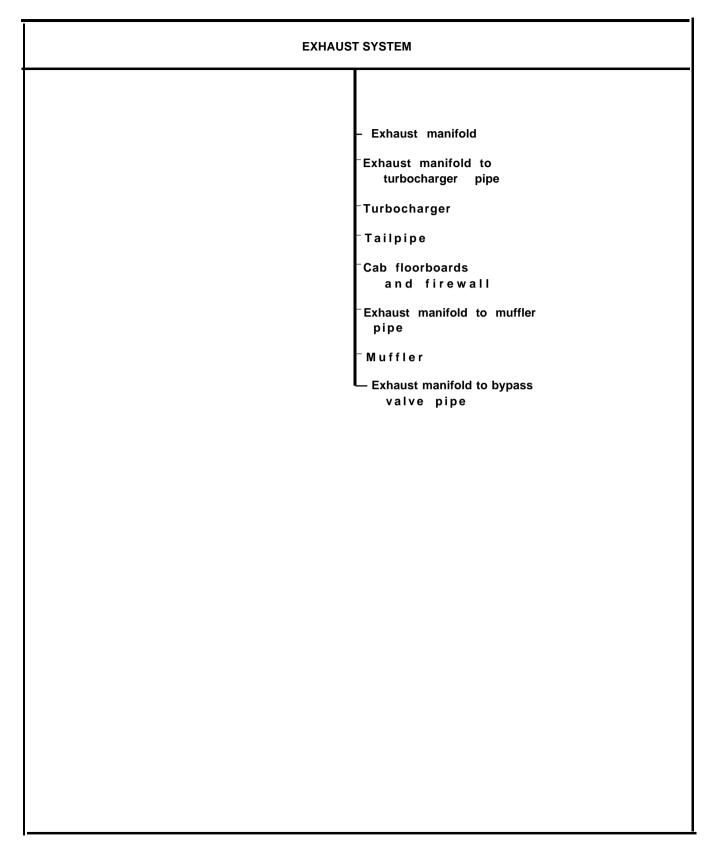


Figure 5-4. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Exhaust System

TA 115214

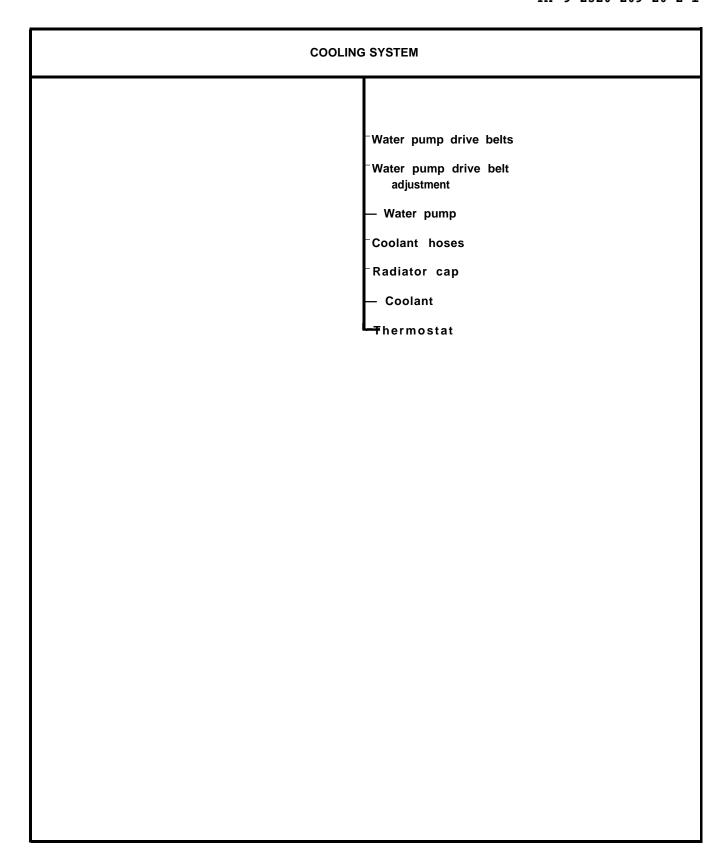


Figure 5-5. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Cooling System

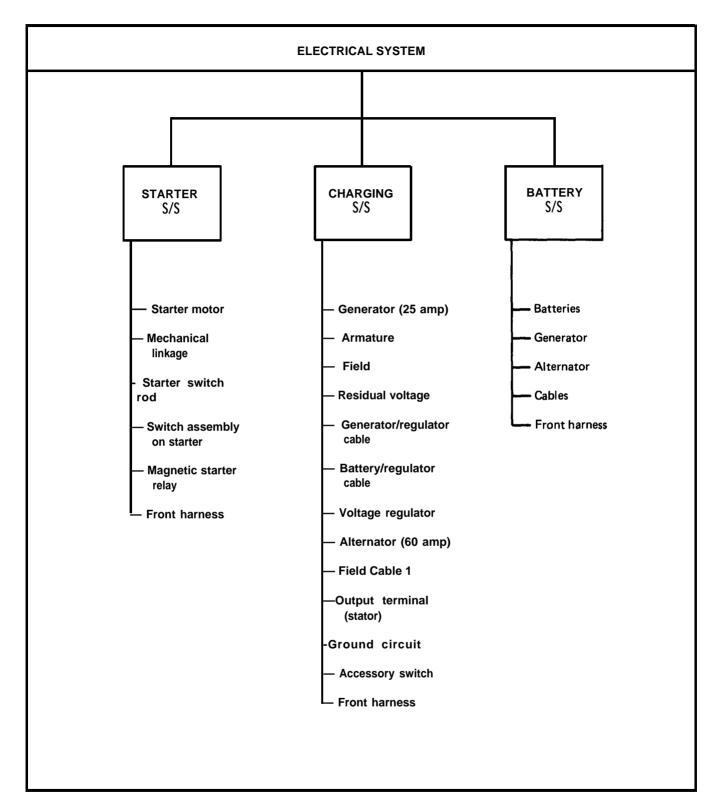


Figure 5-6. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Electrical System (Sheet 1 of 5)

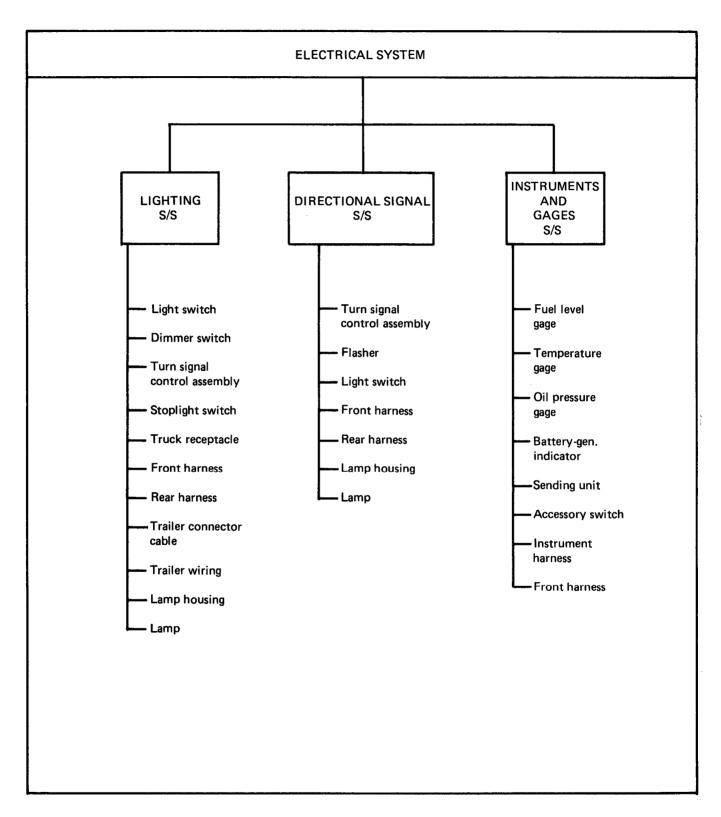


Figure 5-6. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Electrical System (Sheet 2 of 5)

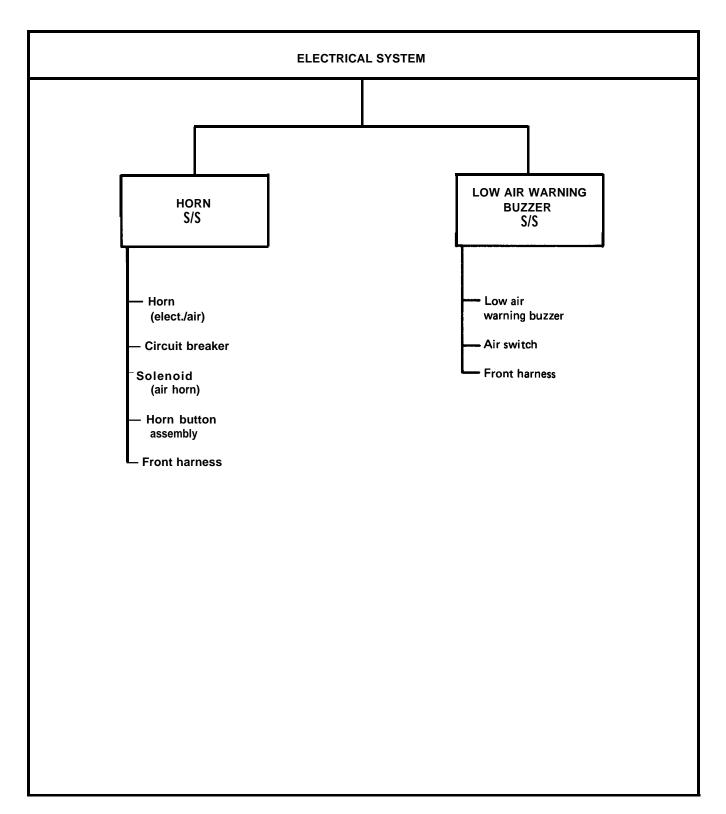


Figure 5-6. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Electrical System (Sheet 3 of 5)

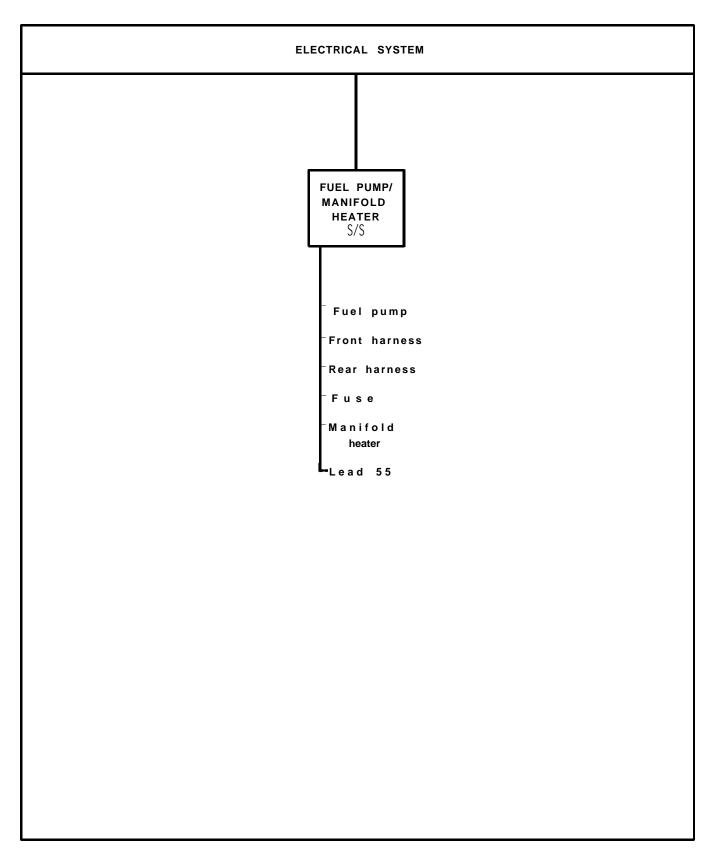


Figure 5-6. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Electrical System (Sheet 4 of 5)

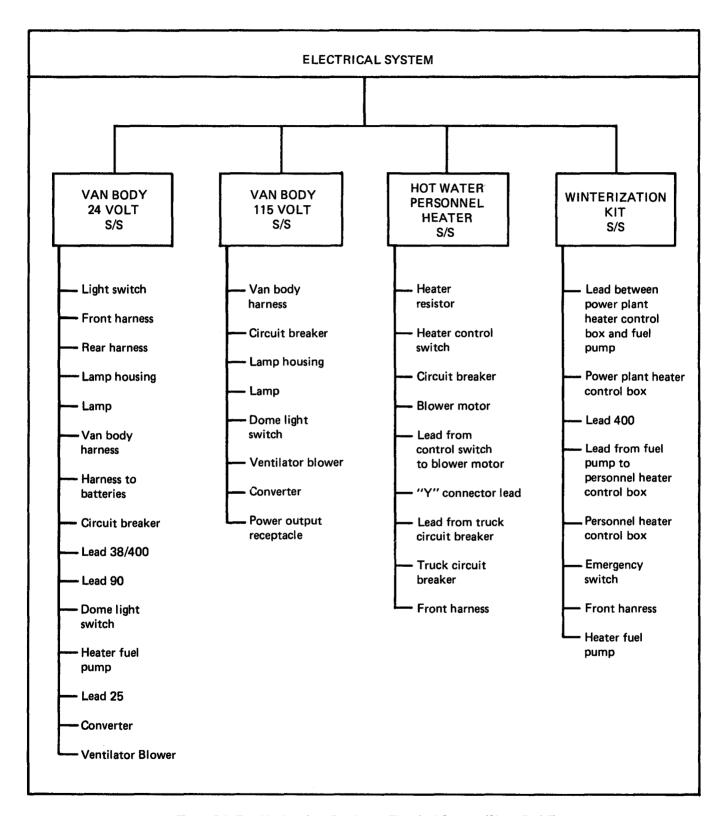


Figure 5-6. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Electrical System (Sheet 5 of 5)

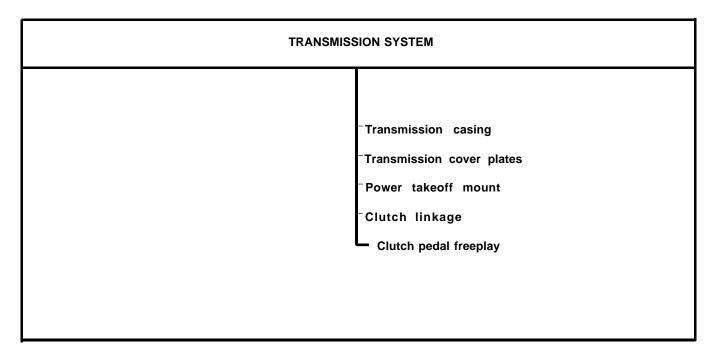


Figure 5-7. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Transmission System

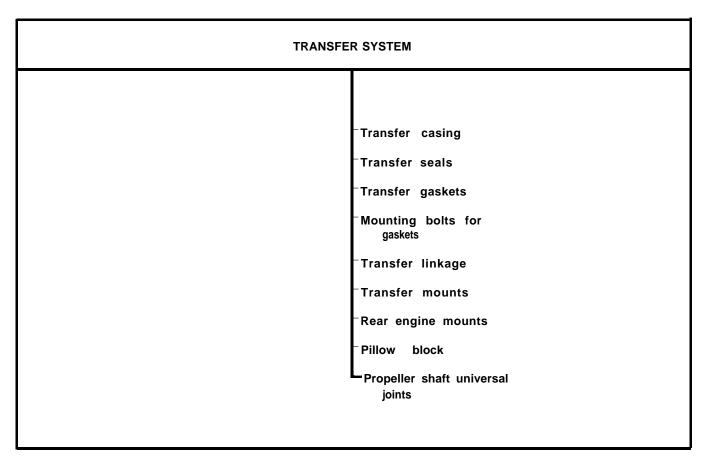


Figure 5-8. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Transfer System

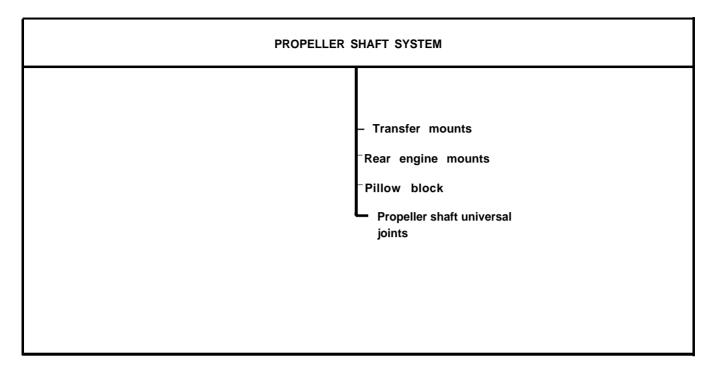


Figure 5-9. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Propeller Shaft System

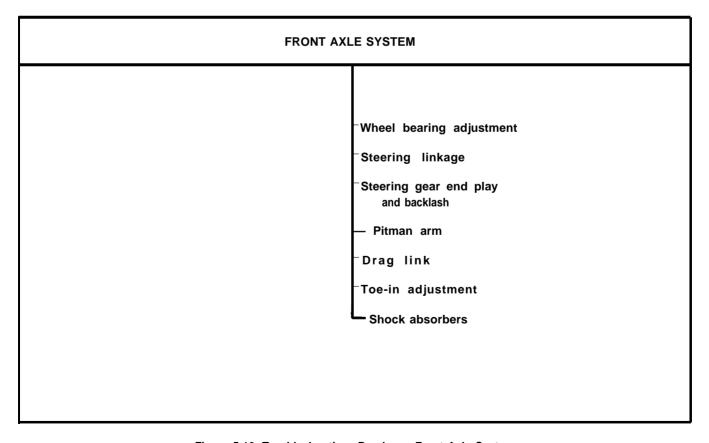


Figure 5-10. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Front Axle System

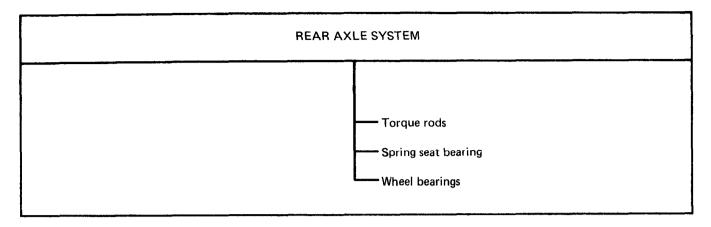


Figure 5-11. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Rear Axle System

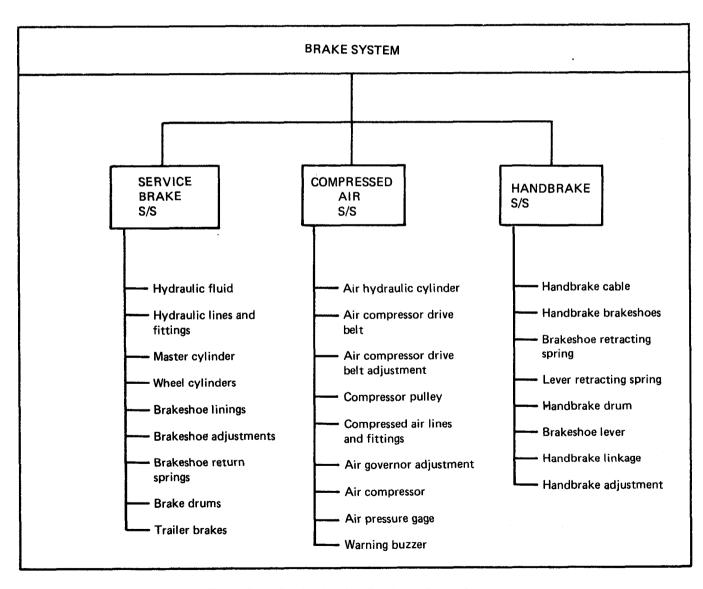


Figure 5-12. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Brake System

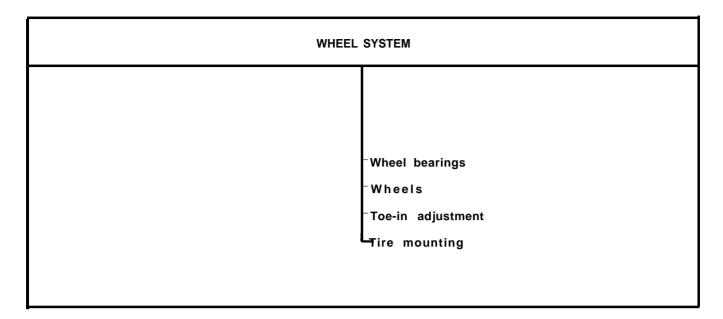


Figure 5-13. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Wheel System

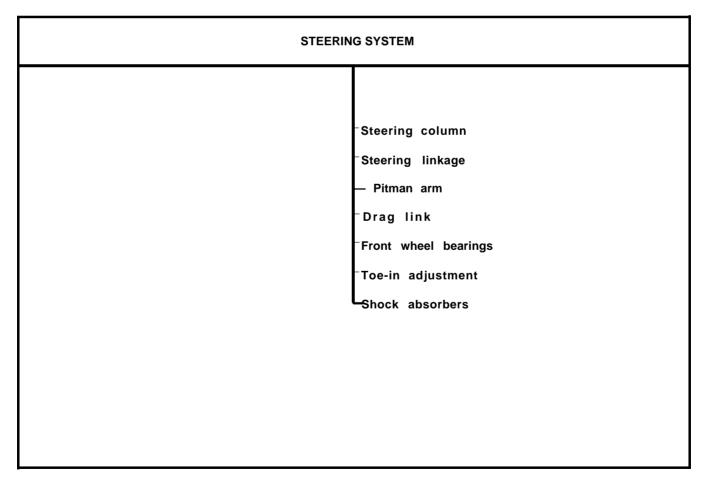


Figure 5-14. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Steering System

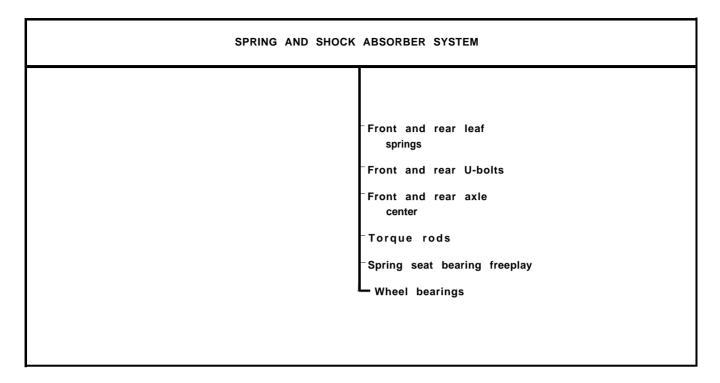


Figure 5-15. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Spring and Shock Absorber System

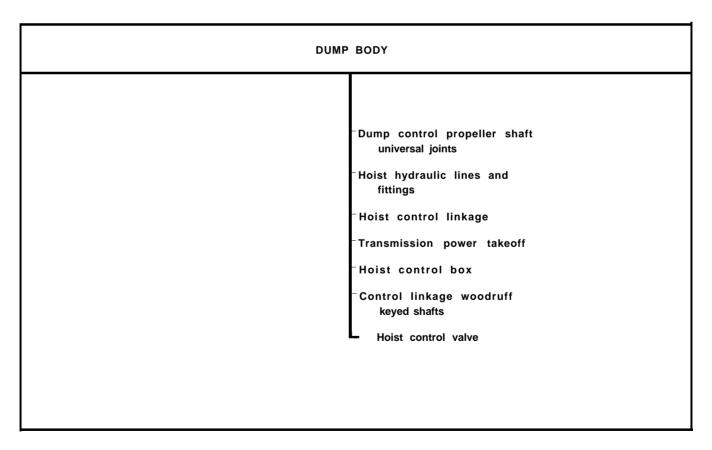


Figure 5-16. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Dump Body

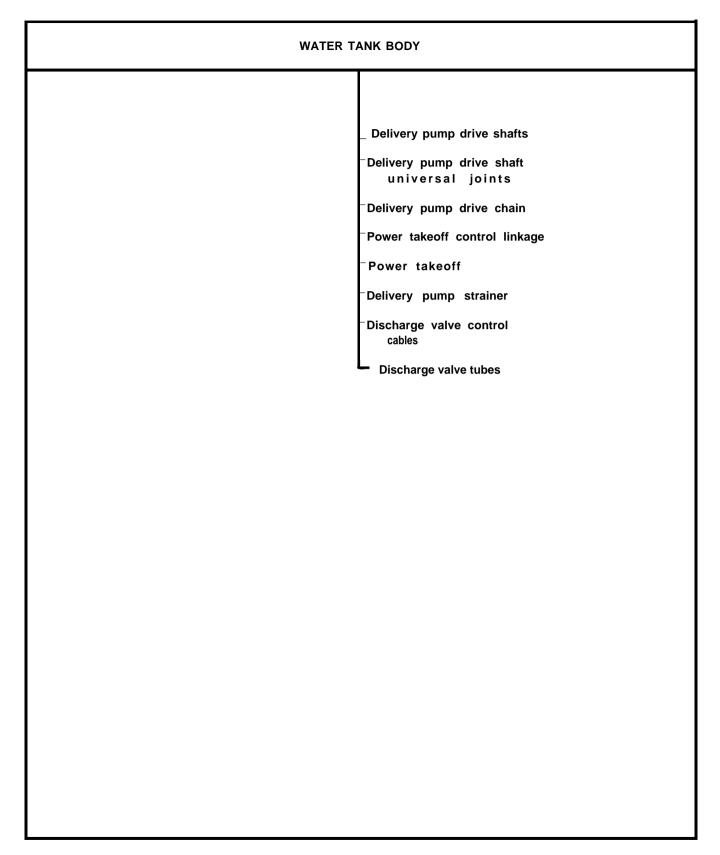


Figure 5-17. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Water Tank Body

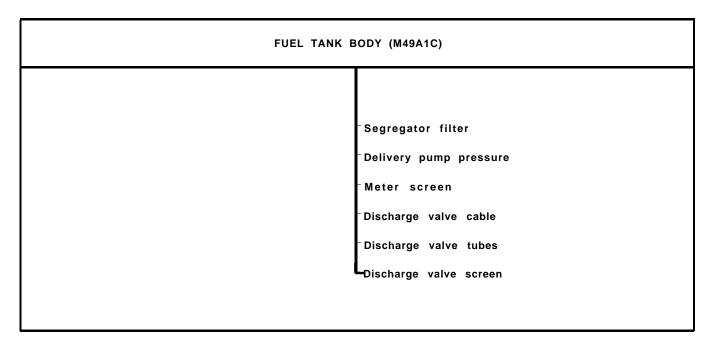


Figure 5-18. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Fuel Tank Body (M49A1C)

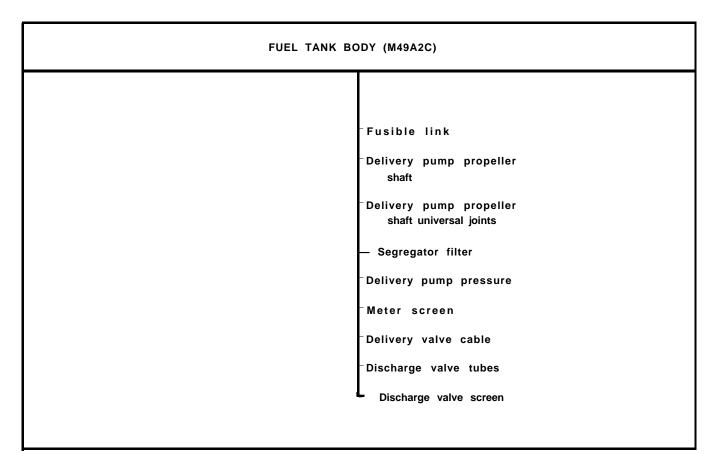


Figure 5-19. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Fuel Tank Body (M49A2C)

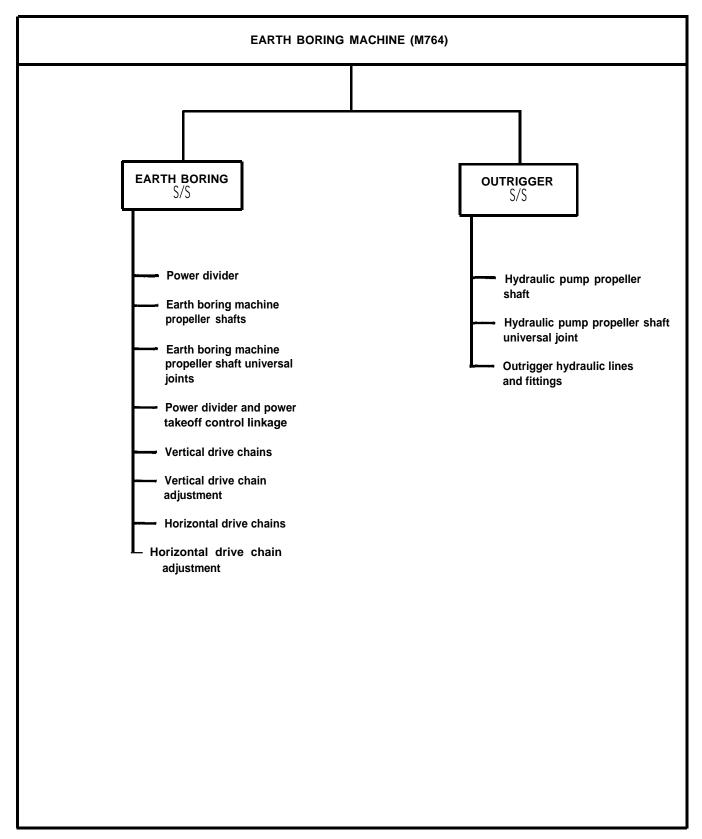


Figure 5-20. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Earth Boring Machine (M764)

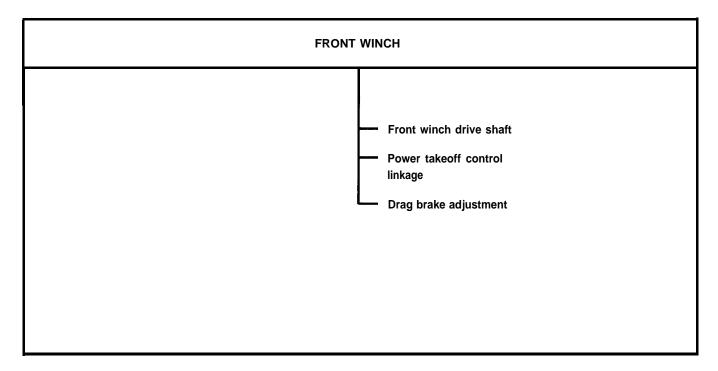


Figure 5-21. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Front Winch

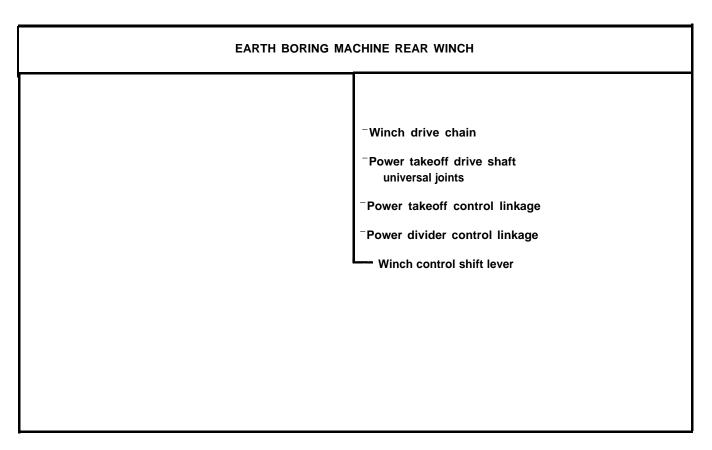


Figure 5-22. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Earth Boring Machine Rear Winch

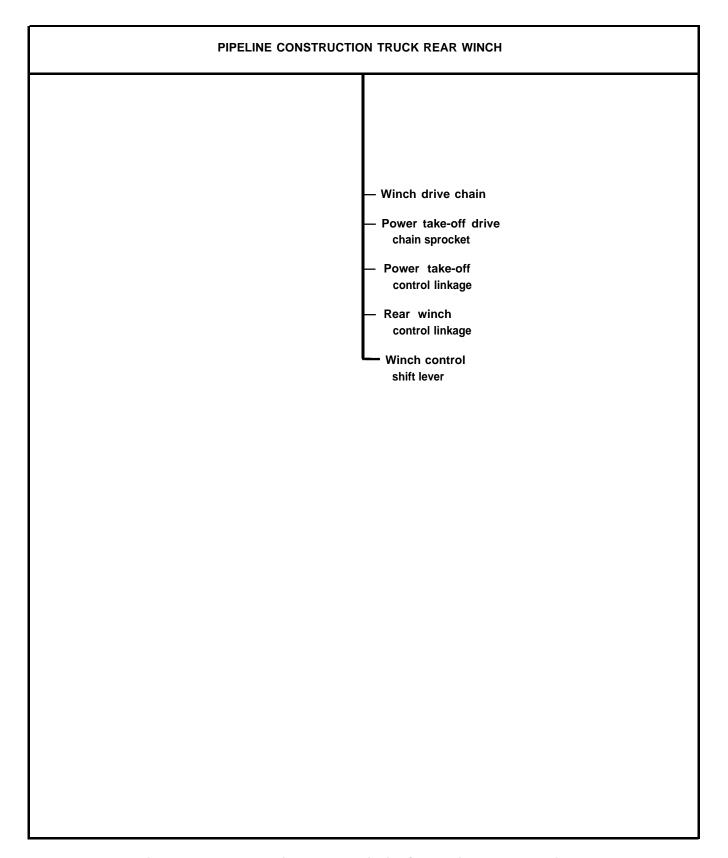


Figure 5-23. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Pipeline Construction Truck, Rear Winch

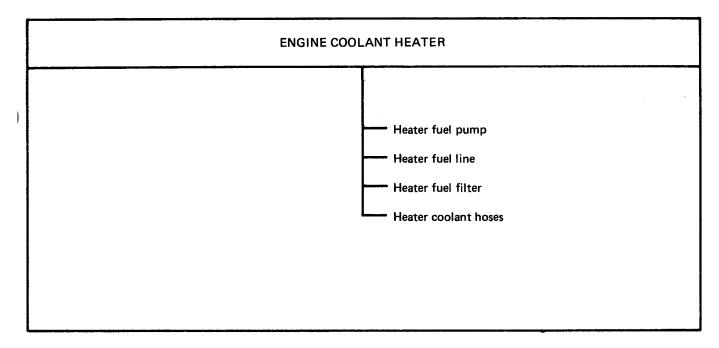


Figure 5-24. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Engine Coolant Heater

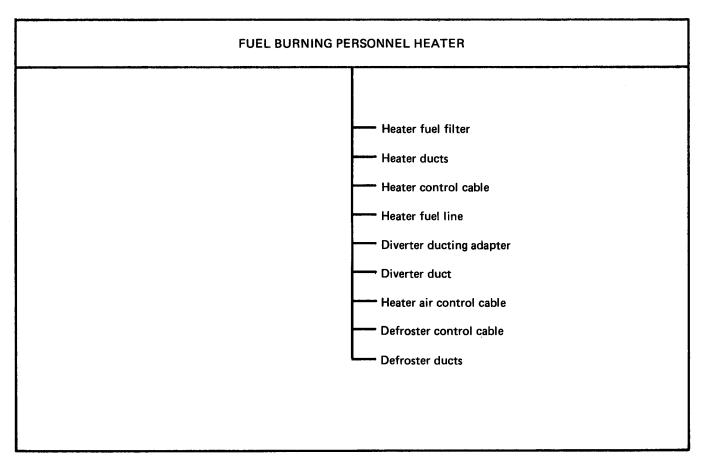


Figure 5-25. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Fuel Burning Personnel Heater

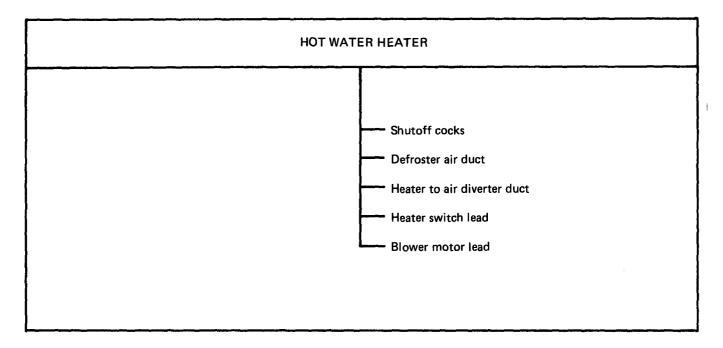


Figure 5-26. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Hot Water Heater

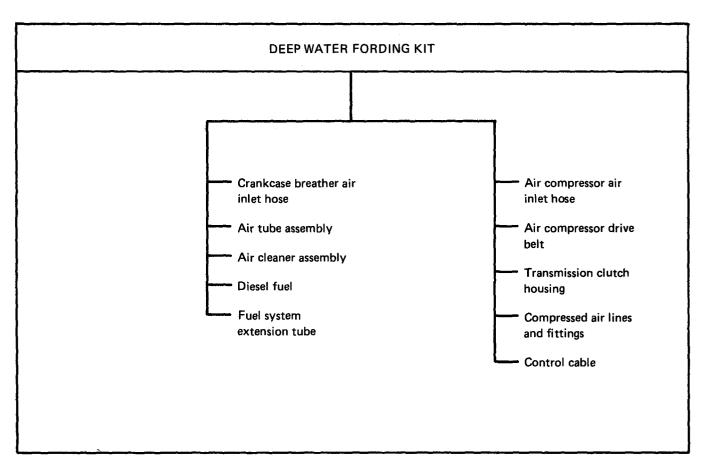


Figure 5-27. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Deep Water Fording Kit

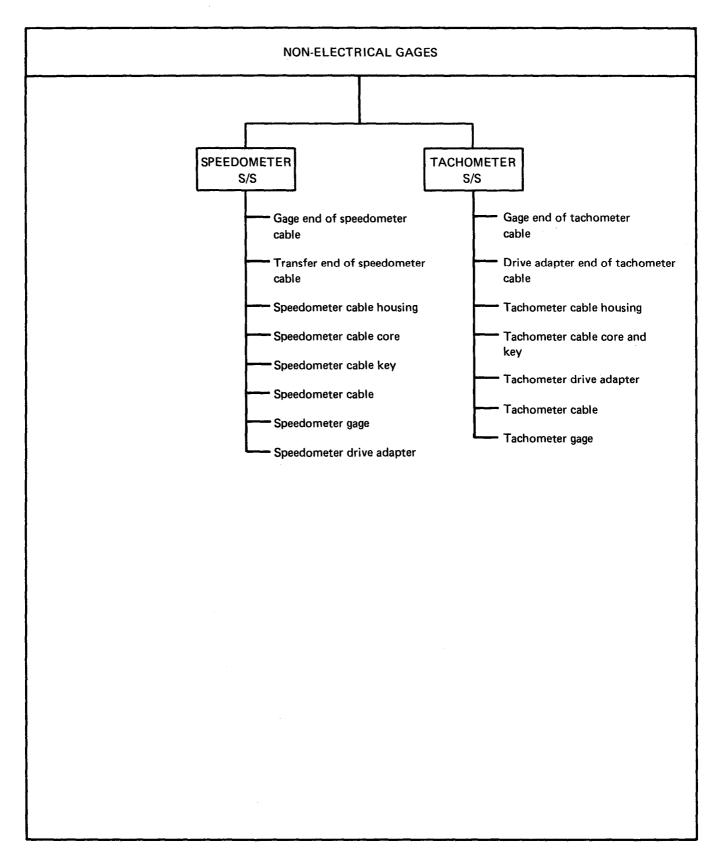


Figure 5-28. Troubleshooting Roadmap, Non-Electrical Gages

# CHAPTER 6 FAULT SYMPTOM INDEXES

- **6-1. GENERAL.** This chapter gives troubleshooting fault symptom indexes for every system of the truck for which you have detailed troubleshooting procedures. These indexes are in table form (tables 6-1 through 6-28) which gives you a quick way to check what material you have to use to do your troubleshooting.
- **6-2. INDEXES.** Each index is divided into columns which give you information you need to help you do troubleshooting procedures. The following breakdown tells you what is in each column.
- a. <u>Subsystem Column</u>. If the main system is divided into subsystems, the subsystems will be listed in this column.
- b. Symptom Column. This column lists the symptoms, or problems for which detailed troubleshooting procedures are given.
- c. <u>Summary Column</u>. This column tells you where to find the summary trouble-shooting procedures for each symptom.
- d. .Detailed Column. This column tells you where to find the detailed trouble-shooting procedure for each symptom.
- e. Persons Column. This column tells you how many people are needed to do the troubleshooting procedure.
- f. Special Tools Column. Any tools needed to do the troubleshooting procedure which are not included in your common tool kit are listed in this column.
- g. Standard Tools Column. A dot in this column means that tools found in your common tool kit are needed to do the troubleshooting procedure.
- h. <u>Materials Column</u>. This column tells you what materials are needed to do the troubleshooting procedure. These materials and how they will be issued will be decided by your maintenance officer.
- i. <u>Time Column</u>. This column tells you how much time you will need to do the detailed troubleshooting procedure. The time will be decided by your maintenance officer.

TABLE 6-1. EN	GINE SYSTEM							
		TS PRO	CEDURE		RESOURCE	S REQ	'D	
					TEST EQUI	PMENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
LUBRICATION	1 Low oil proceuro	Figure 9-1	Figure 8-1	1	_			
LUBRICATION	1. Low oil pressure	Figure 9-1	rigule 0-1	'				
	2. Engine uses more oil than normal	Figure 9-1	Figure 8-2	1	_			
DRIVELINE MOUNTING	Clunking noise heard during acceleration on all trucks except M36A2 and M342A2	Figure 9-2	Figure 10-1	1	_	•		
	4. Clunking noise heard during acceleration on trucks M36A2 and M342A2	Figure 9-2	Figure 10-2	1	_	•		

TABLE 6-2. CL	JTCH SYSTEM							
		TS PROCEDURE			RESOURCES	REQ	'D	
					TEST EQUIPM	/IENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
	Truck creeps when clutch pedal is pressed	Figure 12-1	Figure 11-1	1	_	•		
1	Clutch drags, slips, or does not engage	Figure 12-1	Figure 11-2	1	_	•		

**FABLE 6-3. FUEL SYSTEM** 

TABLE 6-3. FU		TS PROC	FDURE	Γ	RESOURCES	RFO	'D	_
		1011.00		<del>                                     </del>	TEST EQUIPM			$\vdash \vdash$
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
	Engine cranks but does     not start	Figure 14-1	Figure 13-1	,1	_	•		
	2. Engine lacks power	Figure 14-2	Figure 13-2	1		•		
	3. Engine runs rough	Figure 14-2	Figure 13-3	1		•		
	4. Poor fuel mileage	Figure 14-2	Figure 13-4	1				į
	5. Engine does not slow down when accelerator pedal is let go	Figure 14-3	Figure 13-5	1				
	6. Engine runs after being shut off	Figure 14-3	Figure 13-6	1				
	7. Engine stalls	Figure 14-2	Figure 13-7	1				
	8. Hard starting	Figure 14-1	Figure 13-8					

		TS PROC	EDURE		RESOURCES	S REO	′D	_
					TEST EQUIPM	/ENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
	Exhaust system makes     noise from horizontal     exhaust system with     muffler	Figure 18-1,	Figure 17-1	1				
	2. Exhaust fumes enter cab from horizontal exhaust system with muffler	Figure 18-1	Figure 17-2	1				
<u></u>	3. Exhaust system makes noise from horizontal exhaust system without muffler	Figure 18-2	Figure 17-3	1				
<u></u>	4. Exhaust fumes enter cab from horizontal exhaust system without muffler	Figure 18-2	Figure 17-4	1				
<u></u>	5. Exhaust system makes noise from vertical exhaust system with muffler	Figure 18-3	Figure 17-5	1				
	6. Exhaust fumes enter cab from vertical exhaust system, with muffler	Figure 18-3	Figure 17-6	1				
						i		

TABLE 6-4. EX	HAUST SYSTEM - CONT				FAULISTI			
		TS PROC	EDURE		RESOURCES	REQ'	D	
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
	7. Exhaust system makes noise from vertical exhaust system, without muffler	Figure 18-4	Figure 17-7	1				
	8. Exhaust fumes enter cab from vertical exhaust system, without muffler	Figure 18-4	Figure 17-8	1				
	9. Exhaust system makes noise on trucks M50A1, M50A2, and M50A3	Figure 18-5	Figure 17-9	1				

TABLE 6-5. CO	OLING SYSTEM							
		TS PROC	EDURE		RESOURCES		D 	
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD Z	MATERIALS	TIME
<b>CONTRACT</b>	<ol> <li>Engine temperature gage reads above 200°F while running</li> </ol>	Figure 21-1	Figure 20-1	1	Fan hub puller pn 5120-708- 3210	•		
	2. Engine does not reach running temperature 165° to 200° F	Figure 21-1	Figure 20-2	1		•		
	Noise coming from engine other than that of normal running	Figure 21-1	Figure 20-3	2				

## TM 9-2320-209-20-2-1

## FAULT SYMPTOM INDEX

TABLE 6-6. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM  TS PROCEDURE RESOURCES REQ'D								
	TS PROCE	DURE		RESO	URCE	S REQ'D		
				TEST	EQUI	PMENT		
SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	MULTIMETER	HYDROMETER	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
STARTER MOTOR     will not crank engine	Figure 26-1	Figure 25-1	2	•		•	:	
2. Charging System (25 amp) GENERATOR has too high or low charging rate	Figure 26-2	Figure 25-2	1	•		•		
3. Charging System (60 amp) ALTERNATOR has too high or low charging rate	Figure 26-2	Figure 25-3	1	•		•		
4. BATTERIES go dead when truck is parked over night or a period of days	Figure 26-3	Figure 25-4	1			•		
	1. STARTER MOTOR will not crank engine  2. Charging System (25 amp) GENERATOR has too high or low charging rate  3. Charging System (60 amp) ALTERNATOR has too high or low charging rate  4. BATTERIES go dead when truck is parked over night or a period	SYMPTOM  SUMMARY  1. STARTER MOTOR will not crank engine  2. Charging System (25 amp) GENERATOR has too high or low charging rate  3. Charging System (60 amp) ALTERNATOR has too high or low charging rate  4. BATTERIES go dead when truck is parked over night or a period  Figure 26-2	SYMPTOM  SUMMARY  DETAILED  1. STARTER MOTOR will not crank engine  2. Charging System (25 amp) GENERATOR has too high or low charging rate  3. Charging System (60 amp) ALTERNATOR has too high or low charging rate  4. BATTERIES go dead when truck is parked over night or a period  SUMMARY  Figure 26-1  Figure 26-2  Figure 25-3  Figure 25-3  Figure 25-4	SYMPTOM  SUMMARY  DETAILED  SYMPTOM  1. STARTER MOTOR will not crank engine  2. Charging System (25 amp) GENERATOR has too high or low charging rate  3. Charging System (60 amp) ALTERNATOR has too high or low charging rate  4. BATTERIES go dead when truck is parked over night or a period  SUMMARY  Figure 26-1  Figure 26-2  Figure 25-2  Figure 25-3  1  Figure 26-3  Figure 25-4  1	SYMPTOM  SUMMARY  DETAILED  SYMPTOM  1. STARTER MOTOR will not crank engine  Figure 26-1  Figure 25-1  2  •  2. Charging System (25 amp) GENERATOR has too high or low charging rate  3. Charging System (60 amp) ALTERNATOR has too high or low charging rate  4. BATTERIES go dead when truck is parked over night or a period  TEST  By  TEST  TEST  THEST  SYMPTOM  Figure 26-1  Figure 25-1  Figure 25-1  Figure 25-2  Figure 25-2  Figure 25-3  1  •  TEST  By  Figure 25-1  Figure 25-1  Figure 25-1  Figure 25-2  Figure 25-3  1  •  TEST  By  Figure 25-1  Figure 25-1  Figure 25-1  Figure 25-2  Figure 25-3  Test  Figure 25-1  Figure 25-1  Figure 25-2  Figure 25-3  Figure 25-3  Figure 25-4  Figure 25-4  Figure 25-4	SYMPTOM  SUMMARY  DETAILED  SYMPTOM  SUMMARY  DETAILED  SYMPTOM  SUMMARY  DETAILED  SYMPTOM  TEST EQUI  BY  LIMITION  SUMMARY  Pigure 26-1  Figure 25-1  Charging System (25 amp) GENERATOR has too high or low charging rate  Charging System (60 amp) ALTERNATOR has too high or low charging rate  Figure 26-2  Figure 25-3  Figure 25-3  Figure 25-4  Figure 25-4	SYMPTOM  SUMMARY  DETAILED  SYNON HALLING TEST EQUIPMENT  SUMMARY  DETAILED  SYNON HALLING TO THE STOULE TEST TO THE STOULE THE STOULE TEST TO THE	SYMPTOM  SUMMARY  DETAILED  SYMPTOM  SUMMARY  DETAILED  SYMPTOM  1. STARTER MOTOR will not crank engine  Figure 26-1  Figure 25-1  Figure 25-2  Figure 25-2  Figure 25-2  Figure 25-3  Figure 25-3  Figure 25-3  Figure 25-3  Figure 25-3  Figure 25-4  Figure 25-5  Figure 25-6  Figure 25-7  Figure 25-7  Figure 25-7  Figure 25-7  Figure 25-7  Figure 25-8  Figure 25-8  Figure 25-8  Figure 25-9  Figu

1,10EE 0-0, EEE	ECTRICAL SYSTEM – CONT	TO 0000		т					
		TS PROC	EDUKE	-			S REQ'E	) <b>T</b>	_
					TEST	_	PMENT		ŀ
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	MULTIMETER	HYDROMETER	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
BATTERY	5. BATTERIES do not fully charge or do not hold a charge	Figure 26-3	Figure 25-5	1	•	•	•		
LIGHTING	6. One HEADLIGHT does not light, other headlight lights	Figure 26-4	Figure 25-6	1	•		•		
	7. Both HEADLIGHTS do not light. Other truck running lights light	Figure 26-4	Figure 25-7	1	•		•		
	8. BLACKOUT HEADLIGHT does not light, other truck running lights light	Figure 26-4	Figure 25-8	1	•		•		
	9. One or both FRONT BLACKOUT MARKER LAMPS do not light, other truck running lights light	Figure 26-5	Figure 25-9	1	•		•		

TABLE 6-6. ELE	ECTRICAL SYSTEM - CONT								
		TS PROC	EDURE		RESO	URCE	S REQ'D		
					TEST	EQUI	PMENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	MULTIMETER	HYDROMETER	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
LIGHTING	10. One or both front PARKING LIGHTS do not light, other truck running lights light	Figure 26-5	Figure 25-10	1	•		•		
	11. One rear SERVICE STOPLIGHT does not light, other stoplight lights	Figure 26-6	Figure 25-11	2	•		•		
	12. Both SERVICE STOPLIGHTS do not light, other truck running lights light	Figure 26-6	Figure 25-12	2	•		•		
	13. One BLACKOUT STOPLIGHT does not light, other blackout stoplight lights	Figure 26-6	Figure 25-13	2	•		•		

		TS PROC	EDURE		RESC	URCE	S REQ'D		
					TEST	EQU	PMENT		Γ
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	MULTIMETER	HYDROMETER	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
LIGHTING	14. Both BLACKOUT STOPLIGHTS do not light, other truck running lights light	Figure 26-6	Figure 25-14	2	•		•		
,	15. One or both SERVICE TAILLIGHT LIGHTS do not light, other truck running lights light	Figure 26-7	Figure 25-15	1     	•		•		
	16. One or both rear BLACKOUT MARKER lights do not light, other truck running lights light	Figure 26-7	Figure 25-16	1	•		•		
	17. One lamp dim, flickering or lamps that work sometimes	Figure 26-8	Figure 25-17	1	•		•		

TABLE 6-6. ELE	ECTRICAL SYSTEM - CONT																		
		TS PROC	EDURE				S REQ'D												
						r -	PMENT												
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SYMPTOM SUMMARY DETAILED		SYMPTOM SUMMARY DETAILED		SYMPTOM SUMMARY DETAILED		I SUMMARY I DETAILED I		SYMPTOM SUMMARY DETAILED SOON SUMMARY		I SUMMARY I DETAILED I		PERSONS	MULTIMETER	HYDROMETER	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
LIGHTING	18. All or many truck running lights dim, flicker, or work sometimes	Figure 26-8	Figure 25-18	1	•		•	!											
	19. Lamps burn out too often	Figure 26-8	Figure 25-19	1	•		•												
	20. All or many truck running lights do not light	Figure 26-8	Figure 25-20	1	•		•	- -											
	21. One or more TRAILER SERVICE or BLACKOUT STOPLIGHTS do not light, all other truck lights light	Figure 26-9	Figure 25-21	2	•		•												

.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ECTRICAL SYSTEM - CONT	TO 2000	EDVDE	T					
		TS PROC	EDURE	_			S REQ'	)	
					TEST	EQU	IPMENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	MULTIMETER	HYDROMETER	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
LIGHTING	22. One or more TRAILER LIGHTS do not light, (except SERVICE and BLACKOUT STOPLIGHTS). All other truck running lights light	Figure 26-9	Figure 25-22	2	•		•		
DIRECTIONAL	23. One CONTROL ASSEMBLY DIRECTIONAL SIGNAL LAMP does not light	Figure 26-10	Figure 25-23	1	•		•		
	24. None of the CONTROL ASSEMBLY DIRECTIONAL SIGNAL LAMPS light, other truck lights light	Figure 26-10	Figure 25-24	1	•	:	•		į
	25. When EMERGENCY FLASHER or TURN SIGNAL LAMPS are selected, lamps do not flash or flash at slow and uneven rate	Figure 26-10	Figure 25-25	1	•		•		
	26. TURN SIGNALS do not light in one or more positions of control assembly directional signal lever, all other truck lights light	Figure 26-10	Figure 25-26	1	•				

ABLE 6-6. EL	ECTRICAL SYSTEM - CONT								
		TS PROC	EDURE		RES	OURC	ES REQ'	D	
					TEST	EQUI	PMENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	MULTIMETER	HYDROMETER	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
DIRECTIONAL SIGNAL	27. CONTROL ASSEMBLY DIRECTIONAL SIGNAL LAMP does not flash, rest of directional signal system works	Figure 26-10	Figure 25-27	1	•				
INSTRUMENTS AND GAGES	28. FUEL LEVEL GAGE does not work. All other gages work	Figure 26-11	Figure 25-28	1	•		•		
	29. TEMPERATURE GAGE does not work. All other gages work	Figure 26-11	Figure 25-29	1	•		•		
	30. OIL PRESSURE GAGE does not work, all other gages work	Figure 26-11	Figure 25-30	1	•		•		
	31. BATTER-GENERATOR INDICATOR does not work, all other gages work	Figure 26-11	Figure 25-31	1			•		
	32. No gages work	Figure 26-11	Figure 25-32	1				v	
WARNING	33. HORN does not work	Figure 26-12	Figure 25-33	1	•	•	•		
	34. LOW AIR WARNING BUZZER does not work	Figure 26-12	Figure 25-34	1	•		•		

T	CTRICAL SYSTEM – CONT	TS PROC	FDURF	Γ	RESC	LIBCE	S REQ'D		_
		1011100	-	_			PMENT		Г
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	MULTIMETER	HYDROMETER	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
FUEL PUMP/ MANIFOLD HEATER	35. FUEL PUMP does not work	Figure 26-13	Figure <b>2</b> 5-35	1	•		•		
	36. ENGINE MANIFOLD HEATER does not work	Figure 26-13	Figure 25-36	1	•		•		
VAN BODY 24 VOLT	37. NO 24-VOLT equipment works	Figure 26-14	Figure 25-37	1	•				
	38. 24 volt DOME LIGHTS do not work	Figure 26-14	Figure 25-38	1	•	i E	•		
	39. HEATER FUEL PUMP does not work	Figure 26-14	Figure 25-39	1	•		•		

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## FAULT SYMPTOM INDEX

TABLE 6-6. ELE	ECTRICAL SYSTEM - CONT								
		TS PROC	EDURE		RESC	URCE	S REQ'E	)	
					TEST	EQU	PMENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	MULTIMETER	HYDROMETER	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
VAN BODY 115 VOLT	40. One DOME LIGHT does not work, other DOME LIGHTS work	Figure 26-15	Figure 25-40	1	•		•		
	41. All DOME LIGHTS do not work	Figure 26-15	Figure 25-41	1	•		•		
	42. No power at POWER OUTPUT RECEPTACLE	Figure 26-15	Figure 25-42	1	•		•		
	43. No power available when CIRCUIT BREAKER is turned on	Figure 26-15	Figure 25-43	1	•		•		

TABLE 6-6. ELE	ECTRICAL SYSTEM - CONT					- '	IPTOM I		
		TS PROC	EDURE		RES	OURCE	S REQ'	D	
					TEST	EQUII	PMENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	MULTIMETER	HYDROMETER	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
VAN BODY 115 VOLT	44. 115 volt AC VENTILATOR BLOWER does not work	Figure 26-15	Figure 25-44	1	•		•		
HOT WATER HEATER	45. HOT WATER PERSONNEL HEATER DEFROSTER operates in "HI" position only	Figure 26-16	Figure 25-45	1	•		•		
	46. HOT WATER PERSONNEL HEATER DEFROSTER operates in "LO" position only	Figure 26-16	Figure 25-46	1	•		•		
	47. HOT WATER HEATER BLOWER does not operate in either blower position	Figure 26-16	Figure 25-47	1	•		•		

TABLE 6-6. ELE	ECTRICAL SYSTEM - CONT								
		TS PROC	EDURE		RESC	URCE	S REQ'D		
					TEST	EQUI	PMENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	MULTIMETER	HYDROMETER	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
HOT WATER HEATER	48. HOT WATER PERSONNEL HEATER does not turn off when switch is in "OFF" position	Figure 26-16	Figure 25-48	1	•		•		
WINTER- IZATION KIT	49. Only one CONTROL BOX will operate the HEATER FUEL PUMP	Figure 26-17	Figure 25-49	1	•		•		
	50. Neither CONTROL BOX will operate the HEATER FUEL PUMP	Figure 26-17	Figure 25-50	1	•		•		

TABLE 6-7. TR	ANSMISSION SYSTEM							
		TS PROC	CEDURE		RESOURCES	REQ	'D	
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED		TEST EQUIPM	1ENT		
	1. Transmission leaks oil	Figure 32-1	Figure 31-1	1	_			
	Transmission gears grind when shifting	Figure 32-1	Figure 31-2	1	_			
TABLE 6-8. TR	ANSFER SYSTEM							
		TS PROC	CEDURE		RESOURCES		'D	
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED		TEST EQUIPM	/EINT		
	1. Transfer leaks oil	Figure 34-1	Figure 33-1	1	-	•		
	Transfer is hard to shift, or POPSOUT of gear	Figure 34-1	Figure 33-2	1	-	•		
	Clunking noise heard during acceleration on trucks M36A2 and M342A2	Figure 34-1	Figure 33-3	1	_	•		
	4. Clunking noise heard during acceleration on al I trucks except M36A2 and M342A2	Figure 34-1	Figure 33-4	1	_	•		

TABLE 6-9. P	ROPELLER SHAFT SYSTEM							
		TS PRO	CEDURE		RESOURCES	REQ	'D	
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS TOOLS	STANDARD Z	MATERIALS	TIME
	Clunking noise heard     during acceleration on     all trucks except M36A2     and M342A2	Figure 37-1	Figure 36-2	1		•		
	2. Clunking noise heard during acceleration on trucks M36A2 and M342A2  M36A3 and M342A3	Figure 37-1	Figure 36-1	1		•		

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TABLE 6-10. FF	RONT AXLE SYSTEM								
		TS PROC	CEDURE		RESOURCES	REQ	REQ'D		
					TEST EQUIPM	MENT			
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME	
	Front axle makes noise	Figure 40-1	Figure 39-1	1		•			
	2. Shimmy	Figure 40-1	Figure 39-2	1	Toe-in gage	•			
	Front tires do not wear evenly	Figure 40-1	Figure 39-3	1	Toe-in gage				

TABLE 6-11. R	EAR AXLE SYSTEM							
		TS PRO	CEDURE		RESOURCES	CES REQ'D		
					TEST EQUIPM	ENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS		TIME
	1. Rear axle makes noise		Figure 42-1	1	Floor jack	•		

TABLE 6-12. B	RAKE SYSTEM							
		TS PRC	CEDURE		RESOURCES	REQ	'D	
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
SERVICE BRAKES	Brake pedal pressure     is spongy	Figure 45-1	Figure 44-1	1	-	•		
	2. No braking action	Figure 45-1	Figure 44-2	1	_	•		
	Trailer brakes do not work     when brake pedal is pressed     or hand control is used	Figure 45-1	Figure 44-3	1	_	•		
	Brake pedal sinks     close to floorboard,     or weak braking     action	Figure 45-1	Figure 44-4	1	_	•		
	One brake drags or truck     pulls to one side	Figure 45-1	Figure 44-5	1	_	•		
	6. Brakes drag	Figure 45-1	Figure 44-6	1	_	•		
HANDBRAKE	Handbrake does not hold parked truck	Figure 45-2	Figure 47-1	1	_			
	B. Handbrake assembly drags after handbrake has been put down	Figure 45-2	Figure 47-2	1				
COMPRESSED AIR	Buzzer does not shut     off and air pressure     gage reads below 60     psi	Figure 45-3	Figure 48-1	1	_	•		
	Low, or no reading on air pressure gage, and warning buzzer shuts off	Figure 45-3	Figure 48-2	1	_	•		
	11. Reading on air pressure gage is above normal	Figure 45-3	Figure 48-3	1	_	•		

TABLE 6-13. W	HEEL SYSTEM							
		TS PRO	CEDURE	RESOURCES REQ			'D	
				TEST EQUIPN		MENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
STATE OF THE PARTY	1. Shimmy	- المستقدة	Figure 51-1	1	_	•		
	Front tires do     not wear evenly		Figure 51-2	1	-	•		

TABLE 6-14. STEERING SYSTEM								
		TS PRO	CEDURE		RESOURCES	REQ	'D	
					TEST EQUIPM	<b>MENT</b>		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
	1. Hard steering	Figure 53-1	Figure 52-1	1		•		
	2. Shimmy	Figure 53-1	Figure 52-2	1	Toe-in gage	•		
_	3. Truck pulls to one side	Figure 53-1	Figure 52-3	1	Toe-in gage	•		
	Front tires do not wear evenly	Figure 53-1	Figure 52-4	1	Toe-in gage			

TABLE 6-15. SF	PRINGS AND SHOCK ABSORBERS	SSYSTEM						
		TS PRO	CEDURE		RESOURCES REG			
					TEST EQUIPM	1ENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
	1. Truck leans to one side	Figure 56-1	Figure 55-1	1	_			
	2. Rear axle makes noise	Figure 56-1	Figure 55-2	1	Floor jack, wheel bearing nut wrench	•		

TABLE 6-16. DI	TABLE 6-16. DUMP BODY							
		TS PROC	EDURE		RESOURCES	)		
					TEST EQUIPM	/ENT		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
	Dump body does not rise	Figure 58-1	Figure 57-1	2	_	•		
	2. Dump body rises slowly	Figure 58-1	Figure 57-2	2	_	•		
	Dump body will not hold in raised position	Figure 58-1	Figure 57-3	1	_	•		
	4. Dump body will not lower	Figure 58-1	Figure 57-4	1	_	•		
and the same of th	Dump body does not rise all the way	Figure 58-1	Figure 57-5	2	_			

TABLE 6-17. W	ATER TANK BODY							
		TS PRO	CEDURE		RESOURCE	S REQ	)'D	
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED		TEST EQUIPN	IENT		
_	Water cannot be pumped from both tanks	Figure 62-1	Figure 61-1	1	-	•		
	Water cannot be pumped from tank selected	Figure 62-1	Figure 61-2	1	_			
	Water pumps out of both tanks slower than normal	Figure 62-1	Figure 61-3	1	_	•		
	Water does not drain using gravity procedures	Figure 62-1	Figure 61-4	1	_			
	Water drains slowly using gravity procedural	Figure 62-1	Figure 61-5	1	-			
	Water pumps from tank     selected slower than normal	Figure 62-1	Figure 61-6	1	_			
	7. Tanks cannot be suction filled	Figure 62-1	Figure 61-7	1	_	•		

TABLE 6-18. FI	JEL TANK BODY (M49A1C)							DEX
		TS PROC	EDURE		RESOURCE	S REC	'D	
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS TOOLS	STANDARD ZE TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME
	Fuel does not pump out of tanks	Figure 66-1	Figure 65-1	1	_	•		
_	2. Fuel pumps out slowly	Figure 66-1	Figure 65-2	1	_	•		
	Fuel does not pump from tank selected	Figure 66-1	Figure 65-3	1	_			
	Fuel pumps from tank     selected d owl y	Figure 66-1	Figure 65-4	1	_			
	Fuel does not drain from selected tank using gravity procedures	Figure 66-1	Figure 65-5	1	_			
	Fuel drains from tank     selected slowly using     gravity procedures	Figure 66-1	Figure 65-6	1	_			
	7. Tanks cannot be filled by suction	Figure 66-1	Figure 65-7	1	_	•		

TABLE 6-19. FI	UEL TANK BODY (M49A2C)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
		TS PROC	EDURE		RESOURCES	REQ	'D	
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS TOOLS	STANDARD Z	MATERIALS	TIME
_	Fuel does not pump out of tanks	Figure 70-1	Figure 69-1	1				
	2. Fuel pumps out slowly	Figure 70-1	Figure 69-2	1	_			
	Fuel does not pump from tank selected	Figure 70-1	Figure 69-3	1	_			
_	Fuel pumps from selected tank slowly	Figure 70-1	Figure 69-4	1	_			
	Fuel does not drain from selected tank, using gravity procedures	Figure 70-1	Figure 69-5	1	-			
	Fuel drains from selected tank slowly using gravity procedures	Figure 70-1	Figure 69-6	1	_			
	7. Tanks cannot be filled by suction	Figure 70-1	Figure 69-7	1	_			

TABLE 6-20. EA	ARTH BORING MACHINE M764							
		TS PRO	CEDURE		RESOURCES	S REQ	D	
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS TOOLS	STANDARD Z	MATERIALS	TIME
EARTH BORING MACHINE	Earth boring machine does not work	Figure 74-1	Figure 73-1	1	_			
AND POLE SETTER	Earth boring machine cannot be moved vertically	Figure 74-1	Figure 73-2	1	_	•		
	Earth boring machine cannot be moved horizontally	Figure 74-1	Figure 73-3	1	_	•		
OUTRIGGER"	1. Outriggers do not work	Figure 74-2	Figure 73-4	1	_			
	2. Outriggers work slowly	Figure 74-2	Figure 73-5	1	_			

TABLE 6-21. FF	RONT WINCH	1		ı				
		TS PROC	EDURE	RESOURCES REQ'D				
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD A	MATERIALS	TIME
	Winch does not pull load	Figure 78-1	Figure 77-1	1		<b>T</b> •		
	Winch does not hold load	Figure 78-1	Figure 77-2	1		•		
armanos	3 Winch drum spins too fast when unwinding cable	Figure 78-1	Figure 77-3	1		•		

TABLE 6-22. E	TABLE 6-22. EARTH BORING MACHINE REAR WINCH								
		TS PROC	EDURE		RESOURCES F	REQ'D	'D		
					TEST EQUIPA	/IENT			
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED		SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME	
	Winch does not pull load	_	Figure 80-1	1	_				
_	Winch drum does not engage		Figure 80-2	1	_				

TABLE 6-23. PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION TRUCK REAR WINCH									
		TS PROCEDURE			RESOURCES F	REQ'D			
					TEST EQUIPM	IENT			
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED		SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME	
	1. Winch does not pull load		Figure 81-1	1	_	•			
anninité.	2. Winch does not hold load		Figure 81-2	1					
	Winch drum does not engage		Figure 81-3	1	_				

TABLE 6-24. EI	TABLE 6-24. ENGINE COOLANT HEATER									
		TS PROC	S PROCEDURES RESOURCE			REQ'D				
					TEST EQUIPN	MENT				
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED		SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD TOOLS	MATERIALS	TIME		
_	Heater does not start     when switch is turned on	Figure 83-1	Figure 82-1	1	_	•				
	Heater works for several minutes then stops	Figure 83-1	Figure 82-2	1	_					
_	3. Heater output is low	Figure 83-1	Figure 82-3	2	_	•				
	4. Heater has no heat output	Figure 83-1	Figure 82-4	1	_	•				
	Blower works, but there     is no heat in system	Figure 83-1	Figure 82-5	2	_	•				

TABLE 6-25. FUEL BURNING PERSONNEL HEATER									
17.BLE 0 23. 1 (	SEE BORNING TEROGRAPE TIET	TS PROC	EDURES		RESOURCES R	EQ'D			
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED	PERSONS	SPECIAL TOOLS		MATERIALS	E	
				PER	SPE TOC	STA	MA	TIME	
	1, Heater does not start	Figure 88-1	Figure 87-1	1	_				
	Heater and defroster do not work	Figure 88-1	Figure 87-2	1	_				
	3. Heater does not work	Figure 88-1	Figure 87-3	1	_				
_	4. Defroster does not work	Figure 88-1	Figure 87-4	1	_				
	Heater and defroster does     not give off enough heat	Figure 88-1	Figure 87-5	1	_				
	Defroster does not give     off enough heat	Figure 88-1	Figure 87-6	1	_				
	7. Heater does not give off enough heat	Figure 88-1	Figure 87-7	1	_				

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TABLE 6-26. HOT WATER HEATER									
		TS PROC	EDURES		RESOURCES F	REQ'D			
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED		SPECIAL . TOOLS	STANDARD Z	MATERIALS	TIME	
	Cool or cold air at outlets     after engine has reached     operating temperature	Figure 92-1	Figure 91-1	1	_				
_	2. No air flow at heat outlet	Figure 92-1	Figure 91-2	1	_				
	Blower motor does not work	Figure 92-1	Figure 91-3	1	_				
_	Blower motor operates on     HI only	Figure 92-1	Figure 91-4	1	_				
_	5. No air flow at defroster	Figure 92-1	Figure 91-5	1	·				
_	Blower operates in LO only	Figure 92-1	Figure 91-6	1	_				
	7. Heat output too low	Figure 92-1	Figure 91-7	1	_				

TABLE 6-27. DEEP WATER FORDING KIT								
		TS PROC	EDURES		RESOURCES	REQ'D		
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED		SPECIAL TOOLS	STANDARD Z	MATERIALS	TIME
ALL TRUCKS EXCEPT M35A1 AND SOME	Engine stalls while fording or after leaving water	Figure 95-1	Figure 94-1	1		•		
M35A2	Engine runs rough after leaving water	Figure 95-1	Figure 94-2	1				
TRUCKS M35AI AND SOME M35A2	Engine stalls while fording or after leaving water	Figure 95-1	Figure 94-3	1		•		
	Engine runs rough after leaving water	Figure 95-1	Figure 94-4	1				
	Fording control handle     does not pull out or Pulls     out stiffly	Figure 95-2	Figure 94-5	1				
CLUTCH	Clutch slips after leaving     water on all trucks with     kit	Figure 95-3	Figure 94-6	1		•		
BRAKE	Warning buzzer sounds, or air compressor makes noise, after leaving water on all trucks with kit	Figure 95-3	Figure 94-7	1		•		

TABLE 6-28. NON-ELECTRICAL GAGES										
		TS PROC	EDURES		RESOURCES	REQ'I	)			
SUBSYSTEM	SYMPTOM	SUMMARY	DETAILED		SPECIAL TOOLS TOOLS	STANDARD Z	MATERIALS	TIME		
SPEEDOMETER	Speedometer does not work	Figure 99-1	Figure 98-1	2	Variable speed drill	•				
	Speedometer does not show correct speed	Figure 99-1	Figure 98-2	1	_	•				
	3. Speedometer fluctuates	Figure 99-1	Figure 98-3	2	Variable speed drill	•				
	4. Speedometer is noisy	Figure 99-1	Figure 98-4	2	Variable speed drill	•				
TACHOMETER	Tachometer does not work	Figure 99-2	Figure 98-5	1	_	•				
	2. Tachometer fluctuates	Figure 99-2	Figure 98-6	1	_	•				
	Tachometer does not show correct reading	Figure 99-2	Figure 98-7	2	Spare tachometer	•				
	4. Tachometer is noisy	Figure 99-2	Figure 98-8	1	_	•				

## CHAPTER 7

## SAMPLE TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

- 7-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives sample troubleshooting procedures. The purpose of the sample procedures is to help you see how detailed troubleshooting procedures test equipment procedures, and summary troubleshooting procedures are used to find faults in a system.
- 7-2. SAMPLE DETAILED PROCEDURE. The sample detailed procedure given is the fuel system troubleshooting procedure for the symptom, ENGINE CRANKS BUT DOES NOT START. This symptom is one you will have when you try to start your truck and certain parts on the truck are not working correctly. In each numbered box, instructions are given which tell you what to do, and how to do it. A large dot is placed next to the "what to do" instructions, and small dots next to the "how to do it" instructions
- a.Box number ① gives general instructions on getting the truck ready before you start to troubleshoot.
- b. Box number ② gives fault isolation test instructions. In this case you are told to check flame heater fuel lines, and then all fuel lines and fittings. To help you find the flame heater fuel lines that you must check, you are told to see figure 15-1, given in chapter 15. Figure 15-1 is a support diagram that gives you a detailed picture of the fuel lines. The right way to check fuel lines is given in figure 16-4, in chapter 16. The fuel lines and fittings checks tell you what you must look for to decide if there is a problem in the fuel lines. These support diagrams and tests, or checks, are often referred to in detailed troubleshooting procedures to help you find the problem and fix it. After you do the tests you read the question at the bottom of box number ② If the fuel lines are leaking, the answer to the question is NO, so you go to the next box.
- c. Box number 3 gives you a corrective action. In this case the fault is either loose fittings or bent, broken, or cracked fuel lines. The corrective action is what you do to fix the fault, which is to tighten the loose fittings, or replace the bad fuel lines. If the engine still doesn't start after you do this, it could mean that there are other faults in the fuel system besides loose fittings or cracked fuel lines. When this happens, go back to the beginning of the procedure and do each step again until you find the other faults.
- d. Sometimes the corrective actions given for a fault will tell you what to do to fix the fault, but will not give you detailed instructions on how to fix it. Instead, you will be told to refer to another volume in this manual for these instructions. Box number (5): is an example of this. If the answer to the questions that all the fault isolation test instruction boxes ask is (YES), it means that the symptom cannot be corrected at the organizational level of maintenance. When this happens you are given the instruction "Tell direct support maintenance."
- 7-3. SAMPLE TEST EQUIPMENT PROCEDURE . The sample test equipment procedure given is the Simpson 160 multimeter dc voltage test. This procedure tells you how to use the multieter to do the voltage tests you will need when you do electrical system troubleshooting.

- a. The first box gives you the name of the test equipment procedure. It also tells you the kind of troubleshooting for which this procedure is used. In this case, the test equipment procedure is the DC VOLTAGE TEST. This test will be used to troubleshoot faults in the battery system, the charging system, and voltage drops in the electrical system.
- b. Box (1) gives you detailed test instructions. Next to the large dot are instructions telling you what to do. In this example you are told to set up the multimeter test leads. Next to the small dots are instructions telling you how to set up the test leads.
  - c. The multimeter jack table tells you which jack to plug the red (+) test lead into.
  - d. The multimeter function table tells you how to set the function/range switch.
- 7-4. SAMPLE SUMMARY TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE. The sample summary troubleshooting procedure given is the electrical system summary for the problem "CHARGING SYSTEM CHARGING TOO HIGH OR LOW."
- a. The first box tells you what kinds of problems the summary covers. In this example, the summary covers charging system problems.
- b. The charging system problems you will see on the truck are the fault symptoms "CHARGING SYSTEM (25 AMP) GENERATOR HAS TOO HIGH OR LOW CHARGING RATE", and "CHARGING SYSTEM (60 AMP) ALTERNATOR HAS TOO HIGH OR LOW CHARGING RATE . "
- c. To do the summary procedure for each fault symptom given, you follow the GO chains to each box. Any notes, cautions, or warnings that are given in the detailed troubleshooting procedures are also given in the summary.
- d. General instructions telling you what to do are given in box (A). Detailed instructions on how to do checks or tests are not given in the summary. If the answer to the question at the bottom of box A is (NO), then you do the corrective action given in box (B). If the answer is YES, follow the GO chains to box (C) and box (D) and check the parts of the truck given in those boxes. You then repair or replace the parts that are bad.
- e. The note given under the last box in the GO chain means that you should look at the electrical system fault symptom index. This index will tell you where you can find the detailed troubleshooting procedure for the symptom "CHARGING SYSTEM (25 AMP) GENERATOR HAS TOO HIGH OR LOW CHARGING RATE. "

#### FUEL SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

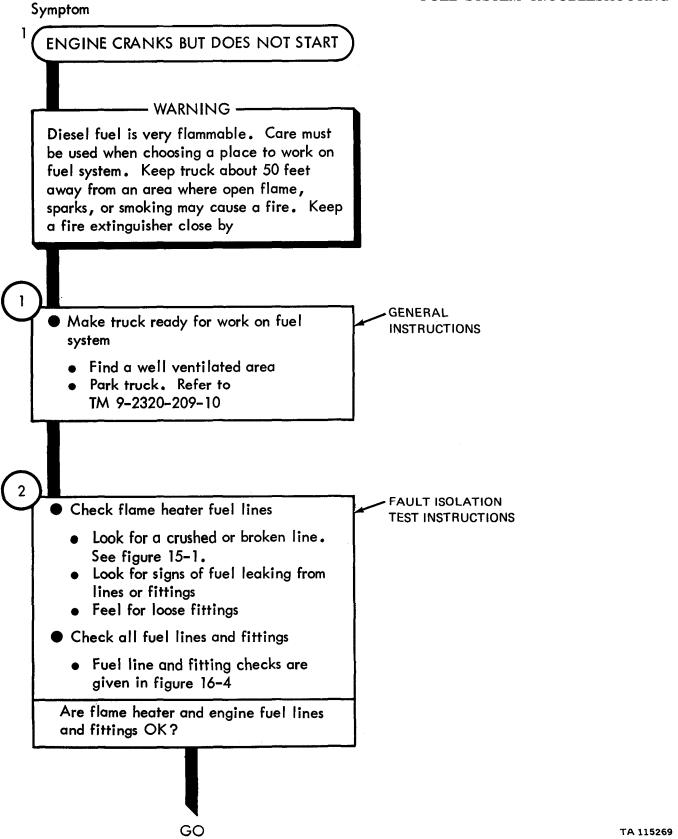


Figure 7-1 (Sheet 1 of 6)

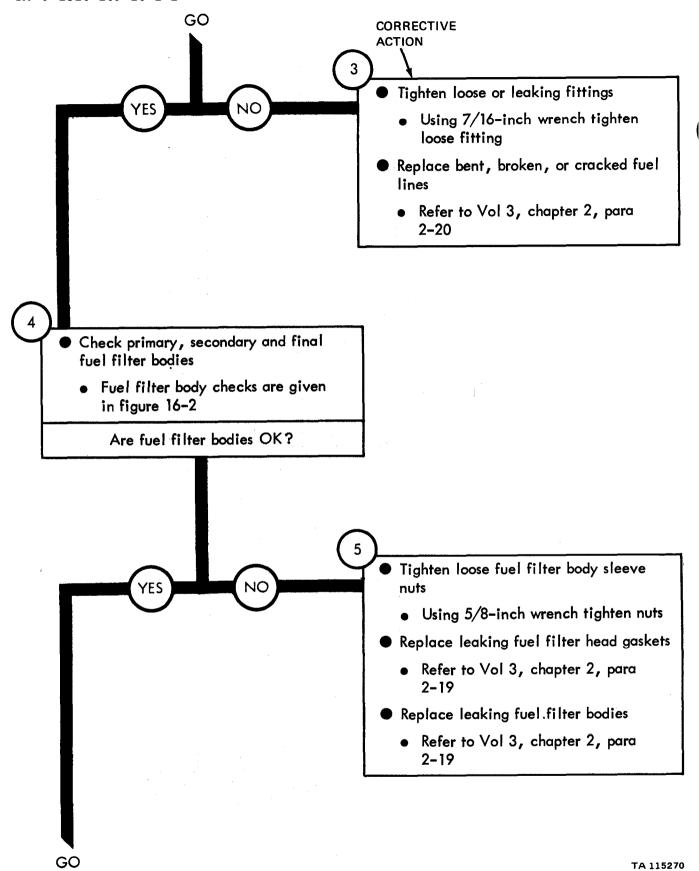


Figure 7-2 (Sheet 2 of 6)

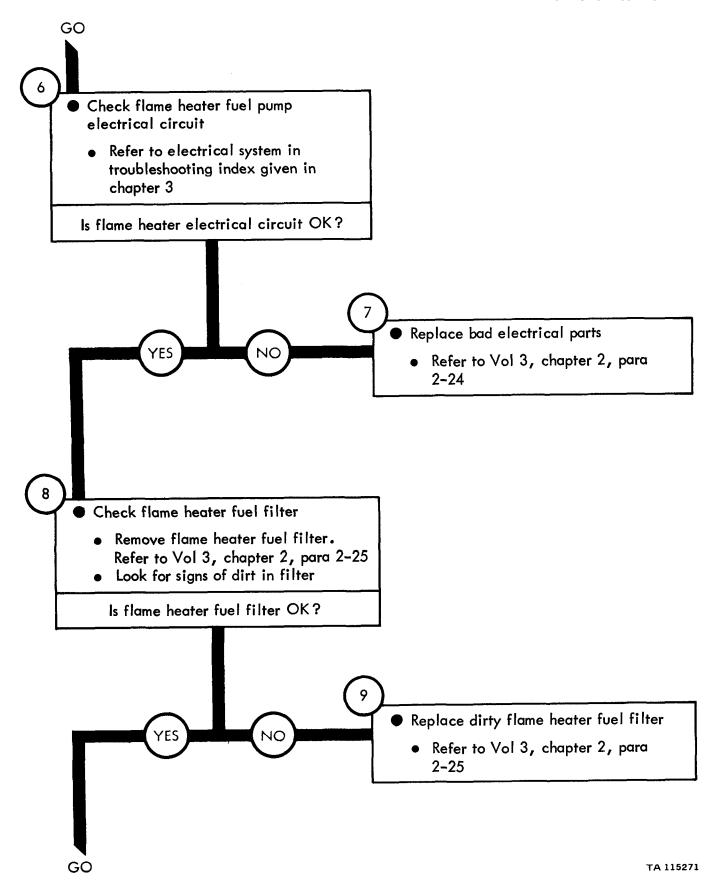


Figure 7-3 (Sheet 3 of 6)

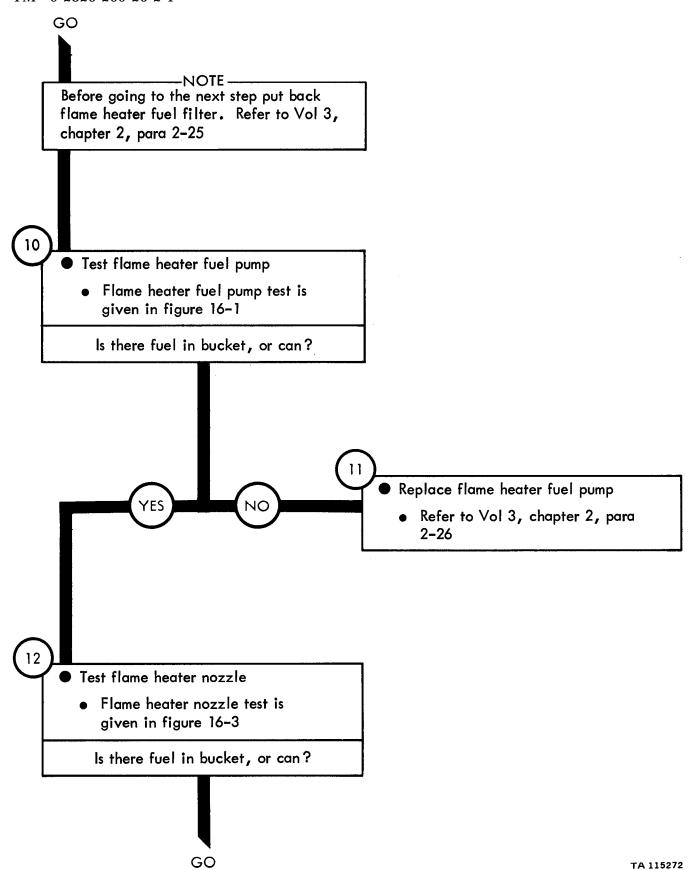


Figure 7-1 (Sheet 4 of 6)

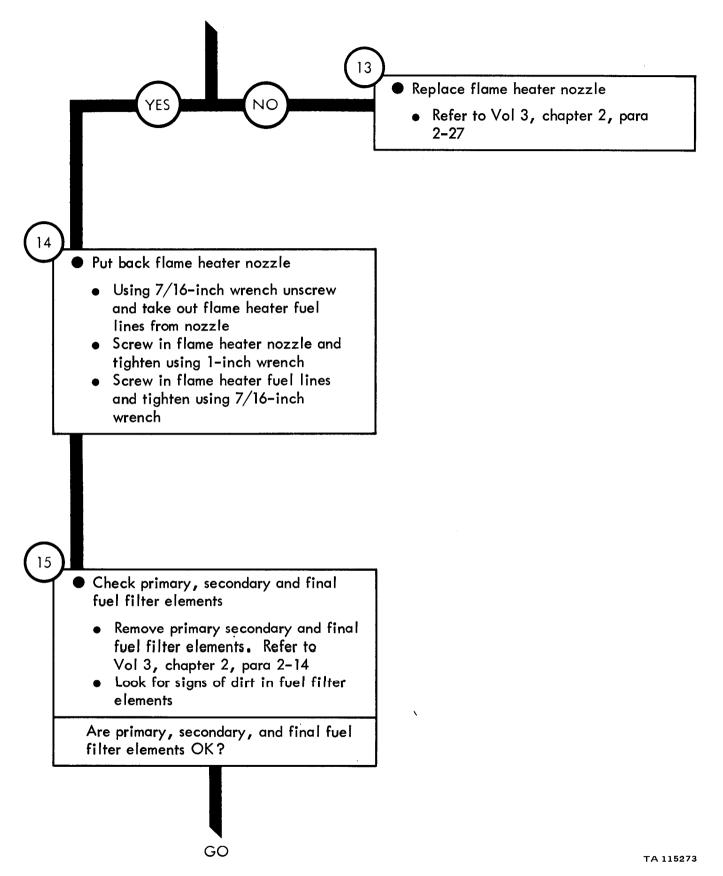


Figure 7-1 (Sheet 5 of 6)

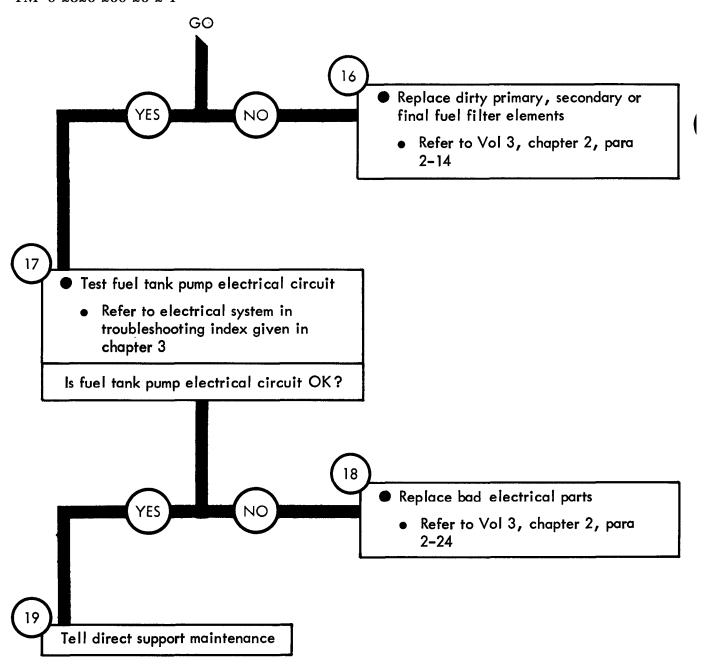


Figure 7-1 (Sheet 6 of 6)

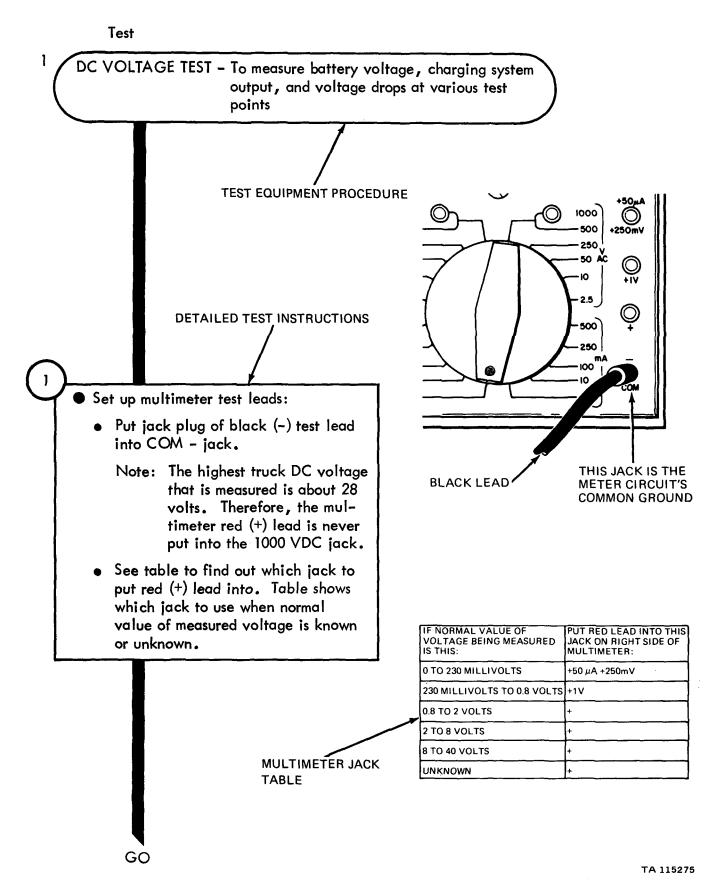


Figure 7-2 (Sheet 1 of 2)

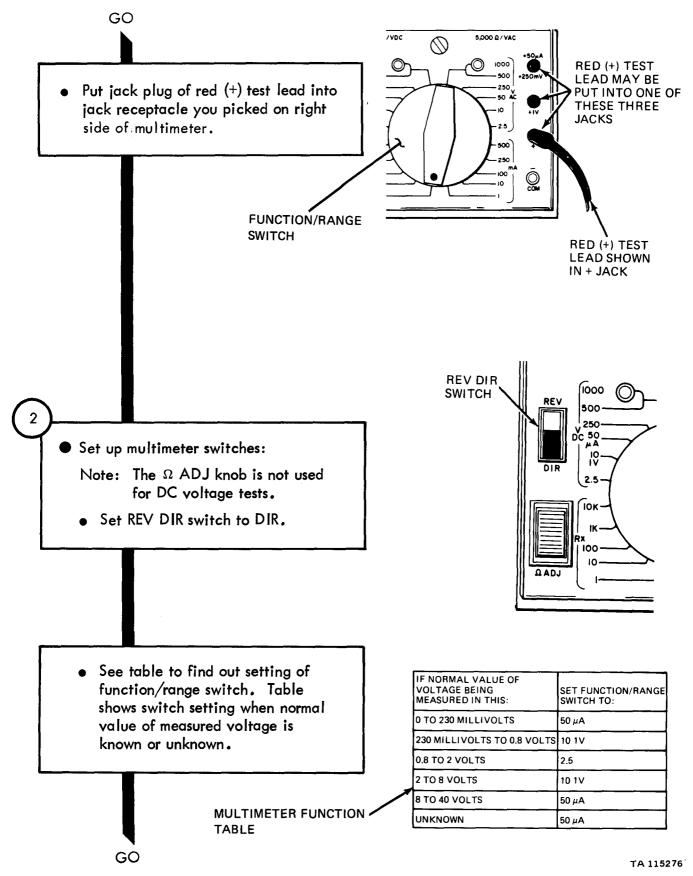


Figure 7-2 (Sheet 2 of 2)

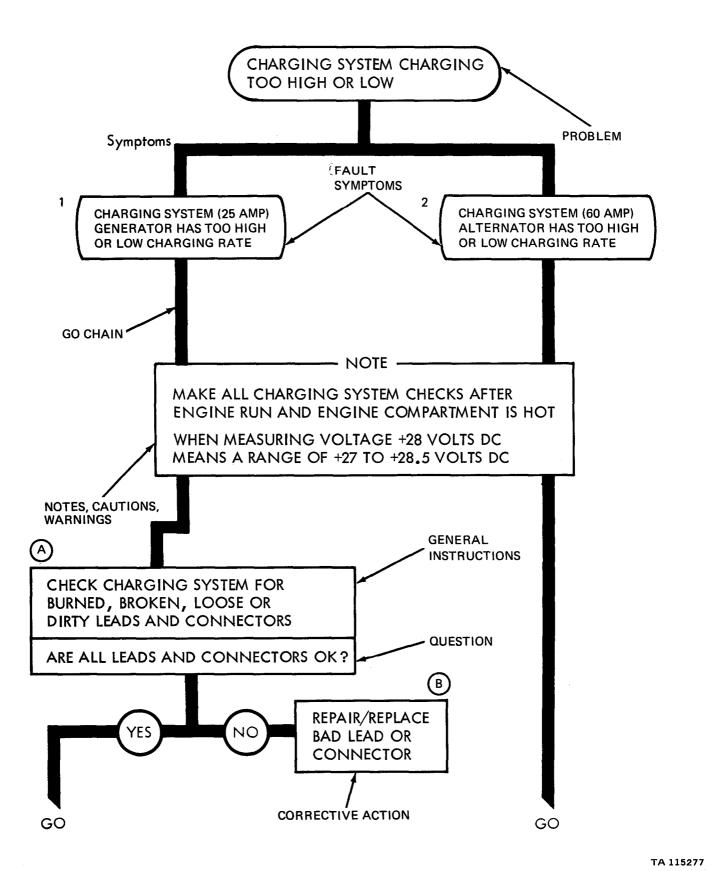
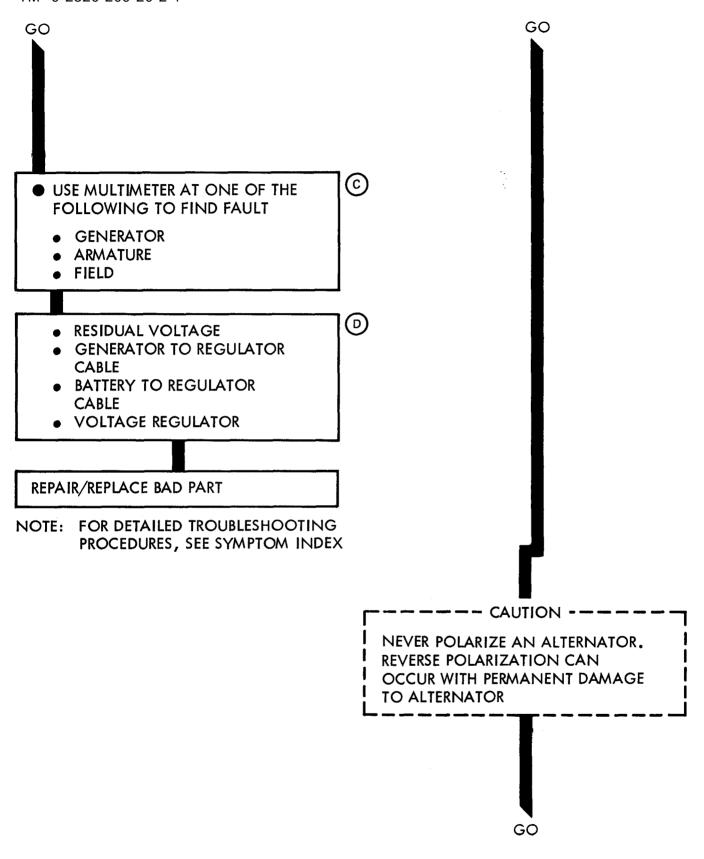


Figure 7-3 (Sheet 1 of 2)



TA 115278

Figure 7-3 (Sheet 2 of 2)

## CHAPTER 8

# ENGINE SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

- 8-1. EQUIPMENT ITEMS COVERED. This chapter gives equipment troubleshooting procedures for the engine system, for which there are authorized corrective maintenance tasks at the organizational maintenance level.
- 8-2. EQUIPMENT ITEMS NOT COVERED. All equipment items for which corrective maintenance is authorized at the organizational maintenance level are covered in this chapter.

### ENGINE SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

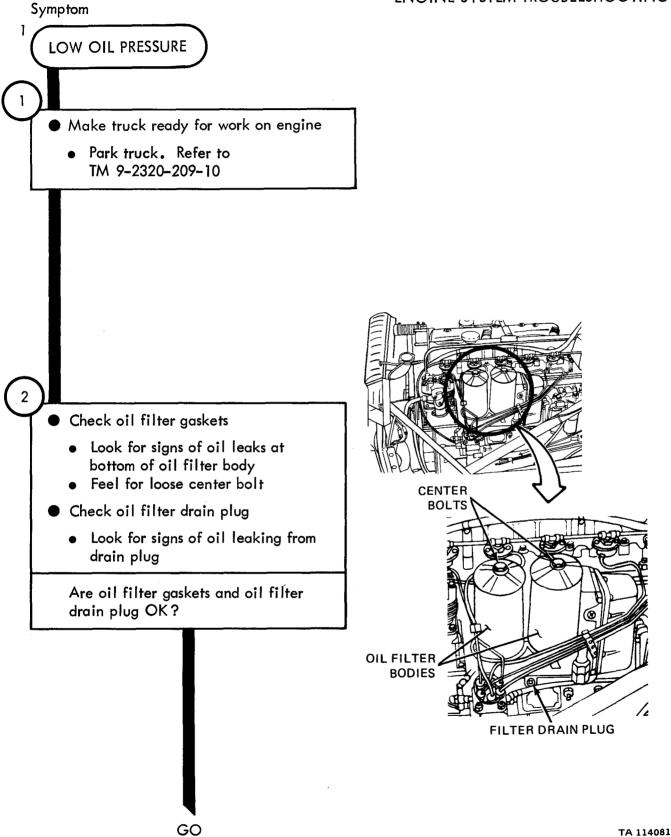


Figure 8-1 (Sheet 1 of 3)

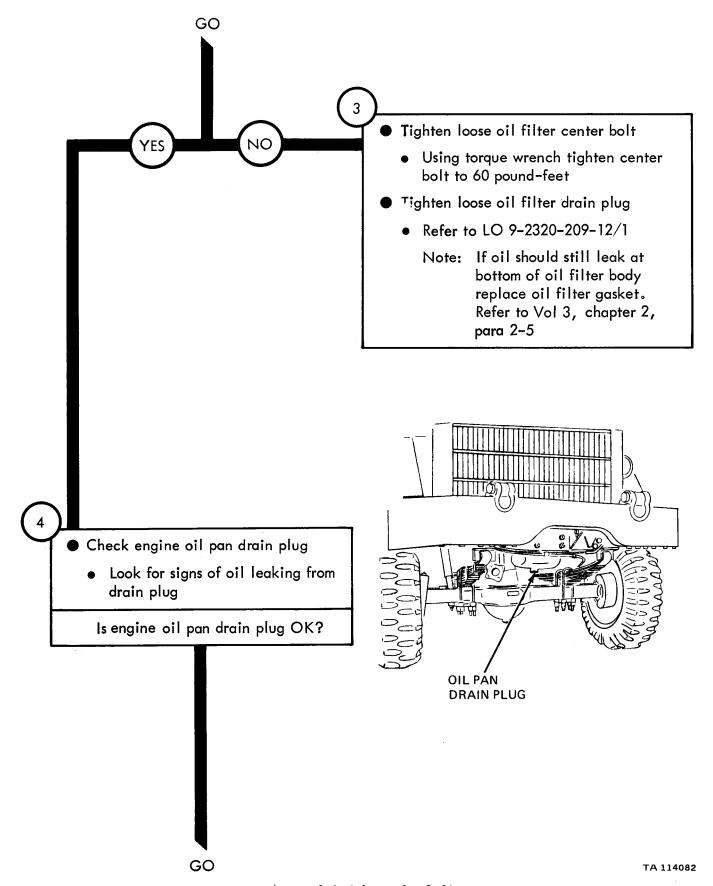


Figure 8-1 (Sheet 2 of 3)

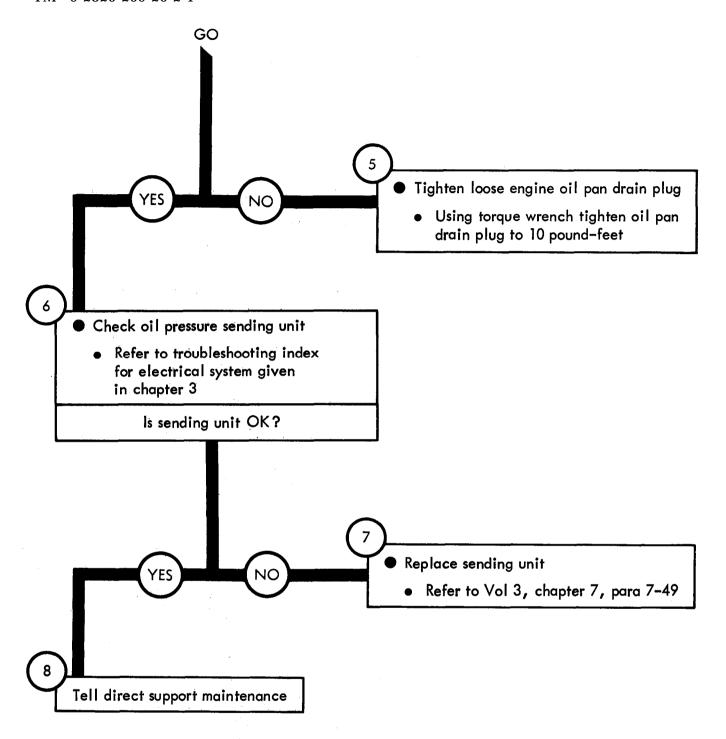


Figure 8-1 (Sheet 3 of 3)

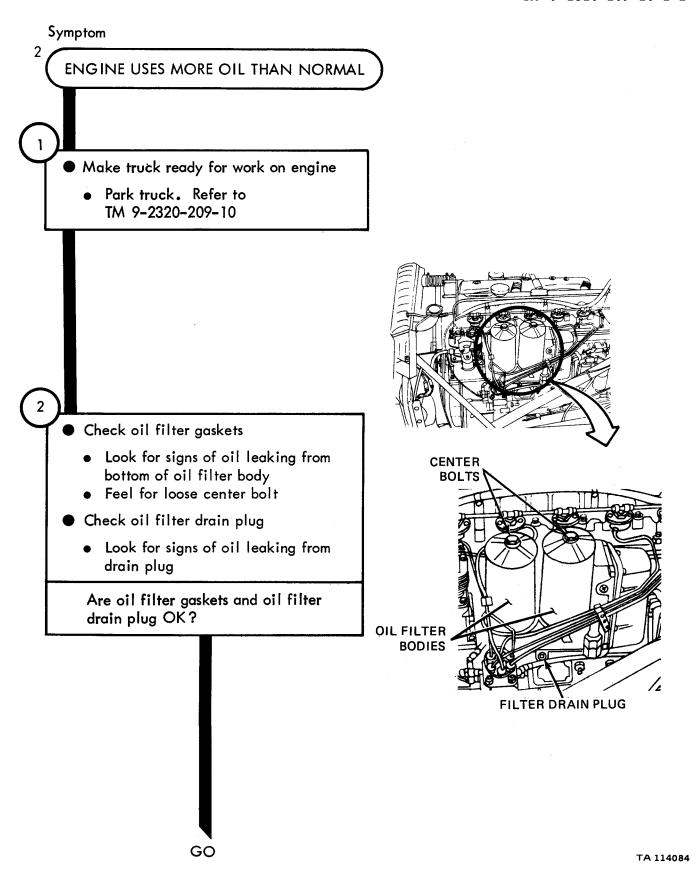


Figure 8-2 (Sheet 1 of 2)

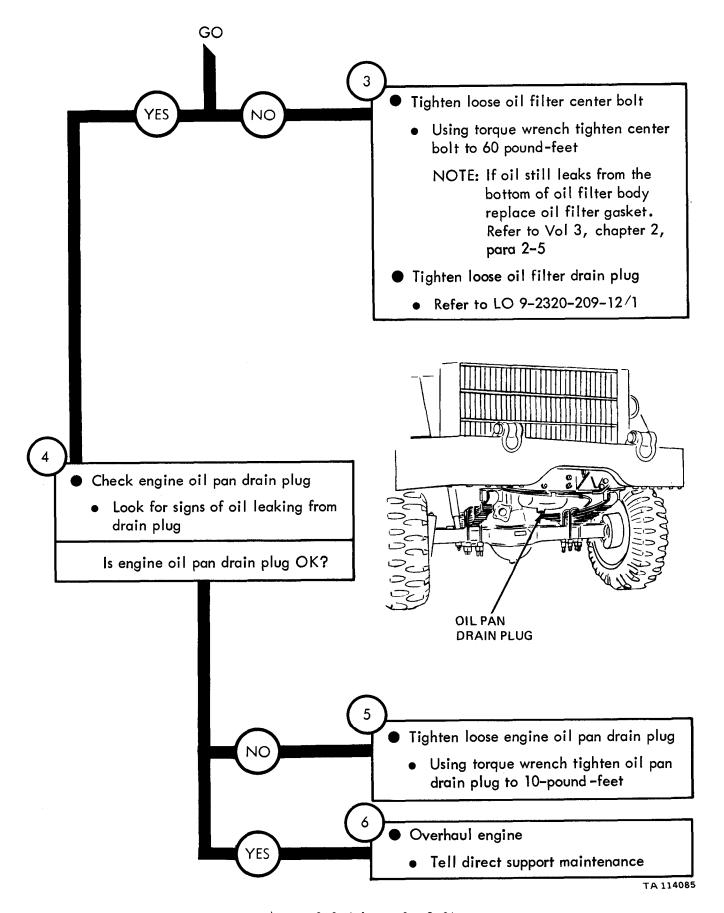


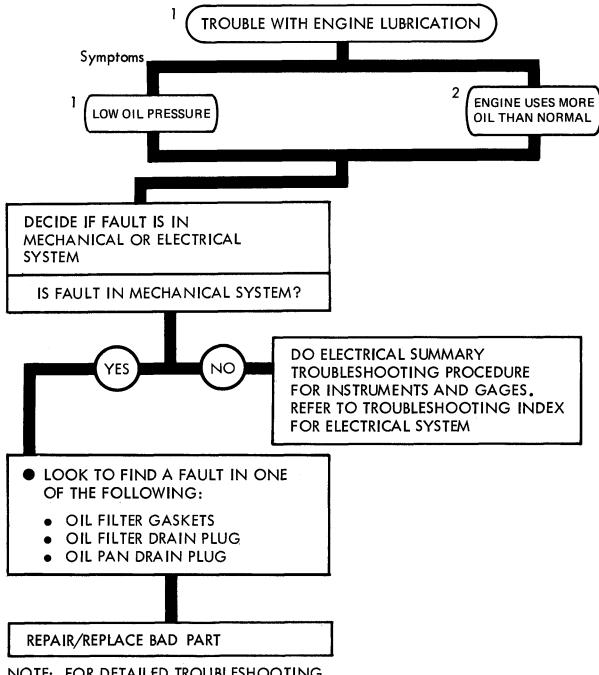
Figure 8-2 (Sheet 2 of 2)

## CHAPTER 9

## ENGINE SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING SUMMARY

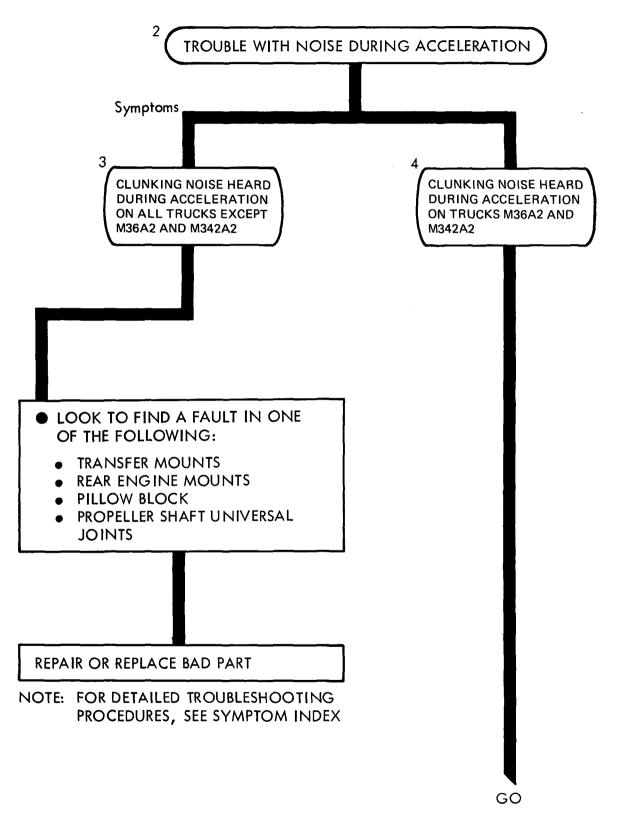
- 9-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives a summary of troubleshooting procedures given in chapter 8 for the engine system.
- 9-2. PROCEDURES. The summary in this chapter covers all fault symptoms found in the detailed troubleshooting procedures. Chapter 7 outlines a sample troubleshooting procedure. The summary procedures are based on the "what-to-do" portions of the detailed procedures and do not include the "how-to-do-it" instructions. Warnings, cautions, and notes are given where needed.

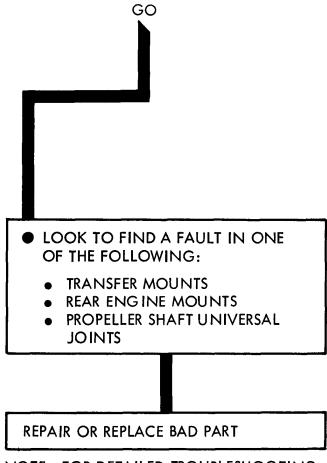
#### ENGINE LUBRICATION SUBSYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING SUMMARY



NOTE: FOR DETAILED TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES, SEE SYMPTOM INDEX

#### ENGINE SYSTEM - DRIVELINE MOUNTING SUBSYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING SUMMARY





NOTE: FOR DETAILED TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES, SEE SYMPTOM INDEX

Figure 9-2 (Sheet 2 of 2)

## CHAPTER 10

# ENGINE DRIVELINE SUBSYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

- 10-1. EQUIPMENT ITEMS COVERED. This chapter gives equipment troubleshooting procedures for the engine driveline subsystem, for which there are authorized corrective maintenance tasks at the organizational maintenance level.
- 10-2. EQUIPMENT ITEMS NOT COVERED. All equipment items for which corrective maintenance is authorized at the organizational maintenance level are covered in this chapter.

# Symptom CLUNKING NOISE HEARD DURING ACCELERATION ON ALL TRUCKS EXCEPT M36A2 AND M342A2 1 Make truck ready for work on engine • Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 - NOTE -Transfer mounts are not part of the engine system. However the transfer mounts should be checked as a cause of the clunking noise 2 Check transfer mounts Crawl under truck Look for signs that the transfer shifted its position Look for a broken transfer mount 6 Look for missing transfer mounting **MOUNTS** nuts or bolts Feel for loose transfer mount nuts Are transfer mounts OK? **TRANSFER** GO

Figure 10-1 (Sheet 1 of 4)

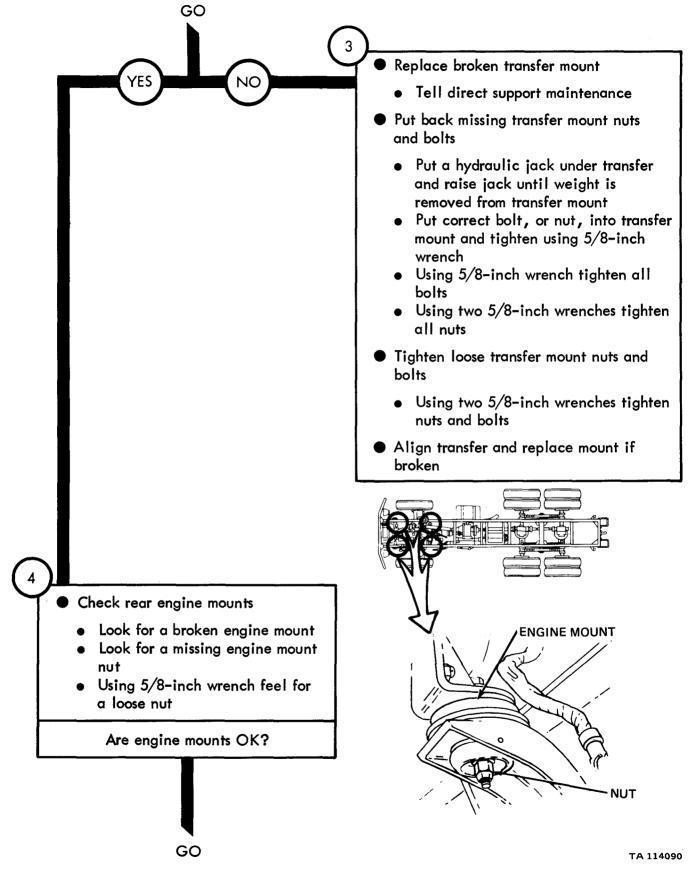


Figure 10-1 (Sheet 2 of 4)

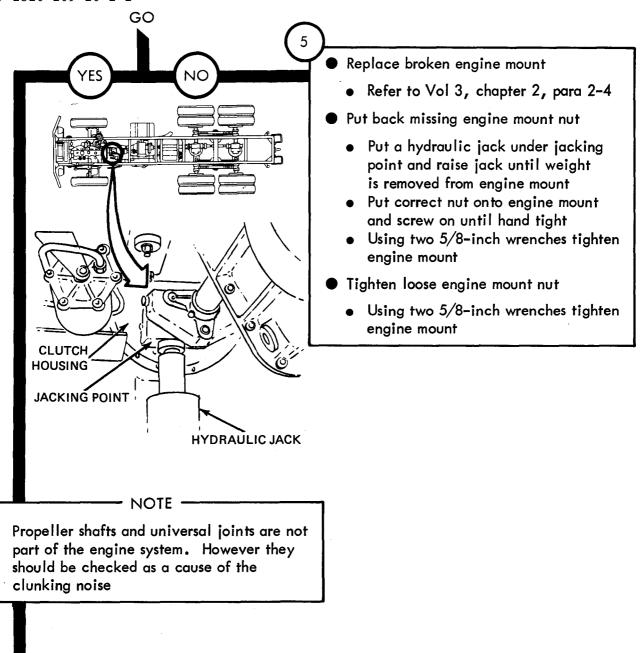
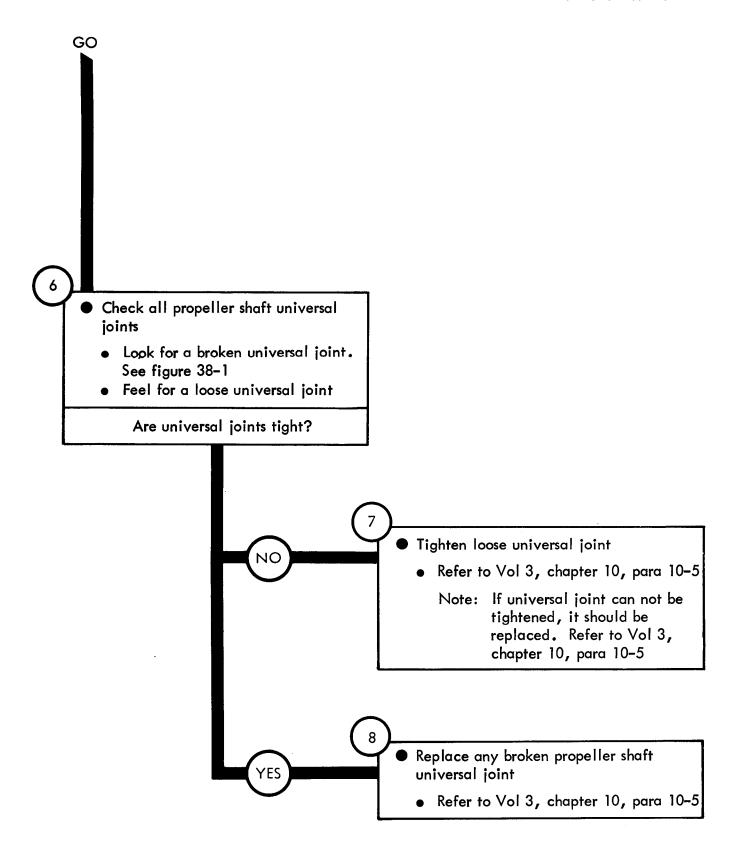


Figure 10-1 (Sheet 3 of 4)

GO



## Symptom

1

CLUNKING NOISE HEARD DURING ACCELERATION ON TRUCKS
M36A2 AND M342A2

- Make truck ready for work on propeller shafts
  - Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
  - Chock wheels

#### NOTE -

Transfer mounts are not part of the engine system. However the transfer mounts should be checked as a cause of the clunking noise

- 2
  - Check transfer mounts
    - Crawl under truck
    - Look for signs that the transfer shifted its position
    - Look for a broken transfer mount
    - Look for missing transfer mounting nuts or bolts
    - Feel for loose transfer mount nuts

Are transfer mounts OK?

GO

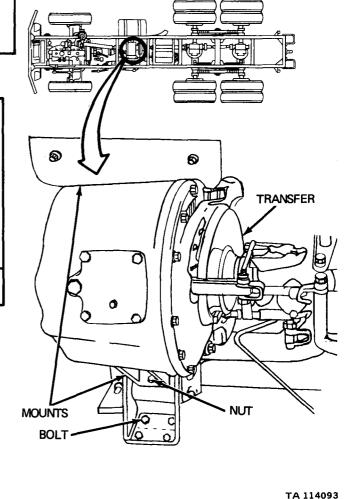


Figure 10-2 (Sheet 1 of 4)

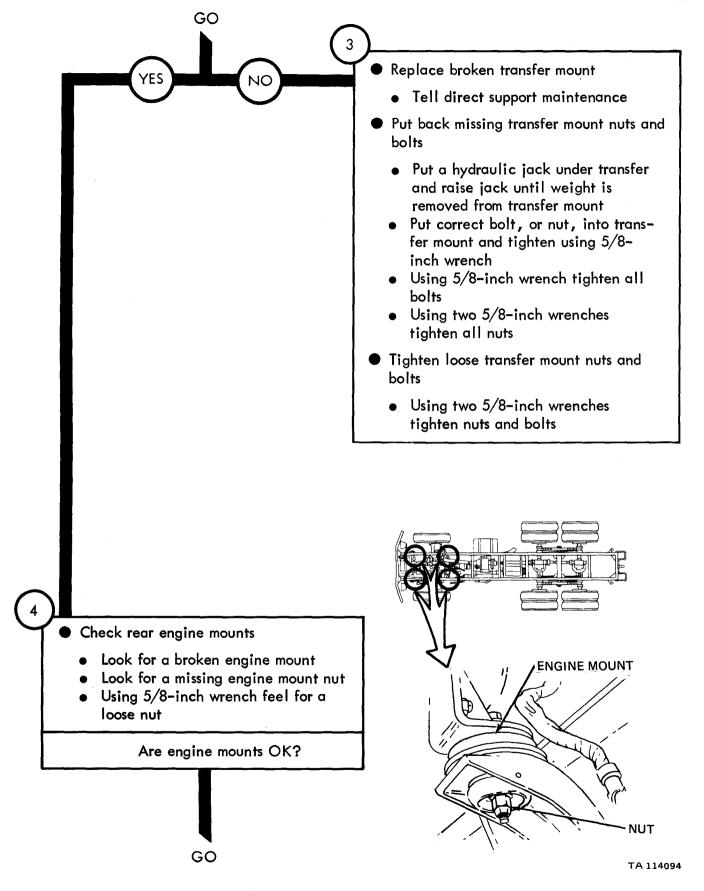


Figure 10-2 (Sheet 2 of 4)

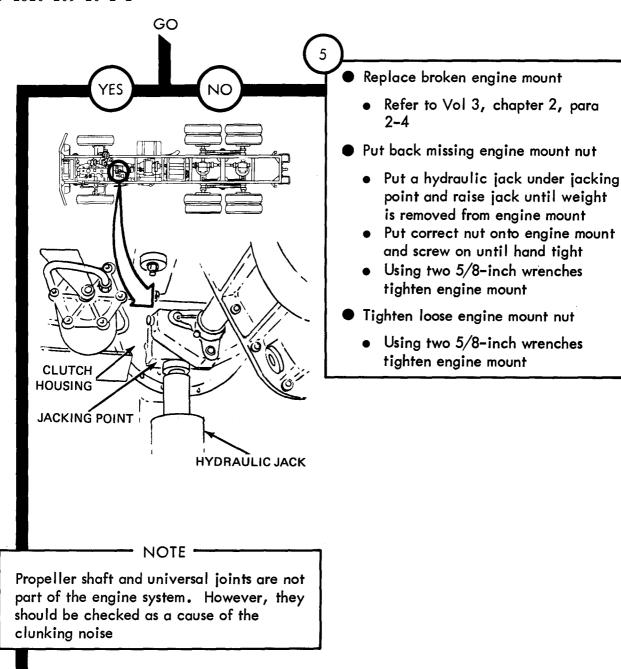
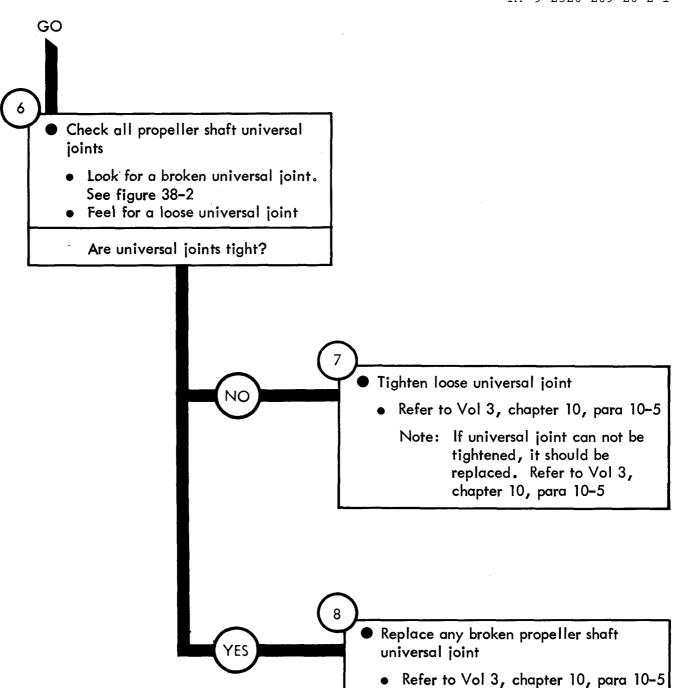


Figure 10-2 (Sheet 3 of 4)

GO



#### CHAPTER 11

## CLUTCH SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

- 11-1. EQUIPMENT ITEMS COVERED. This chapter gives equipment troubleshooting procedures for the clutch system for which there are authorized corrective maintenance tasks at the organizational maintenance level.
- 11-2. EQUIPMENT ITEMS NOT COVERED. All equipment items for which corrective maintenance is authorized at the organizational maintenance level are covered in this chapter.

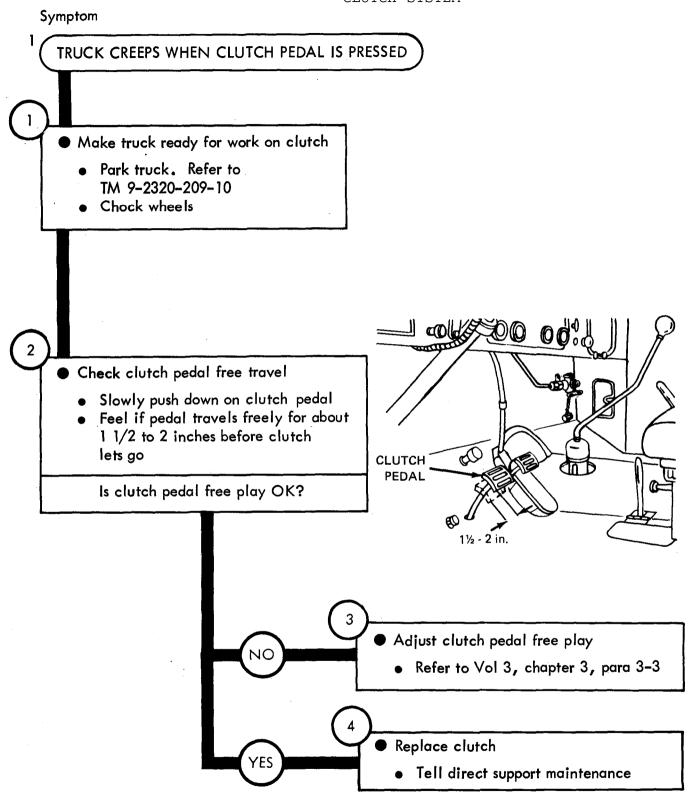


Figure 11-1

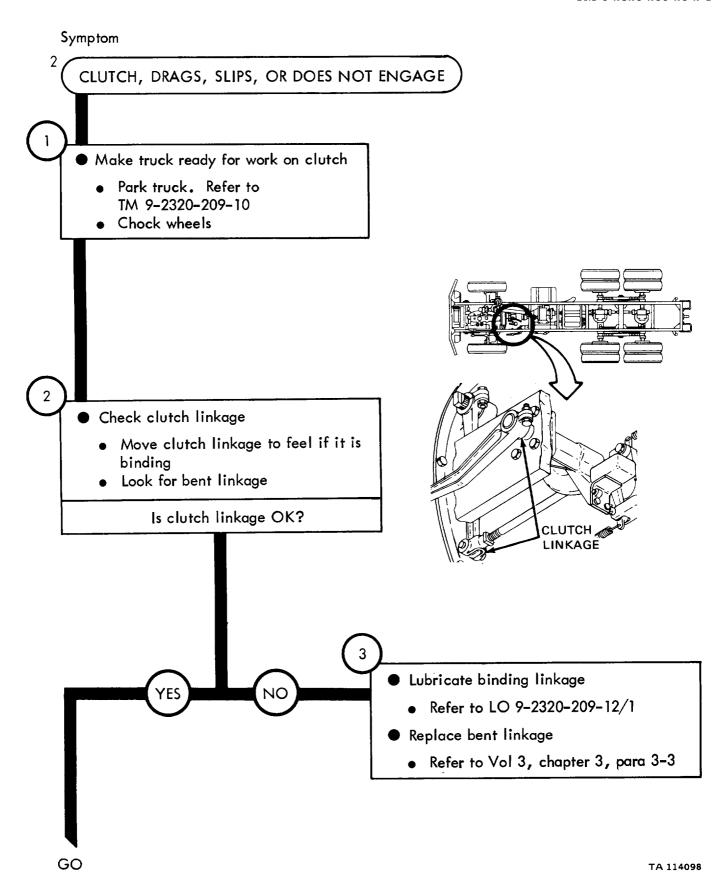


Figure 11-2 (Sheet 1 of 2)

GΟ Check clutch pedal free play CLUTCH • Slowly push down on clutch pedal PEDAL • Feel if pedal travels freely for about 1 1/2 to 2 inches before clutch lets go Is clutch pedal free play OK? Adiust clutch pedal free play • Refer to Vol 3, chapter 3, para 3-3 Replace clutch • Tell direct support maintenance

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Figure 11-2 (Sheet 2 of 2)

## CHAPTER 12

# CLUTCH SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING SUMMARY

- 12-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives a summary of troubleshooting procedures given in chapter 11 for the clutch system.
- 12-2. PROCEDURES. The summary in this chapter covers all fault symptoms found in the detailed troubleshooting procedures. Chapter 7 outlines a sample troubleshooting procedure. The summary procedures are based on the "what-to-do" portions of the detailed procedures and do not include the "how-to-do-it" instructions. Warnings, cautions, and notes are given where needed.

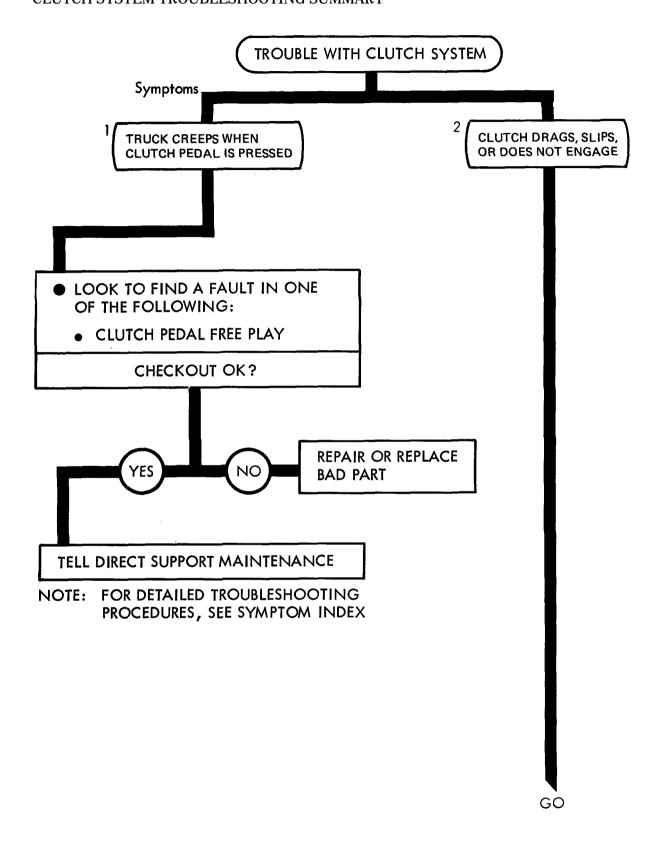
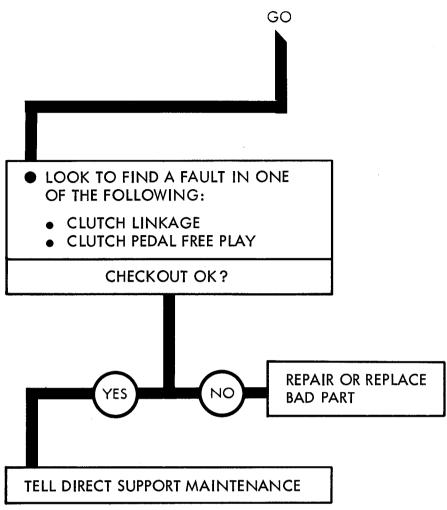


Figure 12-1 (Sheet 1 of 2)



NOTE: FOR DETAILED TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES, SEE SYMPTOM INDEX

# CHAPTER 13

# FUEL SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

- 13-1. EQUIPMENT ITEMS COVERED. This chapter gives equipment troubleshooting procedures for the fuel system, for which there are authorized corrective maintenance tasks at the organizational maintenance level.
- 13-2. EQUIPMENT ITEMS NOT COVERED. All equipment items for which corrective maintenance is authorized at the organizational maintenance level are covered in this chapter.

### Symptom

#### ENGINE CRANKS BUT DOES NOT START

#### WARNING

Diesel fuel is very flammable. Care must be used when choosing a place to work on fuel system. Keep truck about 50 feet away from an area where open flame, sparks, or smoking may cause a fire. Keep a fire extinguisher close by

- 1
- Make truck ready for work on fuel system
  - Find a well ventilated area
  - Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
- ้ว
- Check manifold heater fuel lines
  - Look for a crushed or broken line.
     See fig 15-1
  - Look for signs of fuel leaking from lines or fittings
  - Feel for loose fittings
- Check all fuel lines and fittings
  - Fuel line and fitting checks given in figure 16-4

Are manifold heater and engine fuel lines and fittings OK?

GÖ

Figure 13-1 (Sheet 1 of 6)

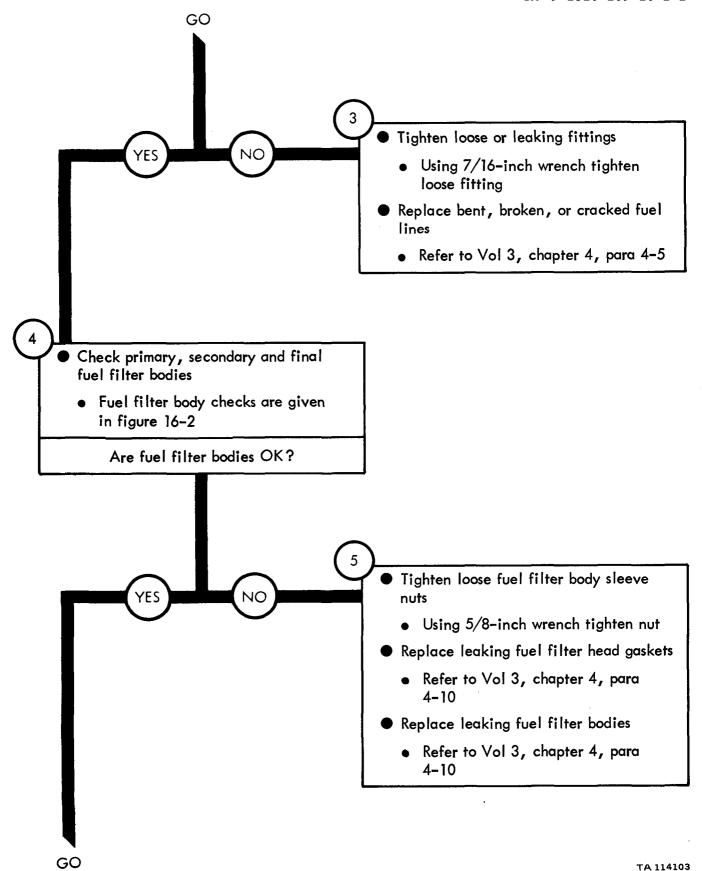


Figure 13-1 (Sheet 2 of 6)

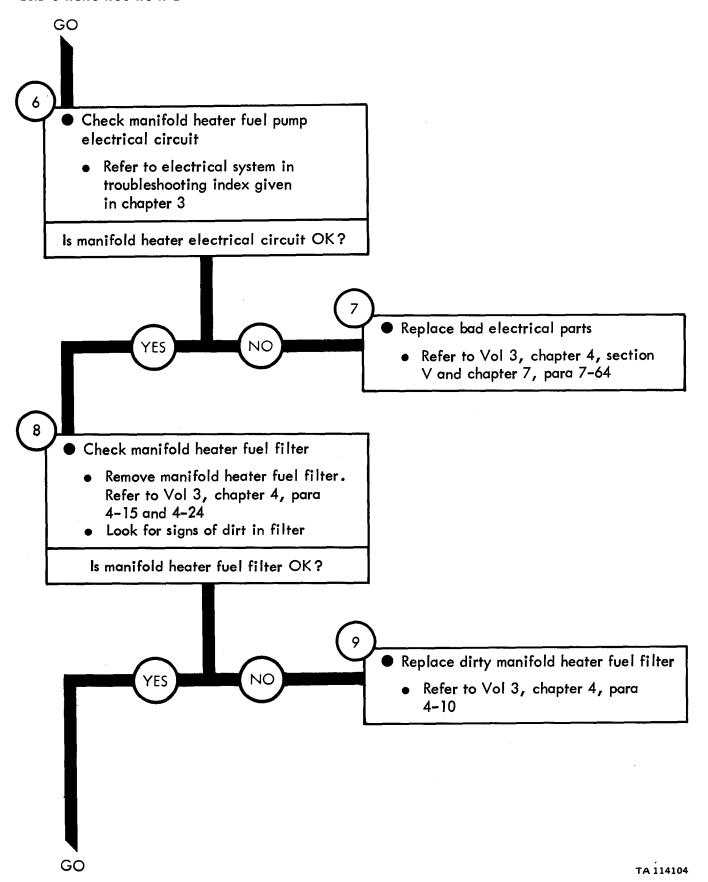


Figure 13-1 (Sheet 3 of 6)

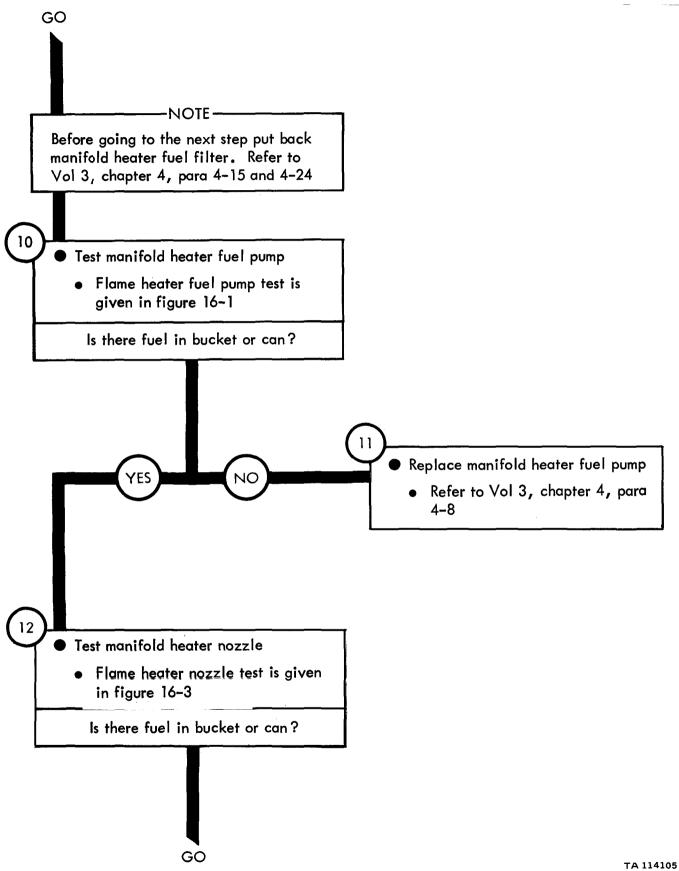


Figure 13-1 (Sheet 4 of 6)

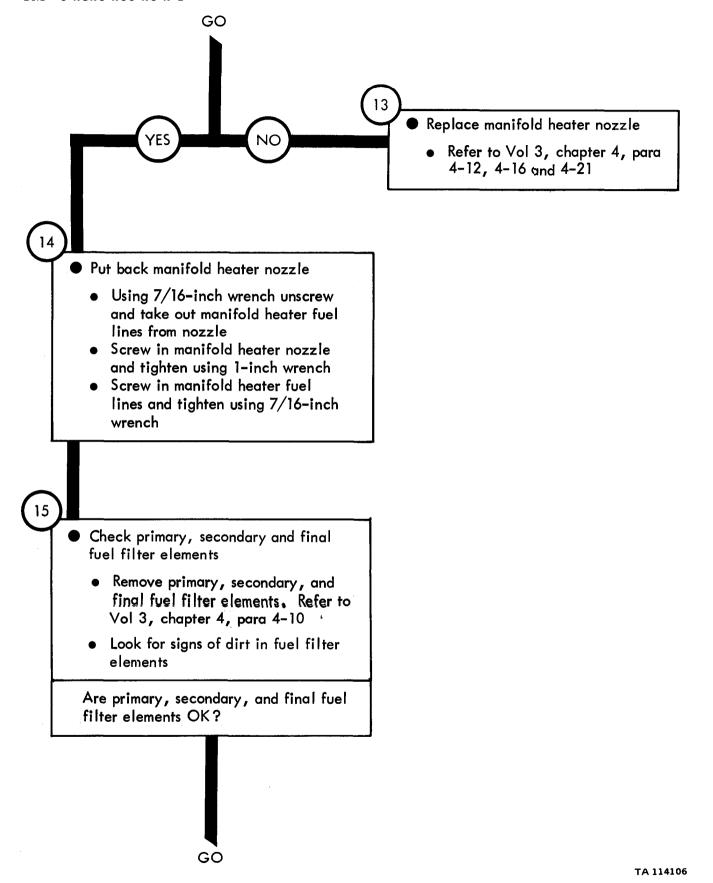


Figure 13-1 (Sheet 5 of 6)

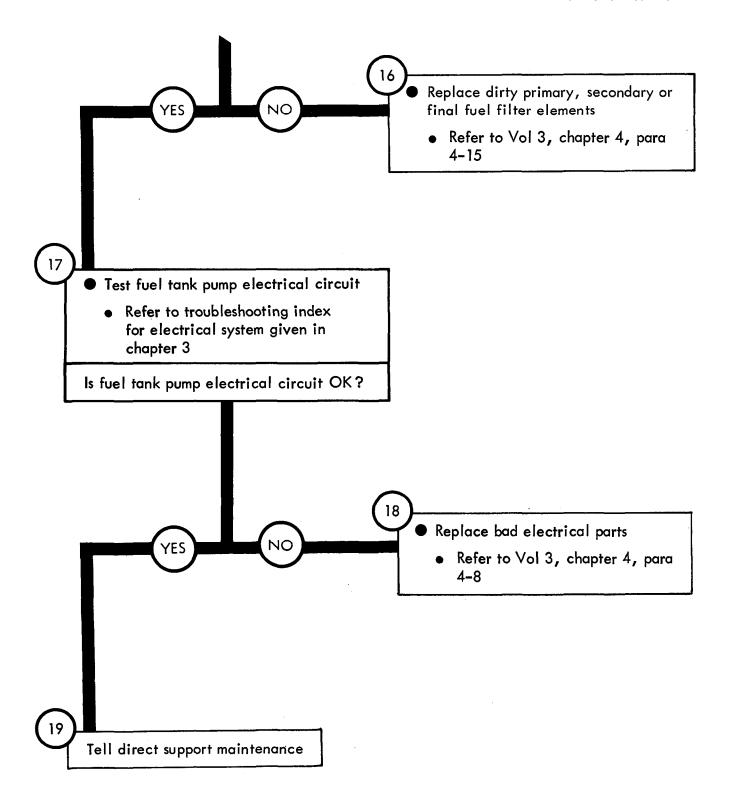
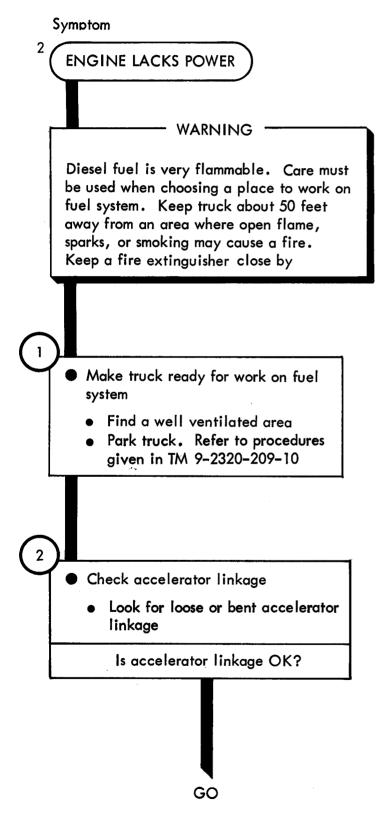
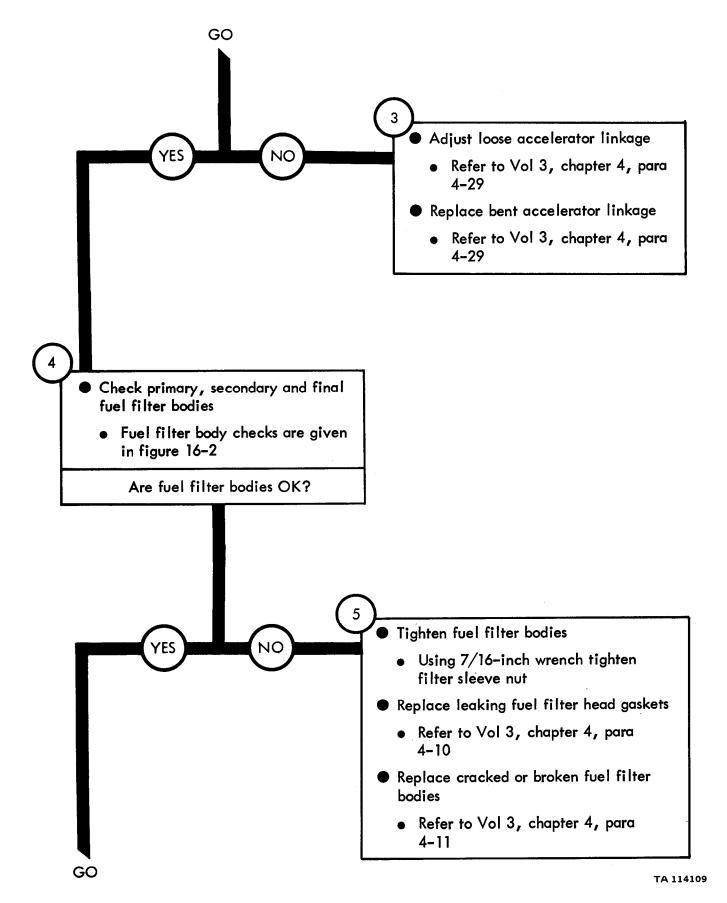
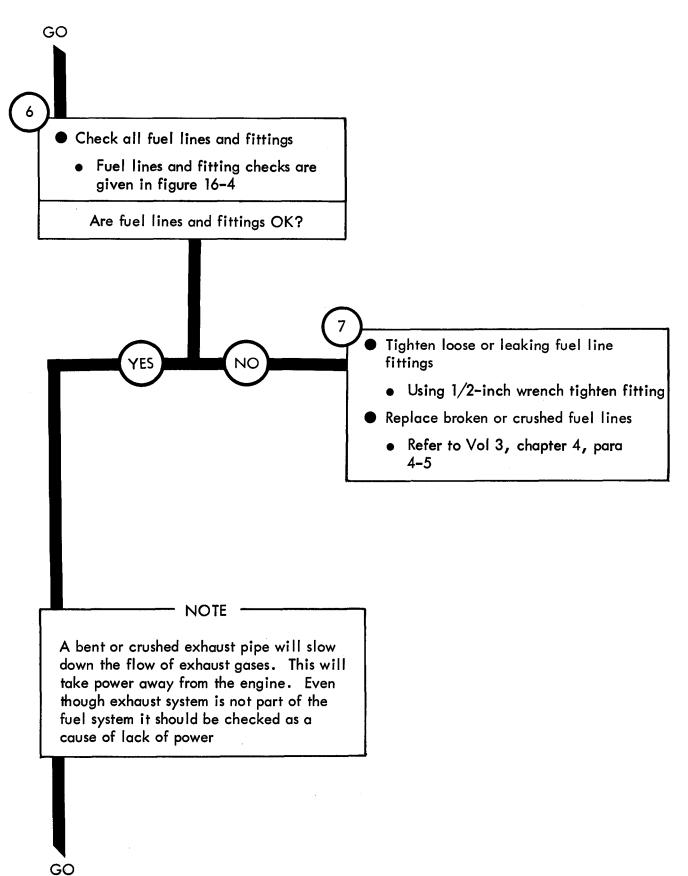


Figure 13-1 (Sheet 6 of 6)







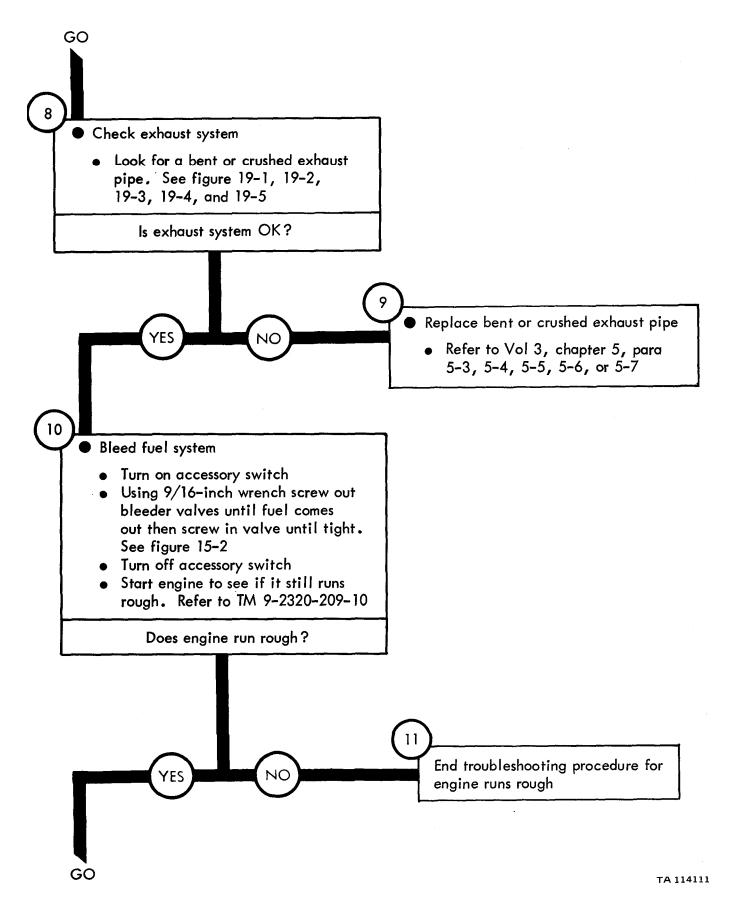
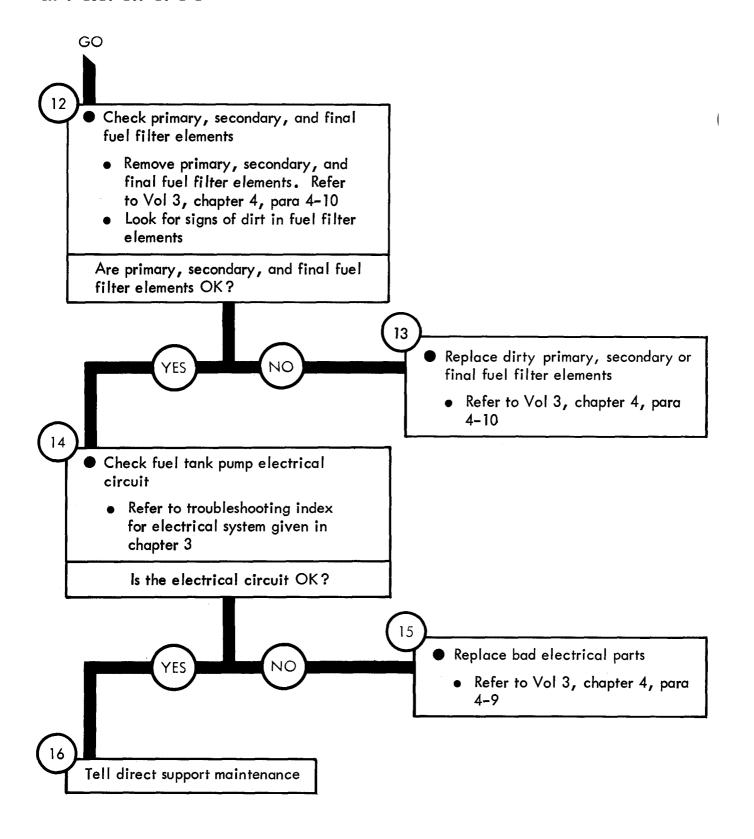
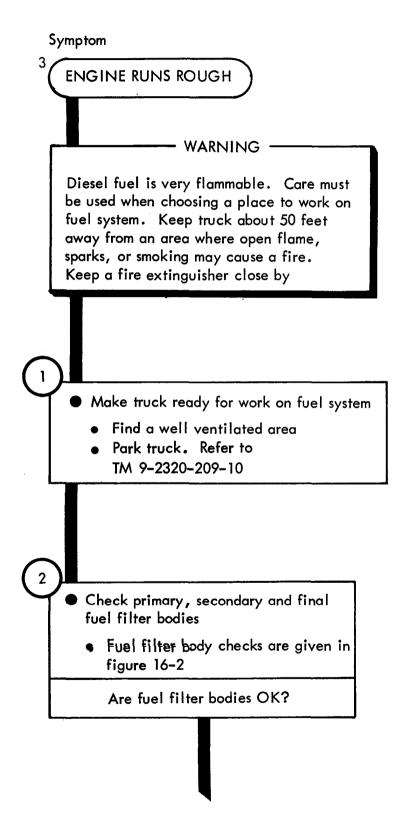


Figure 13-2 (Sheet 4 of 5)





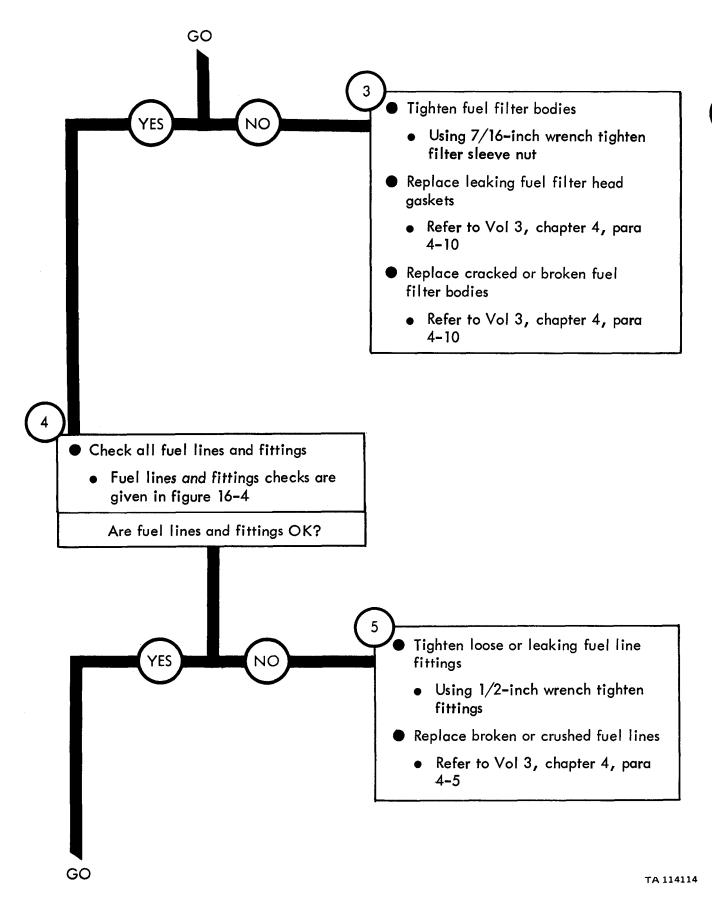


Figure 13-3 (Sheet 2 of 5)

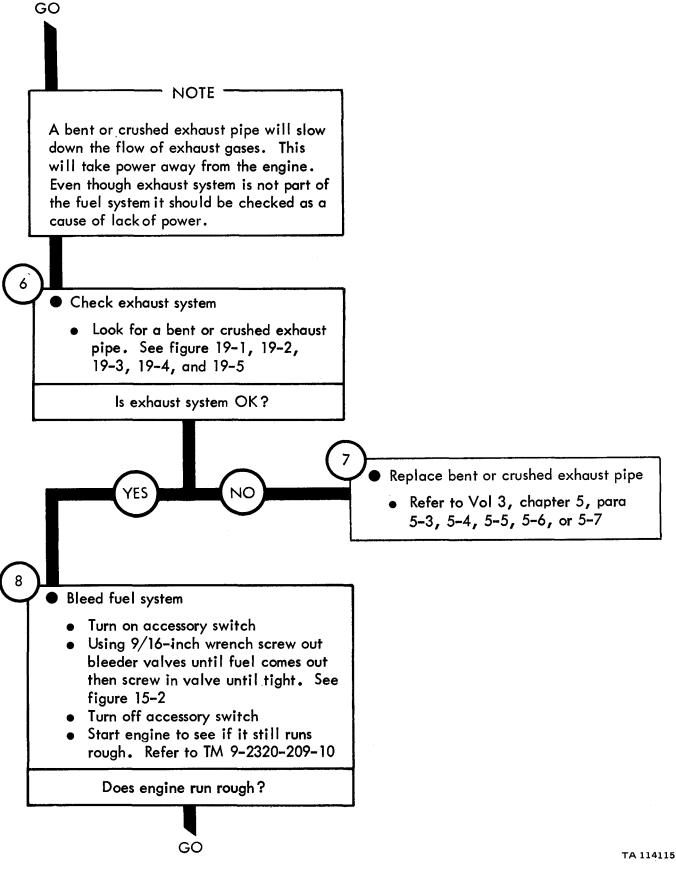


Figure 13-3 (Sheet 3 of 5)

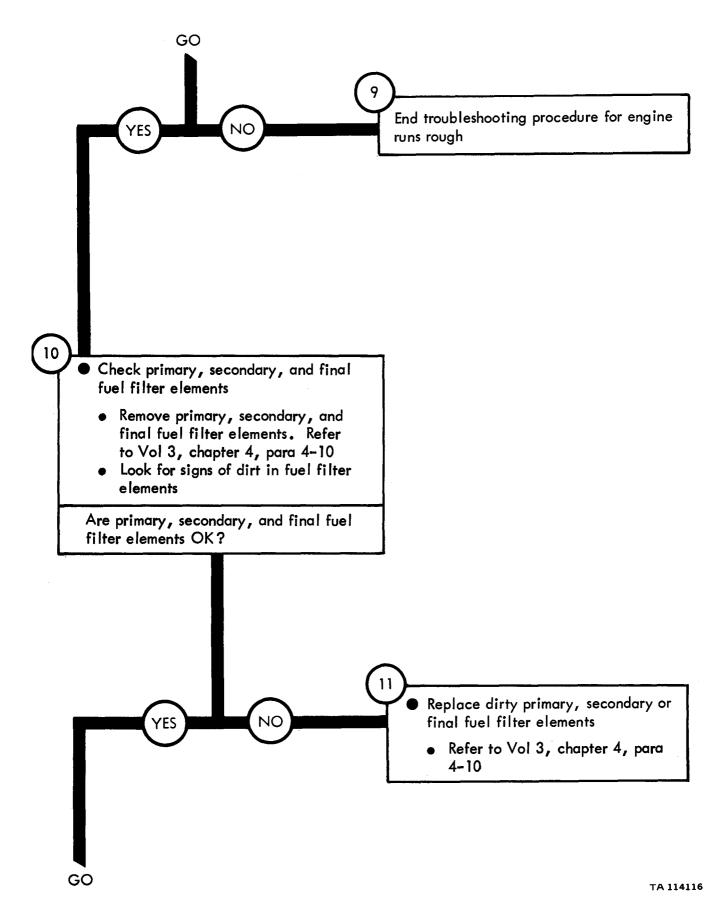
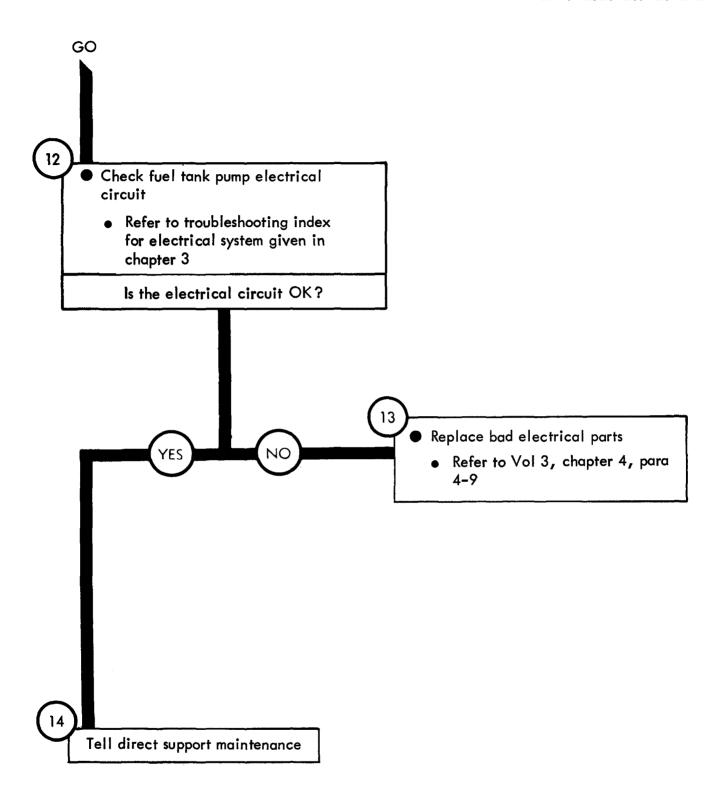
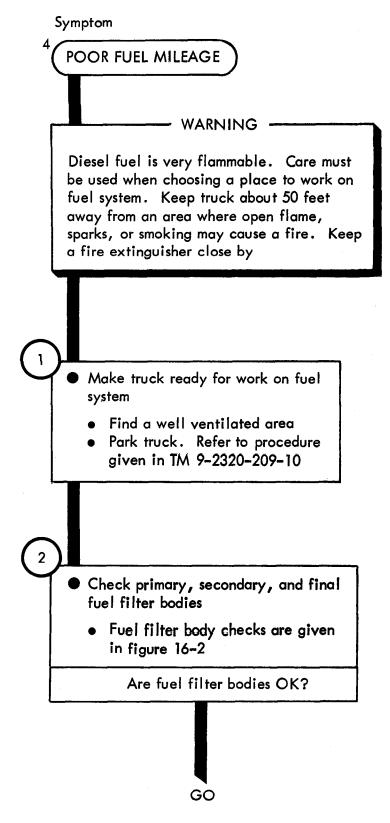
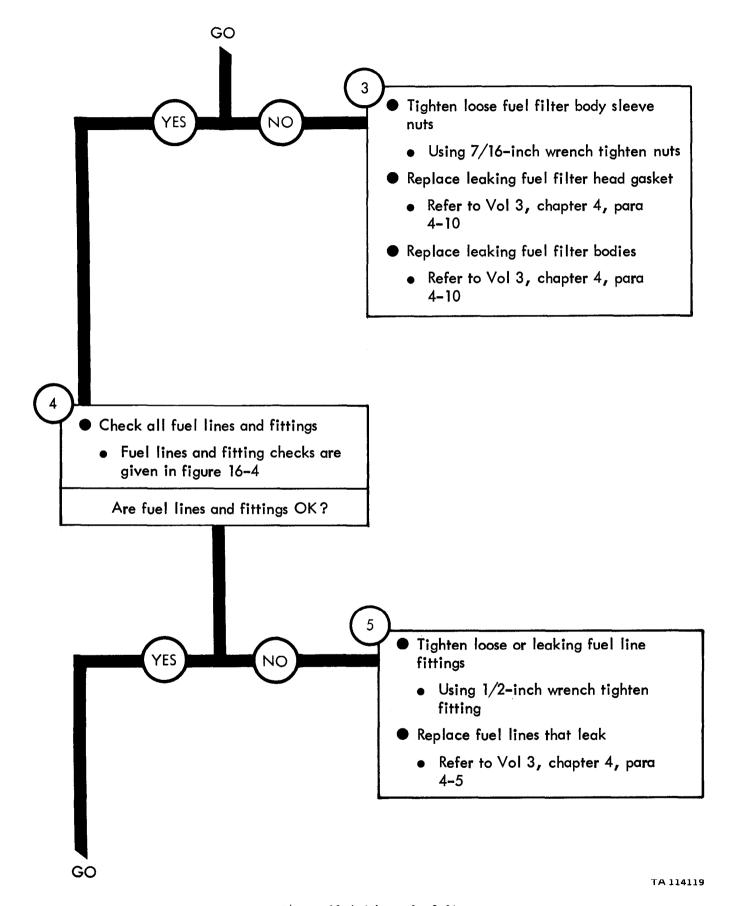
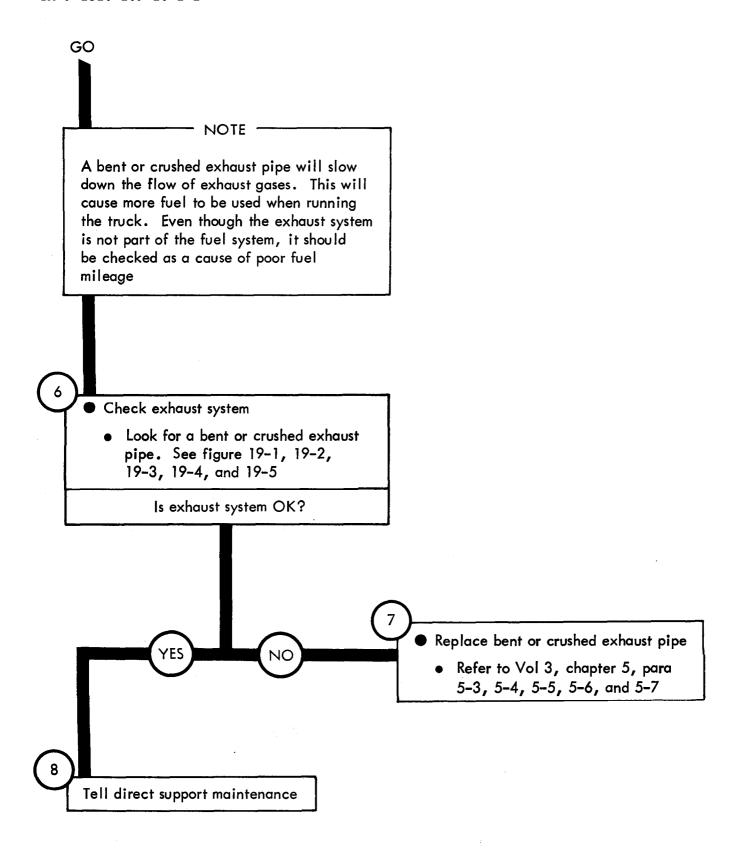


Figure 13-3 (Sheet 4 of 5)









#### Symptom

5 ENGINE DOES NOT SLOW DOWN WHEN ACCELERATOR PEDAL IS LET GO

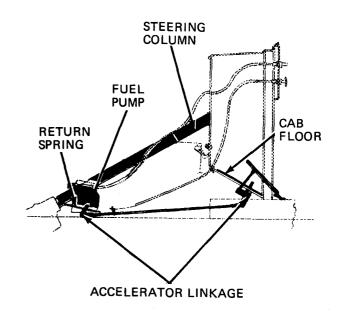
#### WARNING

Diesel fuel is very flammable. Care must be used when choosing a place to work on fuel system. Keep truck about 50 feet away from an area where open flame, sparks, or smoking may cause a fire. Keep a fire extinguisher close by

- Make truck ready for work on fuel system
  - Find a well ventilated area
  - Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
- Check accelerator return spring
  - See if both ends of return spring are attached
  - See if return spring is broken

Is accelerator return spring OK?

GO



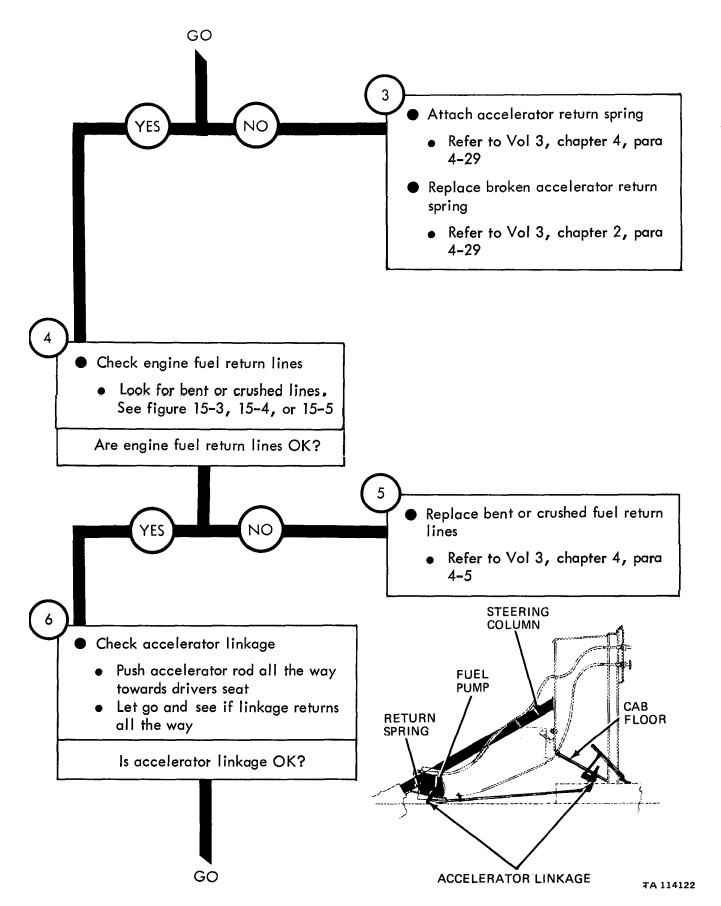
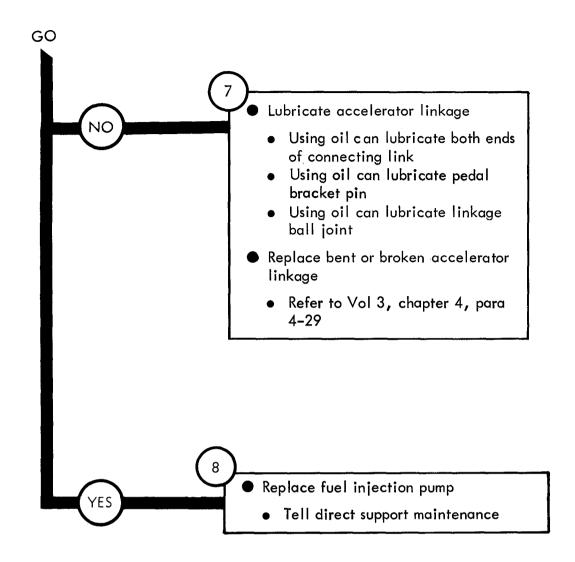
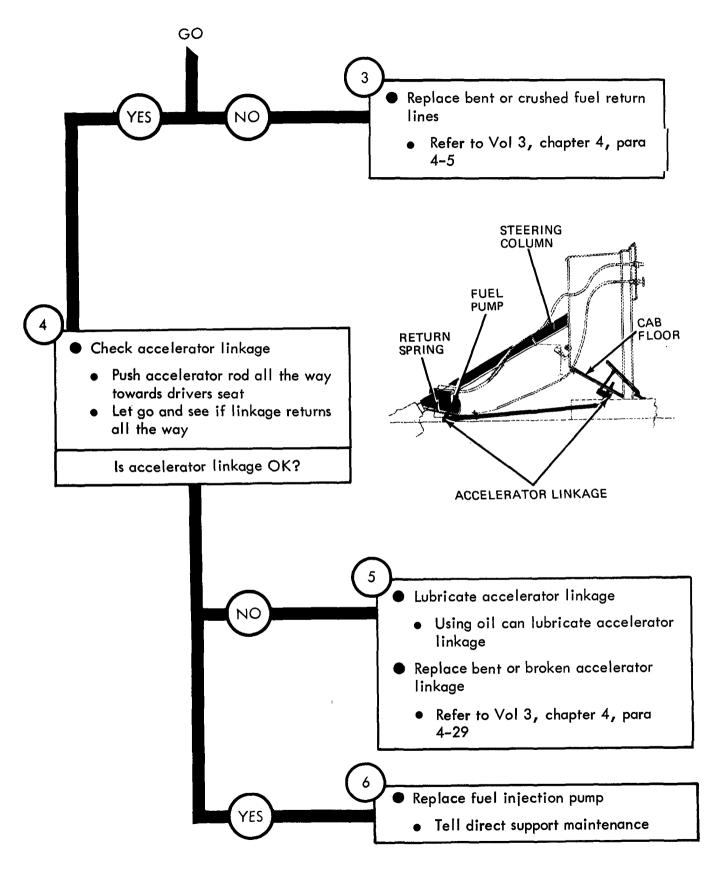


Figure 13-5 (Sheet 2 of 3)



Symptom

# ENGINE RUNS AFTER BEING SHUT OFF WARNING Diesel fuel is very flammable. Care must be used when choosing a place to work on fuel system. Keep truck about 50 feet away from an area where open flame, sparks, or smoking may cause a fire. Keep a fire extinguisher close by Make truck ready for work on fuel system Find a well ventilated area • Park truck. Refer to procedures given in TM 9-2320-209-10 Check engine fuel return lines Look for bent or crushed lines. See figure 15-3, 15-4, or 15-5 Are engine fuel return lines OK? GO



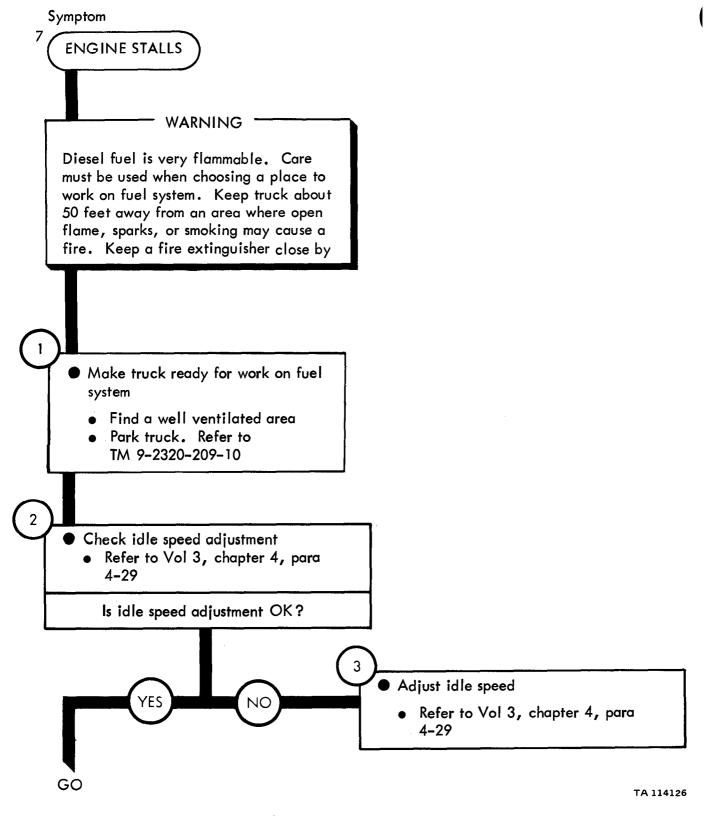
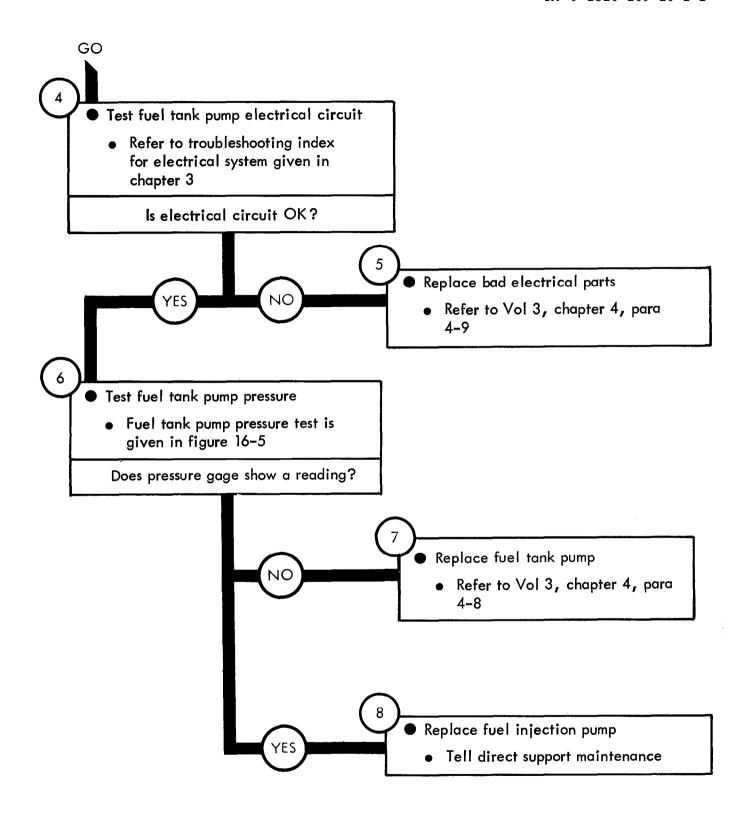


Figure 13-7 (Sheet 1 of 2)



**Symptom** HARD STARTING WARNING . Diesel fuel is very flammable. Care must be used when choosing a place to work on fuel system. Keep truck about 50 feet away from an area where open flame, sparks, or smoking may cause a fire. Keep a fire extinguisher close by Make truck ready for work on fuel system Find a well ventilated area Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 GO

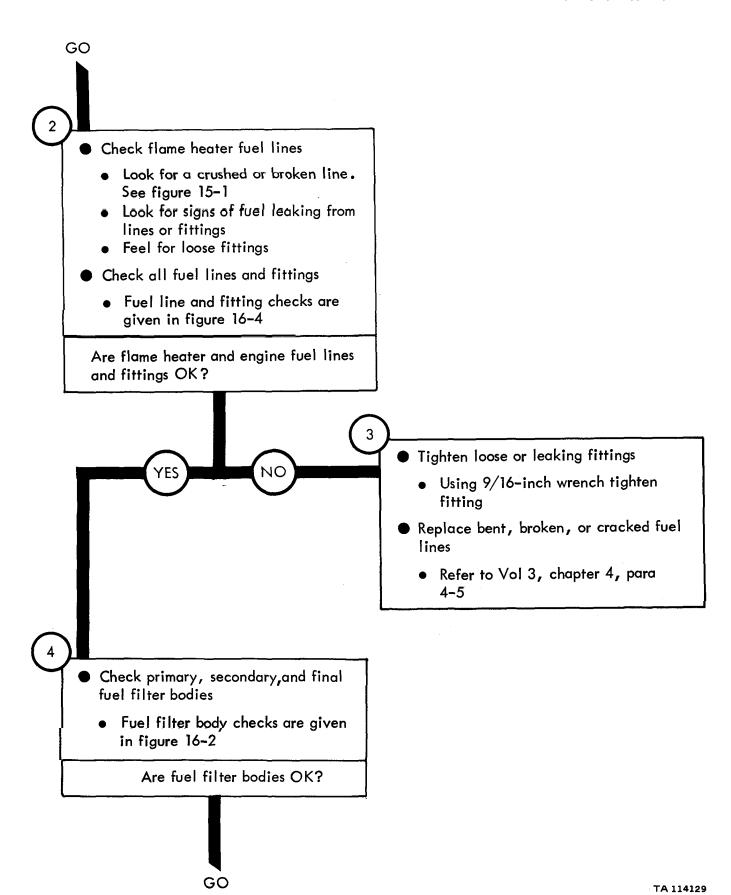
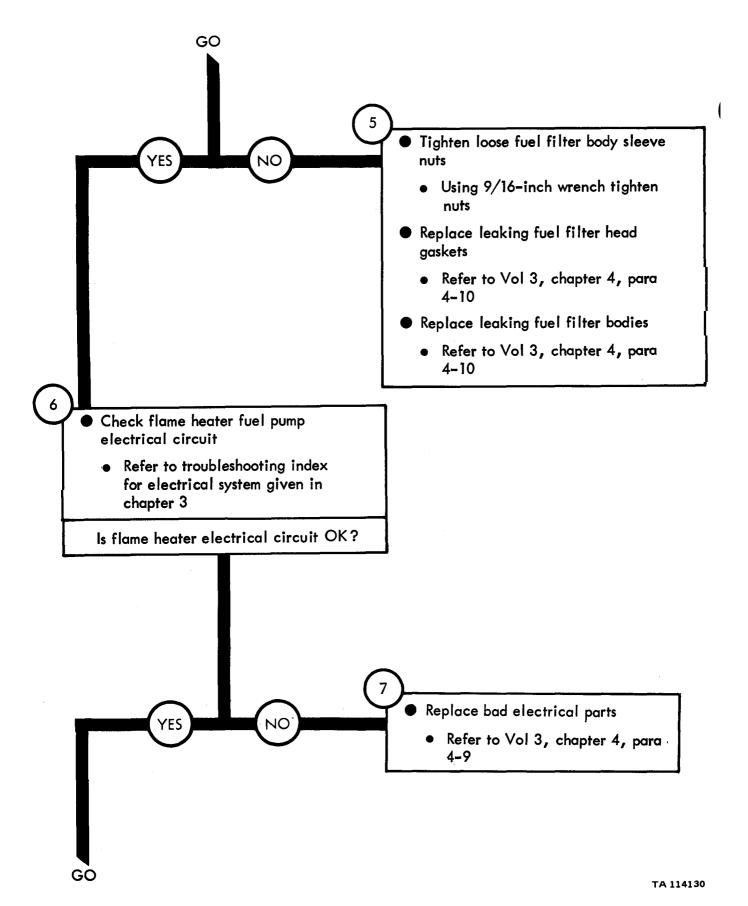


Figure 13-8 (Sheet 2 of 6)



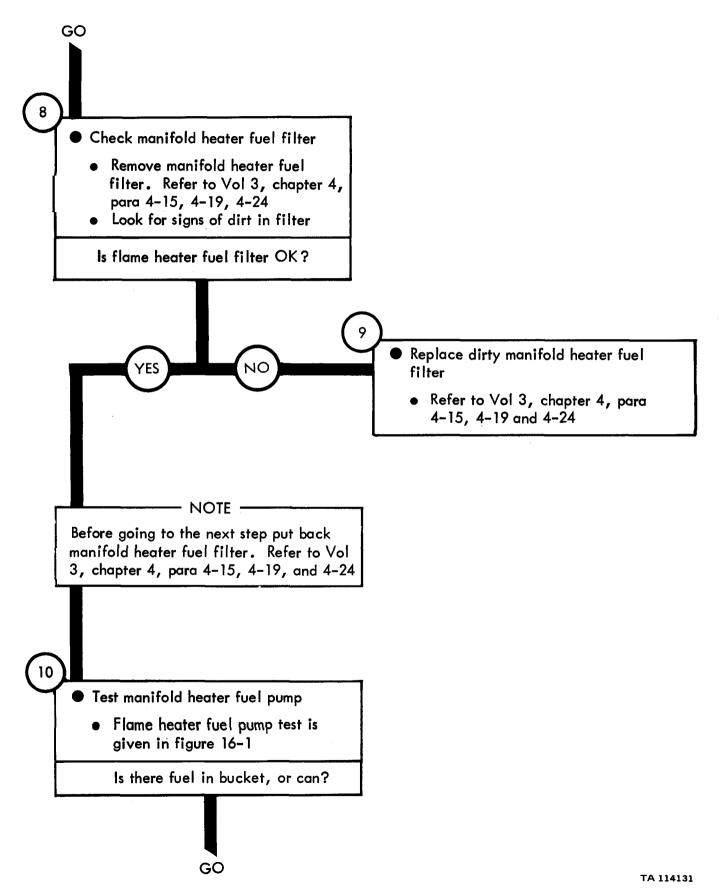
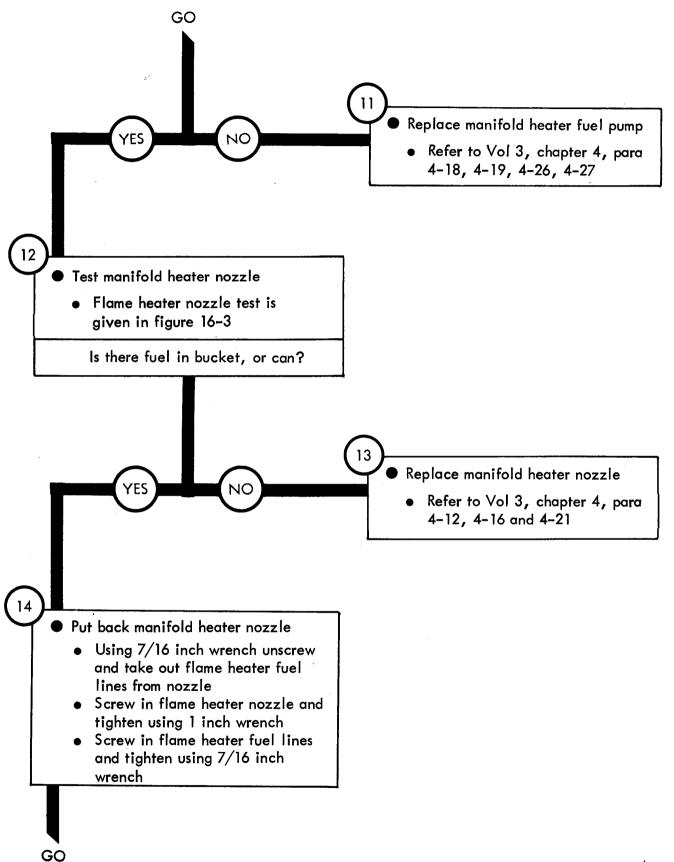
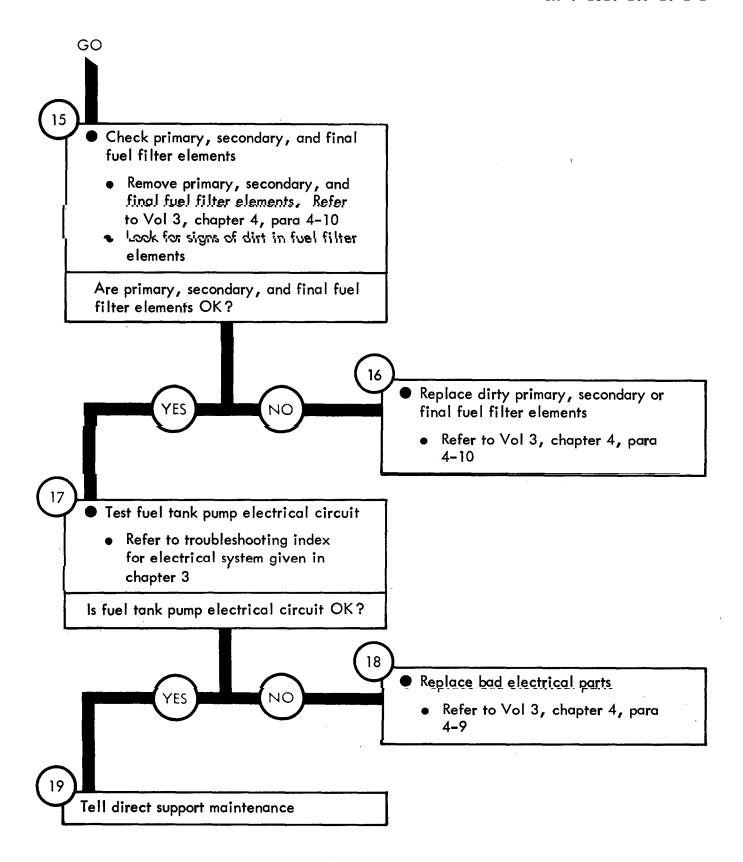


Figure 13-8 (Sheet 4 of 6)



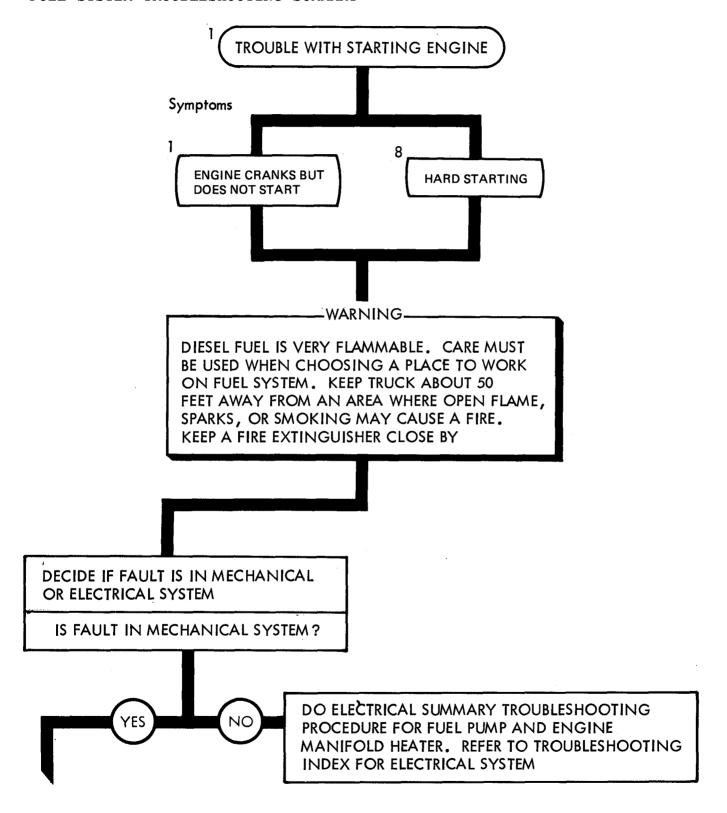


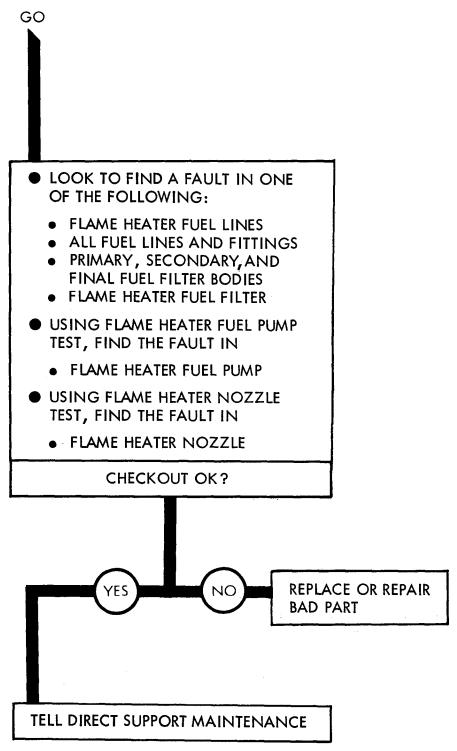
#### CHAPTER 14

## FUEL SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING SUMMARY

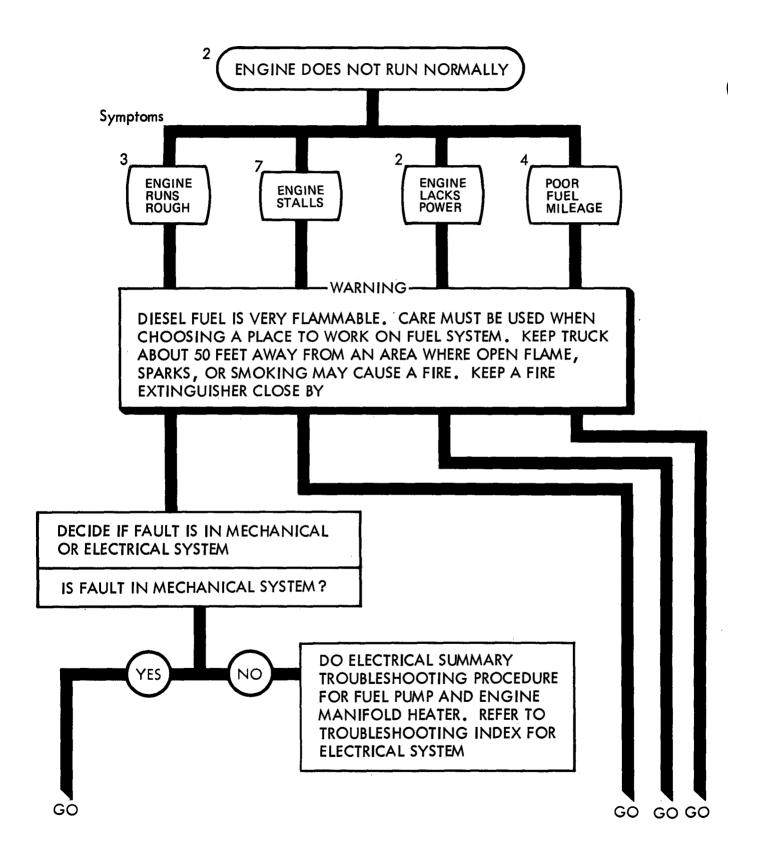
- 14-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives a summary of troubleshooting procedures given in chapter 13 for the fuel system.
- 14-2. PROCEDURES. The summary in this chapter covers all fault symptoms found in the detailed troubleshooting procedures. Chapter 7 outlines a sample troubleshooting procedure. The summary procedures are based on the "what-to-do" portions of the detailed procedures and do not include the 'how-to-do-it" instructions. Warning, cautions, and notes are given where needed.

#### FUEL SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING SUMMARY

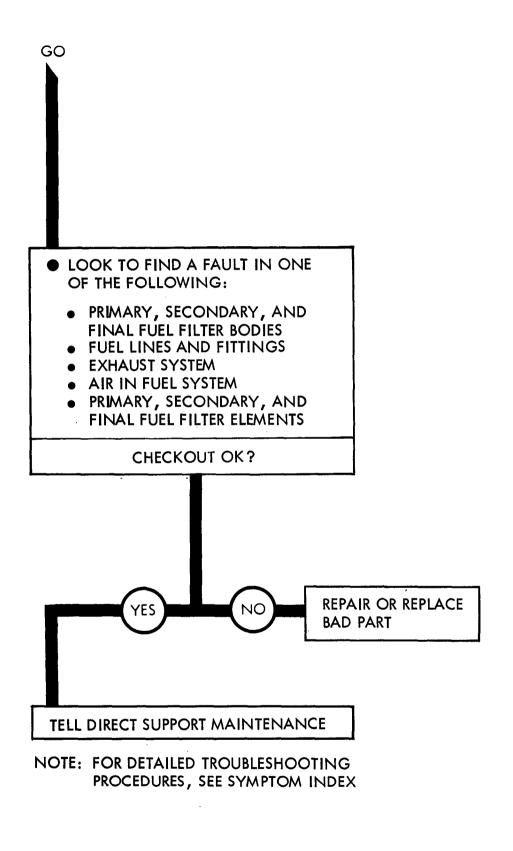


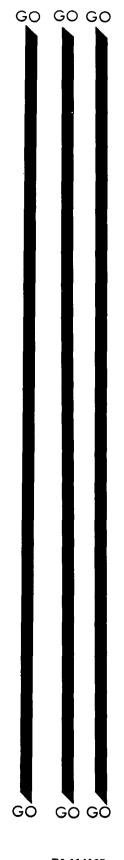


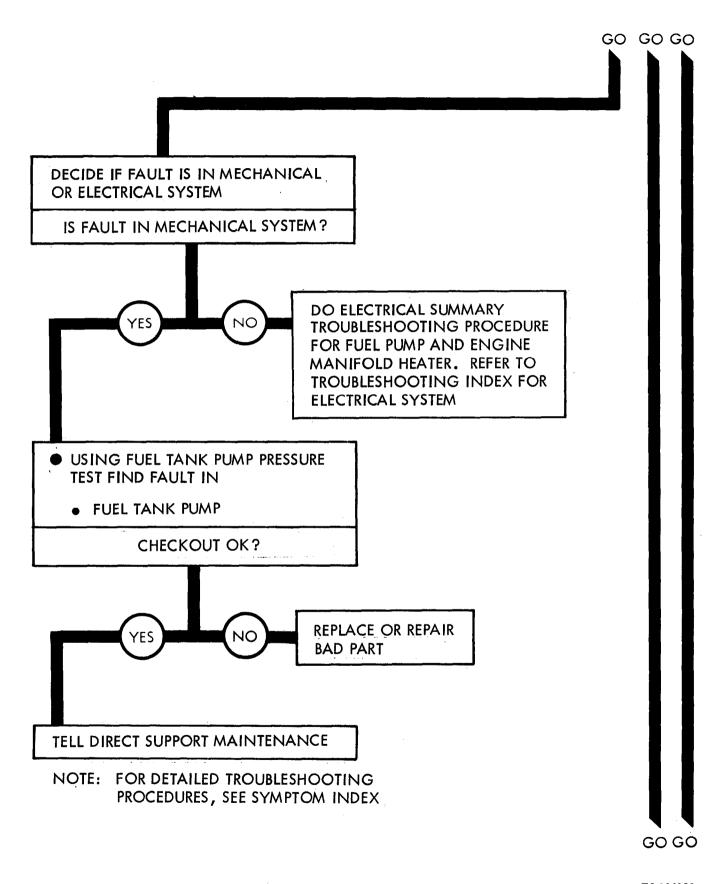
NOTE: FOR DETAILED TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES, SEE SYMPTOM INDEX



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Figure 14-2 (Sheet 3 of 5)

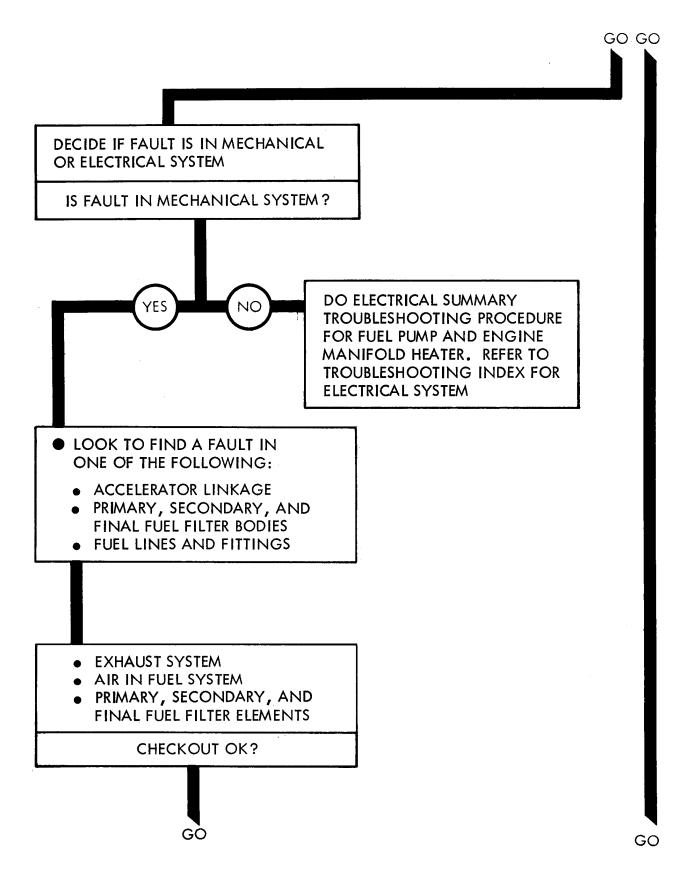
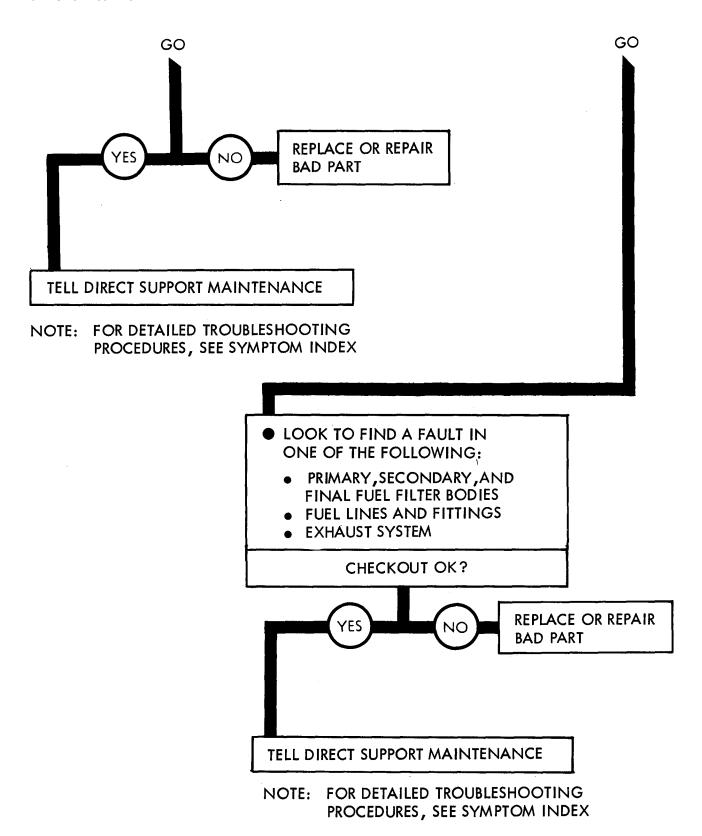


Figure 14-2 (Sheet 4 of 5)

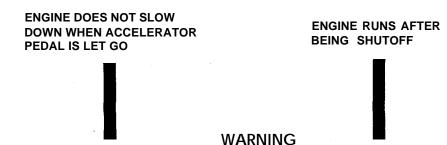


TA 114140

## ( TROUBLE WITH SLOWING OR STOPPING ENGINE )

**Symptoms** 

5



DIESEL FUEL IS VERY FLAMMABLE. CARE MUST BE USED WHEN CHOOSING A PLACE TO WORK ON FUEL SYSTEM. KEEP TRUCK ABOUT 50 FEET AWAY FROM AN AREA WHERE OPEN FLAME, SPARKS, OR SMOKING MAY CAUSE A FIRE. KEEP A FIRE EXTINGUISHER CLOSE BY

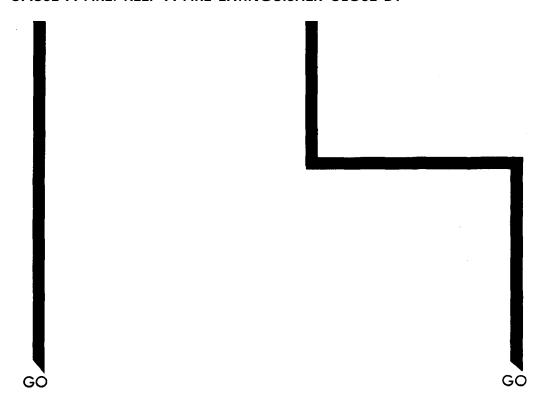
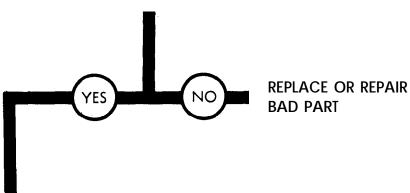


Figure 14-3 (Sheet 1 of 3)



- LOOK TO FIND A FAULT IN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
  - ACCELERATOR RETURN SPRING
  - FUEL RETURN LINES
  - ACCELERATOR LINKAGE RETURN

CHECKOUT OK?



TELL DIRECT SUPPORT MAINTENANCE

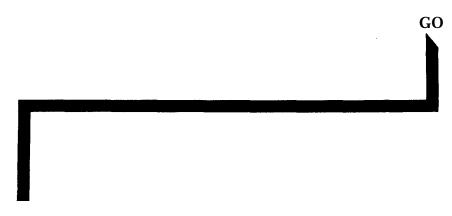
NOTE: FOR DETAILED TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES, SEE SYMPTOM INDEX

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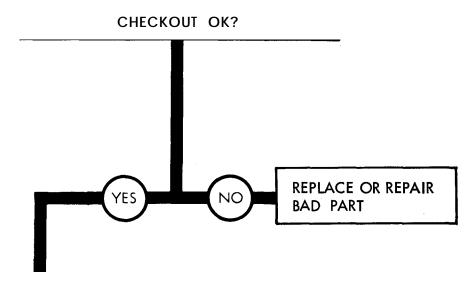
GO

GO

Figure 14-3 (Sheet 2 of 3)



- LOOK TO FIND A FAULT IN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
  - FUEL RETURN LINES
  - ACCELERATOR LINKAGE RETURN



TELL DIRECT SUPPORT MAINTENANCE

NOTE: FOR DETAILED TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES, SEE SYMPTOM INDEX

# **CHAPTER 15**

## **FUEL SYSTEM SUPPORT DIAGRAMS**

15-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives the diagrams you need when doing trouble-shooting procedures in chapter 13. Table 3-1 is a complete listing of all support diagrams used in this manual.

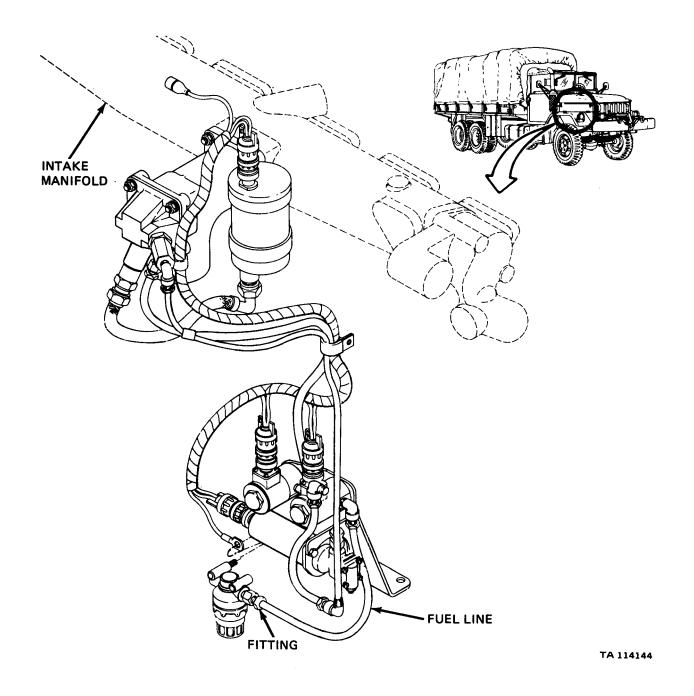


Figure 15-1. Fuel System Support Diagram

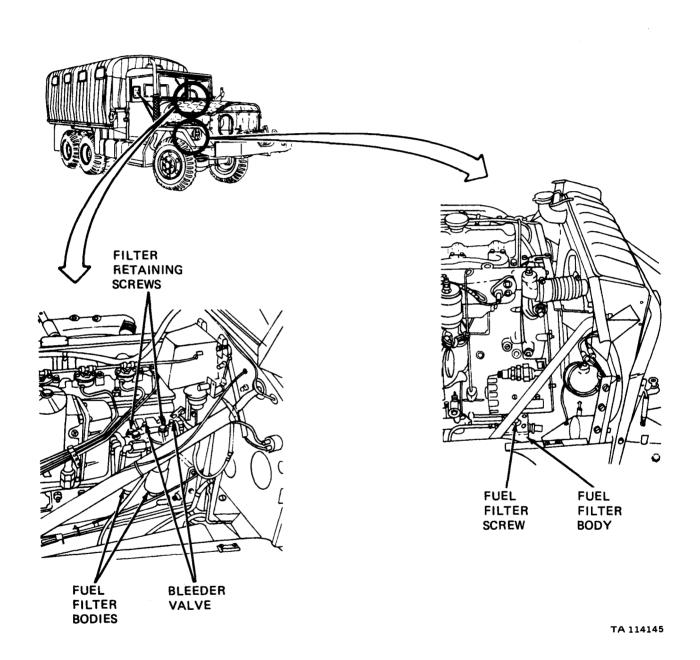


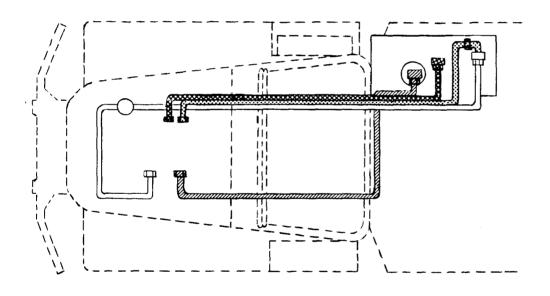
Figure 15-2. Fuel System Support Diagram

FUEL FEED

FUEL RETURN

PREHEATER FEED

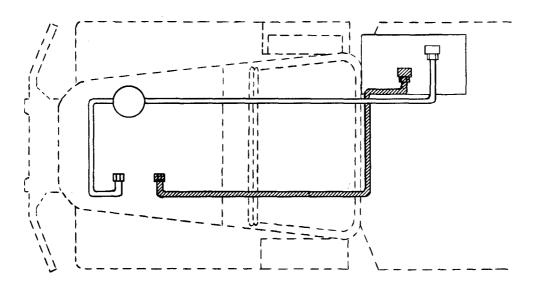
PREHEATER RETURN



FUEL LINES AND FITTINGS FOR LDS427

Figure 15-3. Fuel System Support Diagram

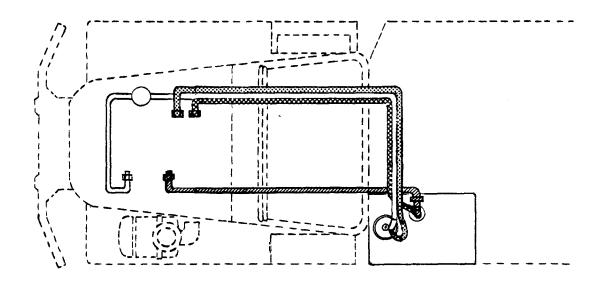




## FUEL LINES AND FITTINGS FOR LD465

Figure 15-4. Fuel System Support Diagram

PREHEATER FEED
FUEL FEED
PREHEATER RETURN
FUEL RETURN



#### FUEL LINES AND FITTINGS FOR THE M275A1

Figure 15-5. Fuel System Support Diagram

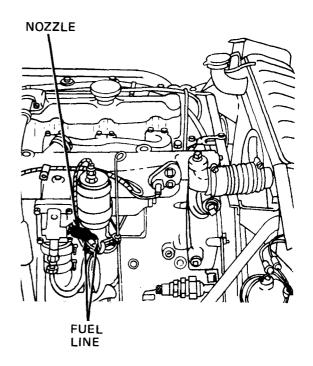
#### **CHAPTER 16**

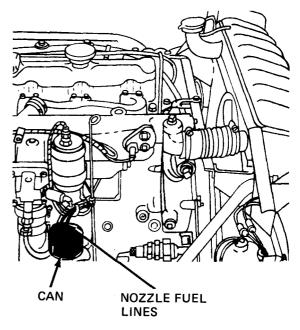
#### **FUEL SYSTEM TEST PROCEDURES**

- 16-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives test procedures for the tests given in chapter 13 for the fuel system.
- 16-2. TEST SET-UP. Instructions for setup of test equipment and parts to be tested are given before the test procedures. Illustrations are used, when needed, to show you how to hook up the test equipment to the part to be tested.
- 16-3. TEST PROCEDURE. Detailed step-by-step instructions, in flow chart form, are given for each test. The procedure calls out the type of test and the condition of the truck system for each part of testing. The step-by-step test will lead you to the bad component or to a fault symptom within a related system. Reference is made to the fault symptom index, chapter 6, if the test shows a fault in another system.

## FLAME HEATER FUEL PUMP TEST

- Test heater fuel pump
  - Using 3/8-inch wrench unscrew and take off fuel lines from nozzle
  - Put fuel line fitting ends into a bucket, or can
  - Turn on heater for about 15 seconds then turn heater off
  - See if there is fuel in bucket, or can





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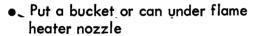
Figure 16-1

## FUEL FILTER BODY CHECKS

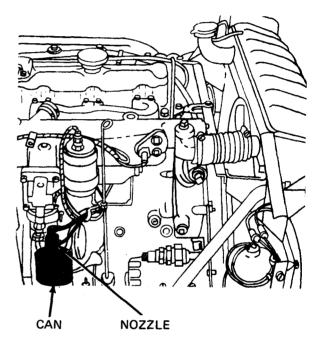
- Check primary, secondary, and final fuel filter bodies
  - Look for fuel leaking from fuel filter bodies
  - Look for signs of fuel leaking from fuel filters head gasket
  - Feel for loose fuel filter head bolt
  - Refer to figure 15-2

## FLAME HEATER NOZZLE TEST

- Test flame heater nozzle
  - Using 5/16 and 7/16 inch wrenches unscrew two fuel line fittings
  - Using 1-inch wrench unscrew and shake out flame heater nozzle
  - Screw fuel line fittings into nozzle and tighten using 7/16 and 5/16 inch wrenches



- Turn on heater for about 15 seconds then turn heater off
- See if there is fuel in bucket or can,



## FUEL LINES AND FITTINGS CHECKS

- Check all fuel lines and fittings
  - Look for a crushed or broken line. See figure 15–3, 15–4 and 15–5
  - Look for signs of fuel leaking from lines or fittings
  - Feel for loose fittings

## FUEL TANK PUMP PRESSURE TEST

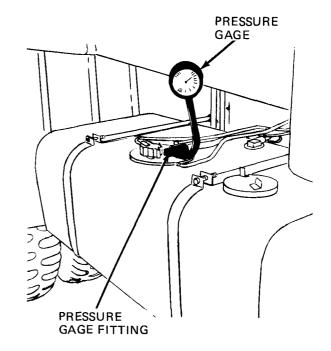
#### ■ Test fuel tank pump pressure

Remove fuel pump output line from elbow. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 4, para 4-5 Put Pressure gage fitting in elbow and tighten using 1/2-inch wrench

Turn accessory switch to "ON". Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10

See if gage reading is between 5 and 7 psi

Turn switch to "OFF". Refer to TM 9-2320-209- 1.0



- Using 1/2-inch wrench unscrew and take out pressure gage fitting
- Put back fuel line. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 4, para 4-5

## **CHAPTER 17**

## **EXHAUST SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING**

- 17-1. EQUIPMENT ITEMS COVERED. This chapter gives equipment troubleshooting procedures for the exhaust system, for which there are authorized corrective maintenance tasks at the organizational maintenance level.
- 17-2. EQUIPMENT ITEMS NOT COVERED . All equipment items for which corrective maintenance is authorized at the organizational maintenance level are covered in this chapter.

#### **EXHAUST SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING**

# Symptom EXHAUST SYSTEM MAKES NOISE FROM HORIZONTAL **EXHAUST SYSTEM WITH MUFFLER** Make truck ready for work on exhaust system Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 Chock wheels - WARNING -Do not touch any part of the exhaust system while engine is running. You can get badly burned. If the engine has just been shut off, wait until the exhaust system has time to cool down before doing any work - NOTE ----Exhaust manifold is not part of the exhaust system group. However the exhaust manifold should be checked as a cause of the exhaust system making noise

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Figure 17-1 (Sheet 1 of 3)

GO

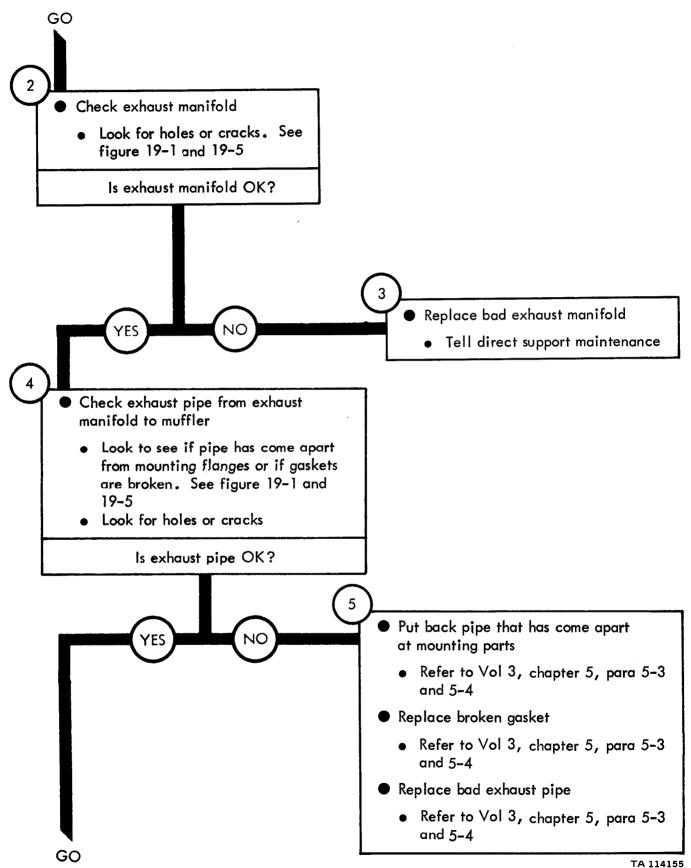
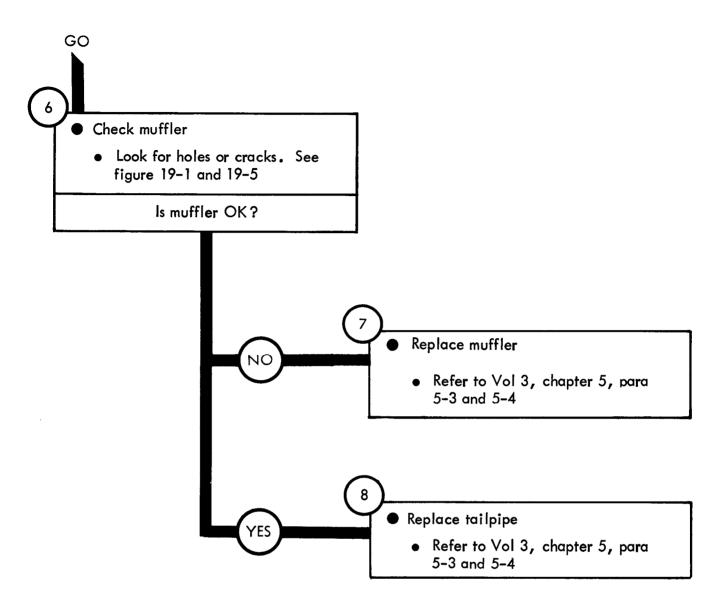


Figure 17-1 (Sheet 2 of 3)



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Figure 17-1 (Sheet 3 of 3)

EXHAUST FUMES ENTER CAB FROM HORIZONTAL EXHAUST SYSTEM WITH MUFFLER

 Make truck ready for work on exhaust system

- Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
- Chock wheels

# - WARNING -

Do not touch any part of the exhaust system while engine is running. You can get badly burned. If the engine has just been shut off, wait until the exhaust system has time to cool down before doing any work

# - NOTE -

Truck body is not part of the exhaust system group. Holes or cracks in the truck body floor or fire wall can cause fumes to enter cab

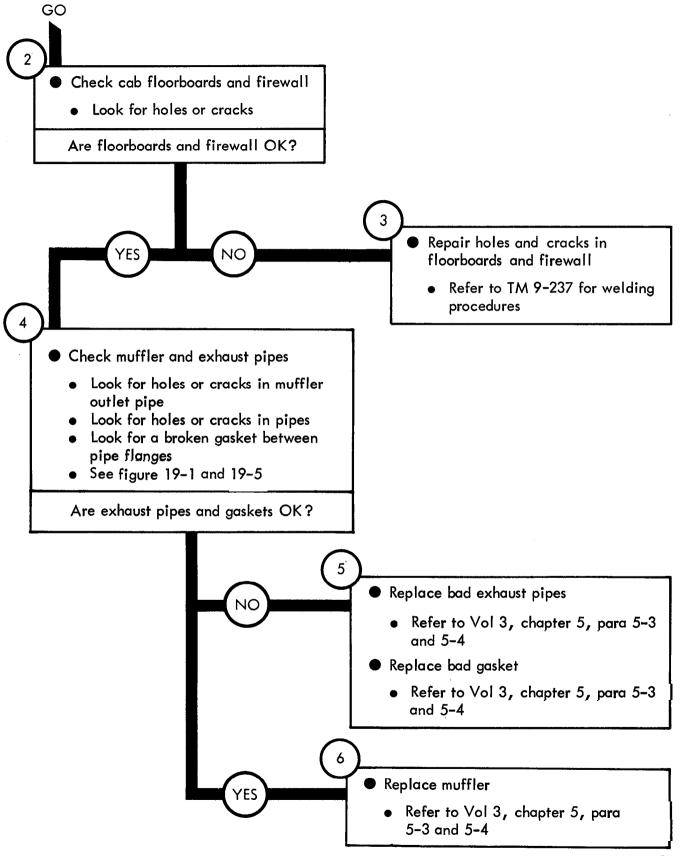


Figure 17-2 (Sheet 2 of 2)

EXHAUST SYSTEM MAKES NOISE FROM HORIZONTAL FXHAUST SYSTEM WITHOUT MUFFLER

- 1
- Make truck ready for work on exhaust system
  - Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
  - Chock wheels

## WARNING -

Do not touch any part of the exhaust system while engine is running. You can get badly burned. If the engine has just been shut off, wait until the exhaust system has time to cool down before doing any work

#### NOTE -

Exhaust manifold and turbocharger are not part of the exhaust system group. However the exhaust manifold and turbocharger should be checked as a cause of the exhaust system making noise

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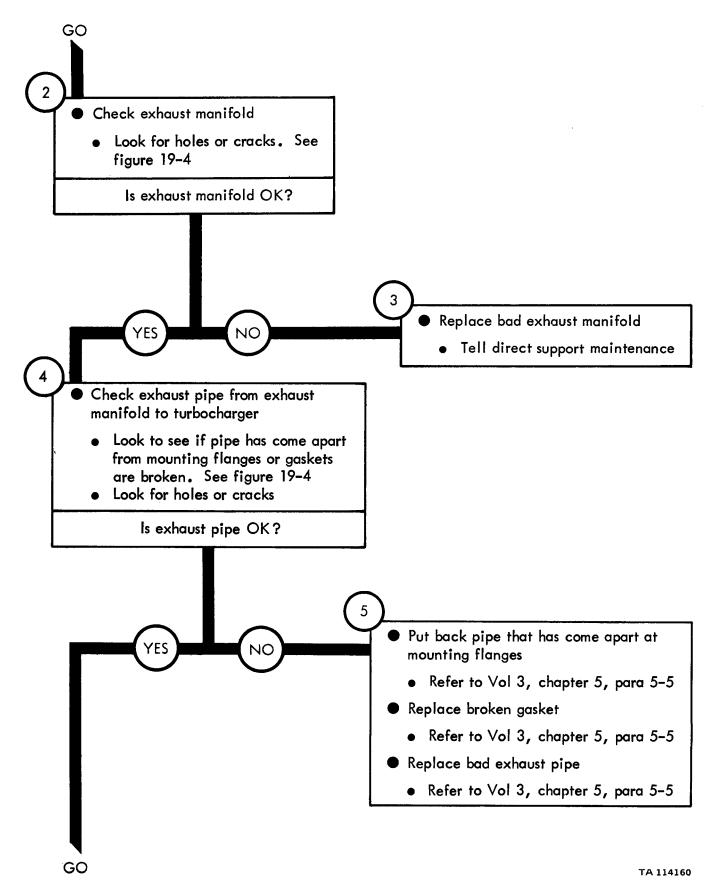
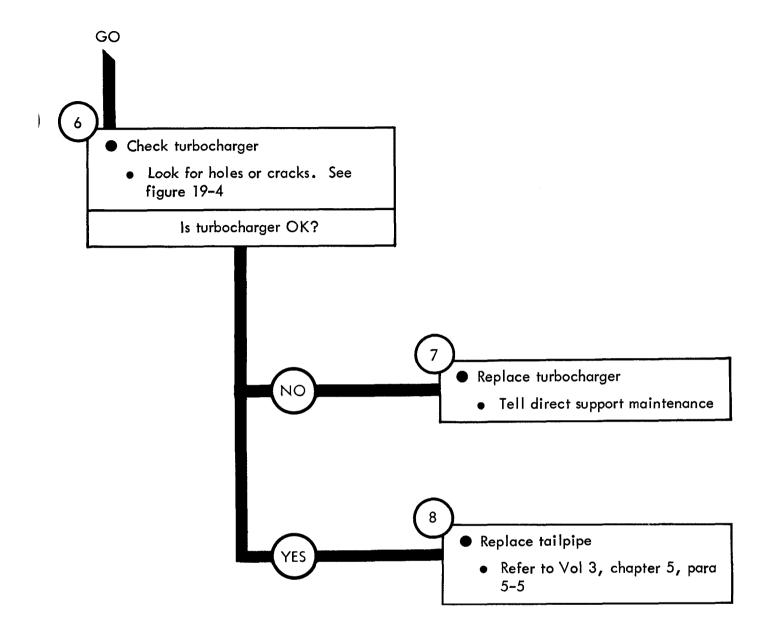
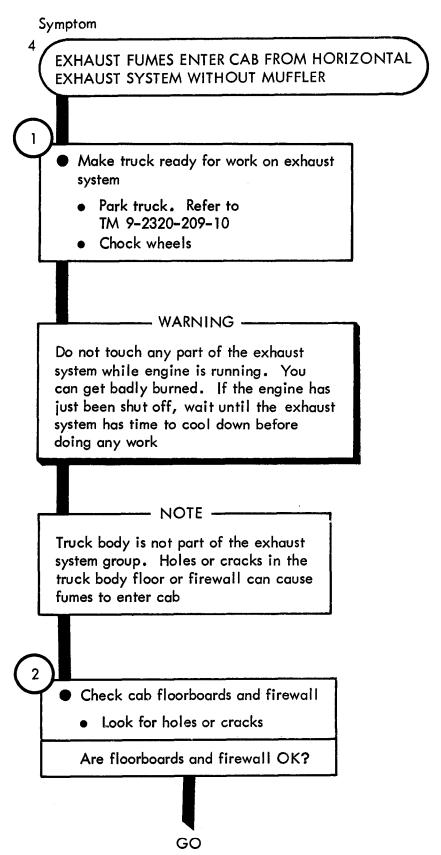
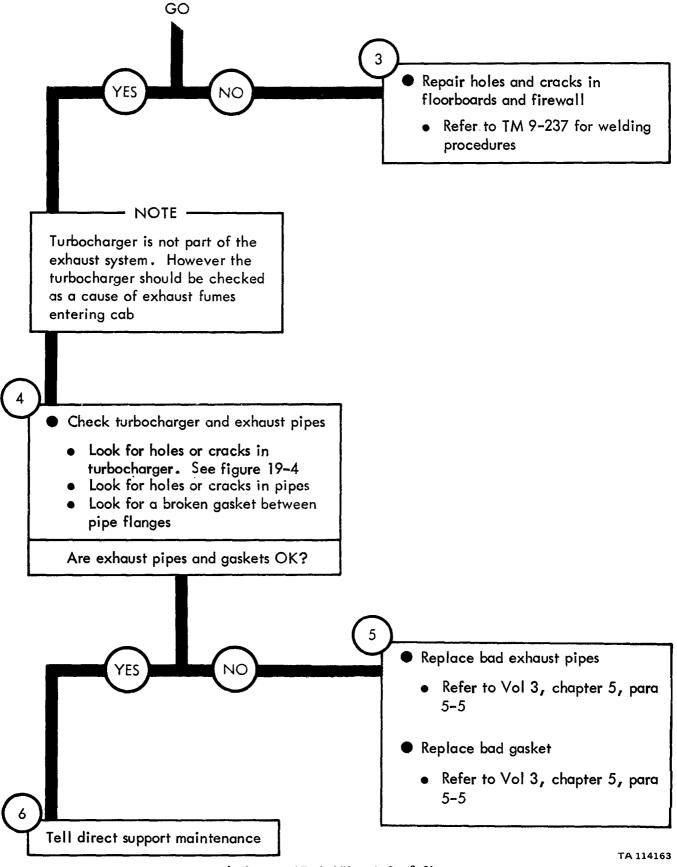


Figure 17-3 (Sheet 2 of 3)







'Figure 17-4 (Sheet 2 of 2)

5

EXHAUST SYSTEM MAKES NOISE FROM VERTICAL EXHAUST SYSTEM WITH MUFFLER

- Make truck ready for work on exhaust system
  - Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
  - Chock wheels

#### WARNING -

To not touch any part of the exhaust system while engine is running. You can get badly burned. If the engine has just been shut off, wait until the exhaust system has time to cool down before doing any work

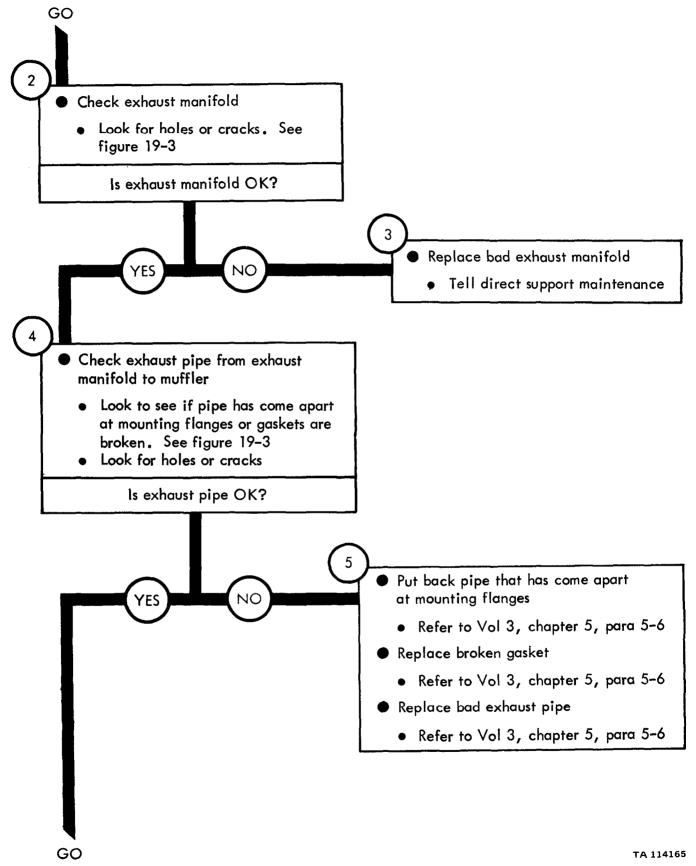
#### – NOTE –

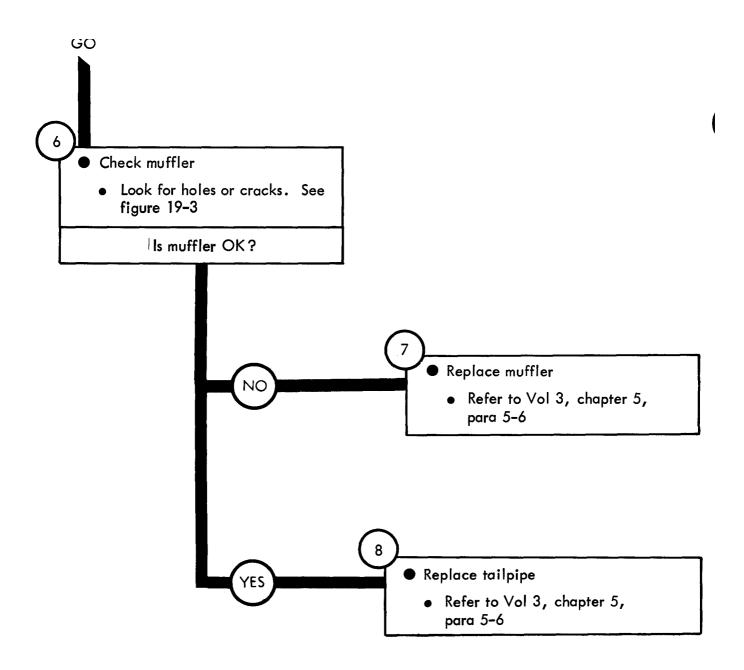
Exhaust manifold is not part of the exhaust system group. However the exhaust manifold should be checked as a cause of the exhaust system making noise

Figure 17-5 (Sheet 1 of 3)

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GO





EXHAUST FUMES ENTER CAB FROM VERTICAL EXHAUST SYSTEM WITH MUFFLER

 Make truck ready for work on exhaust system

- Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
- Chock wheels

#### - WARNING -

Do not touch any part of the exhaust system while engine is running. You can get badly burned. If the engine has just been shut off, wait until the exhaust system has time to cool down before doing any work

#### - NOTE -

Truck body is not part of the exhaust system group. Holes or cracks in the truck body floor or firewall can cause fumes to enter cab

GO

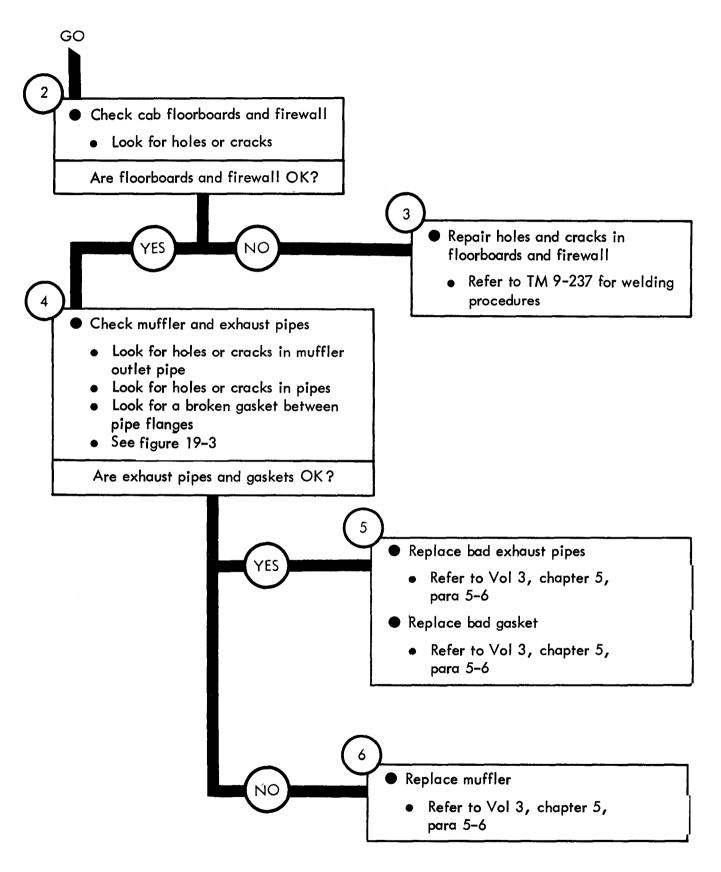


Figure 17-6 (Sheet 2 of 2)

EXHAUST SYSTEM MAKES NOISE FROM VERTICAL EXHAUST SYSTEM WITHOUT MUFFLER

1

 Make truck ready for work on exhaust system

- Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
- Chock wheels

#### - WARNING -

Do not touch any part of the exhaust system while engine is running. You can get badly burned. If the engine has just been shut off, wait until the exhaust system has time to cool down before doing any work

- NOTE -

Exhaust manifold and turbocharger are not part of the exhaust system group. However the exhaust manifold and turbocharger should be checked as a cause of the exhaust system making noise

GO

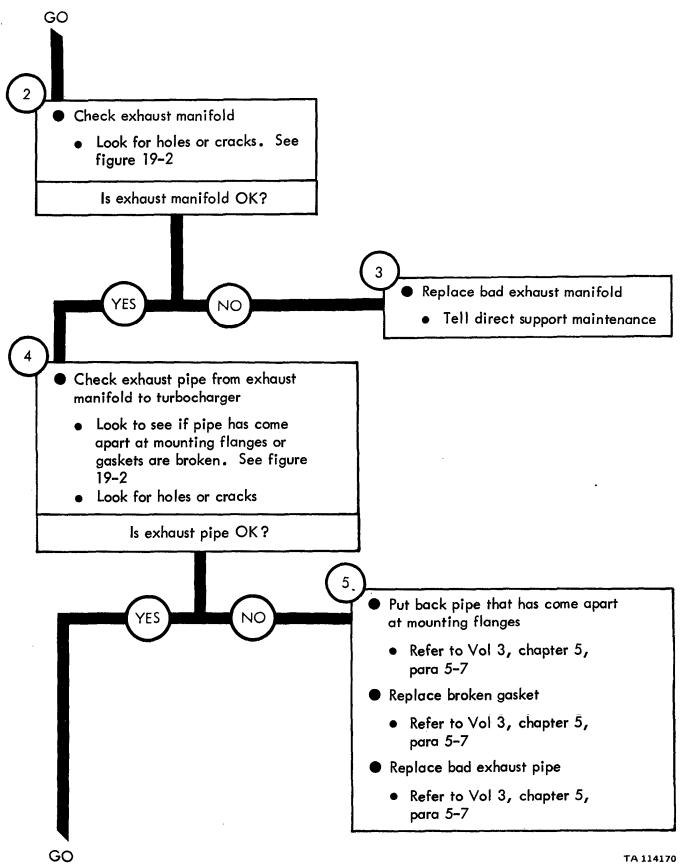
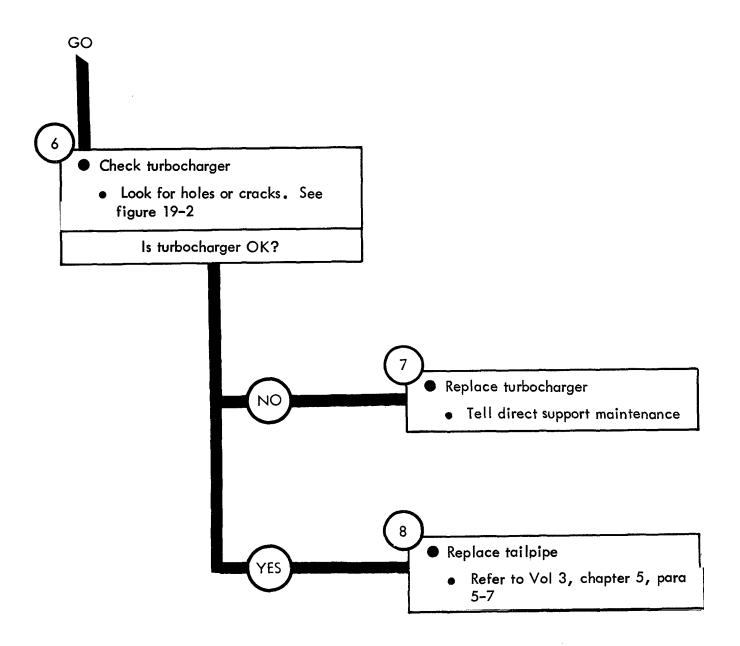


Figure 17-7 (Sheet 2 of 3)



EXHAUST FUMES ENTER CAB FROM VERTICAL EXHAUST SYSTEM WITHOUT MUFFLER

- Make truck ready for work on exhaust system
  - Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
  - Chock wheels

#### - WARNING -

Do not touch any part of the exhaust system while engine is running. You can get badly burned. If the engine has just been shut off, wait until the exhaust system has time to cool down before doing any work

#### — NOTE —

Truck body is not part of the exhaust system group. Holes or cracks in the truck body floor or firewall can cause fumes to enter cab

- Check cab floorboards and firewall
  - Look for holes or cracks

Are floorboards and firewall OK?

GO

Figure 17-8 (Sheet 1 of 2)

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2

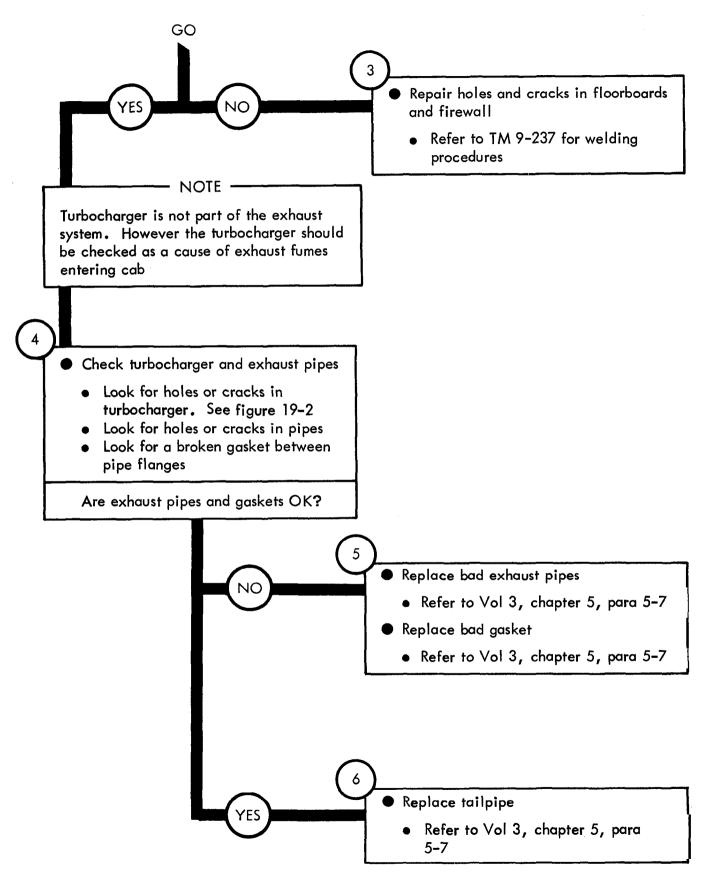
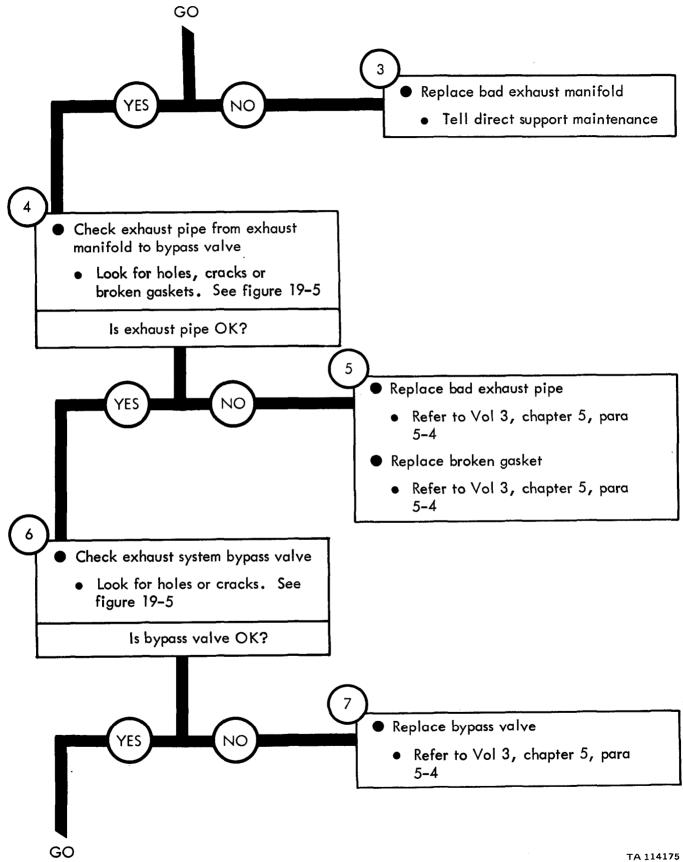


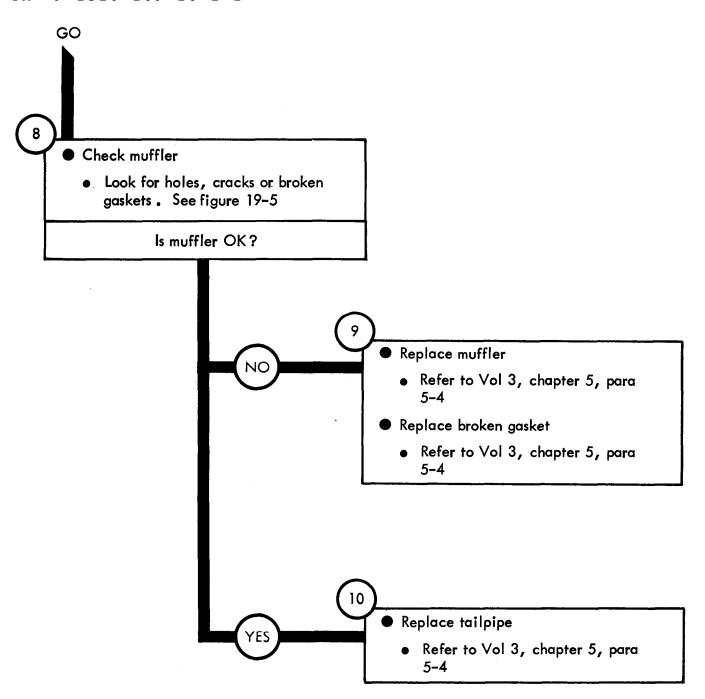
Figure 17-8 (Sheet 2 of 2)

# Symptom EXHAUST SYSTEM MAKES NOISE ON TRUCKS M50A1, M50A2, AND M50A3 Make truck ready for work on exhaust system Park truck. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 Chock wheels WARNING -Do not touch any part of the exhaust system while engine is running. You can get badly burned. If the engine has just been shut off, wait until the exhaust system has time to cool down before doing any work NOTE ----Exhaust manifold is not part of the exhaust system group. However the exhaust manifold should be checked as a cause of the exhaust system making noise 2 • Check exhaust manifold Look for holes or cracks. See figure 19-5 Is exhaust manifold OK?

Figure 17-9 (Sheet 1 of 3)

GO



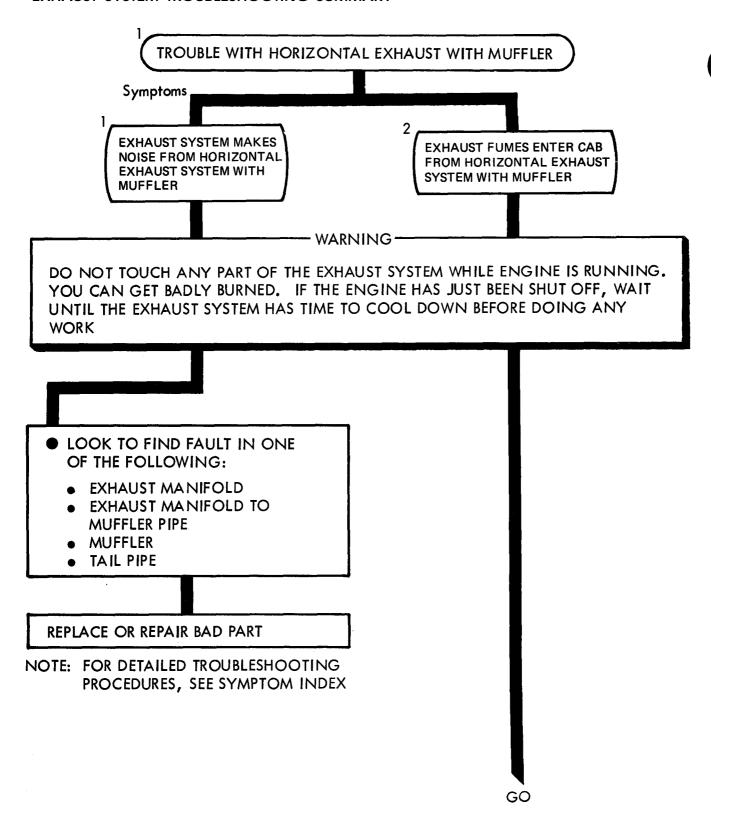


# CHAPTER 18

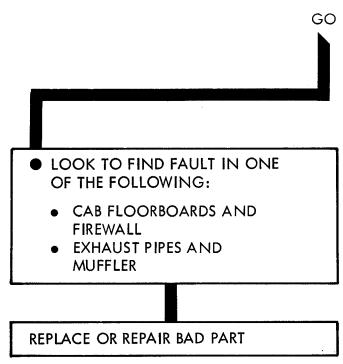
# EXHAUST SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING SUMMARY

- 18-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives a summary of troubleshooting procedures given in chapter 17 for the exhaust system.
- 18-2. PROCEDURES. The summary in this chapter covers all fault symptoms found in the detailed troubleshooting procedures. Chapter 7 outlines a sample troubleshooting procedure. The summarv procedures are based on the "what-to-do" portions of the detailed procedures and do not include the "how-to-do-it" instructions. Warnings, cautions, and notes are given where needed.

#### **EXHAUST SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING SUMMARY**



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NOTE: FOR DETAILED TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES, SEE SYMPTOM INDEX

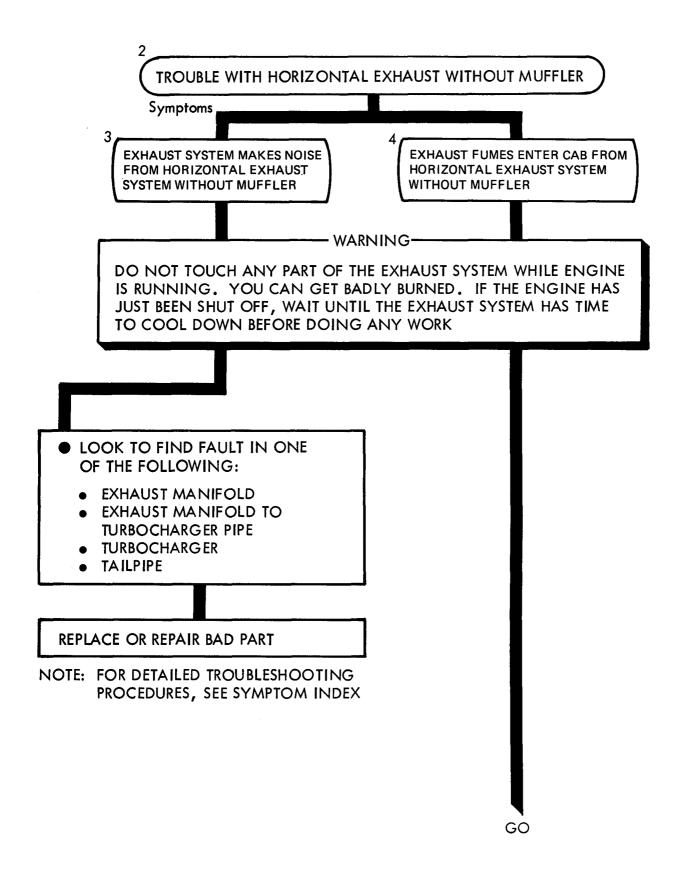
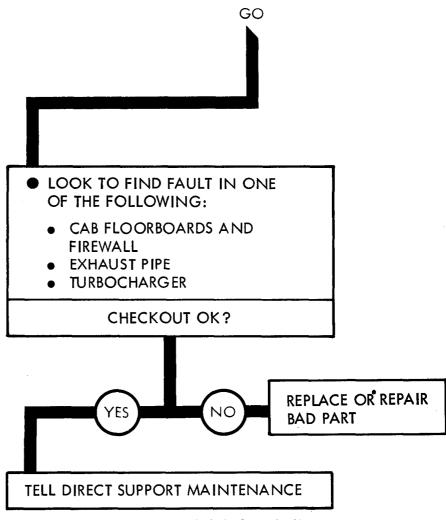


Figure 18-2 (Sheet 1 of 2)



NOTE: FOR DETAILED TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES, SEE SYMPTOM INDEX

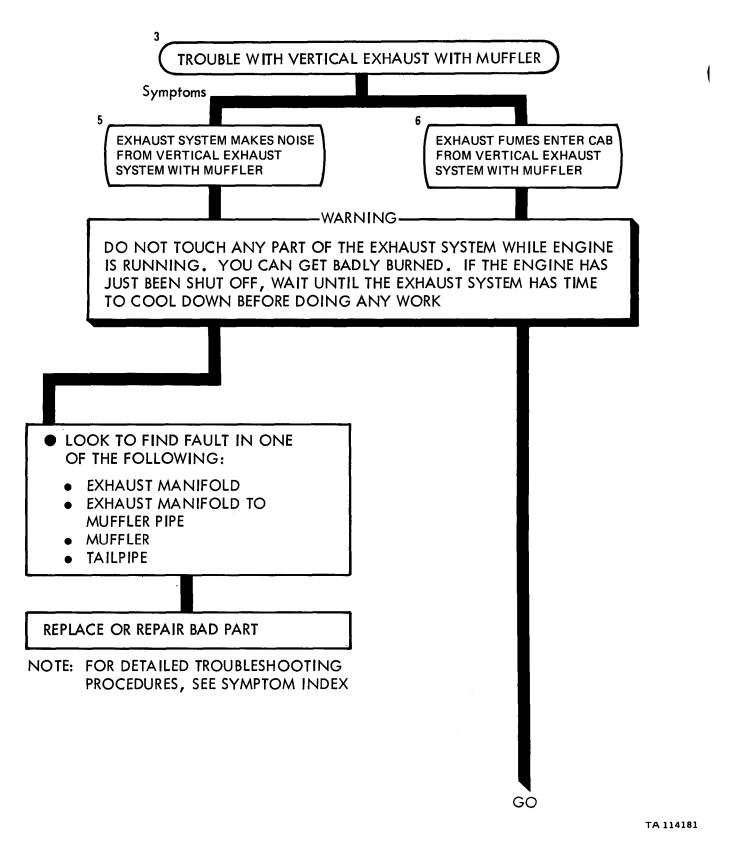
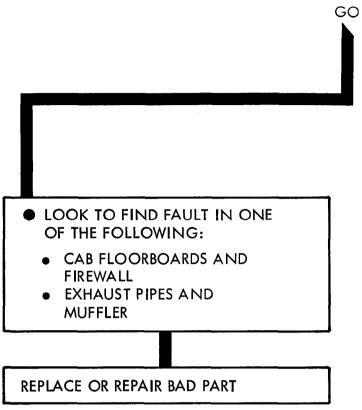


Figure 18-3 (Sheet 1 of 2)



NOTE: FOR DETAILED TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES, SEE SYMPTOM INDEX

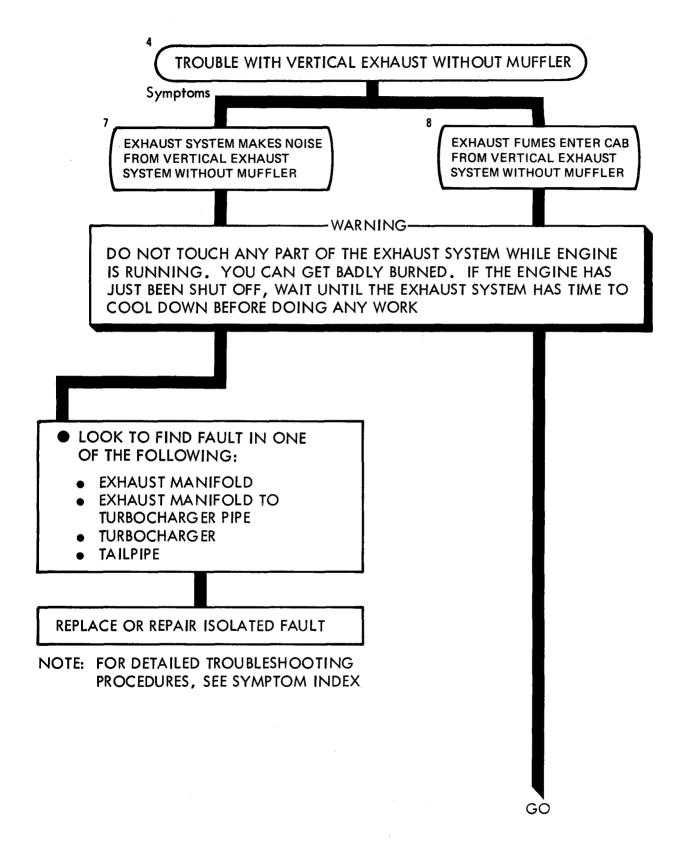
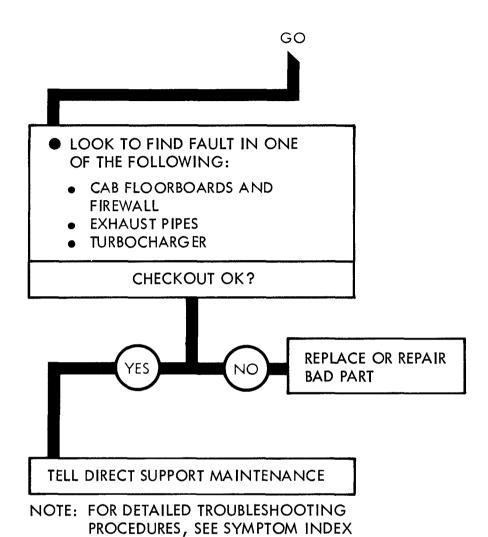
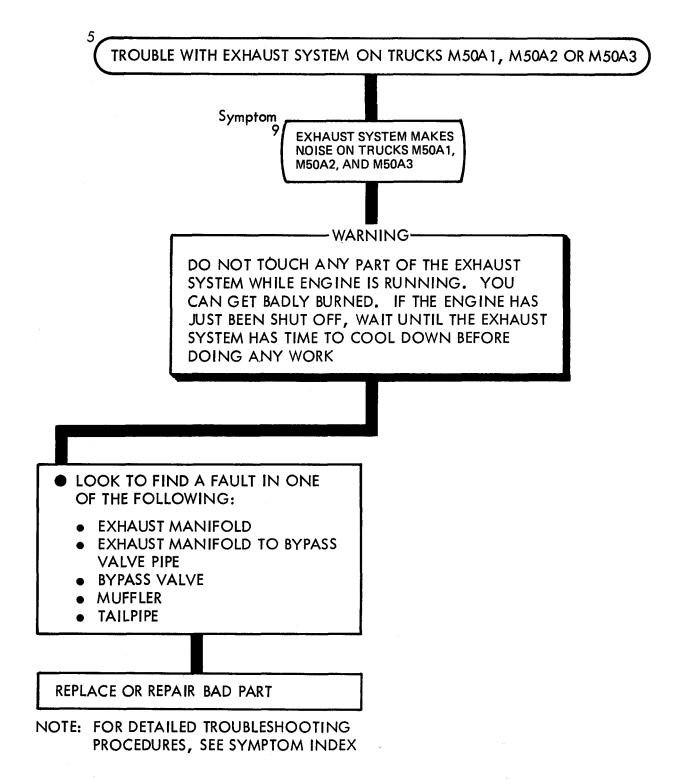


Figure 18-4 (Sheet 1 of 2)





# **CHAPTER 19**

# EXHAUST SYSTEM SUPPORT DIAGRAMS

19-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives the diagrams you need when doing trouble-shooting procedures in chapter 17. Table 3-1 is a complete listing of all support diagrams used in this manual.

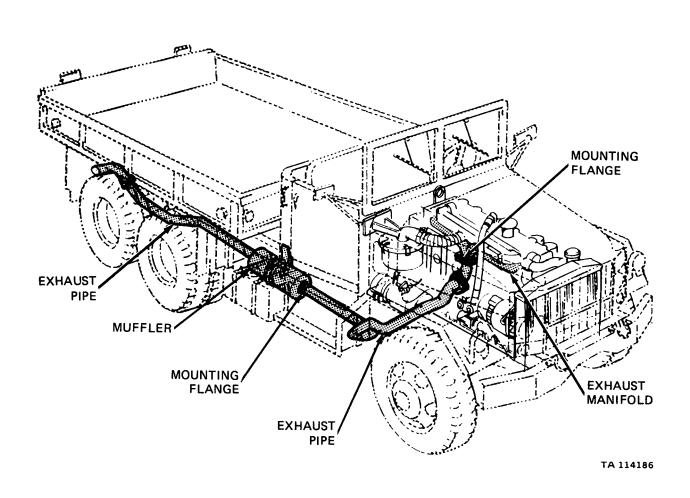


Figure 19-1. Exhaust System Support Diagram

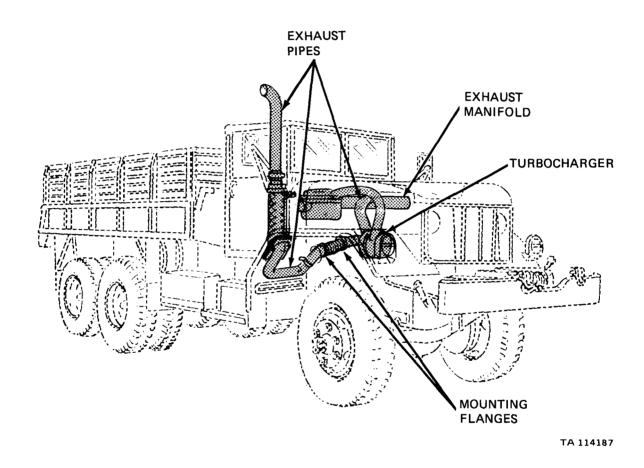


Figure 19-2. Exhaust System Support Diagram

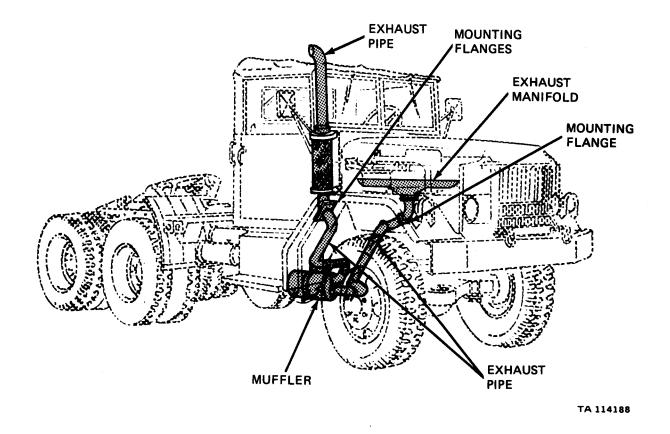


Figure 19-3. Exhaust System Support Diagram

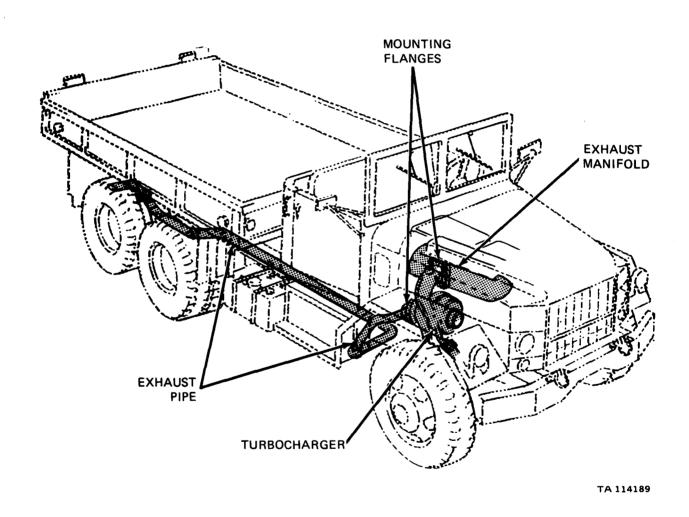


Figure 19-4. Exhaust System Support Diagram

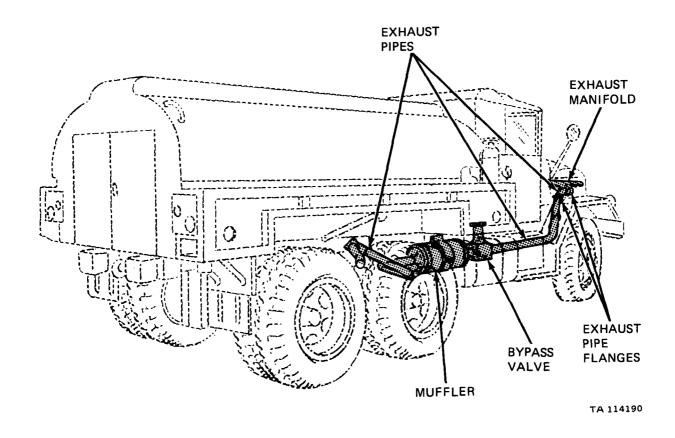


Figure 19-5. Exhaust System Support Diagram

# COOLING SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

- 20-1. EQUIPMENT ITEMS COVERED. This chapter gives equipment troubleshooting procedures for the cooling system, for which there are authorized corrective maintenance tasks at the organizational maintenance level.
- 20-2. EQUIPMENT ITEMS NOT COVERED. All equipment items for which corrective maintenance is authorized at the organizational maintenance level are covered in this chapter.

### COOLING SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

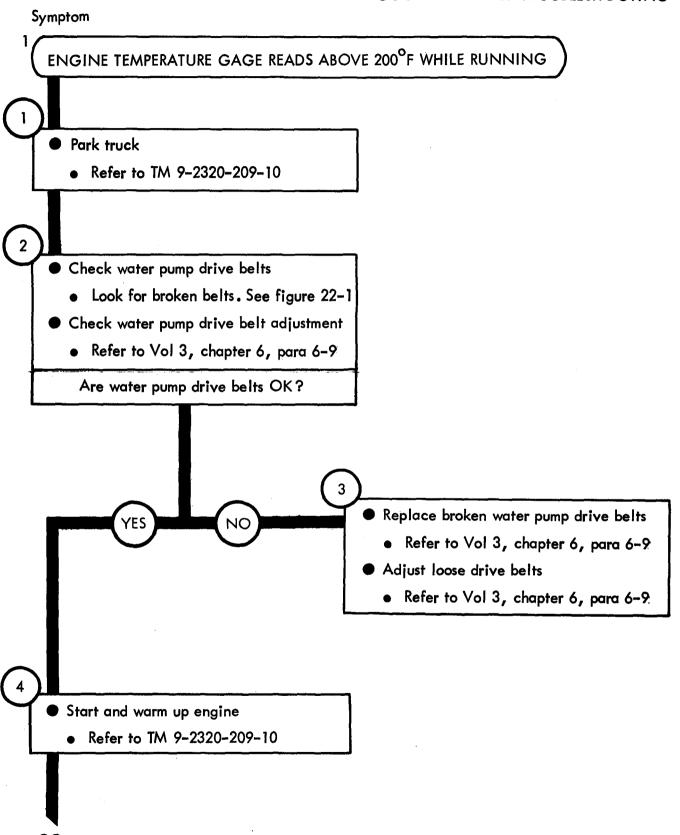


Figure 20-1 (Sheet 1 of 7)

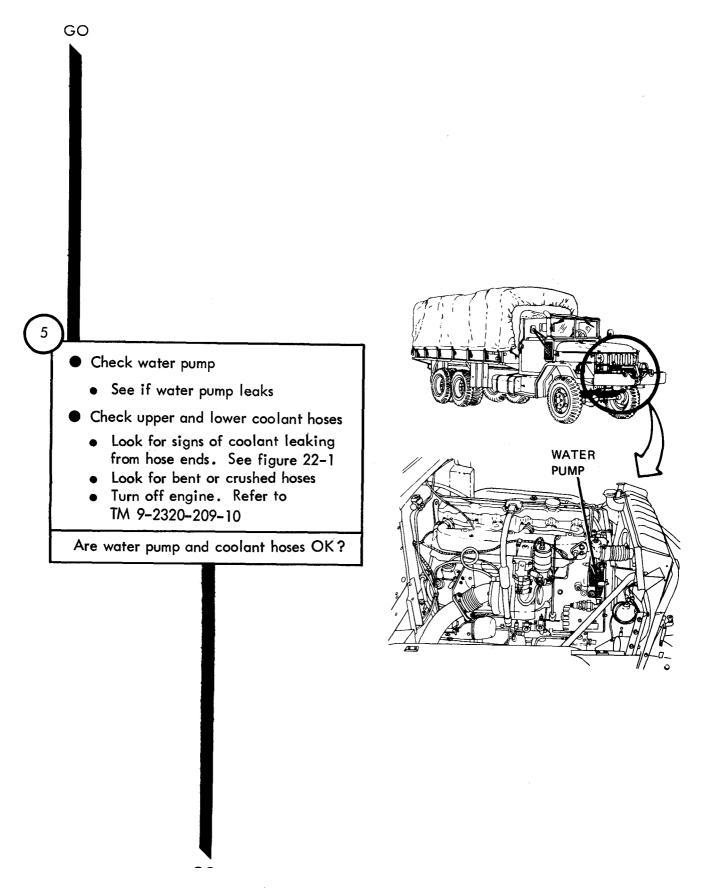


Figure 20-1 (Sheet 2 of 7)

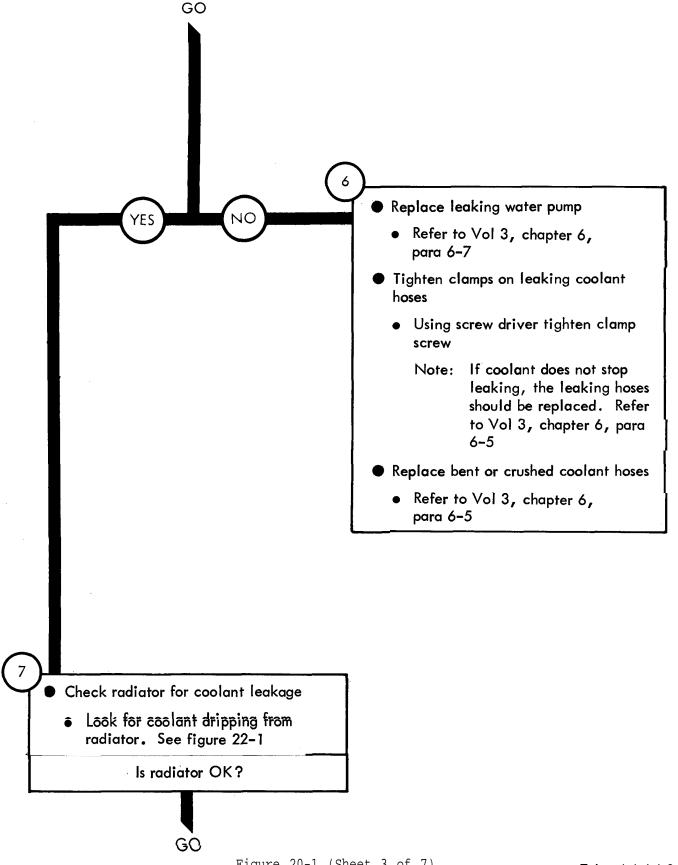
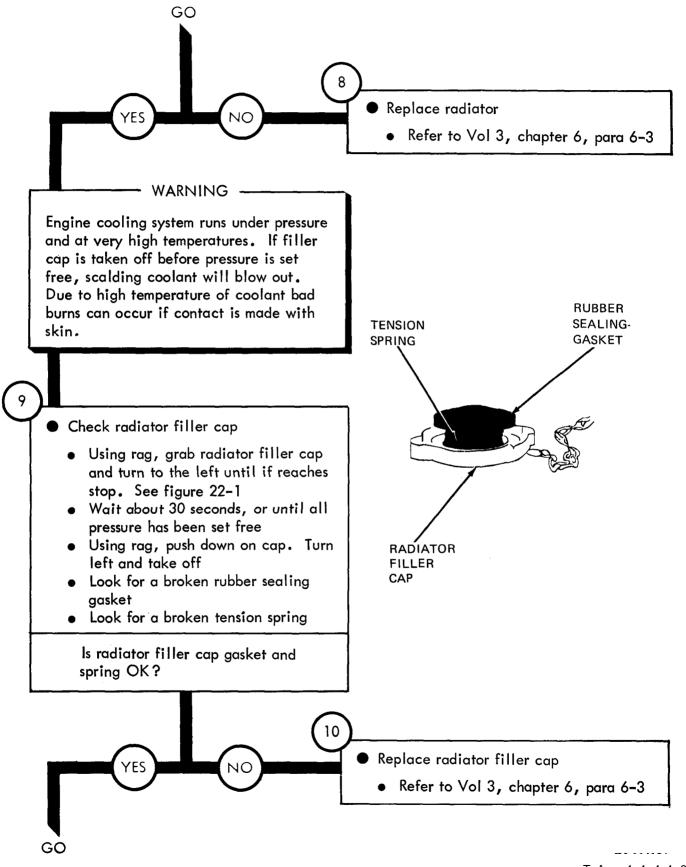


Figure 20-1 (Sheet 3 of 7)



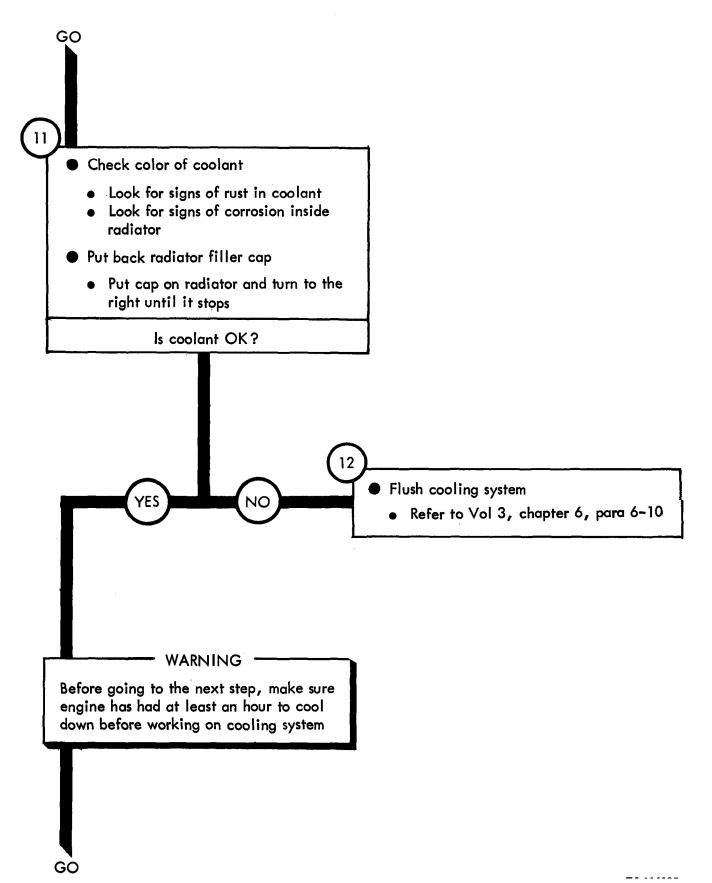


Figure 20-1 (Sheet 5 of 7)

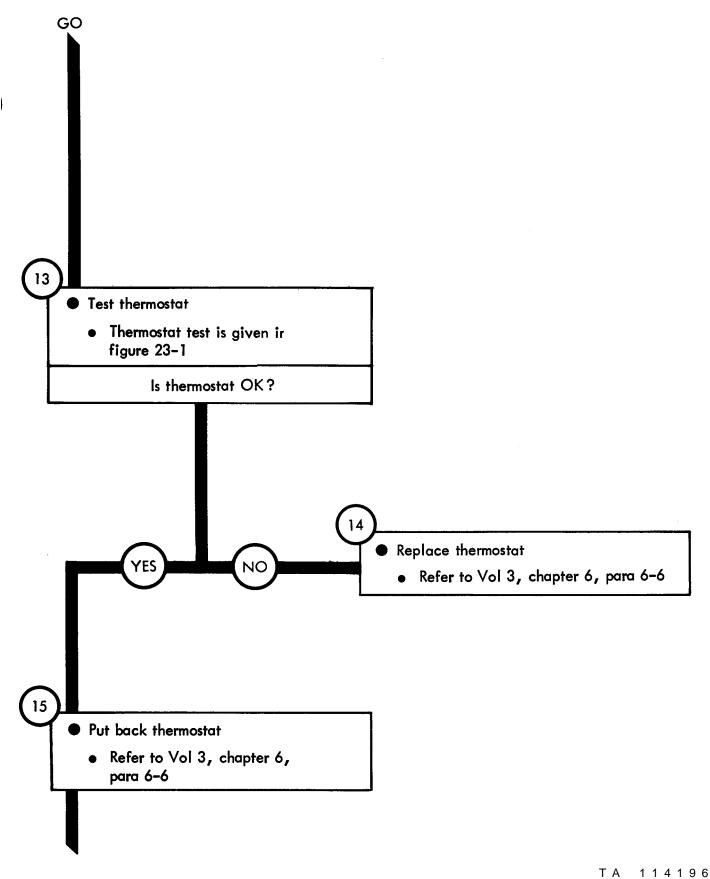


Figure 20-1 (Sheet 6 of 7)

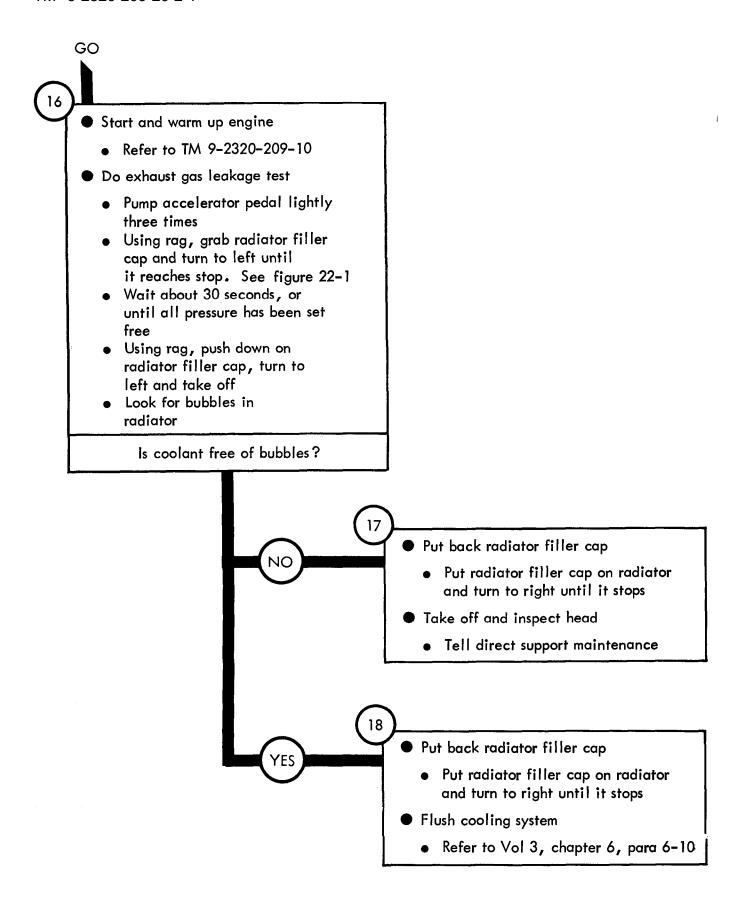
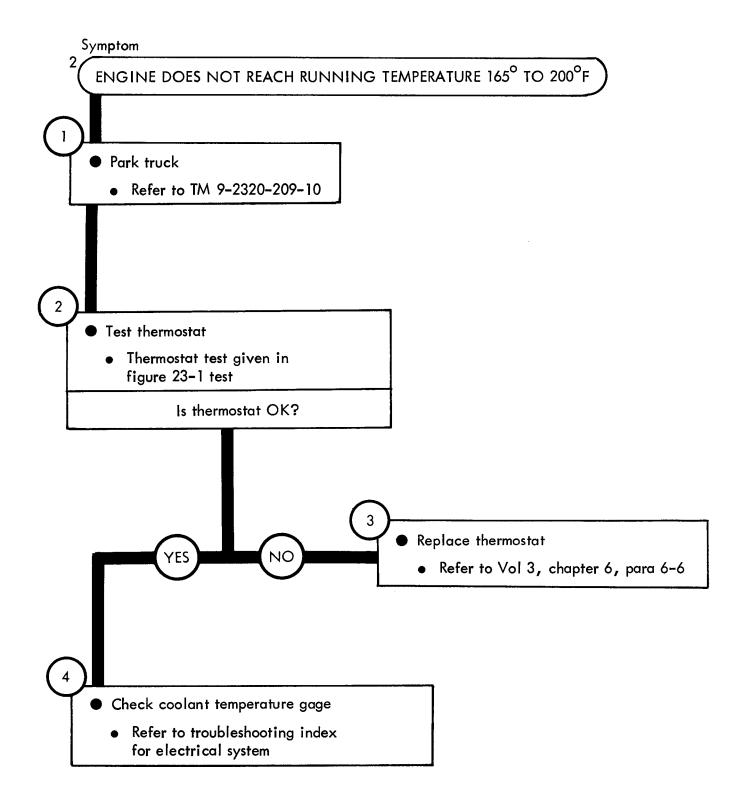
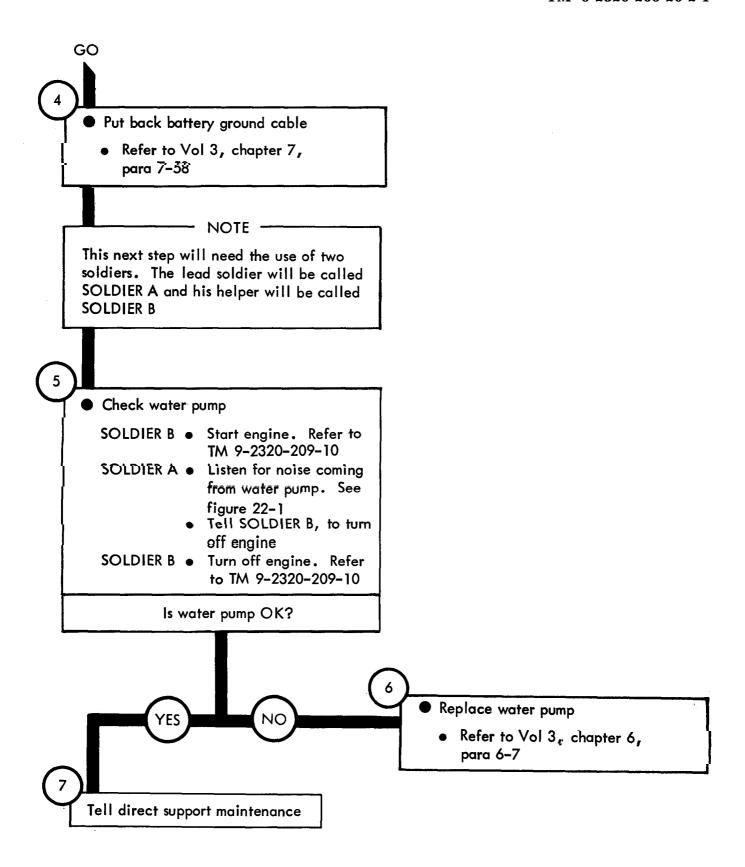


Figure 20-1 (Sheet 7 of 7)



# Symptom NOISE COMING FROM ENGINE OTHER THAN THAT OF NORMAL RUNNING Park truck Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 WARNING Take off battery ground cable before working near or touching fan. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-58. This will make sure that the engine will not be started by accident. Also use a rag when touching fan blades because edges on **FAN** blades may cause cuts **RADIATOR ASSEMBLY** FILLER CAP UPPER COOLANT HOSE Check engine cooling fan assembly WATER Look for bent fan blades **PUMP** Using a thick cloth grab fan and shake to feel if it is loose Is engine cooling fan OK? LOWER WATER PUMP COOLANT **DRIVE BELTS** HOSE Replace bent fan blade Refer to Vol 3, chapter 6; para 6-8 Tighten engine cooling fan bolts Refer to Vol 3, chapter 6, para 6-8 Note: Repeat procedure number 1. If fan is still loose replace the water pump. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 6, para 6-7 GO

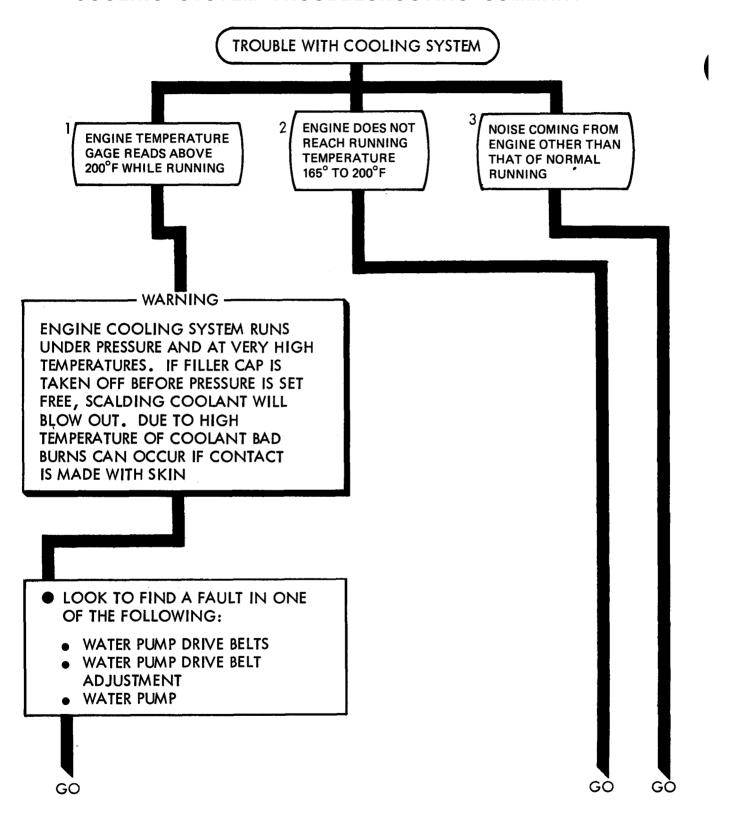
Figure 20-3 (Sheet 1 of 2)

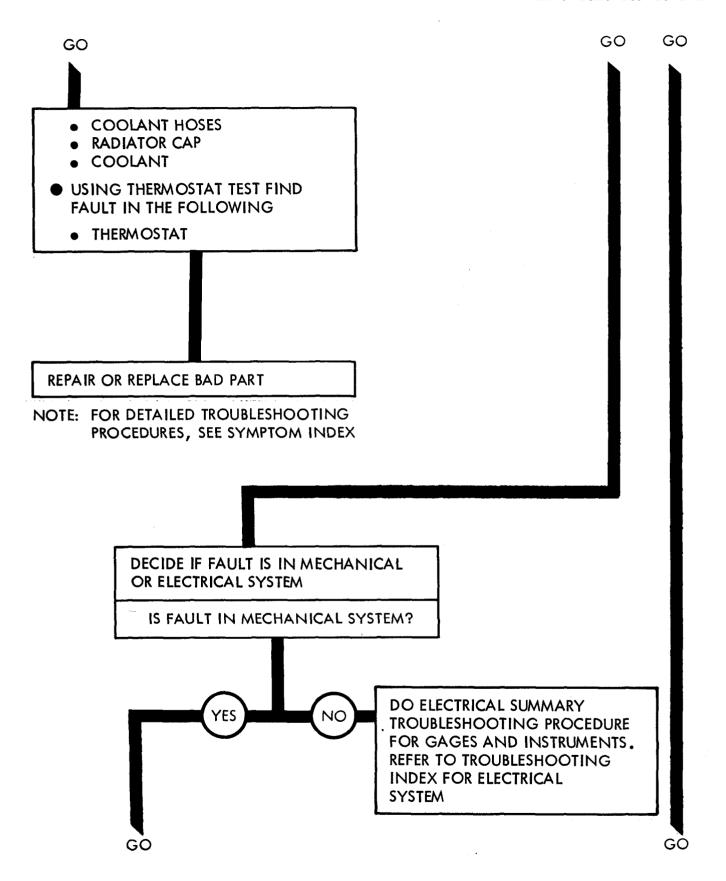


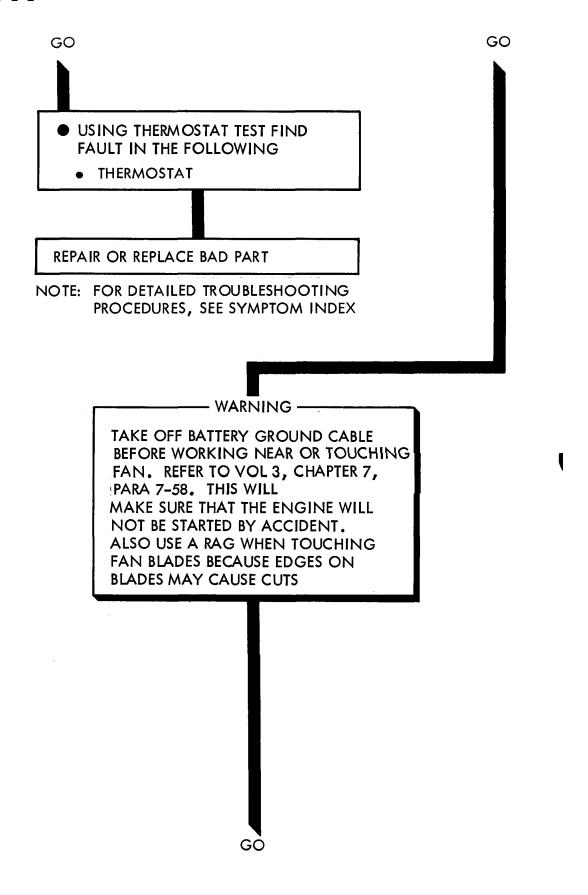
# COOLING SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING SUMMARY

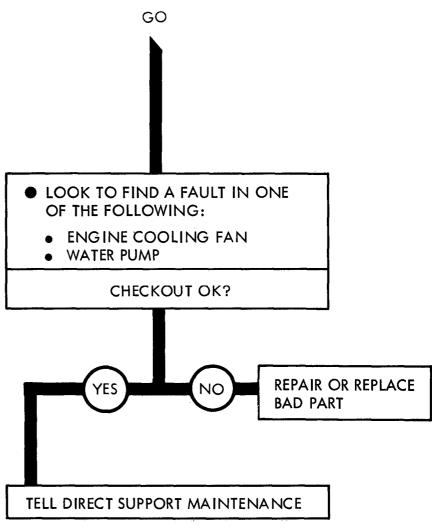
- 21-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives a summary of troubleshooting procedures given in chapter 20 for the cooling system.
- 21-2. PROCEDURES. The summary in this chapter covers all fault symptoms found in the detailed troubleshooting procedures. Chapter 7 outlines a sample troubleshooting procedure. The summary procedures are based on the "what-to-do" portions of the detailed procedures and do not include the "how-to-do-it" instructions. Warnings, cautions, and notes are given where needed.

#### COOLING SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING SUMMARY









NOTE: FOR DETAILED TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES, SEE SYMPTOM INDEX

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# CHAPTER 22 COOLING SYSTEM SUPPORT DIAGRAMS

22-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives the diagrams you need when doing trouble-shooting procedures in chapter 20. Table 3-1 is a complete listing of all support diagrams used in this manual.

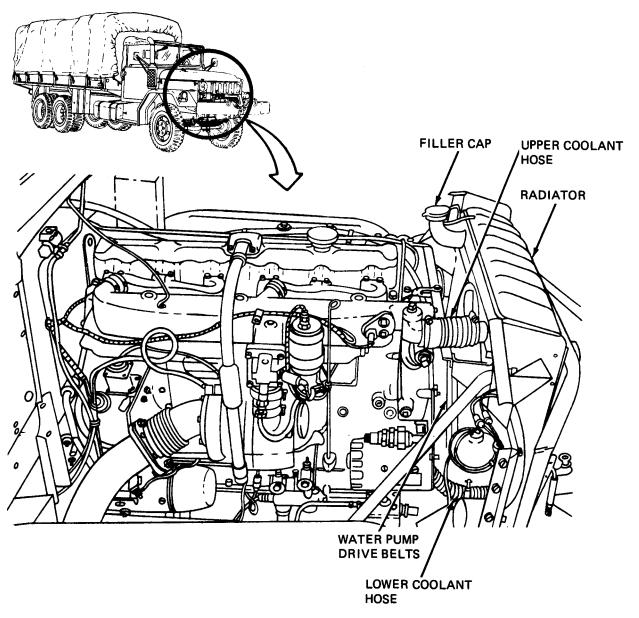


Figure 22-1. Cooling System Support Diagram

# **COOLING SYSTEM TEST PROCEDURES**

- 23-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives test procedures for the tests given in chapter 20 for the cooling system.
- 23-2. TEST SET-UP. Instructions for setup of test equipment and parts to be tested are given before the test procedures. Illustrations are used, when needed, to show you how to hook up the test equipment to the part to be tested.
- 23-3. TEST PROCEDURE. Detailed step-by-step instructions, in flow chart form, are given for each test. The procedure calls out the type of test and the condition of the truck system for each part of testing. The step-by-step test will lead you to the bad component or to a fault symptom within a related system. Reference is made to the fault symptom index, chapter 6, if the test shows a fault in another system.

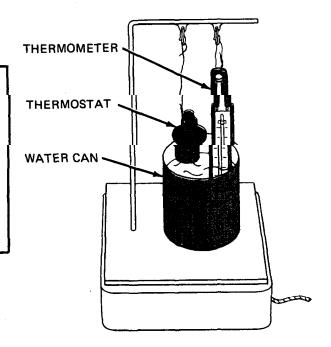
## COOLING SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING TEST

# THERMOSTAT TEST

### Test thermostat

- Remove thermostat. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 6, para 6-6
- Place thermostat in can of water
- Place thermometer in water
  Heat water to 180°F and see if thermostat starts to open

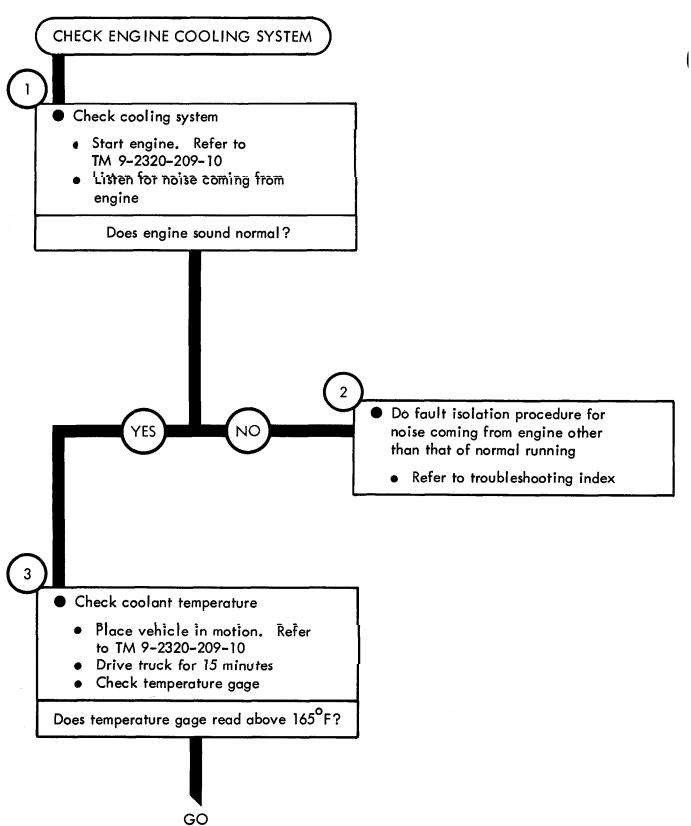
  Heat water to 200°F and see if
- thermostat is fully open

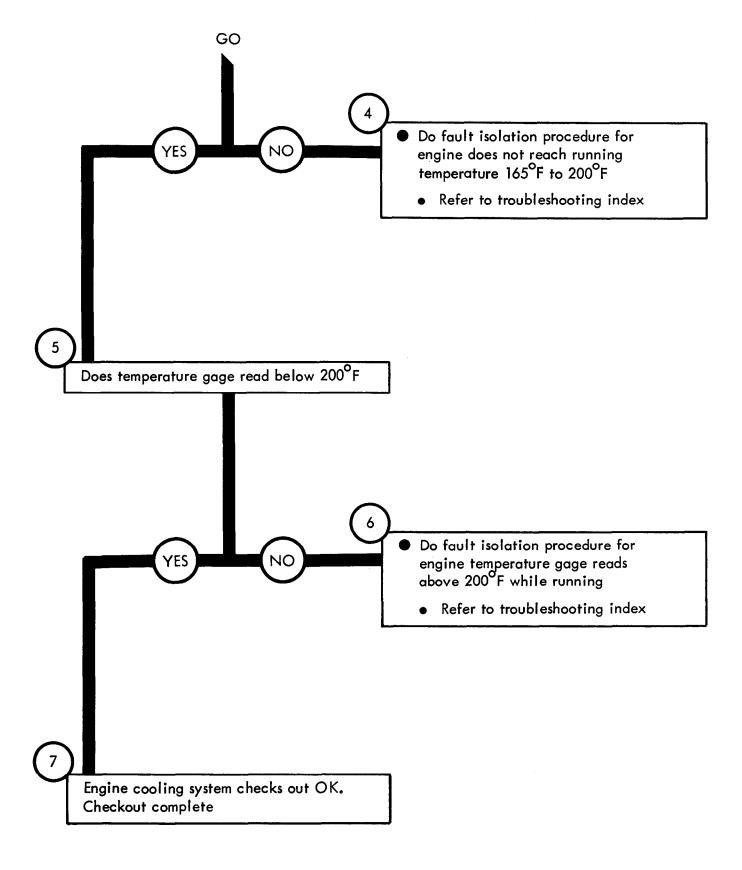


# CHAPTER 24 COOLING SYSTEM CHECKOUT PROCEDURES

24-1. GENERAL. This chapter gives procedures for checking out the system after troubleshooting and repair have been done. Procedures are set up in flow chart form showing the checkout steps in order and referring to the fault symptom index when the system does not check out.

#### COOLING SYSTEM CHECKOUT





## **ELECTRICAL SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING**

- 25-1. EQUIPMENT ITEMS COVERED. This chapter gives equipment troubleshooting procedures for the electrical system, for which there are authorized corrective maintenance tasks at the organizational maintenance level.
- 25-2. EQUIPMENT ITEMS NOT COVERED. All equipment items for which corrective maintenance is authorized at the organizational maintenance level are covered in this chapter.

#### ELECTRICAL SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

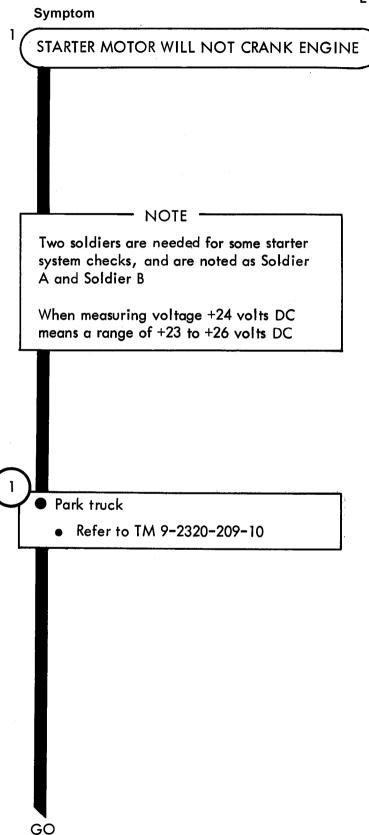


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 1 of 25)

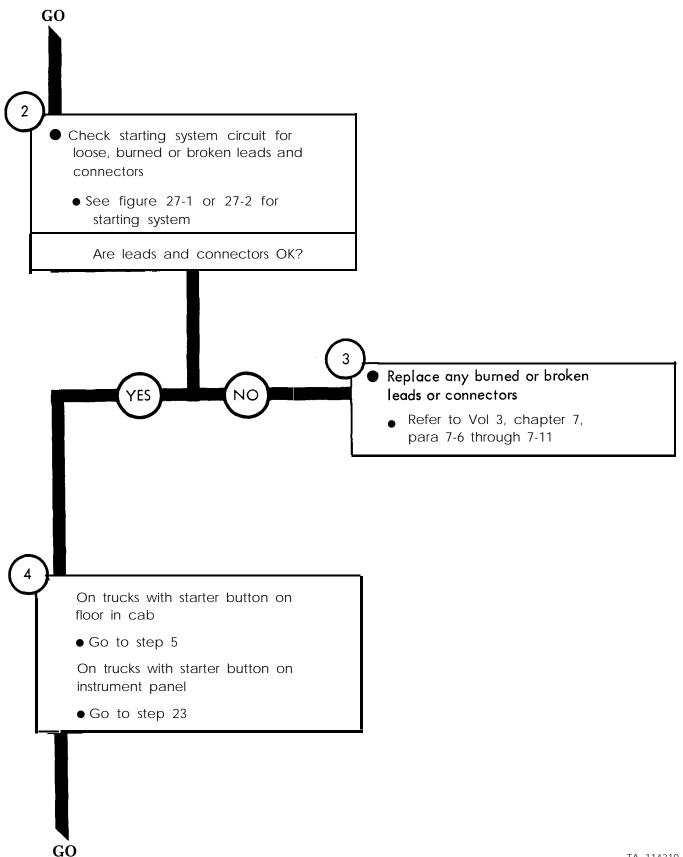
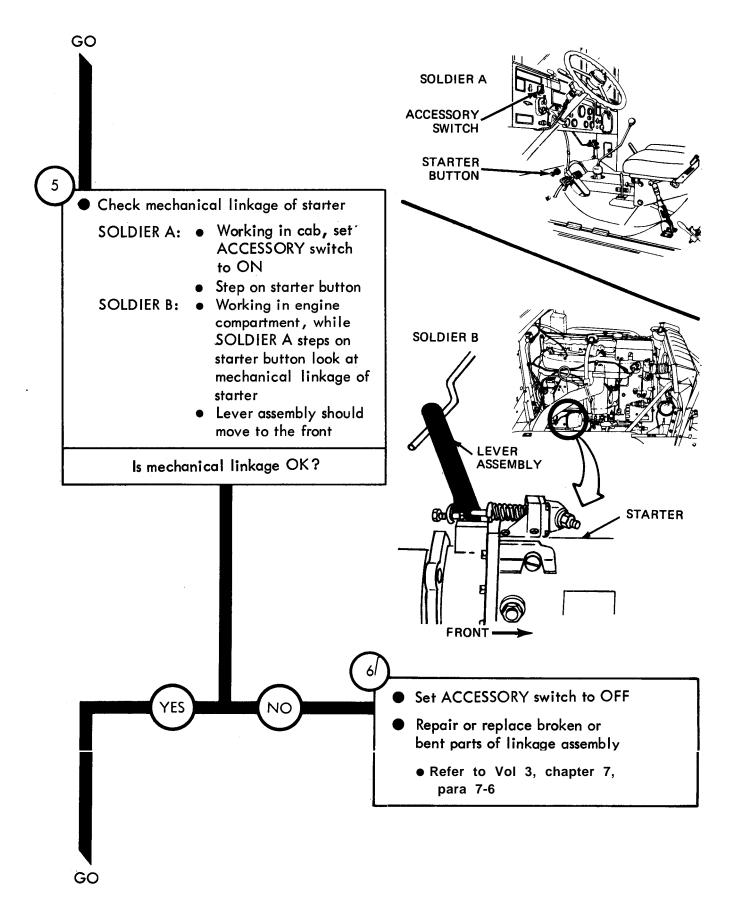
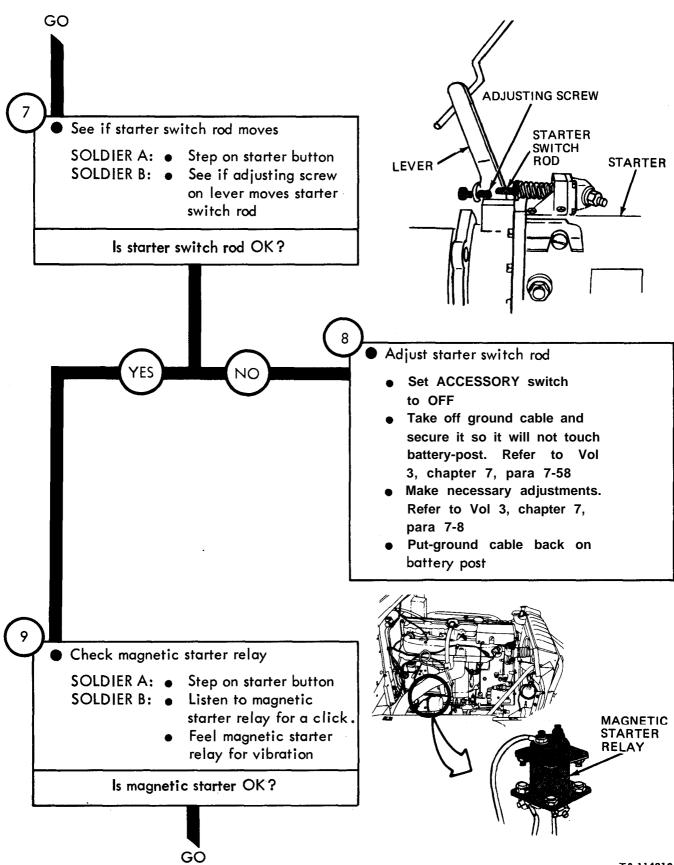


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 2 of 25)





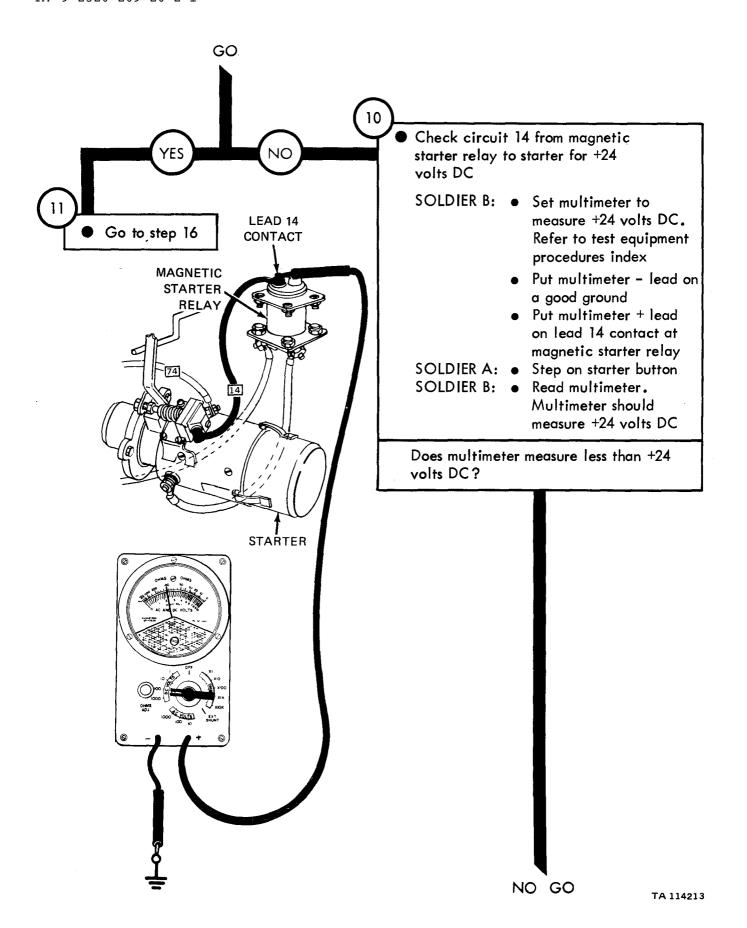
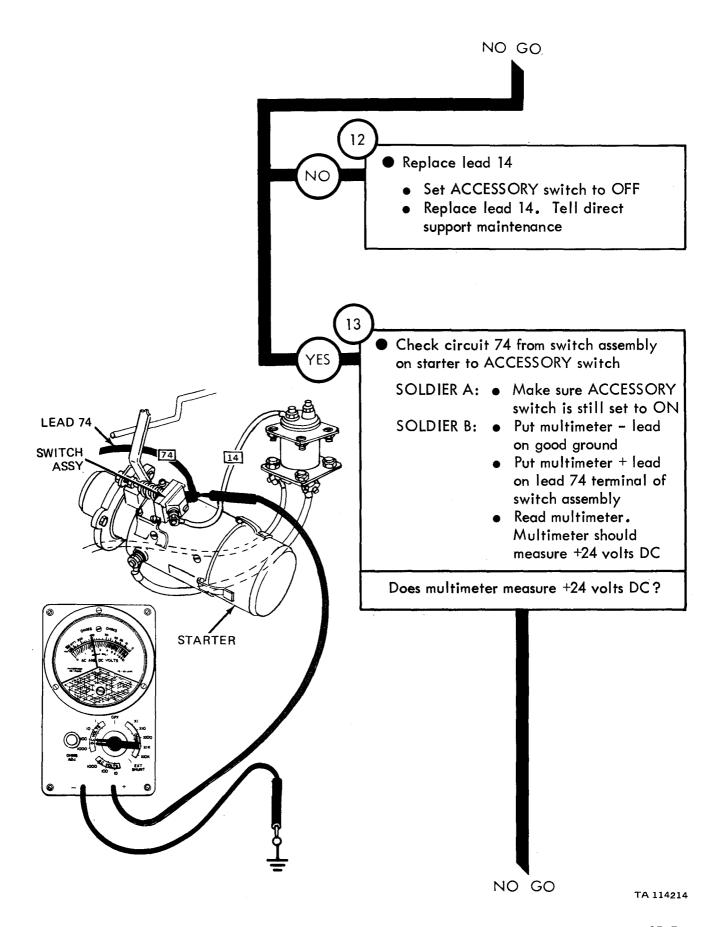
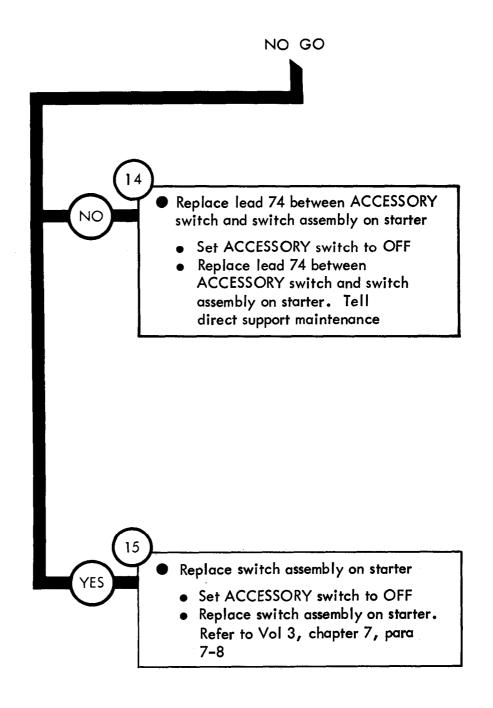


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 5 of 25)



25-7



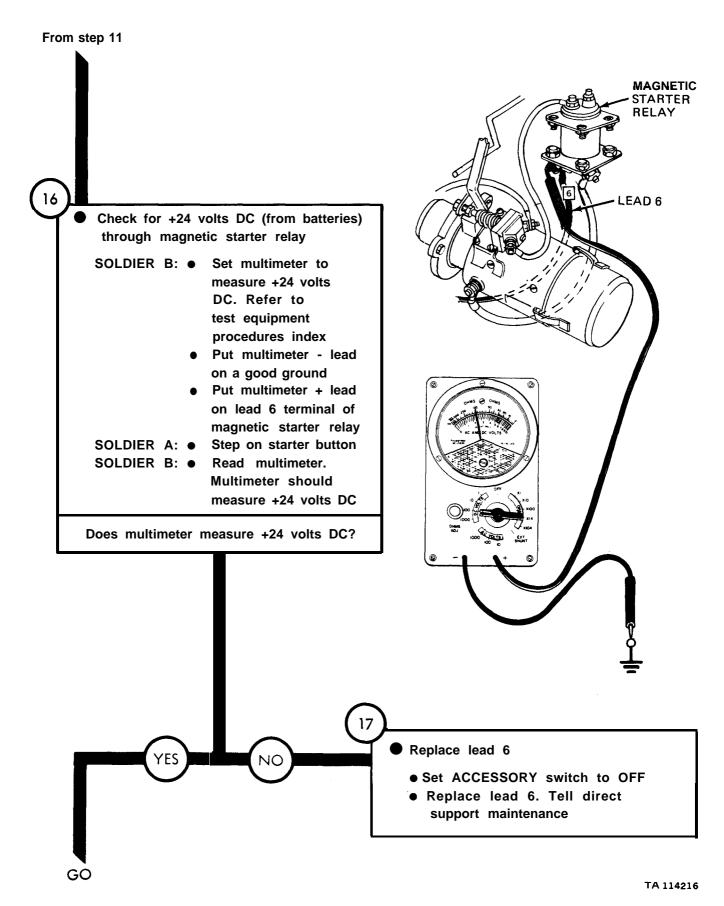


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 8 of 25)

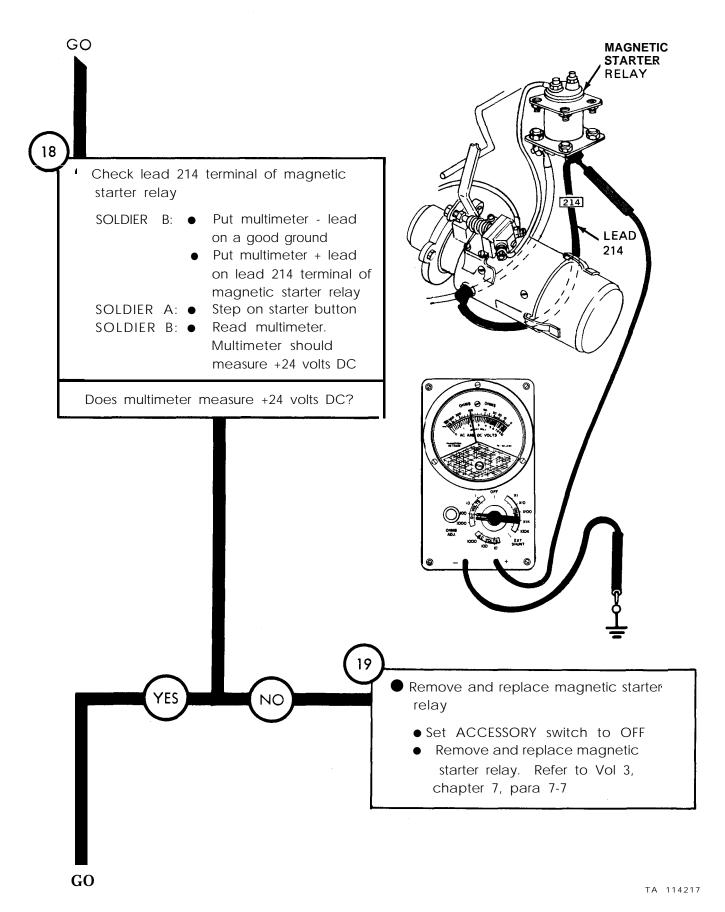
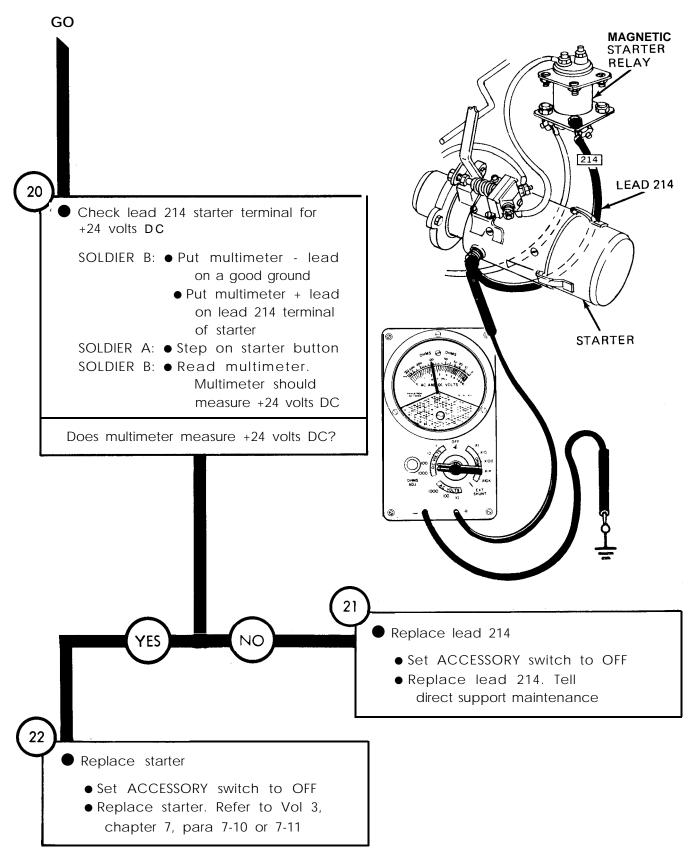


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 9 of 25)



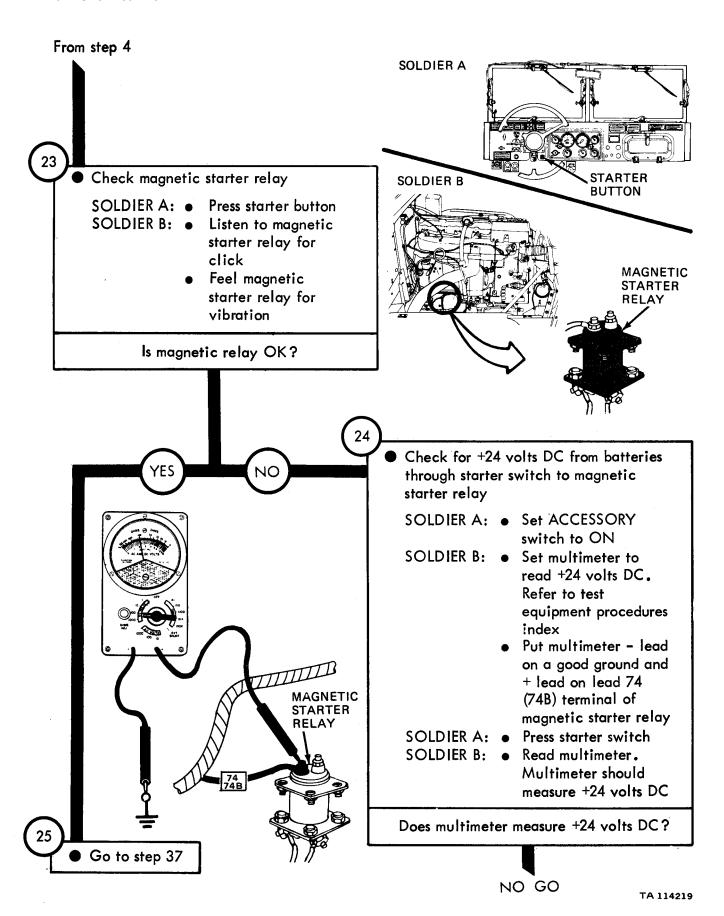


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 11 of 25)

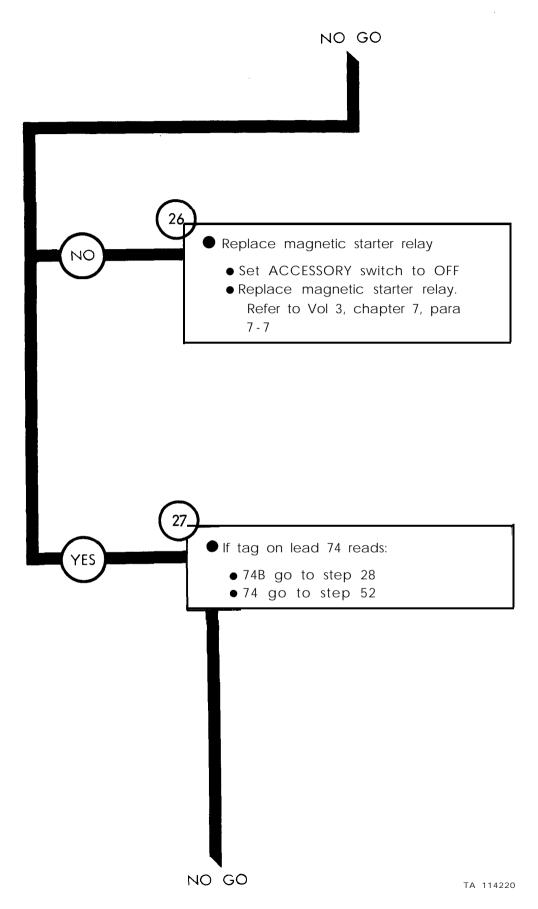


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 12 of 25)

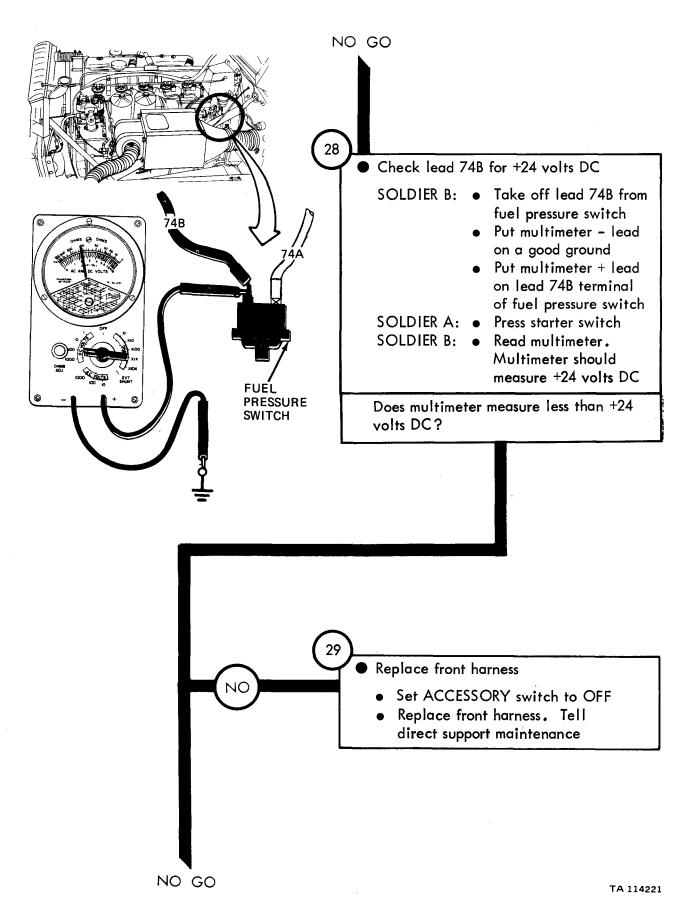


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 13 of 25)

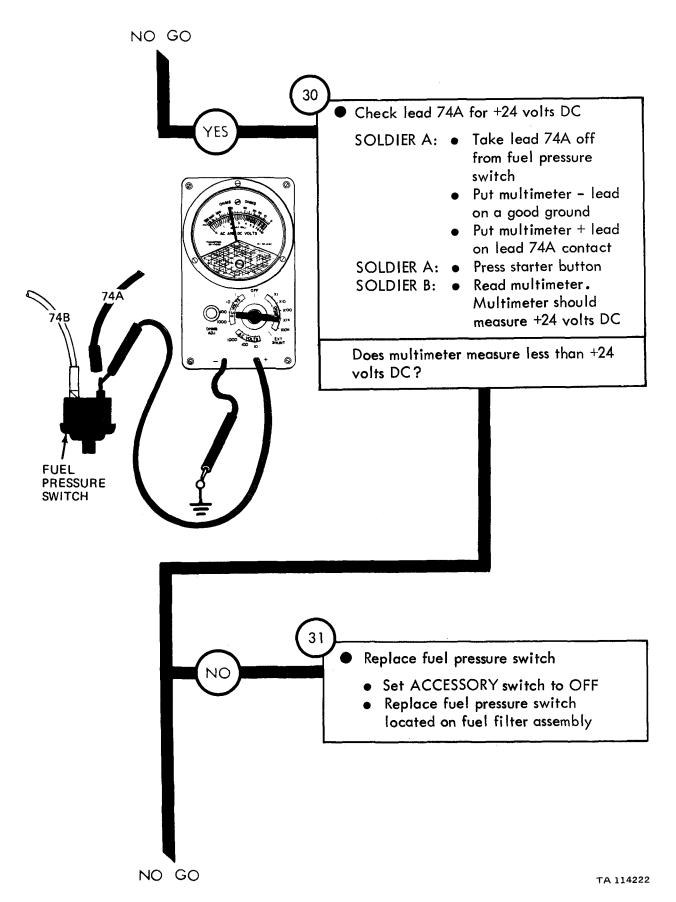


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 14 of 25)

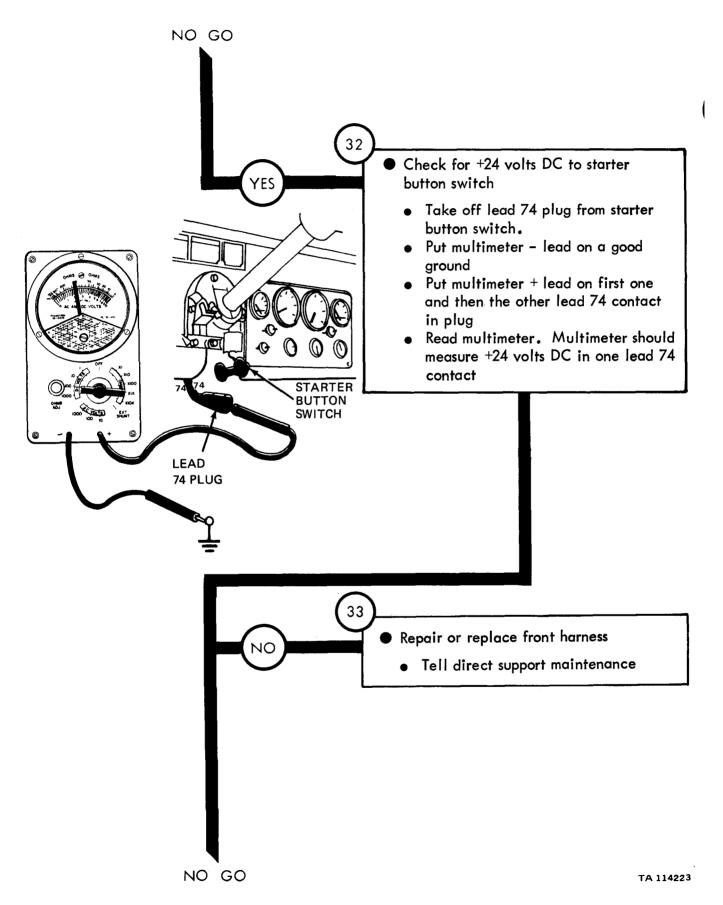
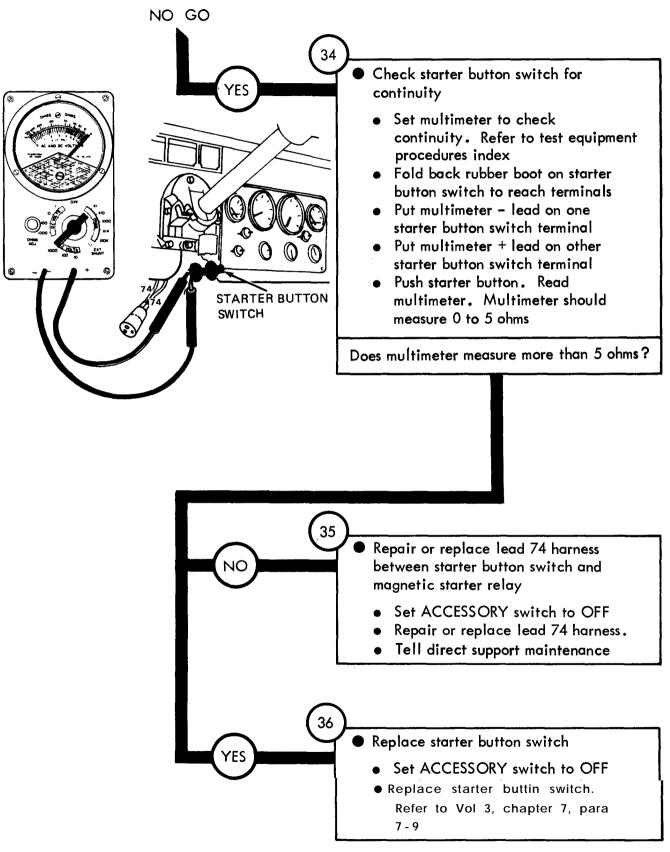


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 15 of 25)



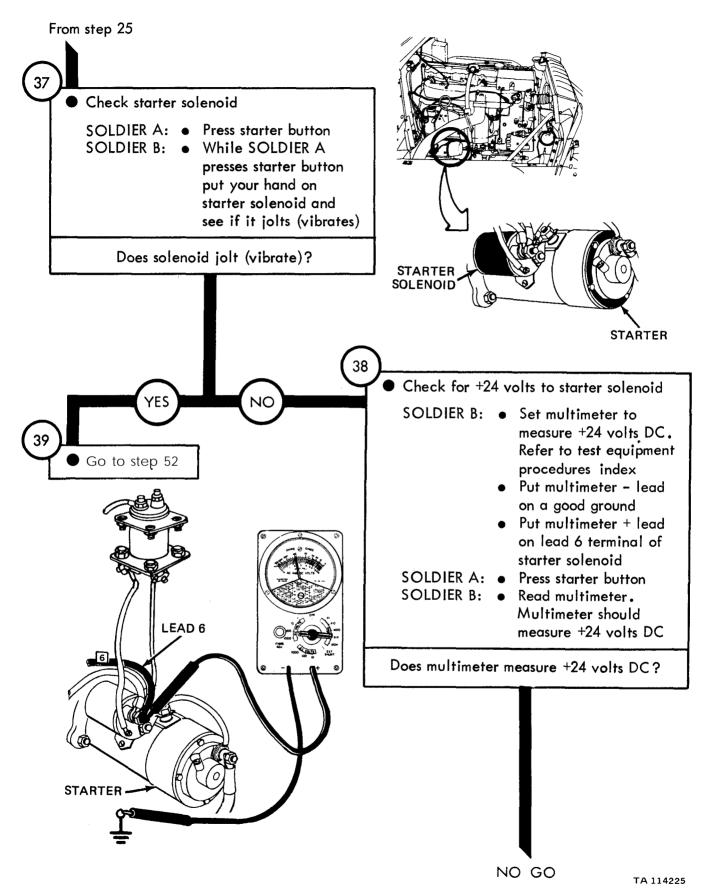


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 17 of 25)

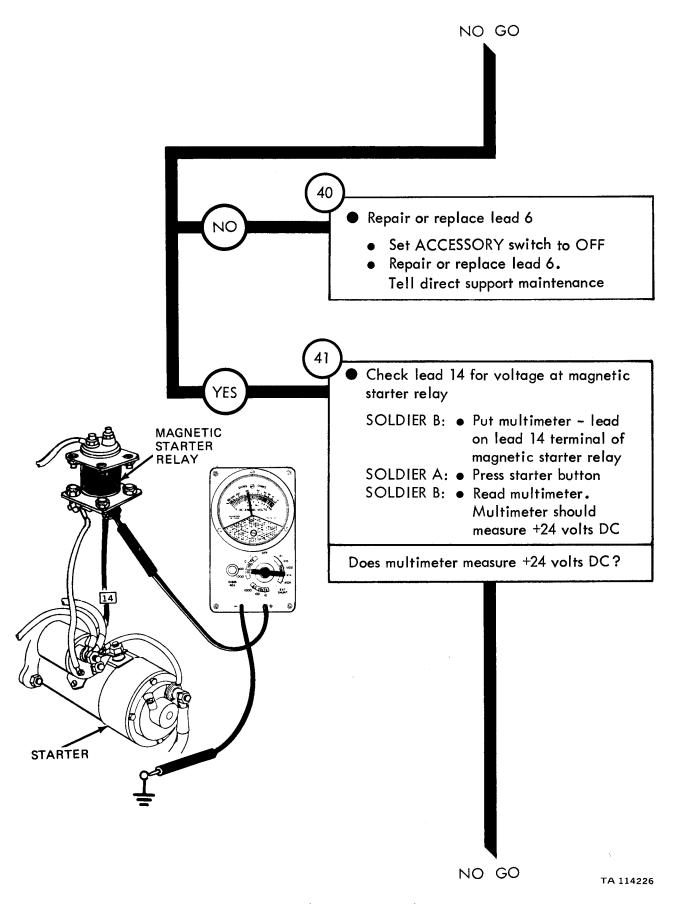


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 18 of 25)

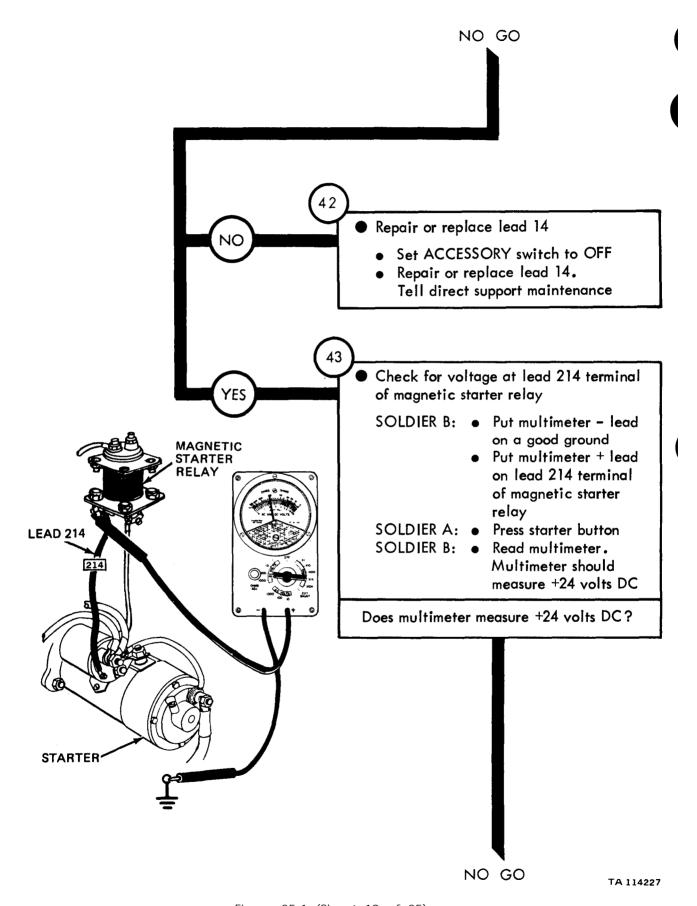


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 19 of 25)

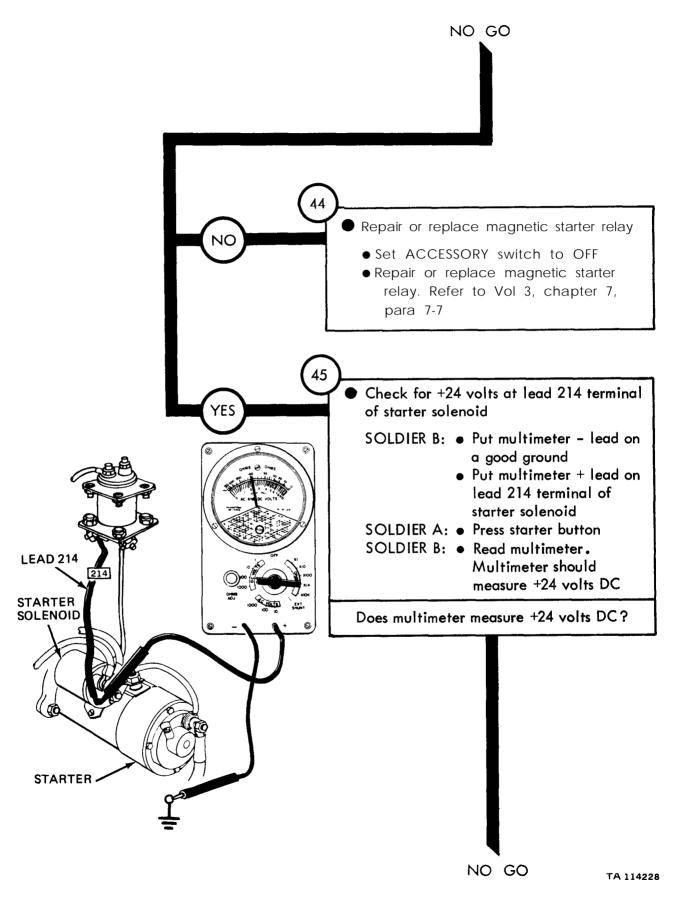


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 20 of 25)

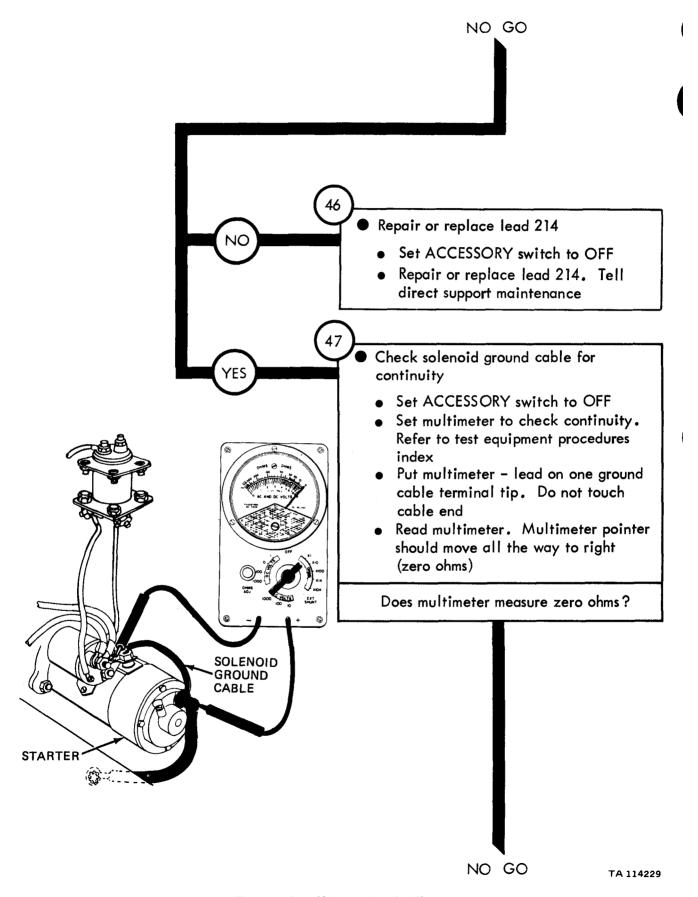


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 21 of 25)

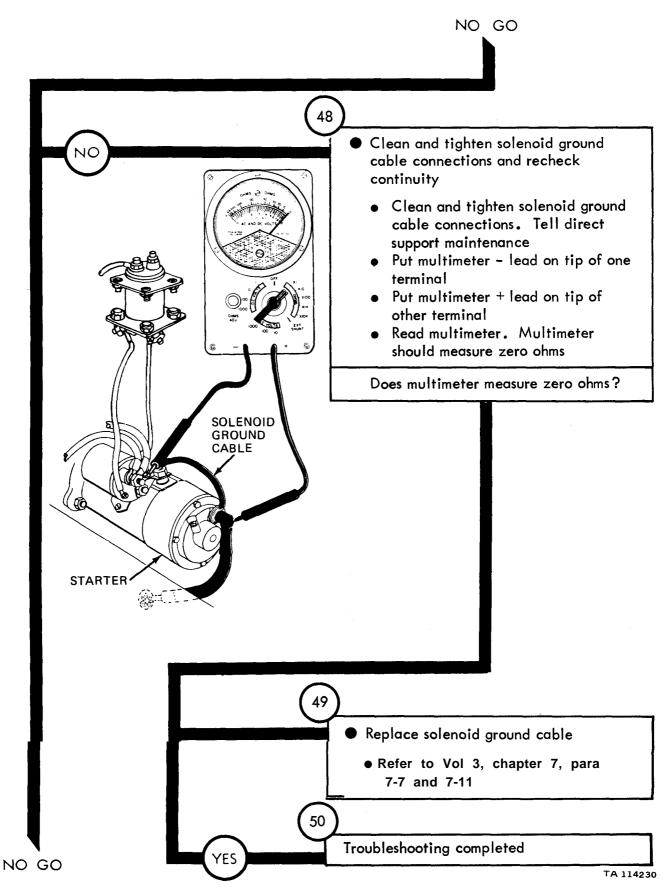
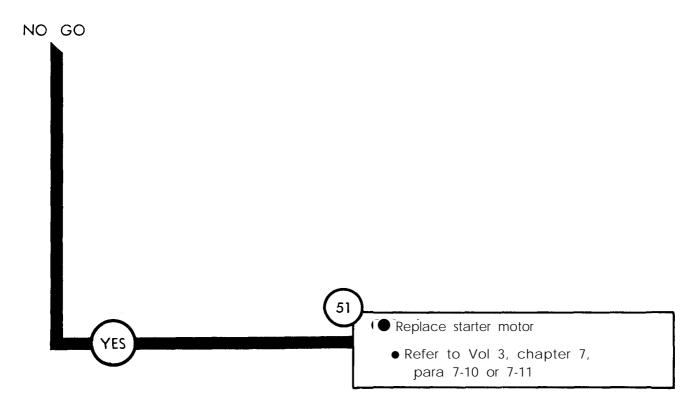


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 22 of 25)



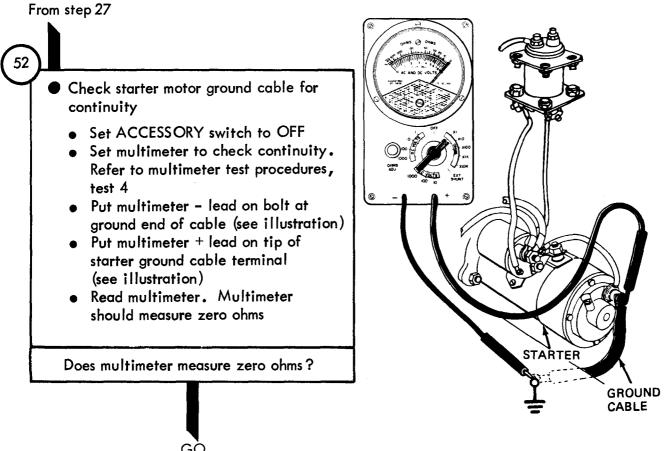


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 23 of 25)

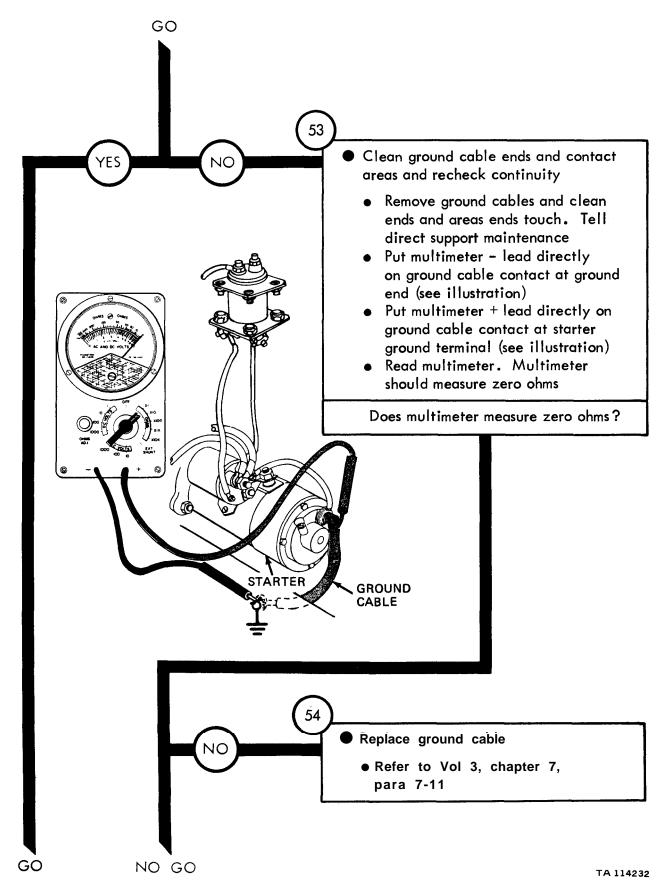
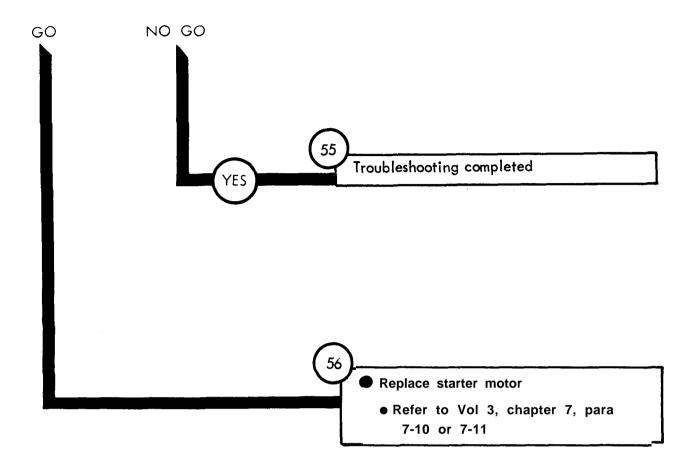


Figure 25-1 (Sheet 24 of 25)



## Symptom CHARGING SYSTEM (25 AMP, GENERATOR) HAS TOO HIGH OR LOW CHARGING RATE -NOTE -Make all charging system checks after run and engine compartment is hot When measuring voltage +28 volts means a range of +27 to +28.5 volts Park truck • Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 Test generator armature Set ACCESSORY switch to OFF Take off generator to regulator cable from generator gooseneck. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-59 **GOOSENECK** Put generator adapter in generator **ADAPTER** GENERATOR-TOgooseneck connector **REGULATOR CABLE** If you don't have a generator adapter do multimeter measurements at generator gooseneck **GENERATOR** GO TA 114234

Figure 25-2 (Sheet 1 of 13)

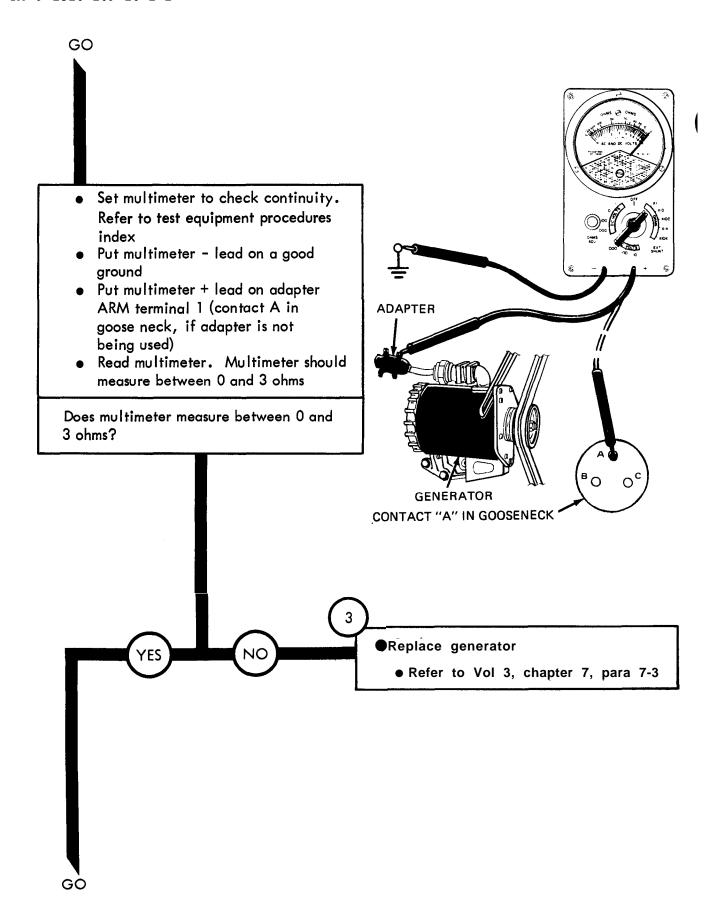


Figure 25-2 (Sheet 2 of 13)

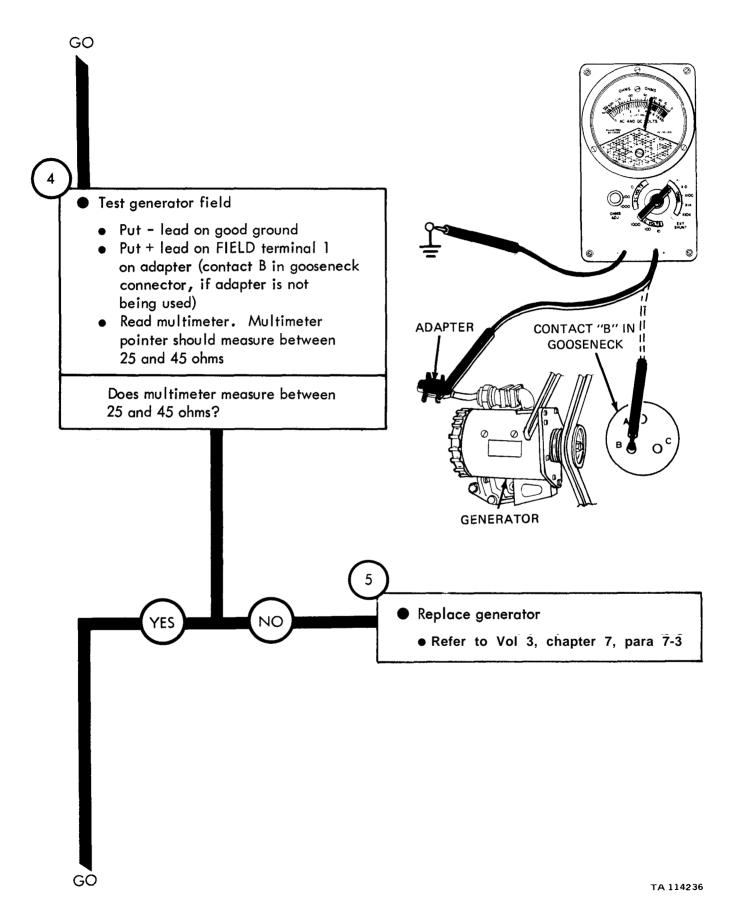


Figure 25-2 (Sheet 3 of 13)

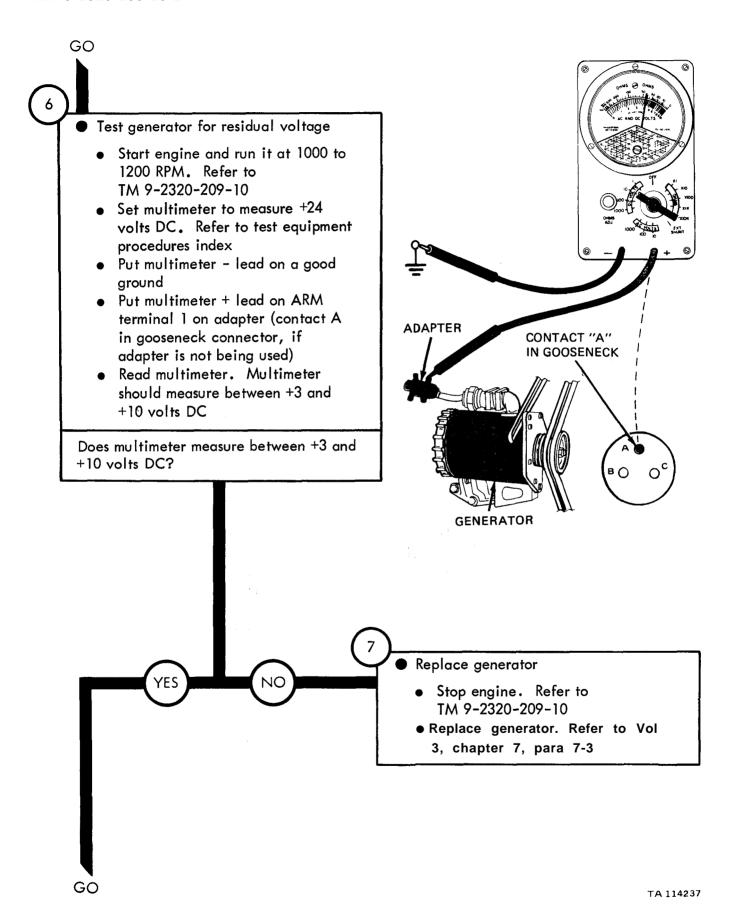
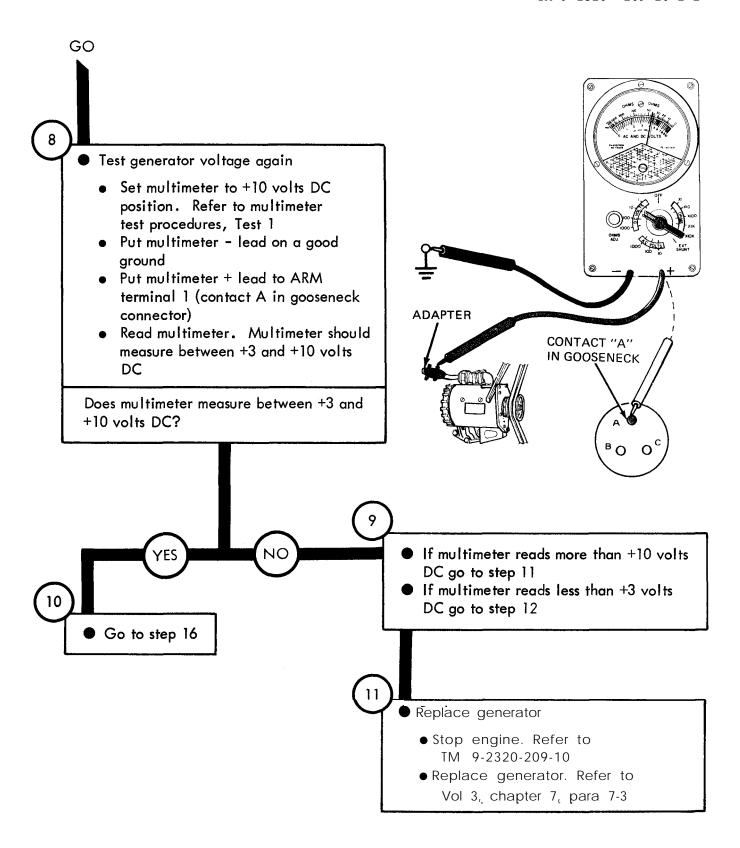


Figure 25-2 (Sheet 4 of 13)



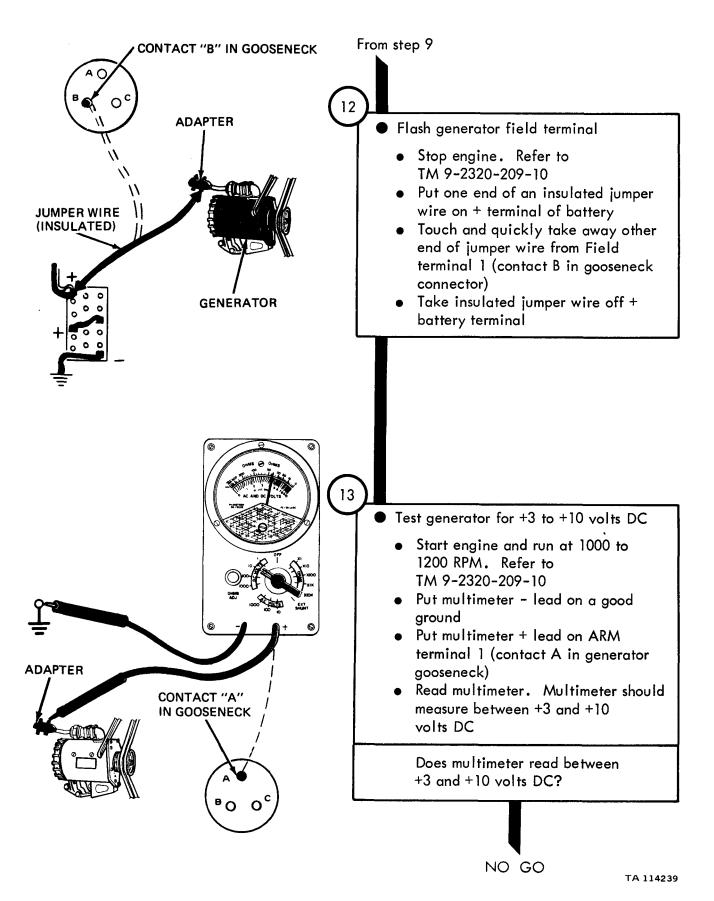
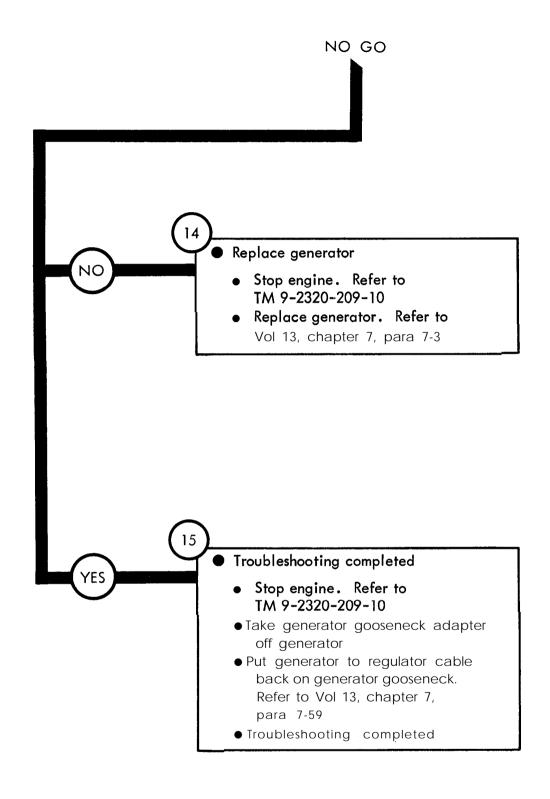


Figure 25-2 (Sheet 6 of 13)



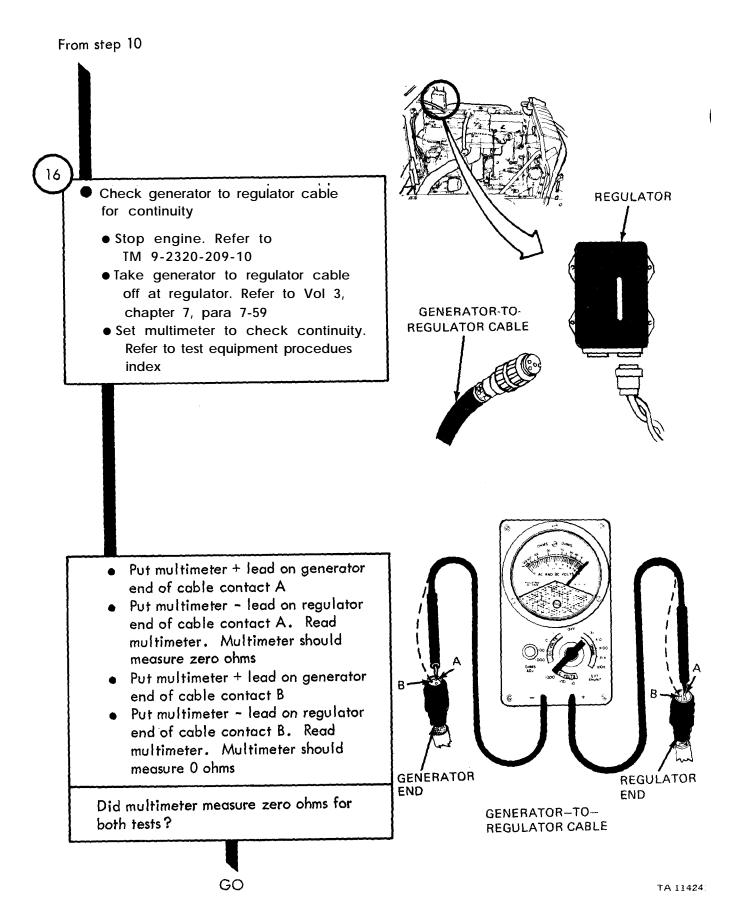
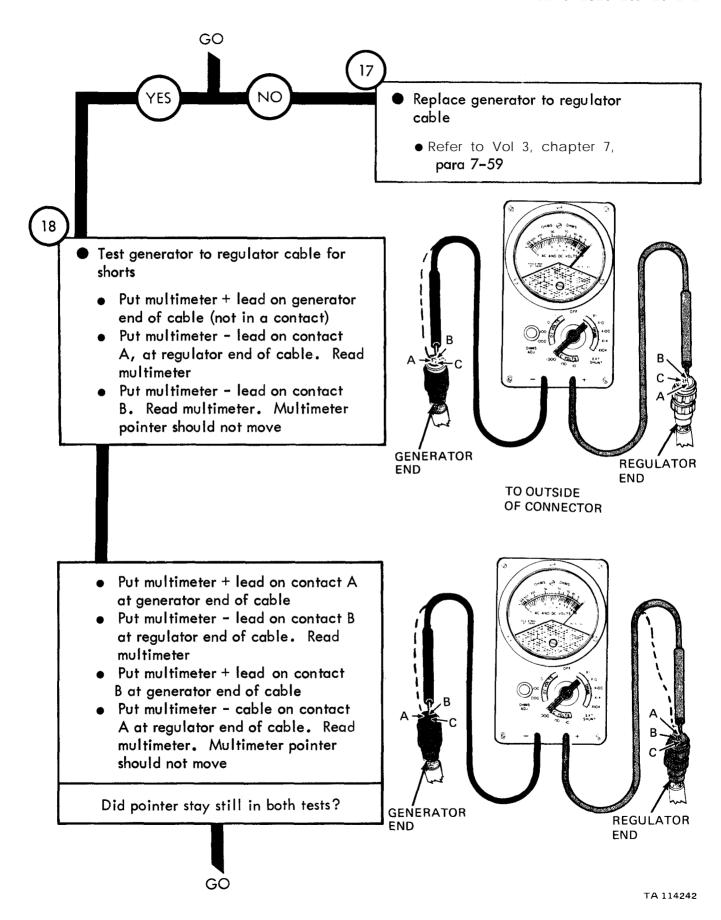


Figure 25-2 (Sheet 8 of 13)



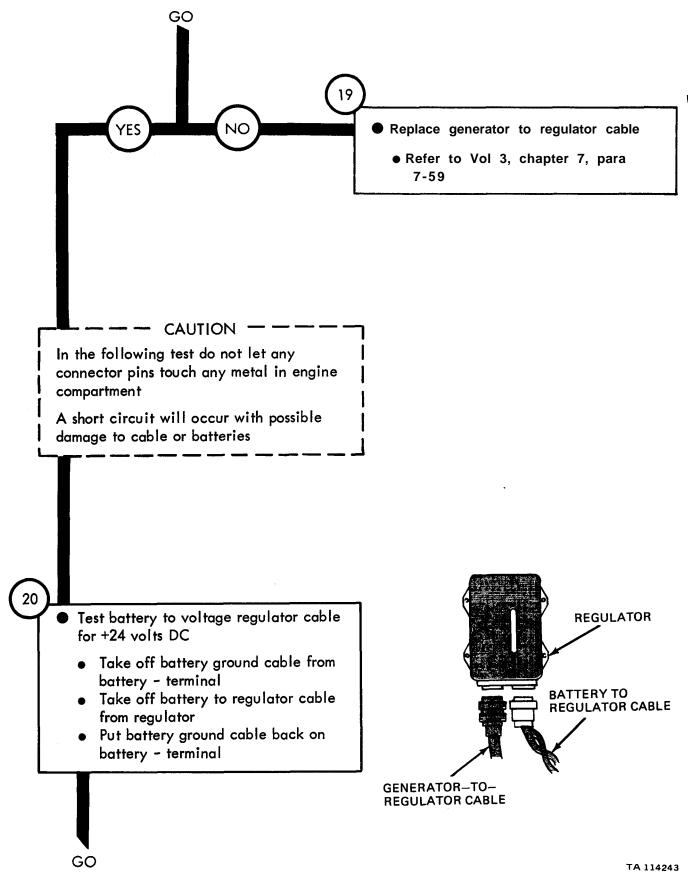


Figure 25-2 (Sheet 10 of 13)

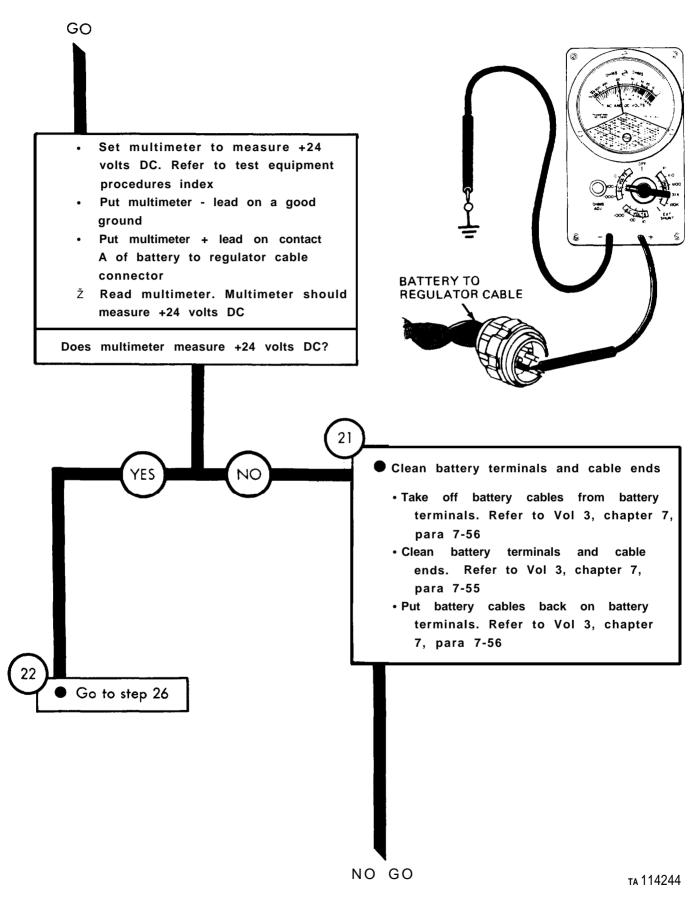
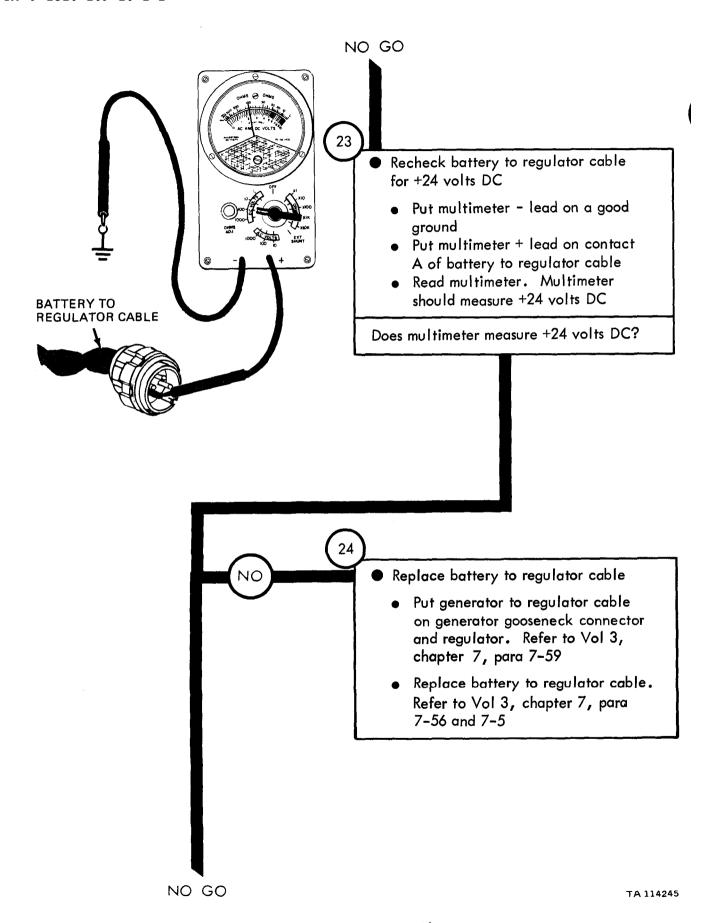
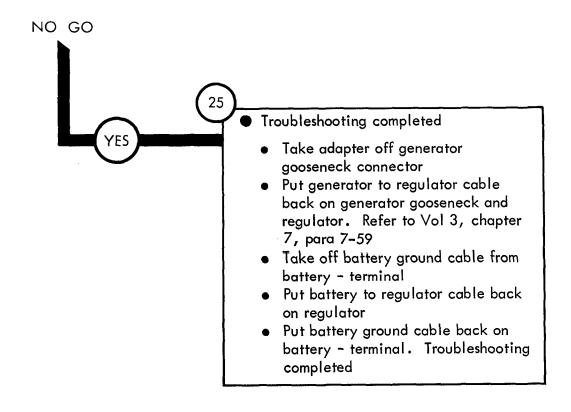
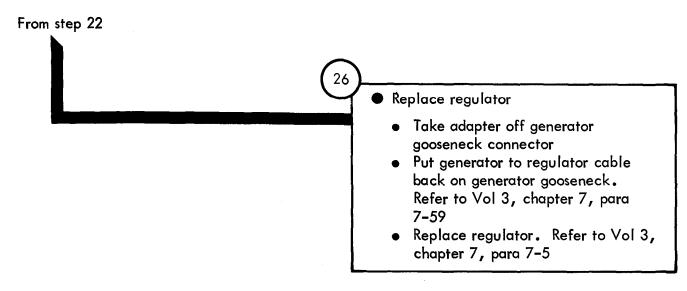
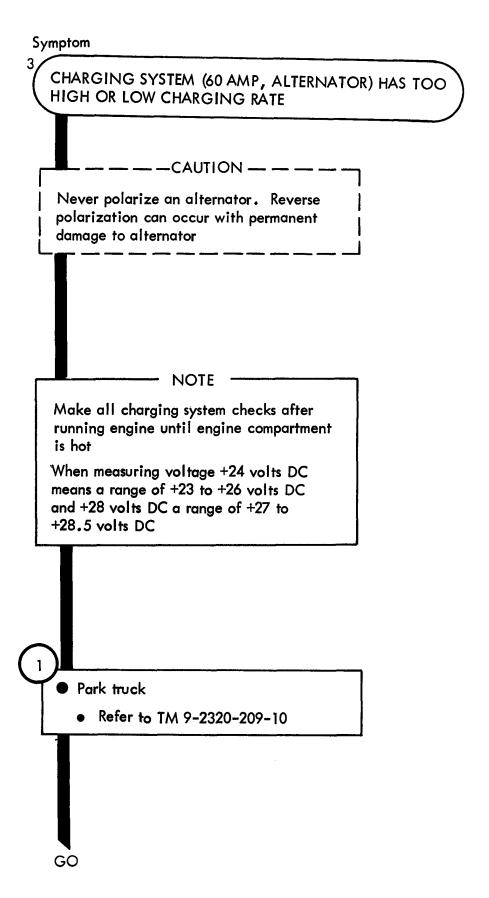


Figure 25-2 (Sheet 11 of 13)









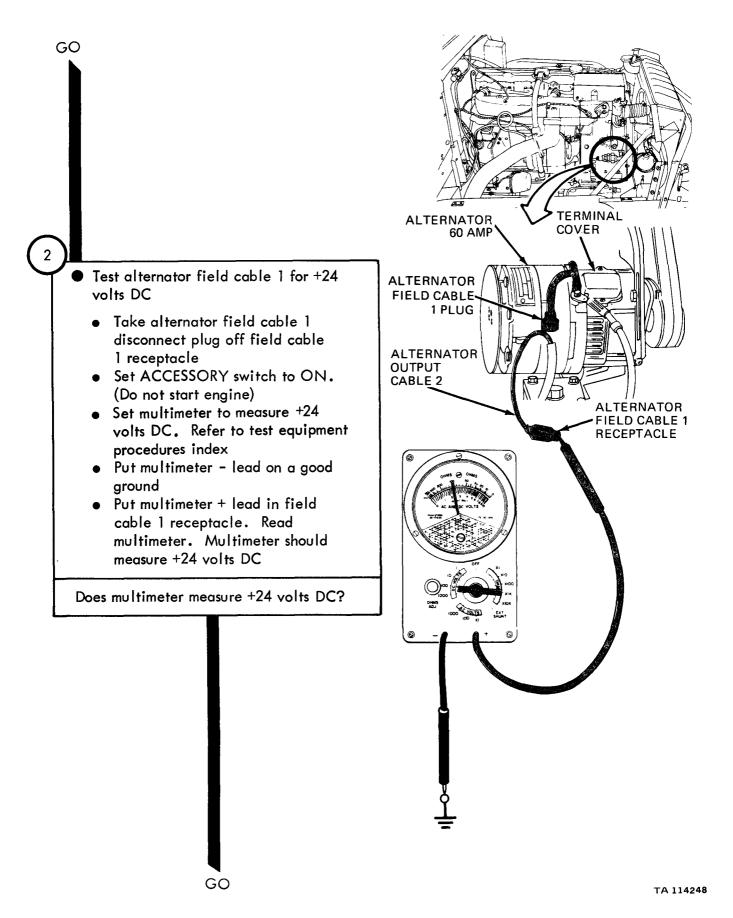


Figure 25-3 (Sheet 2 of 14)

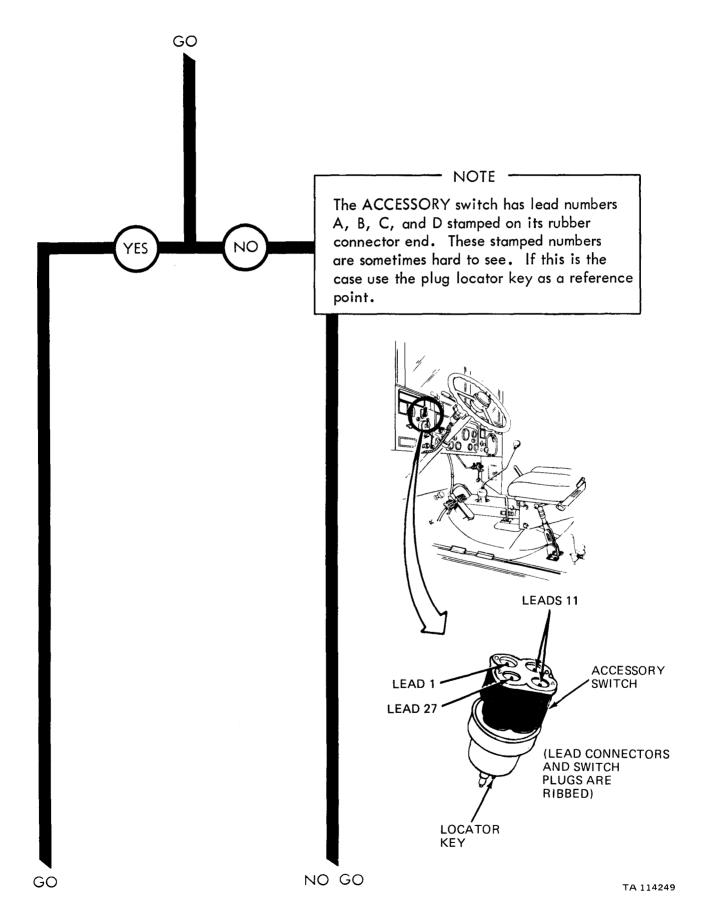


Figure 25-3 (Sheet 3 of 14)

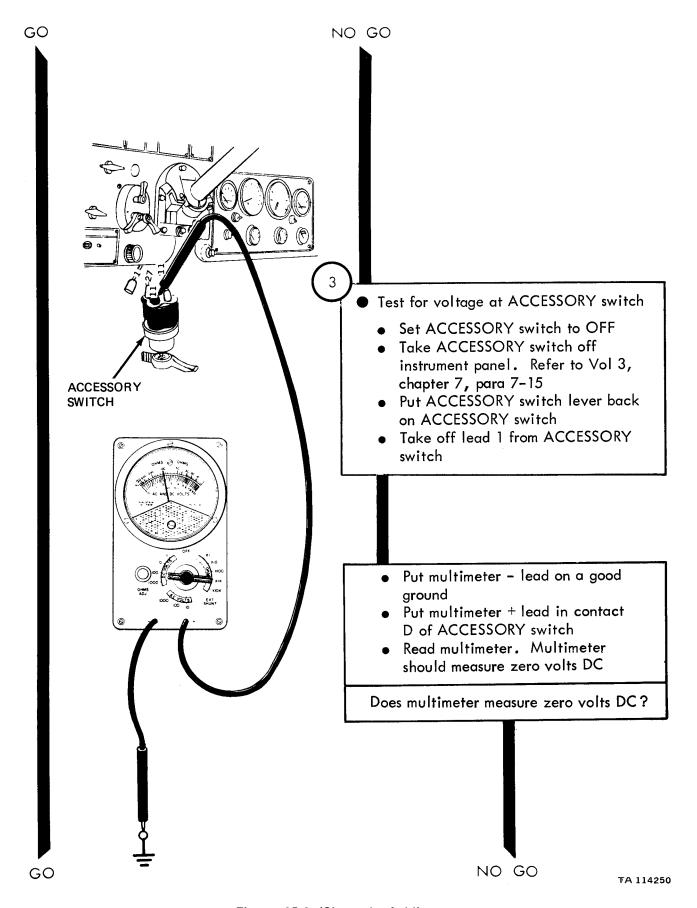


Figure 25-3 (Sheet 4 of 14)

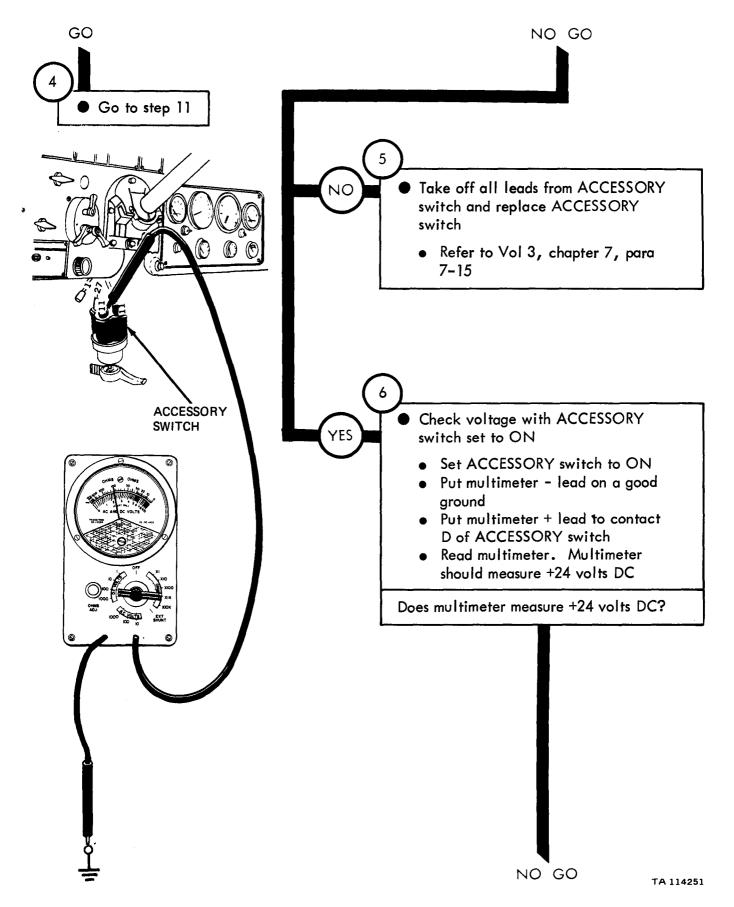


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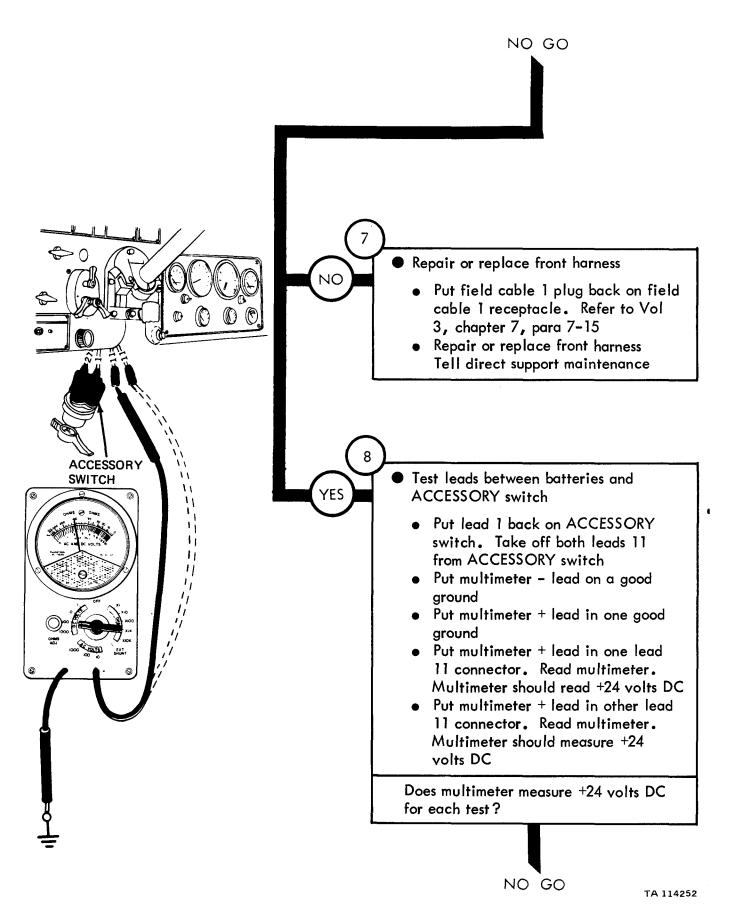
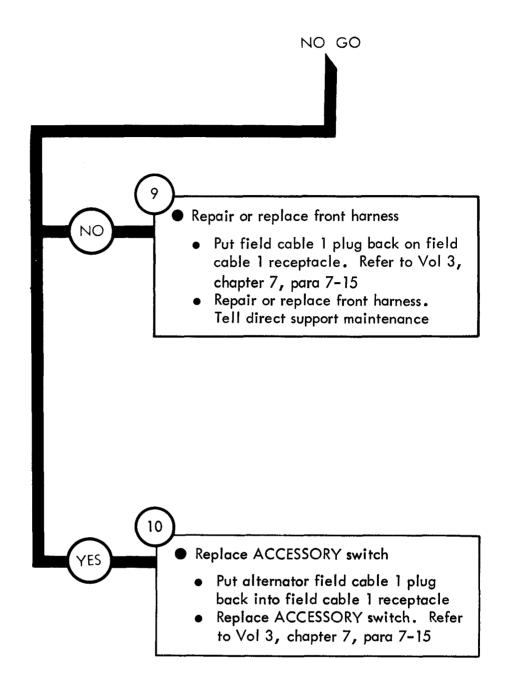


Figure 25-3 (Sheet 6 of 14)



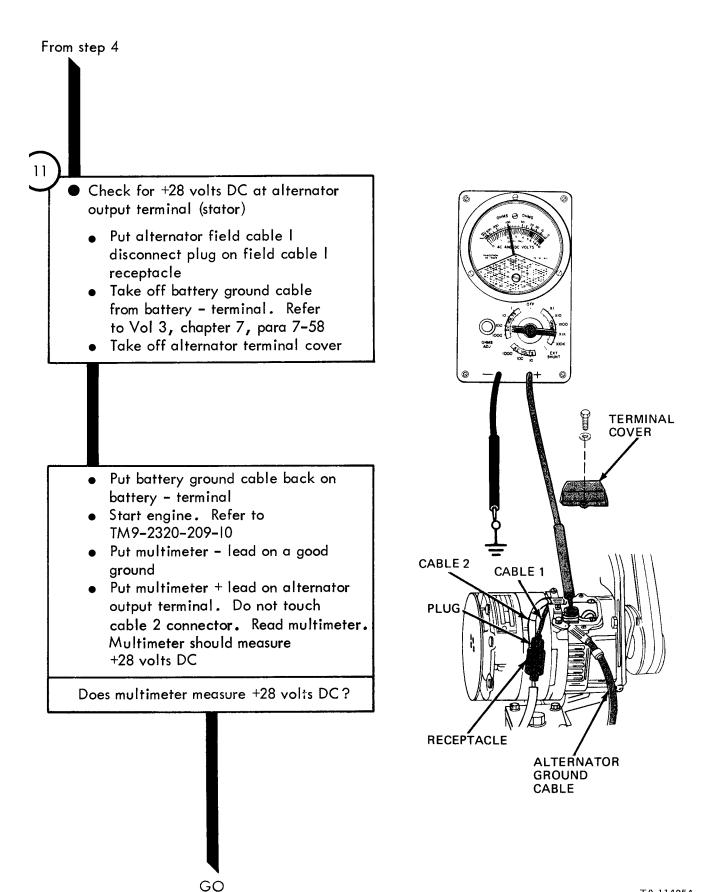
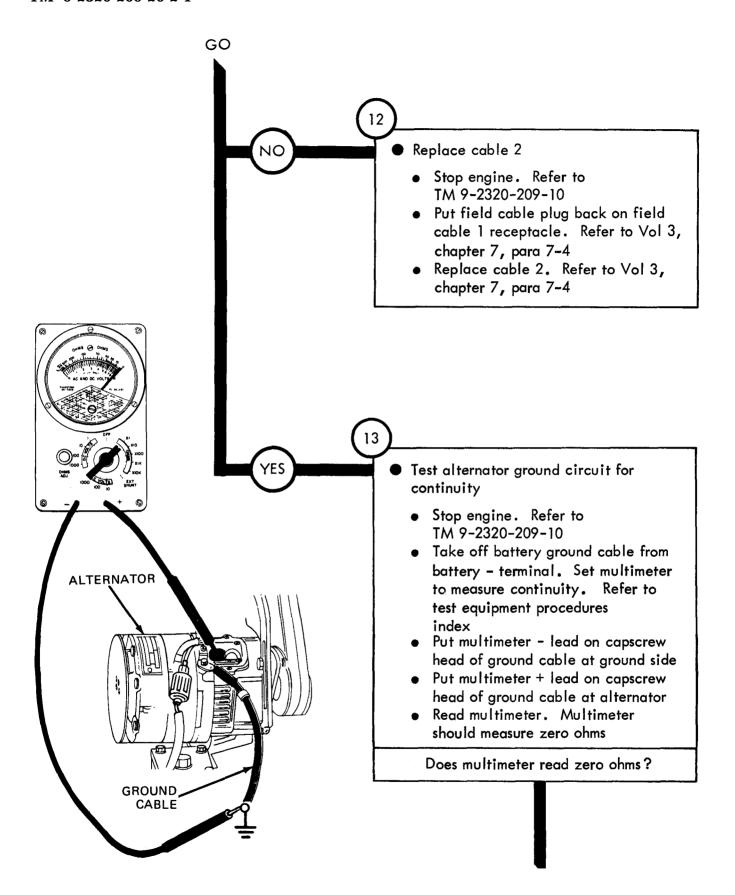


Figure 25-3 (Sheet 8 of 14)



**Figure 25-3 (Sheet 9 of 14)** 

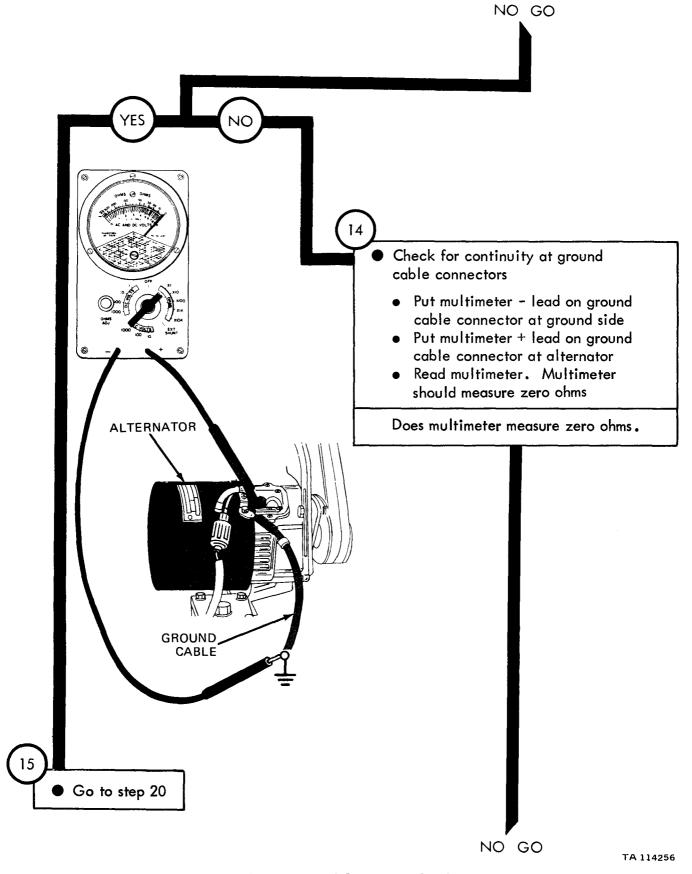


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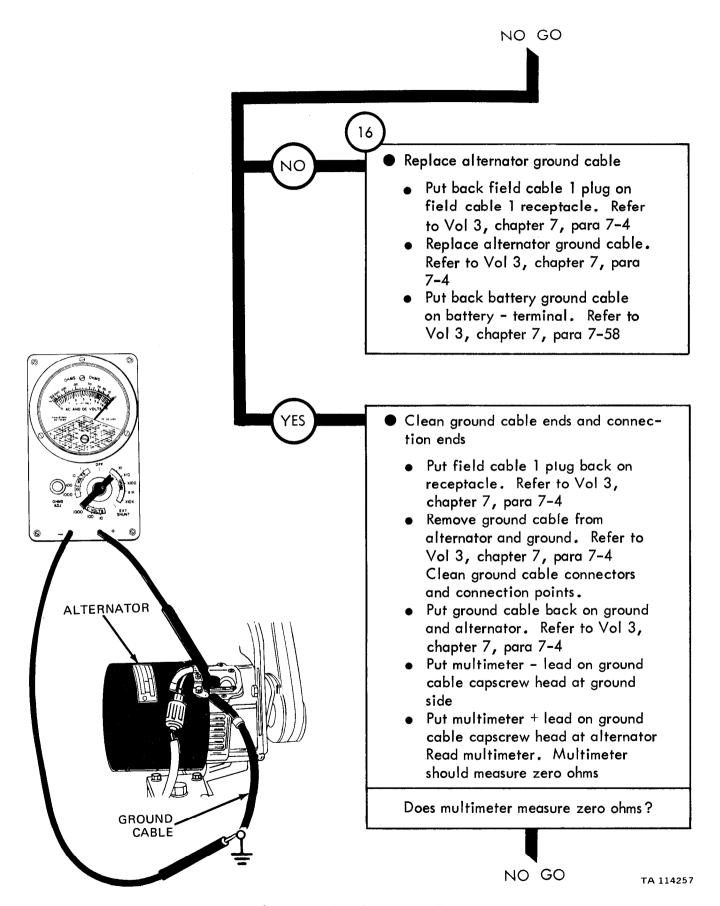
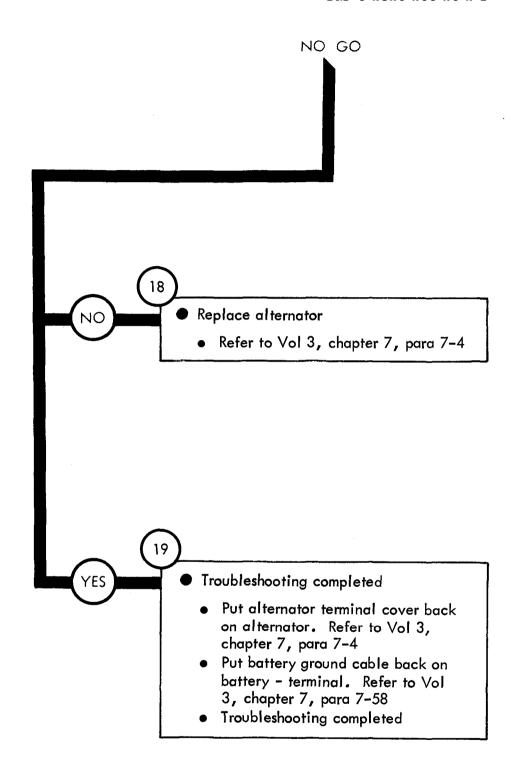


Figure 25-3 (Sheet 11 of 14)



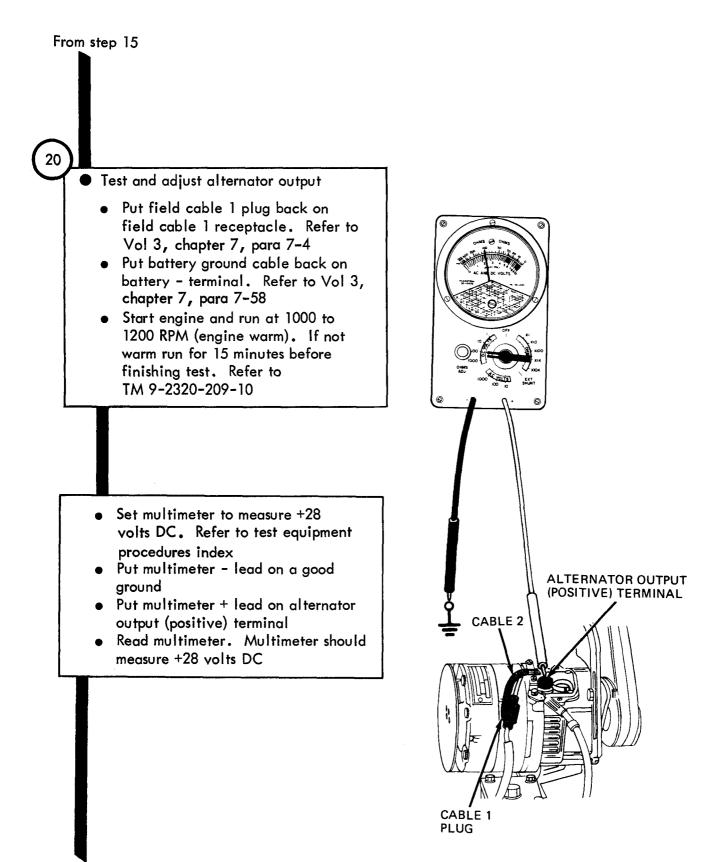
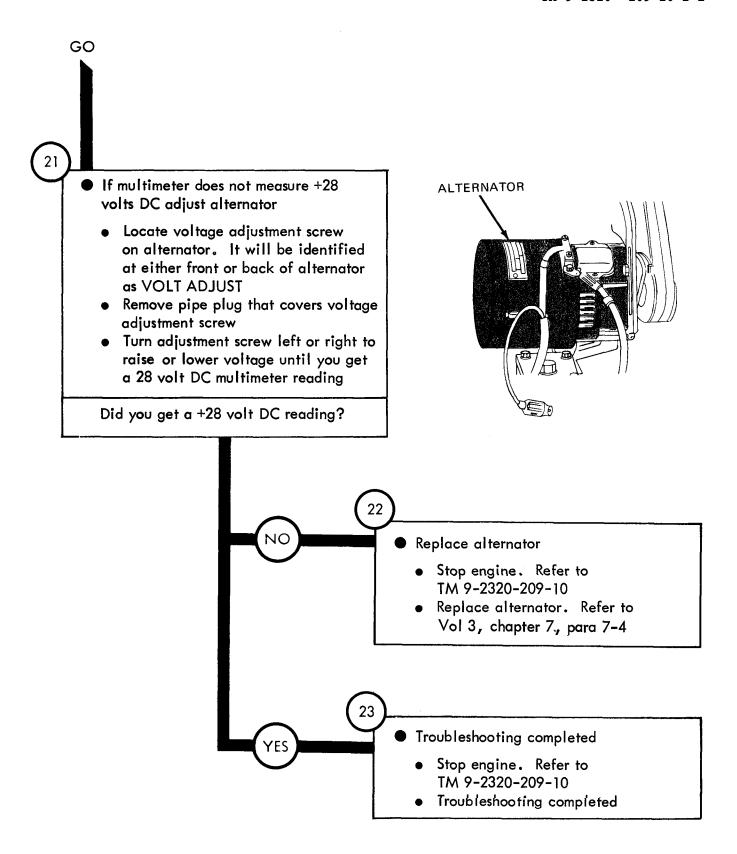


Figure 25-3 ( Sheet 13 of 14)

GO



# Symptom BATTERIES GO DEAD WHEN TRUCK IS PARKED OVERNIGHT OR A PERIOD OF DAYS – NOTE <del>–</del> First check that ACCESSORY switch and lights were not left on Recharge or replace batteries before making any test. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-56 Park truck Refer to TM9-2320-209-10 Start engine and run at 1000 to 1200 RPM until warm. Refer to TM9-2320-209-10 **GENERATOR** 2 If you are testing a generator go to step 3 If you are testing an alternator go to step 6 **ALTERNATOR**

Figure 25-4 (Sheet 1 of 6)

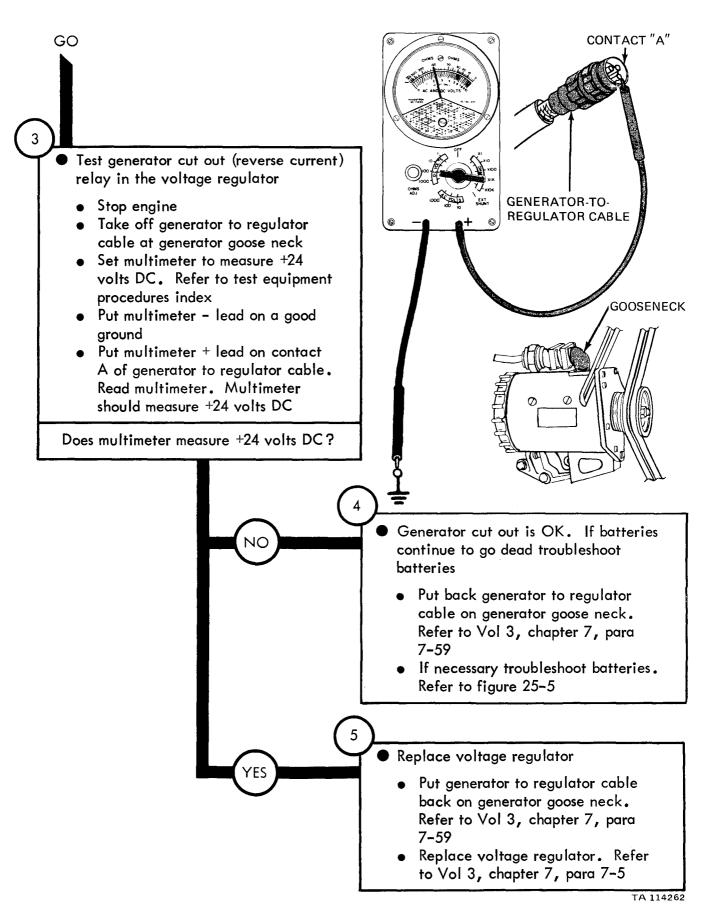


Figure 25-4 (Sheet 2 of 6)

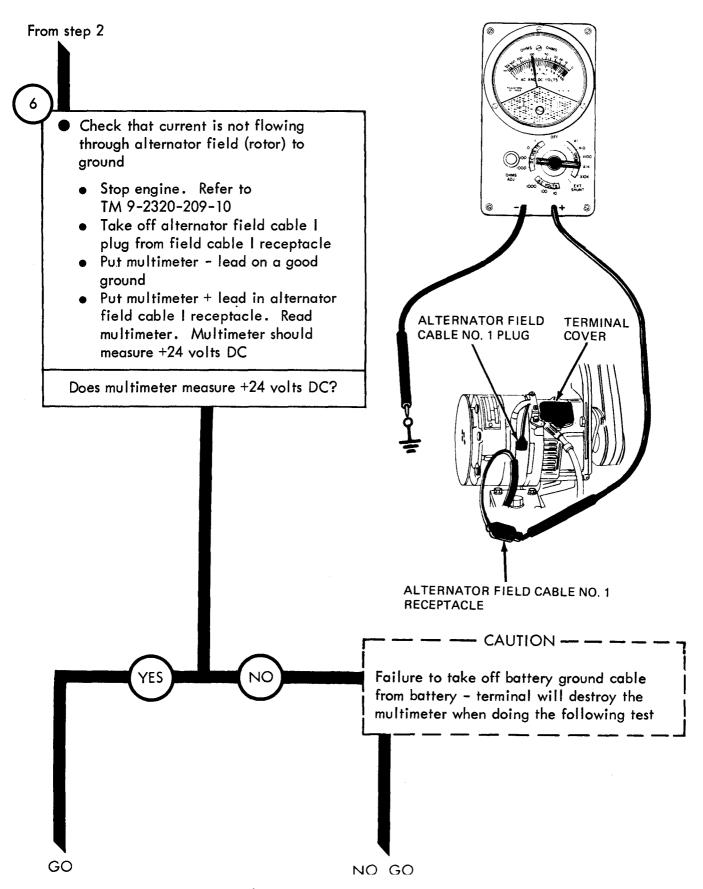


Figure 25-4 (Sheet 3 of 6)

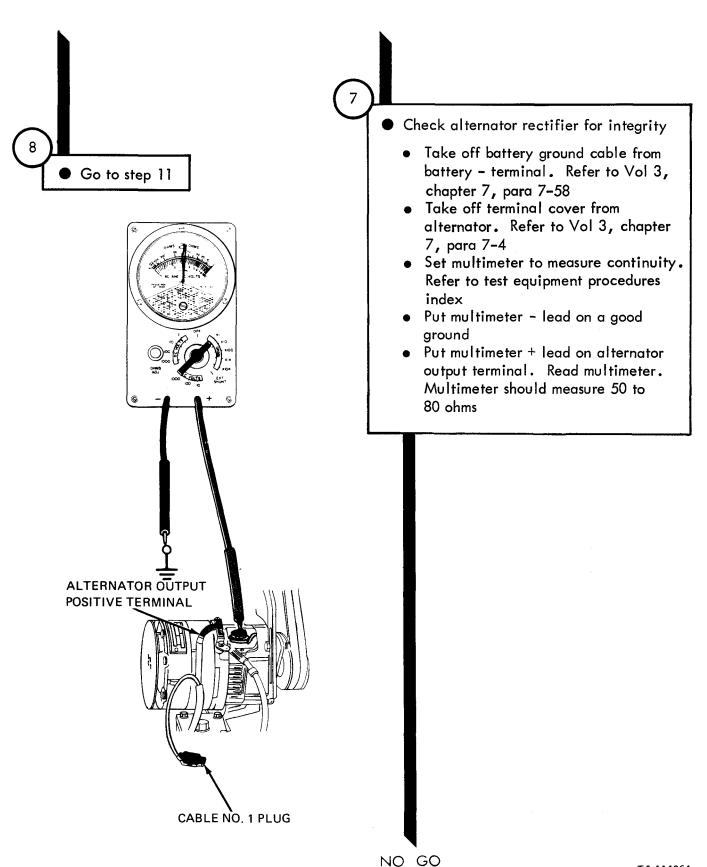


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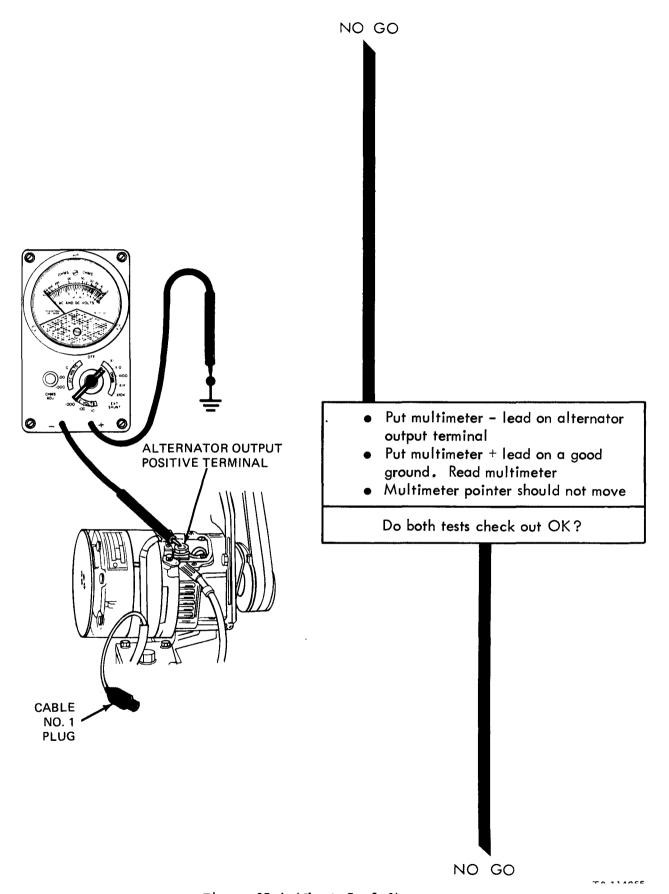


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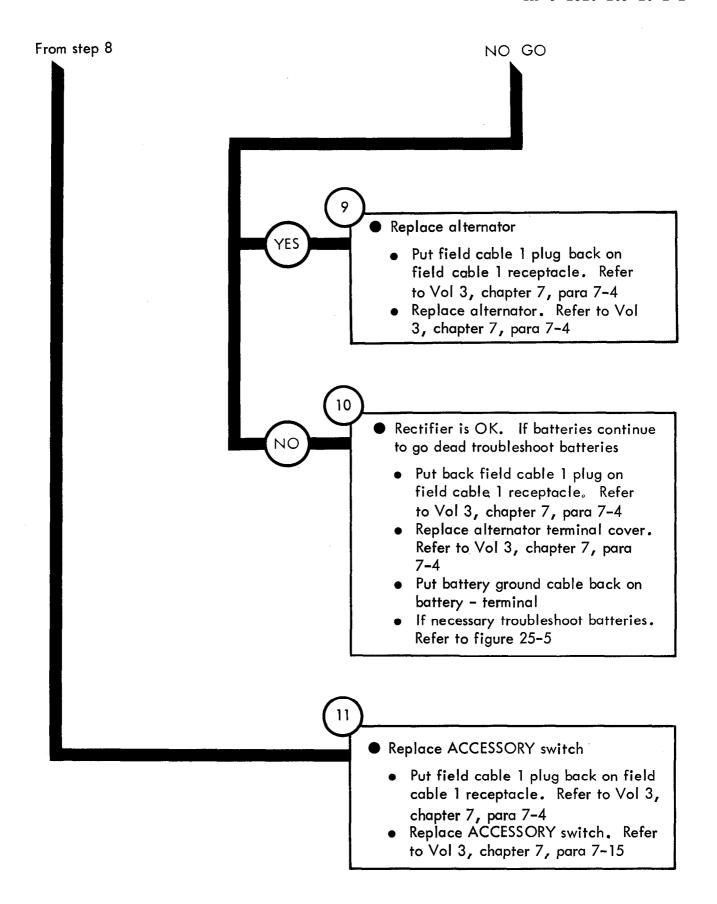


Figure 25-4 (Sheet 6 of 6)

## Symptom

BATTERIES DO NOT FULLY CHARGE, OR DO NOT HOLD CHARGE

#### -WARNING -

Because of their higher power 24 volt systems are more dangerous than 6 or 12 volt systems

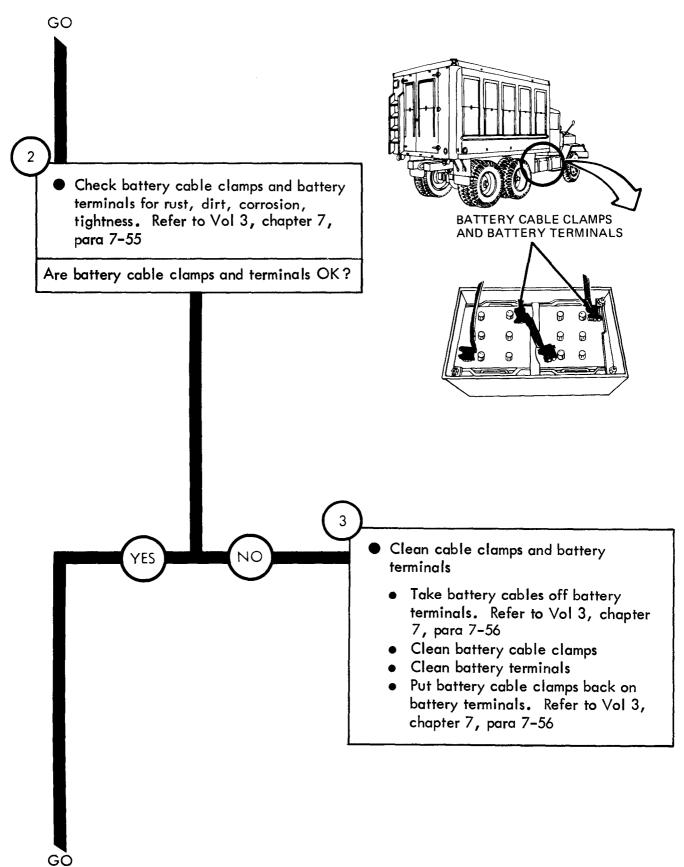
Do not let a "hot" wire touch metal parts of the truck at any time. "Flash" testing by striking a hot wire against a ground will cause an arc that can destroy the lead connector and possibly the lead itself

Accidental contact of metal tools between positive (+) battery or starter terminals will cause a direct short circuit which can cause burns on the hands, damaged tools, truck electrical components and batteries. The battery can explode spraying acid and sharp fragments that can cause serious or fatal injuries

# Park truck

• Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10

GO



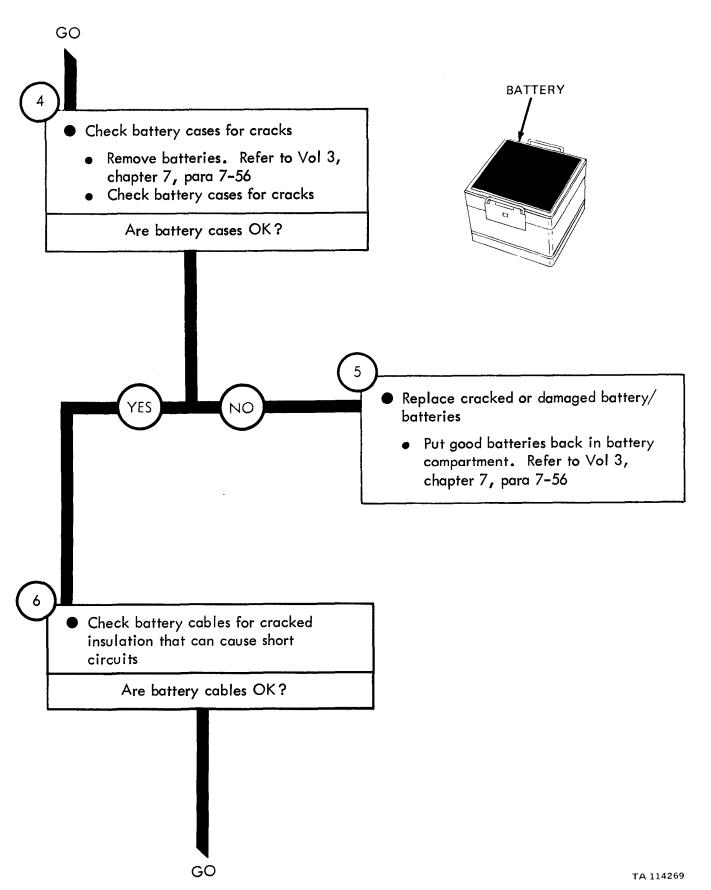


Figure 25-5 (Sheet 3 of 7)

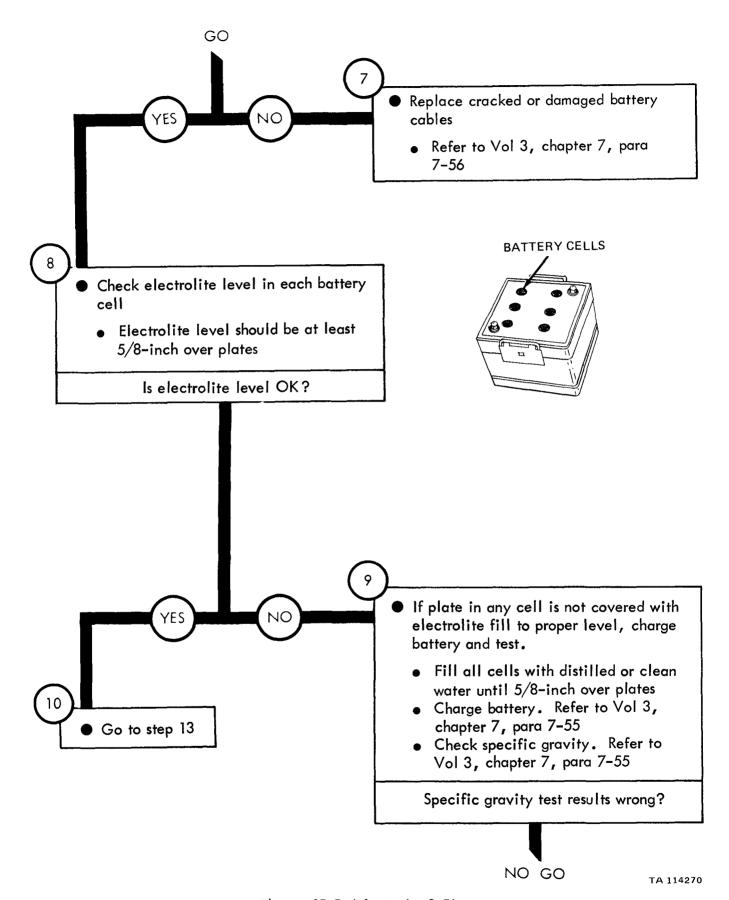
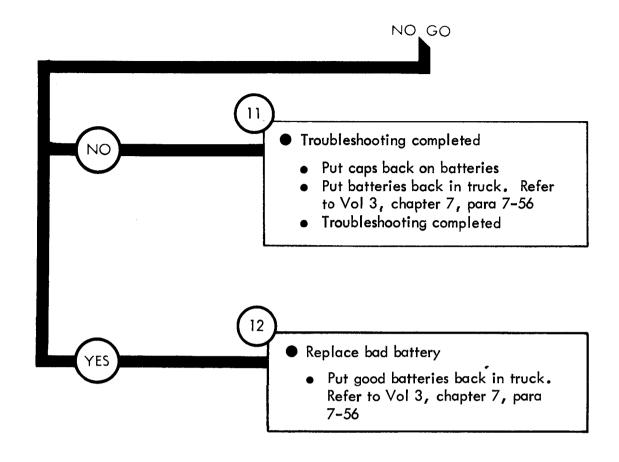


Figure 25-5 (Sheet 4 of 7)



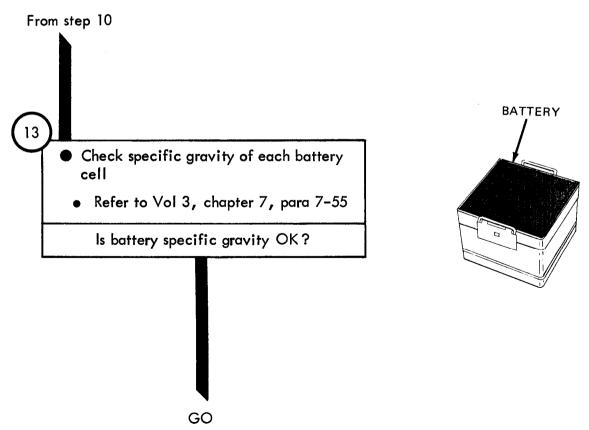
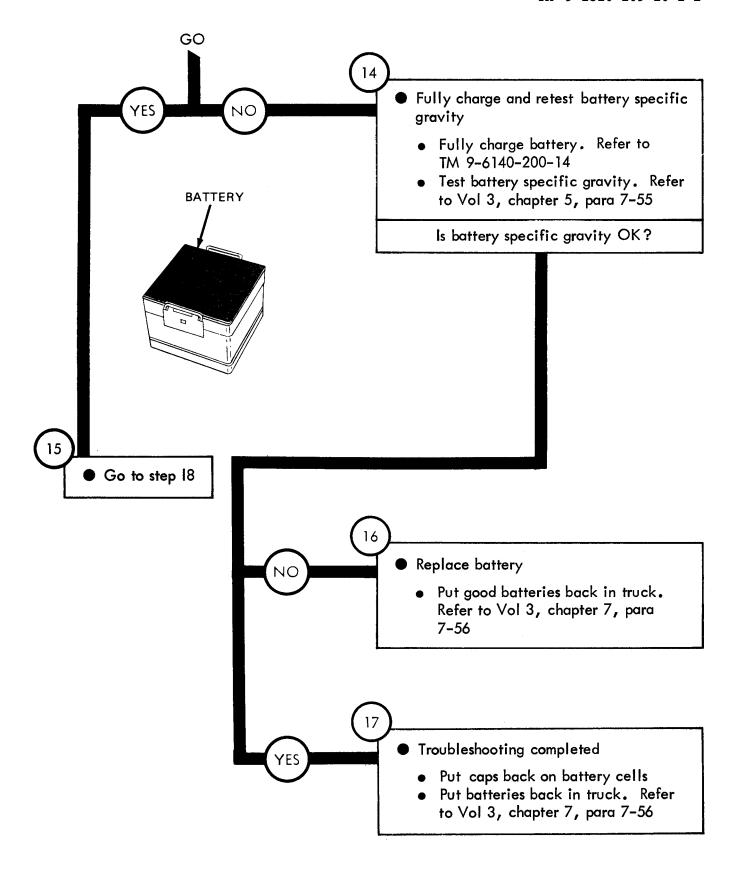


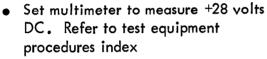
Figure 25-5 (Sheet 5 of 7)



## From step 15

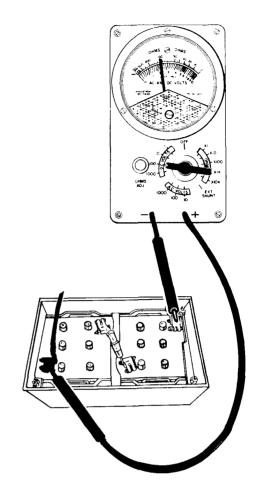
18

- Test voltage rise at batteries
  - Put batteries back in truck. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-56
  - Set ACCESSORY switch to ON
  - Start engine and run at 1000 to 1200 RPM. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10



- Put multimeter lead to battery ground terminal
- Put multimeter + lead to battery + terminal
- Read multimeter. Multimeter should measure 28.5 volts DC

Does multimeter measure +28.5 volts DC?



- Check charging systems
  - Stop engine. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
  - If truck has generator refer to table 6-6 for generator troubleshooting symptoms
  - If truck has alternator refer to table 6-6 for alternator troubleshooting symptoms

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- Check battery generator indicator
  - Stop engine. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
  - Check battery generator indicator. Refer to table 6-6 for instruments and gages troubleshooting symptoms

Symptom

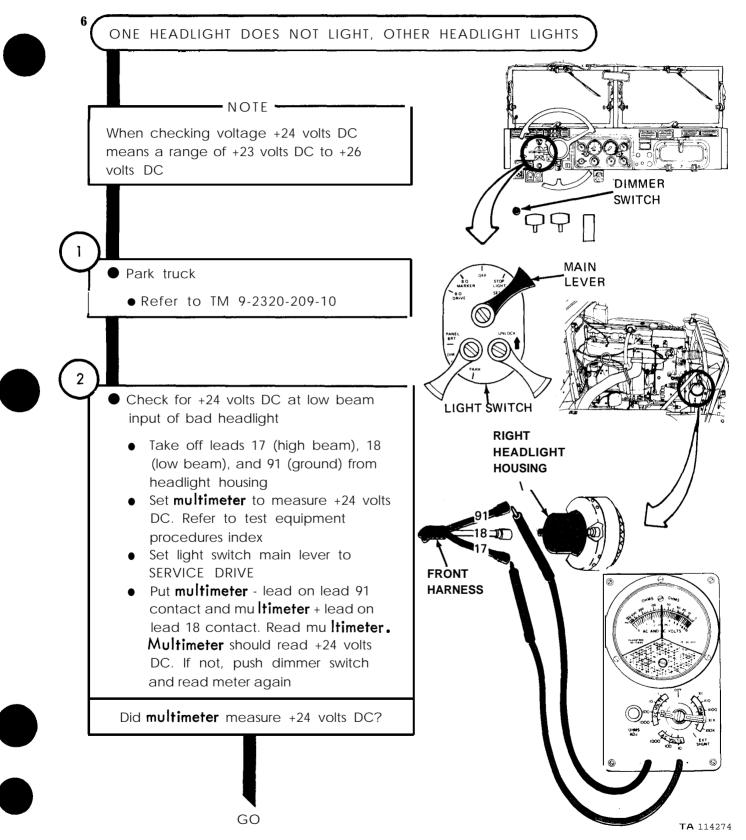


Figure 25-6 (Sheet 1 of 4)

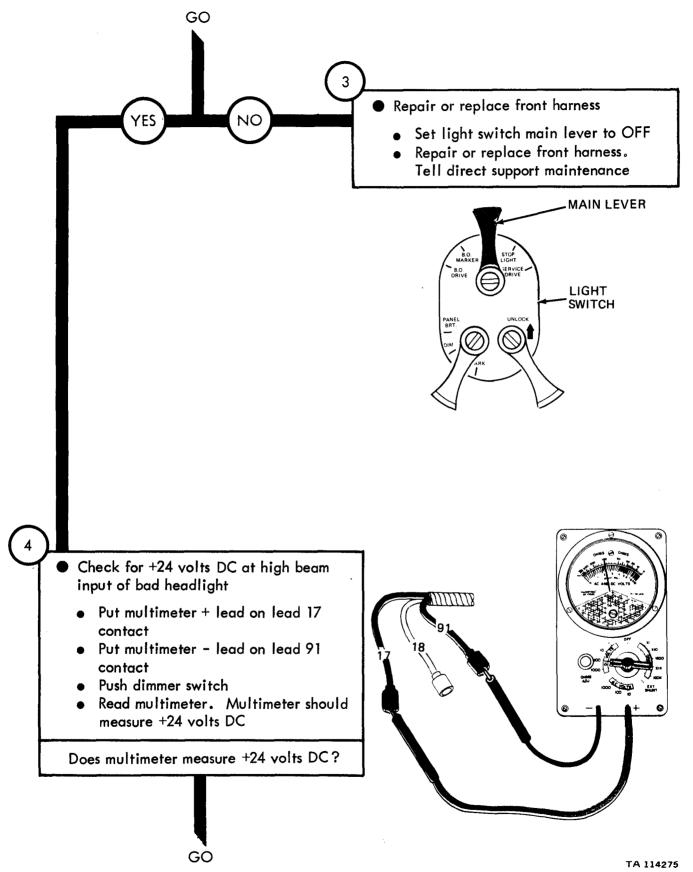


Figure 25-6 (Sheet 2 of 4)

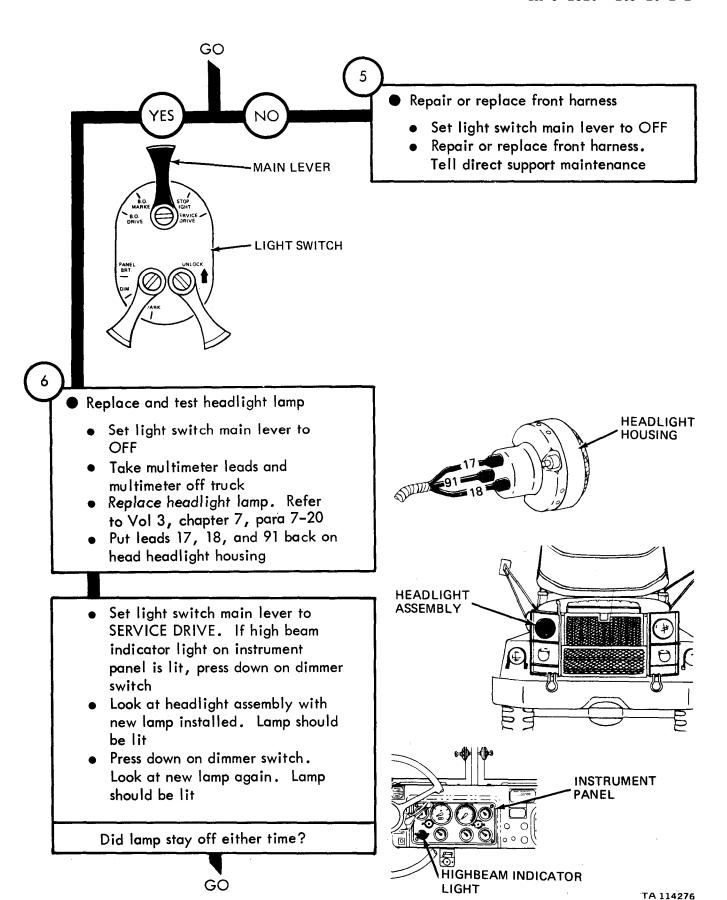
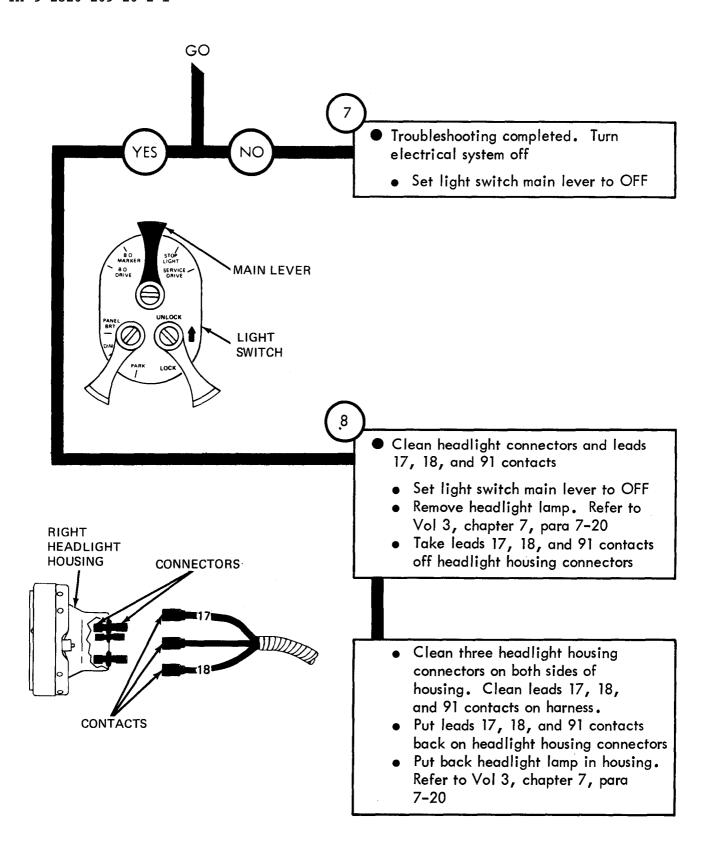


Figure 25-6 (Sheet 3 of 4)



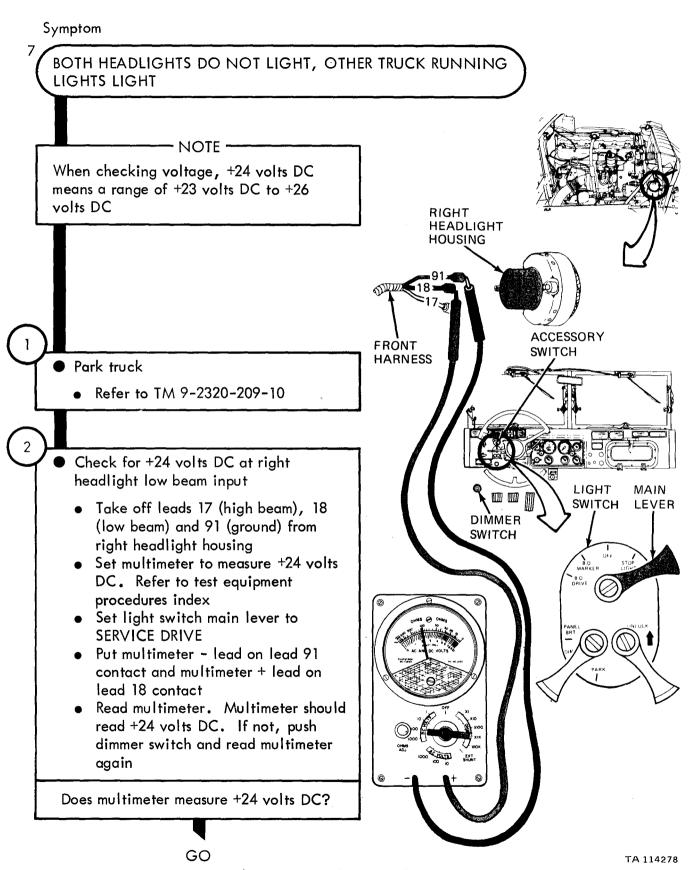


Figure 25-7 (Sheet 1 of 11)

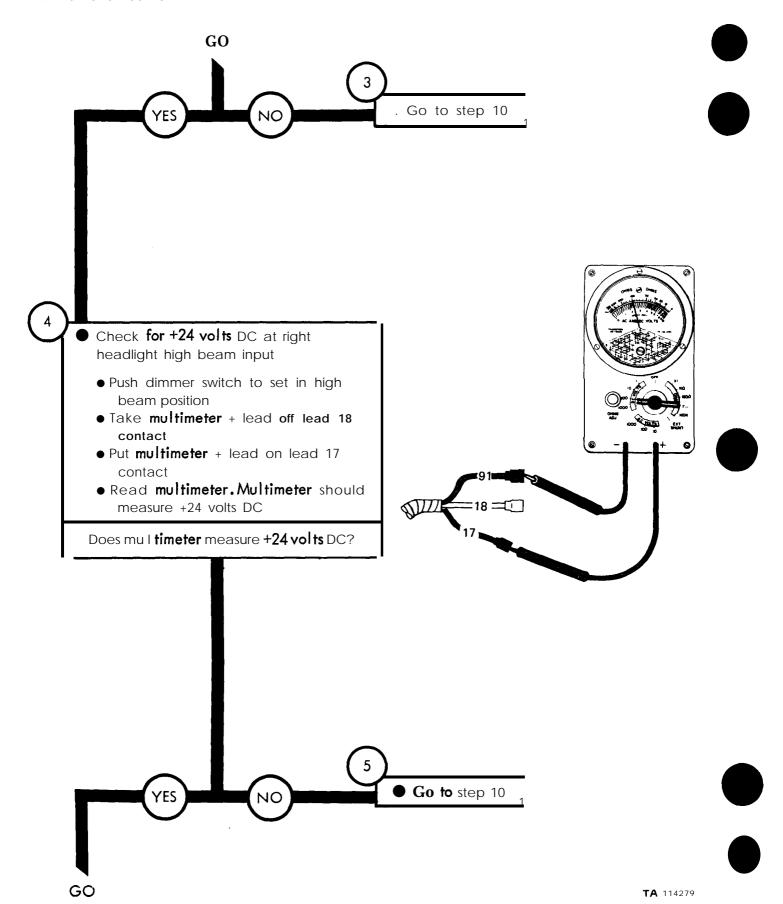


Figure 25-7 (Sheet 2 of 11)

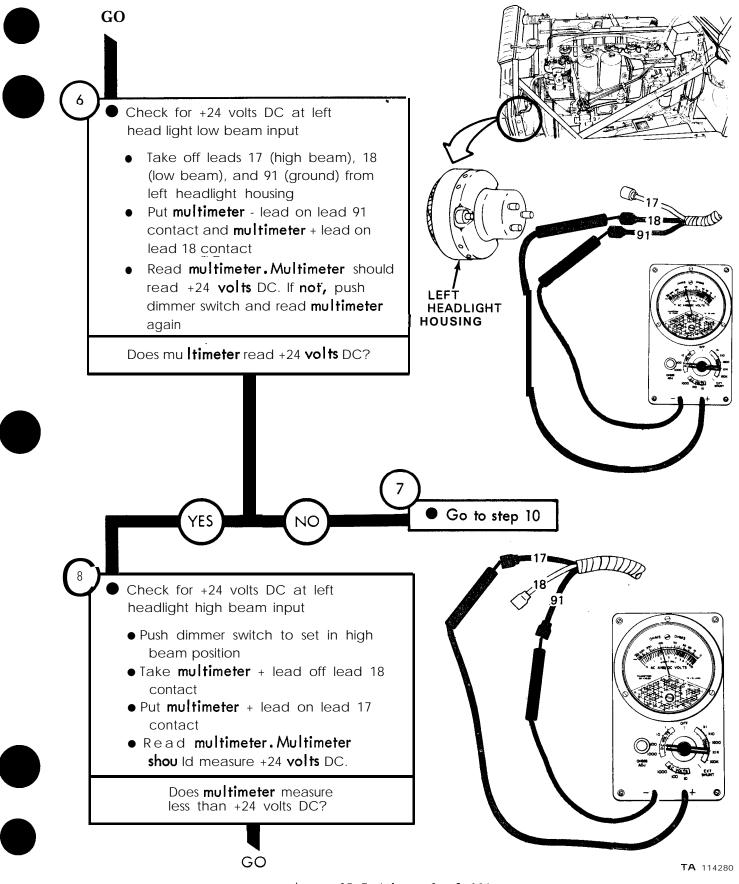


Figure 25-7 (Sheet 3 of 11)

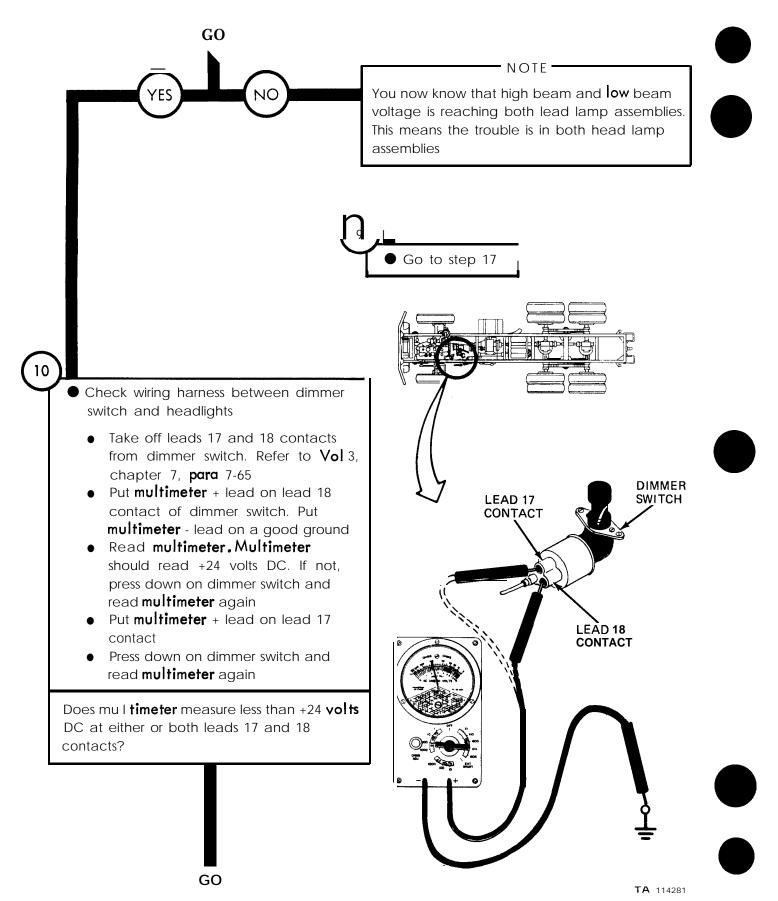


Figure 25-7 (Sheet 4 of 11)

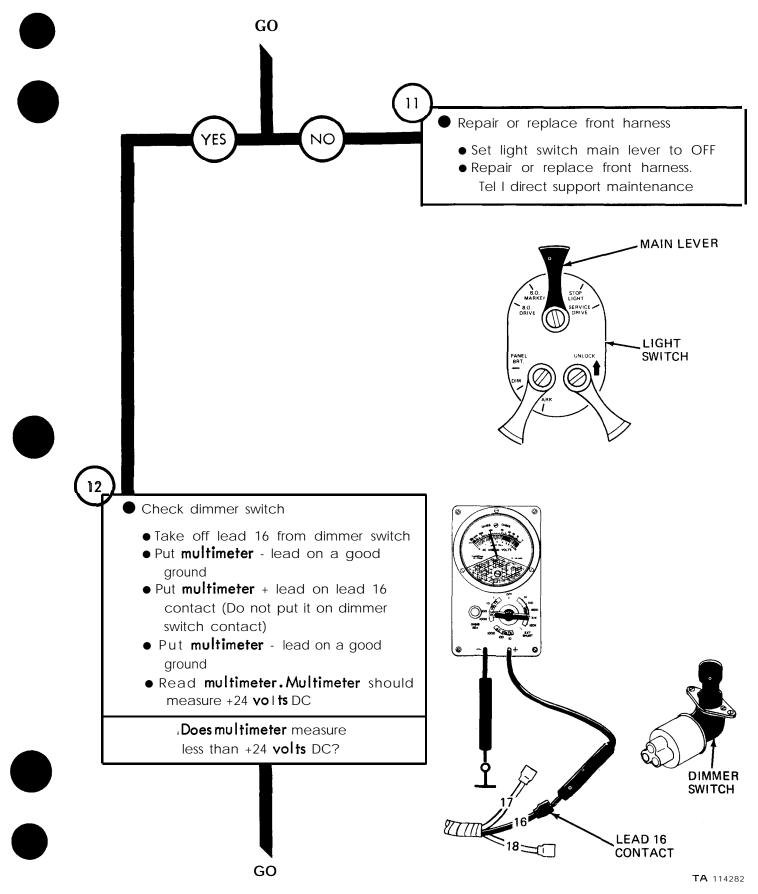


Figure 25-7 (Sheet 5 of 11)

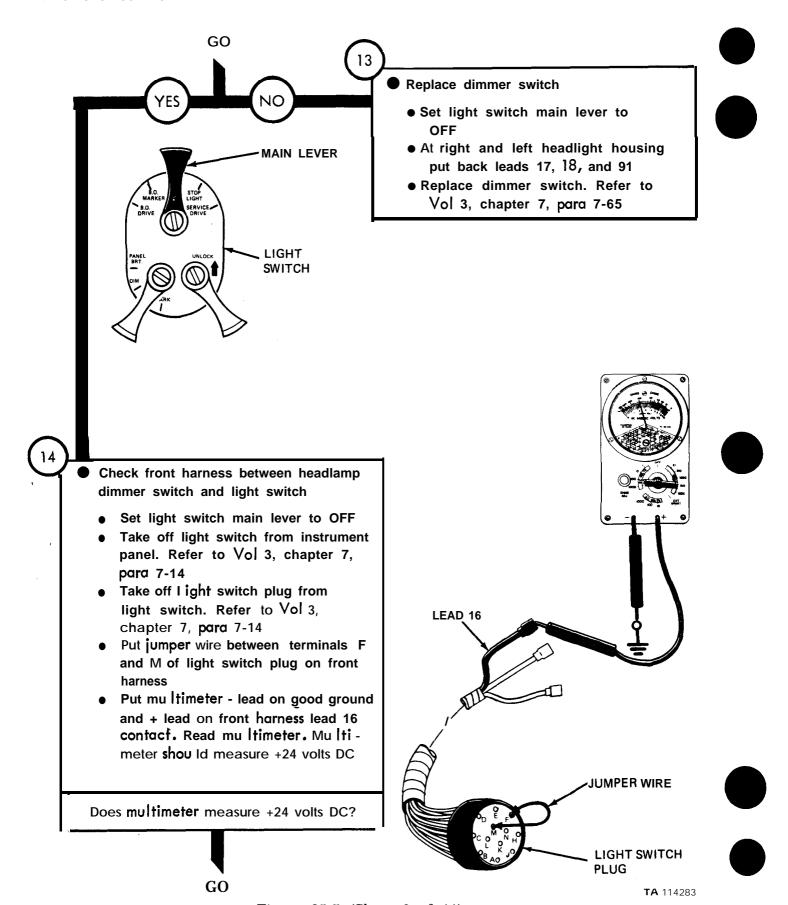
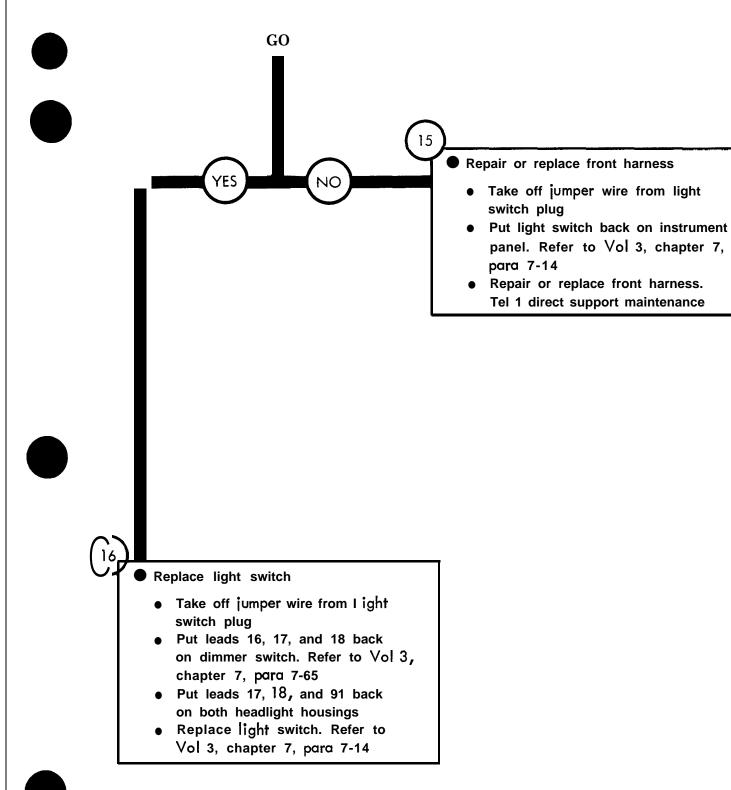


Figure 25-7 (Sheet 6 of 11)



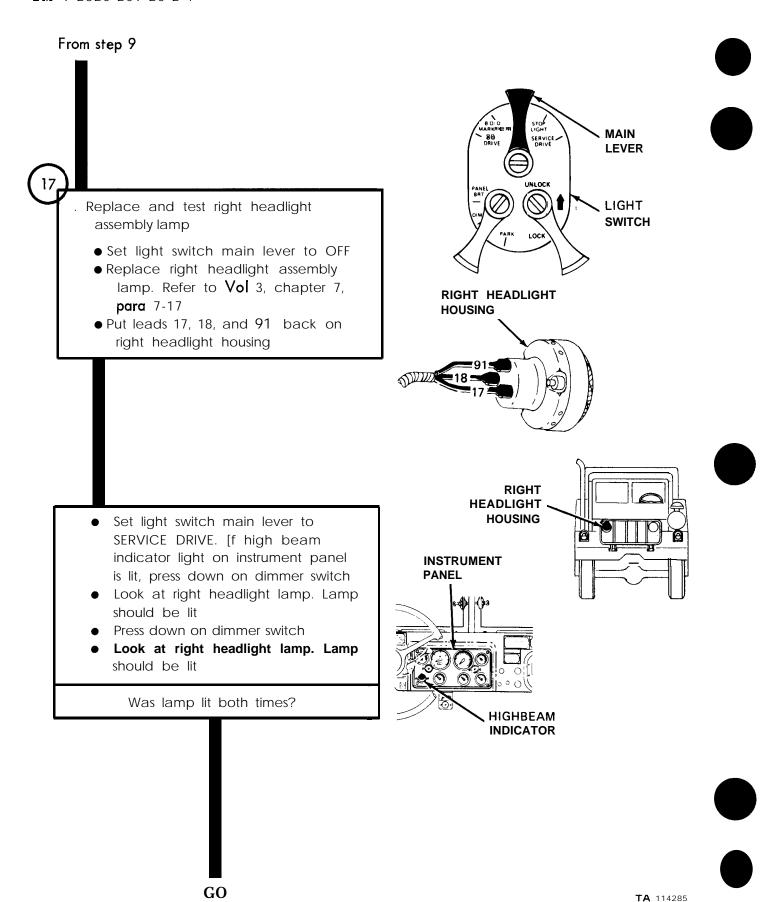


Figure 25-7 (Sheet 8 of 11)

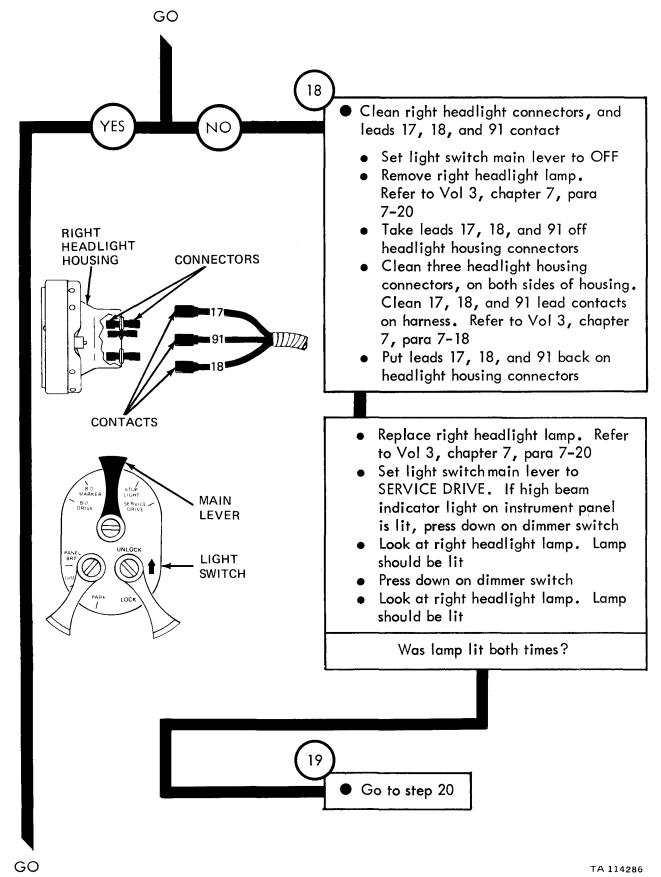


Figure 25-7 (Sheet 9 of 11)

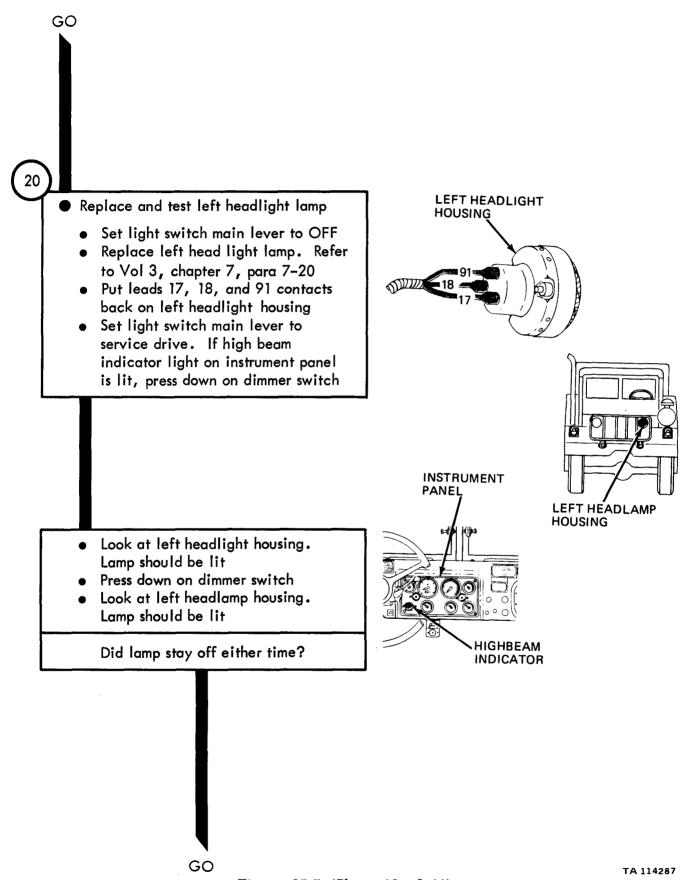
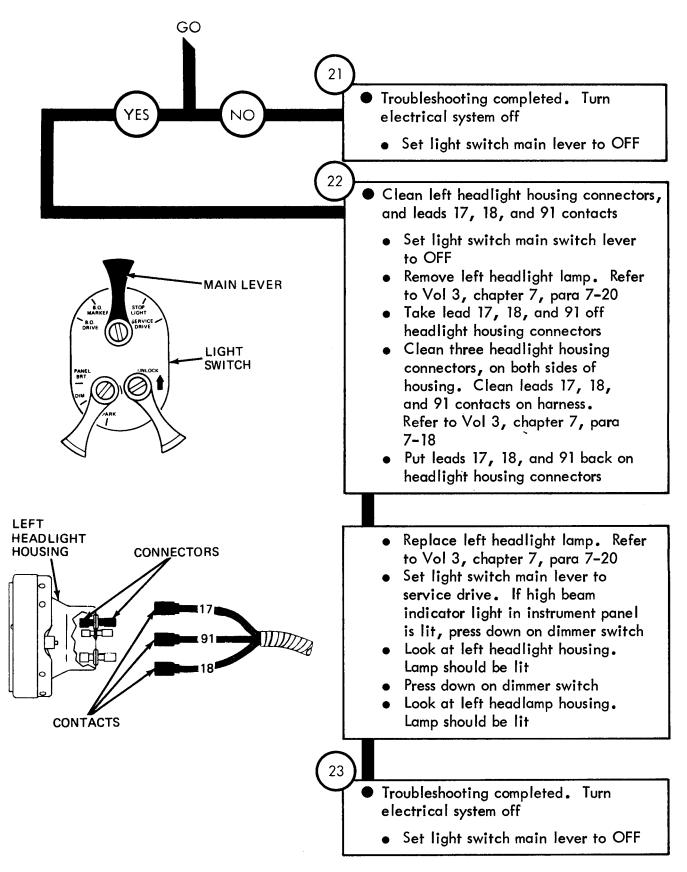
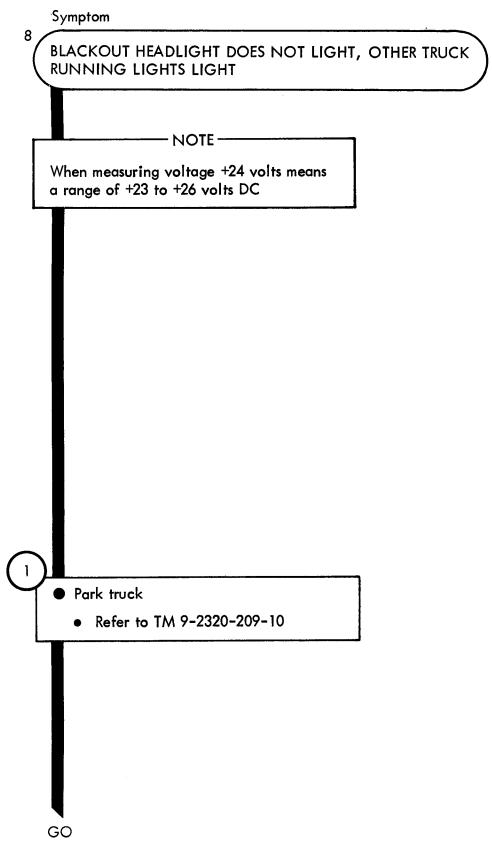


Figure 25-7 (Sheet 10 of 11)



TA 114288



TA 114289

Figure 25-8 (Sheet 1 of 6)

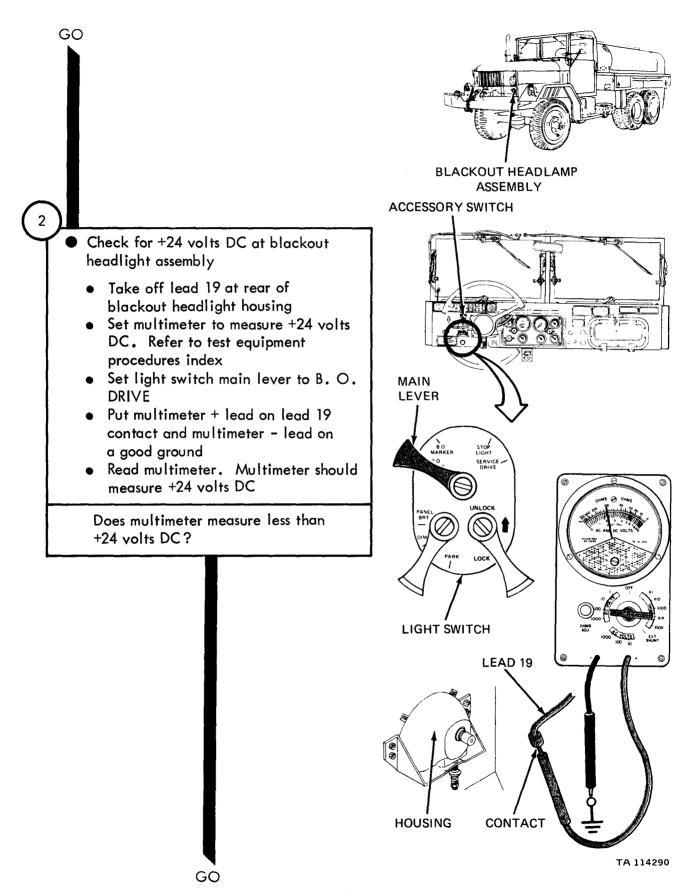


Figure 25-8 (Sheet 2 of 6)

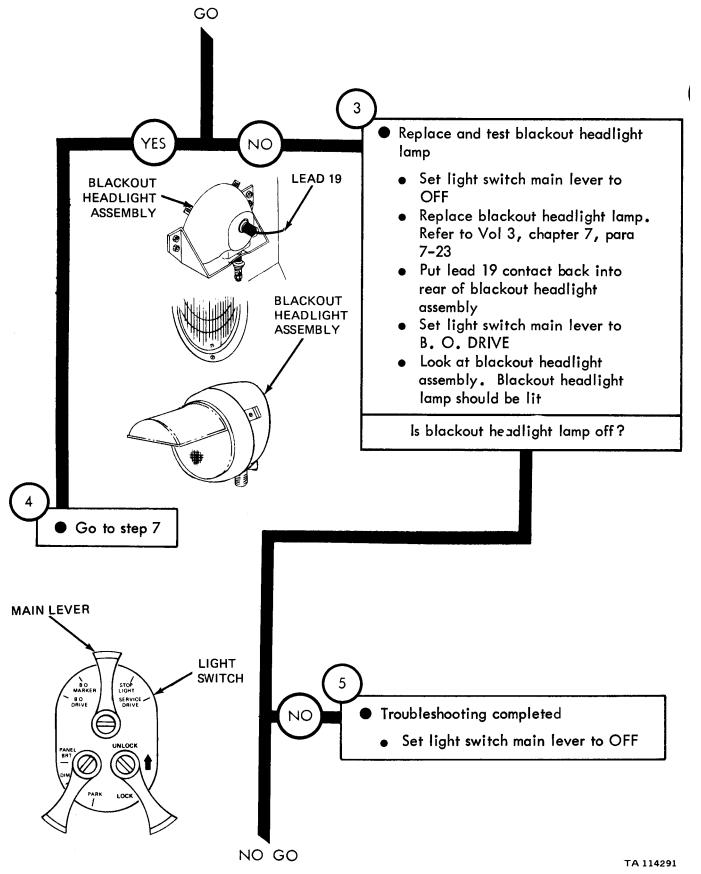
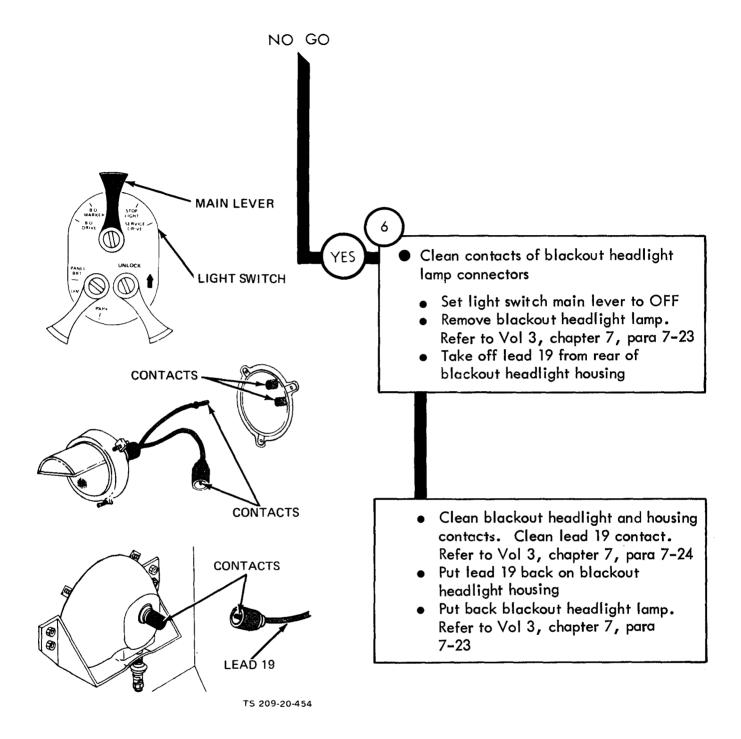


Figure 25-8 (Sheet 3 of 6)



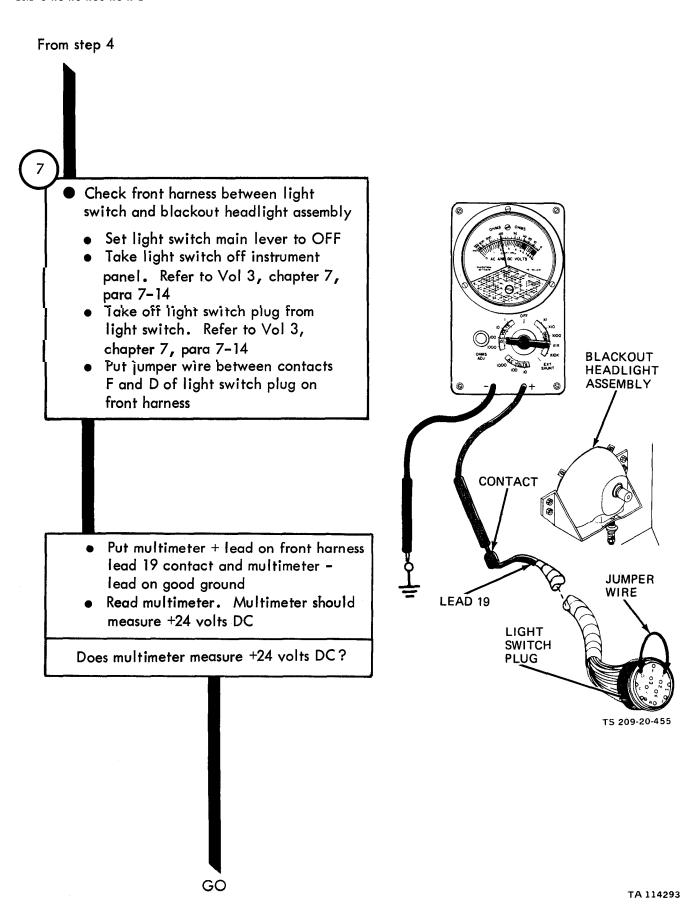
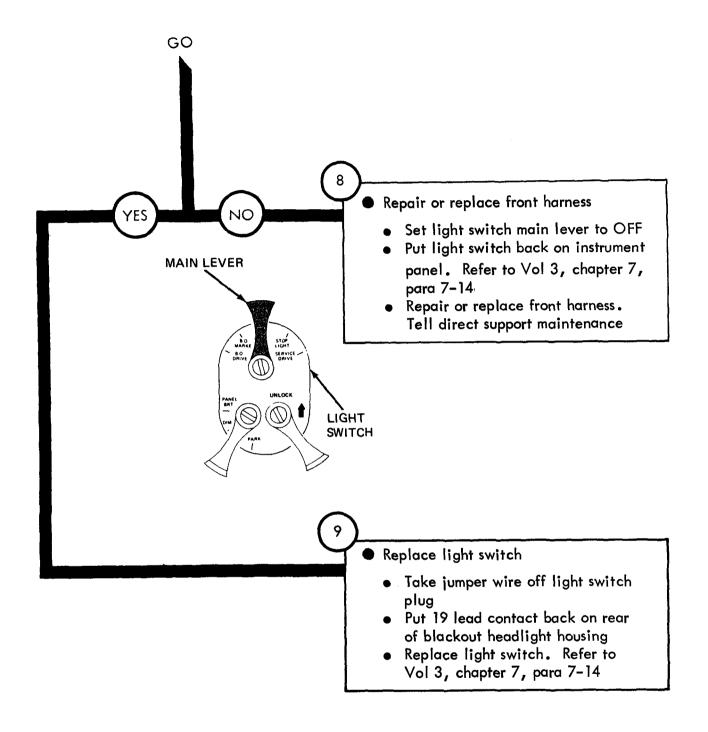


Figure 25-8 (Sheet 5 of 6)



## Symptom

ONE OR BOTH FRONT BLACKOUT MARKER LAMPS DO NOT LIGHT, OTHER TRUCK RUNNING LIGHTS LIGHT

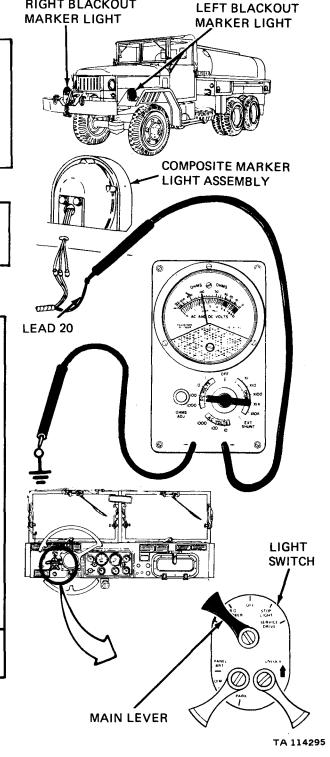
NOTE -

Do this procedure for each front blackout marker lamp that does not light

When checking voltage +24 volts DC means a range of +23 volts DC to +26 volts DC

- - Park truck
    - Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10
  - Check for +24 volts DC at front blackout marker lamp
    - Take off lead 20 at rear of front composite marker light assembly. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-40
    - Set multimeter to measure +24 volts DC. Refer to test equipment procedures index
    - Set light switch main lever to **B.O. MARKER**
    - Put multimeter + lead on lead 20 contact and - lead on a good ground
    - Read multimeter. Multimeter should measure +24 volts DC

Does multimeter measure less than +24 volts DC?



RIGHT BLACKOUT

Figure 25-9 (Sheet 1 of 5)

GO

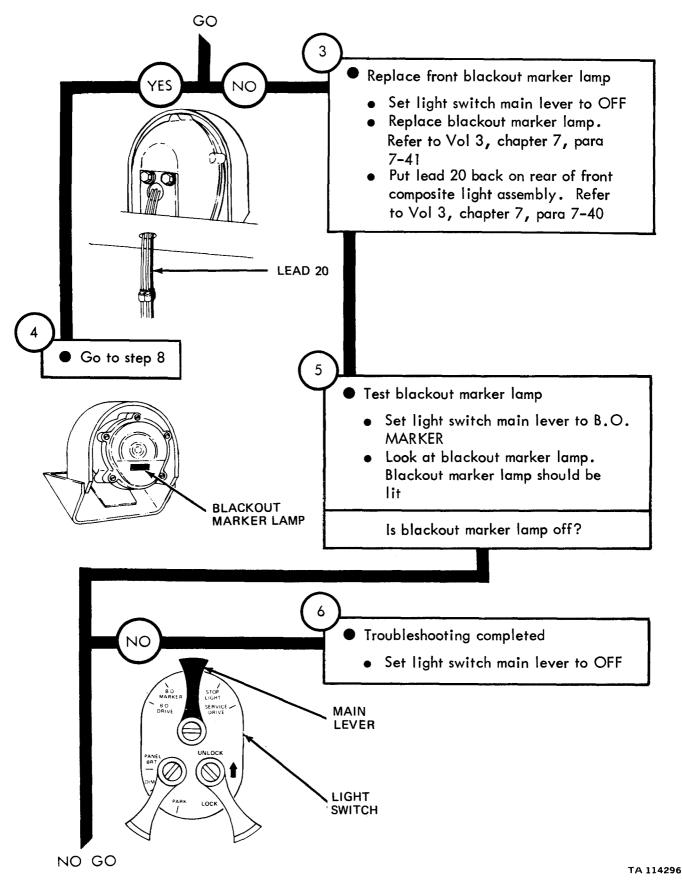
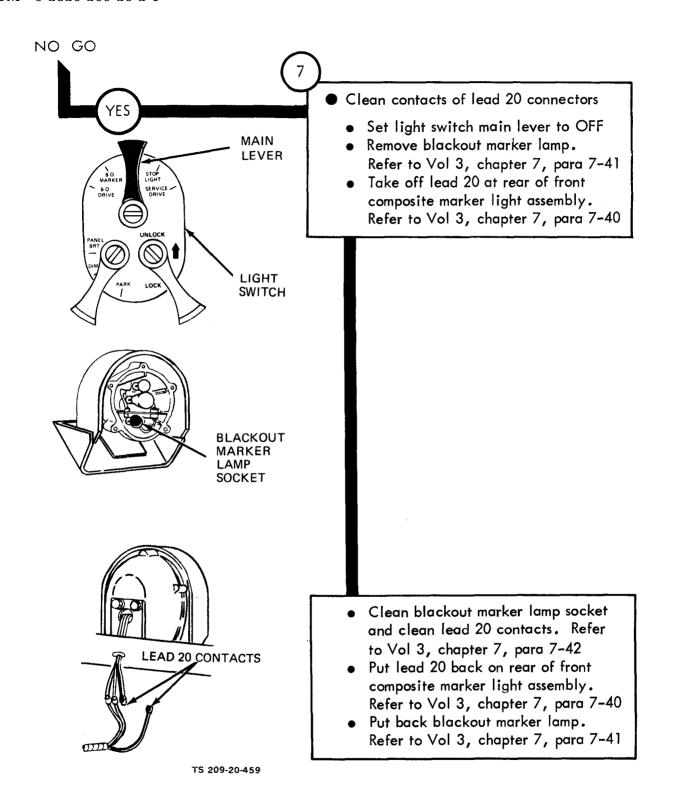


Figure 25-9 (Sheet 2 of 5)



## From step 4

8

- Check wiring harness between blackout marker lamp and light switch
  - Set light switch main lever to OFF
  - Take off light switch from instrument panel. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-14. Take off light switch plug from light switch
  - Put jumper wire between terminals
     F and E of light switch plug on front harness
  - Put multimeter + lead on front harness lead 20 contact and - lead on a good ground. Read multimeter Multimeter should measure +24 volts DC

Does multimeter measure +24 volts DC?

GO

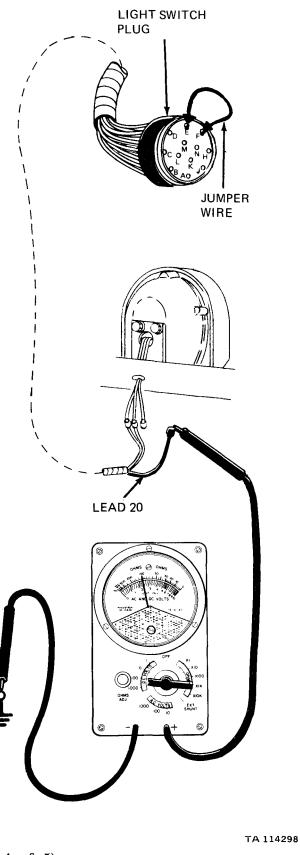
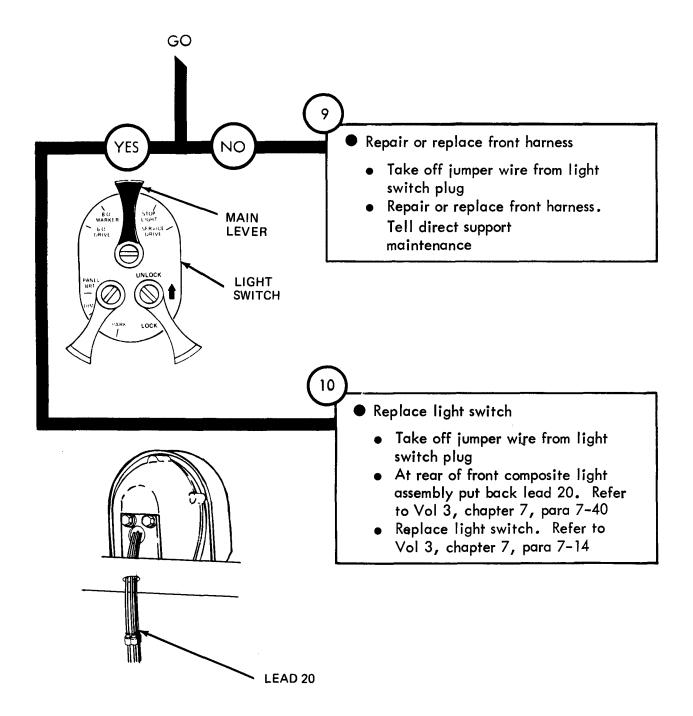
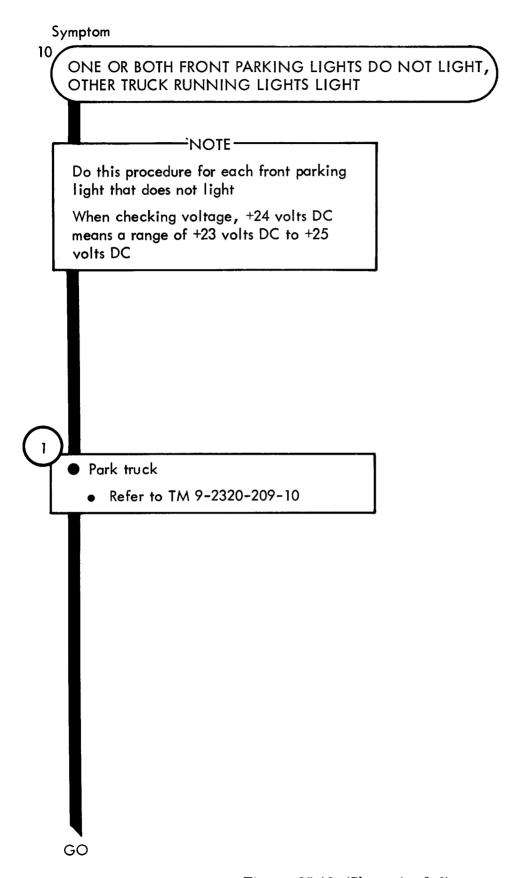


Figure 25-9 (Sheet 4 of 5)





TA 114300

Figure 25-10 (Sheet 1 of 6)

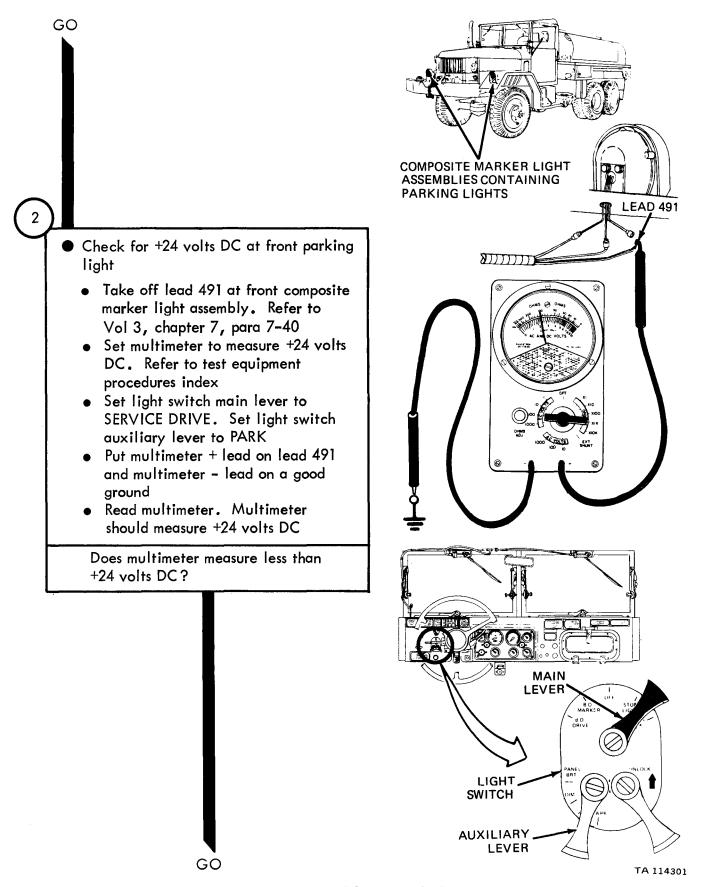


Figure 25-10 (Sheet 2 of 6)

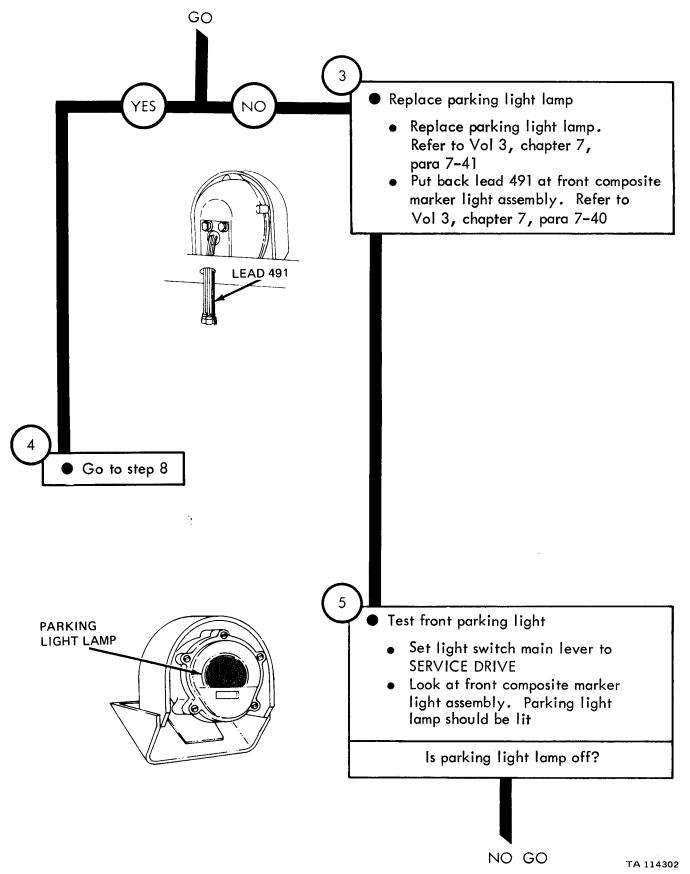
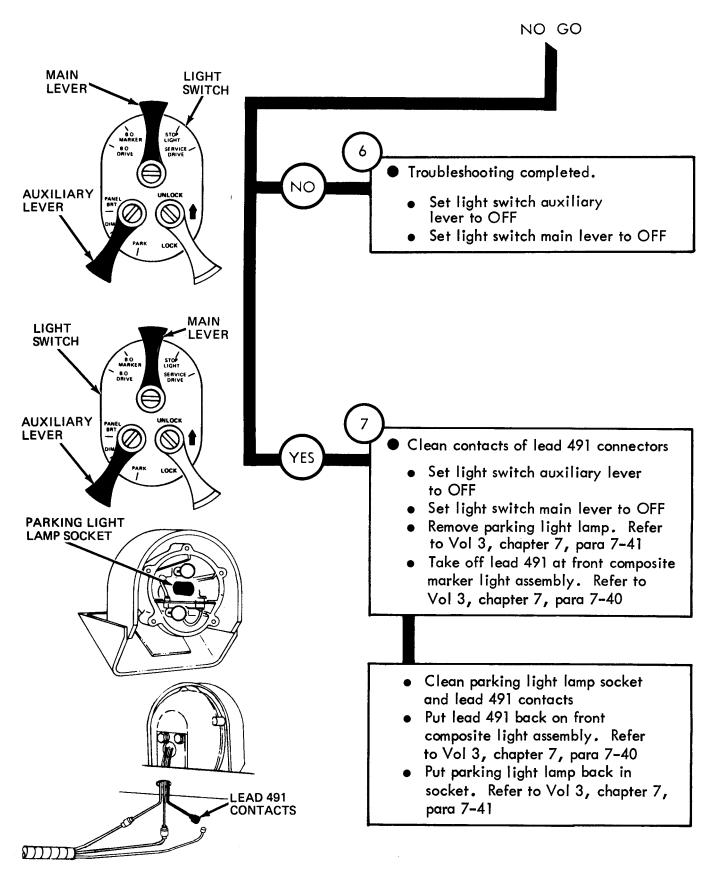


Figure 25-10 (Sheet 3 of 6)



TA 114303

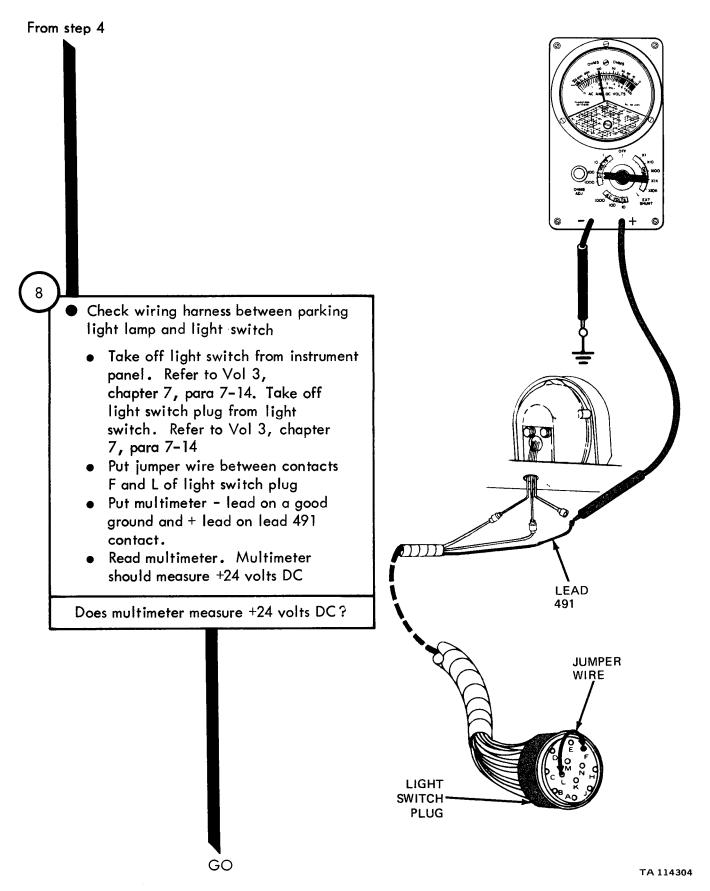
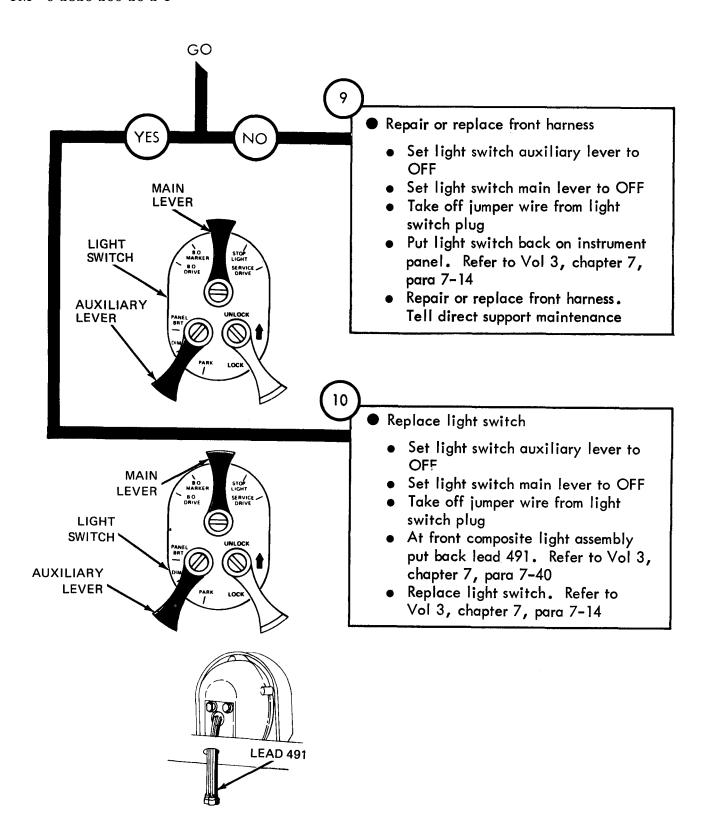


Figure 25-10 (Sheet 5 of 6)



## Symptom 11 ONE REAR SERVICE STOPLIGHT DOES NOT LIGHT, OTHER STOPLIGHT LIGHTS - NOTE -Two soldiers are needed to troubleshoot a stoplight. SOLDIER A sits in cab and operates controls. SOLDIER B makes voltage checks with the multimeter When checking voltage, +24 volts DC means a range of +23 volts DC to +26 volts DC Park truck • Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 • Check for +24 volts DC at stoplight COVER **SCREW** SOLDIER B: • Using 9/16-inch wrench, unscrew and take off four screws with washers from rear composite marker assembly Take off cover Take off lead 22-461 (left service stoplight) or lead 22-460 (right LEAD 22-461 service stoplight) (LEFT STOPLIGHT) OR LEAD 22-460 (RIGHT STOPLIGHT)

Figure 25-11 (Sheet 1 of 10)

GO

TA 114306

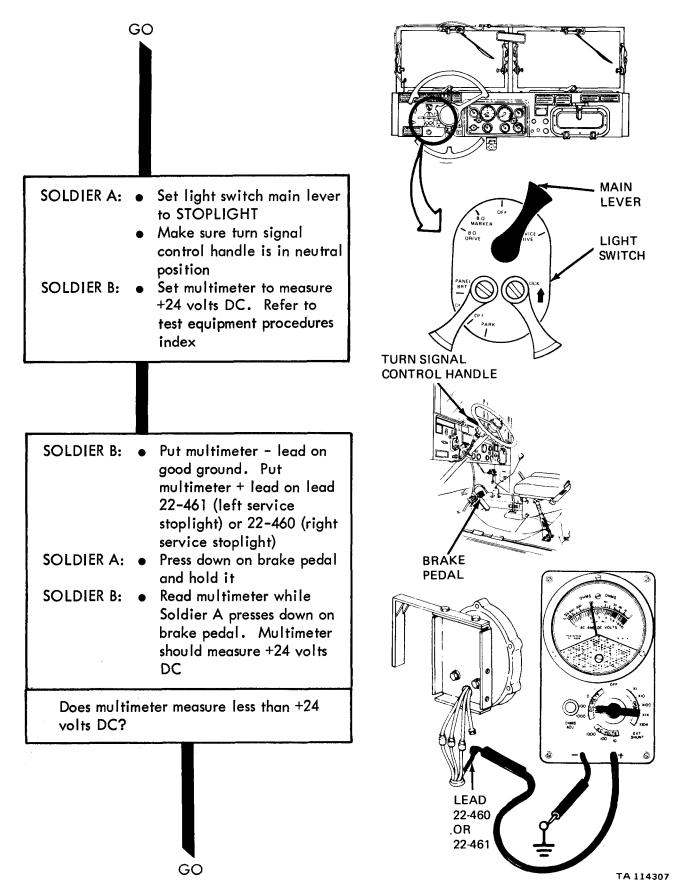


Figure 25-11 (Sheet 2 of 10)

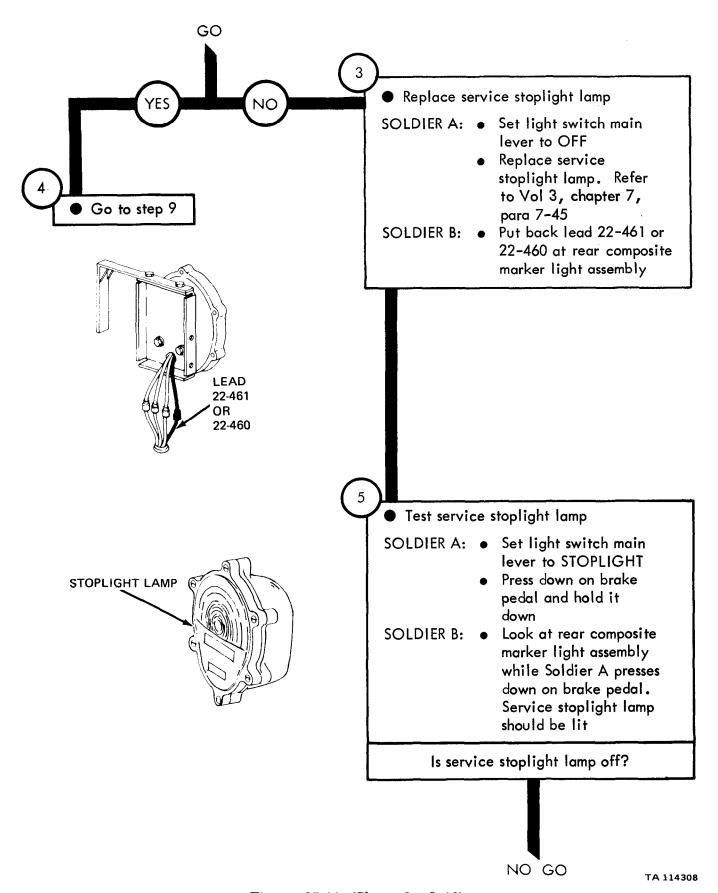


Figure 25-11 (Sheet 3 of 10)

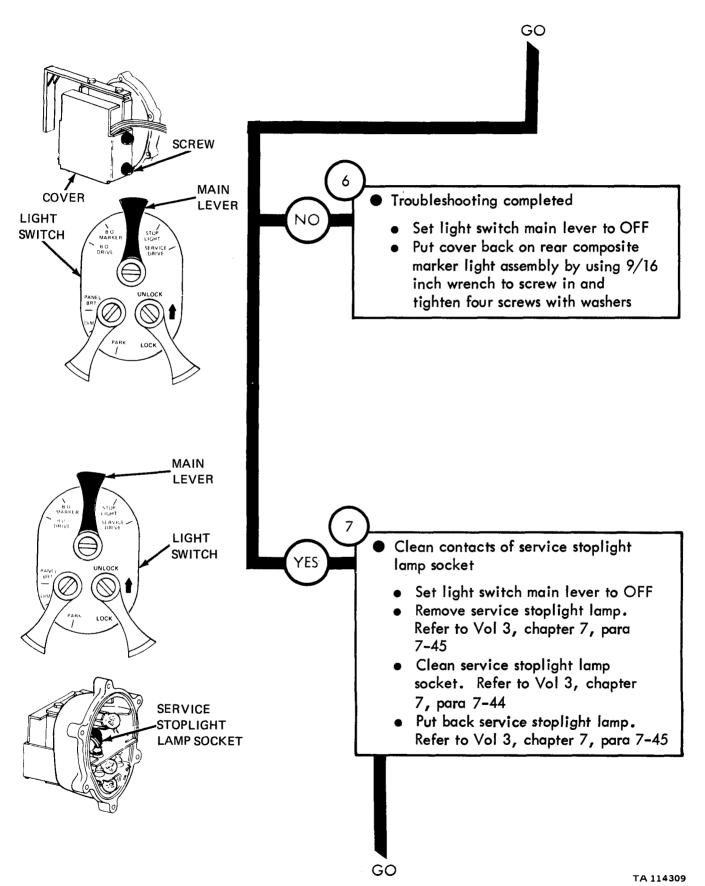
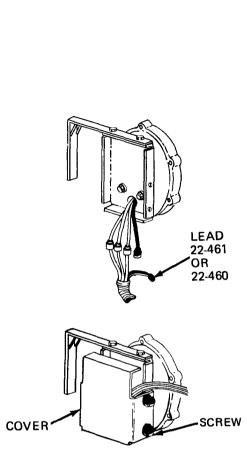
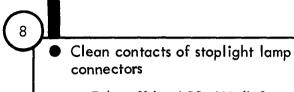


Figure 25-11 (Sheet 4 of 10)





GO

- Take off lead 22-461 (left service stoplight) or 22-460 (right service stoplight)
- Clean lead 22-461 or 22-460 contact
- Push lead 22-461 or 22-460 into connector
- Put cover back on rear composite marker light assembly by using 9/16inch wrench to screw in and tighten four screws with washers

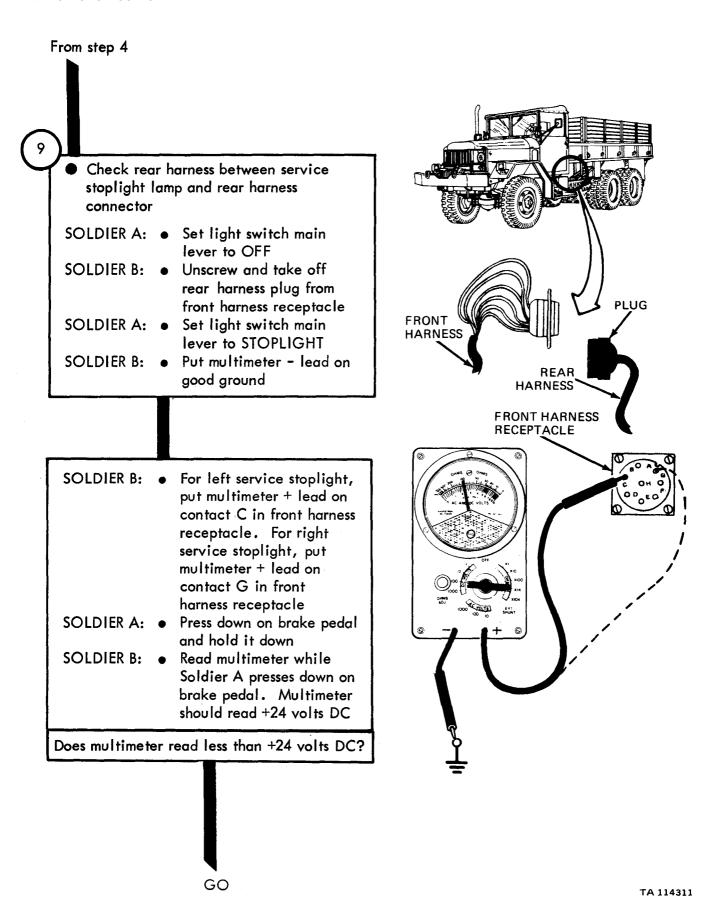


Figure 25-11 (Sheet 6 of 10)

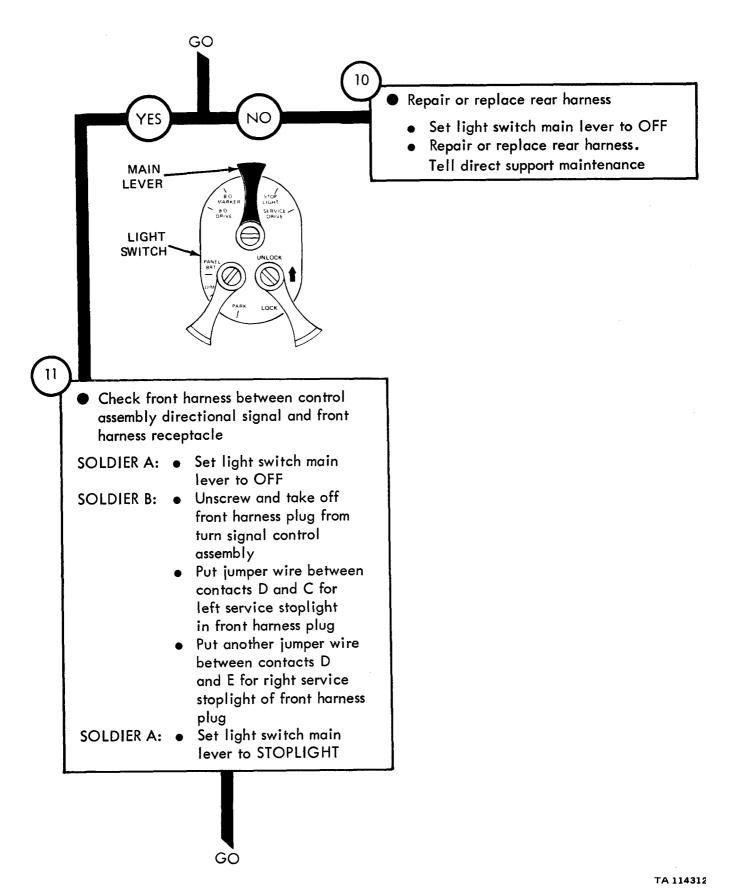


Figure 25-11 (Sheet 7 of 10)

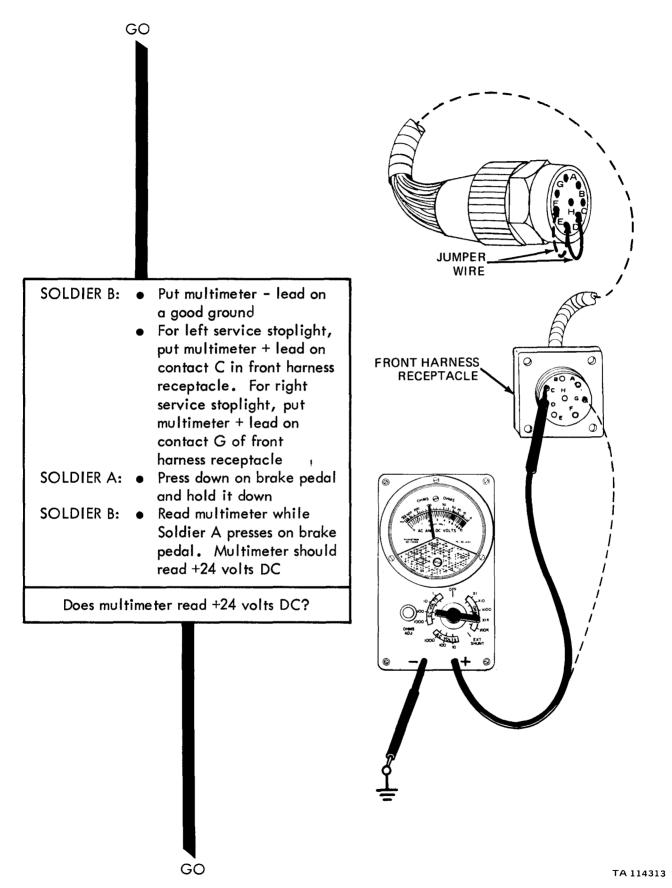


Figure 25-11 (Sheet 8 of 10)

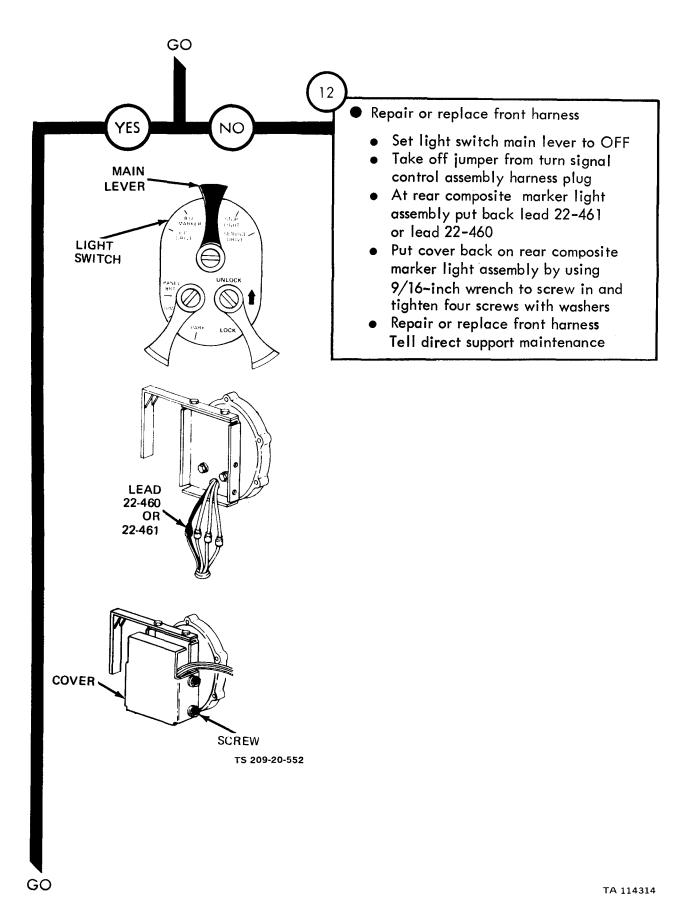
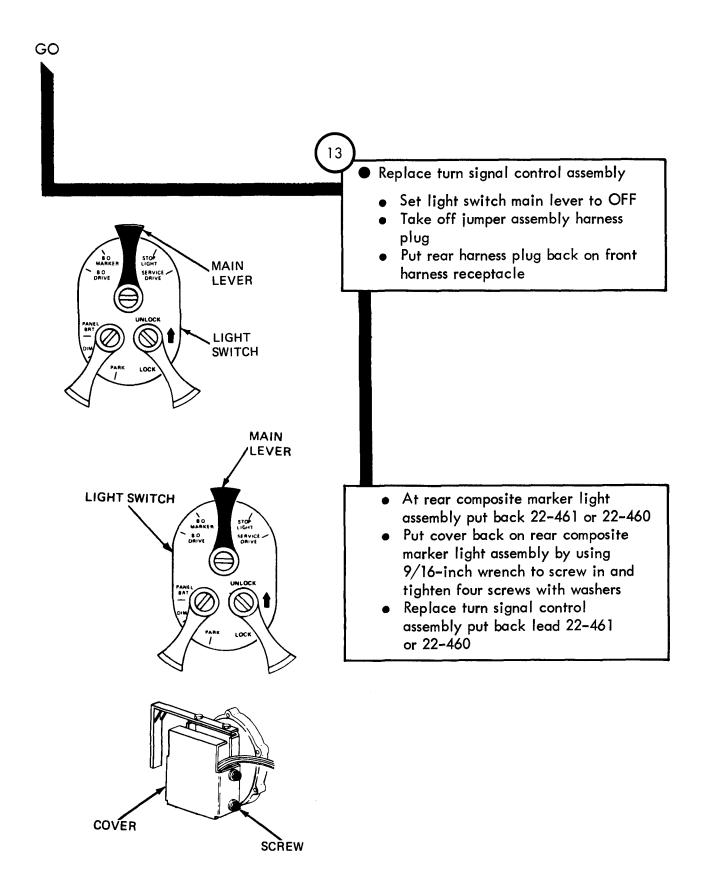


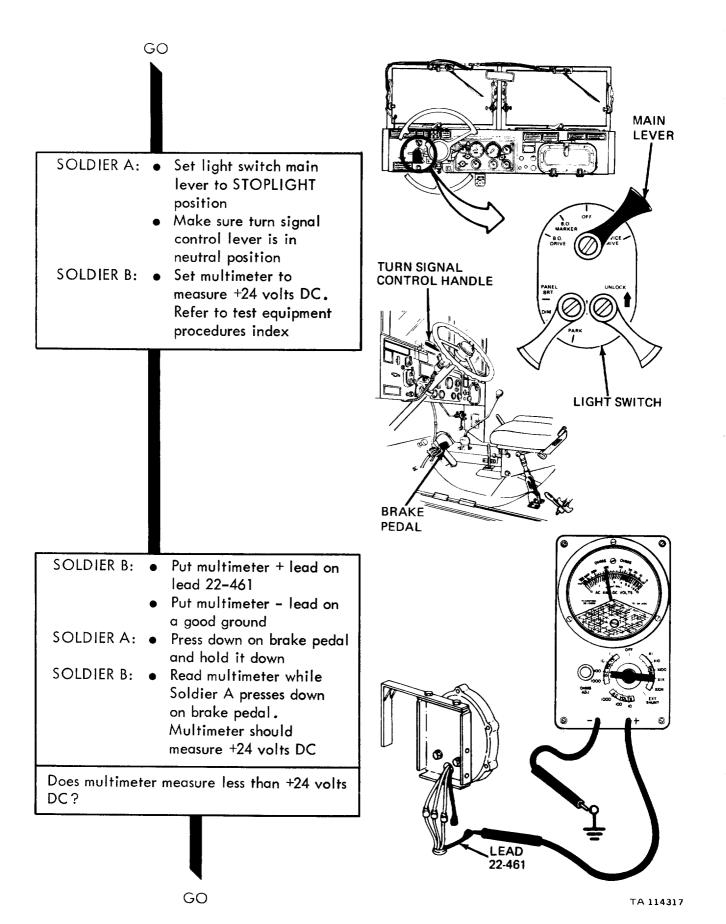
Figure 25-11 (Sheet 9 of 10)



TA 114315

## Symptom BOTH SERVICE STOPLIGHTS DO NOT LIGHT, OTHER TRUCK RUNNING LIGHTS LIGHT - NOTE -Two soldiers are needed to troubleshoot rear service stoplights. Soldier A sits in the cab and operates the controls. Soldier B makes voltage checks with the multimeter When checking voltage, +24 volts DC means a range of +23 to +26 volts DC Park truck Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 Check for +24 volts DC at left service stoplight SOLDIER B: • Using 9/16-inch wrench, unscrew and take off four screws with washers from left rear composite marker assembly Take off cover Take off lead 22-461 COVER SCREW **LEAD 22/461** GO TA 114316

Figure 25-12 (Sheet 1 of 15)



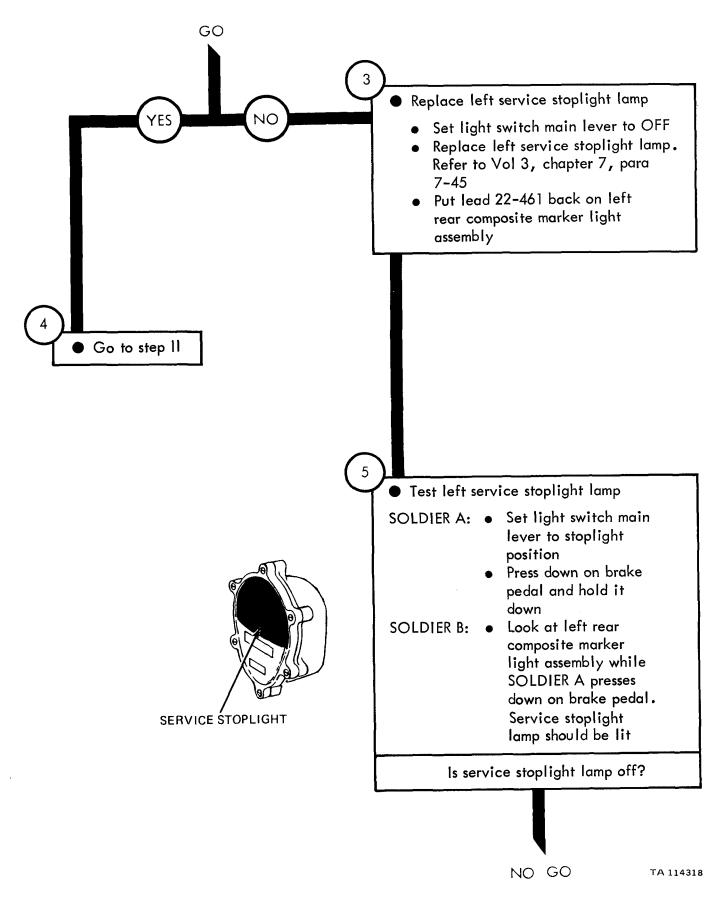


Figure 25-12 (Sheet 3 of 15)

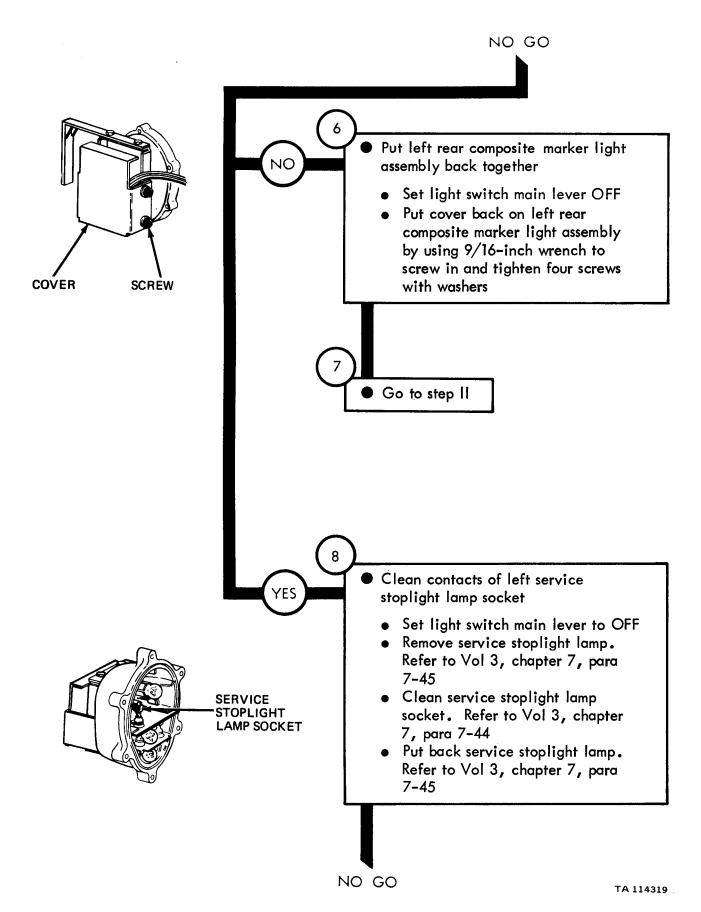
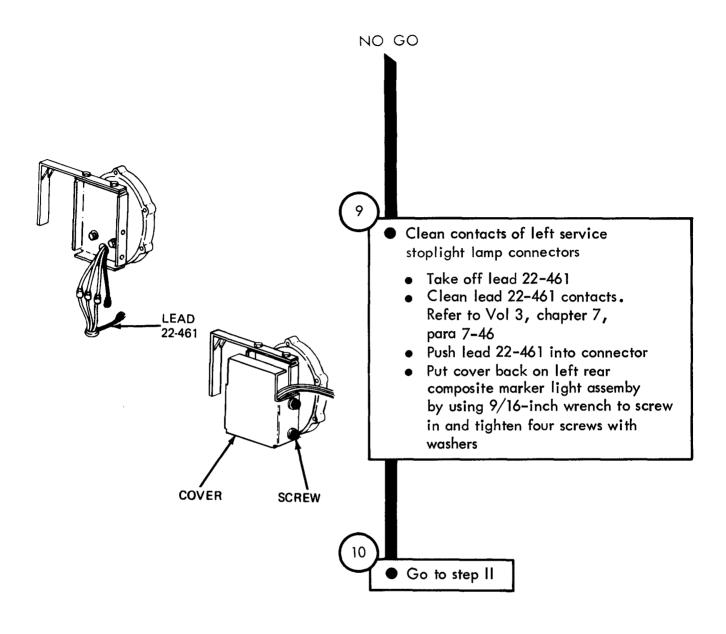


Figure 25-12 (Sheet 4 of 15)



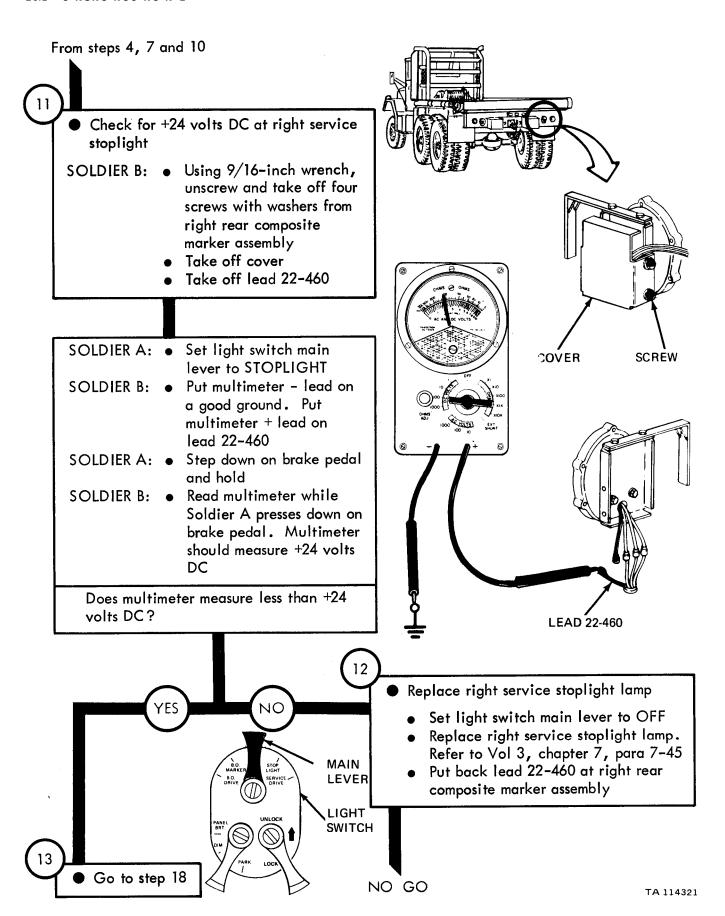


Figure 25-12 (Sheet 6 of 15)

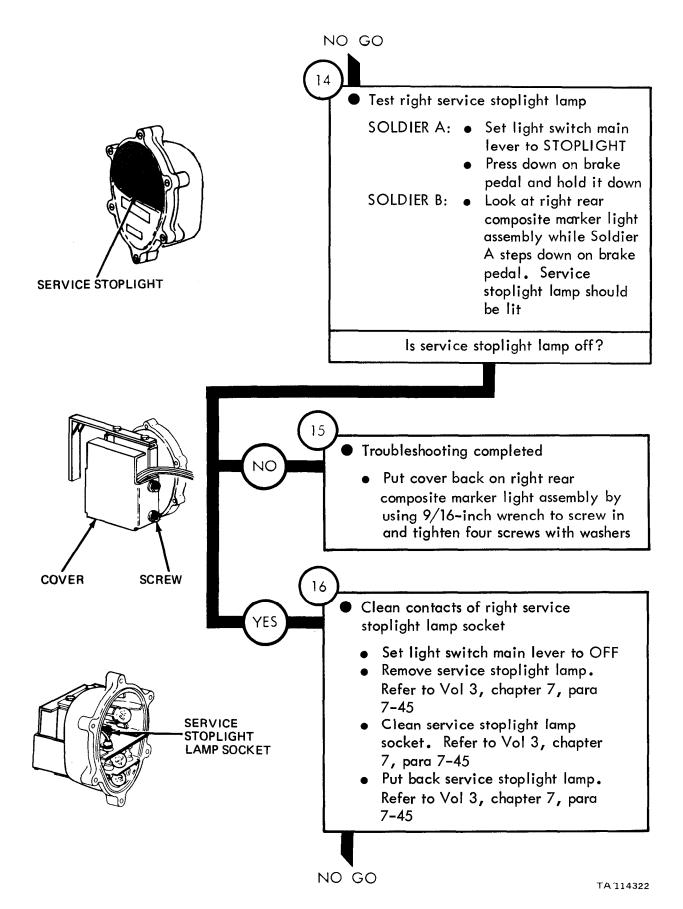


Figure 25-12 (Sheet 7 of 15)

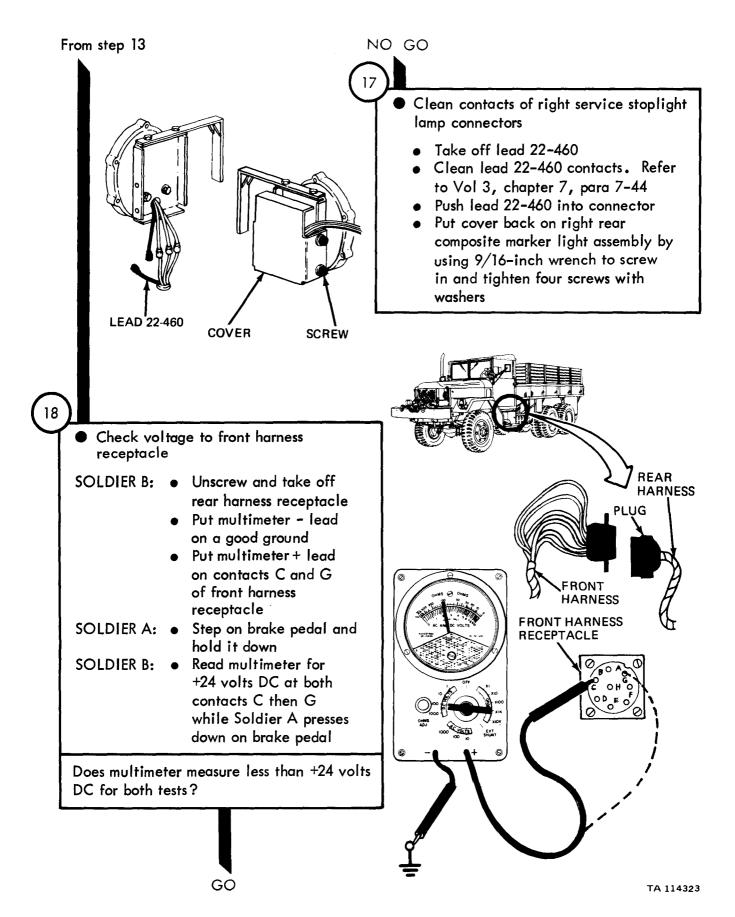


Figure 25-12 (Sheet 8 of 15)

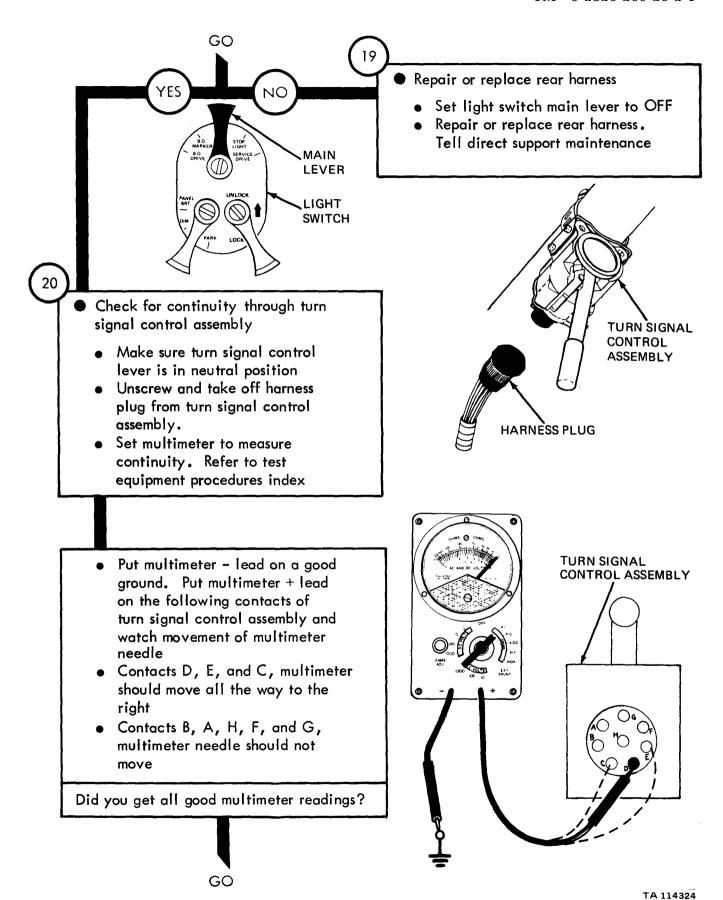


Figure 25-12 (Sheet 9 of 15)

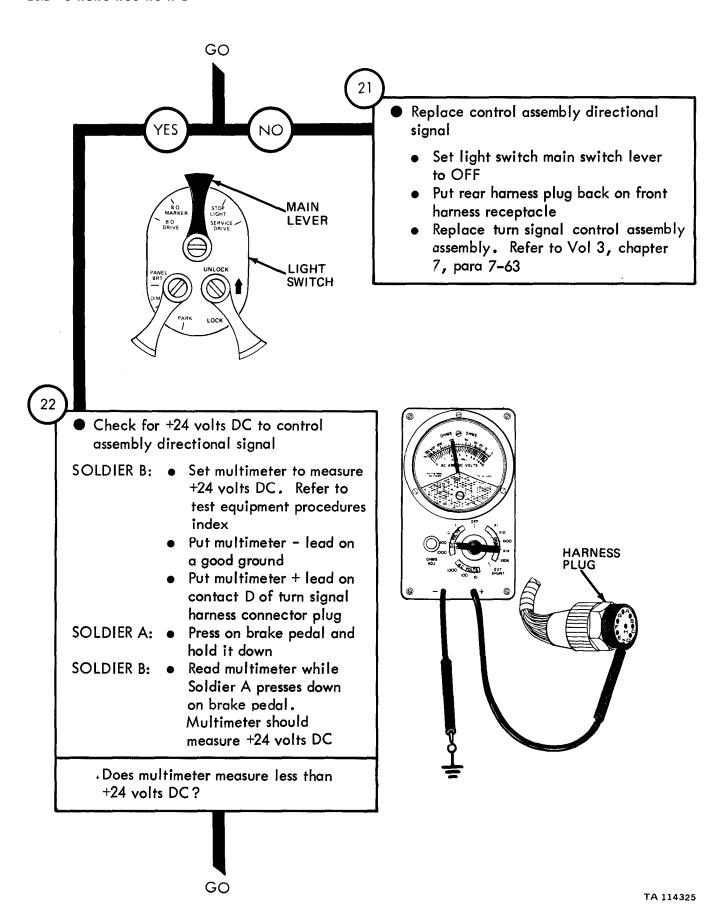
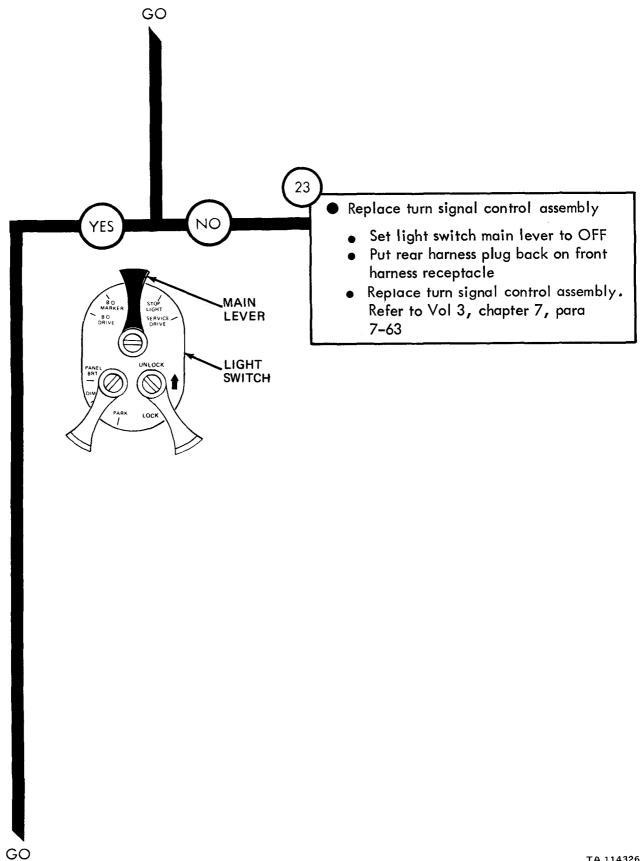


Figure 25-12 (Sheet 10 of 15)



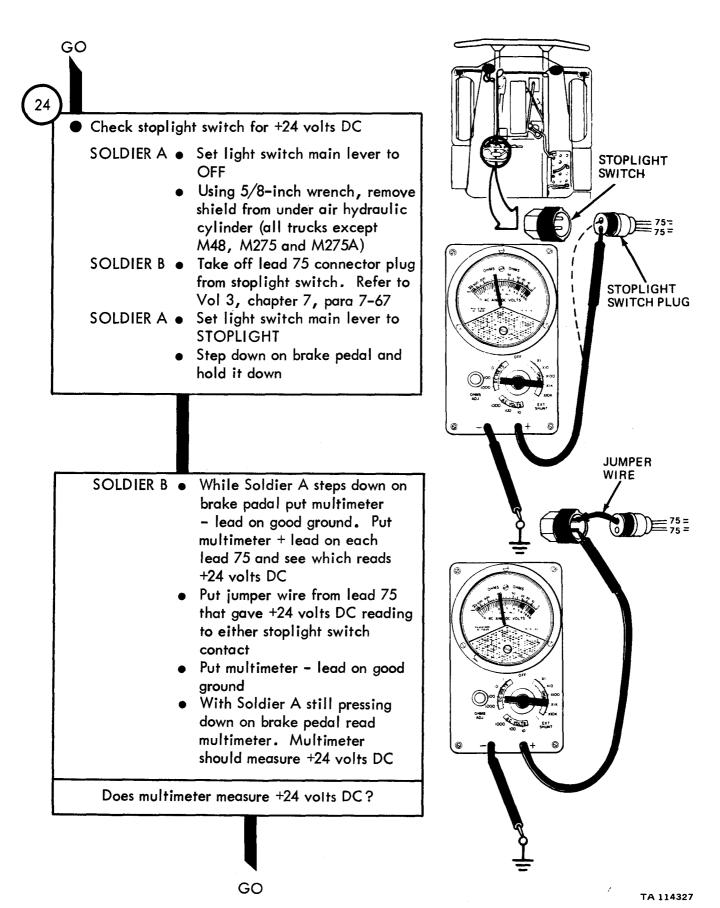


Figure 25-12 (Sheet 12 of 15)

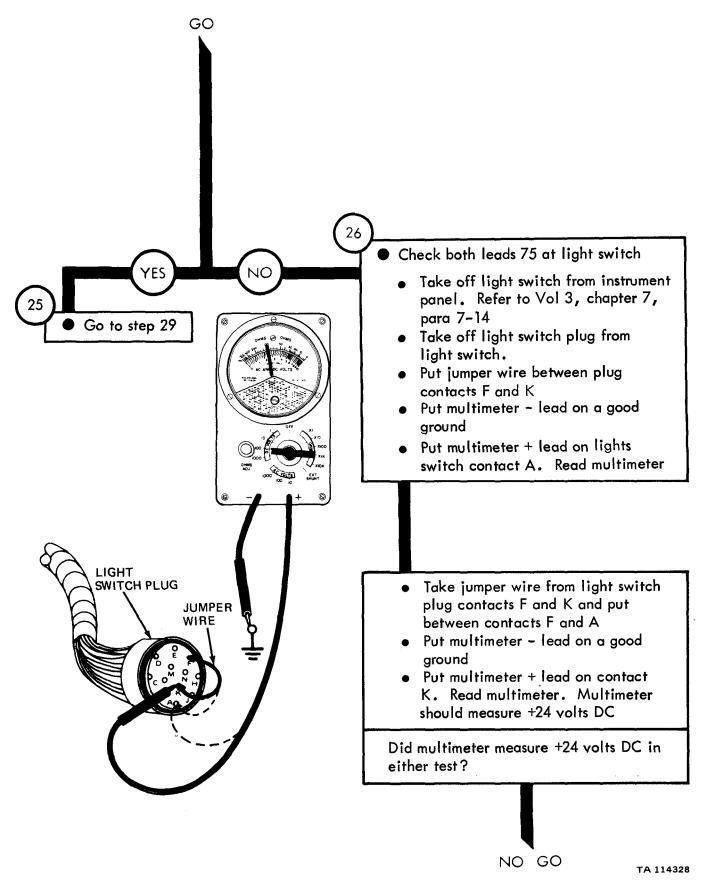
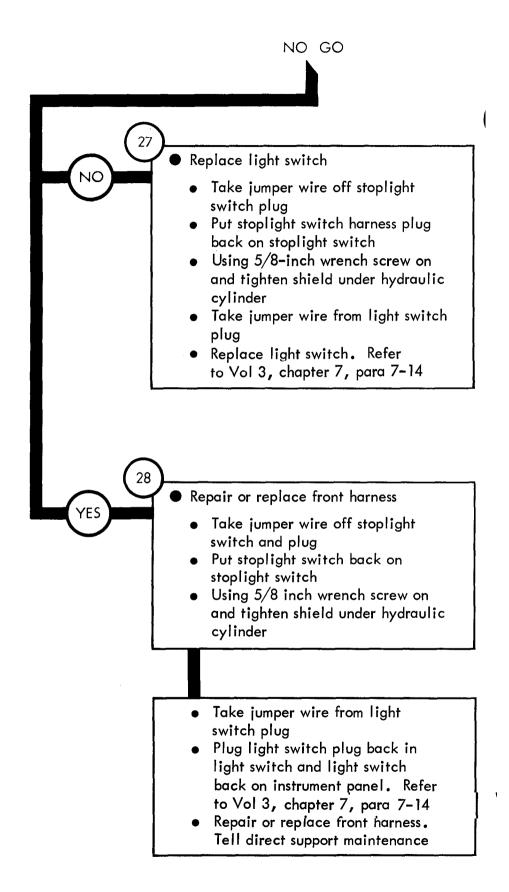


Figure 25-12 (Sheet 13 of 15)



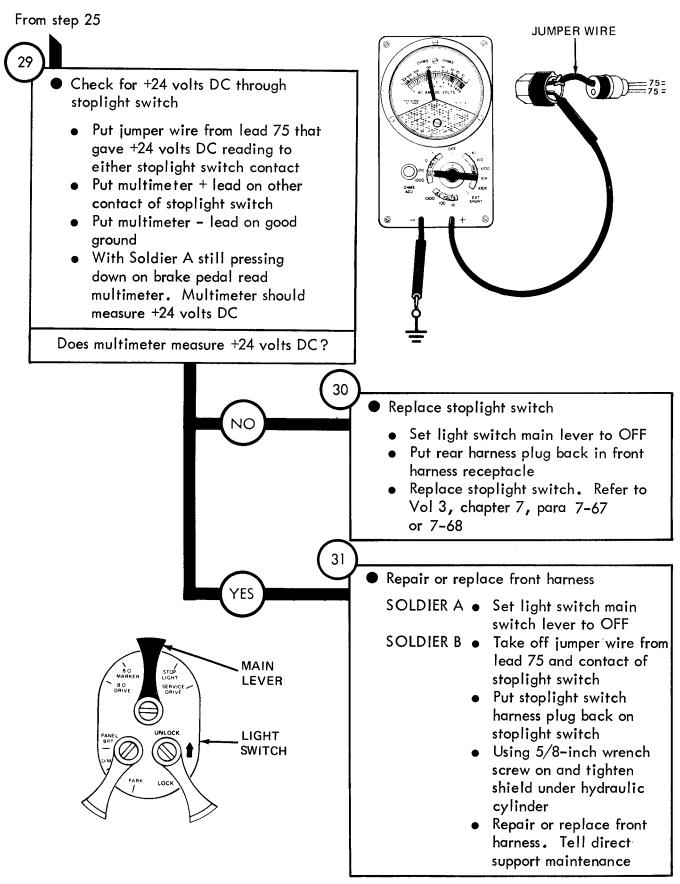


Figure 25-12 (Sheet 15 of 15)

Symptom 13 ONE BLACKOUT STOPLIGHT DOES NOT LIGHT, OTHER BLACKOUT STOPLIGHT LIGHTS -NOTE <del>-</del> Two soldiers are needed to troubleshoot a blackout stoplight. Soldier A sits in the cab and operates the controls. Soldier B makes voltage checks with the multimeter When checking voltage +24 volts DC means a range od +23 volts DC to +26 volts DC 1 Park truck • Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 2 • Check for +24 volts DC at bad blackout stoplight COVER SOLDIER B: • Using 9/16-inch wrench, unscrew and take off four screws with washers from rear composite marker assembly **SCREW** • Take off cover • Take off lead 23 REAR COMPOSITE MARKER LIGHT **ASSEMBLY** GO TA 114331

Figure 25-13 (Sheet 1 of 5)

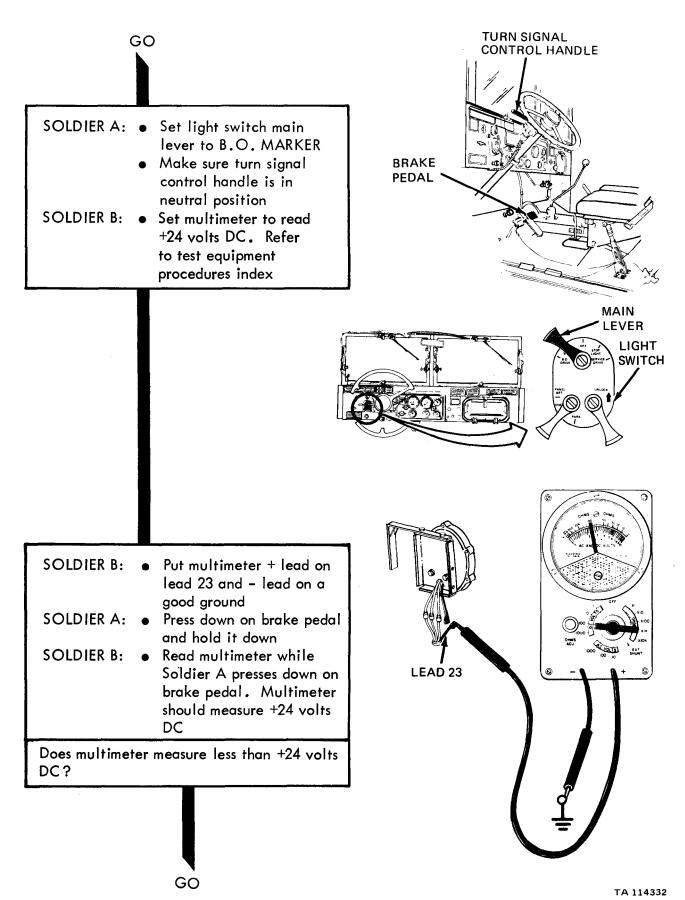


Figure 25-13 (Sheet 2 of 5)

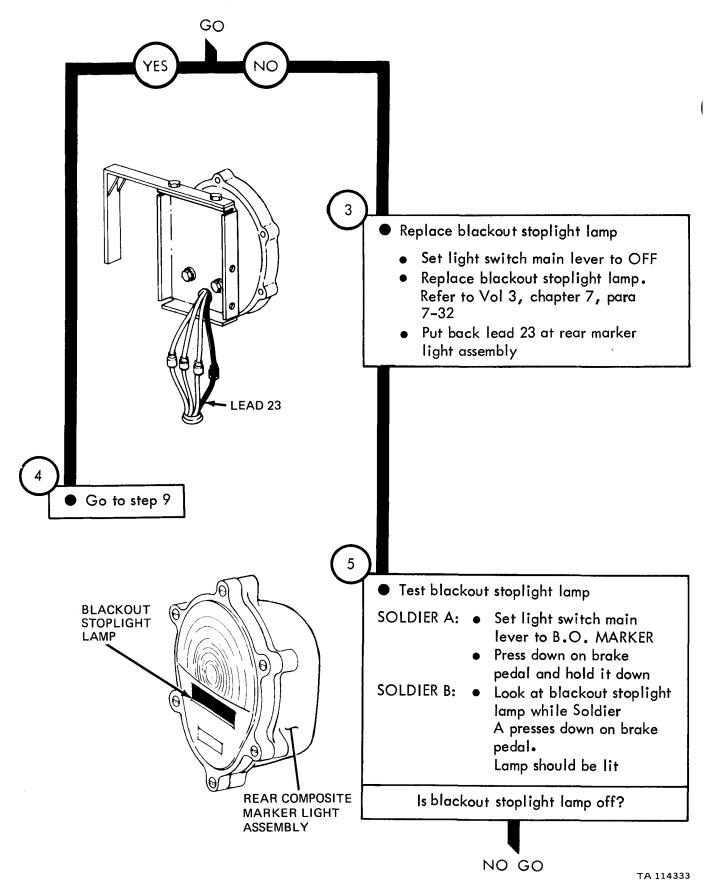
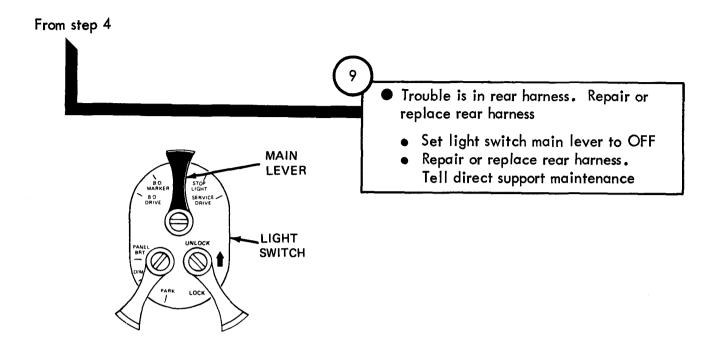


Figure 25-13 (Sheet 3 of 5)

NO GO Troubleshooting completed NO Set light switch main lever to OFF Put cover back on rear composite MAIN LIGHT **LEVER SWITCH** marker light assembly by using REAR COMPOSITE 9/16-inch wrench to screw in and MARKER LIGHT **ASSEMBLY** tighten four screws with washers COVER **SCREW** Clean contacts of blackout stoplight lamp socket Set light switch main lever to OFF MAIN Remove blackout stoplight lamp. LEVER Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-32 Clean blackout stoplight lamp socket. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-33 Put back blackout stoplight lamp. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para **BLACKOUT STOPLIGHT** LIGHT 7-32 LAMP SOCKET **SWITCH** 8 Clean contacts of blackout stoplight lamp connectors Take off lead 23 from rear of rear composite marker assembly Clean lead 23 contacts. Refer LEAD 23 to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-33 Push lead 23 into connector COVER\* Put cover back on rear composite marker light assembly by using **SCREW** 9/16-inch wrench to screw in and tighten four screws with washers



## Symptom 14 BOTH BLACKOUT STOPLIGHTS DO NOT LIGHT, OTHER TRUCK RUNNING LIGHTS LIGHT -NOTE-Two soldiers are needed to troubleshoot the blackout stoplights. Soldier A sits in the cab and operates the controls. Soldier B makes voltage checks with the multimeter When checking voltage, +24 volts DC means a range of +23 to +26 volts DC Park truck • Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 • Check for +24 volts DC at left blackout stoplight SOLDIER B: • Using 9/16-inch wrench, unscrew four screws with washers from left rear composite COVER SCREW marker assembly Take off cover Take off lead 23 from left rear composite marker assembly GO

Figure 25-14 (Sheet 1 of 24)

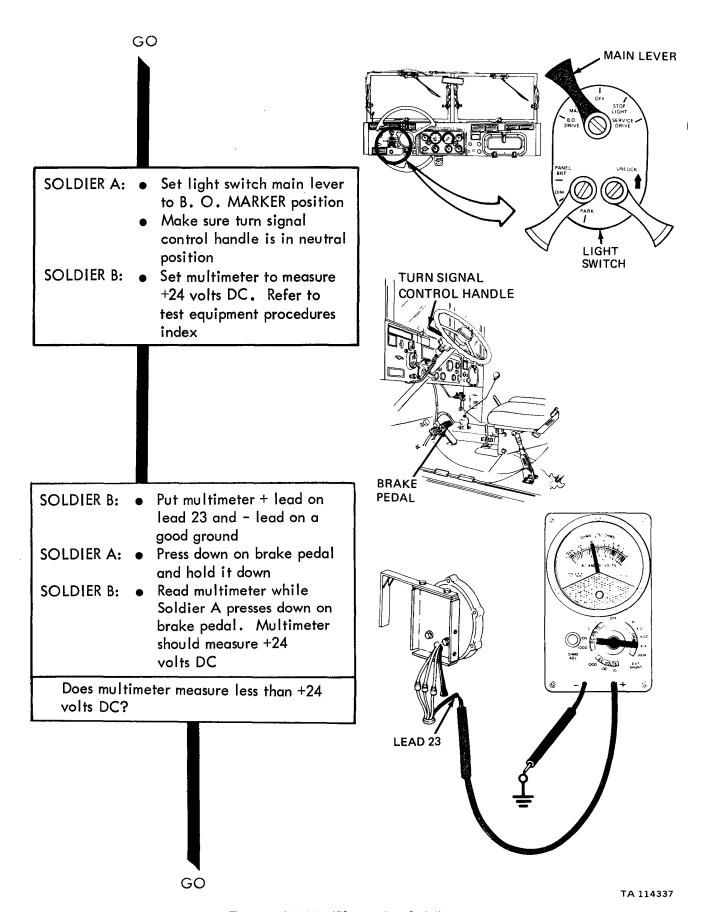


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 2 of 24)

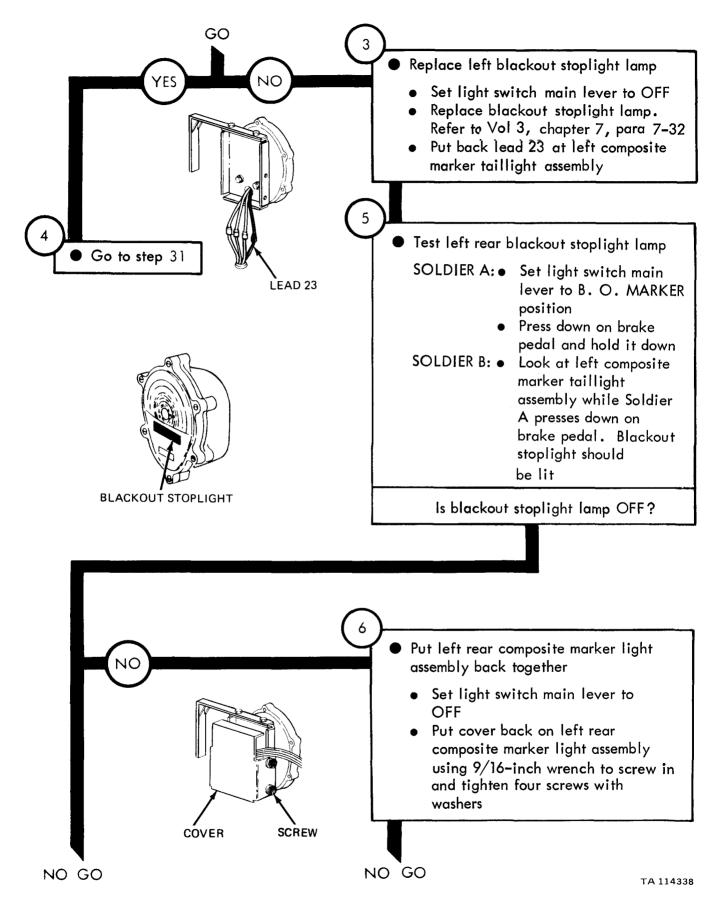


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 3 of 24)

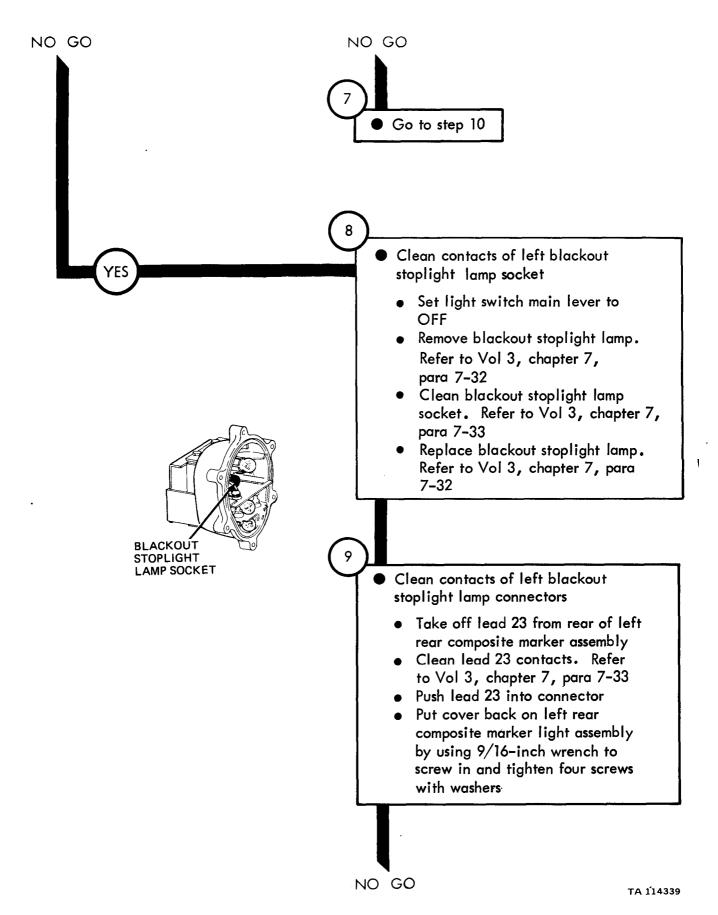


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 4 of 24)

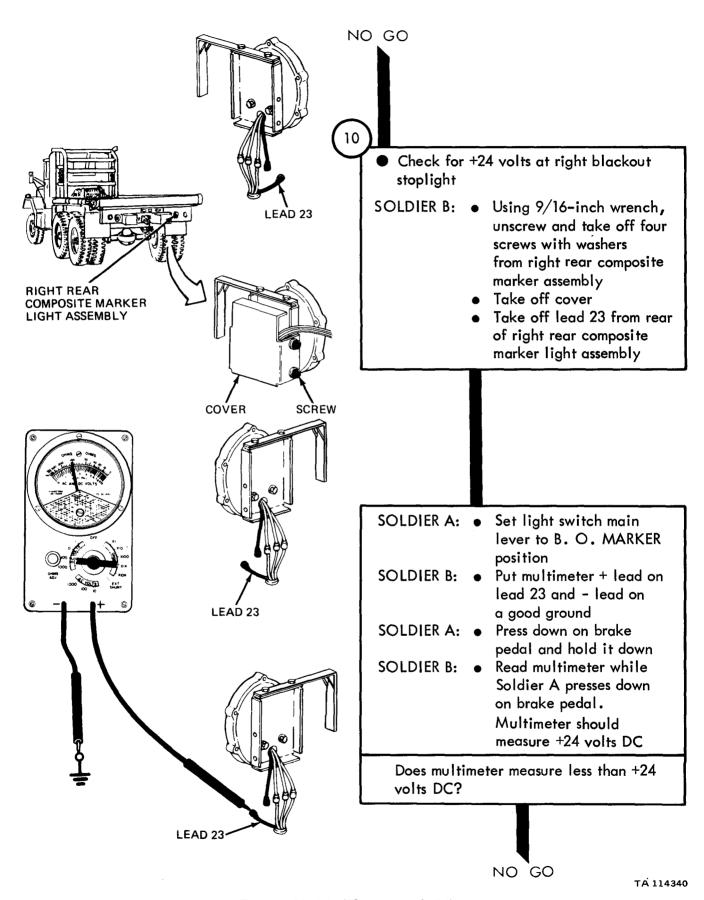


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 5 of 24)

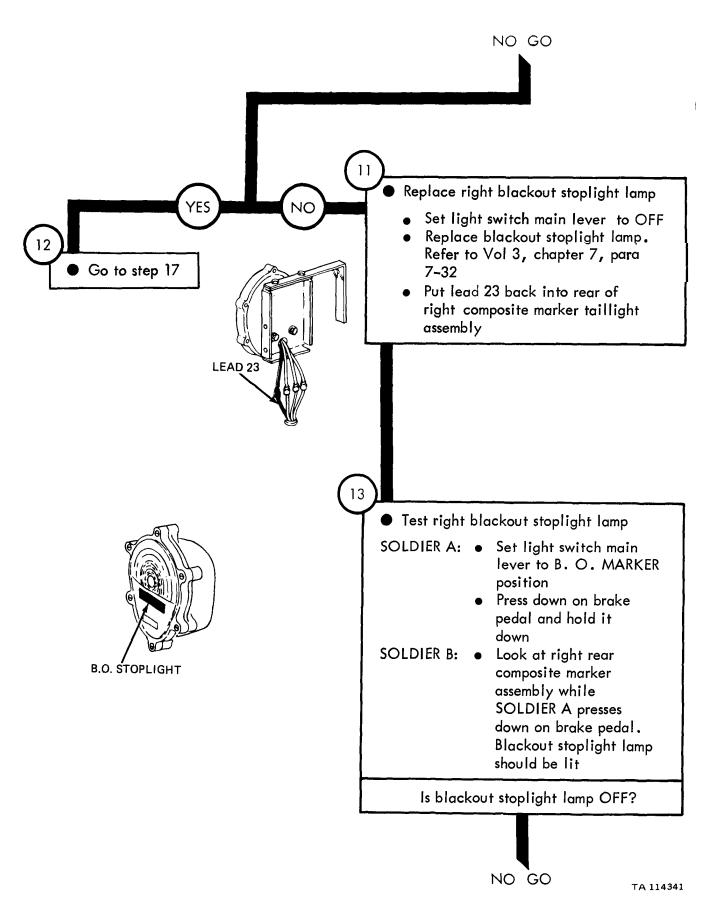


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 6 of 24)

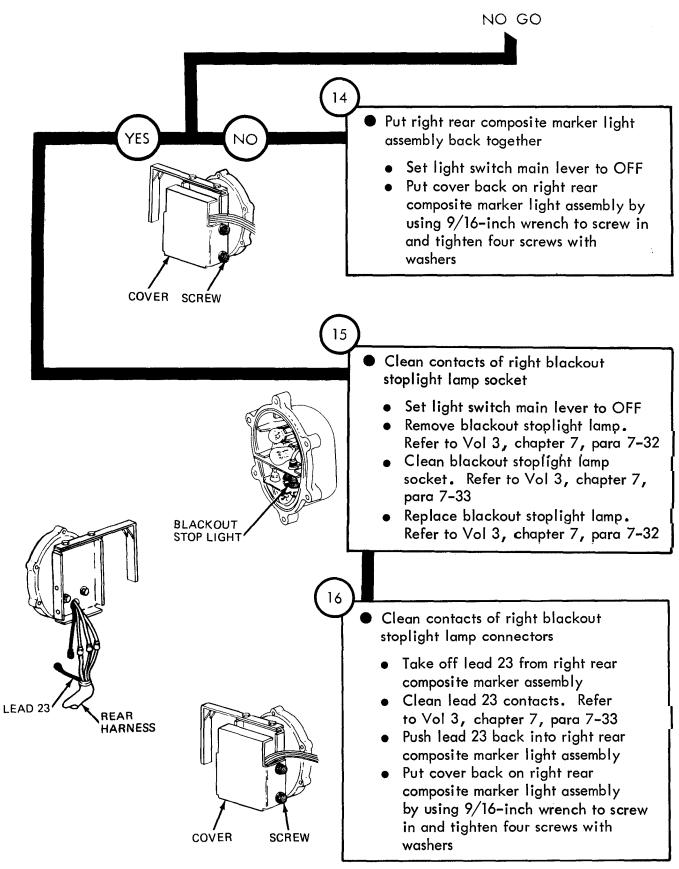


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 7 of 24)

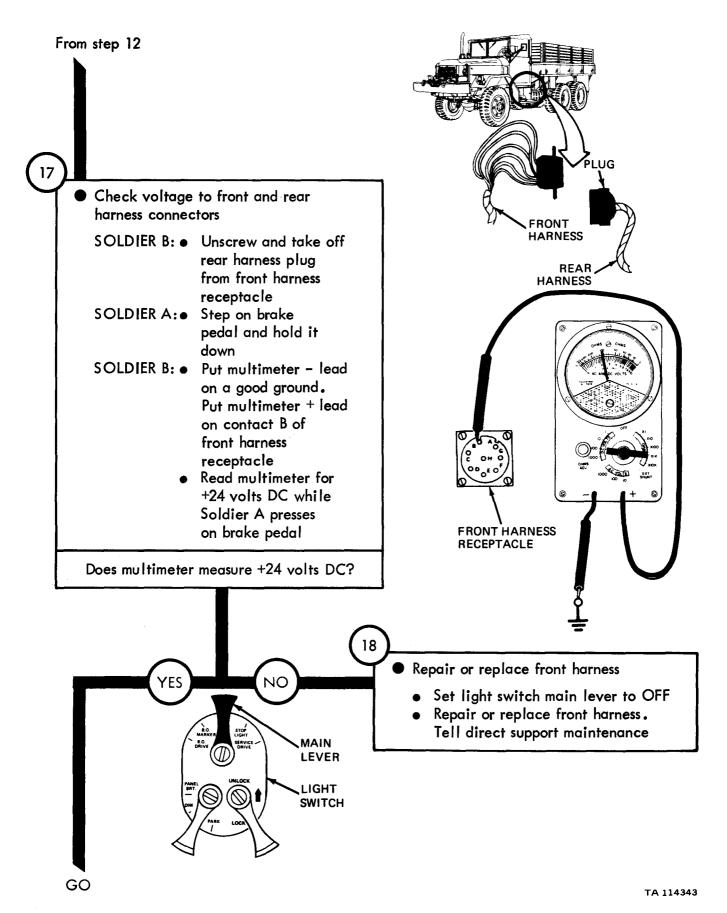


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 8 of 24)

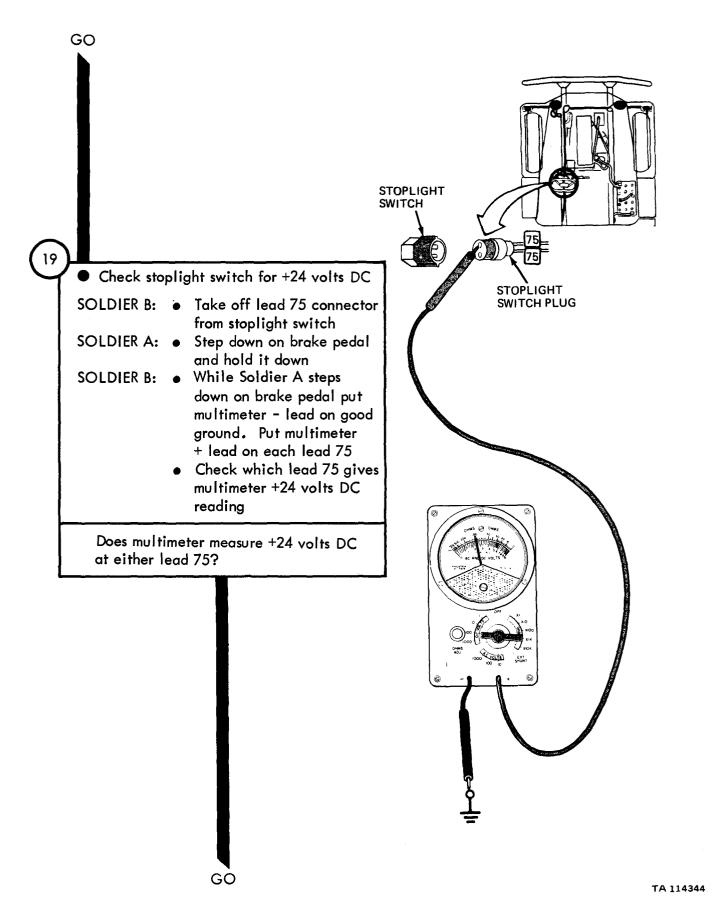


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 9 of 24)

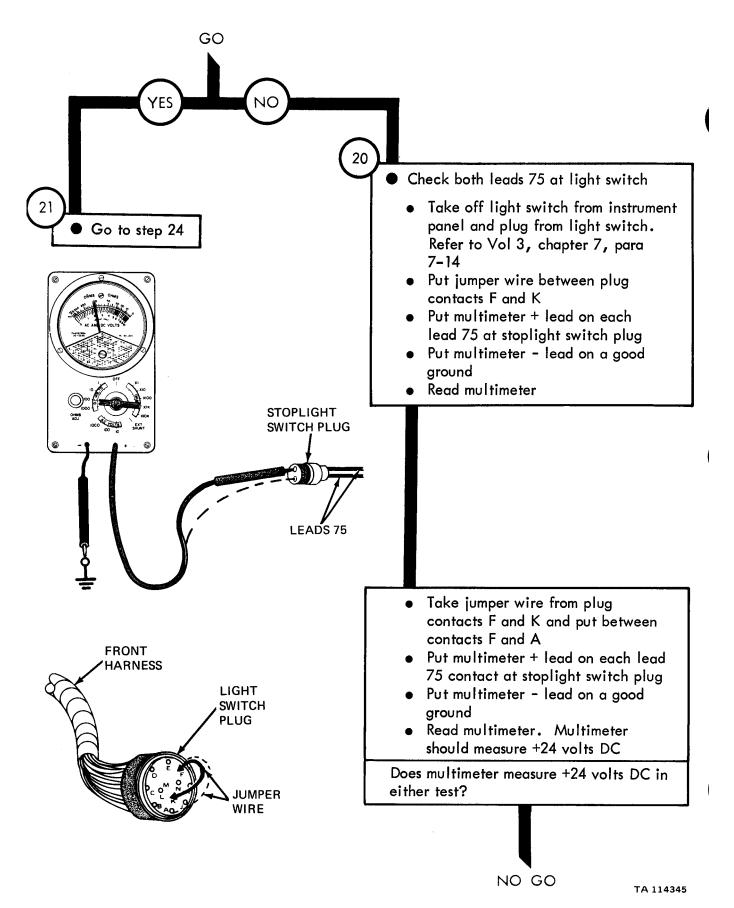


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 10 of 24)

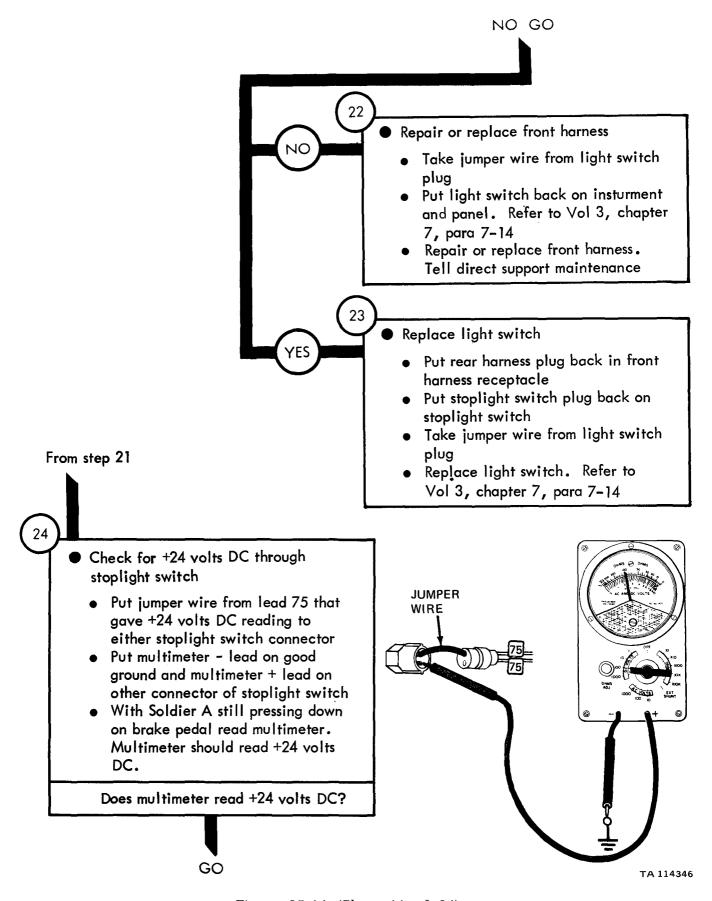


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 11 of 24)

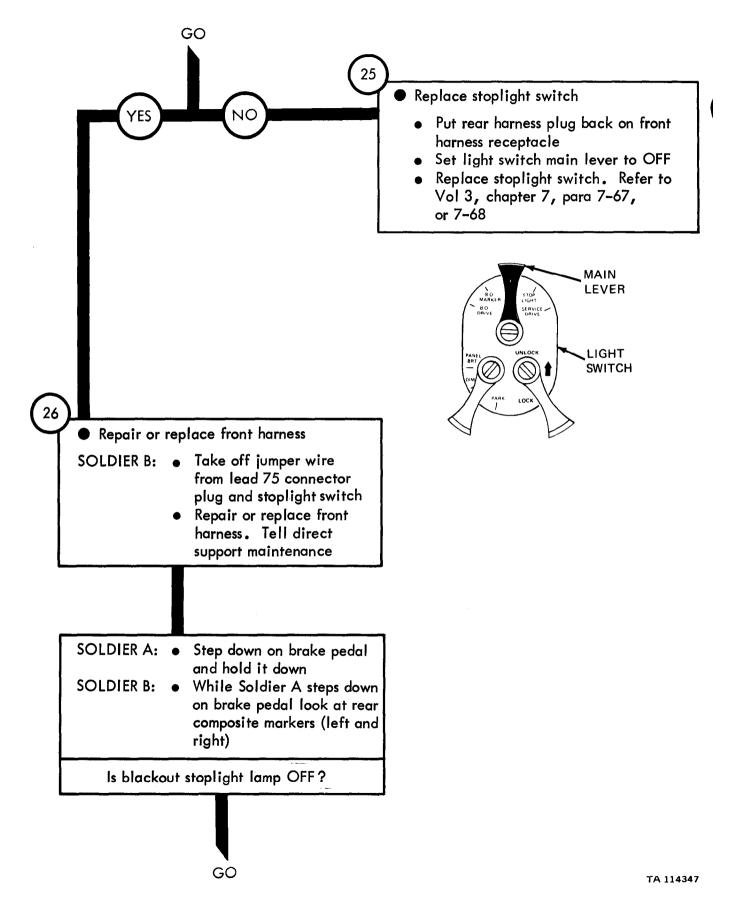


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 12 of 24)

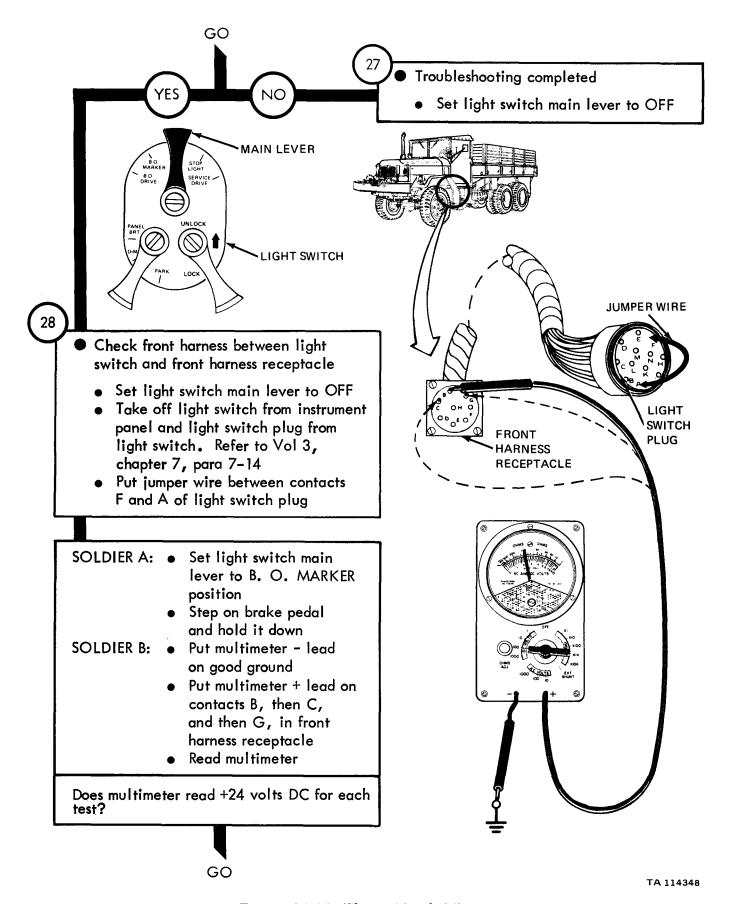
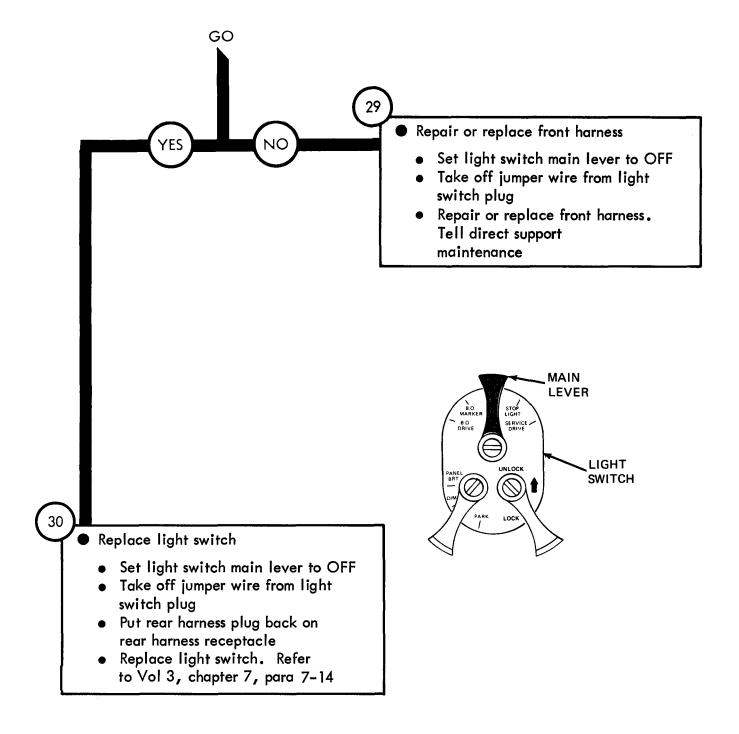


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 13 of 24)



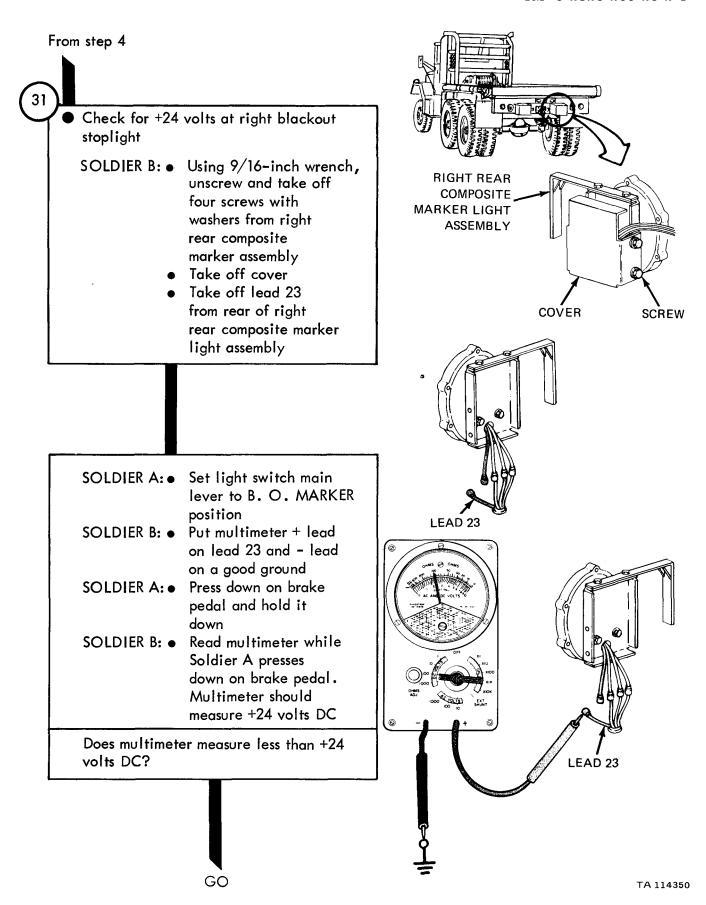


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 15 of 24)

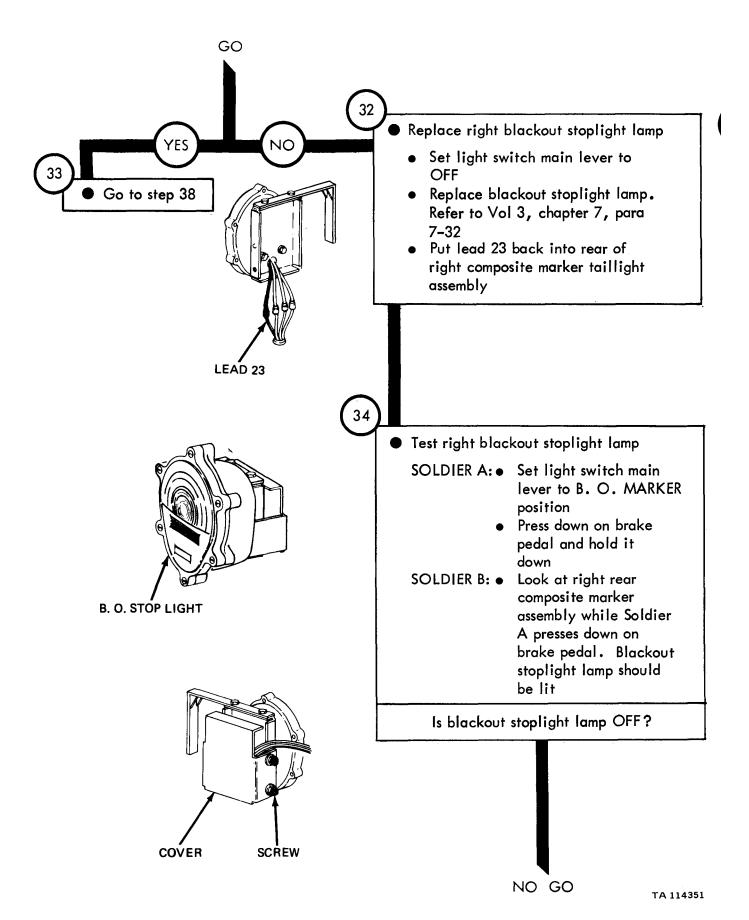
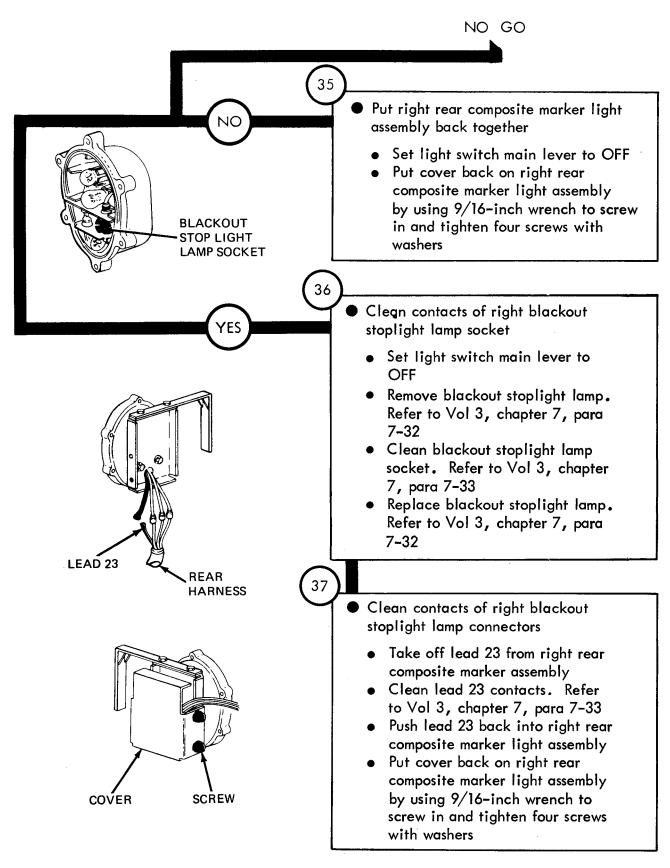


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 16 of 24)



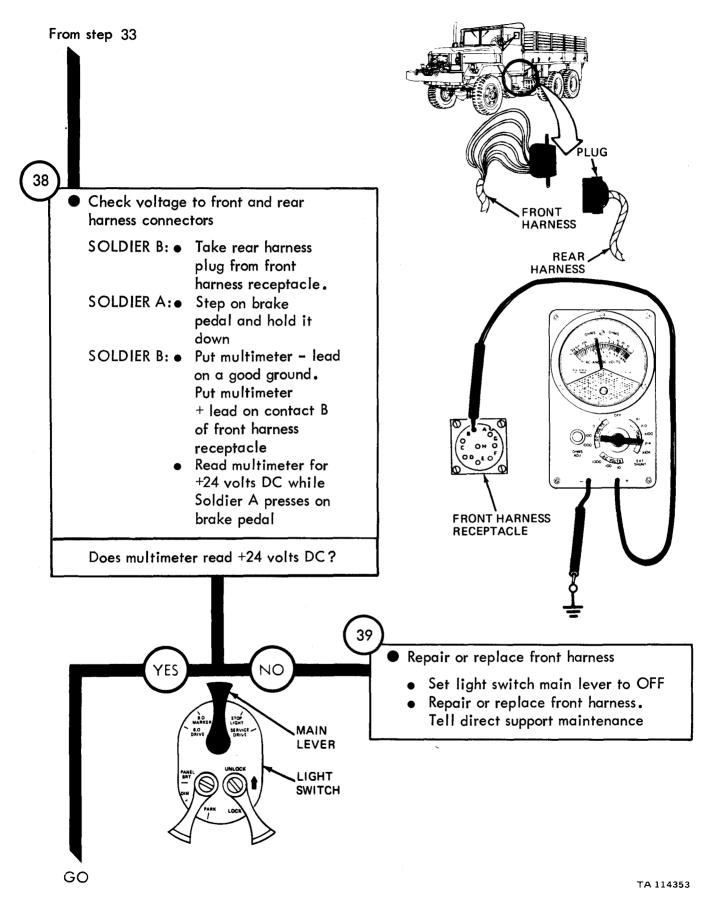


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 18 of 24)

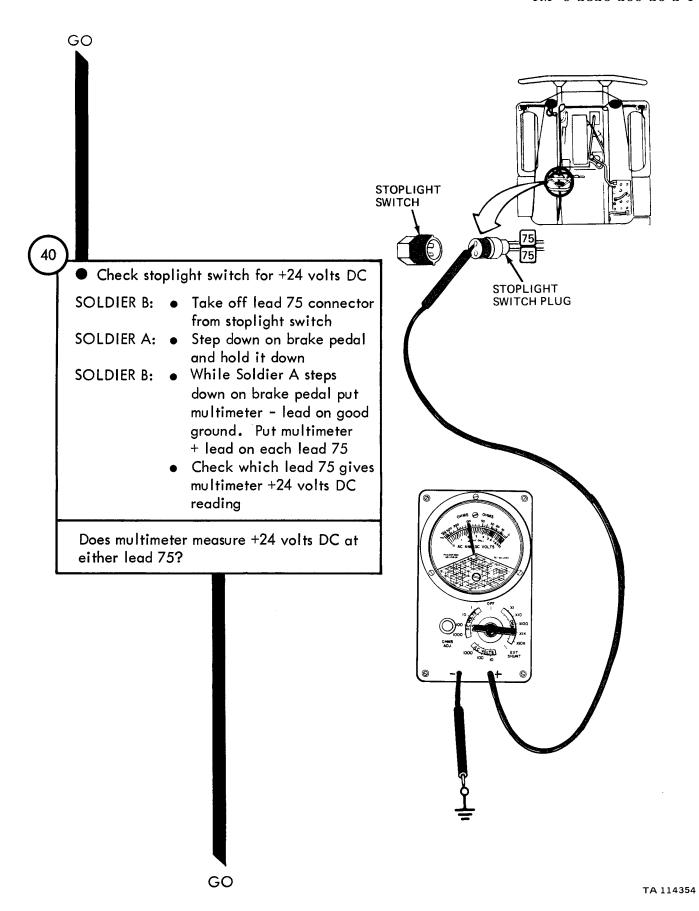


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 19 of 24)

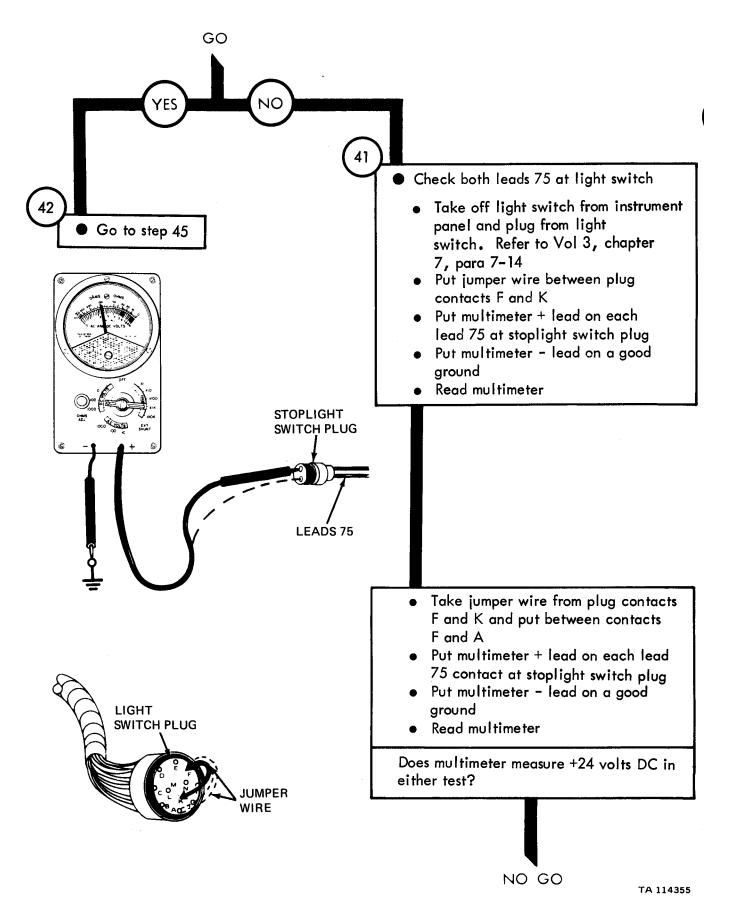


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 20 of 24)

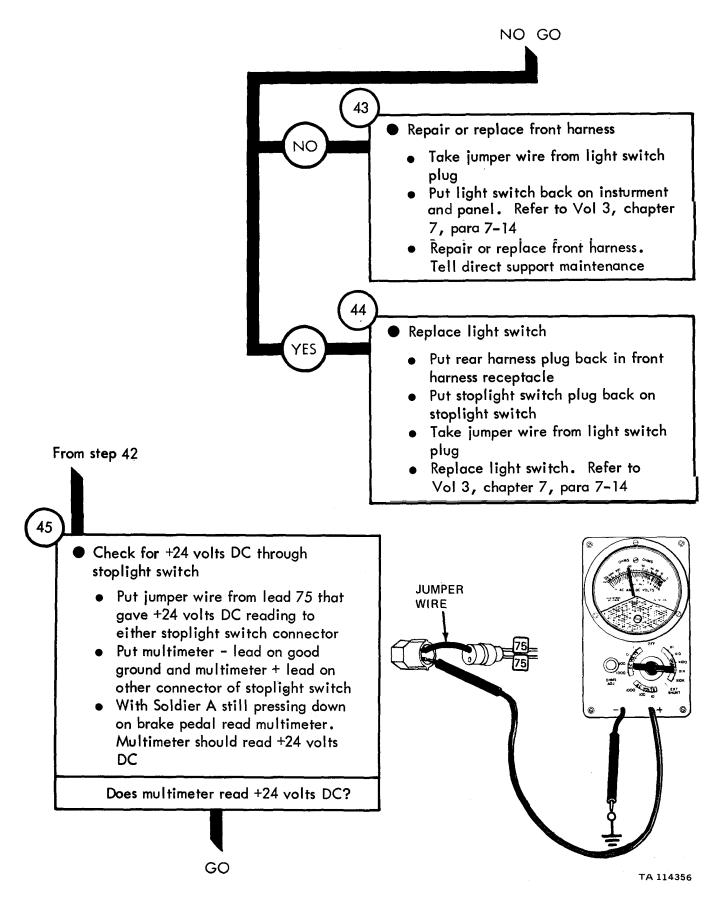


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 21 of 24)

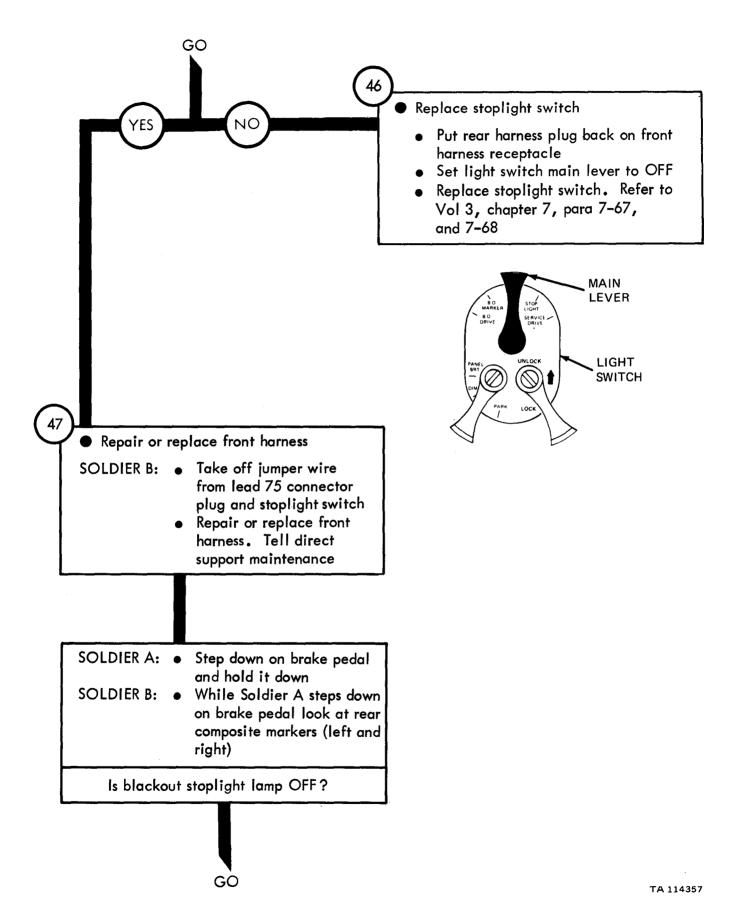


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 22 of 24)

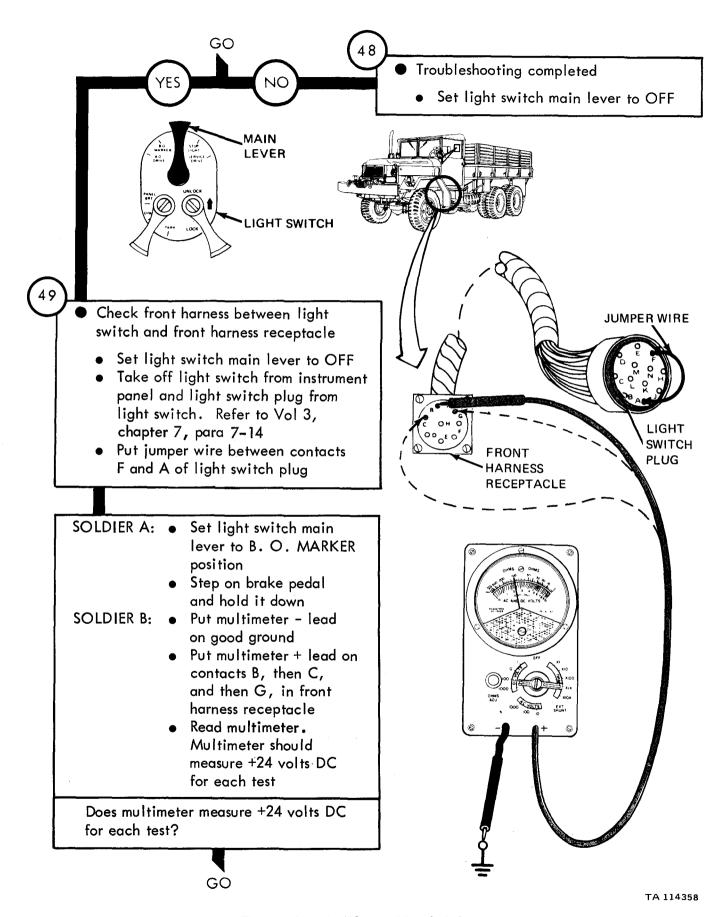
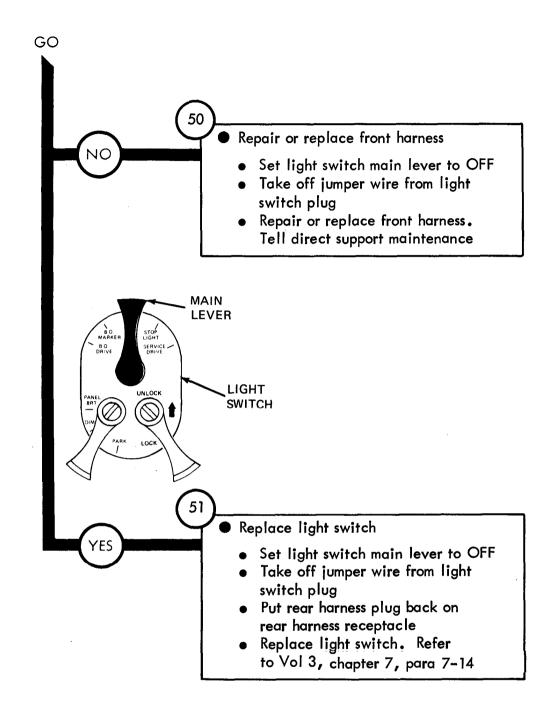


Figure 25-14 (Sheet 23 of 24)



## Symptom ONE OR BOTH SERVICE TAILLIGHT LIGHTS DO NOT LIGHT, OTHER TRUCK RUNNING LIGHTS LIGHT -NOTE-Do this procedure for each taillight lamp that does not light. Procedure is the same for both service taillights When checking voltage, +24 volts DC means a range of +23 to +26 volts DC Park truck • Refer to TM9-2320-209-10 GO

'TA 114360

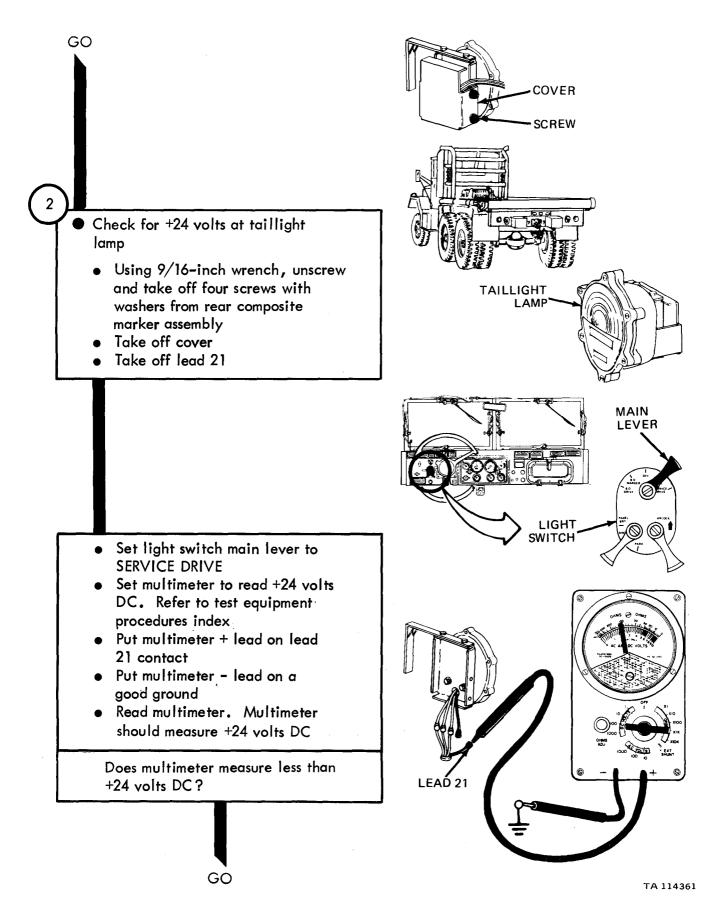


Figure 25-15 (Sheet 2 of 7)

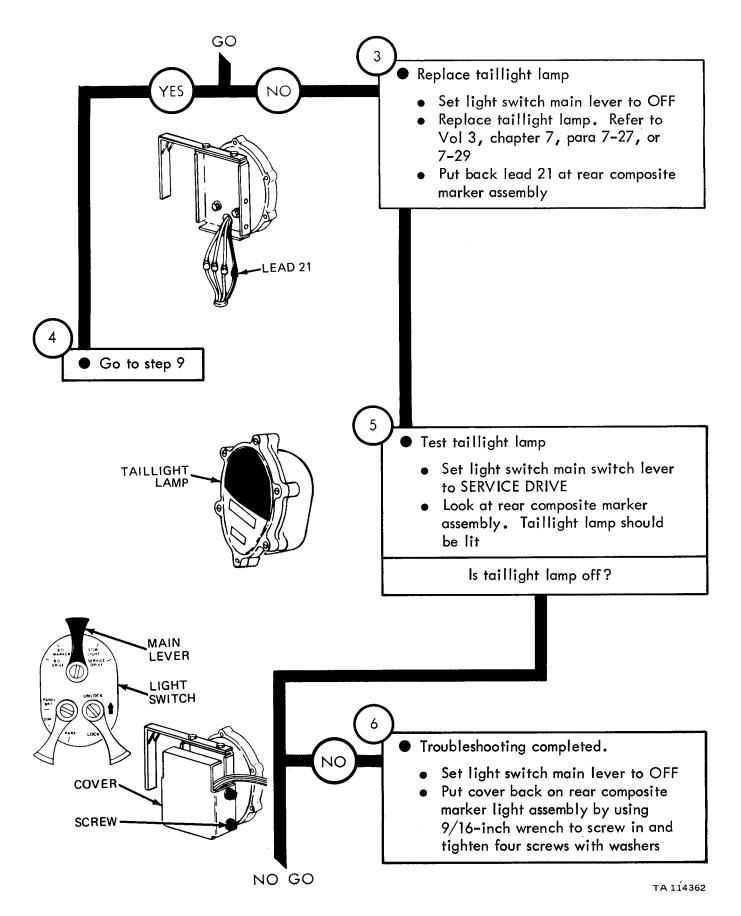
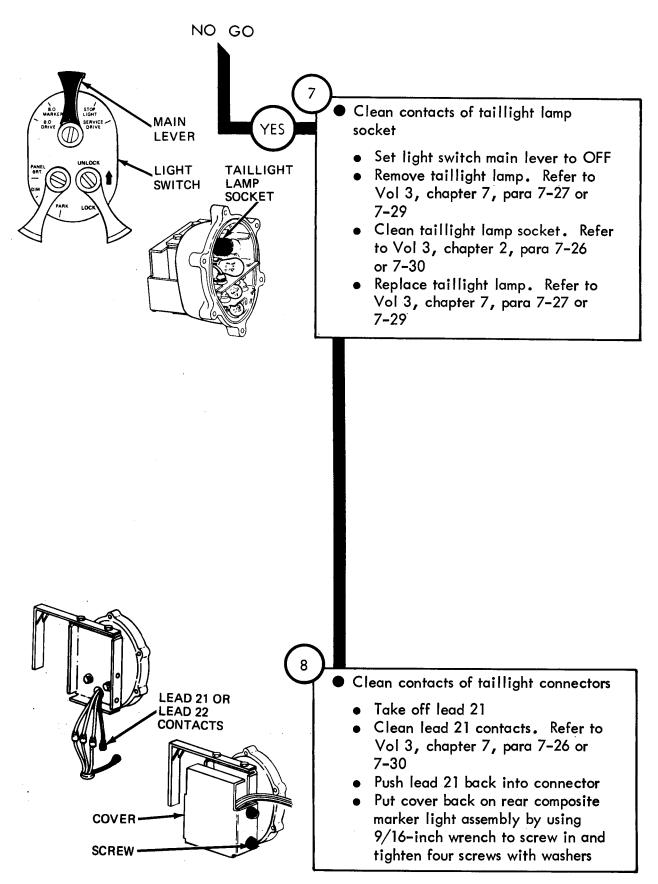


Figure 25-15 (Sheet 3 of 7)



TA 114363

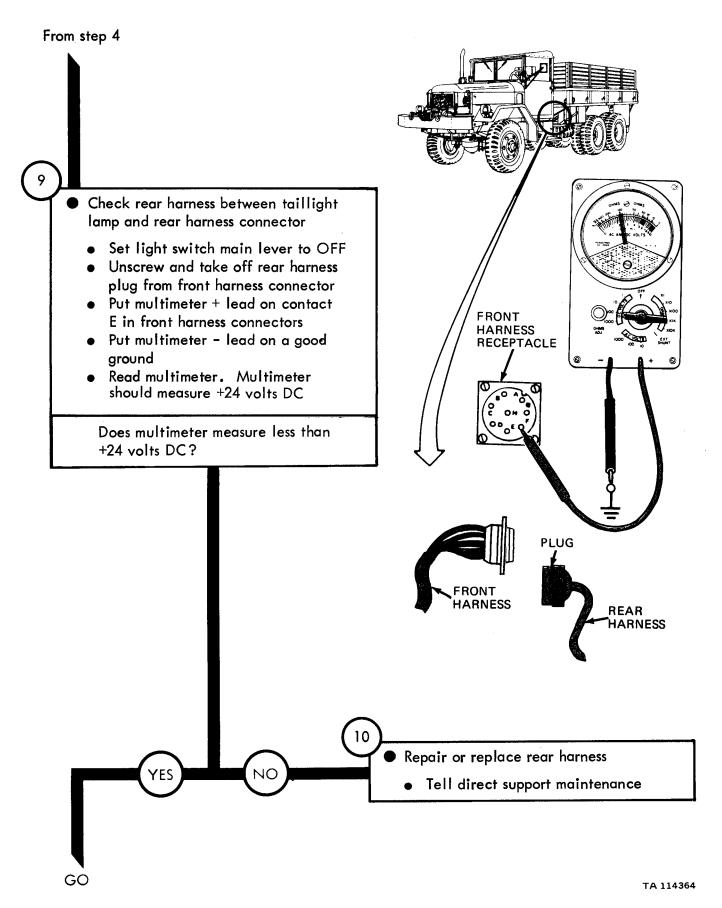
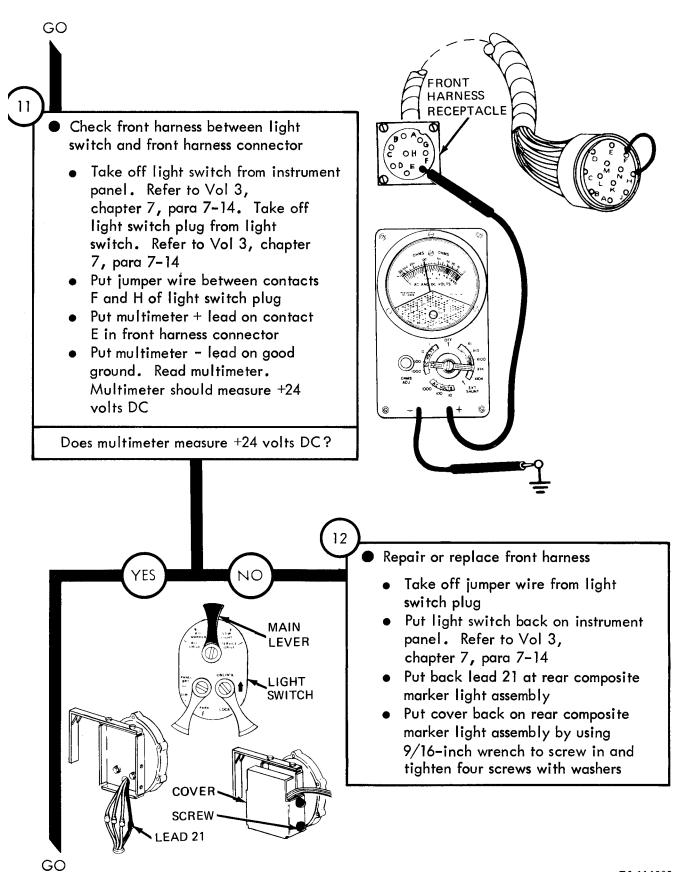
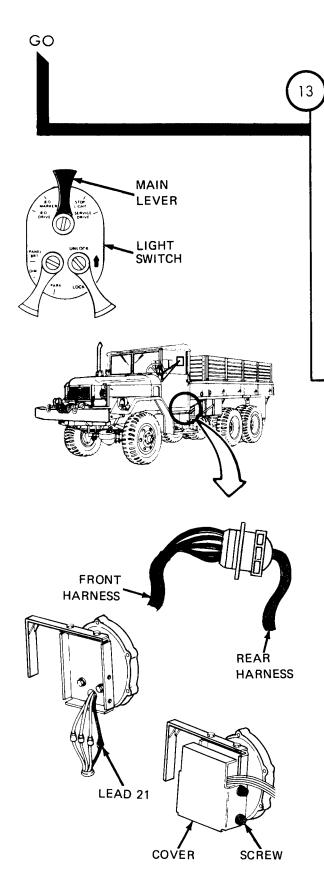


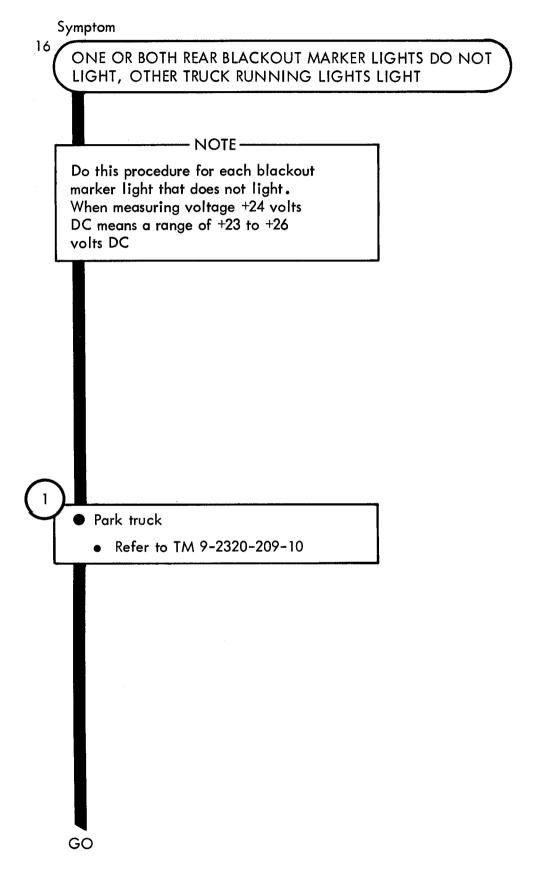
Figure 25-15 (Sheet 5 of 7)

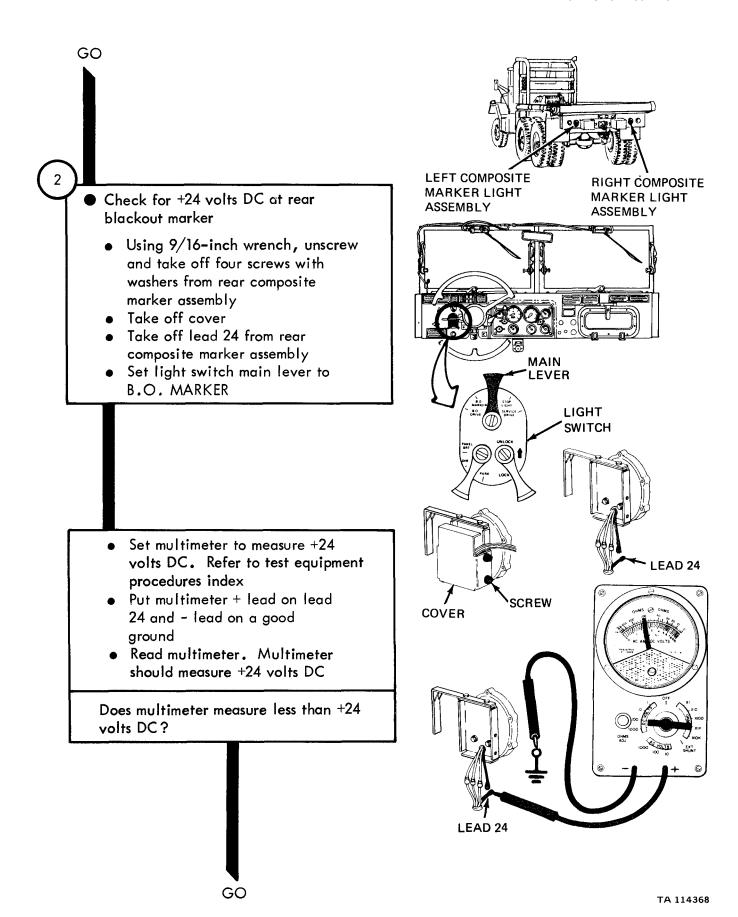


TA 114365



- Take off jumper wire from light switch plug
- Put front harness connector back on rear harness plug and screw on tight
- Put lead 21 back in rear composite marker light assembly
- Put cover back on rear composite marker light assembly by using 9/16-inch wrench to screw in and tighten four screws with washers
- Replace light switch. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-14





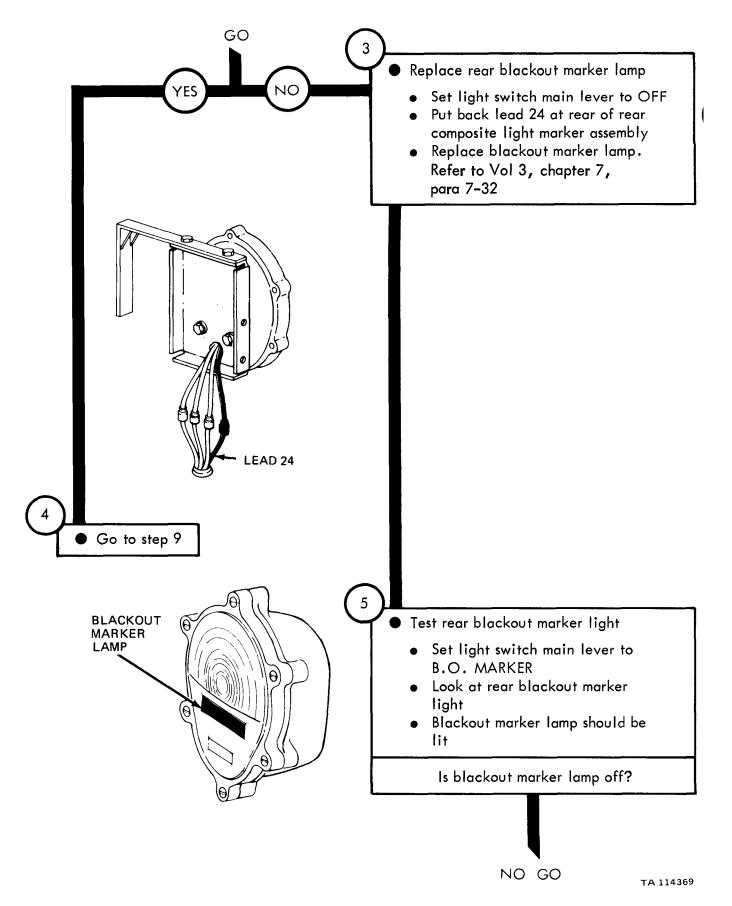


Figure 25-16 (Sheet 3 of 7)

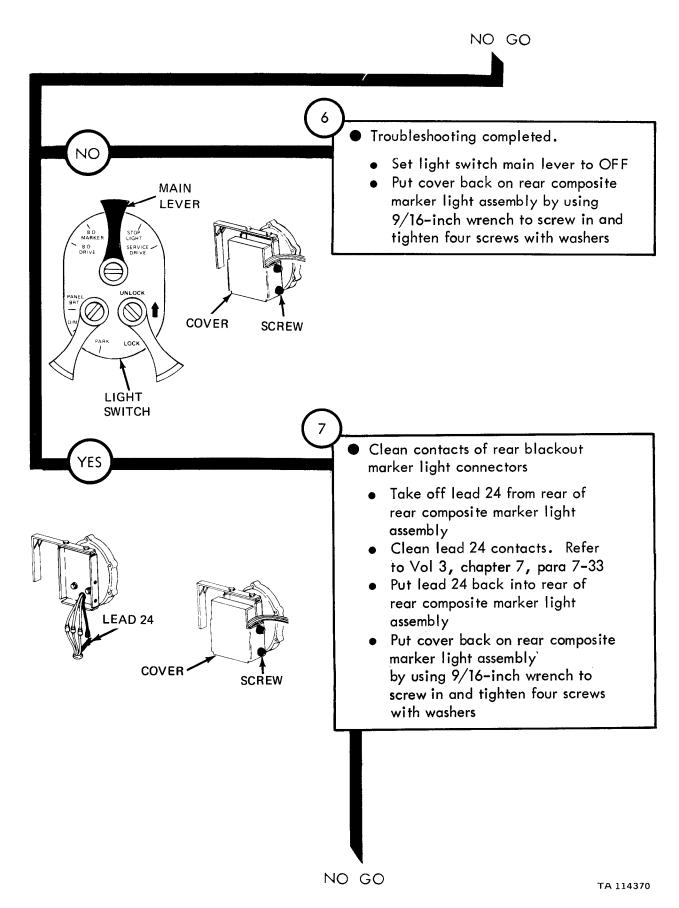
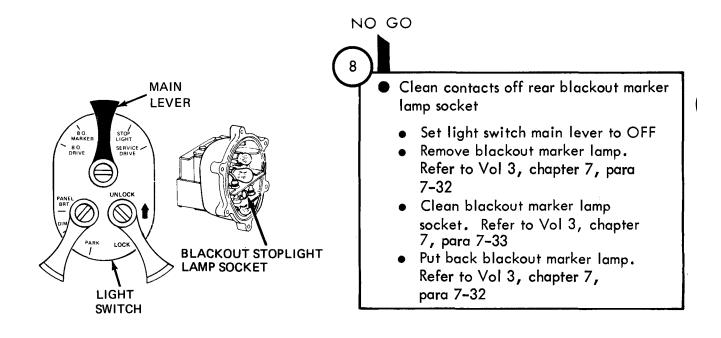


Figure 25-16 (Sheet 4 of 7)



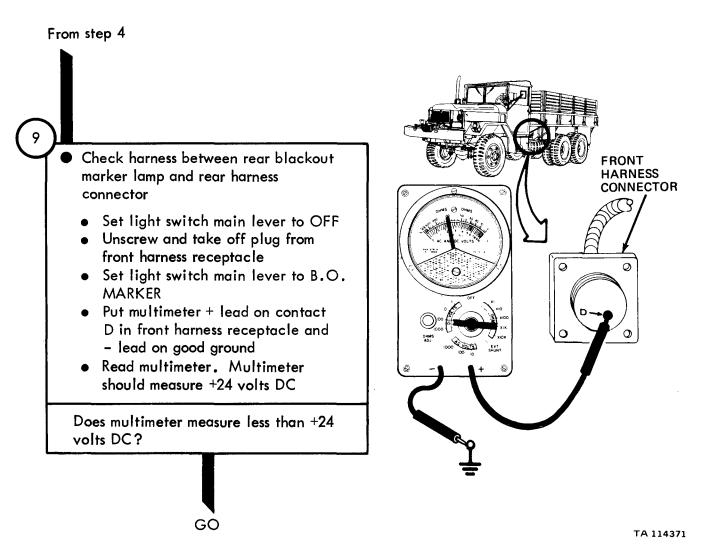


Figure 25-16 (Sheet 5 of 7)

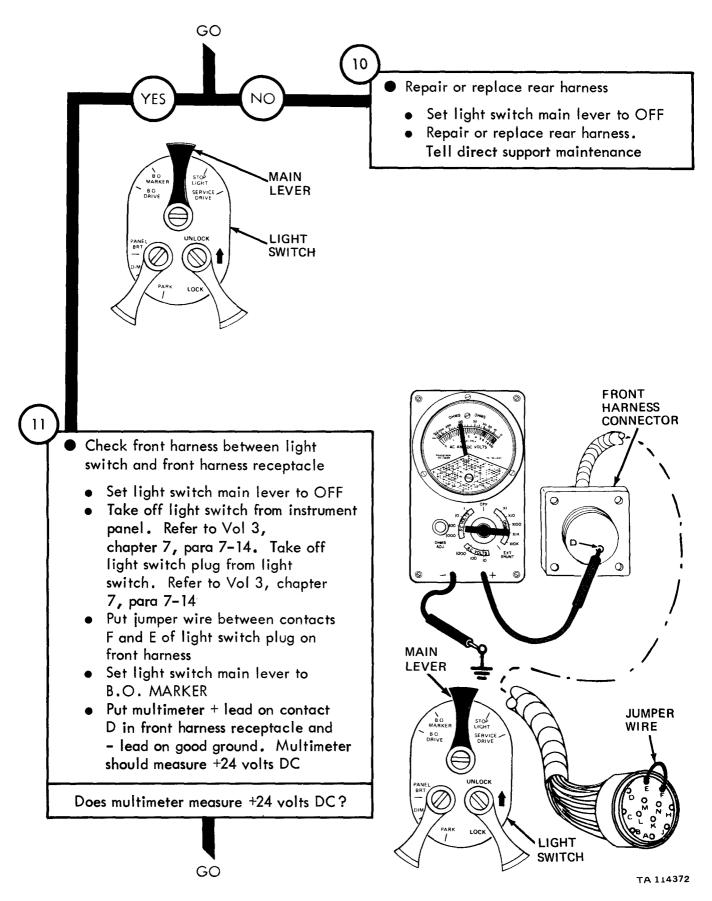
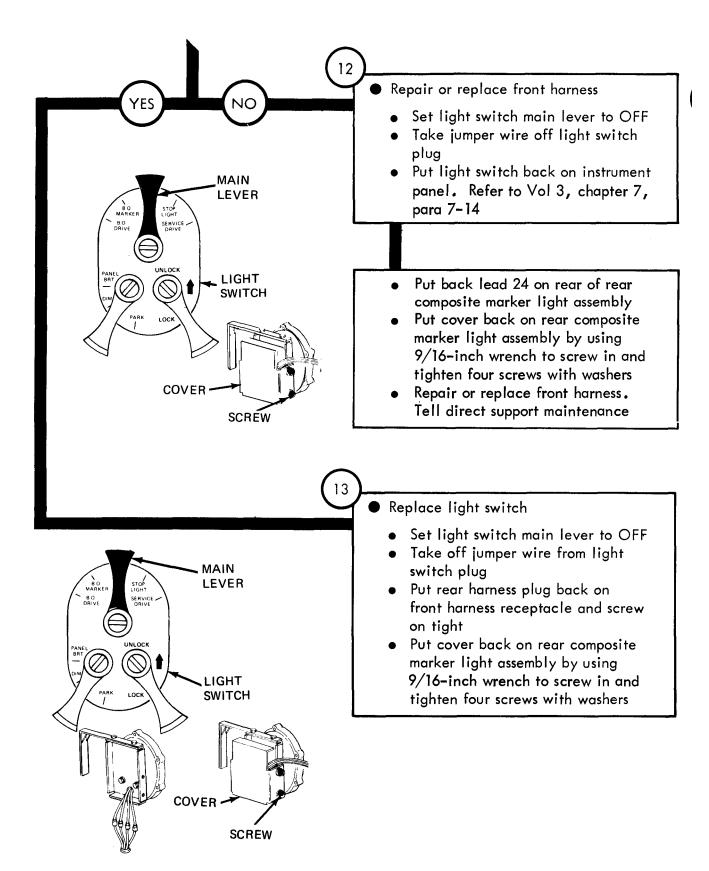


Figure 25-16 (Sheet 6 of 7)



#### Symptom

ONE LAMP DIM, FLICKERING, OR LAMPS THAT WORK SOMETIMES

#### - NOTE -

Dim, flickering, or lamps that work sometimes are caused by loose connections, poor ground connections, dirt, paint and corrosion buildup. Finding a fault and correction consists of checking electrical connections for defects, and cleaning and tightening as necessary. A typical lamp, the blackout drive lamp, is used as an example. Other truck lamps can be done the same way

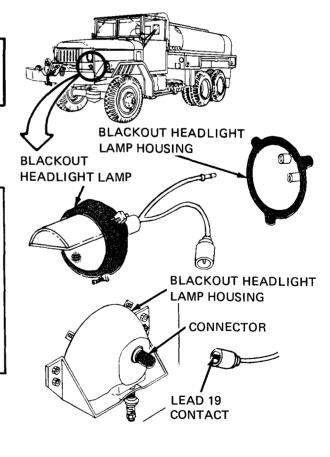
Park truck

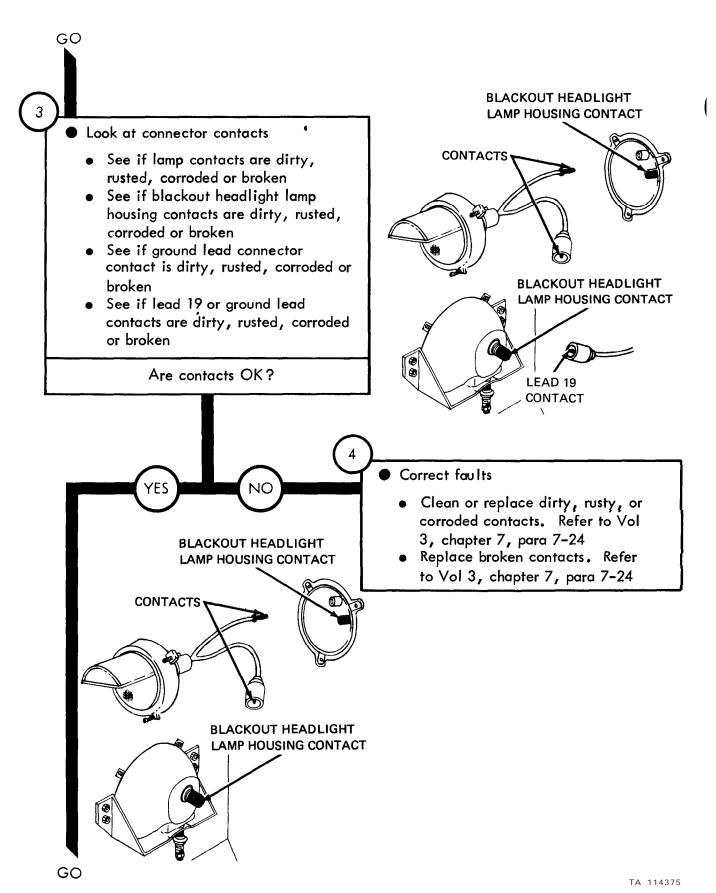
GO

• Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10

Remove blackout headlight lamp and circuit 19 lead

- Take lead 19 from blackout headlight lamp housing connector.
   Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-21 or 7-22
- Remove blackout headlight lamp from lamp housing. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-23





5 GO

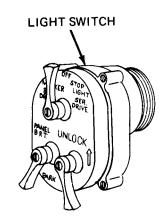
## Check connector contacts for tightness

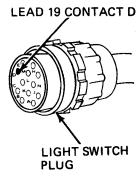
- Check all connector contacts from housing for tightness. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-24
- Replace any loose contacts. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-24
- Check connector contacts from blackout service lamp
- If contacts are loose, replace lamp. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7–24

6

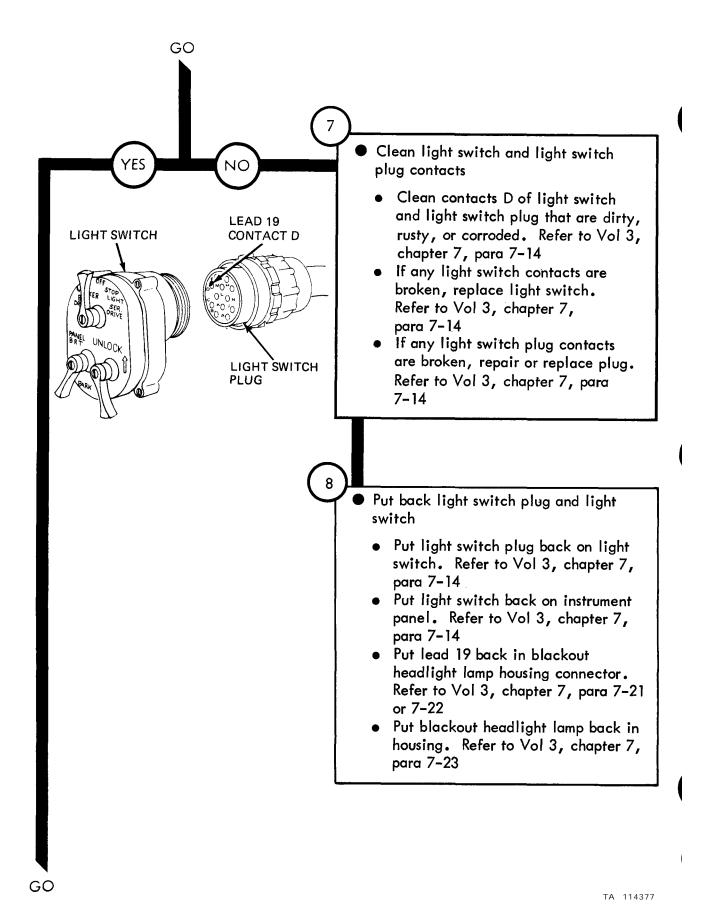
- Check lead 19 contact D connection at light switch
  - Take off light switch from instrument panel. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-14
  - Take off light switch plug from light switch. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-14
  - Make sure contact D in light switch and light switch plug are not dirty, damaged, or corroded
  - Make sure contacts fit together tightly

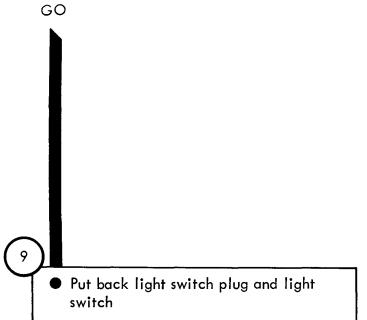
Are contacts OK?



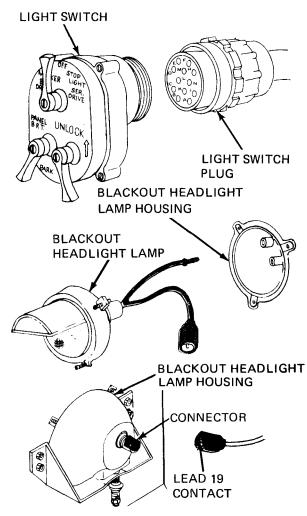


GO





- Put light switch plug back on light switch. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-14
- Put light switch back on instrument panel. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-14
- Put lead 19 back in blackout headlight lamp housing connector
- Put blackout head light lamp back in housing. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-23



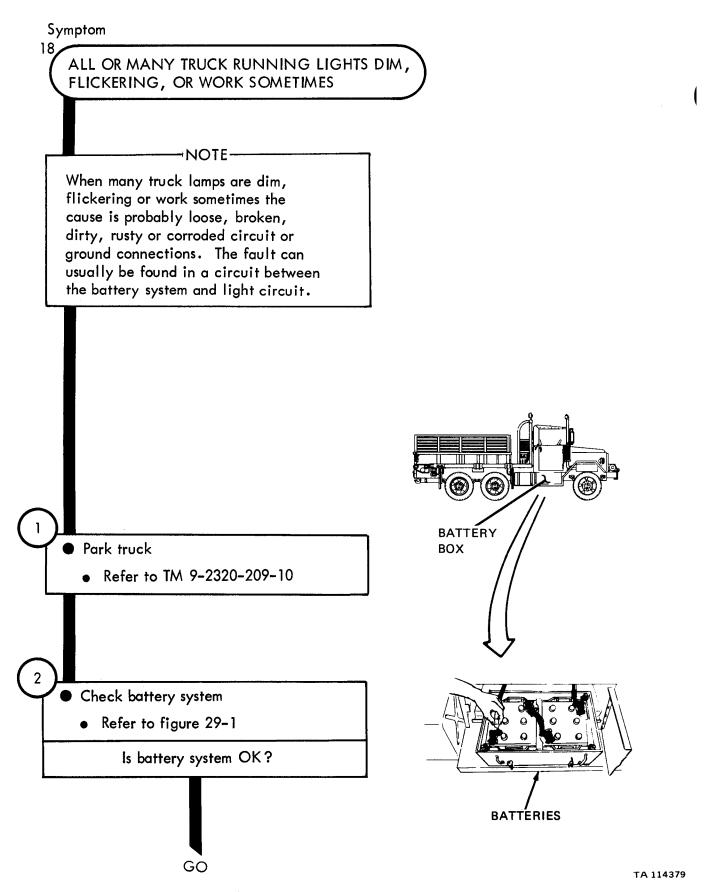
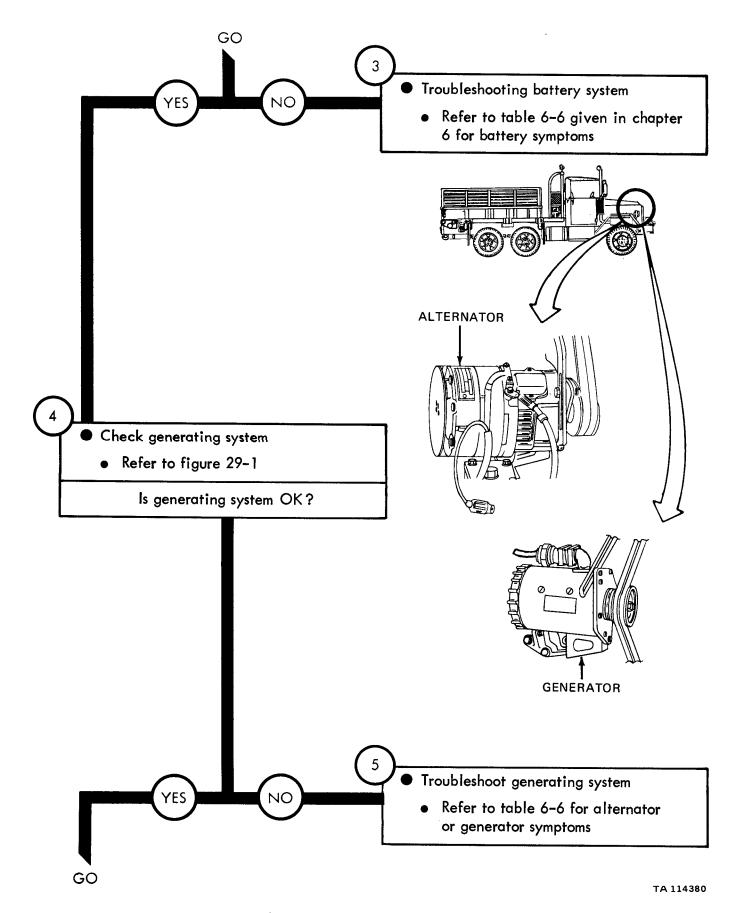


Figure 25-18 (Sheet 1 of 8)



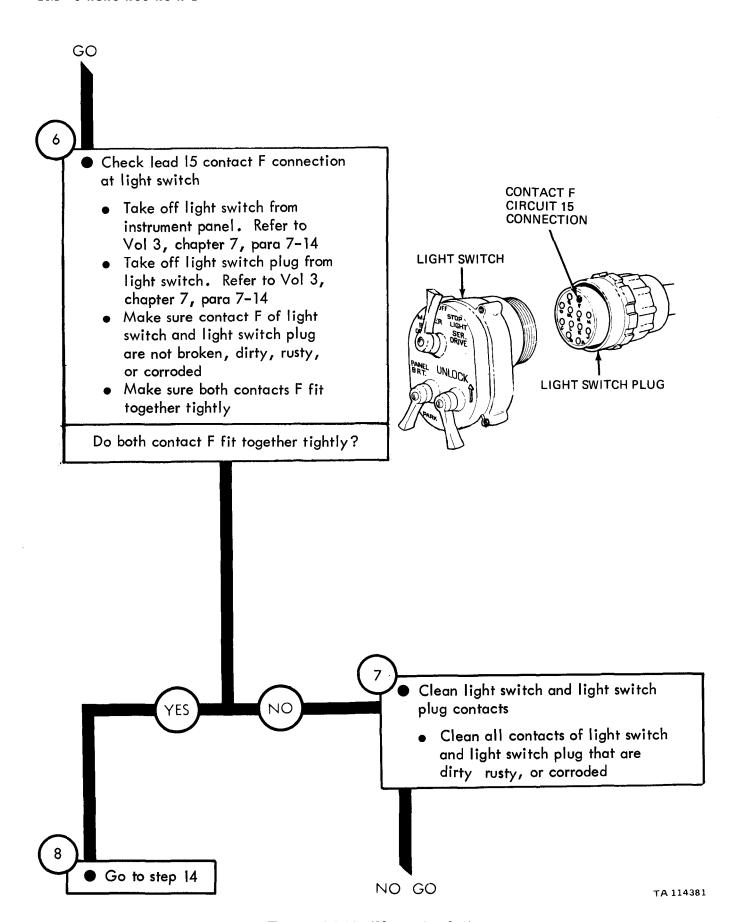
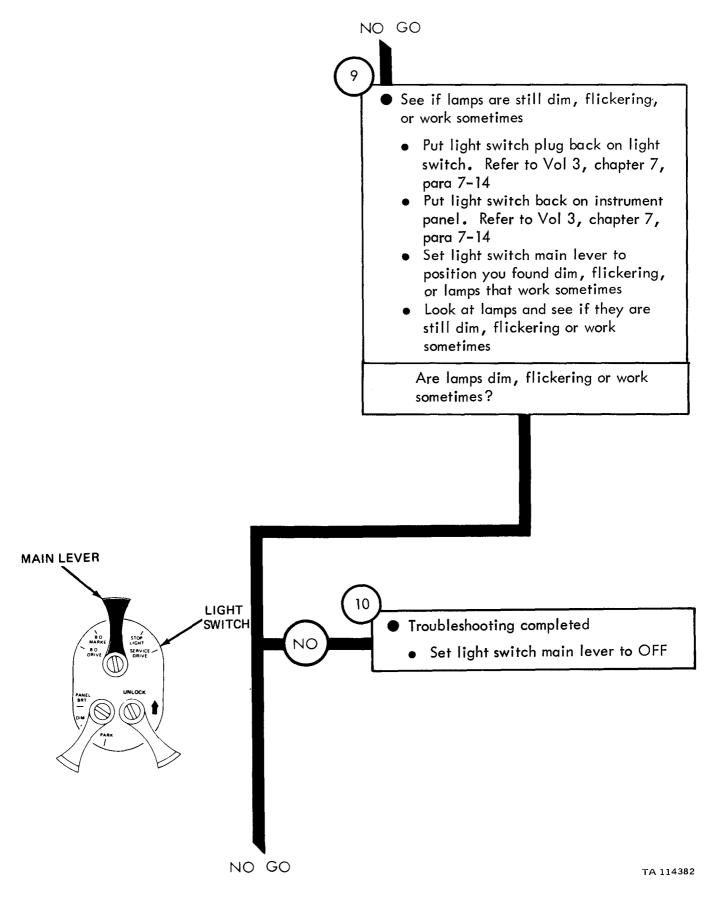


Figure 25-18 (Sheet 3 of 8)



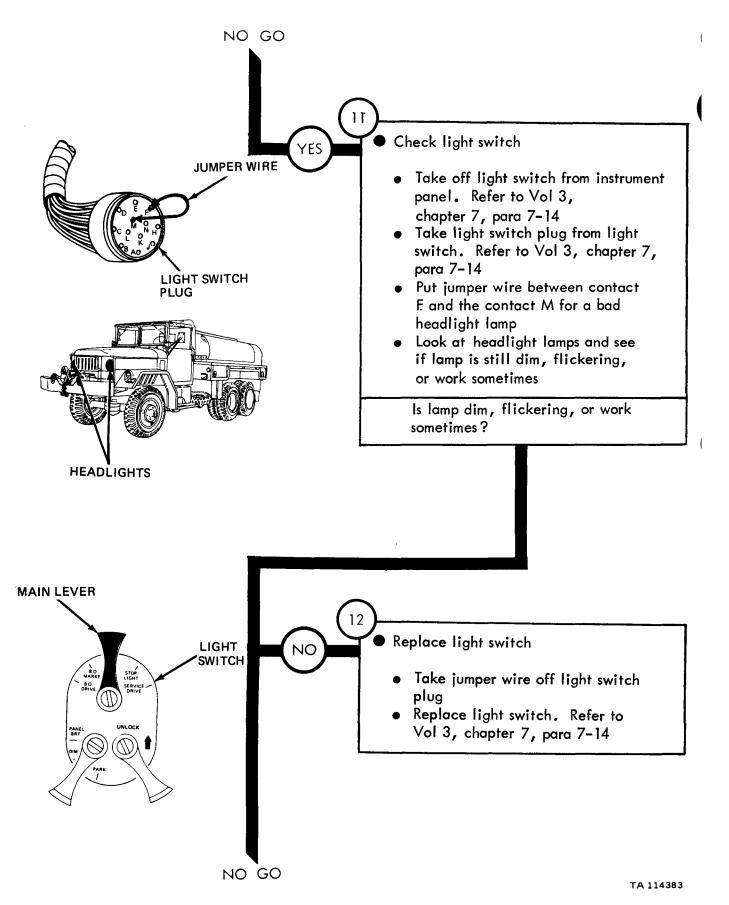
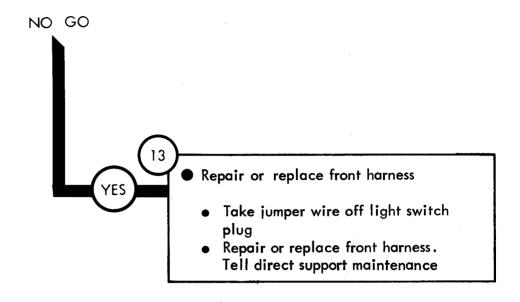


Figure 25-18 (Sheet 5 of 8)

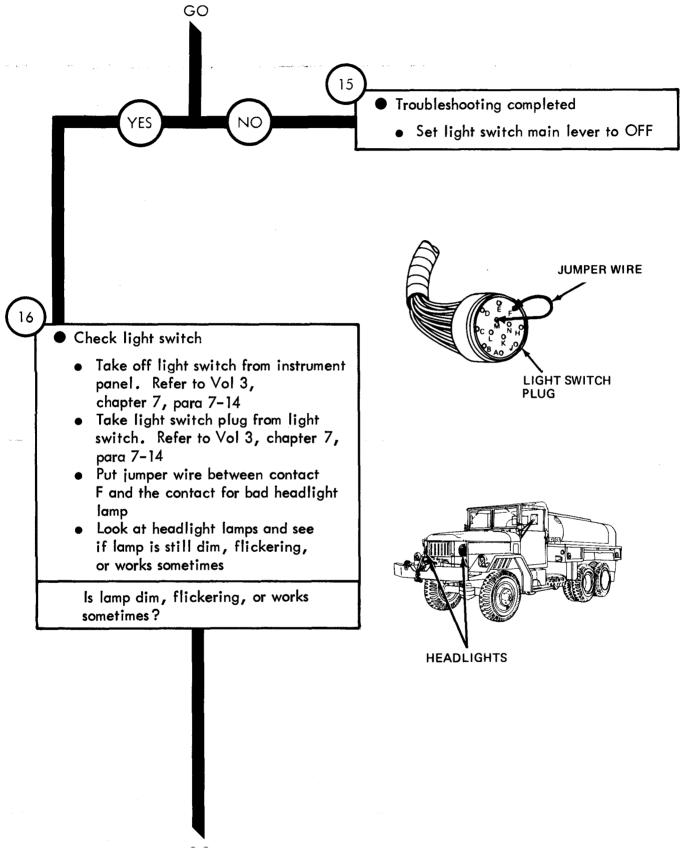


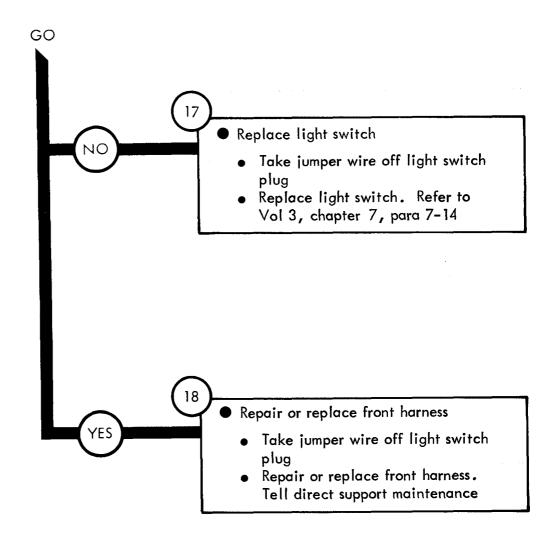
# From step 8

- See if lamps are still dim, flickering, or working sometimes
  - Put light switch plug back on light, switch. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-14
  - Put light switch back on instrument panel. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-14
  - Set light switch main lever to position you found dim, flickering, or lamps that work sometimes
  - Look at lamps and see if they are still dim, flickering, or working sometimes

Are lamps dim, flickering, or work sometimes?

GO



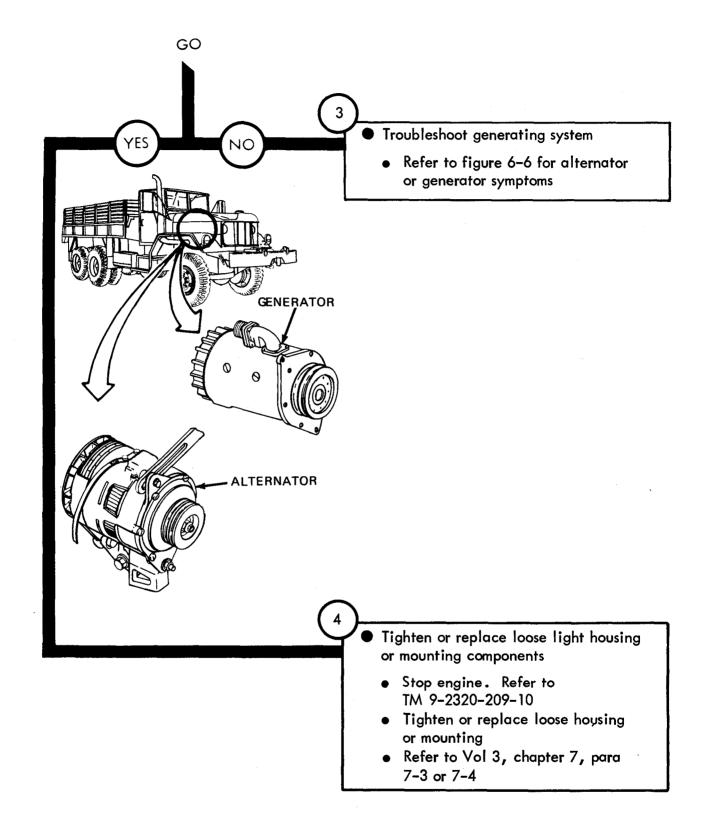


# Symptom 19 LAMPS BURN OUT TOO OFTEN ·NOTE-Short lamp life is caused by generating voltage that is too high, loose lamp housings, or loose mountings. Loose lamp mountings or housinge vibrate, which breaks lamp filaments Park truck Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 BATTERY BOX 2 Check generating subsystem for +26.8 volts DC to +28.2 volts DC output • Start engine. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 • Pull out battery box. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-55 • Set multimeter to measure +28.2 volts DC. Refer to test equipment procedures index Put multimeter + lead on battery + terminal. Put multimeter - lead on battery - terminal Read multimeter Does multimeter measure +26.8 volts DC to +28.2 volts DC? BATTERY - TERMINAL

TA 114387

**BATTERY + TERMINAL** 

GO



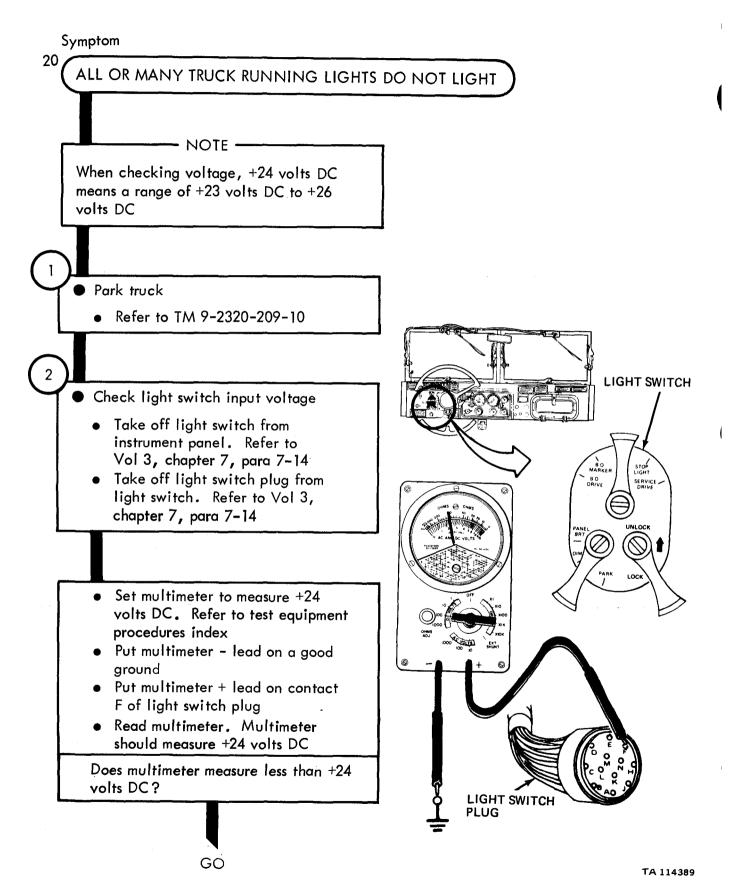
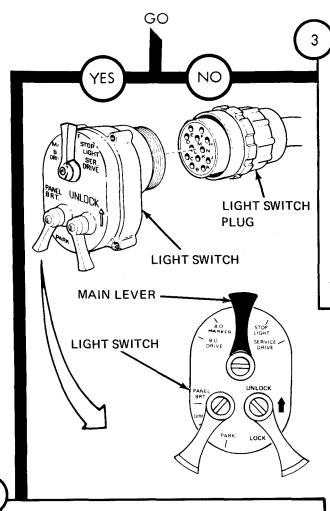


Figure 25-20 (Sheet 1 of 3)



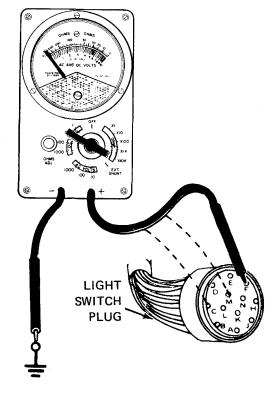
- Troubleshoot truck running lights that do not light
  - Put light switch plug back on light switch. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7–14
  - Put light switch back on instrument panel. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7–14
  - Make sure light switch main lever is set to OFF
  - Troubleshoot truck running lights that do not light. Refer to troubleshooting index

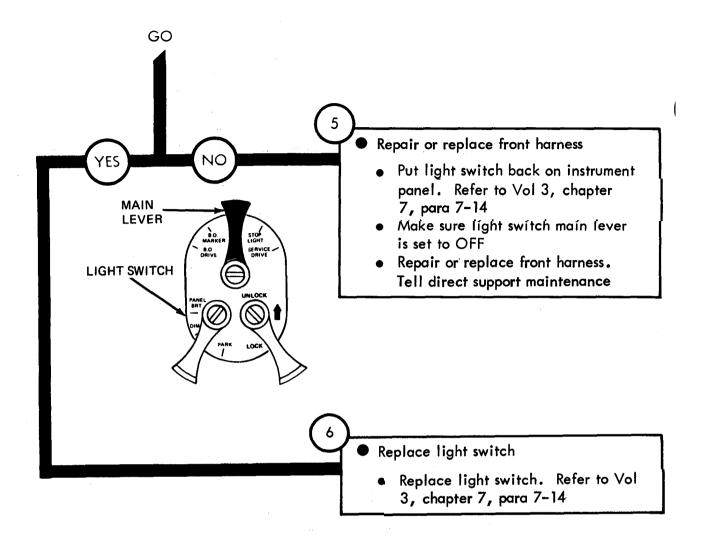
Check for shorts at light switch plug

- Set multimeter to test for shorts.
   Refer to test equipment procedures index
- Put multimeter lead on a good ground
- Put multimeter + lead on each plug contact, one contact at a time. Read multimeter for each contact. Always keep multimeter - lead on a good ground
- Read multimeter. Multimeter pointer should not move

Does multimeter pointer stay still for each test?

GO





### Symptom

21

ONE OR MORE TRAILER SERVICE OR BLACKOUT STOP LIGHTS DO NOT LIGHT, ALL TRUCK RUNNING LIGHTS LIGHT

- NOTE -

Two soldiers are needed to do this troubleshooting. SOLDIER A sits in the cab and operates controls. SOLDIER B makes voltage checks with the multimeter. These steps are the same for all trailer stoplights that do not light

When checking voltage, +24 volts DC means a range of +23 volts DC to +26 volts DC

Park truck

GO

• Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10

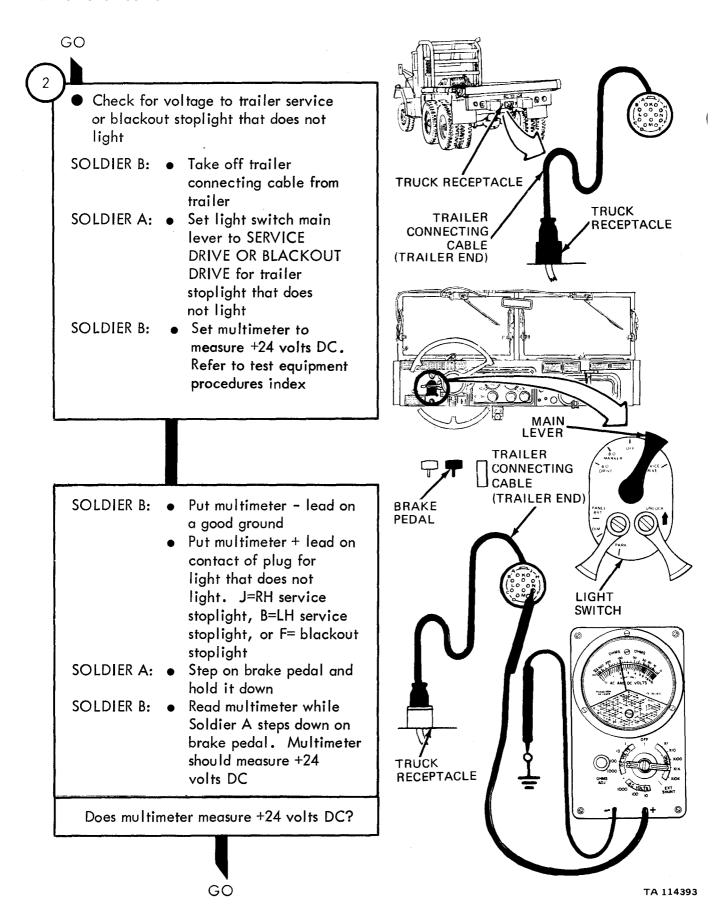


Figure 25-21 (Sheet 2 of 5)

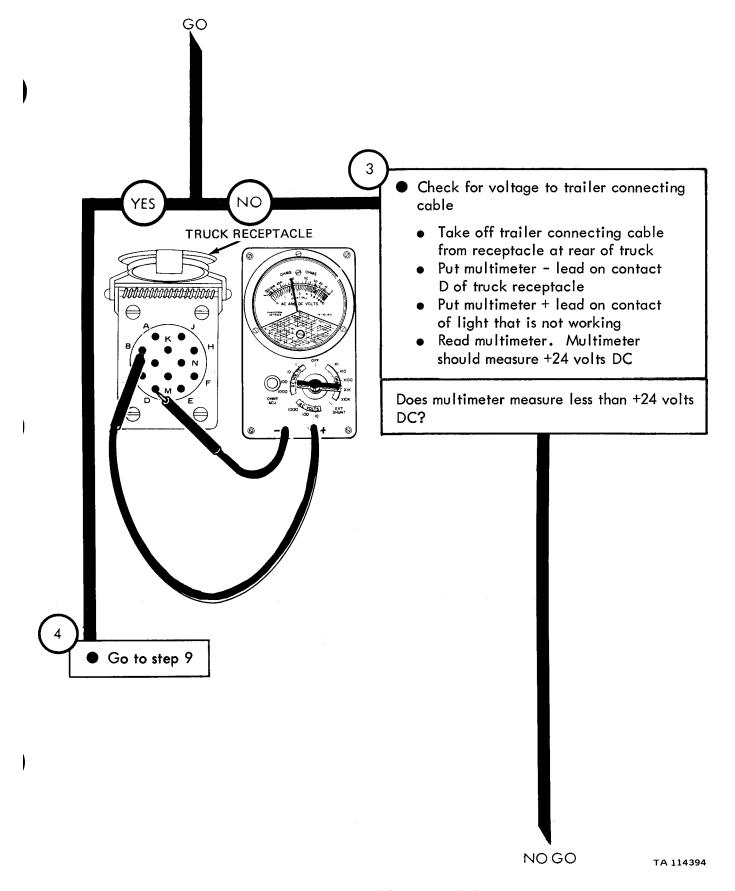


Figure 25-21 (Sheet 3 of 5)

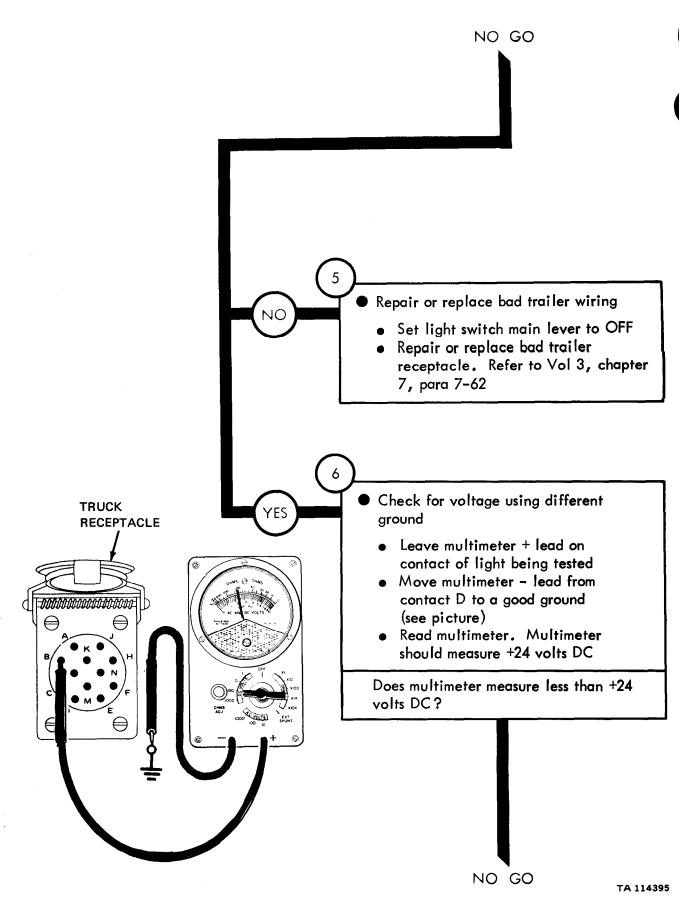
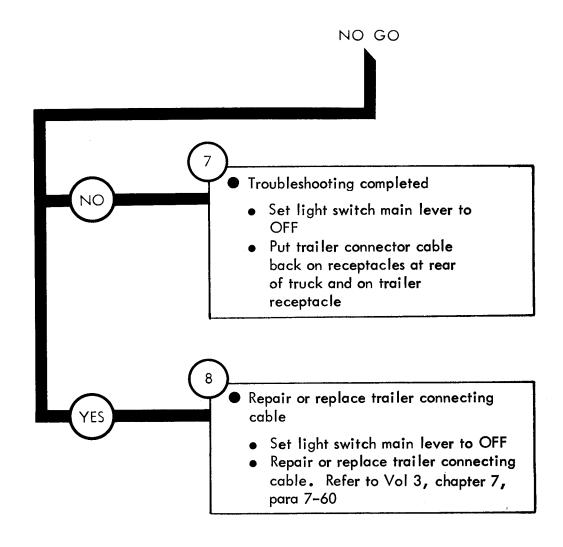
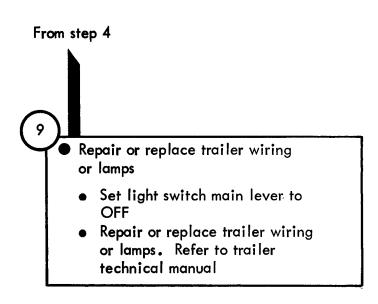


Figure 25-21 (Sheet 4 of 5)





# Symptom ONE OR MORE TRAILER LIGHTS DO NOT LIGHT (EXCEPT TRAILER SERVICE AND BLACKOUT STOPLIGHTS) ALL OTHER TRUCK RUNNING LIGHTS LIGHT -NOTE-Two soldiers are needed to do this troubleshooting. Soldier A sits in the cab and operates controls. Soldier B makes voltage checks with the multimeter Do these steps for each trailer light that does not light When checking voltage, +24 volts DC means a range of +23 volts DC to +25 volts DC • Park truck • Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10

TA 114397

GO

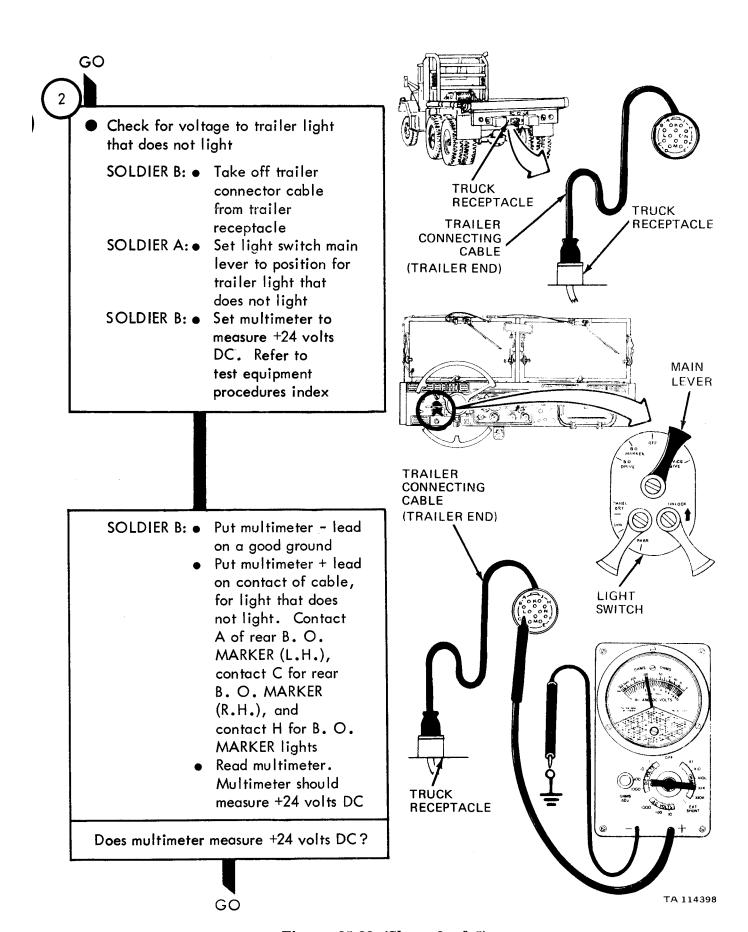


Figure 25-22 (Sheet 2 of 5)

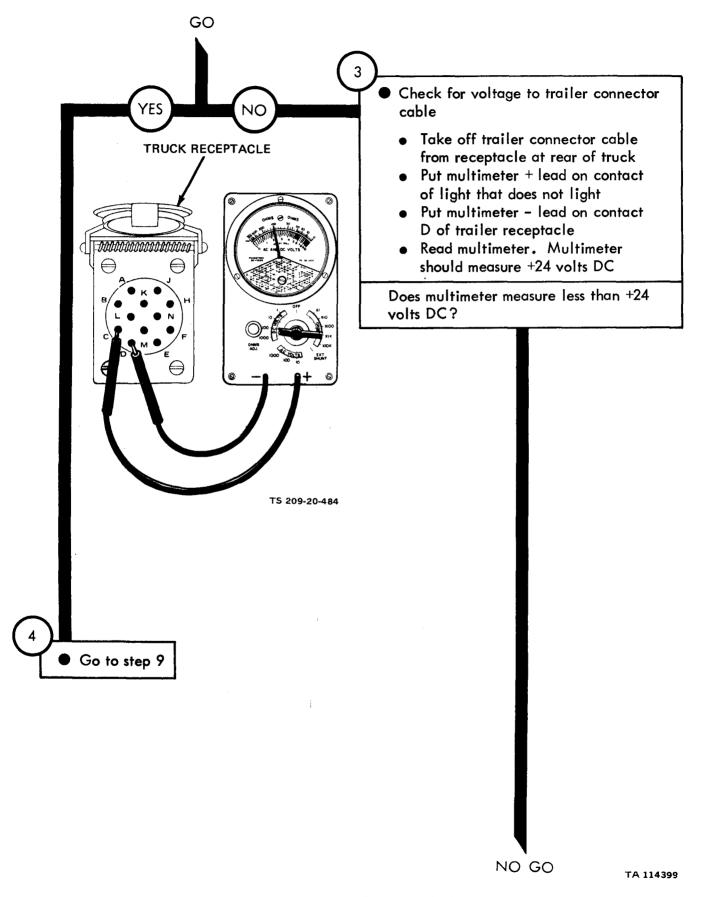
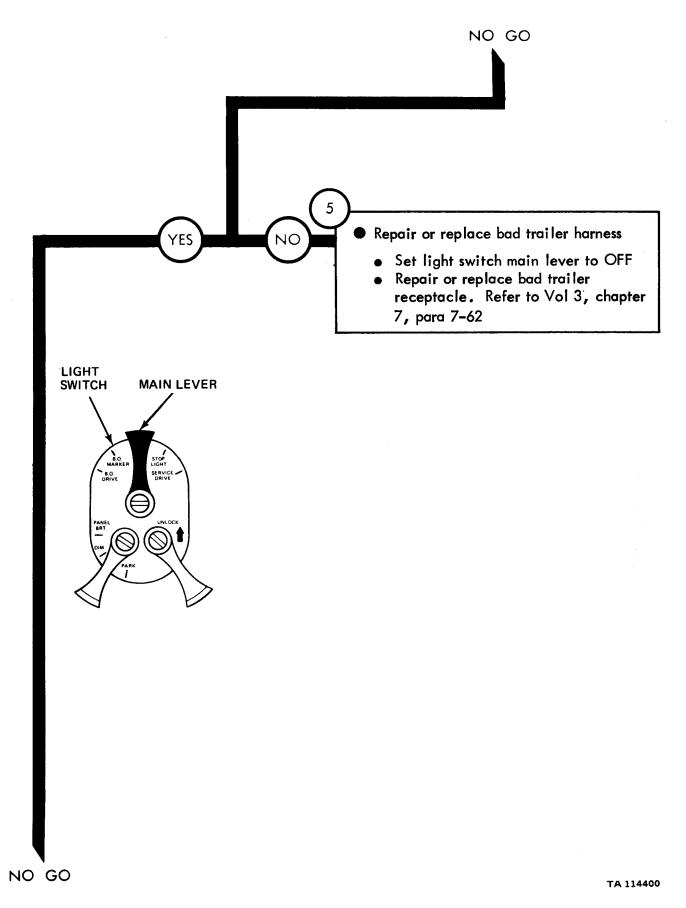


Figure 25-22 (Sheet 3 of 5)



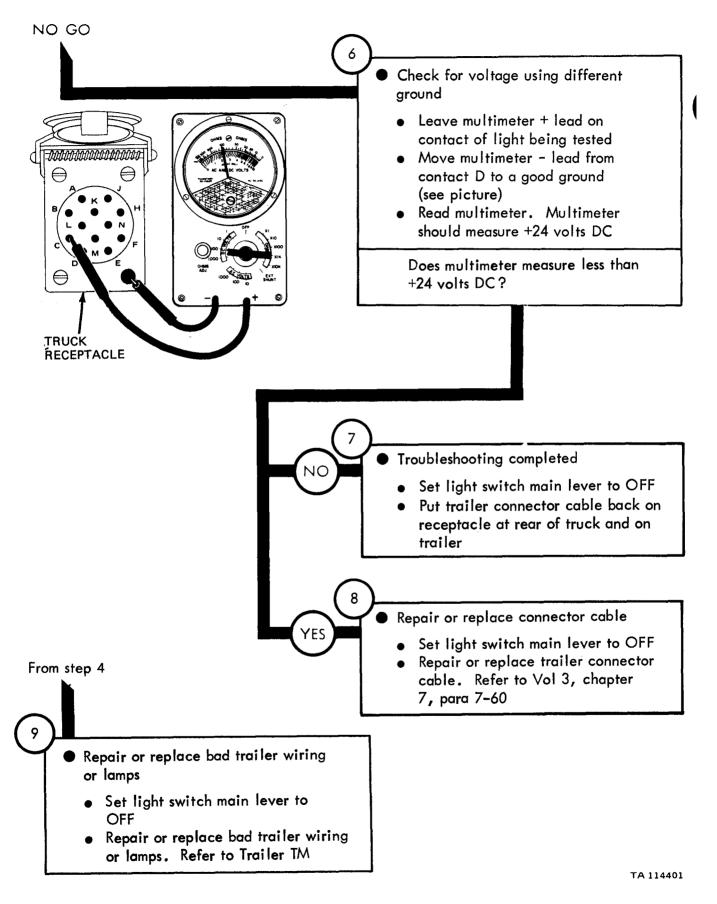


Figure 25-22 (Sheet 5 of 5)

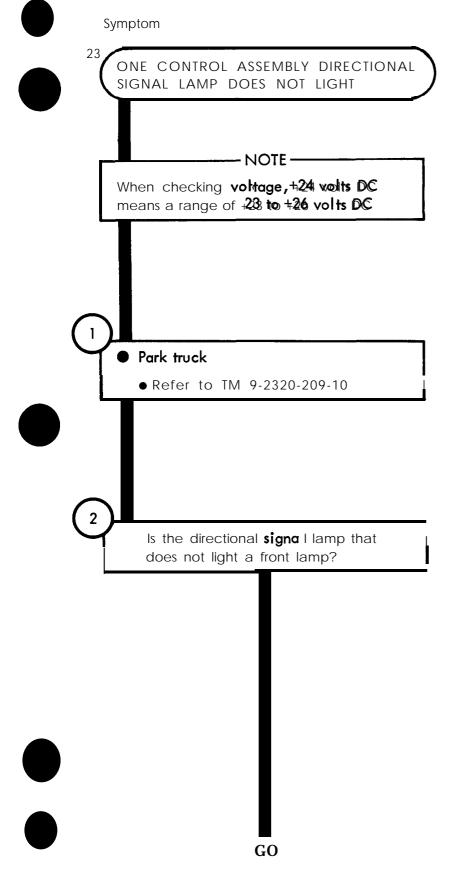
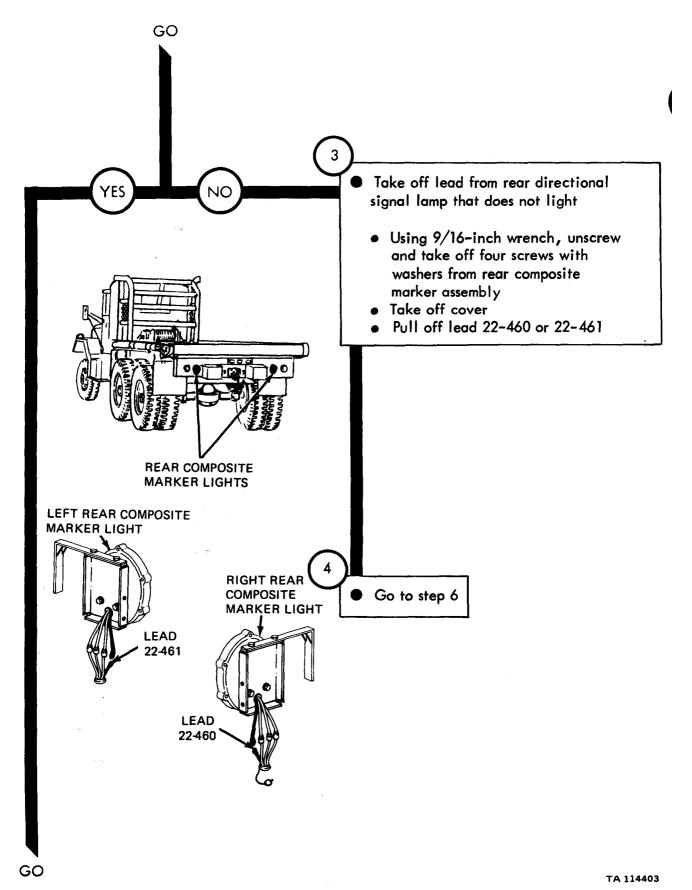


Figure 25-23 (Sheet 1 of 16)



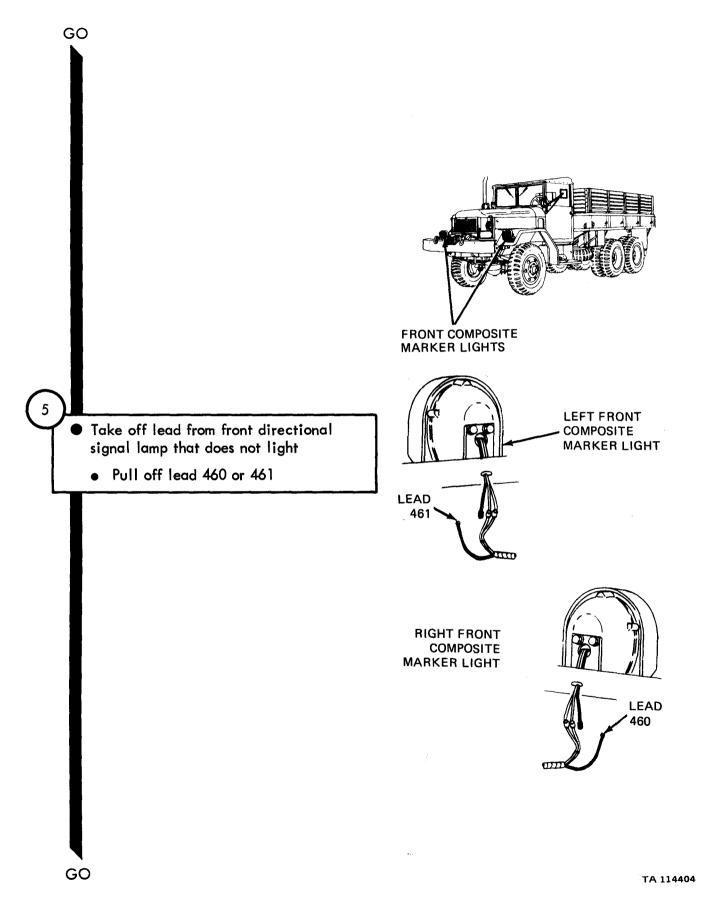


Figure 25-23 (Sheet 3 of 16)

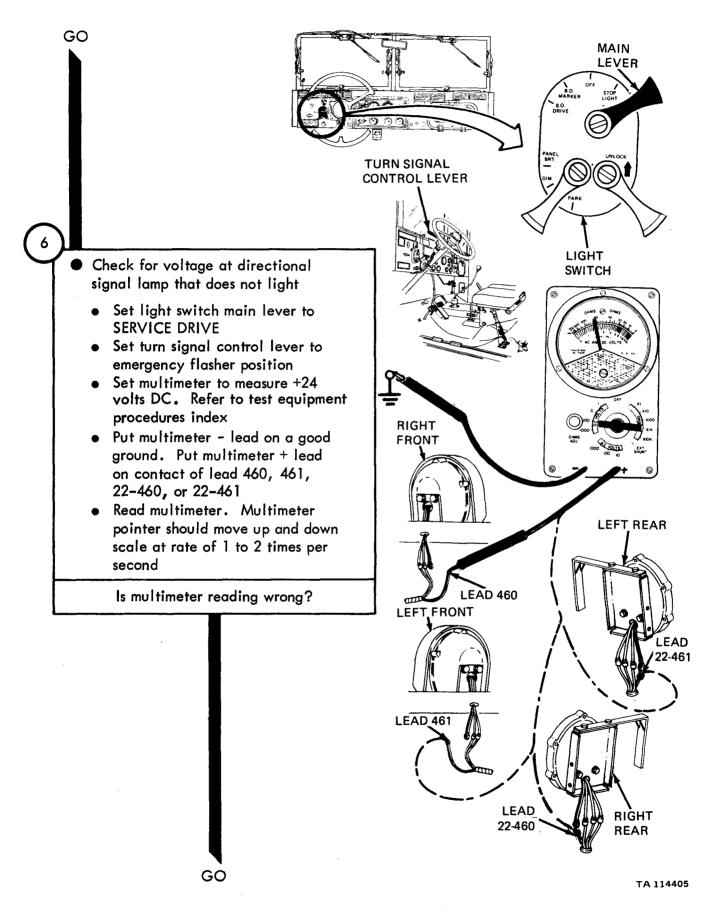


Figure 25-23 (Sheet 4 of 16)

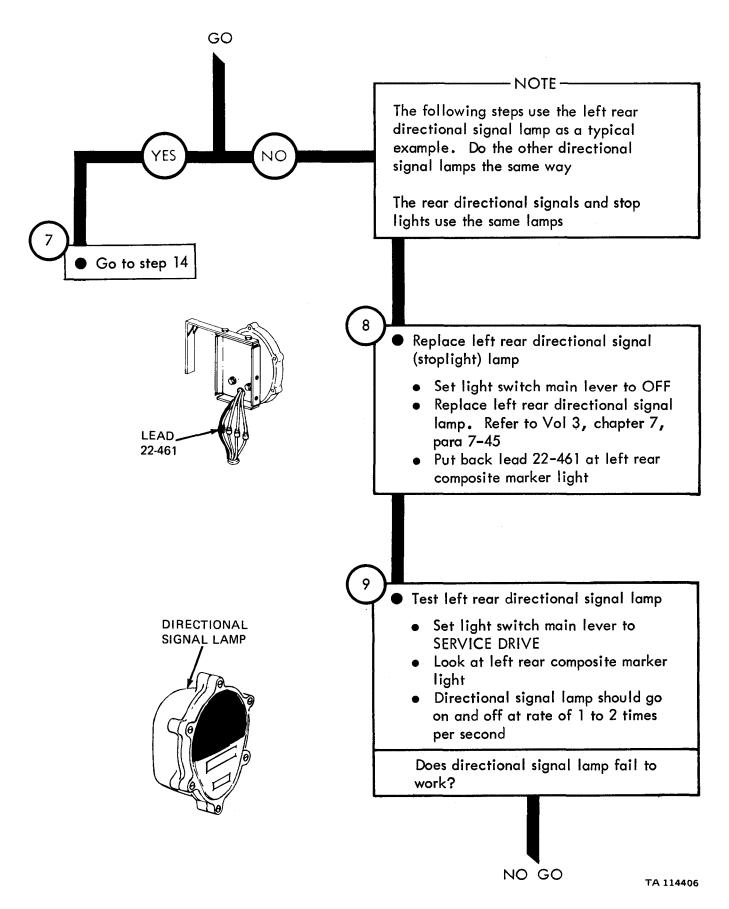


Figure 25-23 (Sheet 5 of 16)

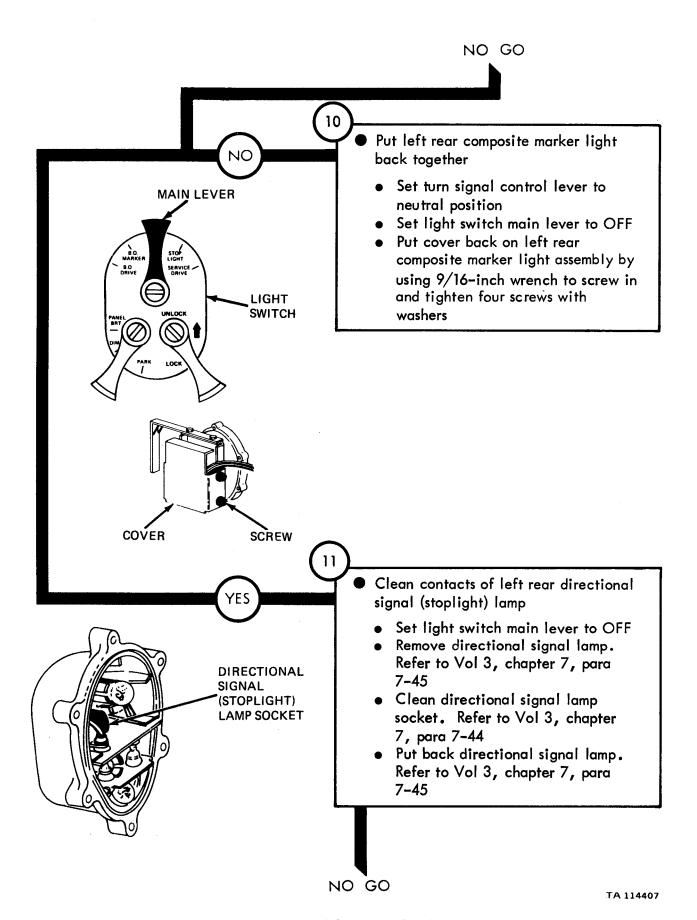
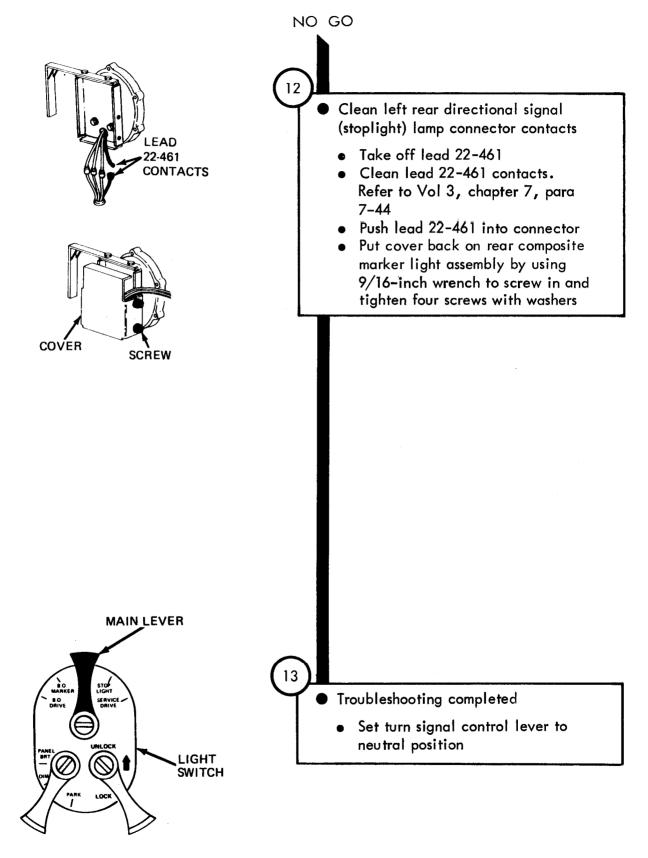


Figure 25-23 (Sheet 6 of 16)



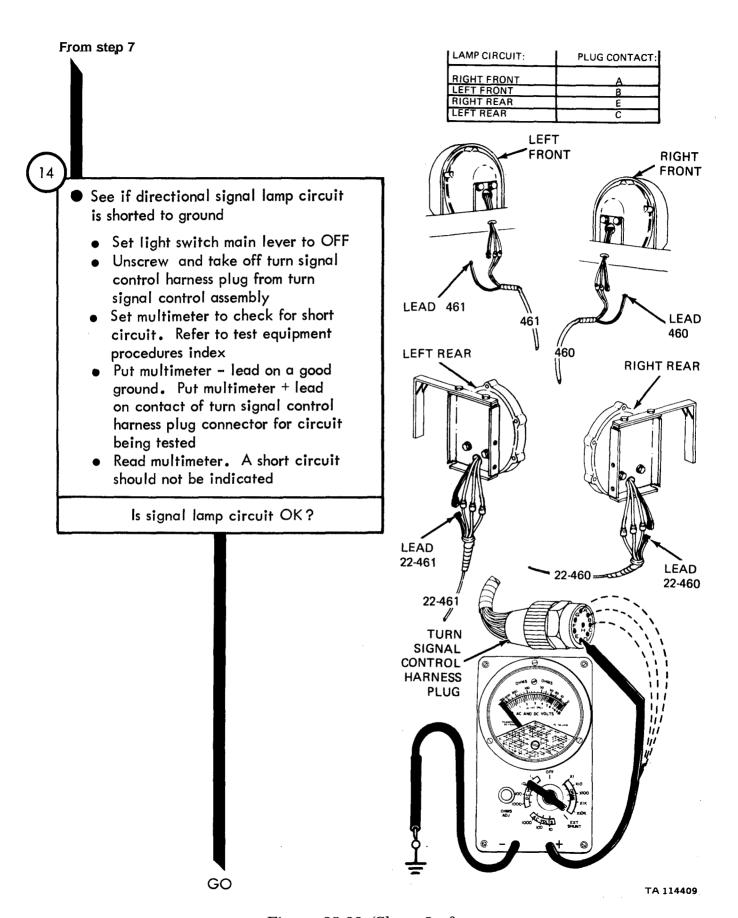
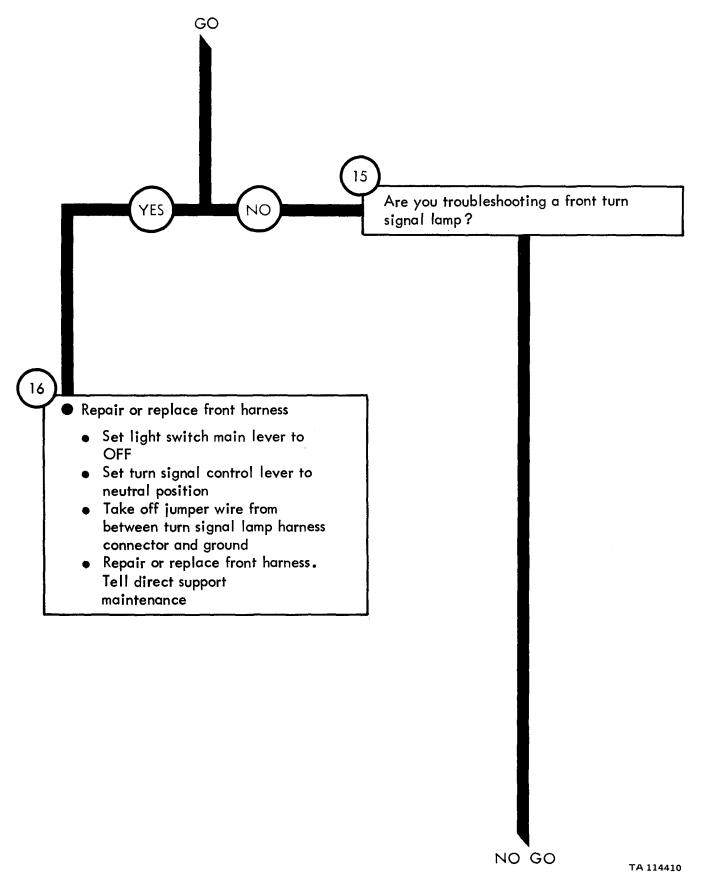


Figure 25-23 (Sheet 8 of 16)



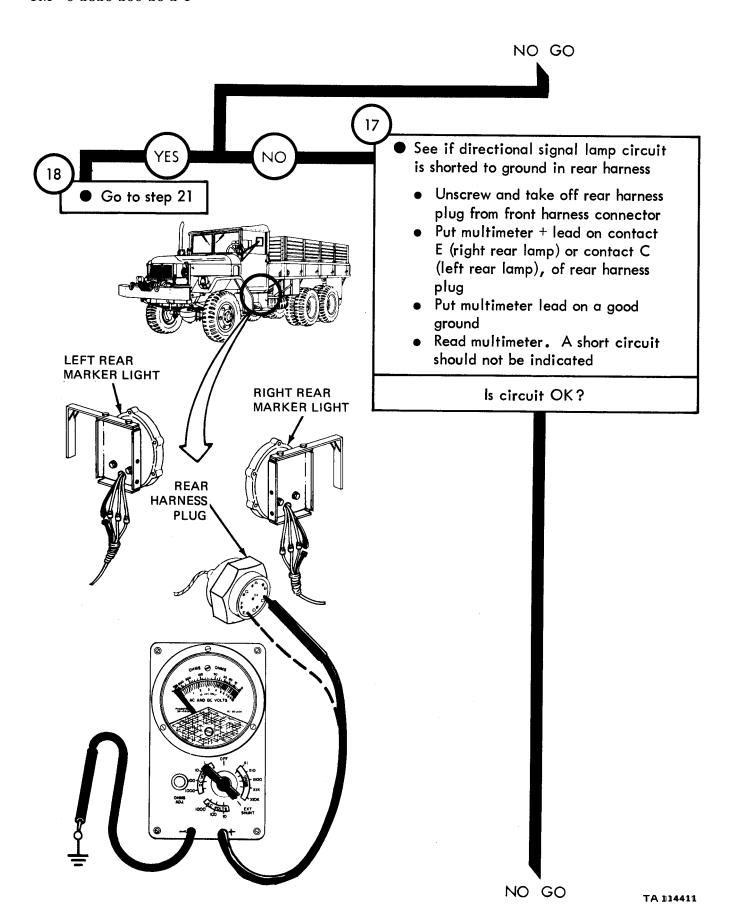


Figure 25-23 (Sheet 10 of 16)

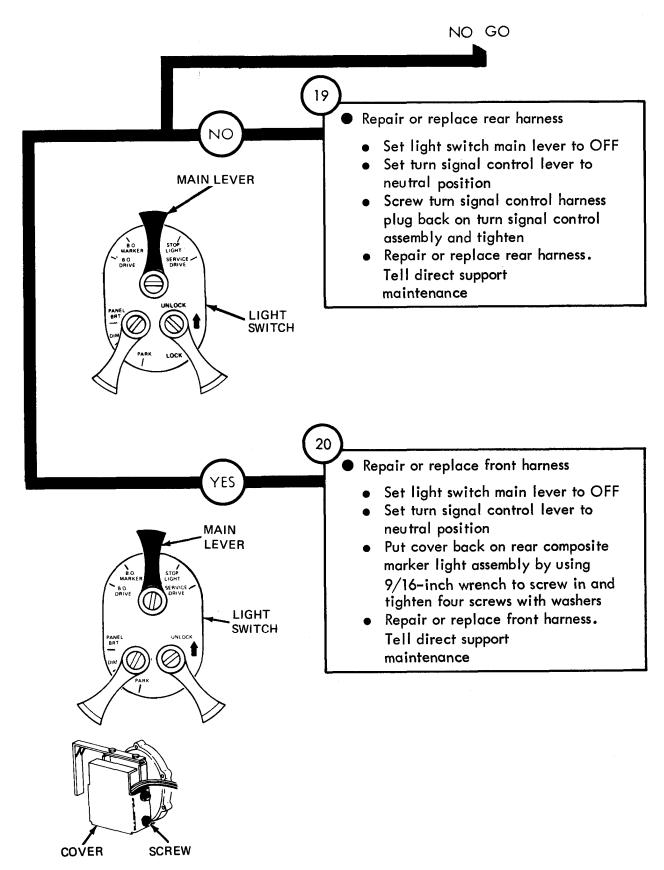


Figure 25-23 (Sheet 11 of 16)

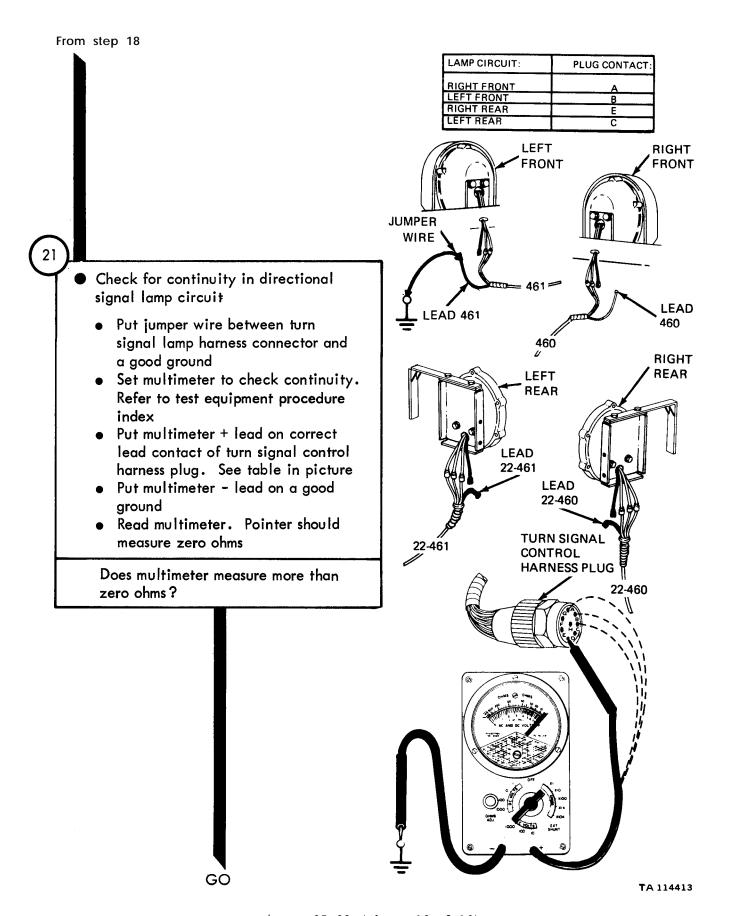
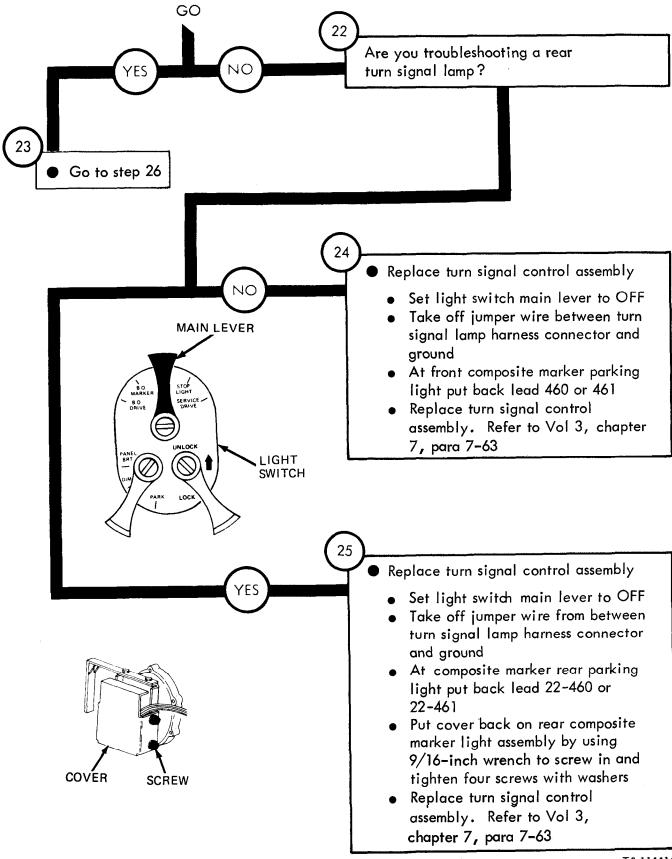
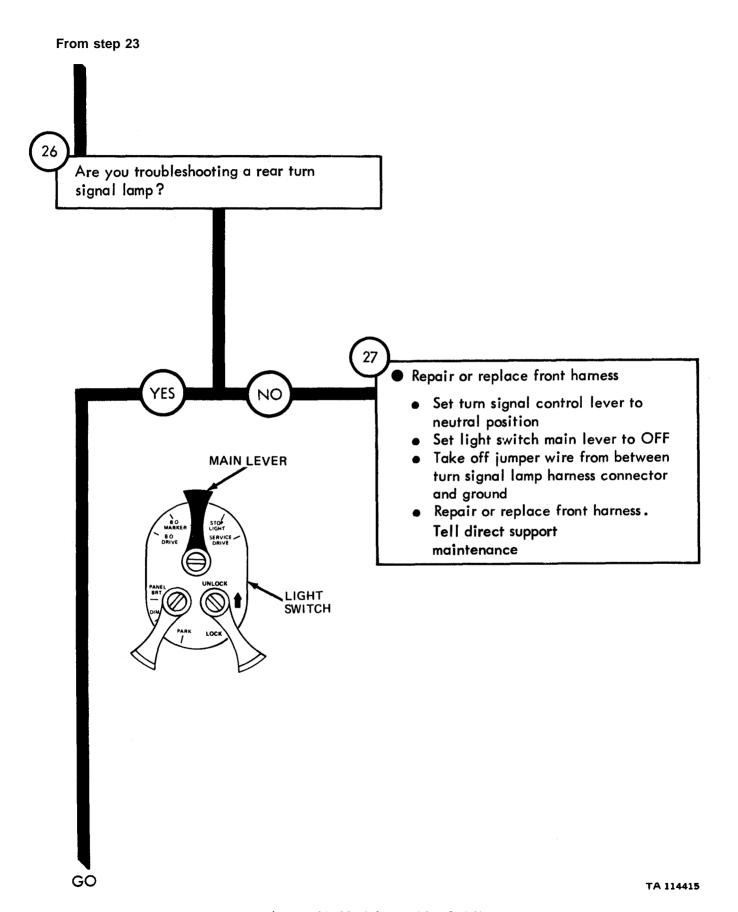


Figure 25-23 (Sheet 12 of 16)





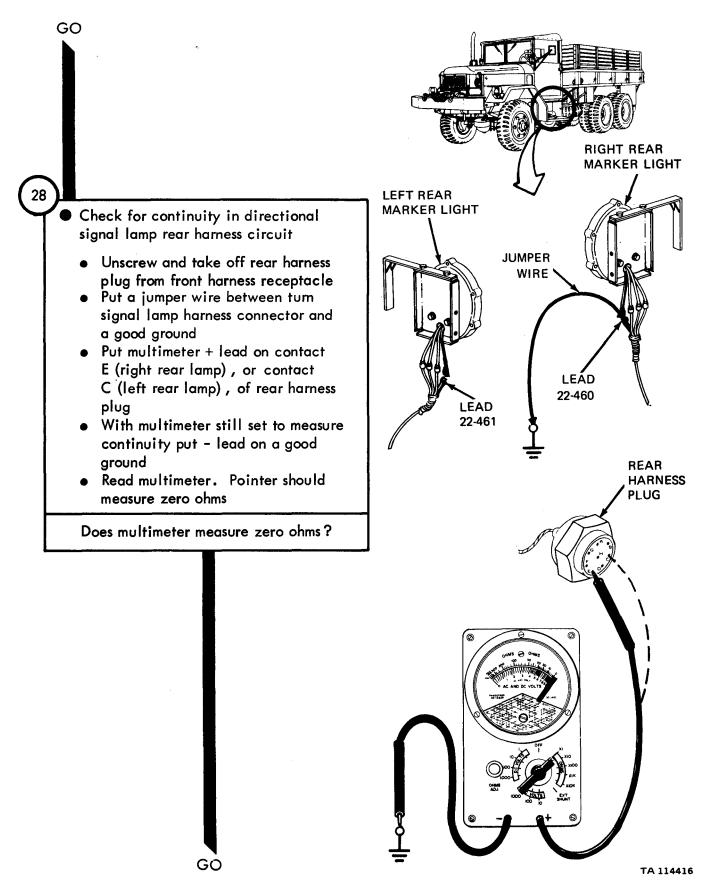
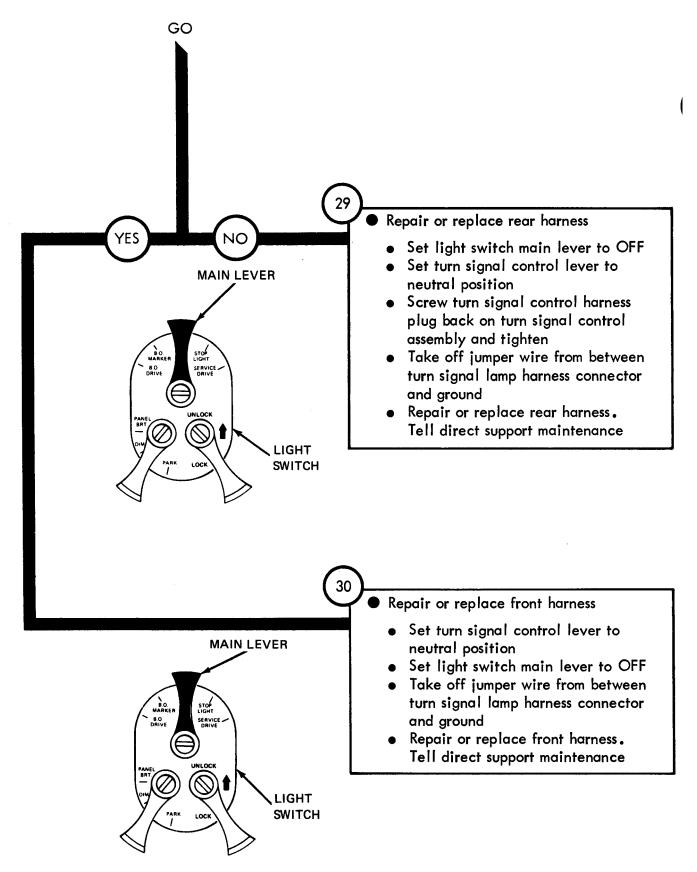


Figure 25-23 (Sheet 15 of 16)



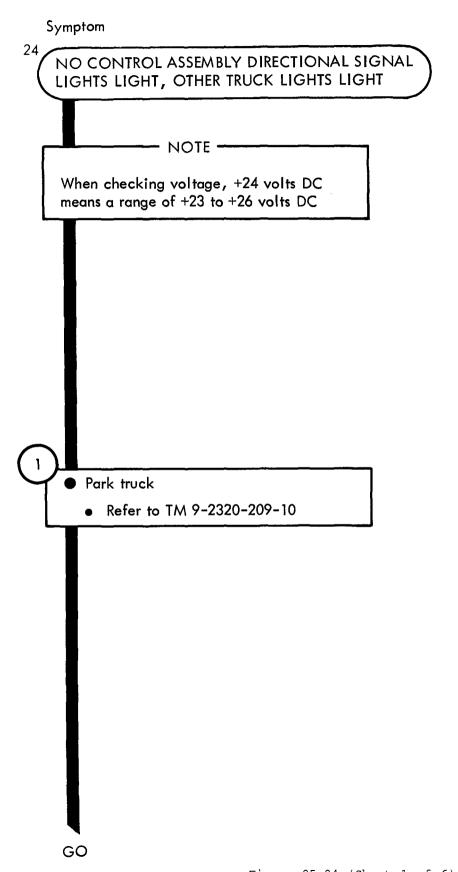


Figure 25-24 (Sheet 1 of 6)

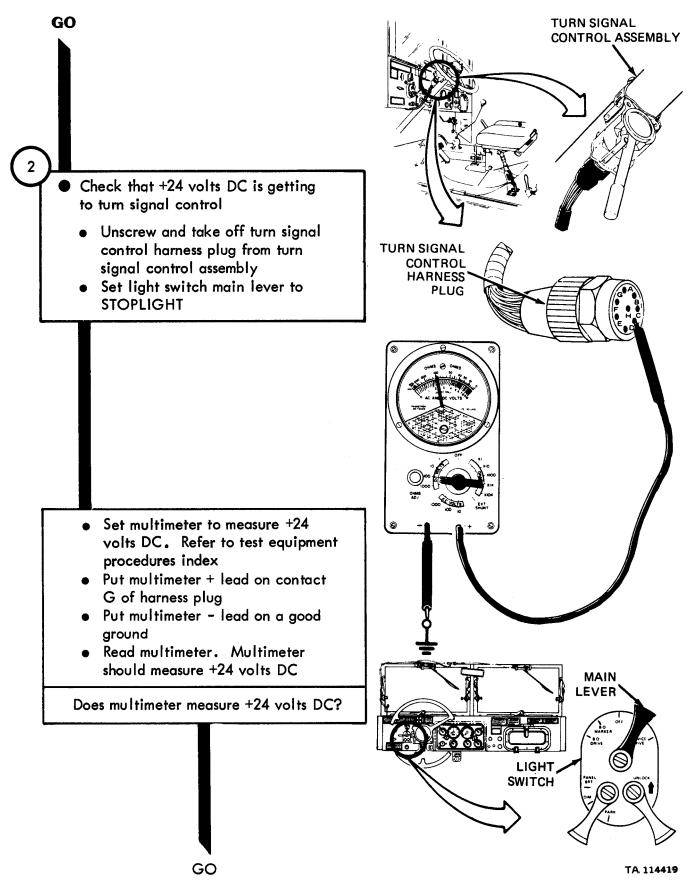


Figure 25-24 (Sheet 2 of 6)

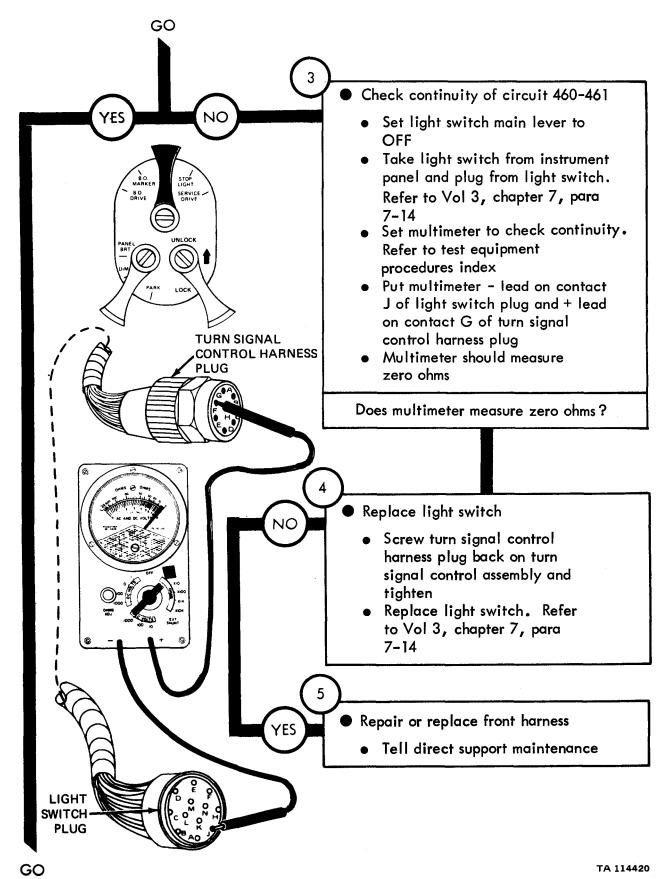
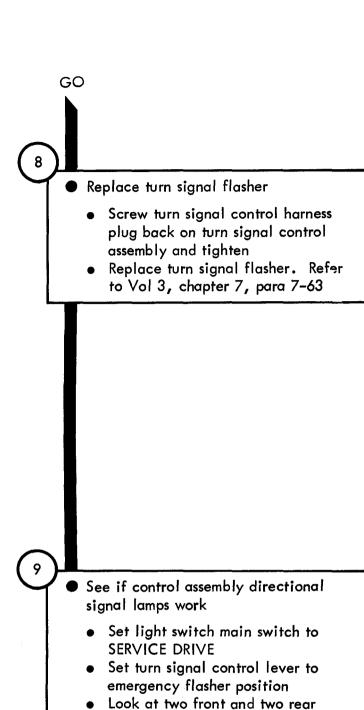
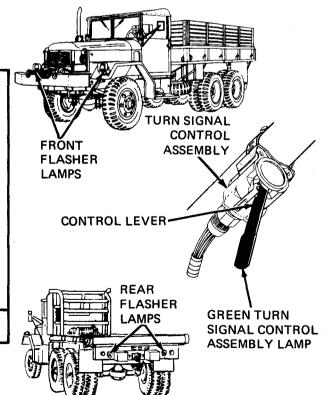


Figure 25-24 (Sheet 3 of 6)

G O FLASHER 6 Check harness between turn signal control lever and flasher for continuity Unscrew and take off flasher harness plug from turn signal flasher • Set multimeter to check continuity. Refer to test equipment index • Put multimeter + lead on contact B of flasher harness plug and - lead on contact F of turn signal CONTROL harness plug. Read multimeter HARNESS PLUG **TURN SIGNAL** • Put multimeter + lead on contact A of flasher harness plug and - lead on contact H of turn signal harness plug. Read multimeter Put multimeter + lead on contact C of flasher harness plug and - lead on a good ground. Read multimeter. Multimeter should measure zero ohms for each test Did multimeter measure zero ohms for each test? FLASHER HARNESS PLUG Repair or replace front harness • Tell direct support maintenance GO TA 114421

Figure 25-24 (Sheet 4 of 6)





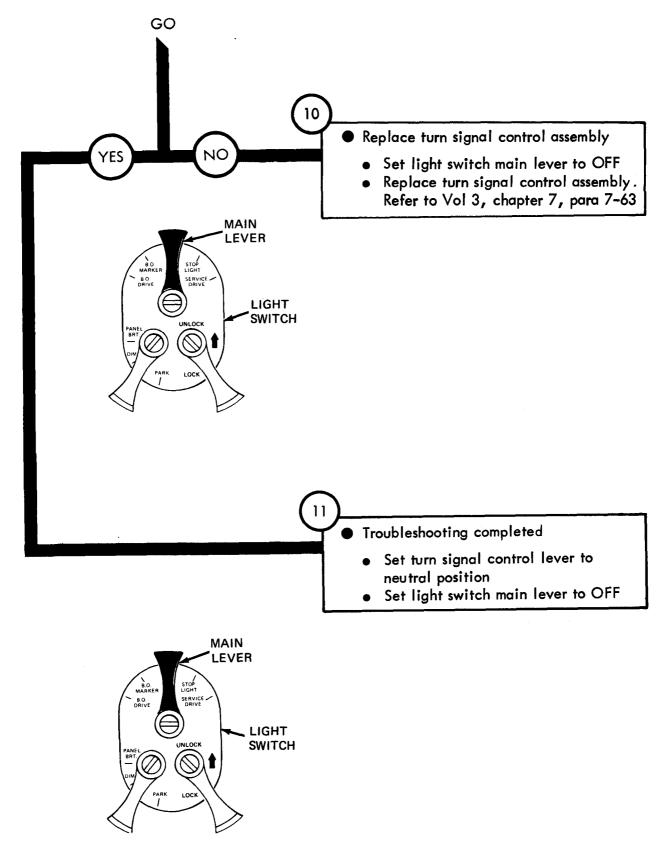
Checkout OK?

times per second

turn signal lamps, and green

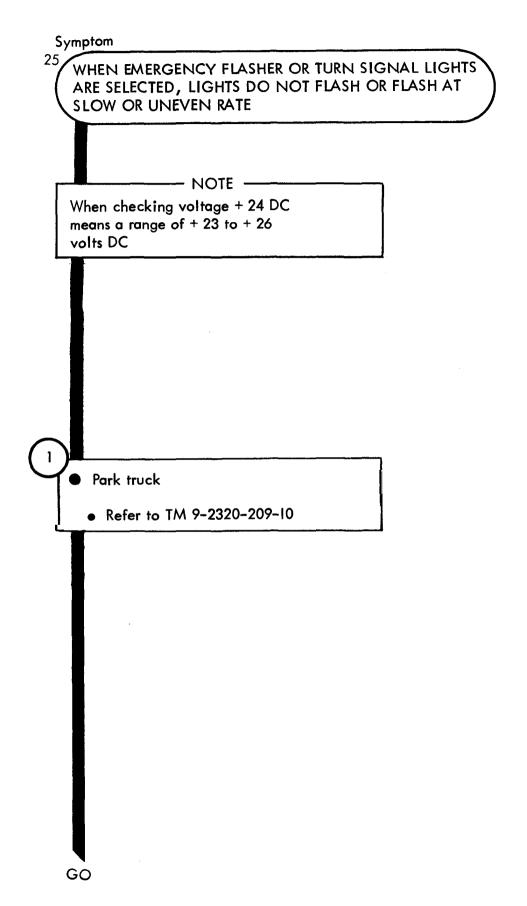
turn signal control assembly lamp. All lamps should be flashing together one to two

GO



TA 114423

Figure 25-24 (Sheet 6 of 6)



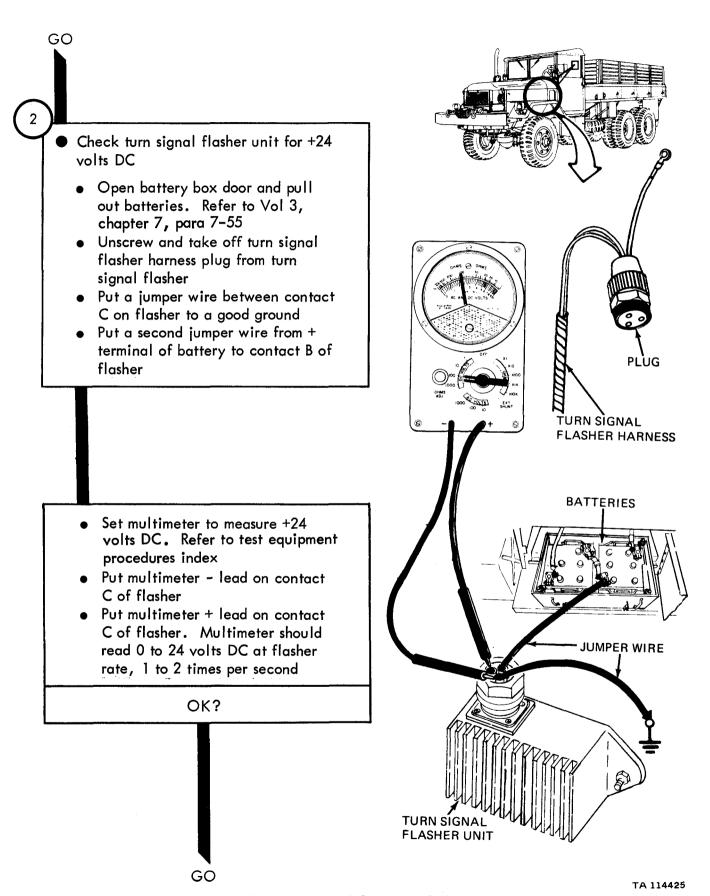
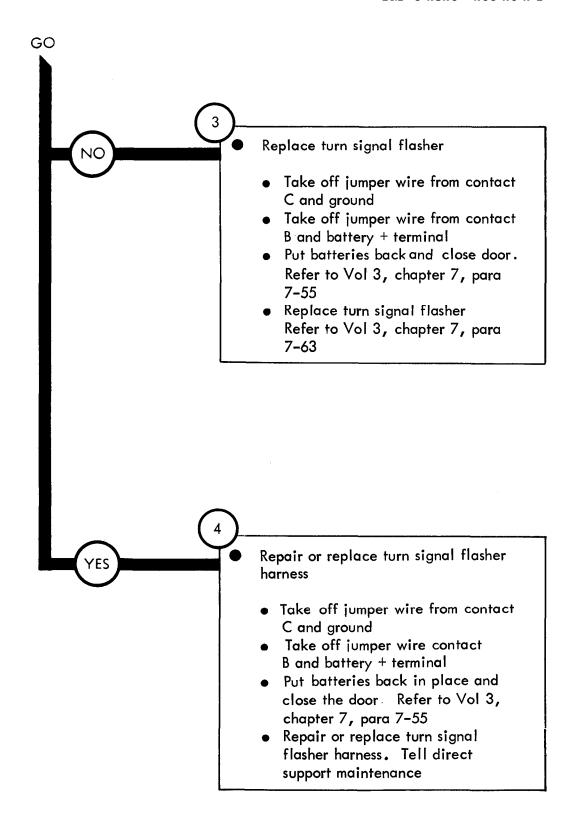


Figure 25-25 (Sheet 2 of 3)



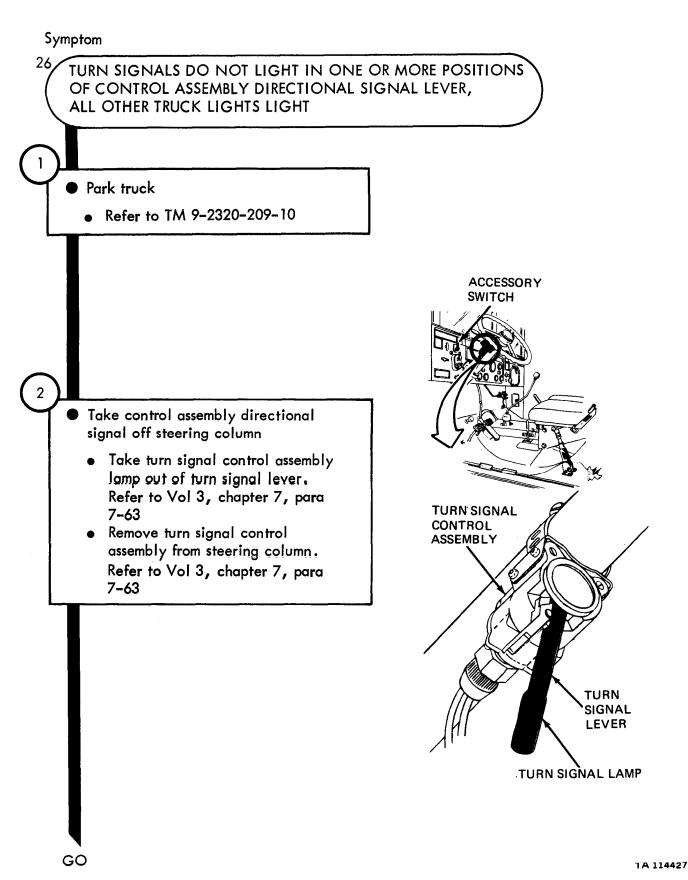


Figure 25-26 (Sheet 1 of 6)

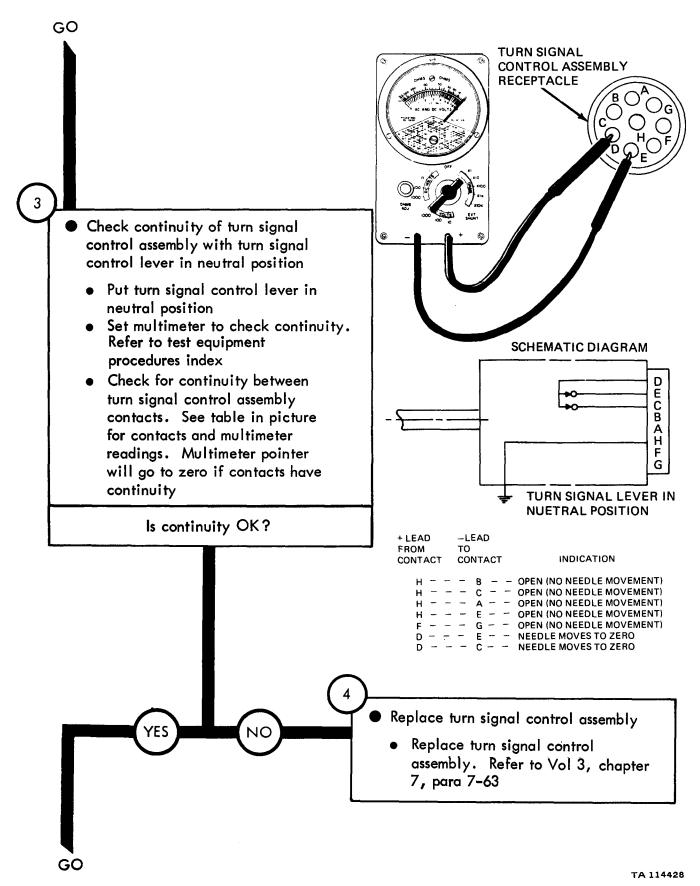


Figure 25-26 (Sheet 2 of 6)

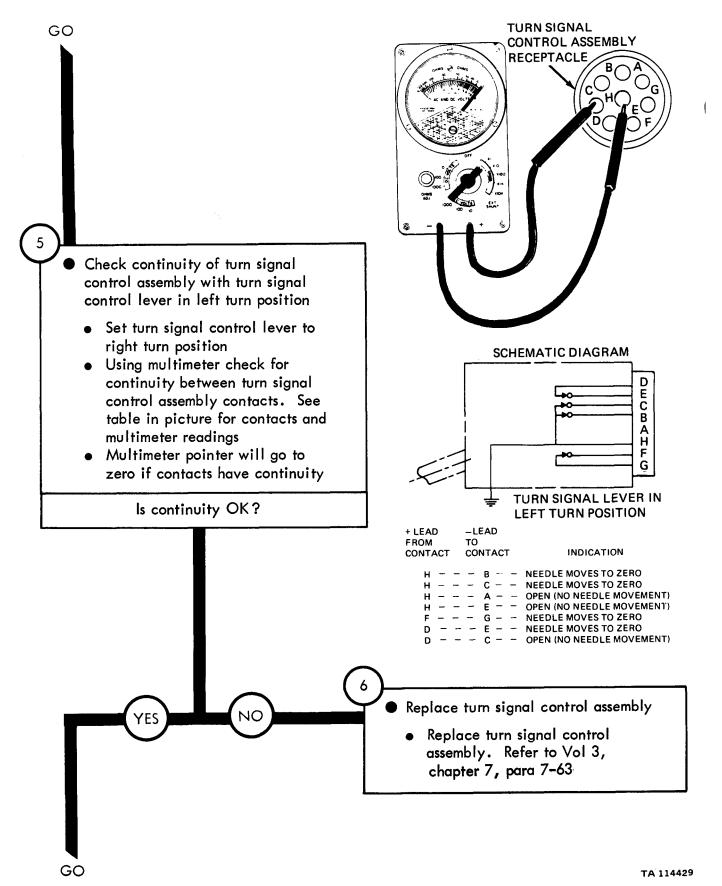


Figure 25-26 (Sheet 3 of 6)

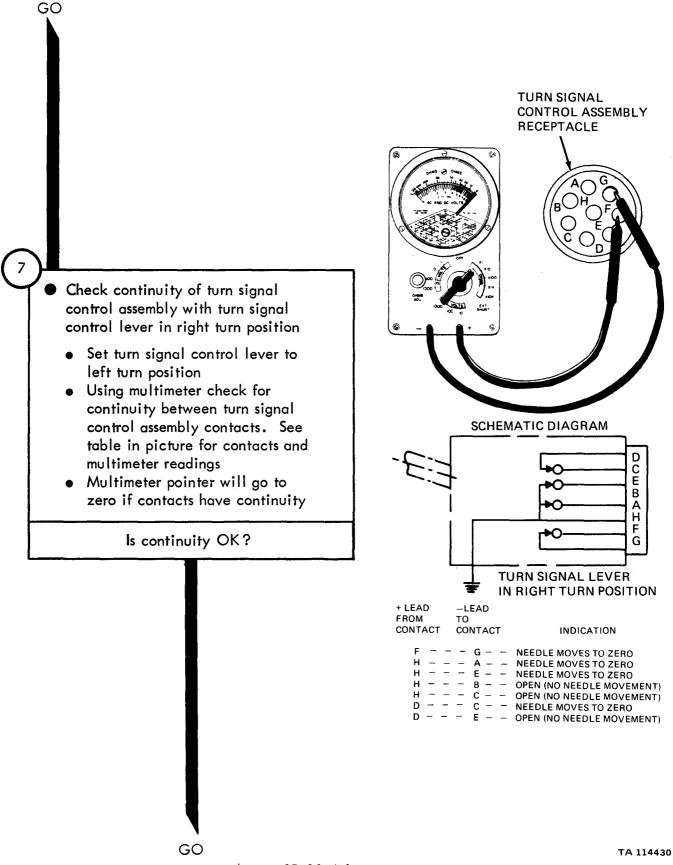


Figure 25-26 (Sheet 4 of 6)

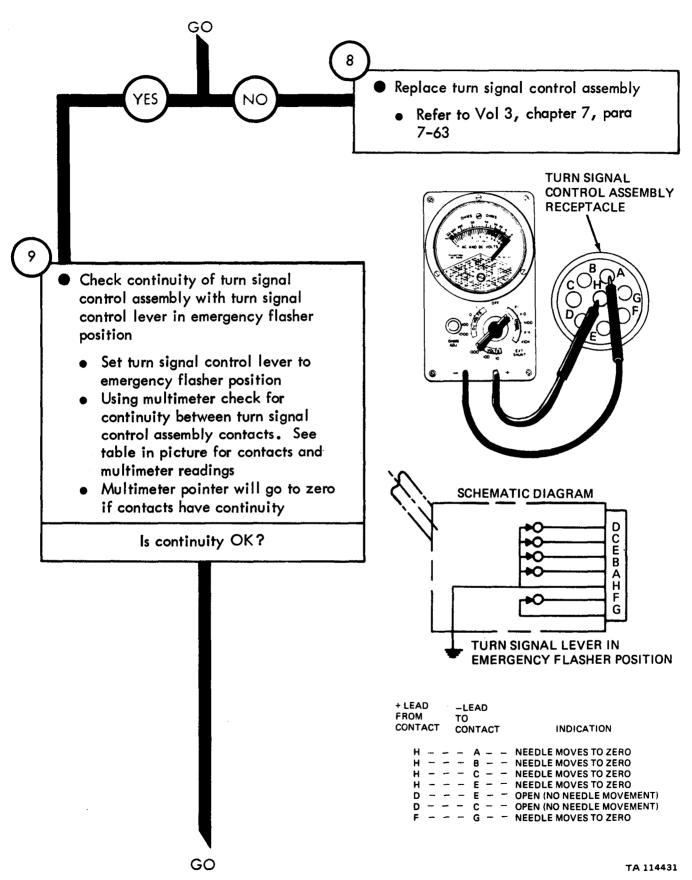
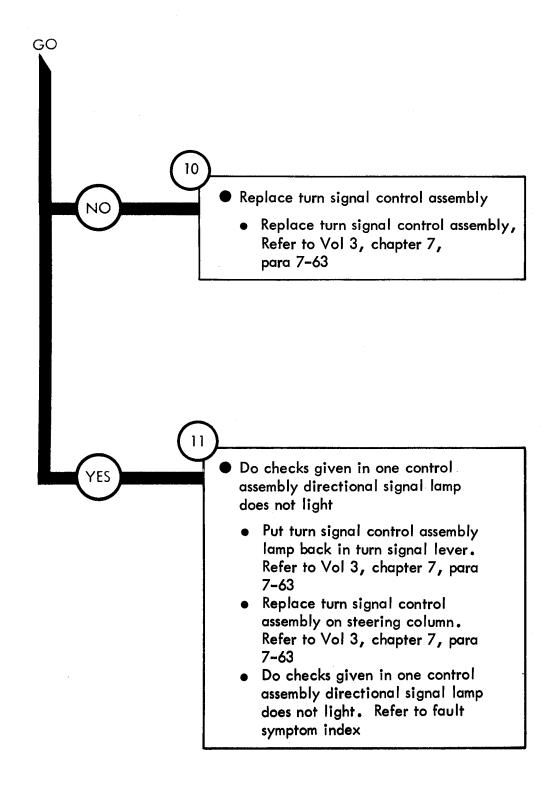


Figure 25-26 (Sheet 5 of 6)



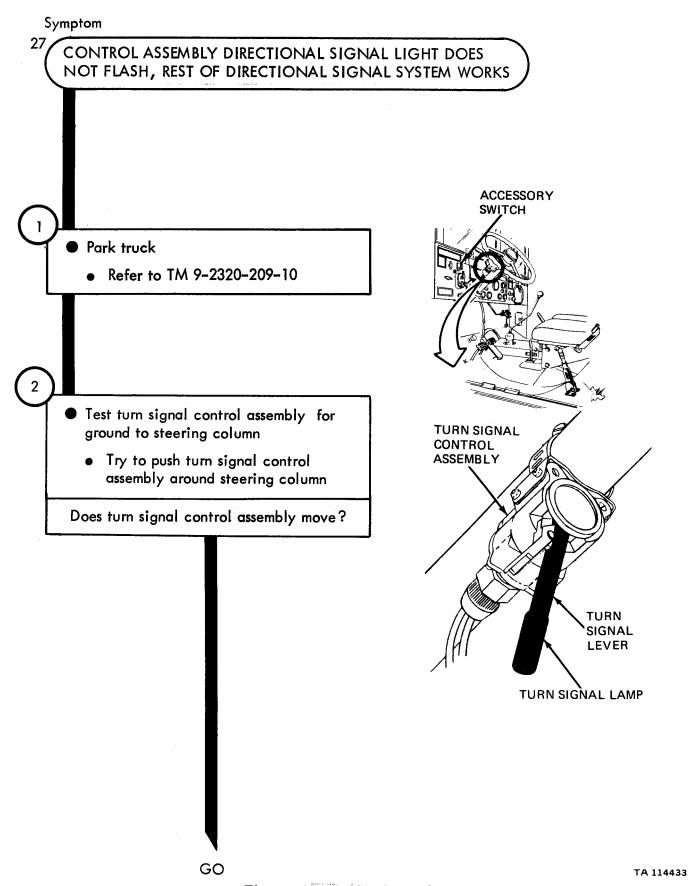
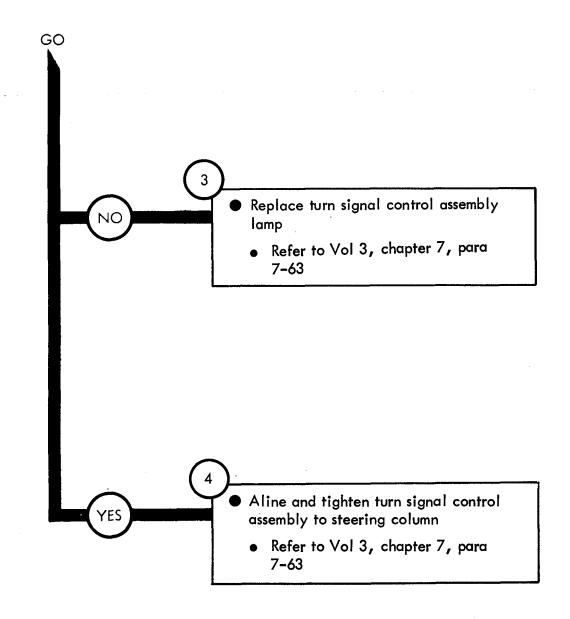


Figure 25-27 (Sheet 1 of 2)



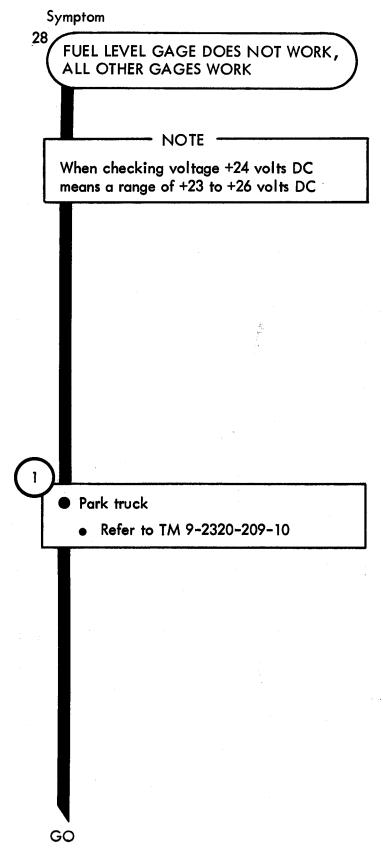
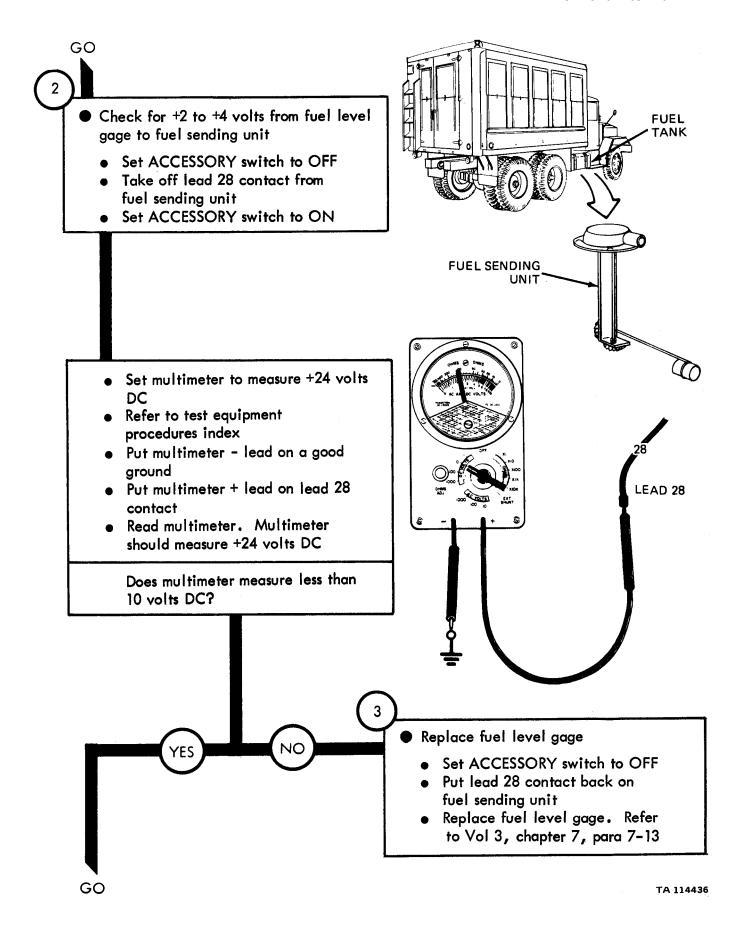
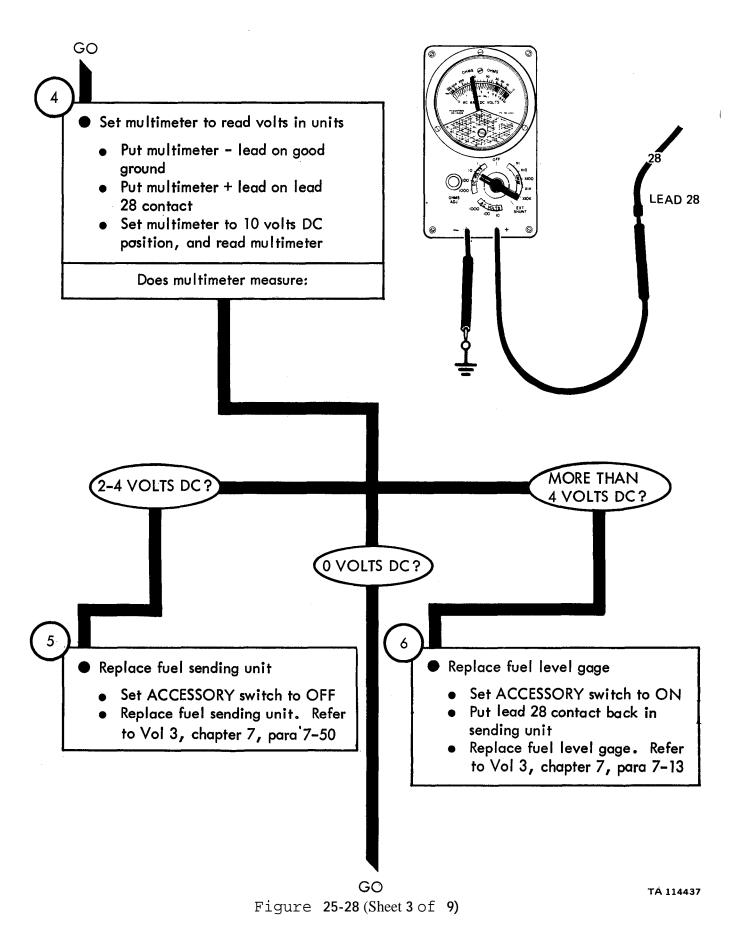


Figure 25-28 (Sheet 1 of 9)





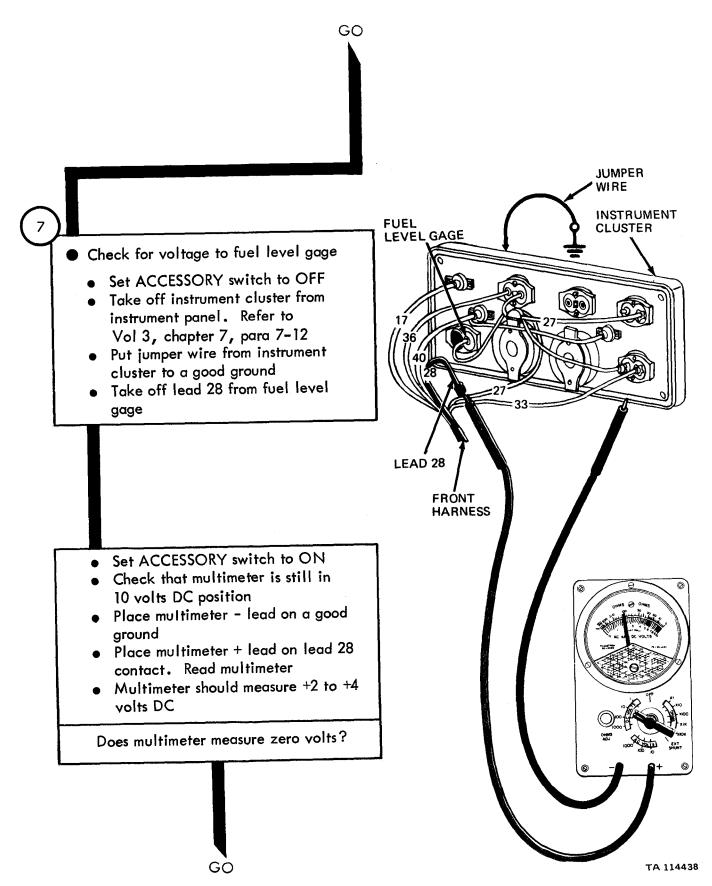


Figure 25-28 (Sheet 4 of 9)

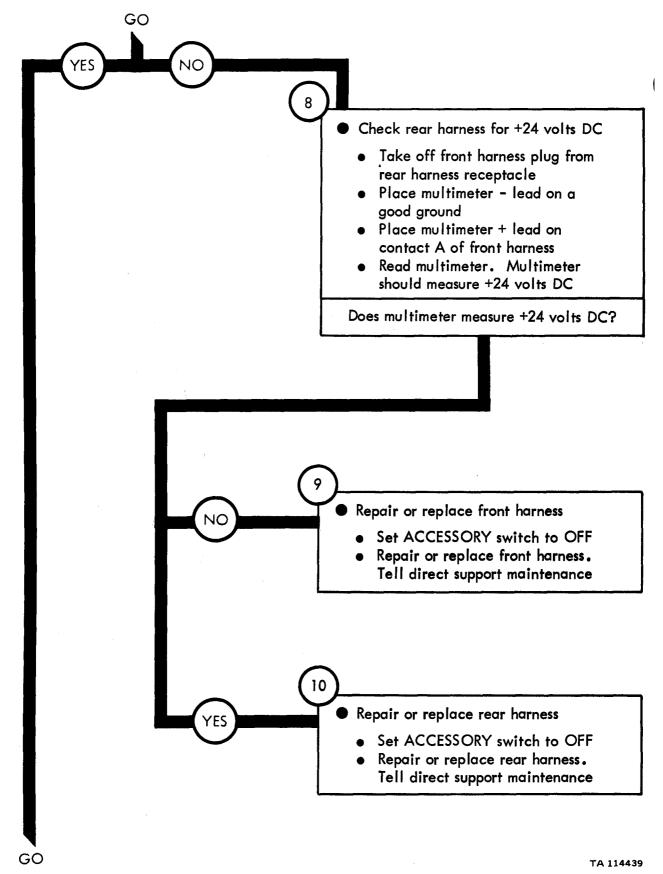


Figure 25-28 (Sheet 5 of 9)

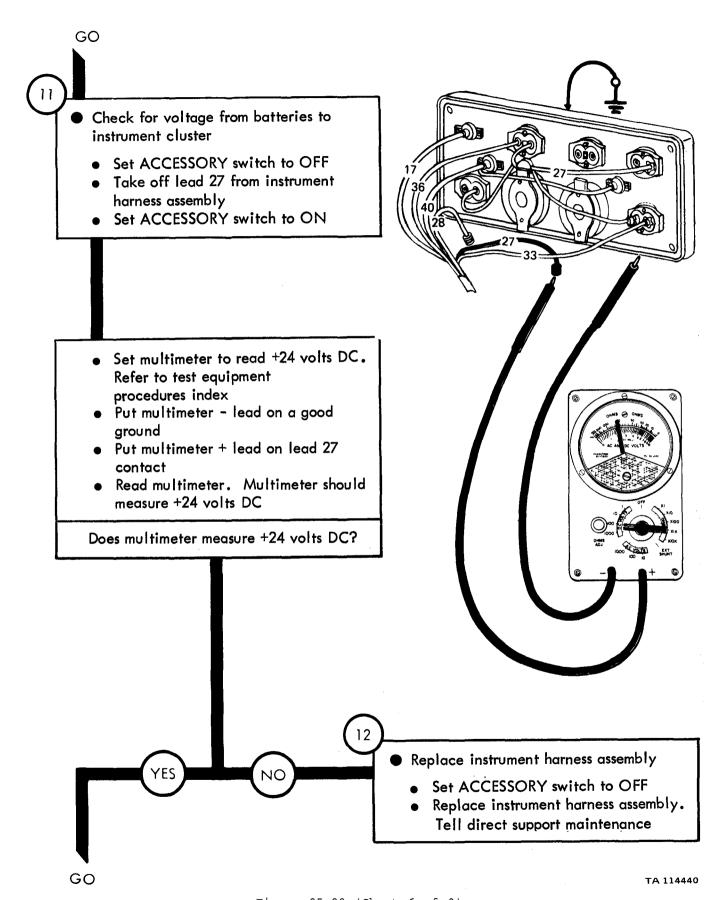


Figure 25-28 (Sheet 6 of 9)

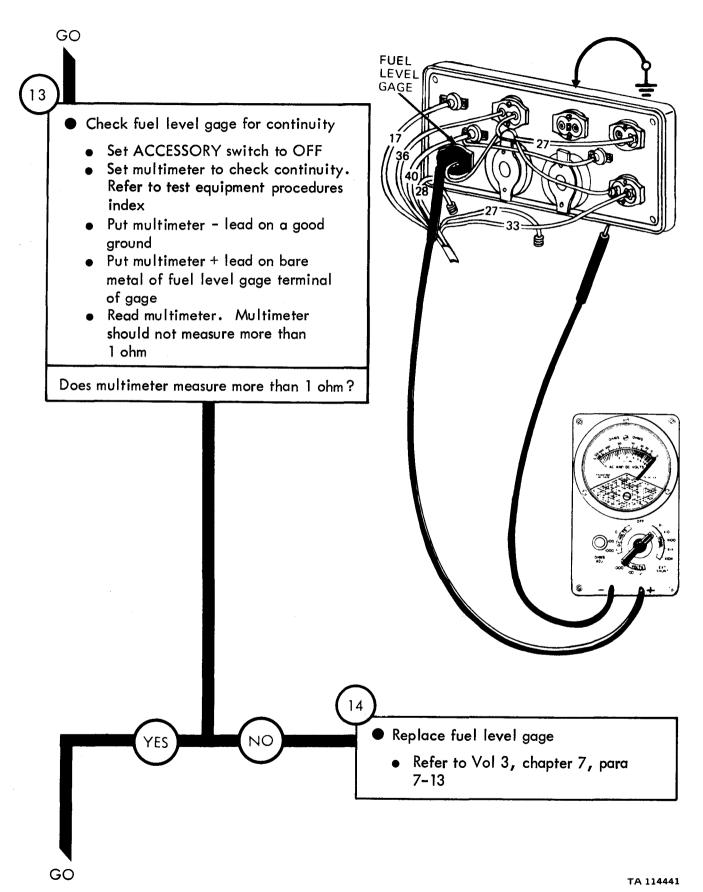
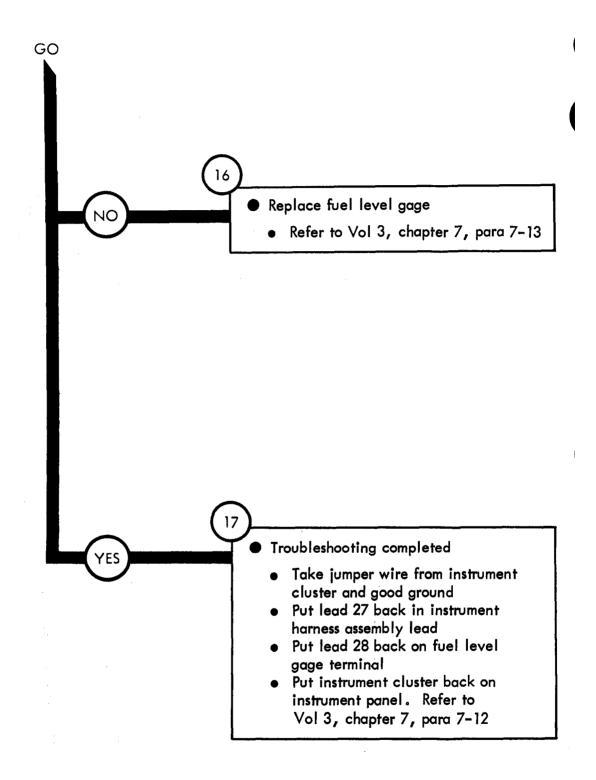


Figure 25-28 (Sheet 7 of 9)

**FUEL** LEVEL 15 GAGE Clean surfaces where fuel level gage and instrument cluster contact, and recheck continuity • Take off fuel level gage from instrument cluster. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-13 • Clean surfaces where fuel level gage and instrument cluster contact. Put fuel level gage back on instrument cluster. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-13 • Put multimeter - lead on a good ground Put multimeter + lead on fuel level gage terminal 28 Read multimeter. Multimeter should measure zero ohms Does multimeter measure zero ohms?

Figure 25-28 (Sheet 8 of 9)

GO



Symptom TEMPERATURE GAGE DOES NOT WORK. ALL OTHER **GAGES WORK** - NOTE ----When measuring voltage +24 volts means a range of +23 to +26 volts DC Park truck • Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 **TEMPERATURE** SENDING UNIT Check for +24 volts from temperature gage to sending unit Set ACCESSORY switch to OFF • Take off lead 33 contact from temperature sending unit LEAD 33 Set ACCESSORY switch to ON • Set multimeter to measure +24 volts DC. Refer to test equipment procedures index • Put multimeter - lead on a good ground • Put multimeter + lead on lead 33 contact Read multimeter. Multimeter should read +24 volts DC Does mu ltimeter measure less than +24 volts DC? GO **TA** 114444

Figure 25-29 (Sheet 1 of 6)

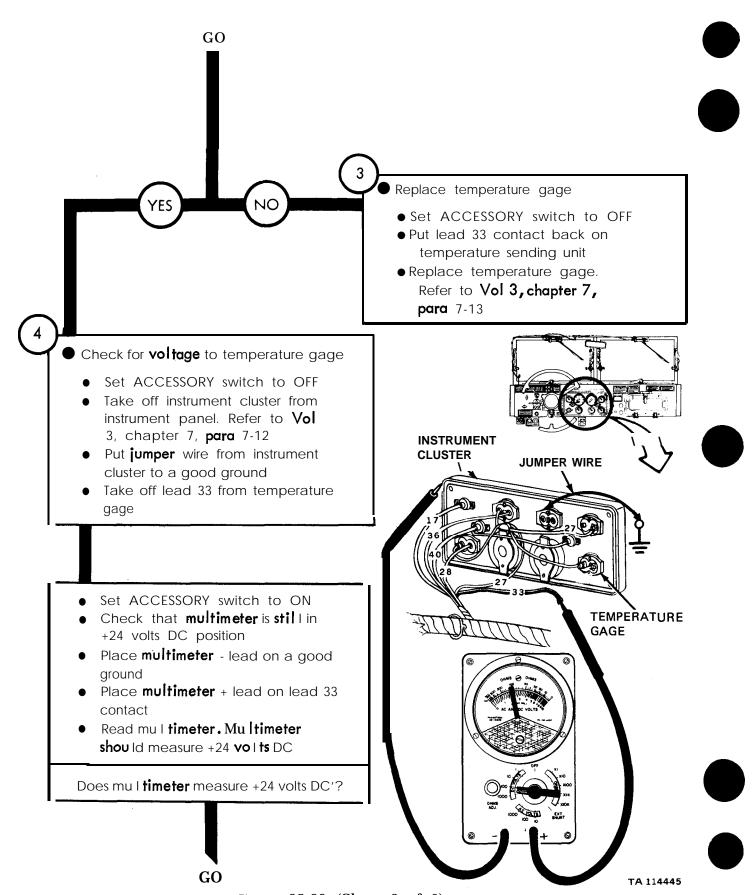


Figure 25-29 (Sheet 2 of 6)

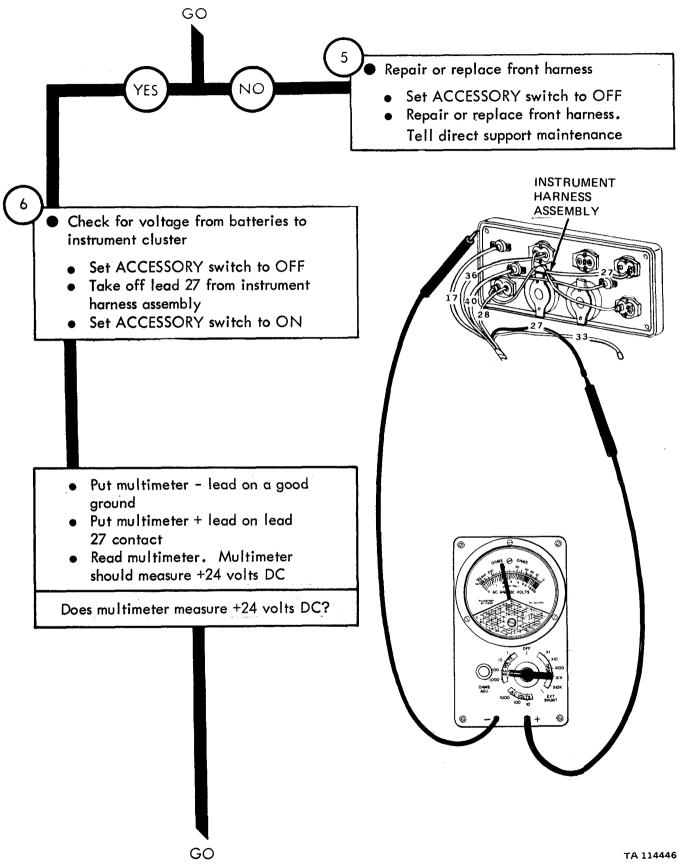


Figure 25-29 (Sheet 3 of 6)

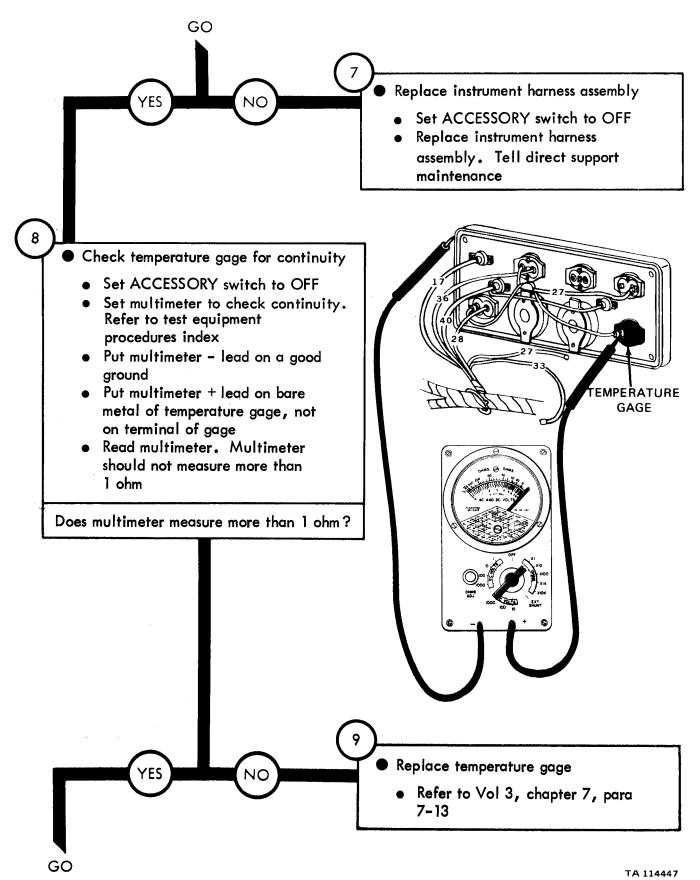


Figure 25-29 (Sheet 4 of 6)

GO 10

Clean surfaces where temperature gage and instrument cluster contact, and recheck continuity

- Take off temperature gage from instrument cluster. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-13
- Clean surfaces where temperature gage and instrument cluster contact.
- Put temperature gage back on instrument cluster. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-13

- Put multimeter lead on a good ground
- Put multimeter + lead on temperature gage lead 33 terminal
- Read multimeter. Multimeter should measure zero ohms

Does multimeter measure zero ohms?

GO

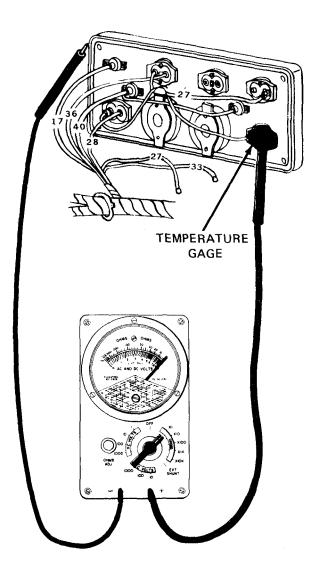
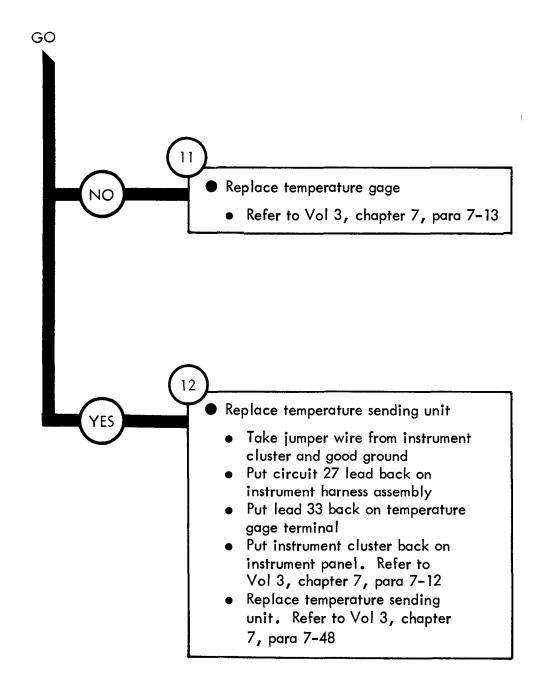


Figure 25-29 (Sheet 5 of 6)



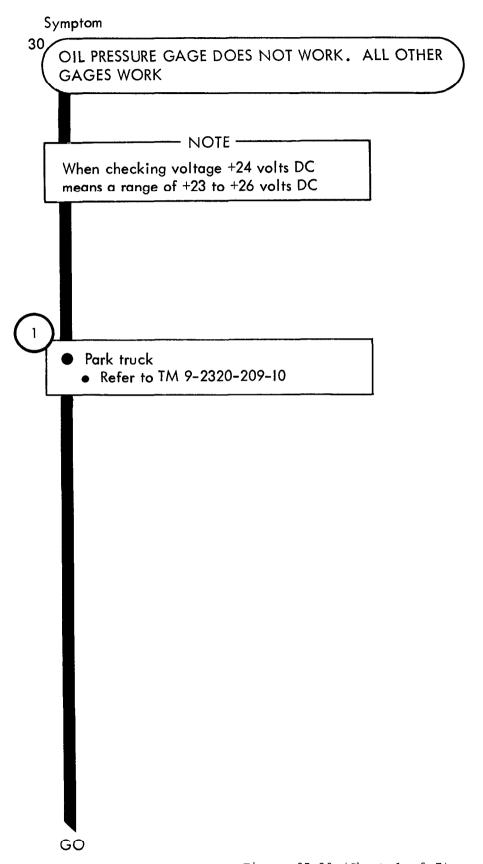


Figure 25-30 (Sheet 1 of 7)

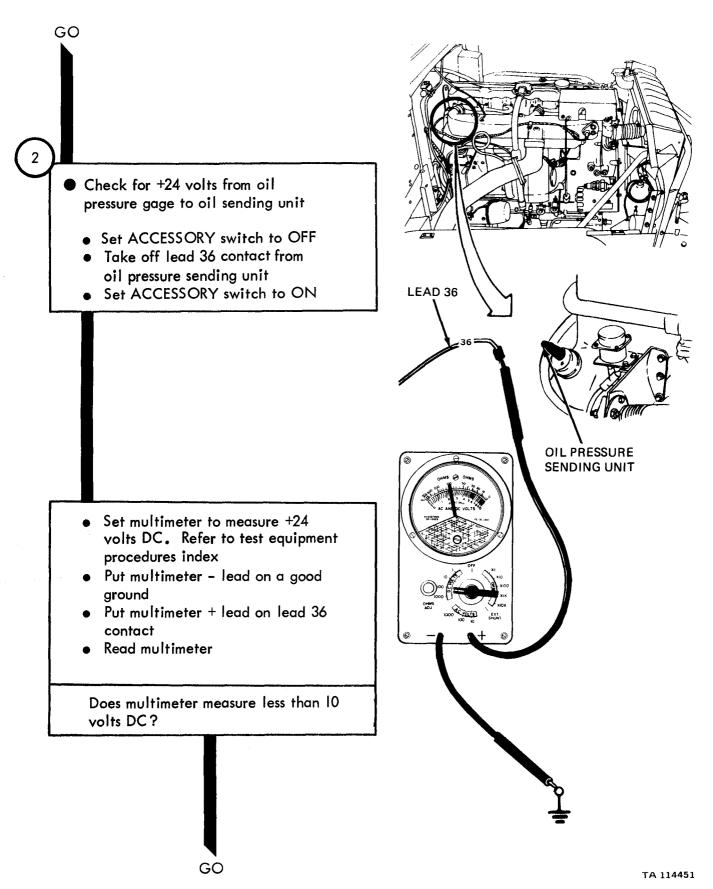
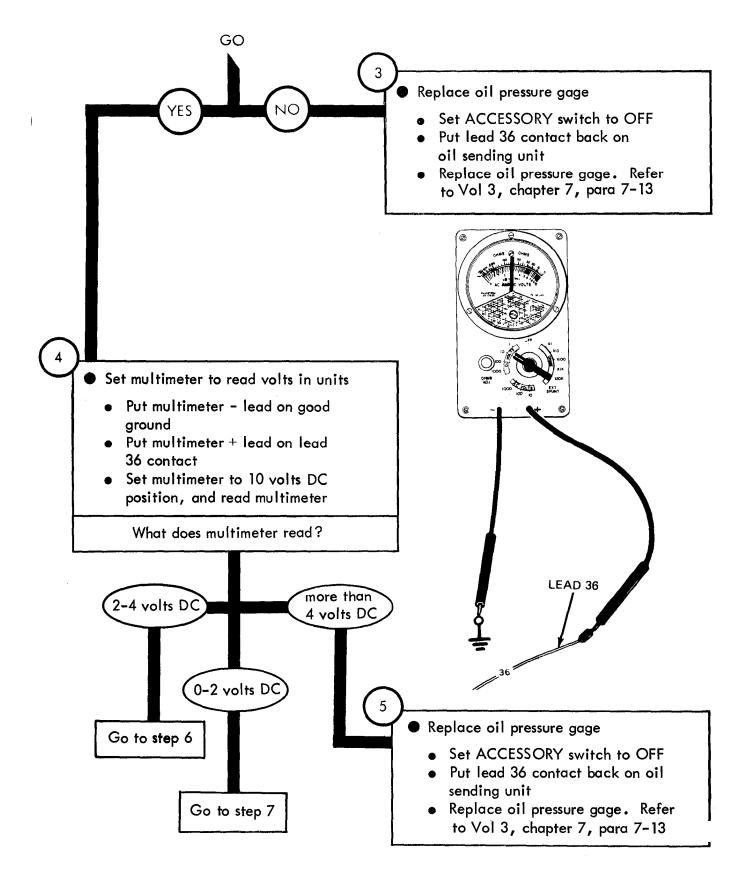


Figure 25-30 (Sheet 2 of 7)



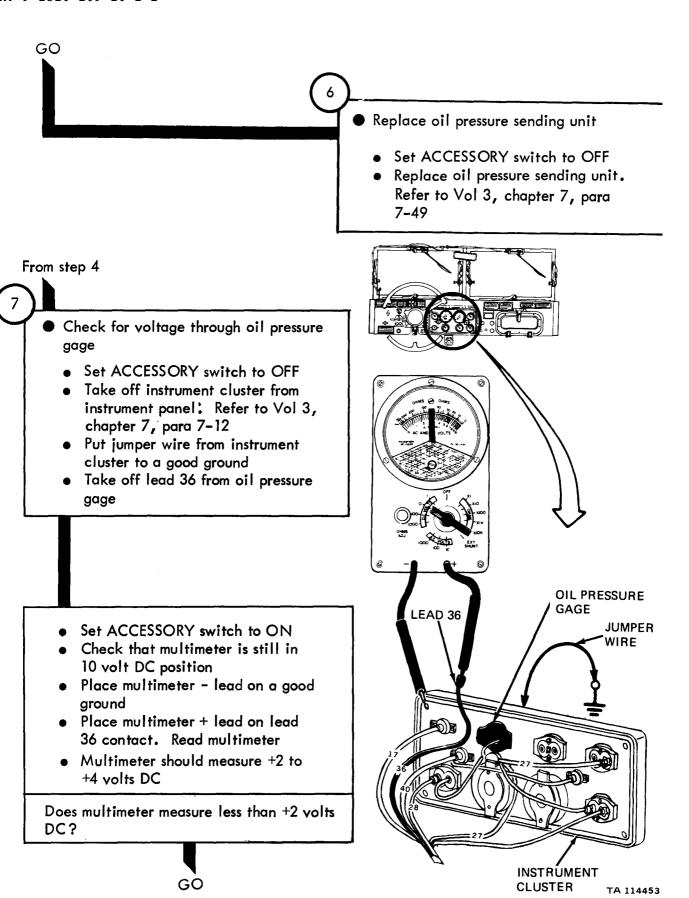


Figure 25-30 (Sheet 4 of 7)

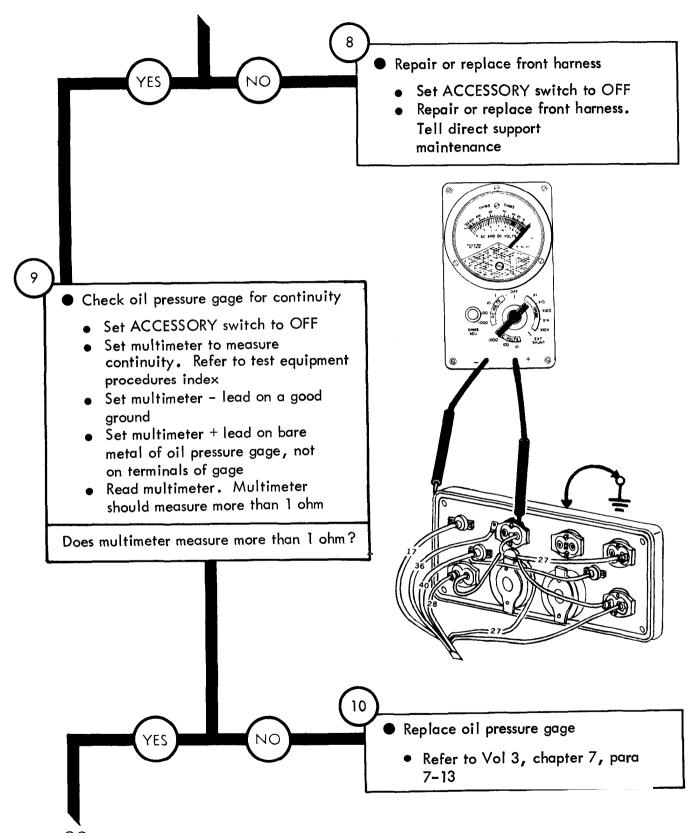


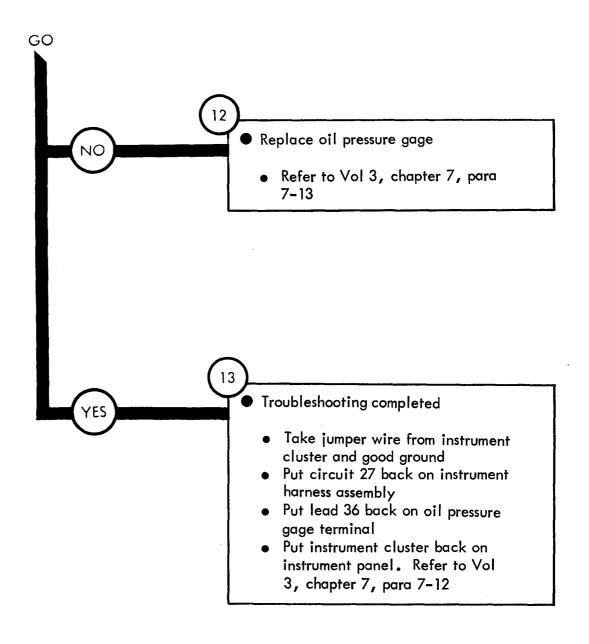
Figure 25-30 (Sheet 5 of 7)

GO 11 Clean surfaces where oil pressure gage and instrument cluster contact, and recheck continuity • Take off oil pressure gage from instrument cluster. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-13 • Clean surfaces where oil pressure gage and instrument cluster contact. • Put oil pressure gage back on instrument cluster. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 7, para 7-13 OIL PRESSURE GAGE Put multimeter - lead on a good ground Put multimeter + lead on oil pressure gage lead 36 terminal Read multimeter. Multimeter should measure zero ohms Does multimeter measure zero ohms?

Figure 25-30 (Sheet 6 of 7)

TA 114455

GO



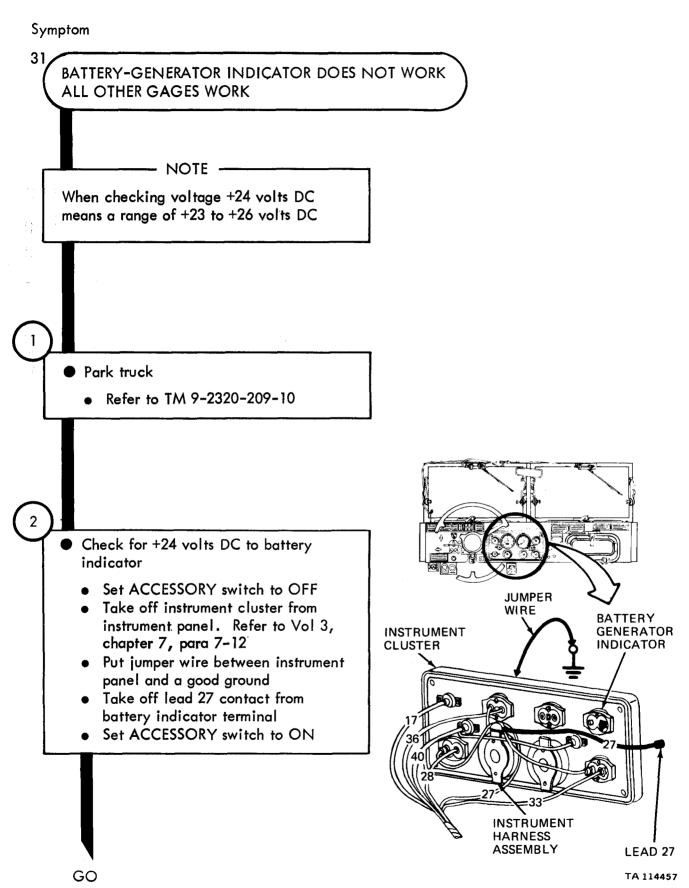


Figure 25-31 (Sheet 1 of 5)

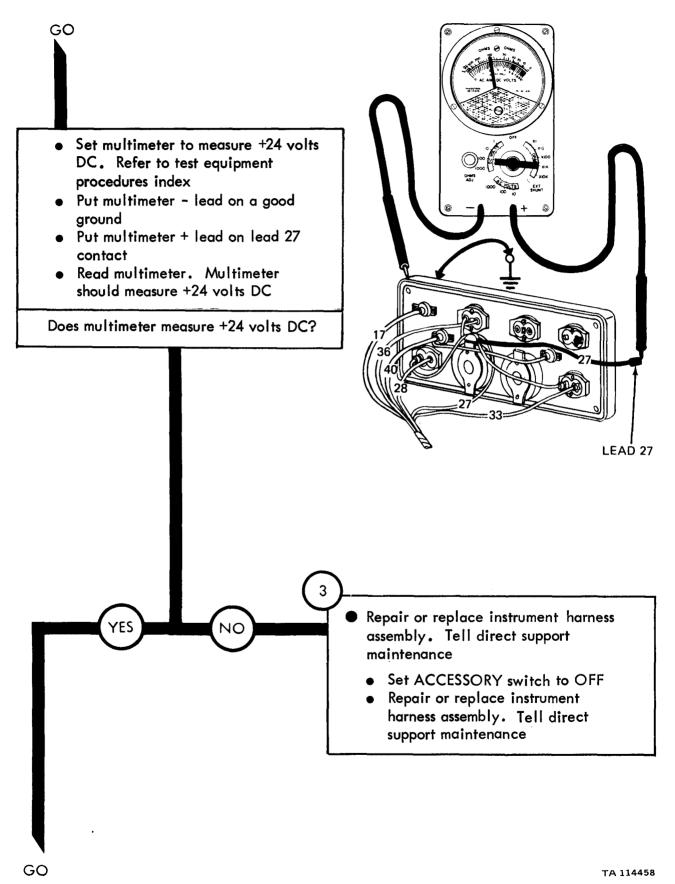


Figure 25-31 (Sheet 2 of 5)

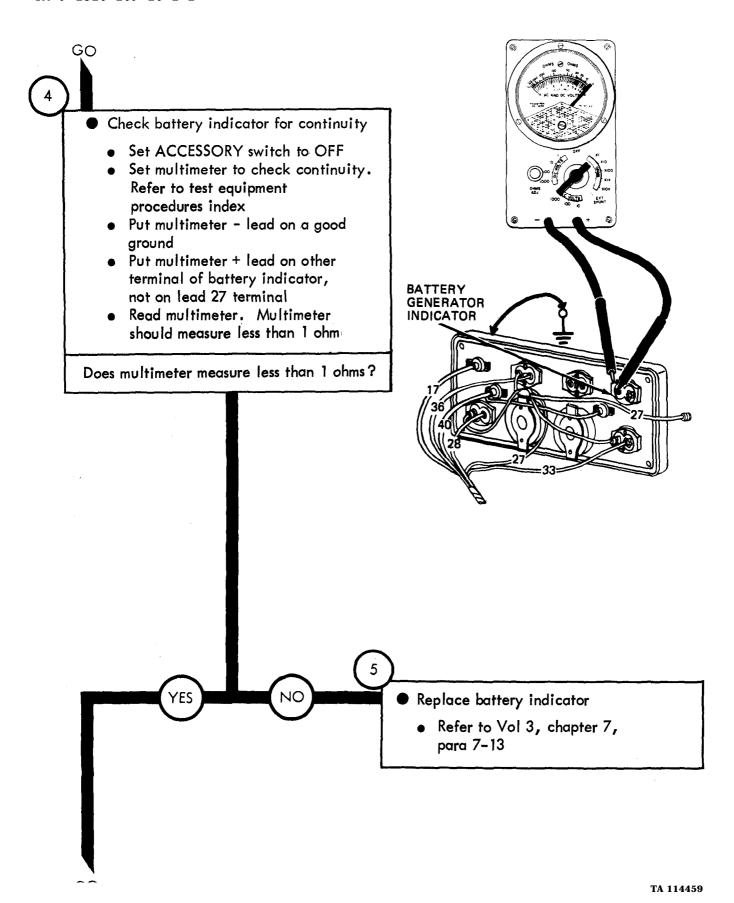


Figure 25-31 (Sheet 3 of 5)

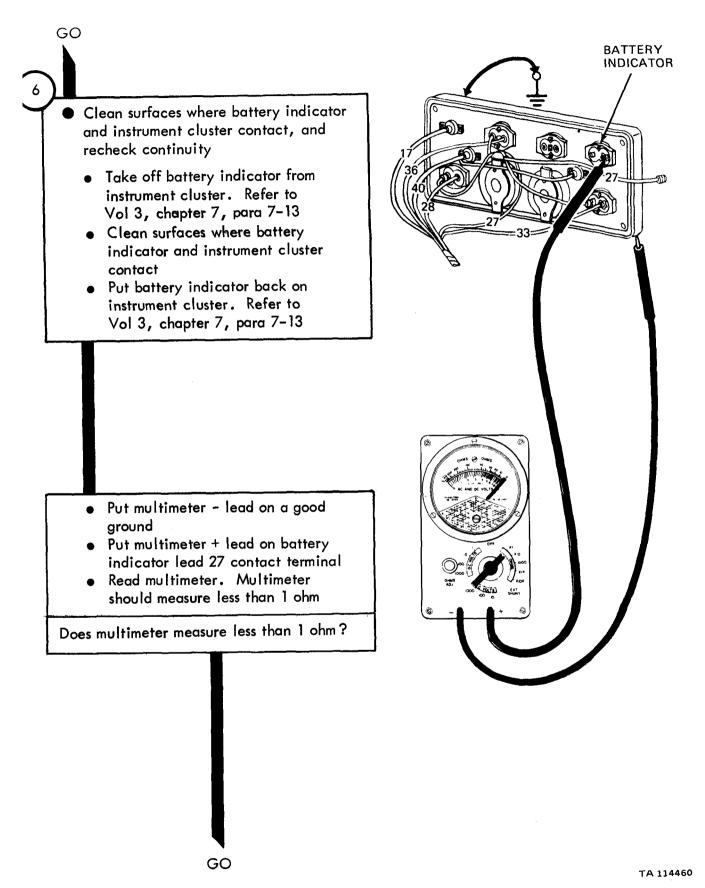
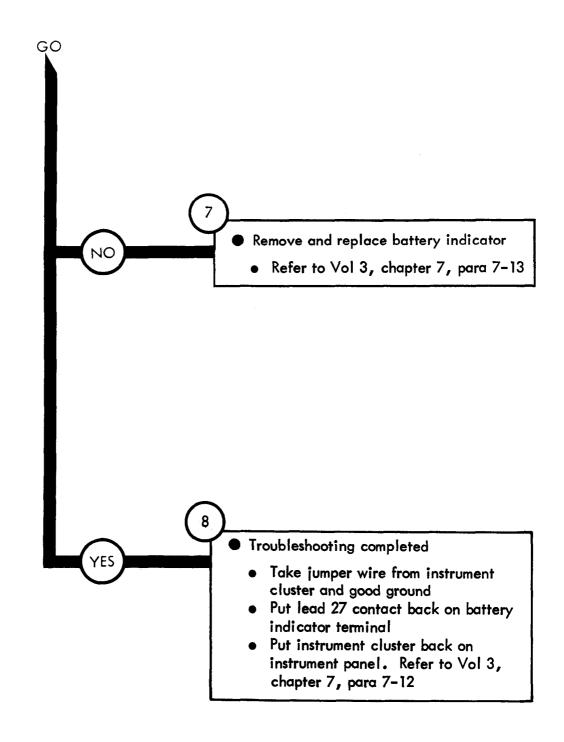
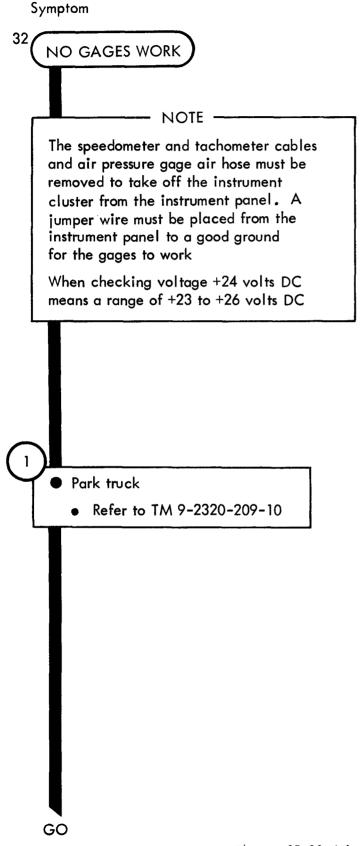
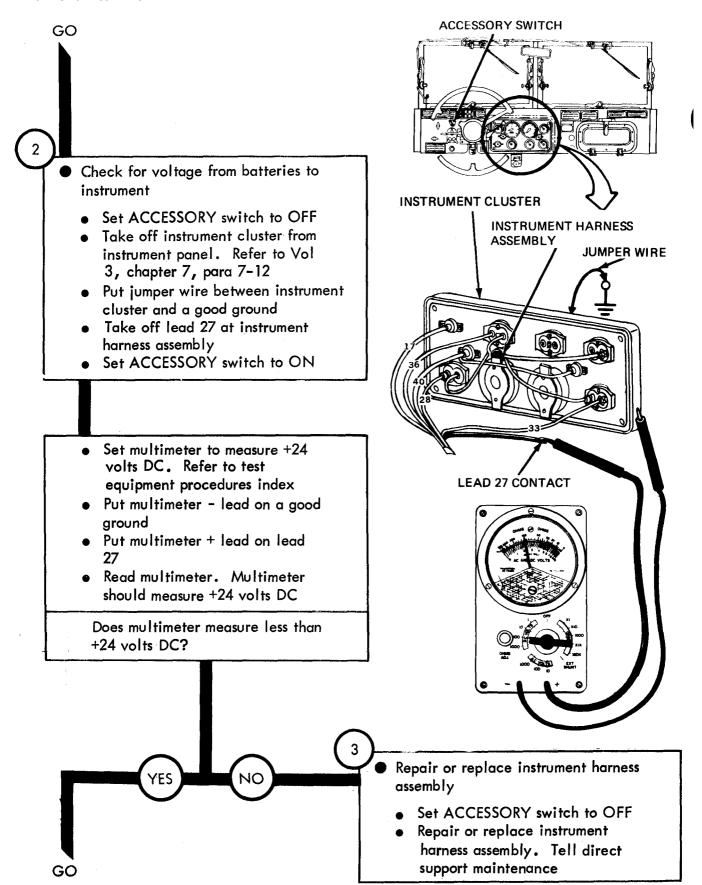


Figure 25-31 (Sheet 4 of 5)







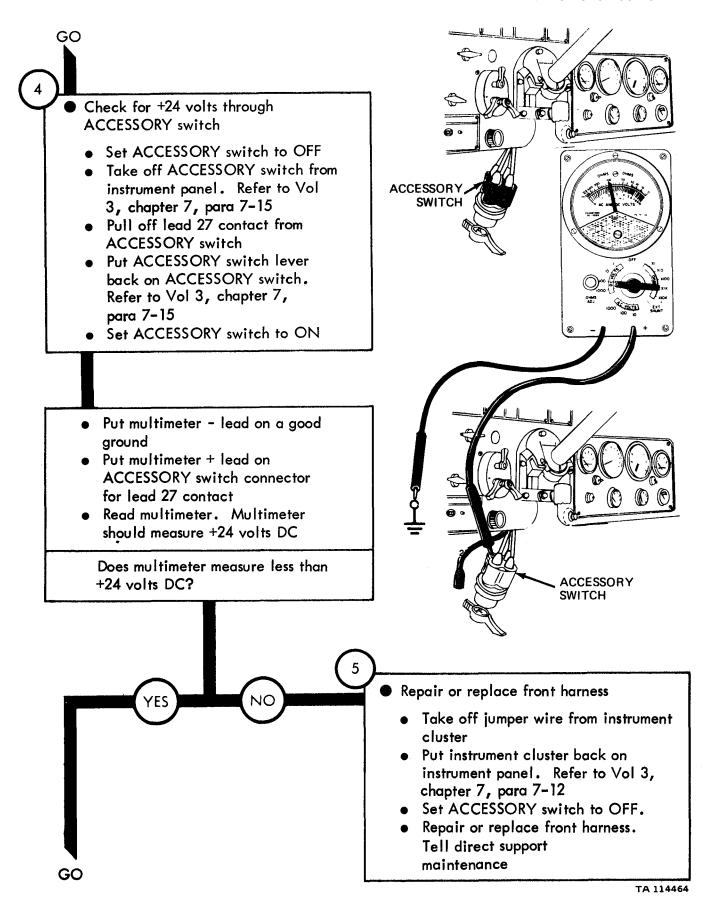


Figure 25-32 (Sheet 3 of 5)

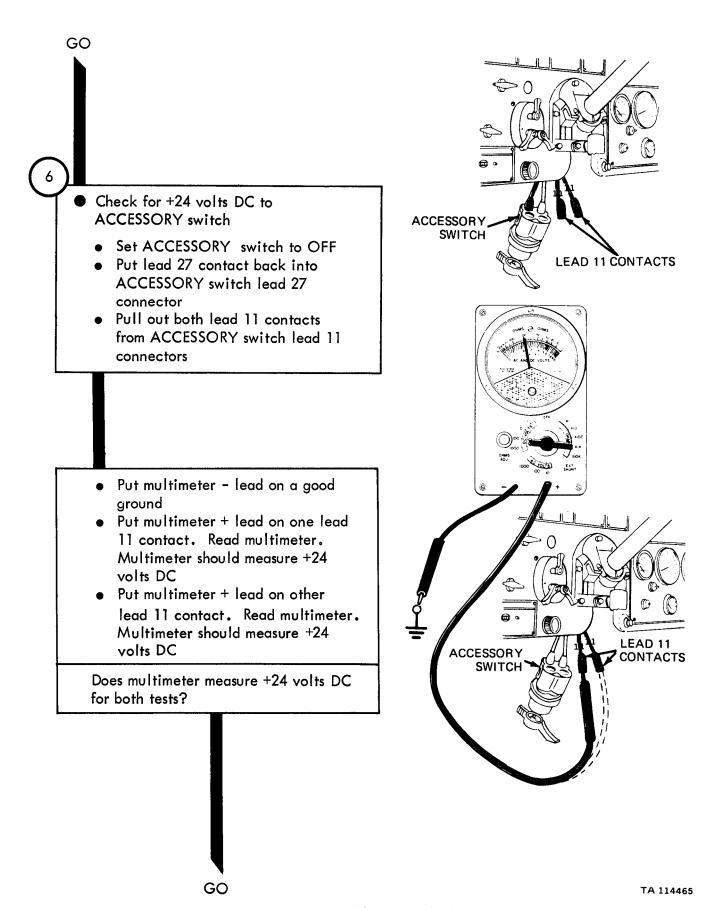
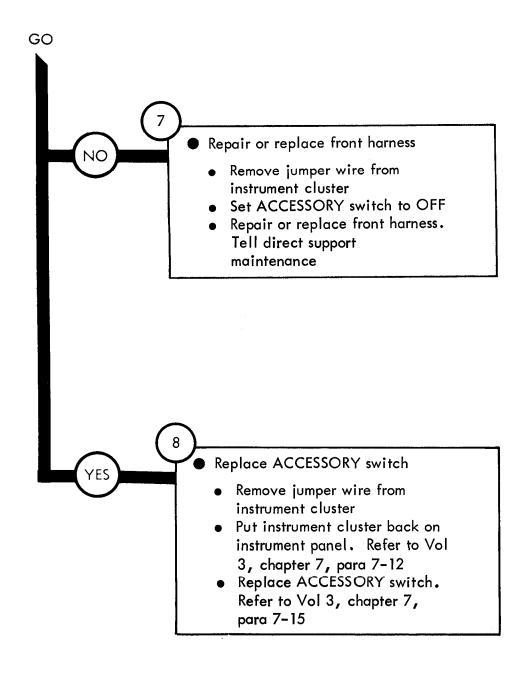


Figure 25-32 (Sheet 4 of 5)



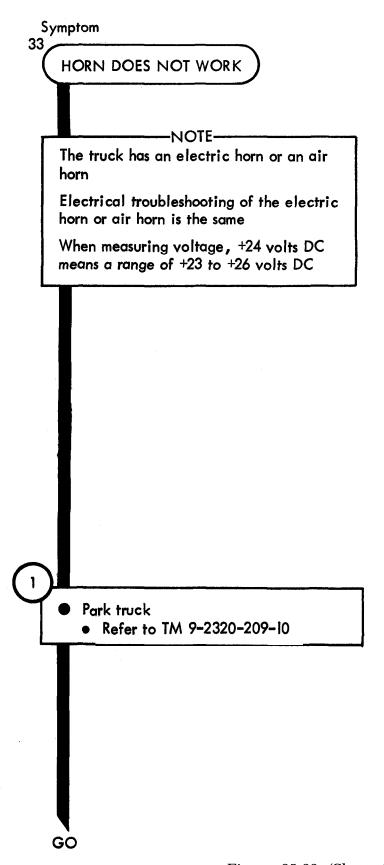


Figure 25-33 (Sheet 1 of 10)

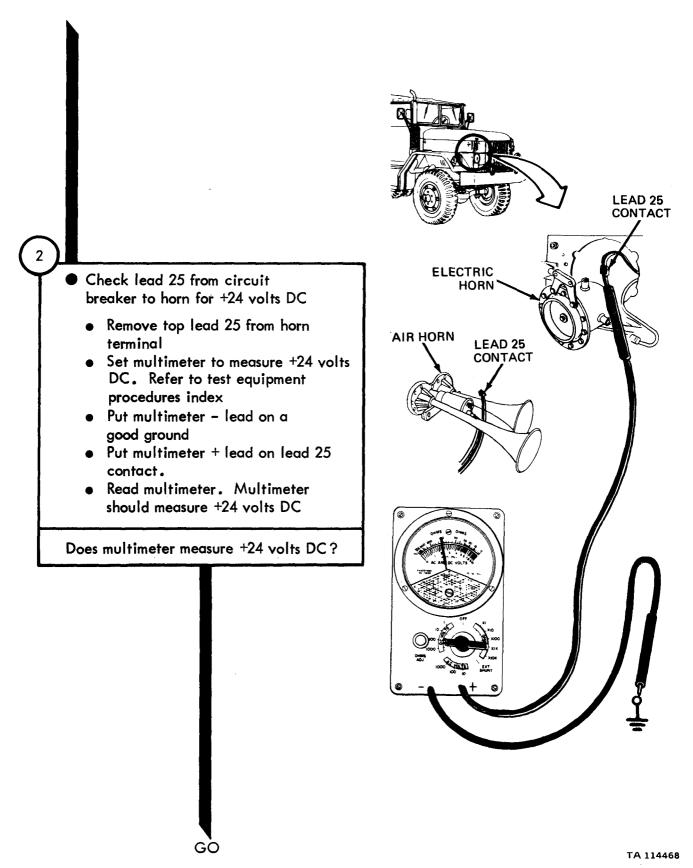


Figure 25-33 (Sheet 2 of 10)

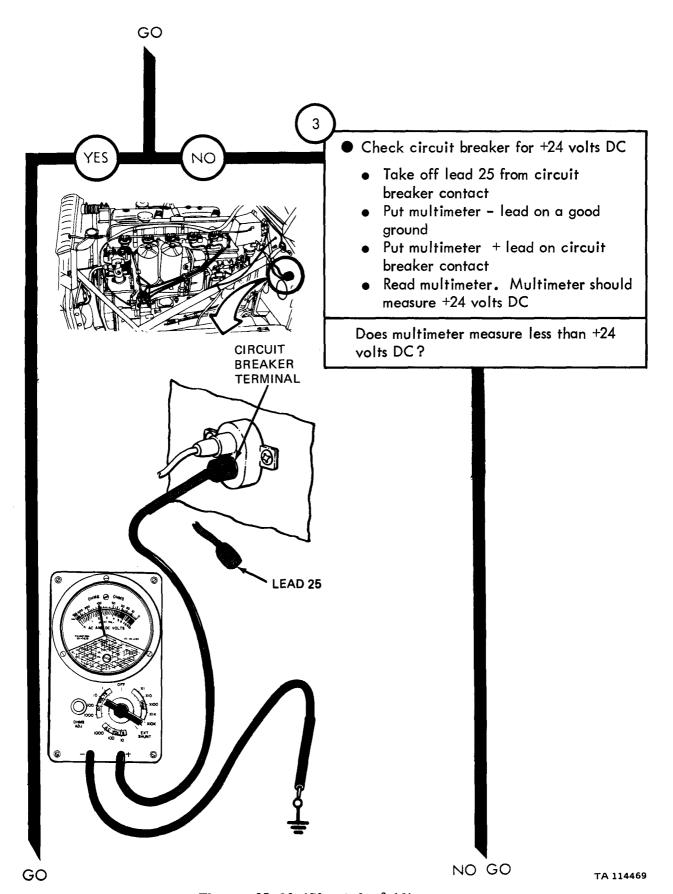


Figure 25-33 (Sheet 3 of 10)

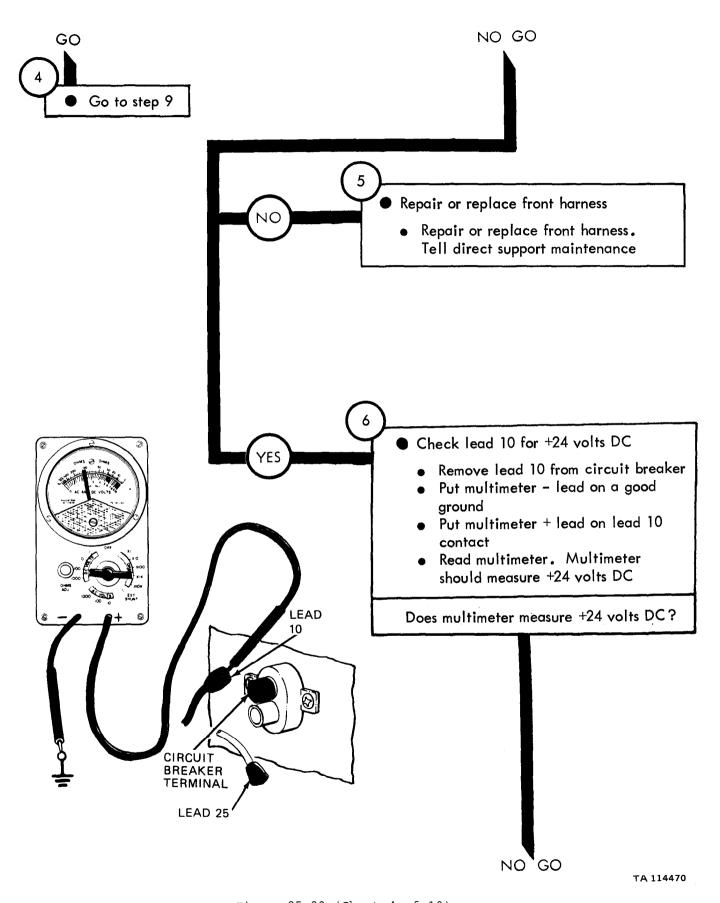
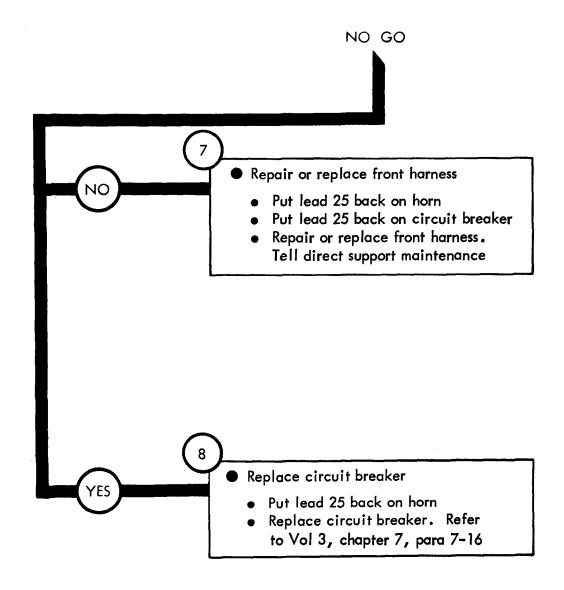


Figure 25-33 (Sheet 4 of 10)



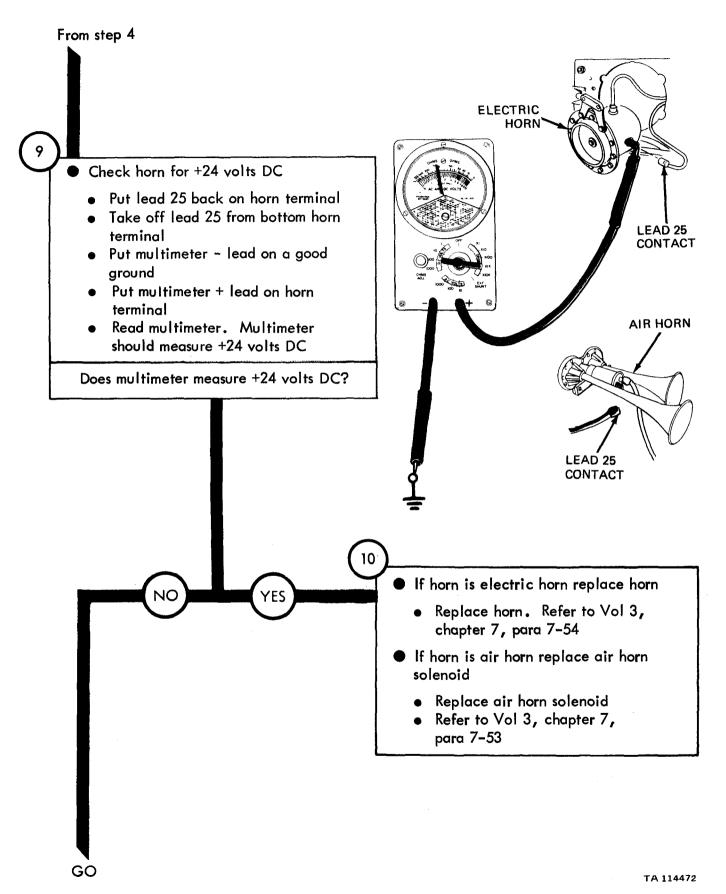


Figure 25-33 (Sheet 6 of 10)

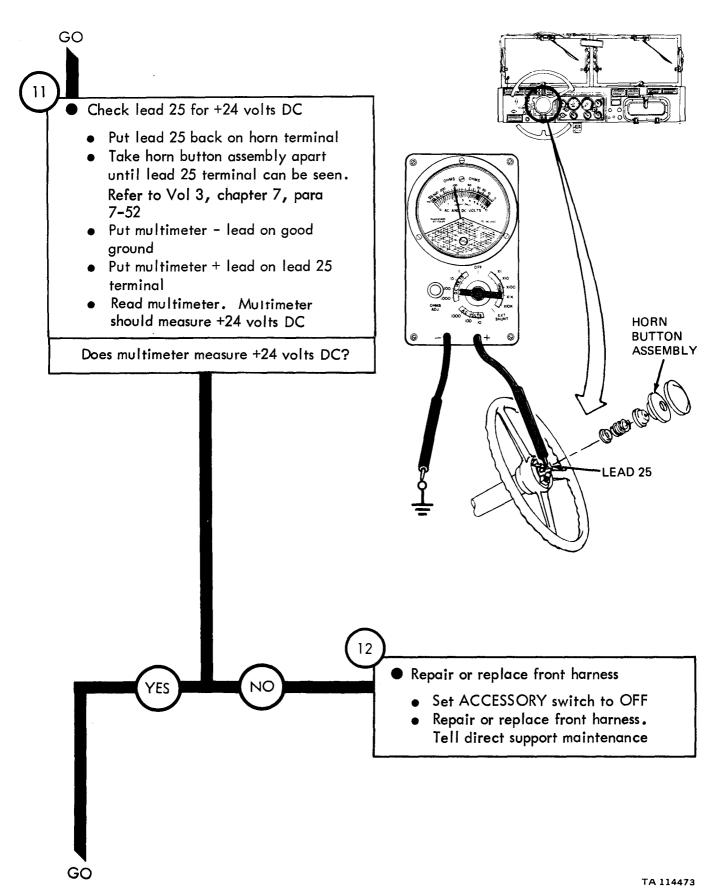


Figure 25-33 (Sheet 7 of 10)

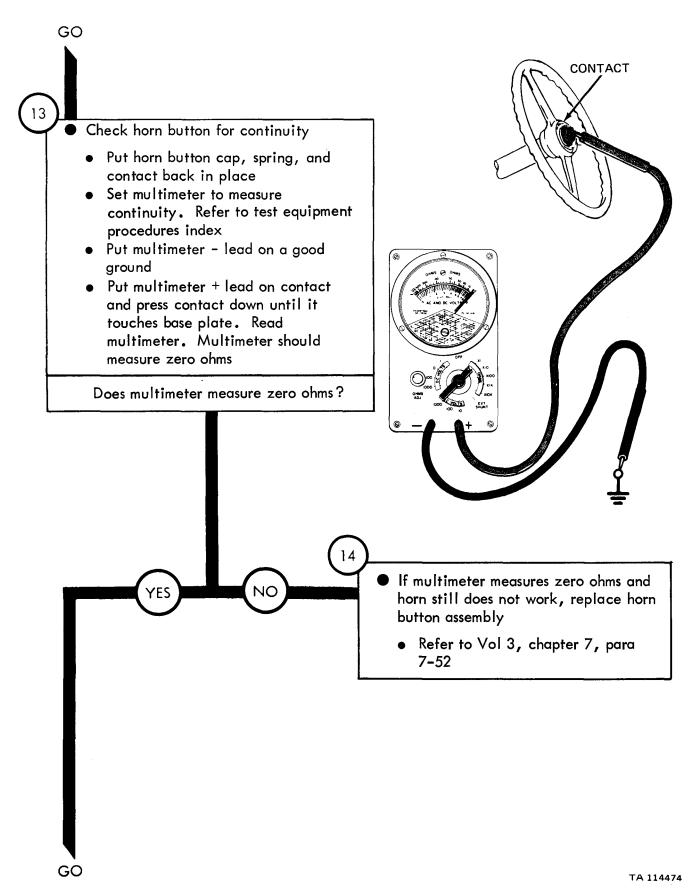


Figure 25-33 (Sheet 8 of 10)

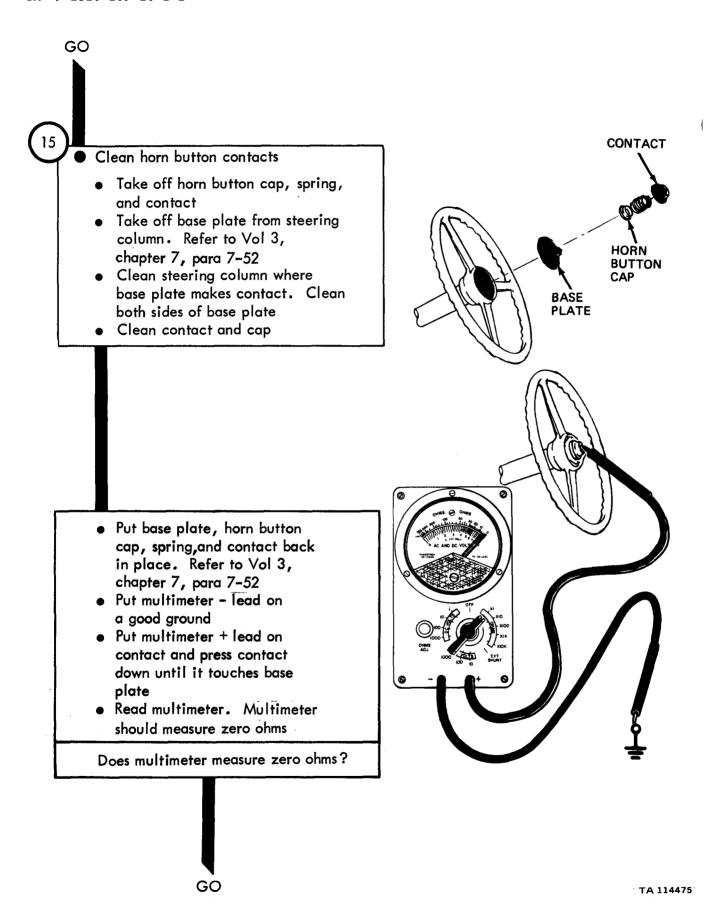
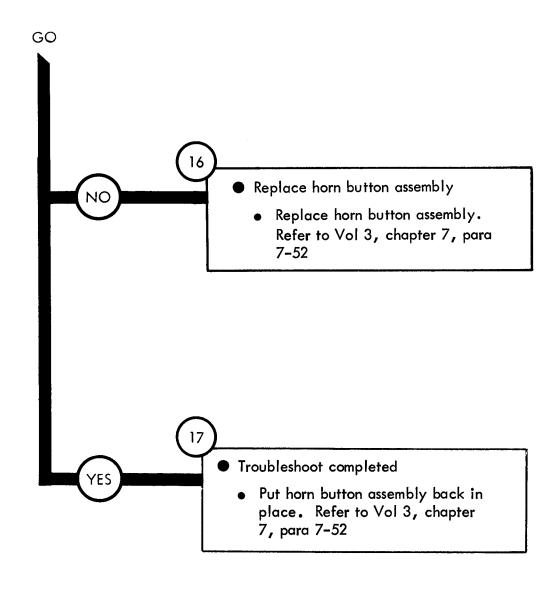


Figure 25-33 (Sheet 9 of 10)



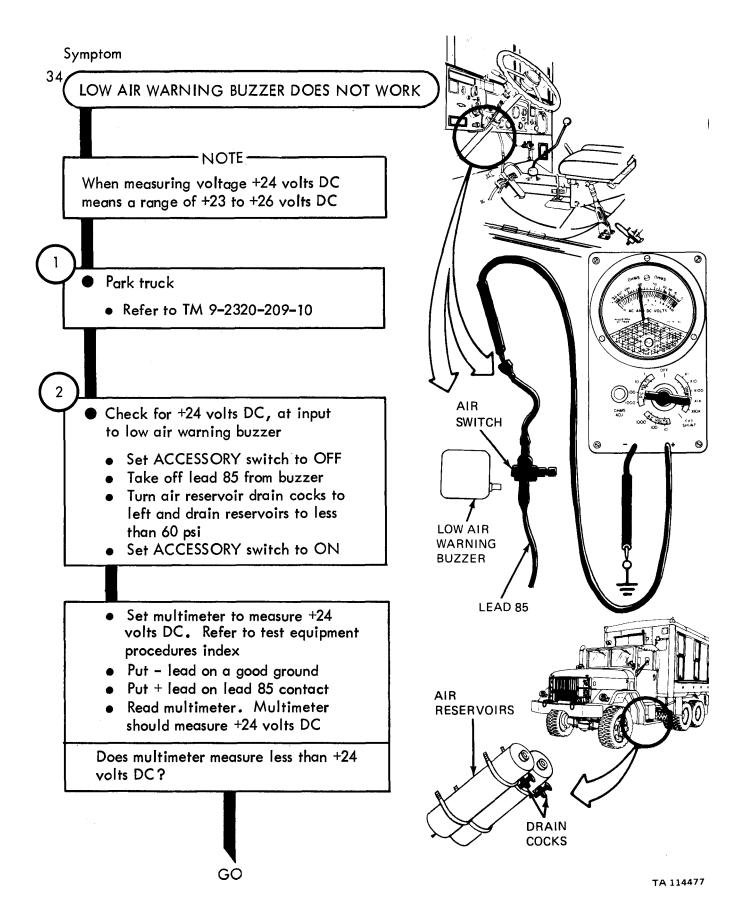
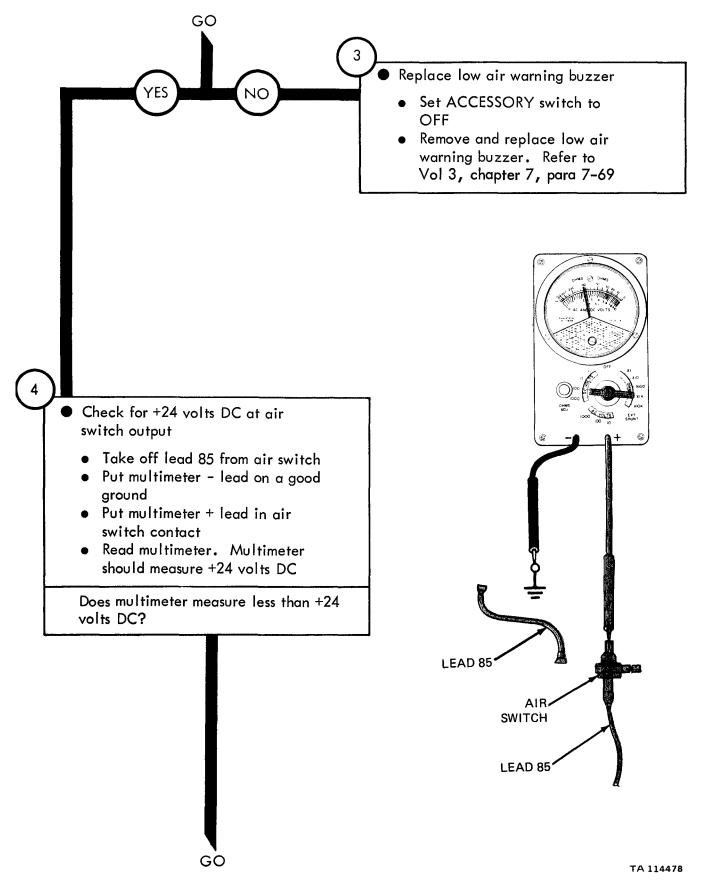


Figure 25-34 (Sheet 1 of 4)



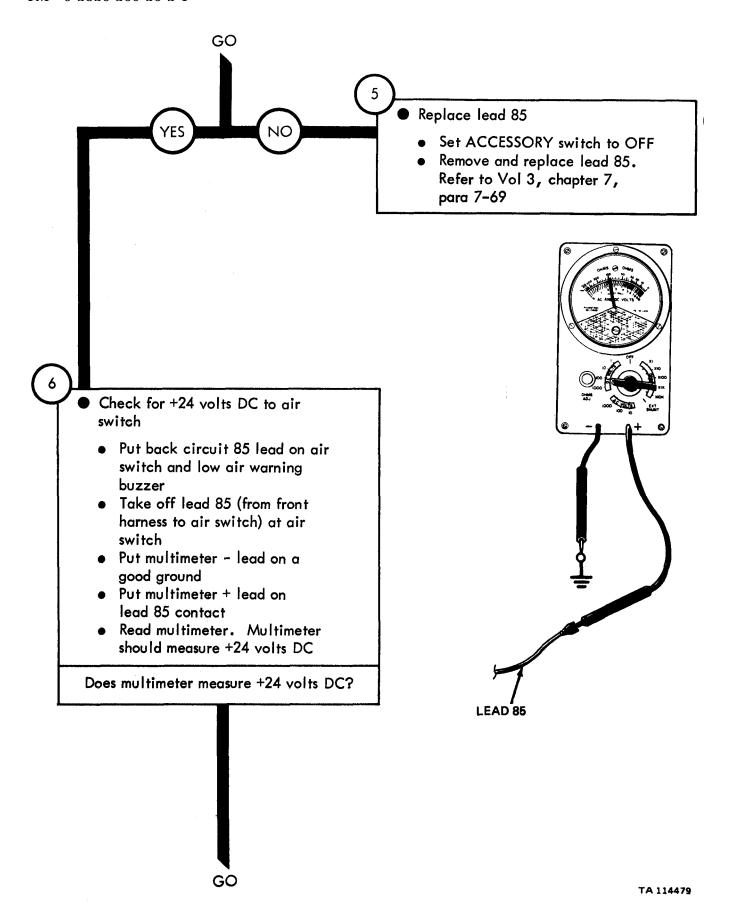


Figure 25-34 (Sheet 3 of 4)

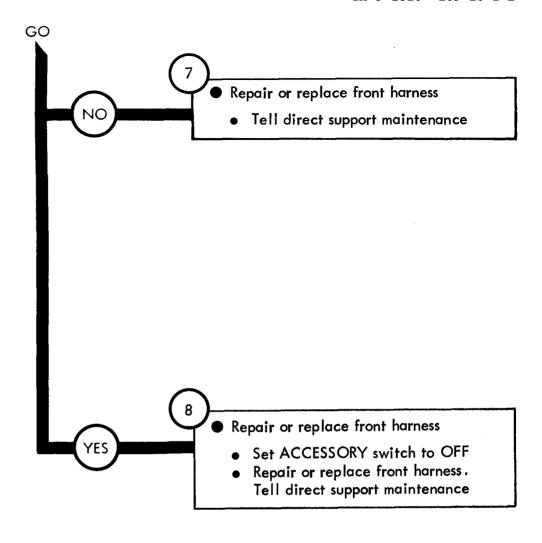


Figure 25-34 (Sheet 4 of 4)

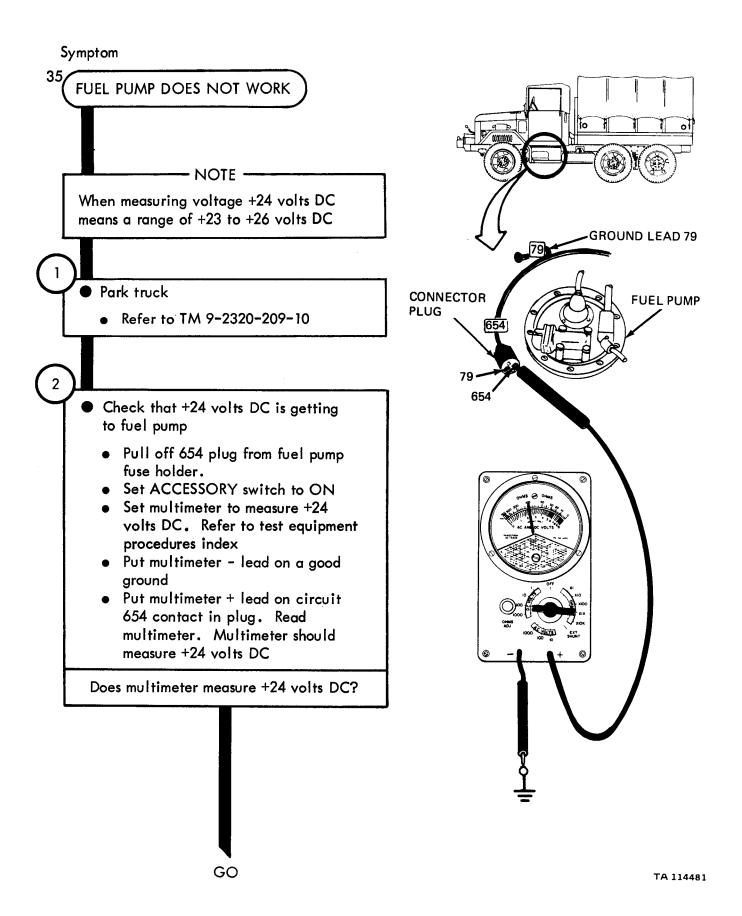


Figure 25-35 (Sheet 1 of 5)

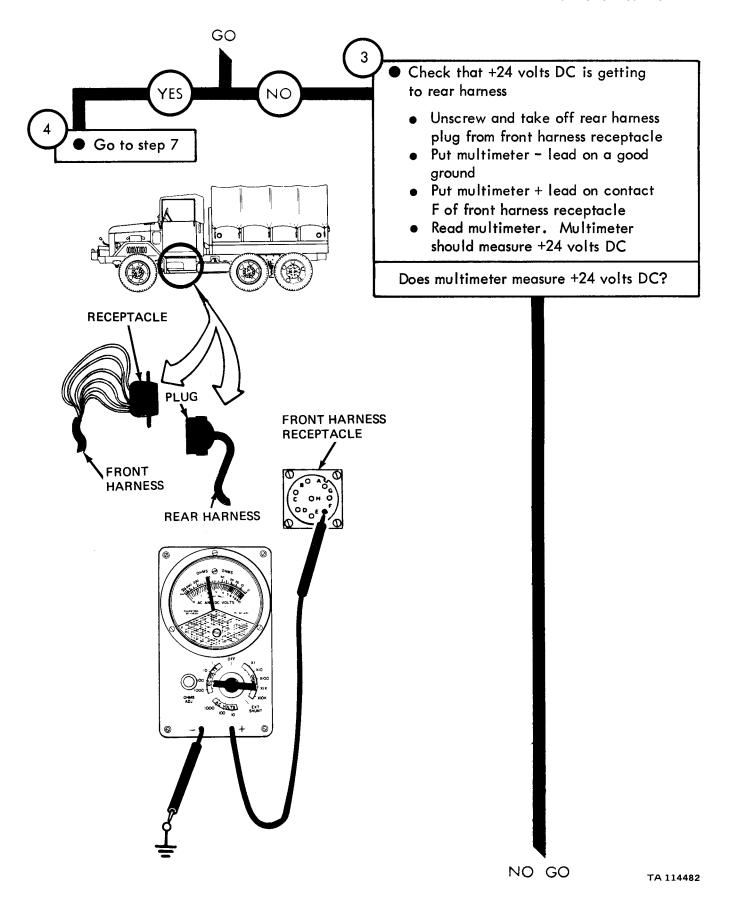


Figure 25-35 (Sheet 2 of 5)

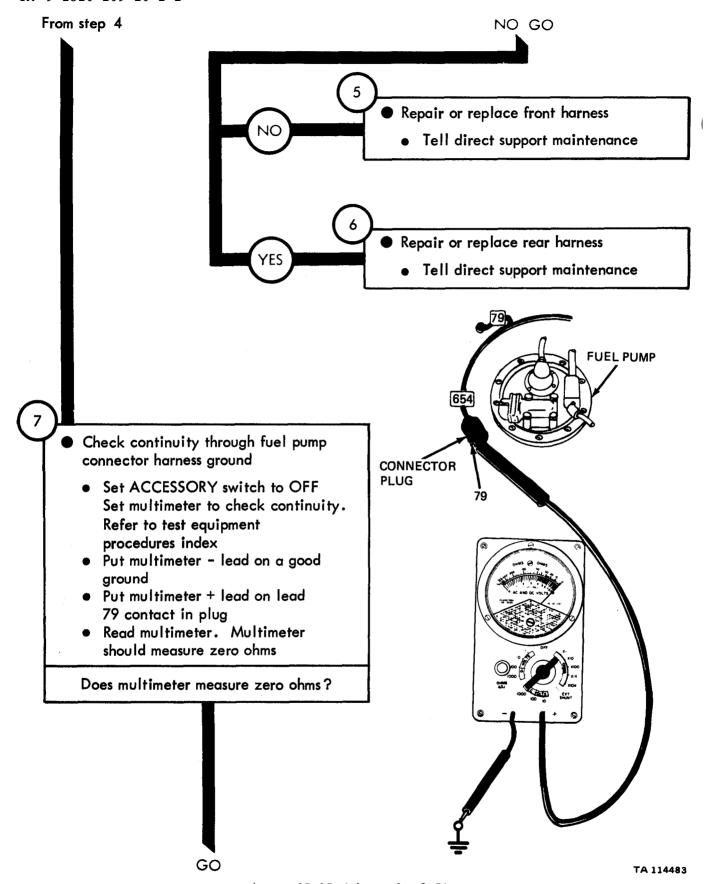


Figure 25-35 (Sheet 3 of 5)

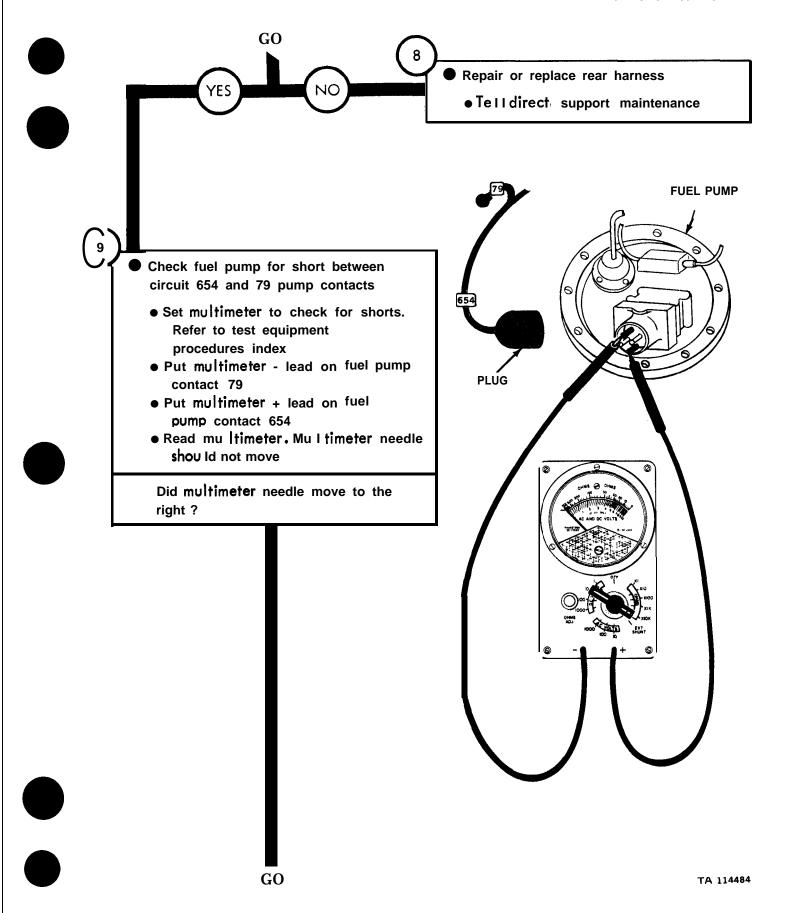


Figure 25-35 (Sheet 4 of 5)

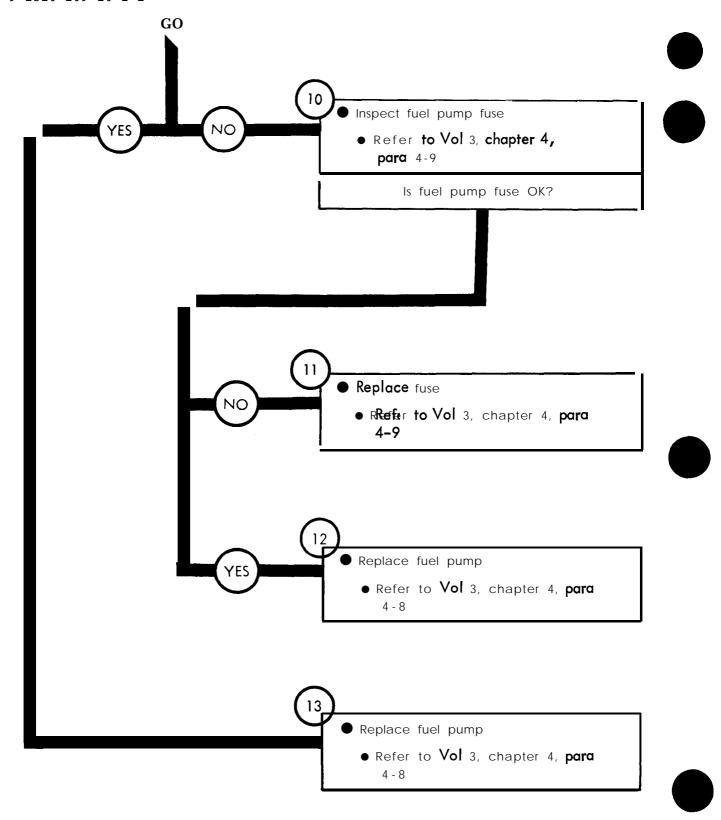


Figure 25-35 (Sheet 5 of 5)

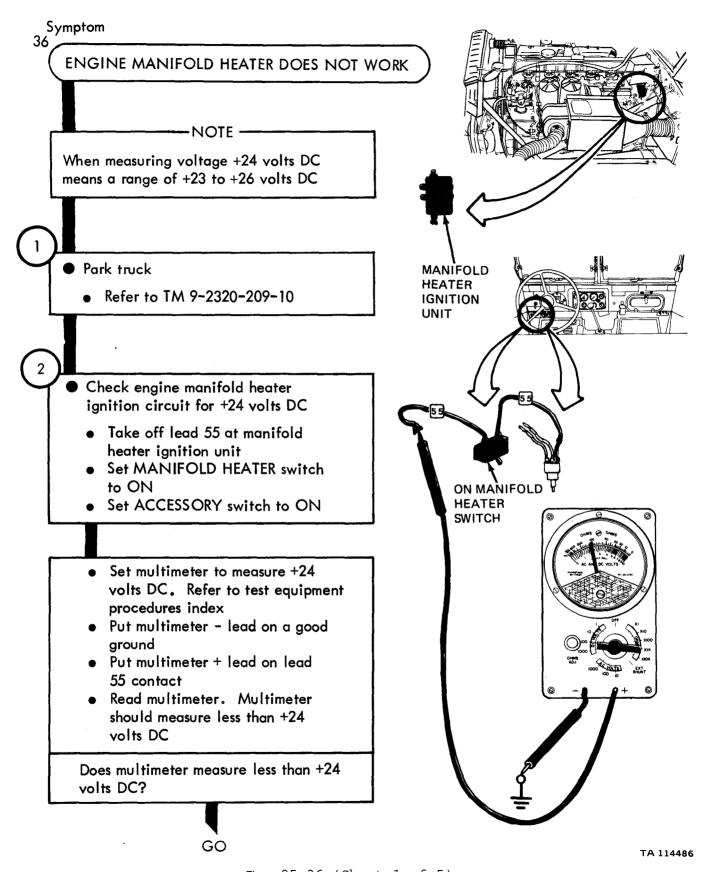
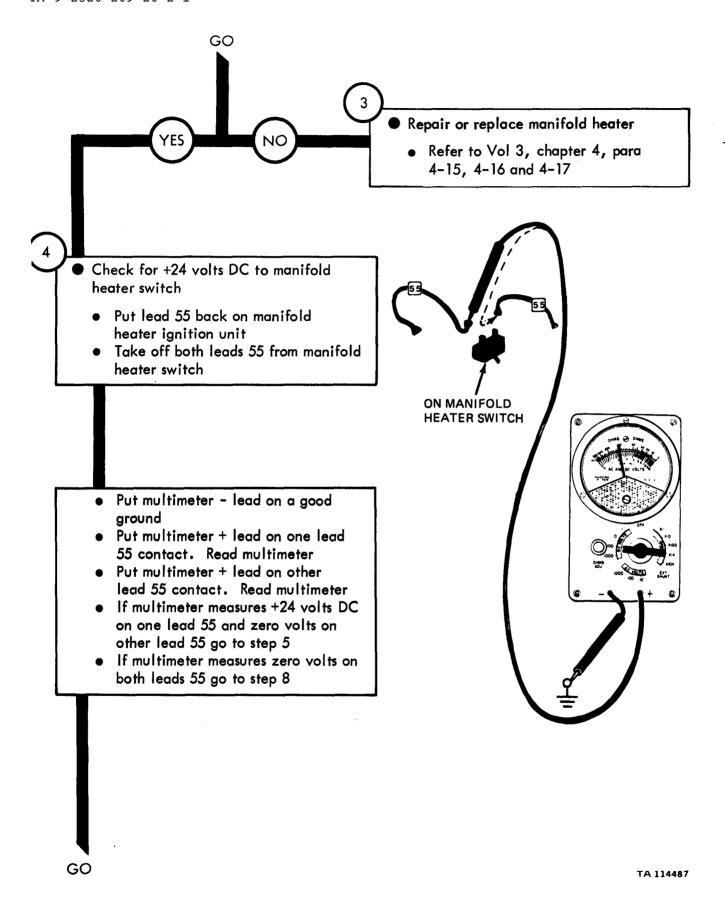
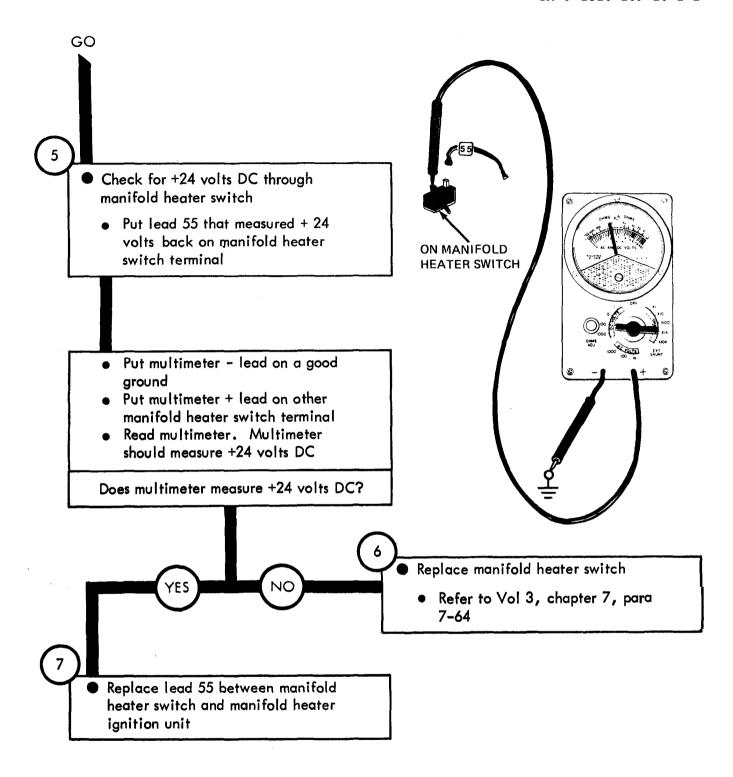


Figure 25-36 (Sheet 1 of 5)





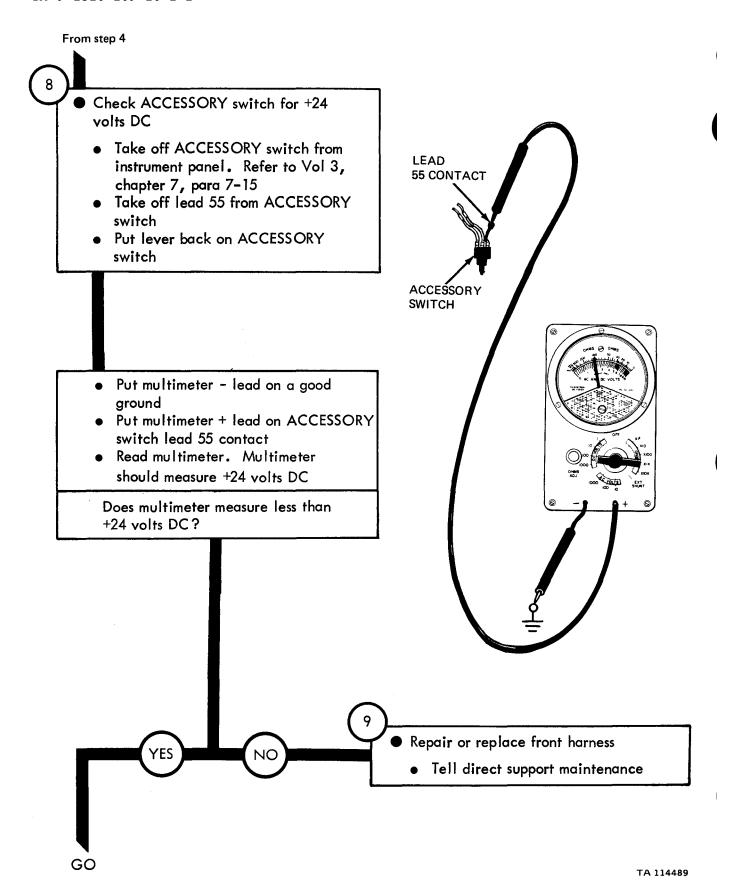
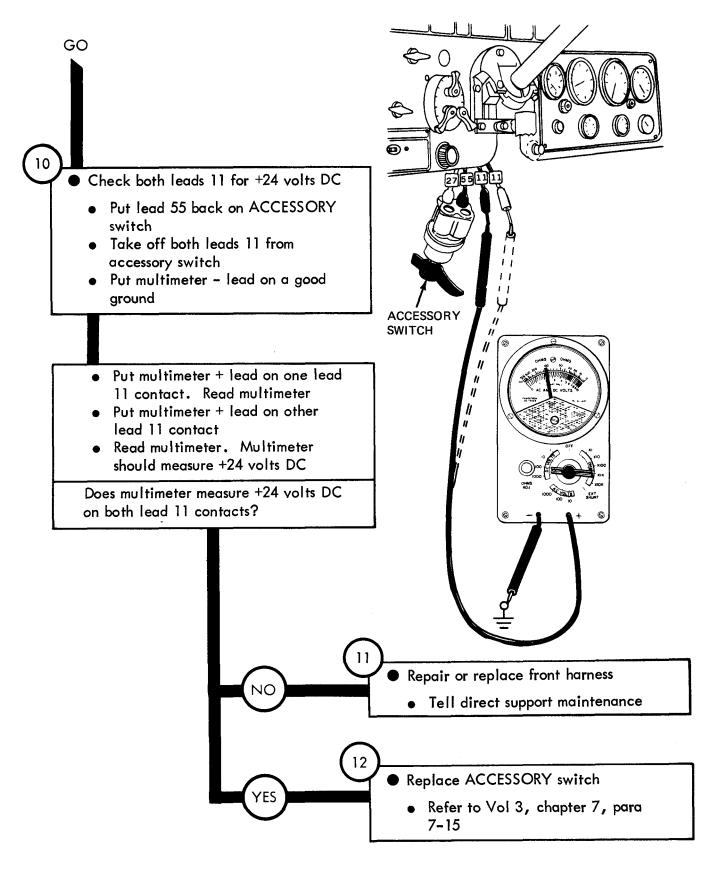


Figure 25-36 (Sheet 4 of 5)



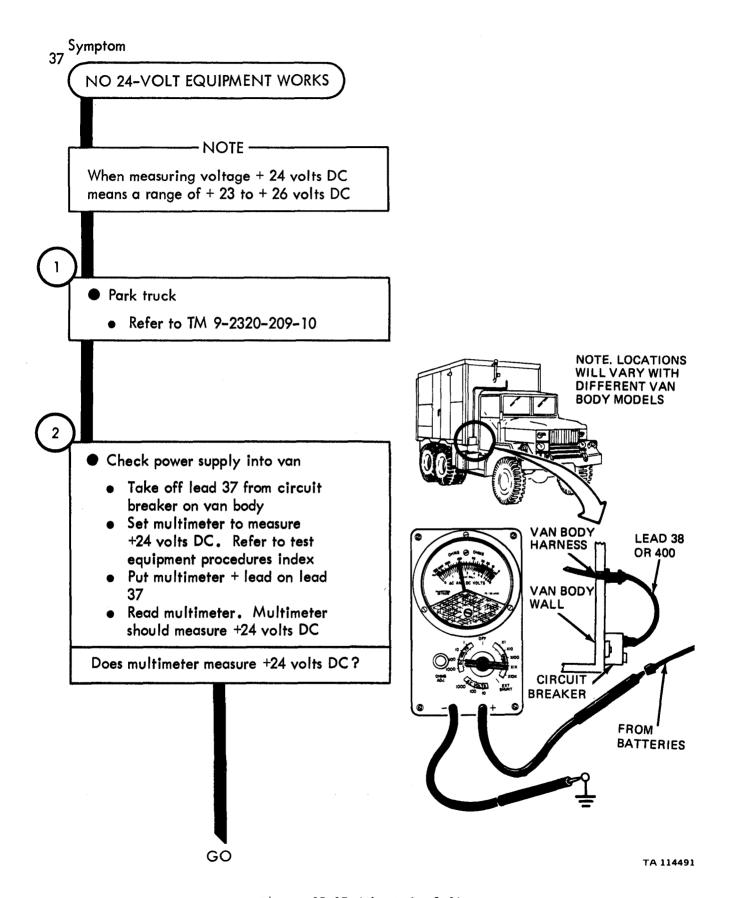
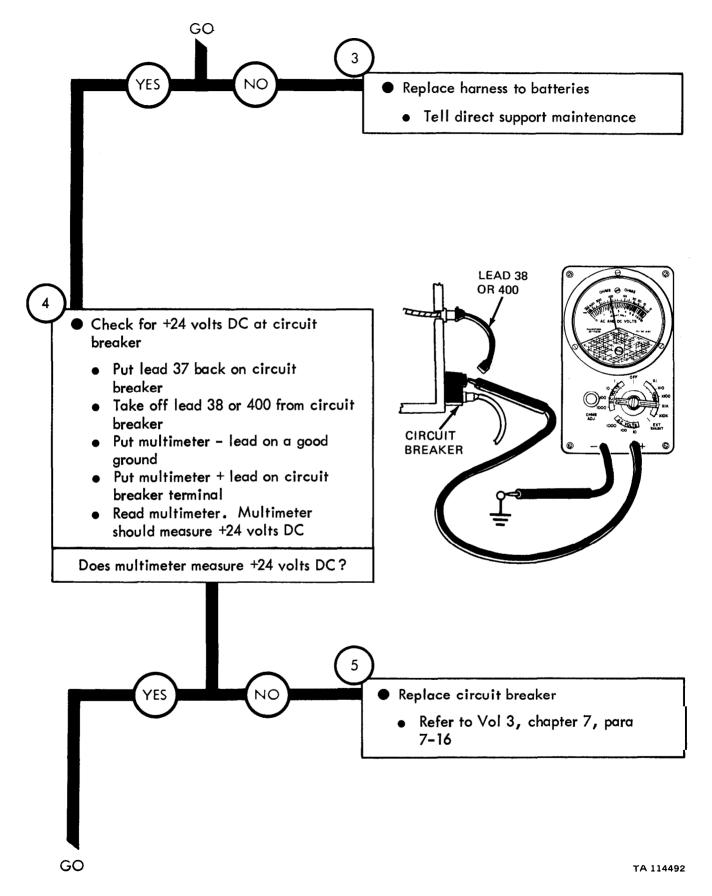
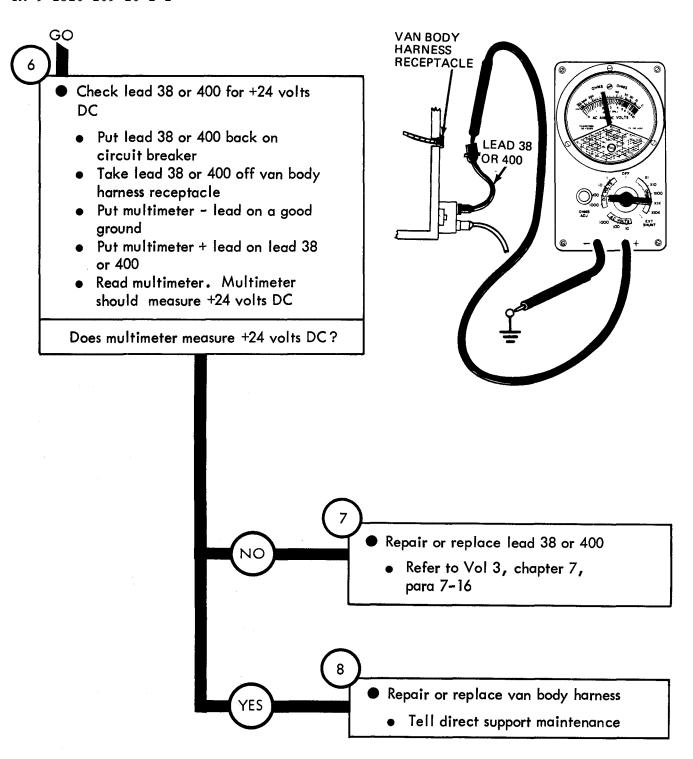


Figure 25-37 (Sheet 1 of 3)





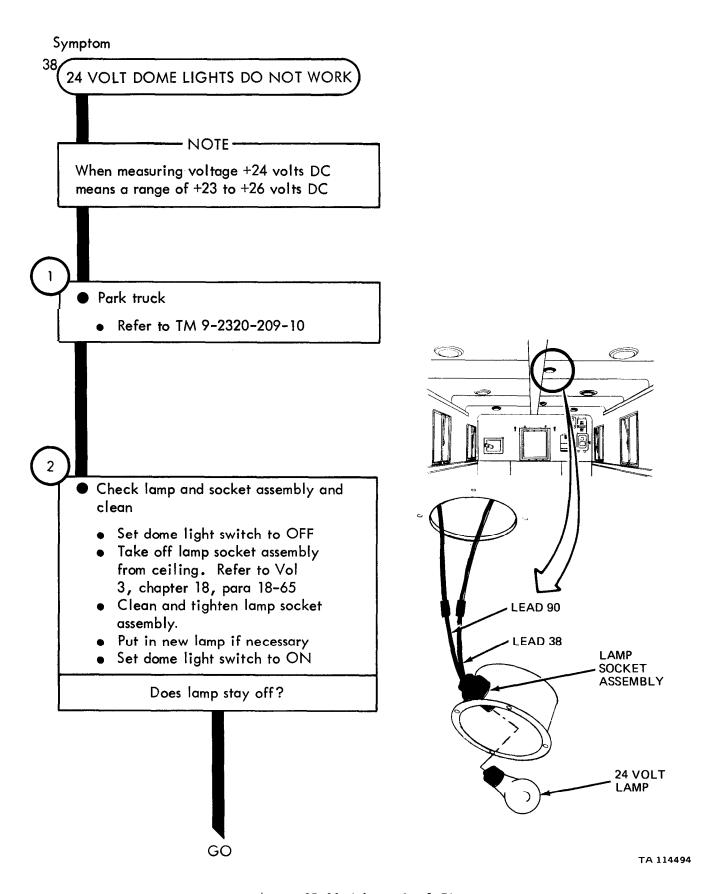


Figure 25-38 (Sheet 1 of 7)

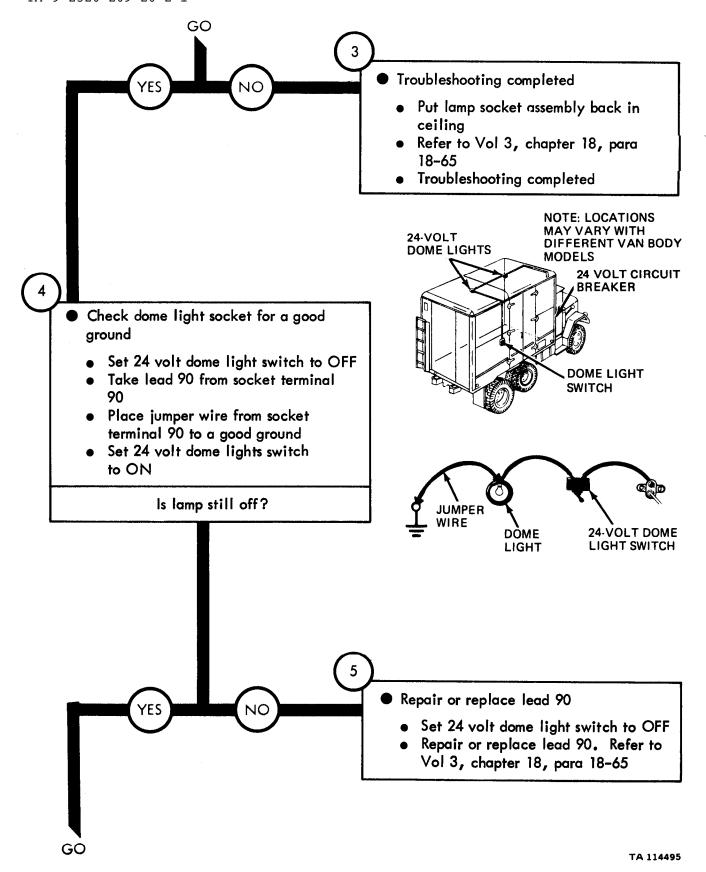


Figure 25-38 (Sheet 2 of 7)

- GO Check for +24 volts DC to dome lamp socket assembly Set 24 volt dome light switch to OFF Take off jumper wire from socket terminal 90 Put lead 90 back on socket terminal Take lead 38 off socket terminal 38 Set 24 volt dome light switch to ON • Set multimeter to measure +24 volts DC. Refer to test equipment procedures index Put multimeter – lead on a good ground Put multimeter + lead on lead 38 contact • Read multimeter. Multimeter
- 90 38 38

  OFF ON

  DOME

  LIGHT SWITCH

Does multimeter measure less than +24 volts DC?

should measure +24 volts DC

YES NO

Replace dome lamp socket

- Set 24 volt dome light switch to OFF
- Replace dome lamp socket. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 18, para 18-65

Figure 25-38 (Sheet 3 of 7)

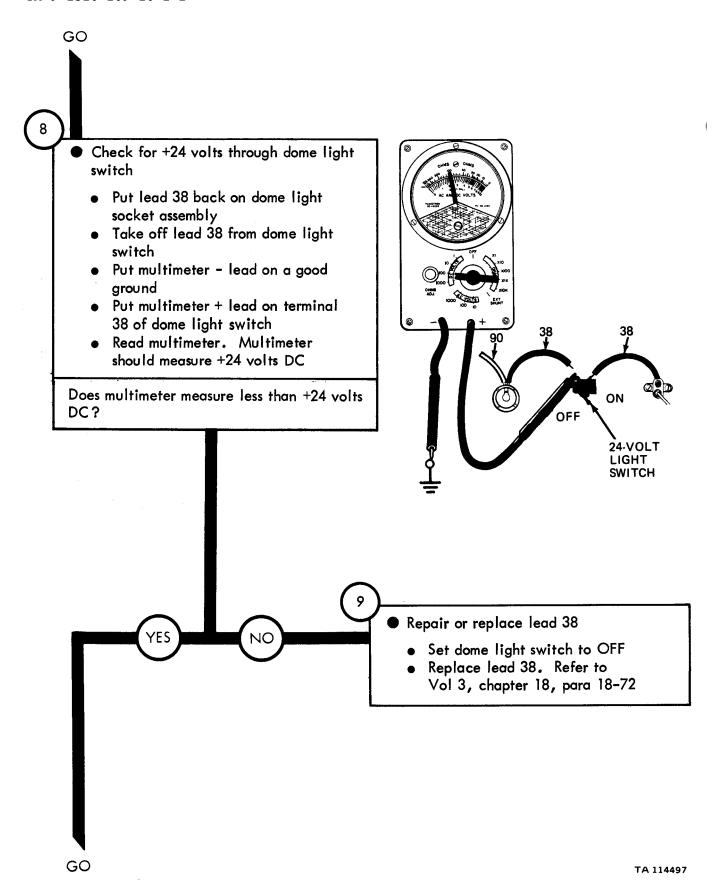


Figure 25-38 (Sheet 4 of 7)

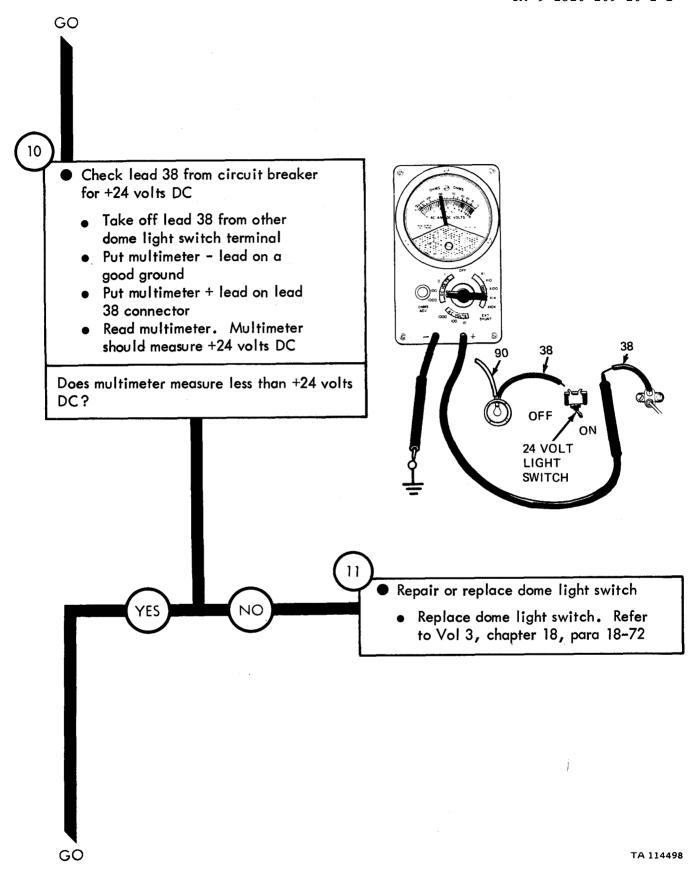


Figure 25-38 (Sheet 5 of 7)

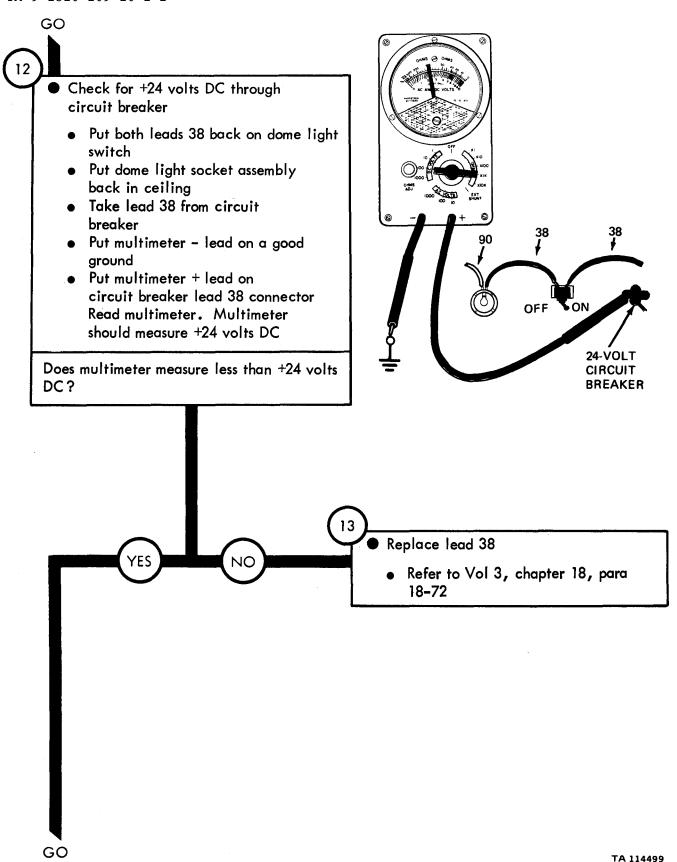


Figure 25-38 (Sheet 6 of 7)

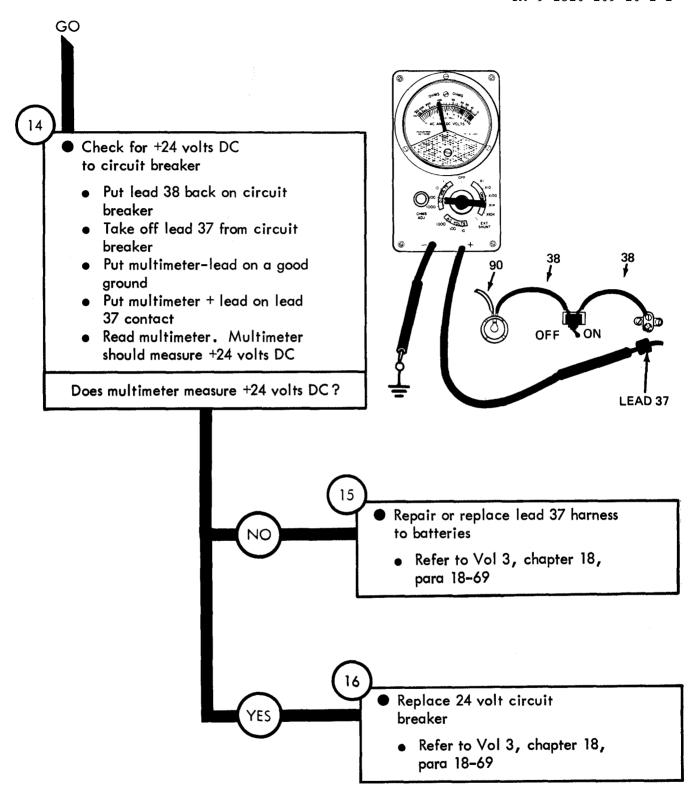


Figure 25-38 (Sheet 7 of 7)

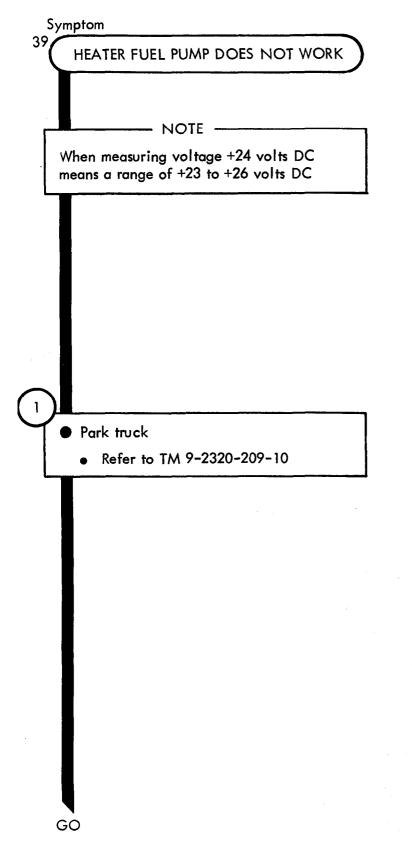


Figure 25-39 (Sheet 1 of 8)

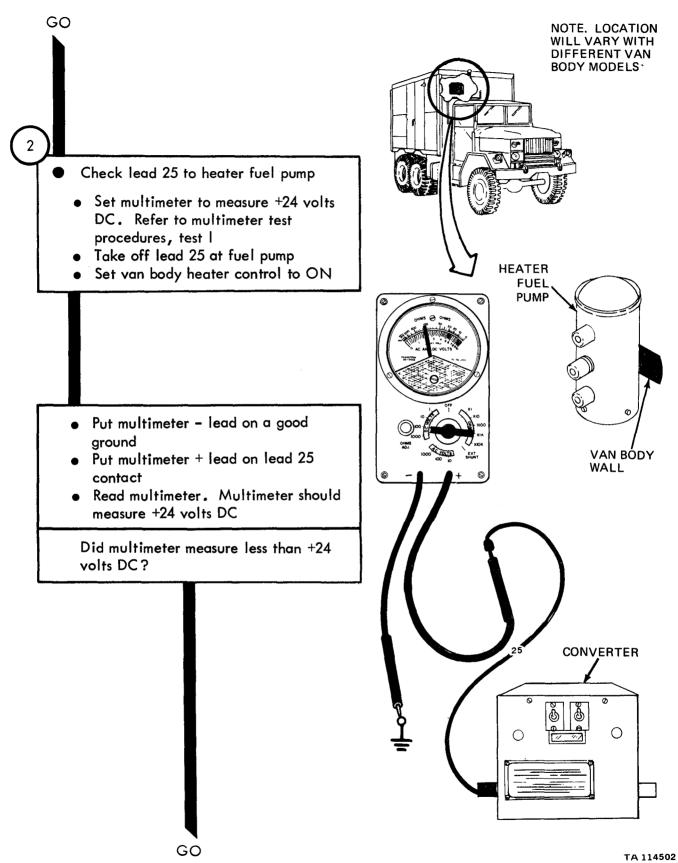


Figure 25-39 (Sheet 2 of 8)

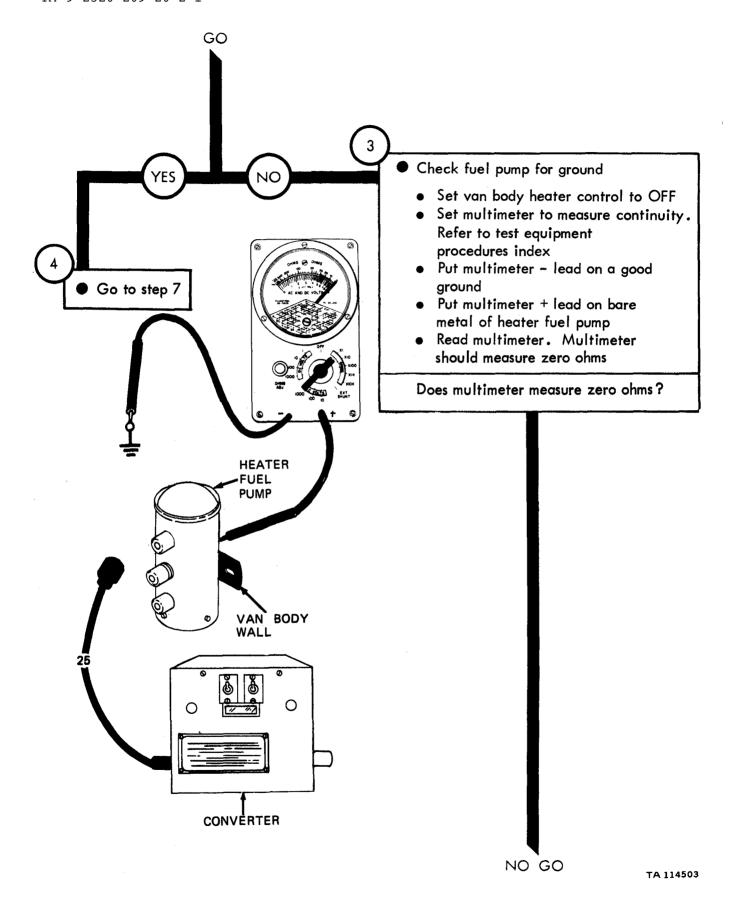
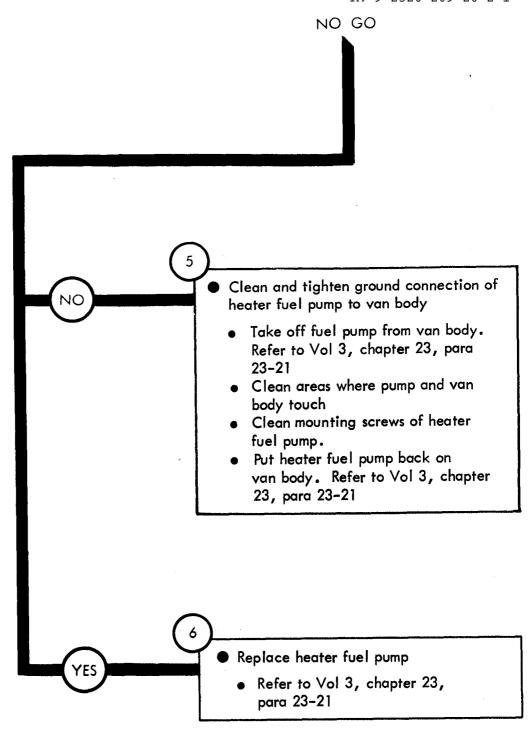


Figure 25-39 (Sheet 3 of 8)



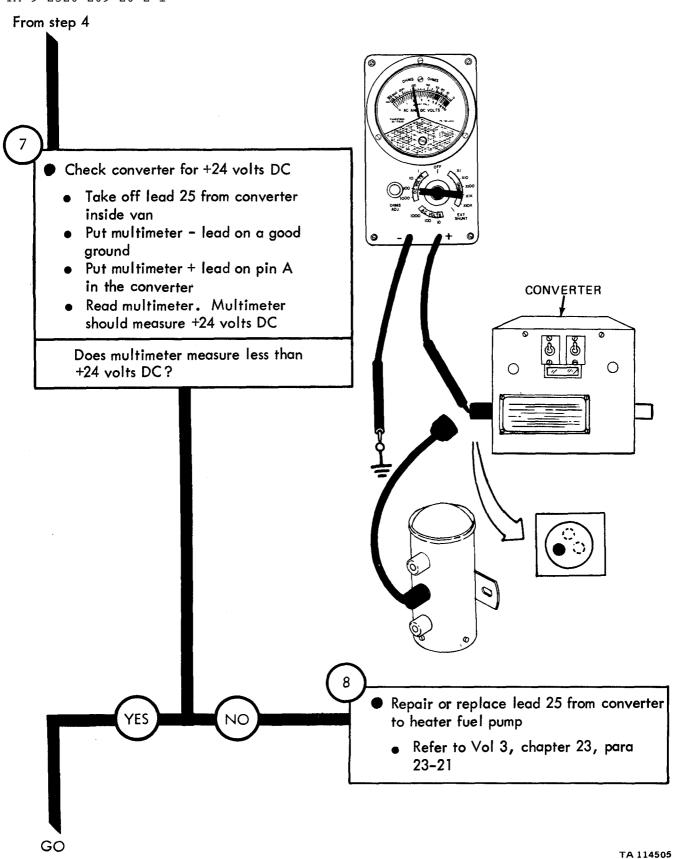


Figure 25-39 (Sheet 5 of 8)

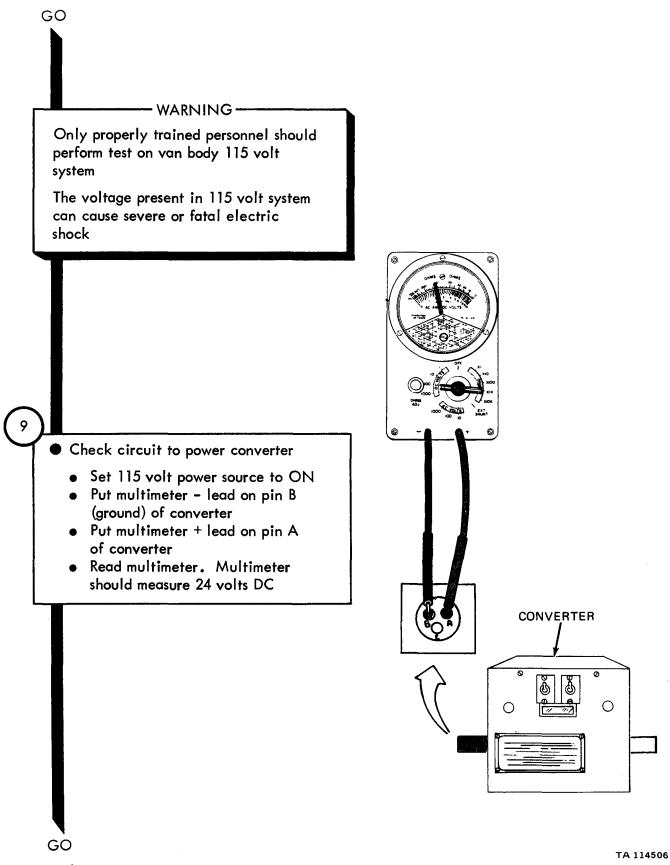


Figure 25-39 (Sheet 6 of 8)

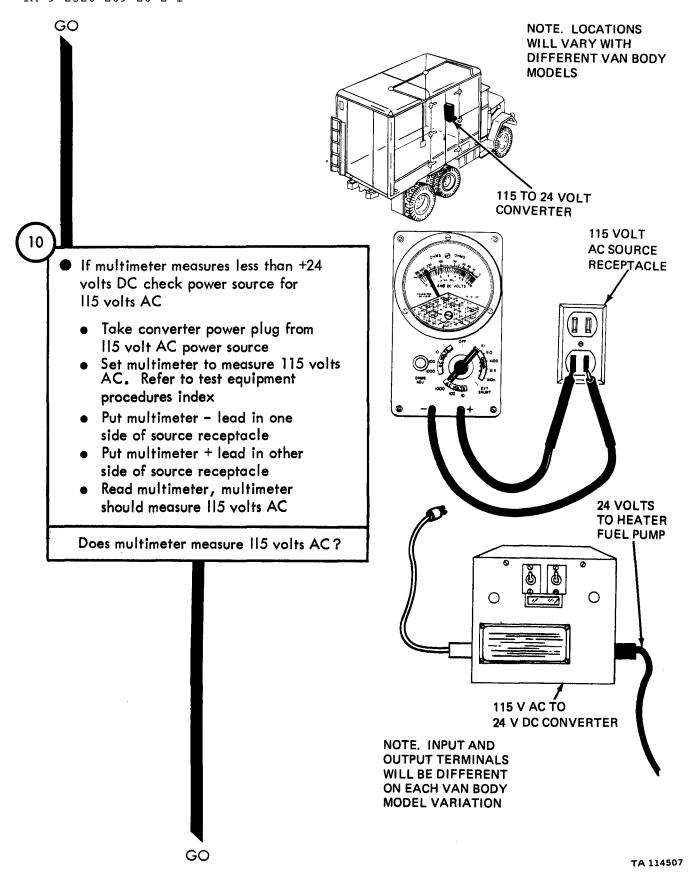
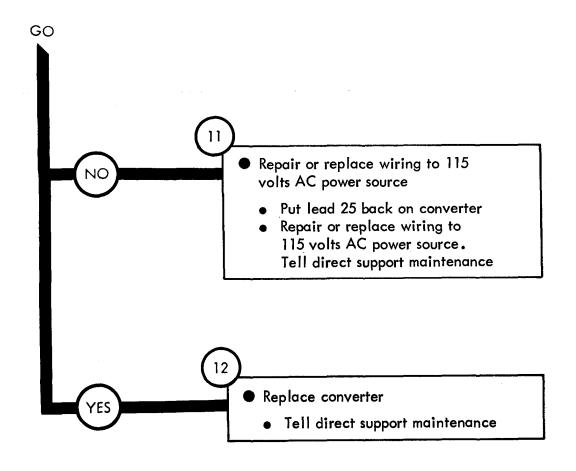


Figure 25-39 (Sheet 7 of 8)



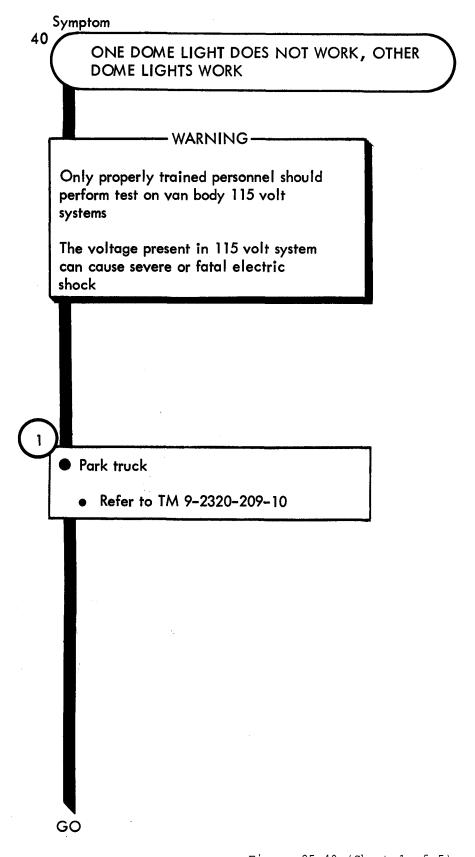


Figure 25-40 (Sheet 1 of 5)

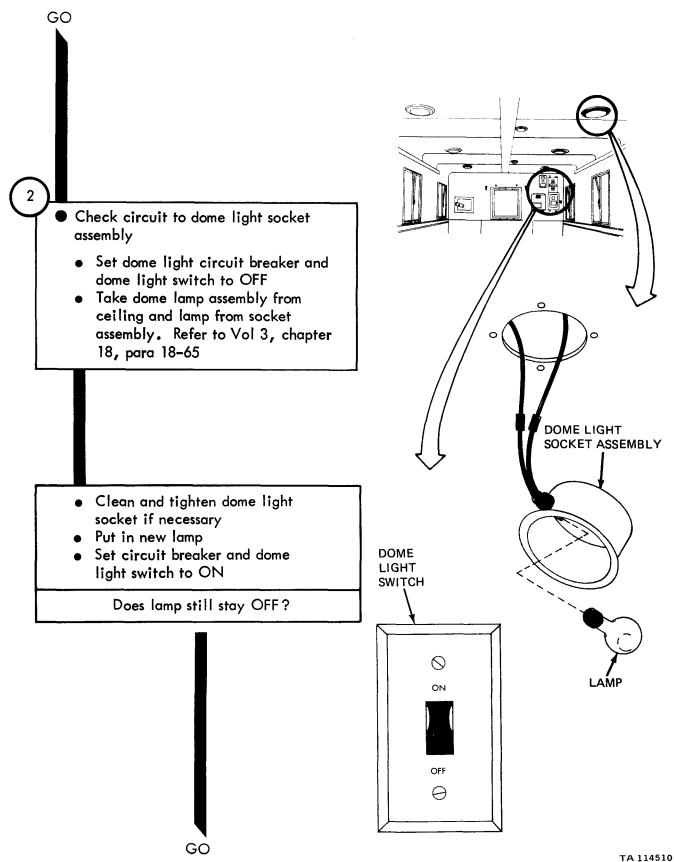


Figure 25-40 (Sheet 2 of 5)

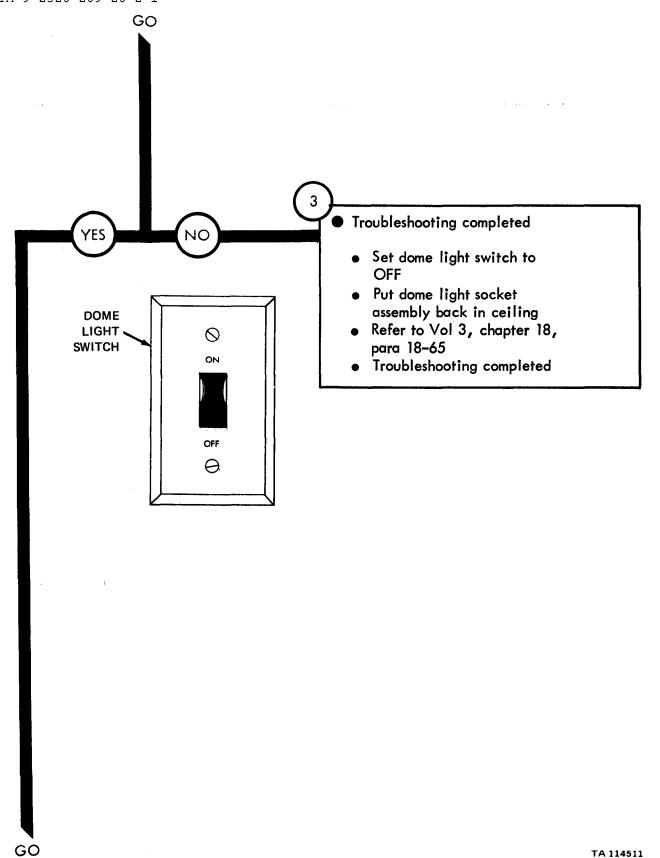
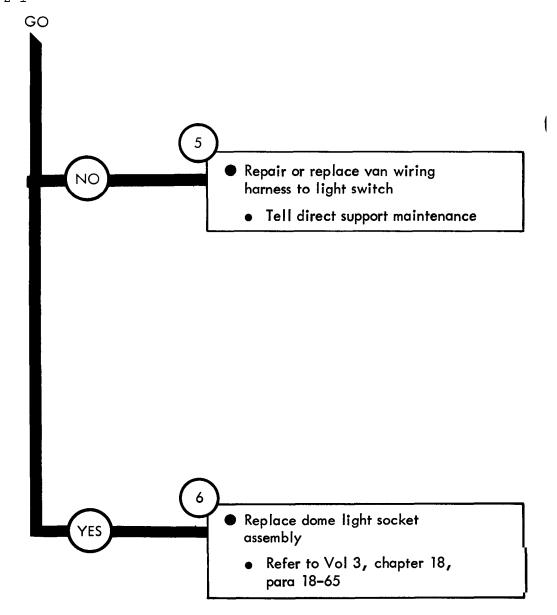


Figure 25-40 (Sheet 3 of 5)

GO Check for 115 volts AC to socket Set circuit breaker to OFF • Take off dome light socket assembly from ceiling. Refer to Vol 3, chapter 18, para 18-65 • Take off leads 700 and 705 from dome light socket assembly LEAD Set multimeter to measure 115 volts AC. Refer to test LEAD equipment procedures index 705 Set circuit breaker to ON Set dome light switch to ON Put multimeter - lead on lead 700 Put multimeter + lead on lead 705 • Read multimeter. Multimeter should measure 115 volts AC Does multimeter measure 115 volts AC?

Figure 25-40 (Sheet 4 of 5)

GO



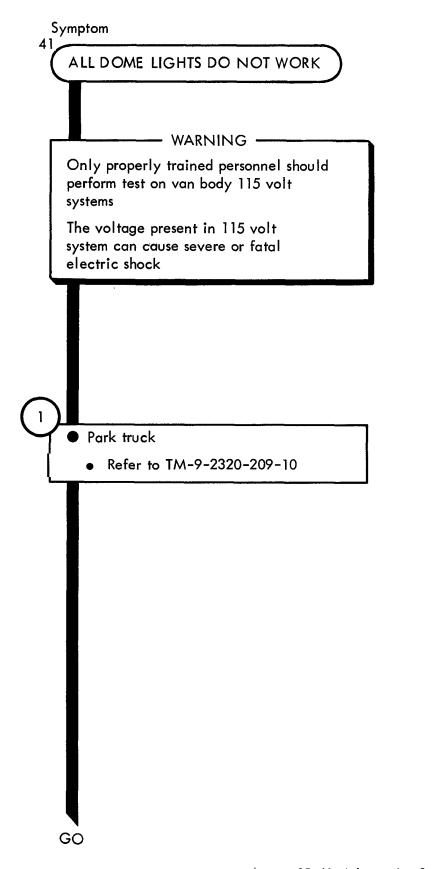


Figure 25-41 (Sheet 1 of 8)

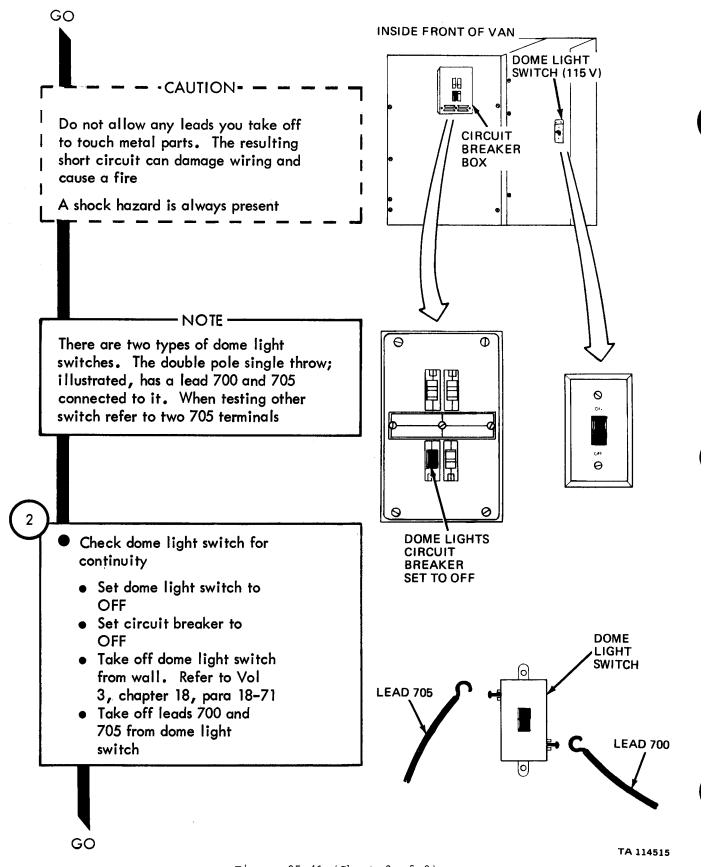


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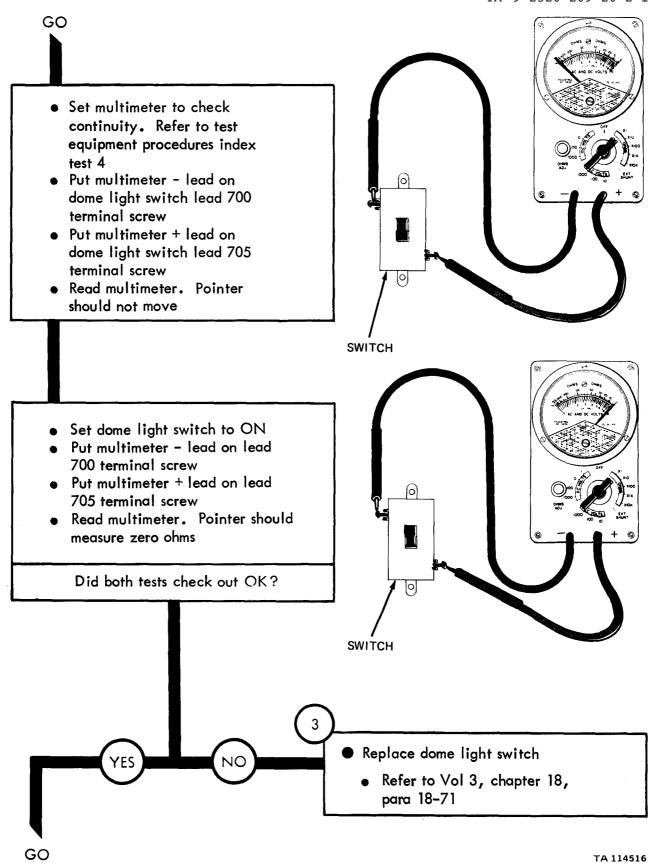


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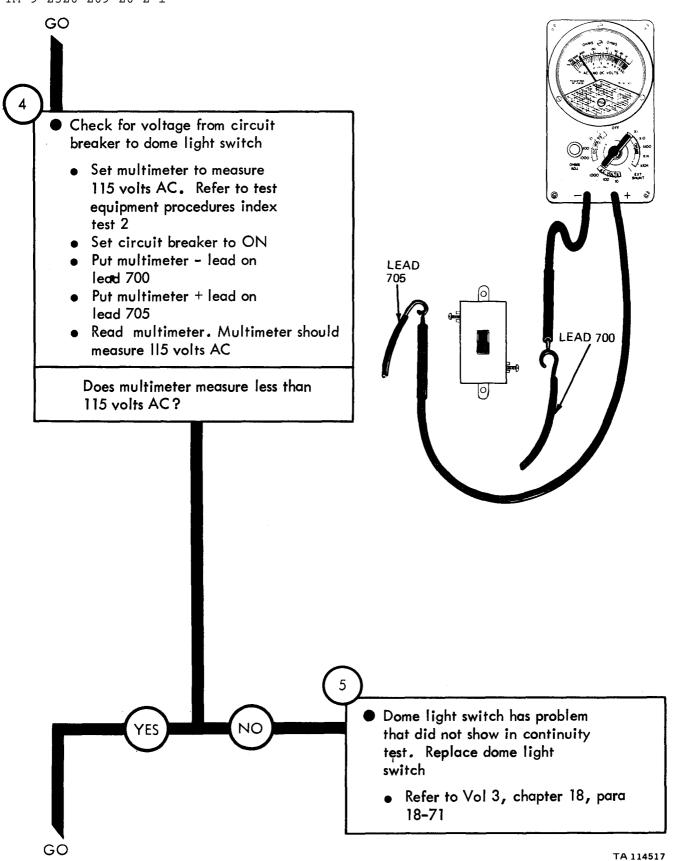


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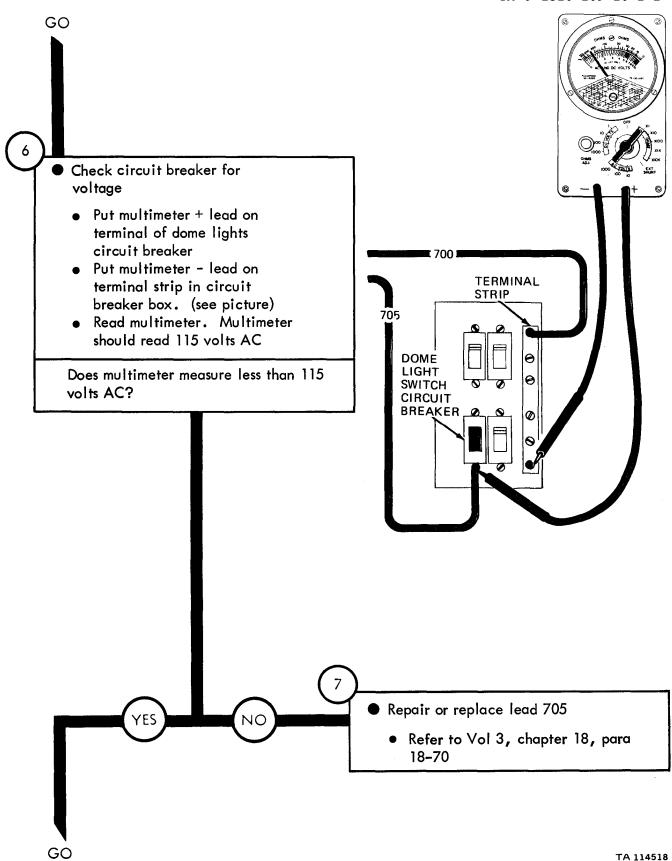


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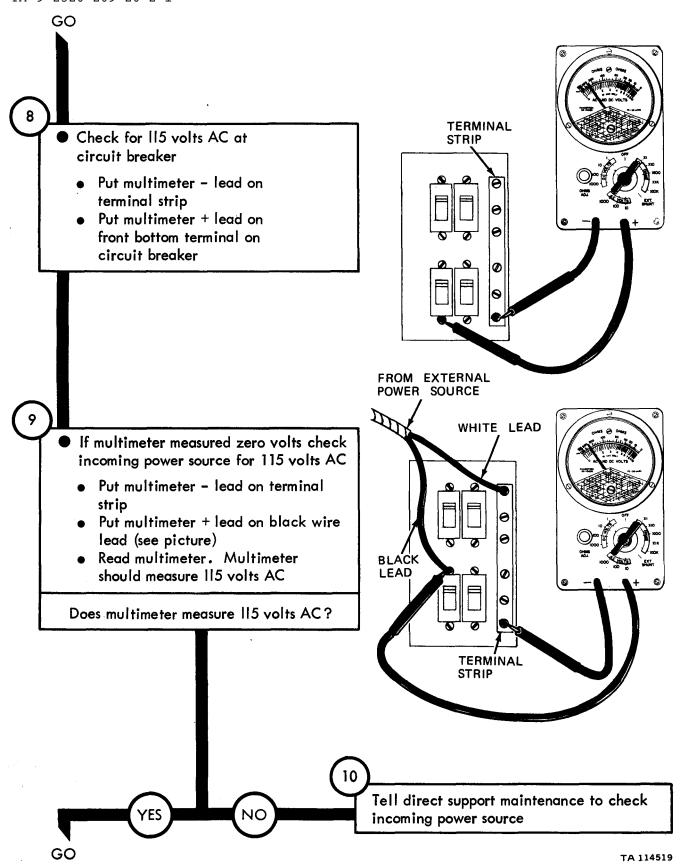


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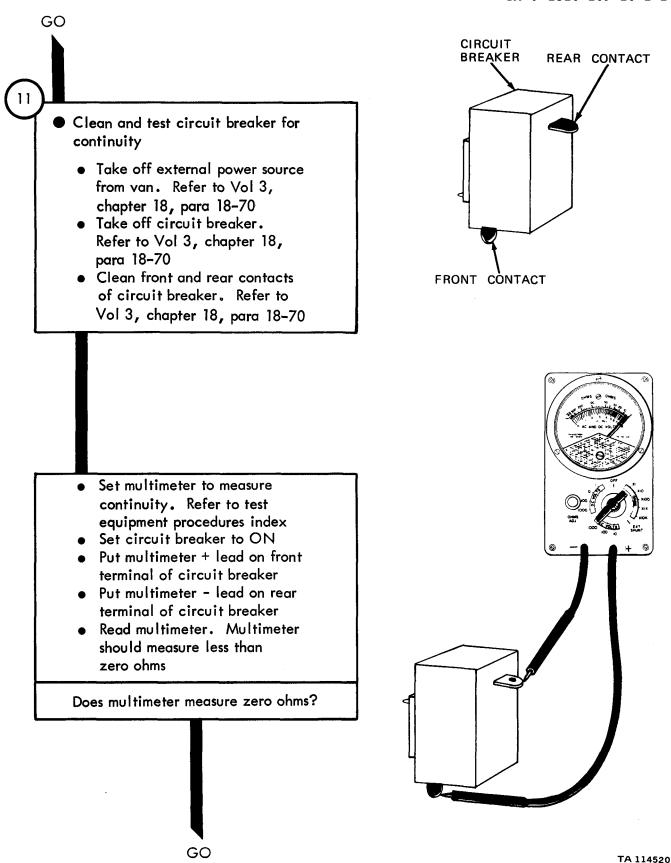


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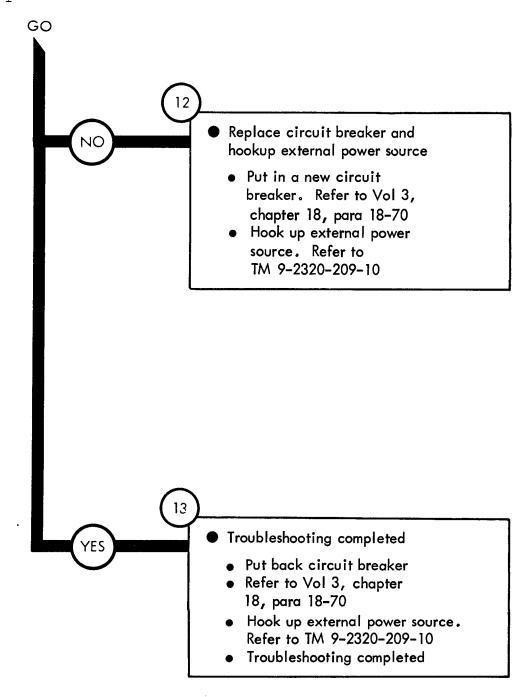


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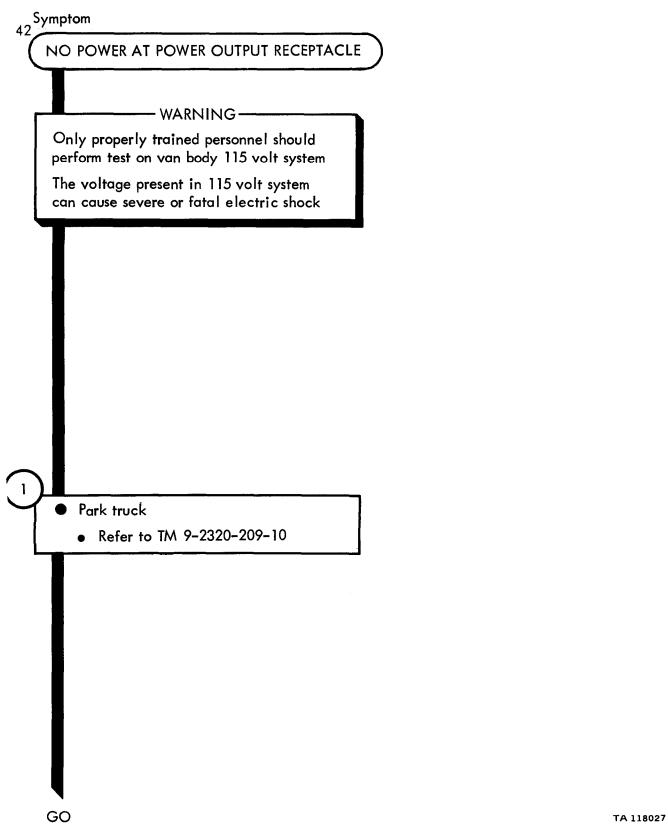
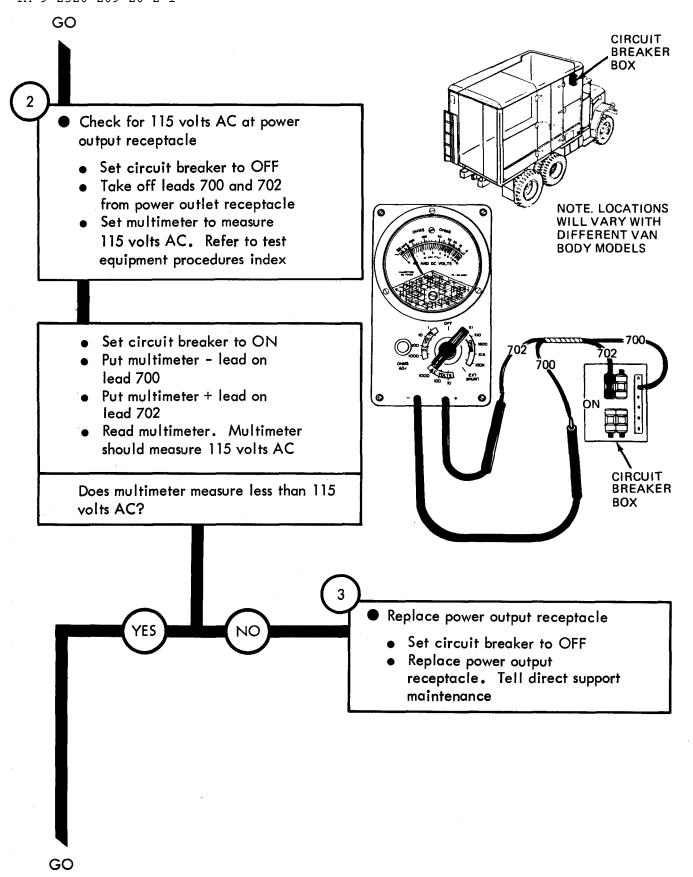


Figure 25-42 (Sheet 1 of 6)



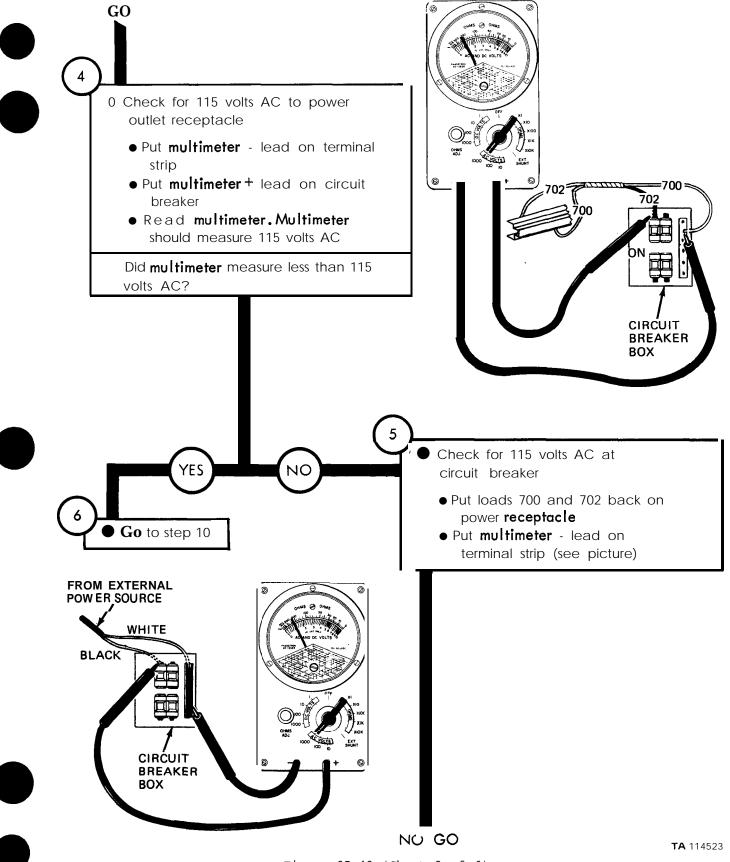


Figure 25-42 (Sheet 3 of 6)

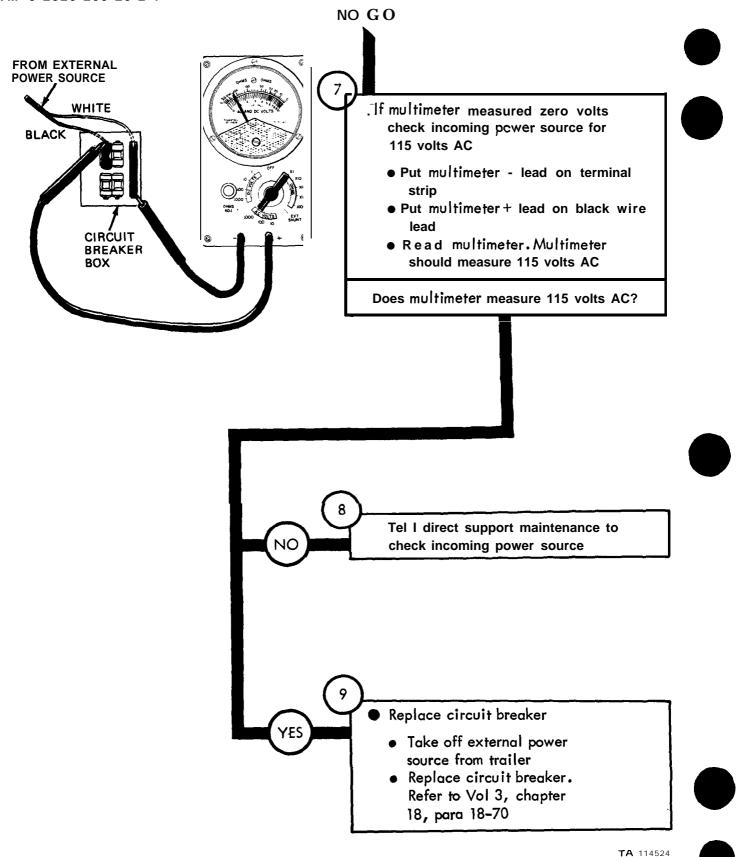


Figure 25-42 (Sheet 4 of 6)

From step 6 10 Clean and test circuit breaker for continuity • Take off externa I power source to van. Refer to TM 9-2320-209-10 Clean front and rear terminals REAR of circuit breaker. Refer to TERMINAL Vol 3, chapter 18, para 18-70 • Set mu **!timeter** to measure continuity. Refer to test CIRCUIT equipment procedures index **BREAKER** • Set circuit breaker to ON FRÒNT **TERMINAL** Put multimeter + lead on front terminal of circuit breaker • Put multimeter - lead on rear terminal of circuit breaker Read mu I timeter. Multi meter should measure zero ohms Does mu ltimeter measure zero ohms? GO **TA** 114525

Figure 25-42 (Sheet 5 of 6)

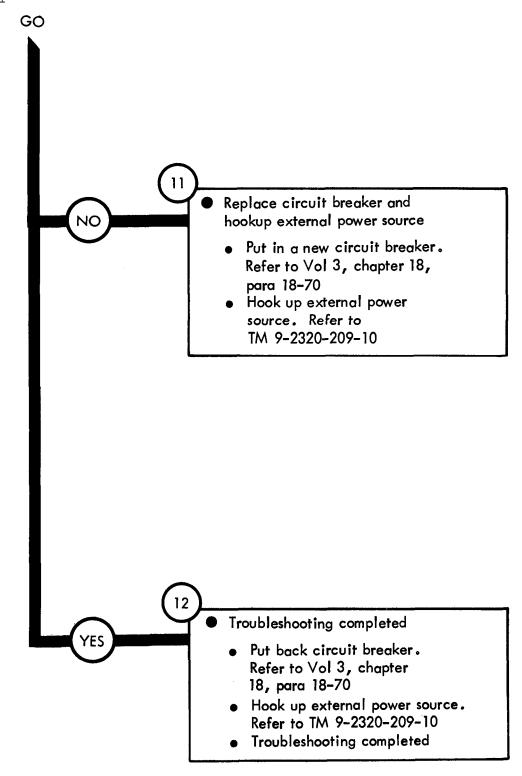


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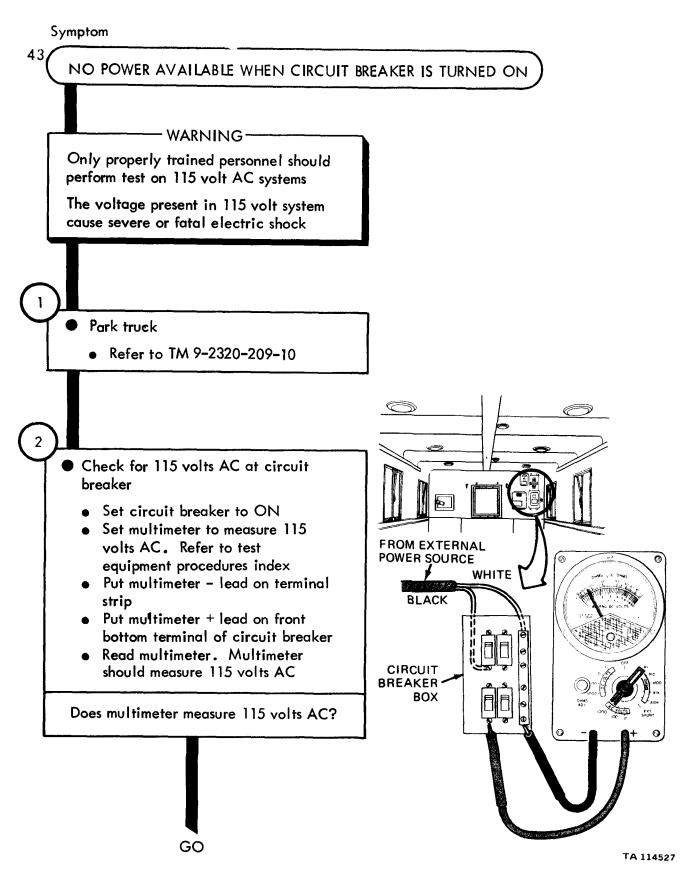


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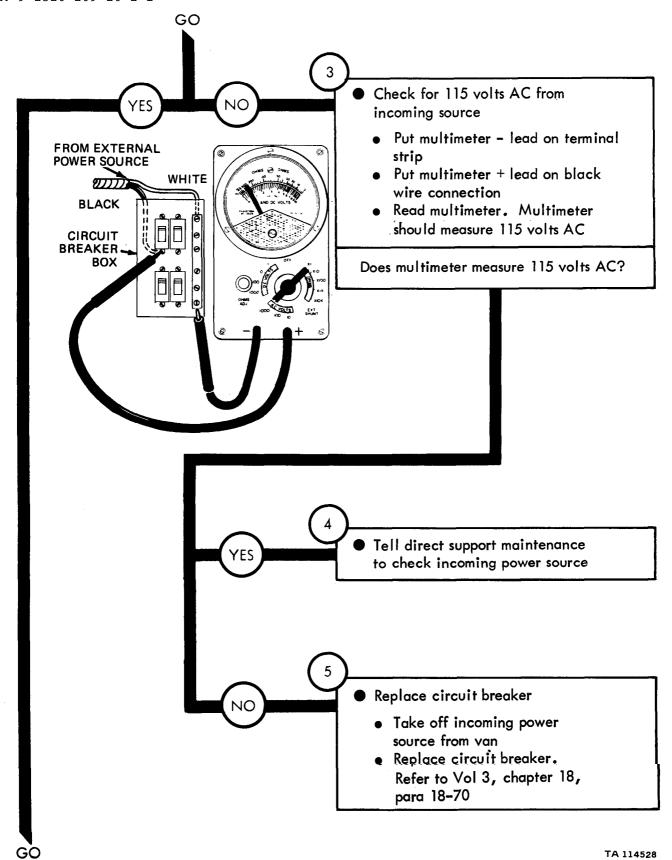


Figure 25-43 (Sheet 2 of 4)

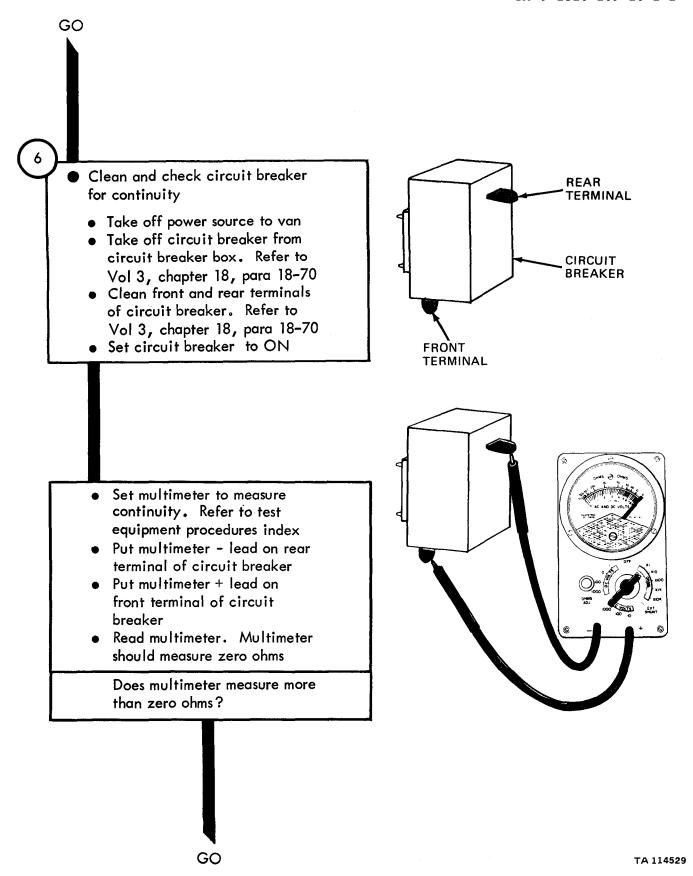
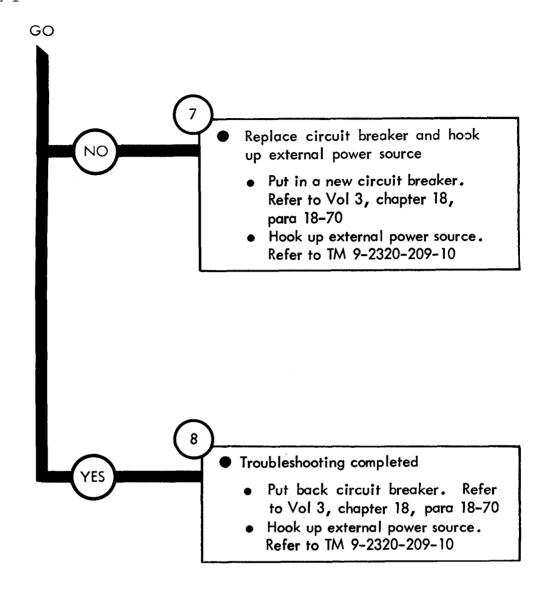


Figure 25-43 (Sheet 3 of 4)



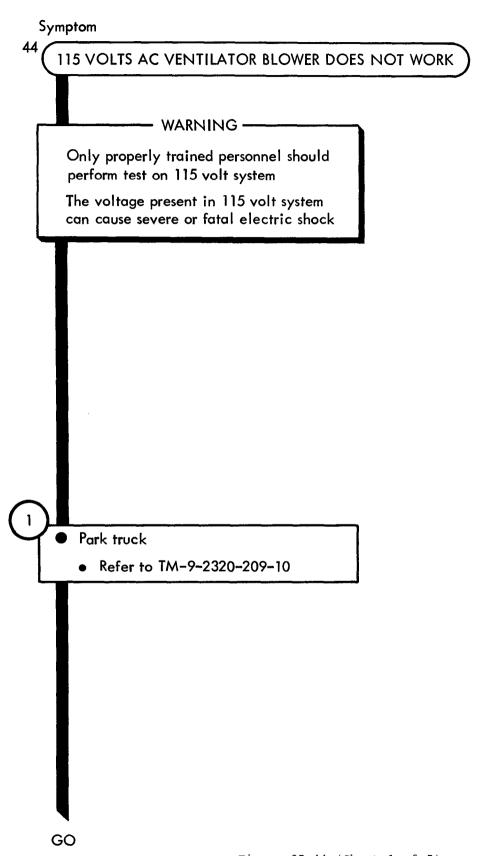


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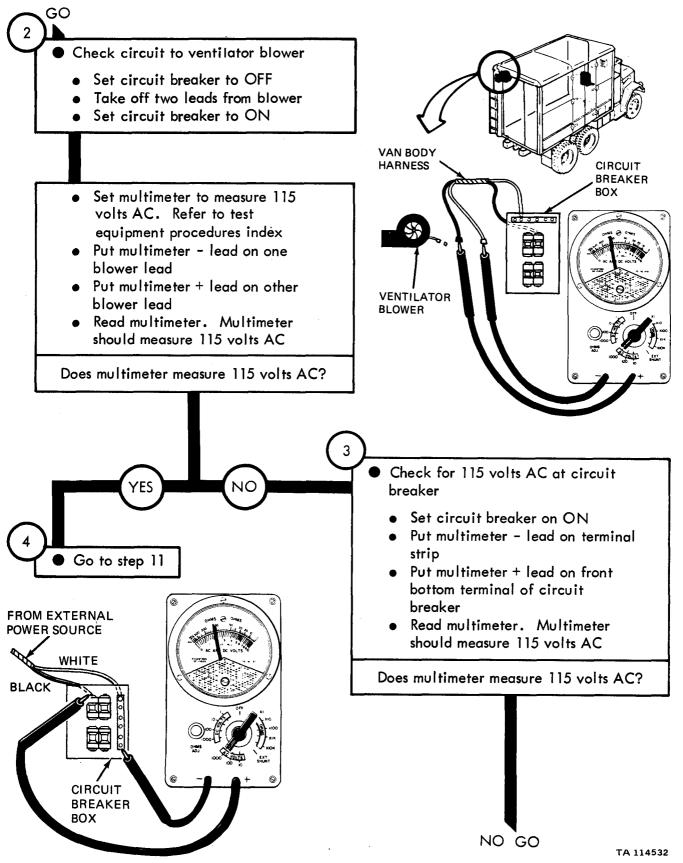


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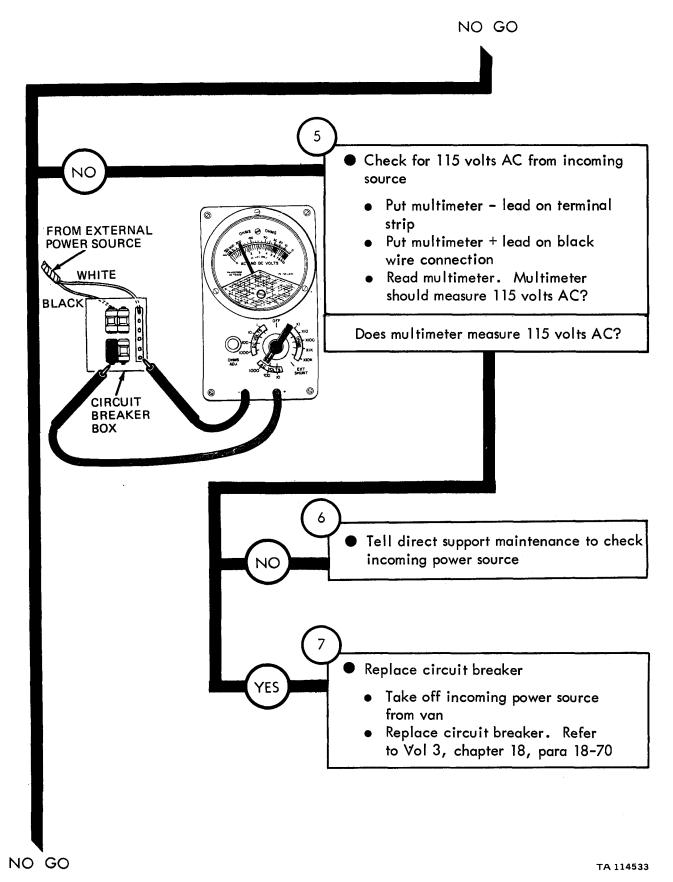


Figure 25-44 (Sheet 3 of 5)

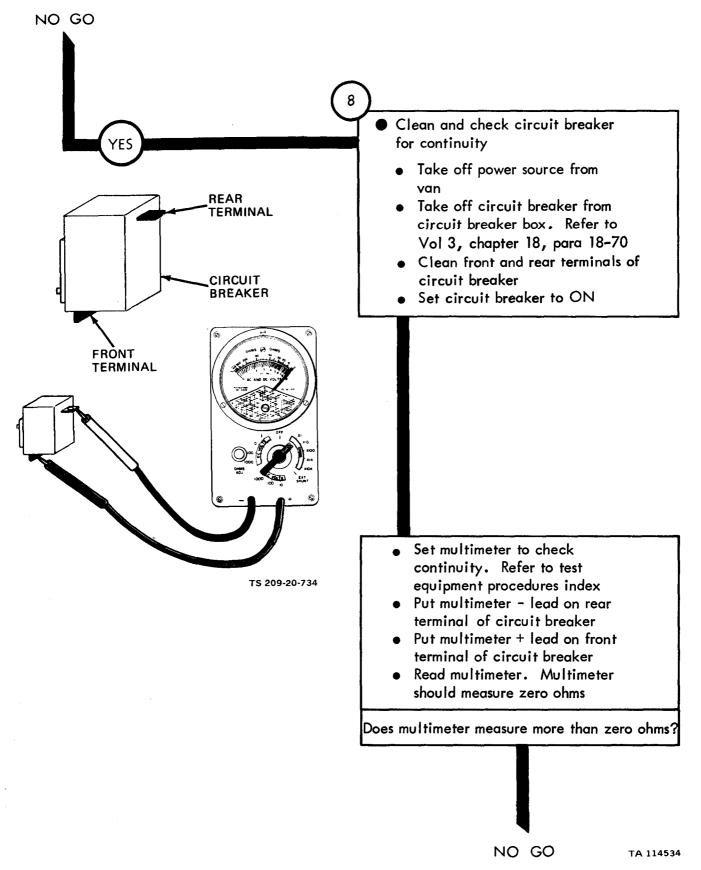
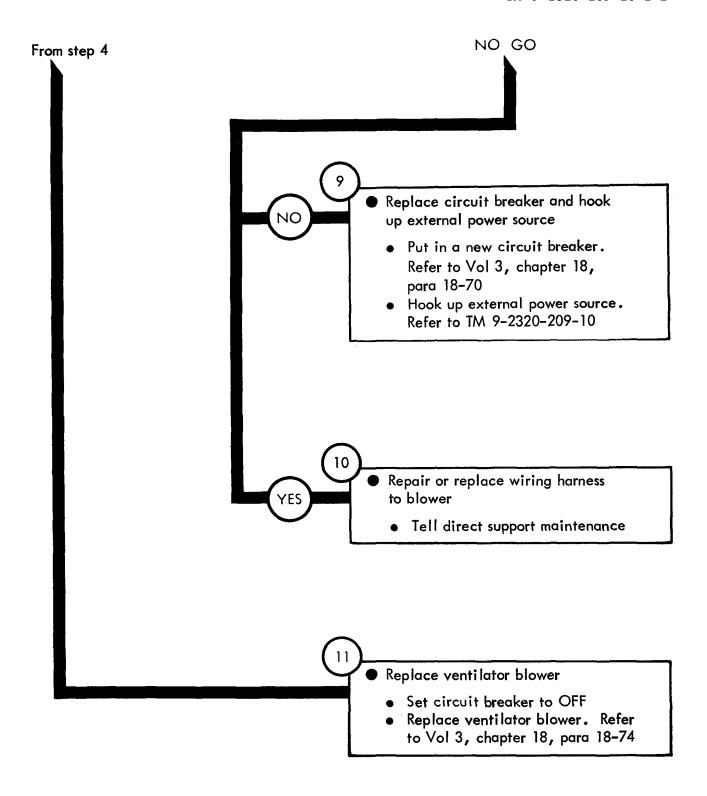


Figure 25-44 (Sheet 4 of 5)



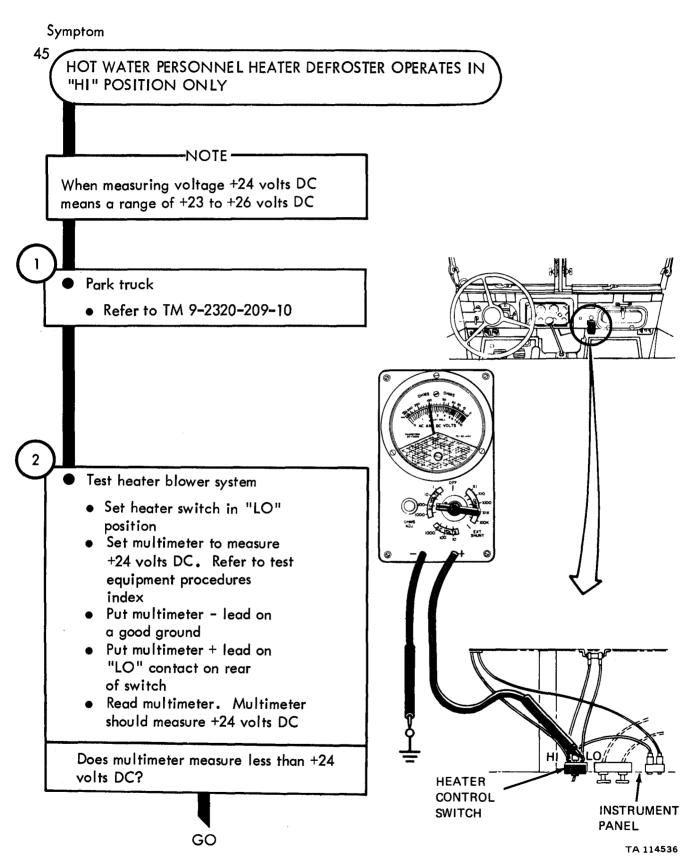


Figure 25-45 (Sheet 1 of 12)

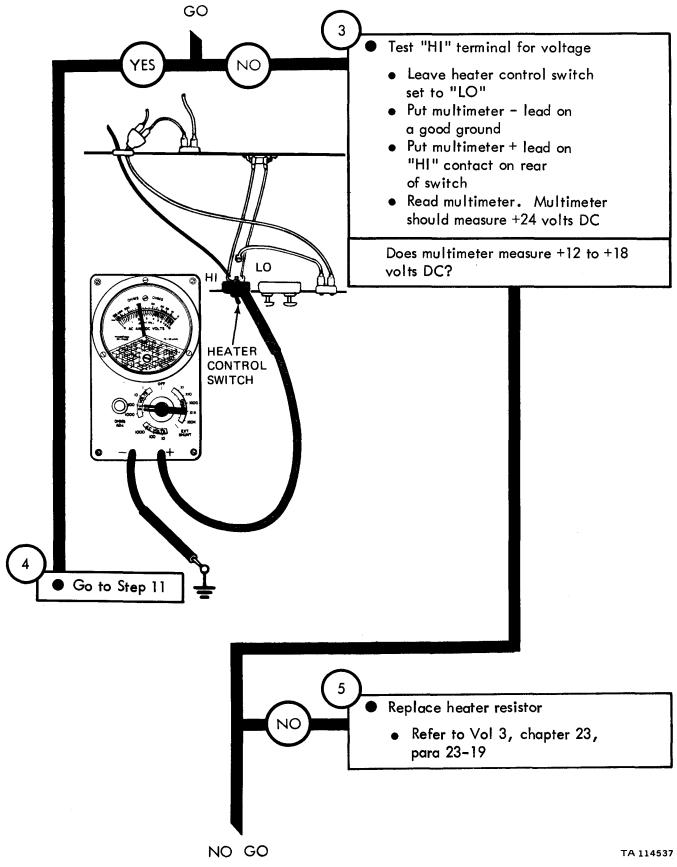


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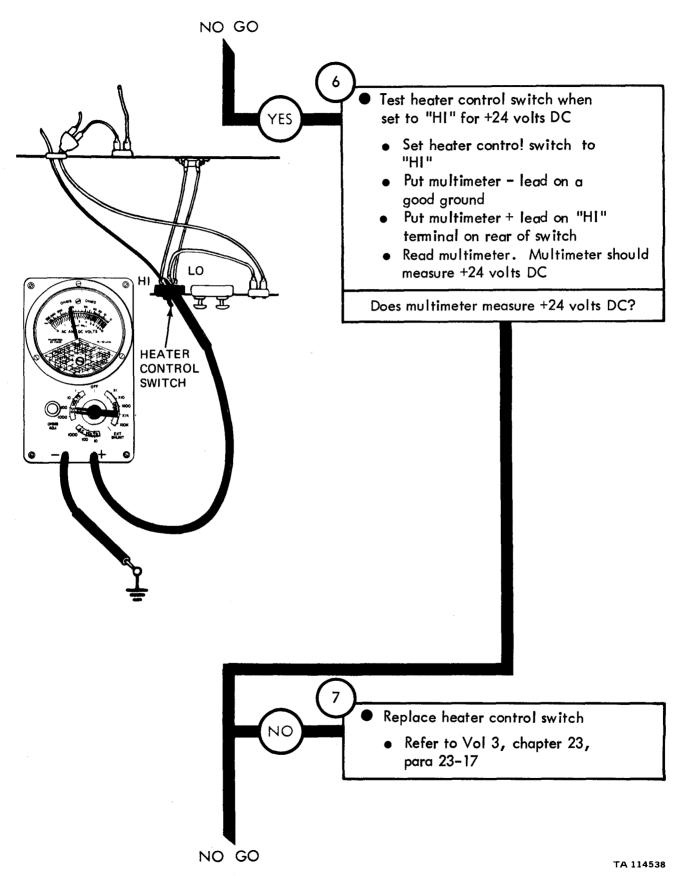


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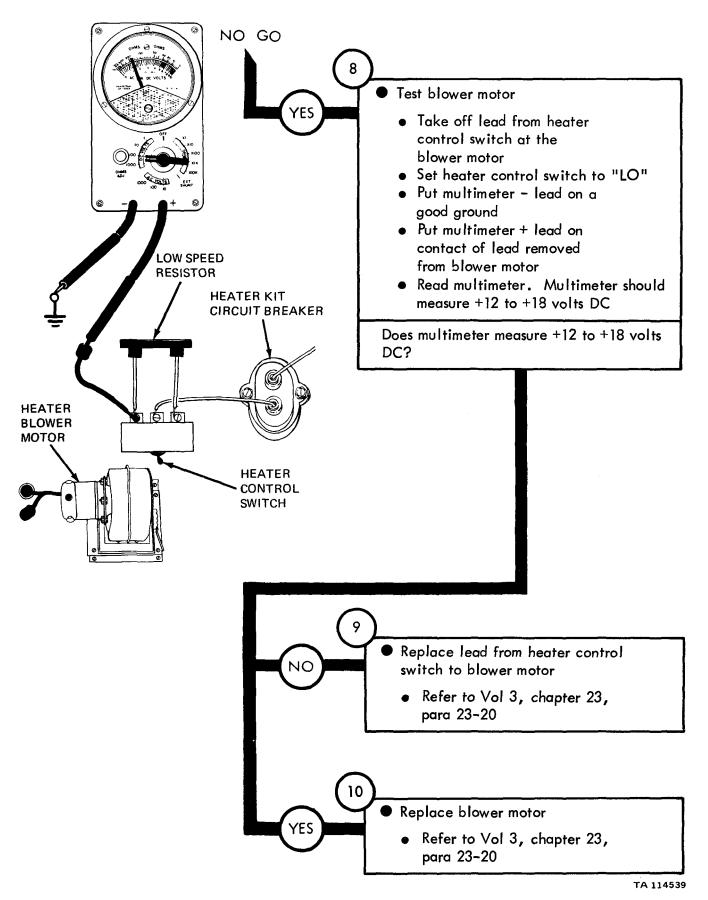


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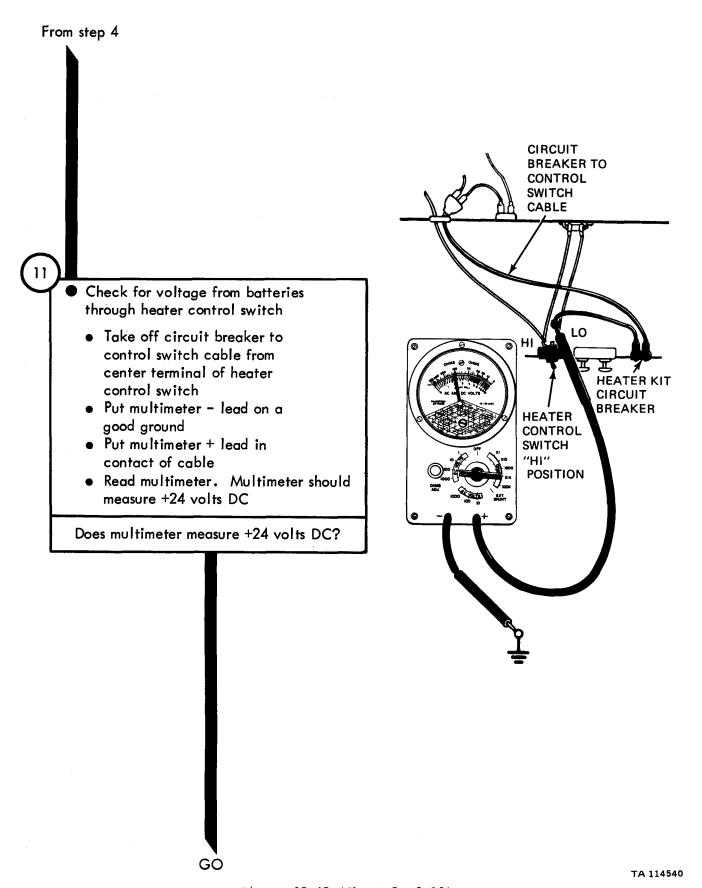


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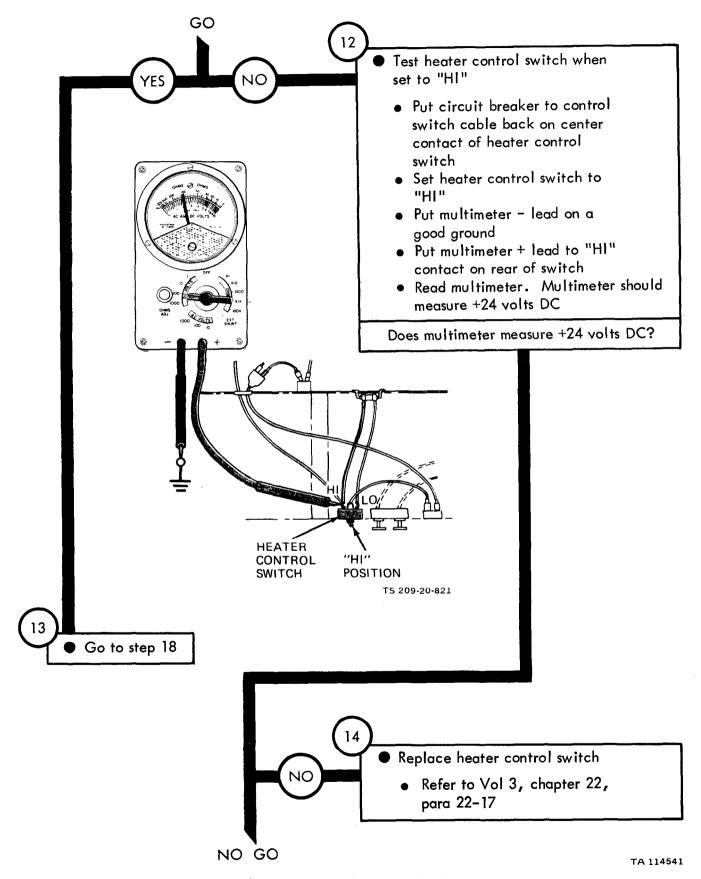
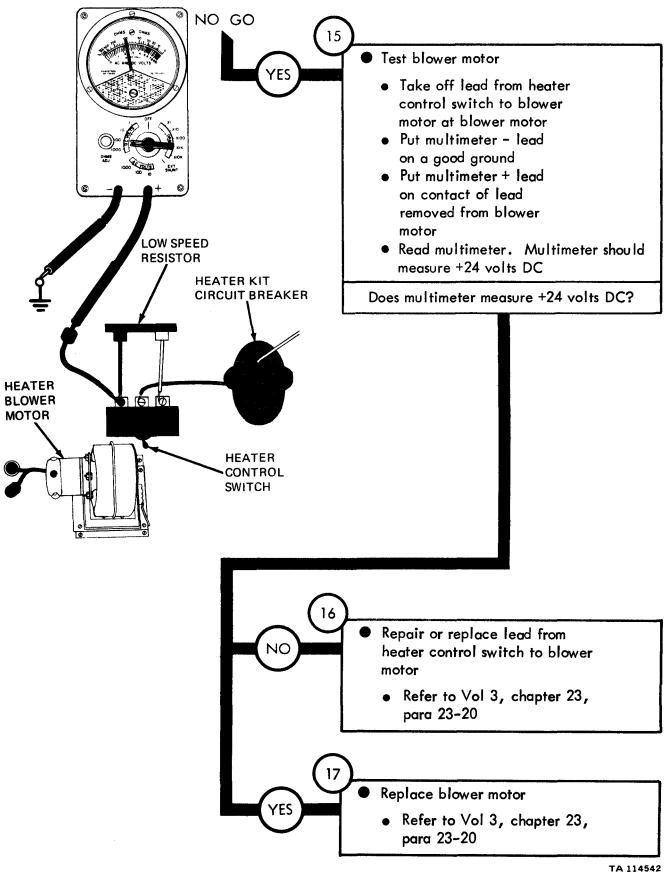


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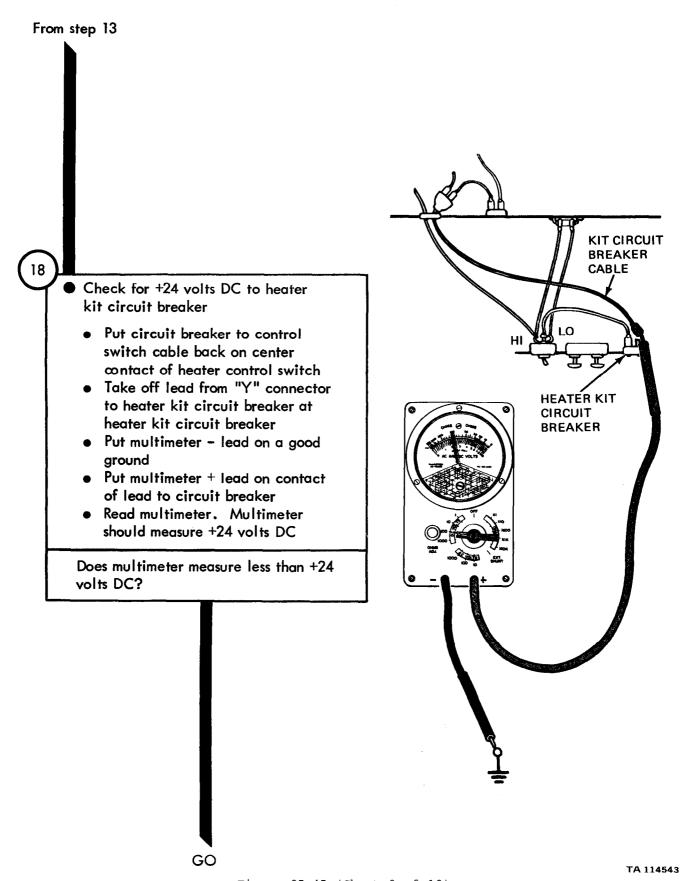


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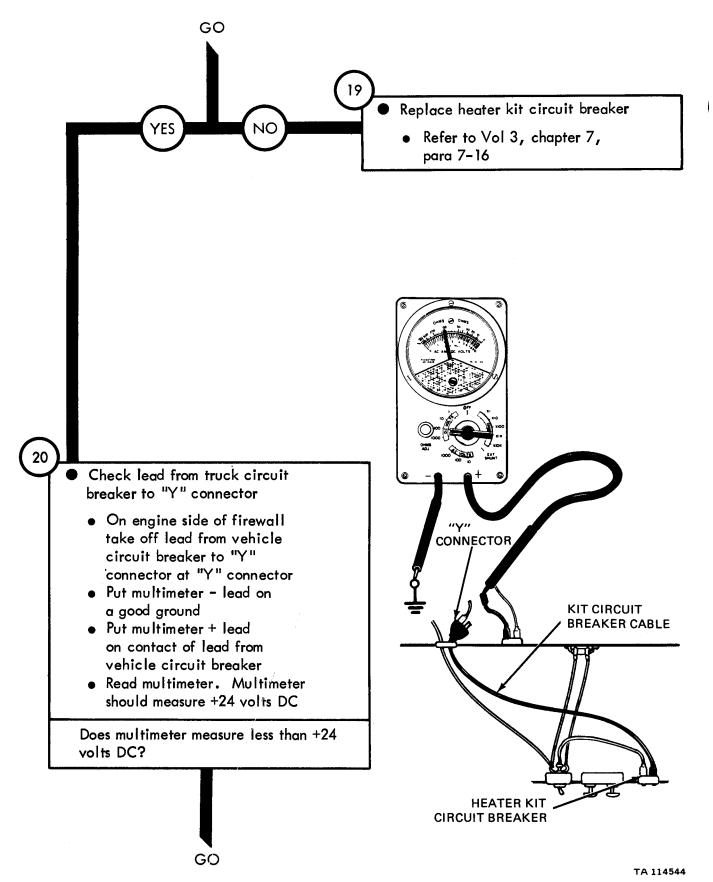


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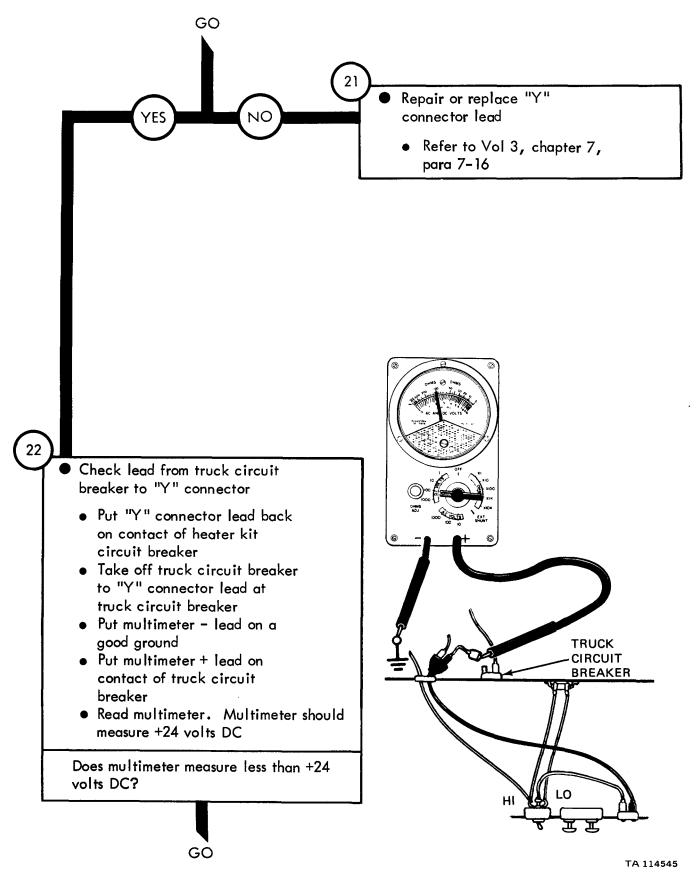


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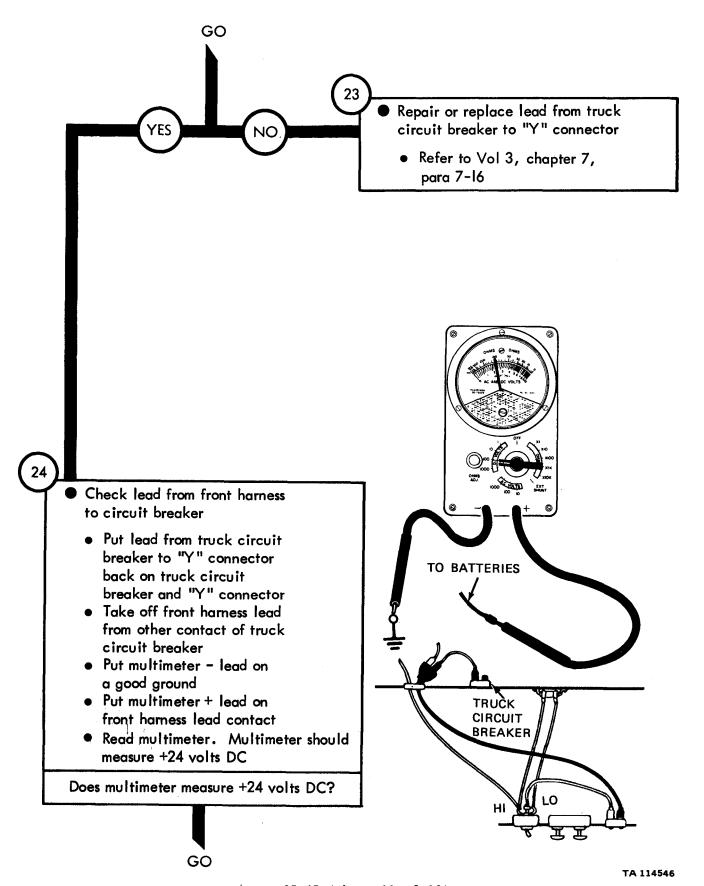
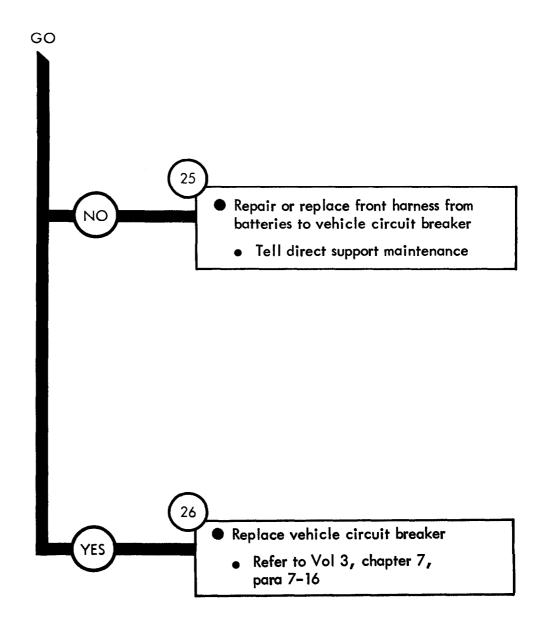


Figure 25-45 (Sheet 11 of 12)



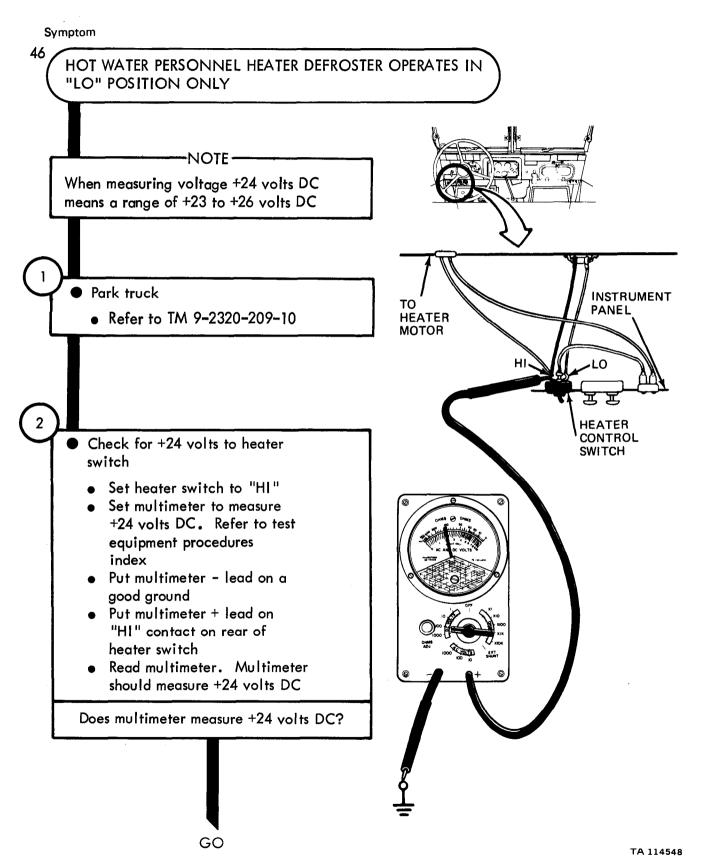


Figure 25-46 (Sheet 1 of 16)

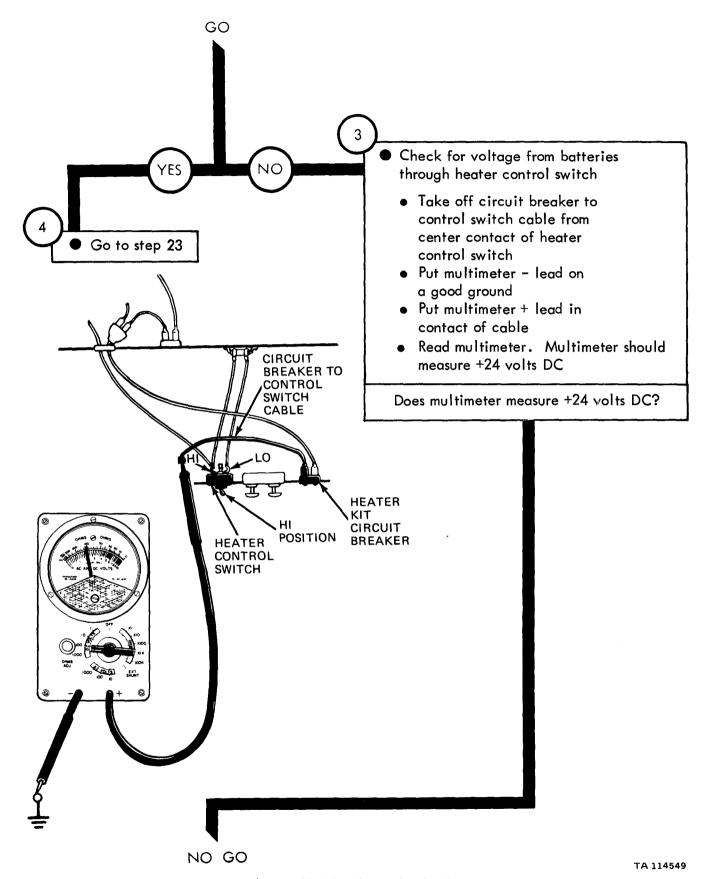


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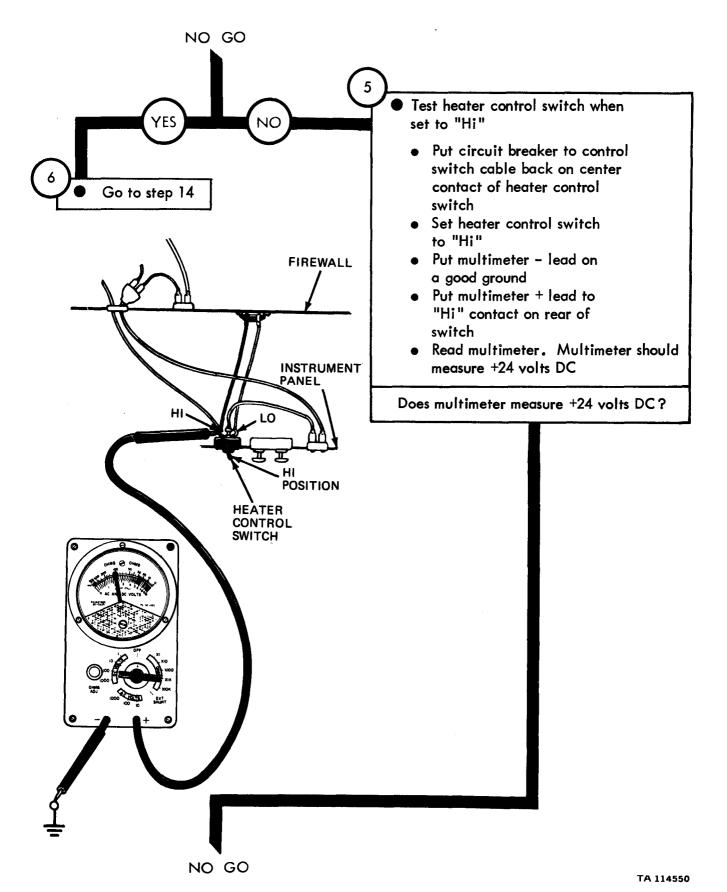


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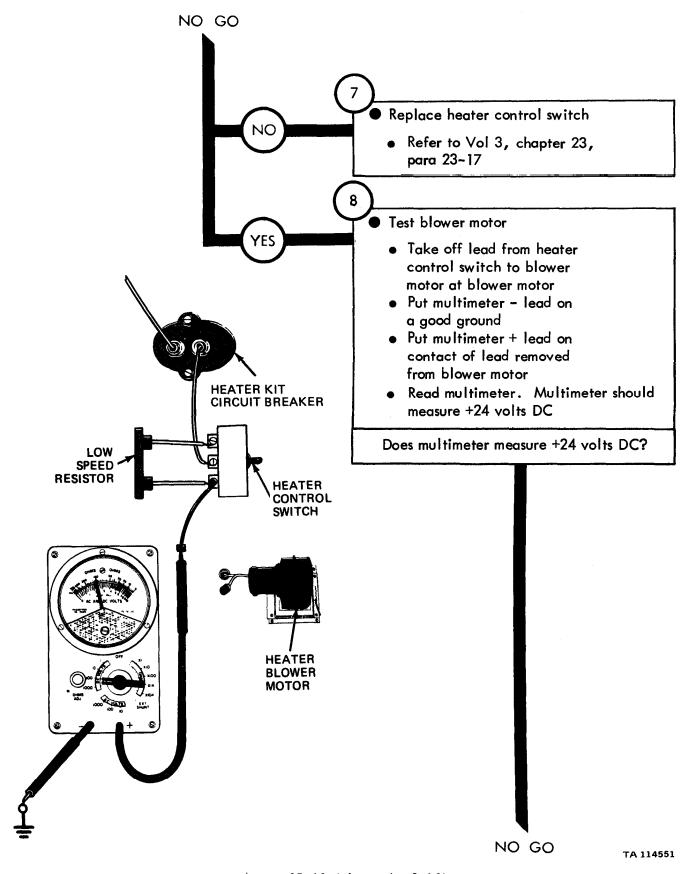


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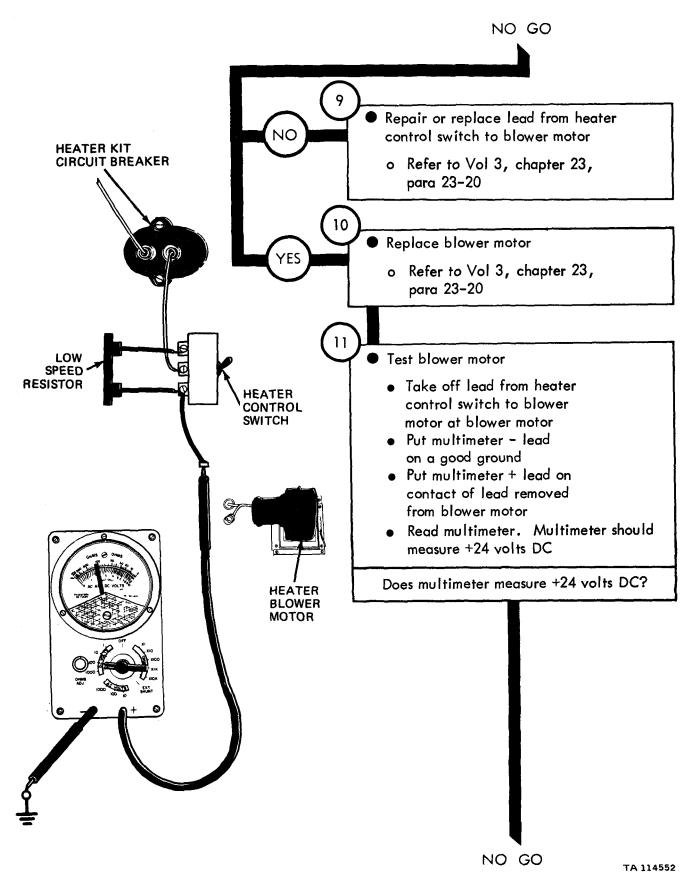


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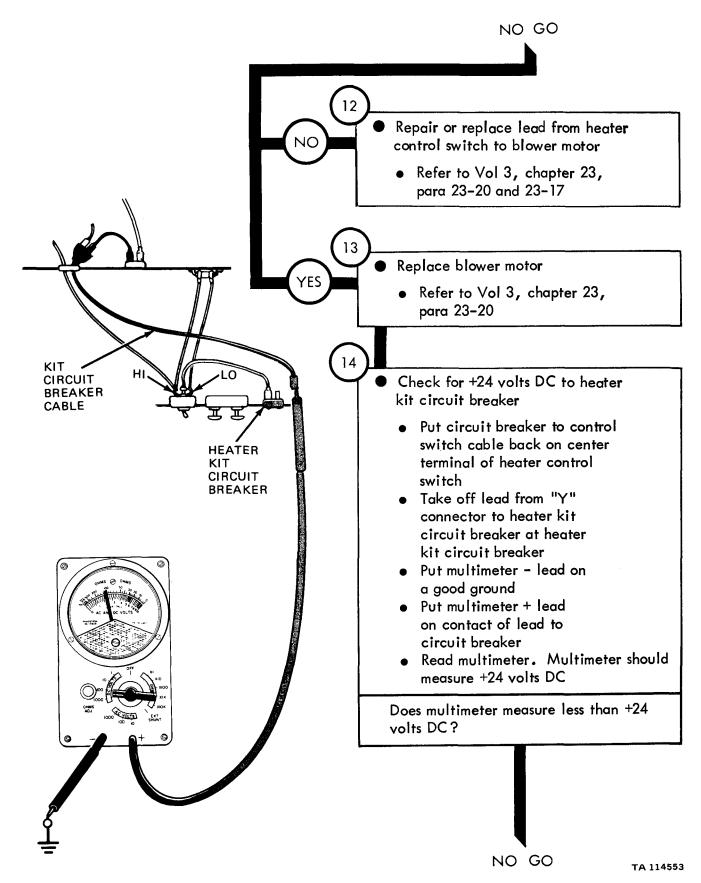


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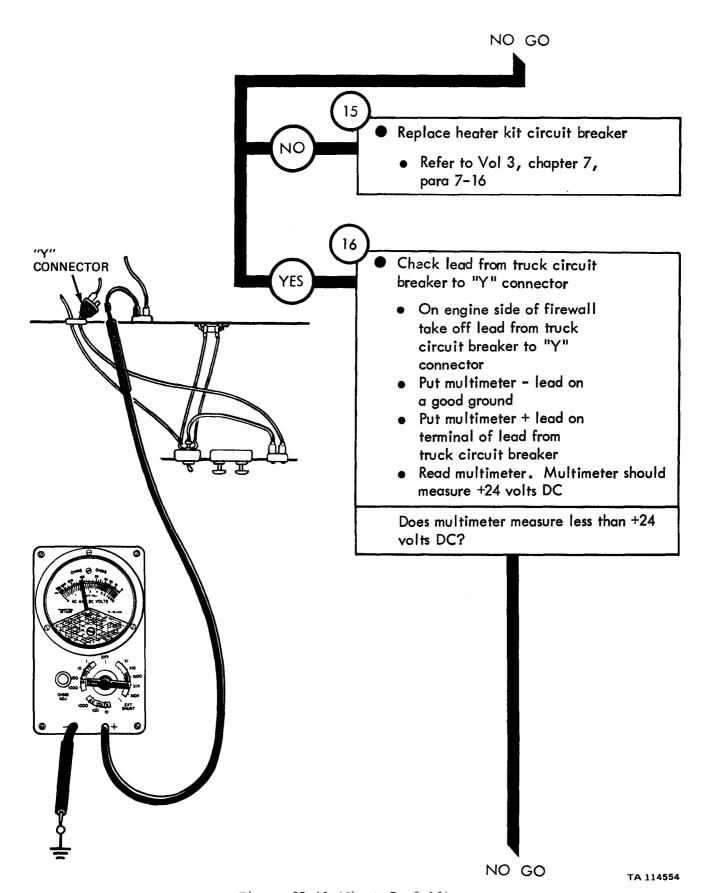


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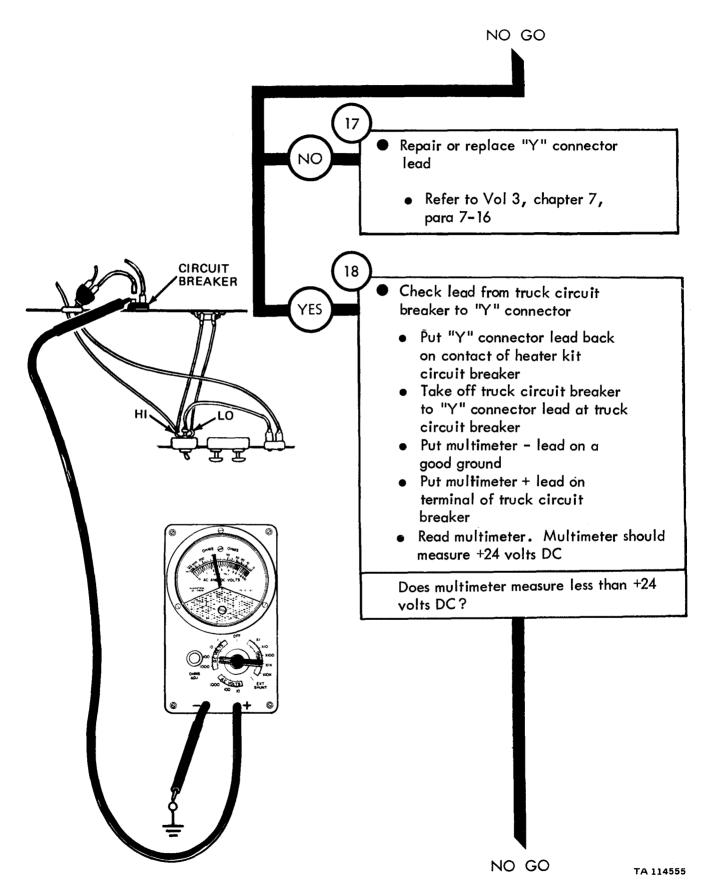


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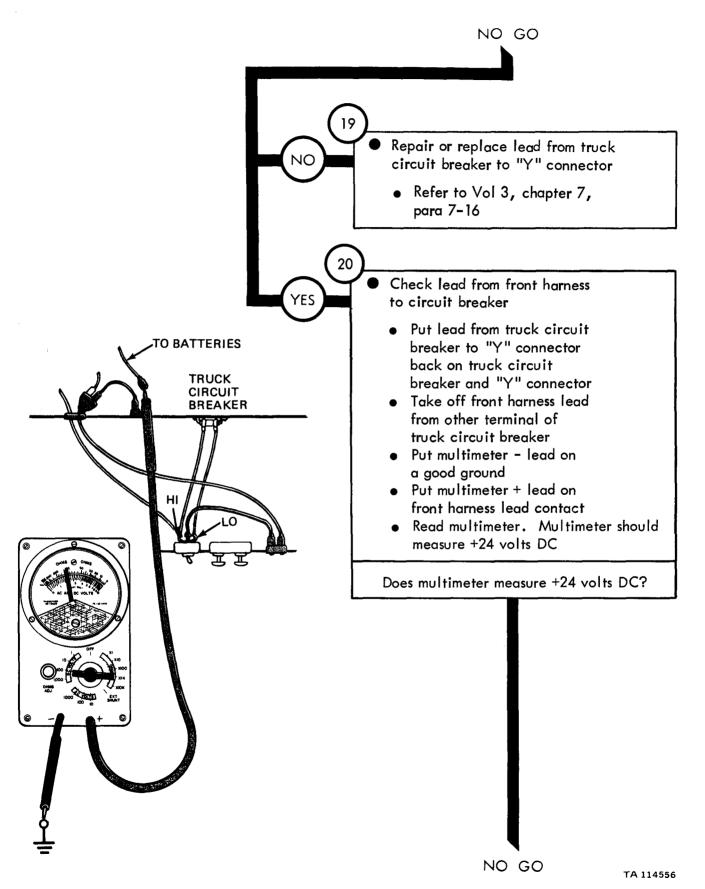
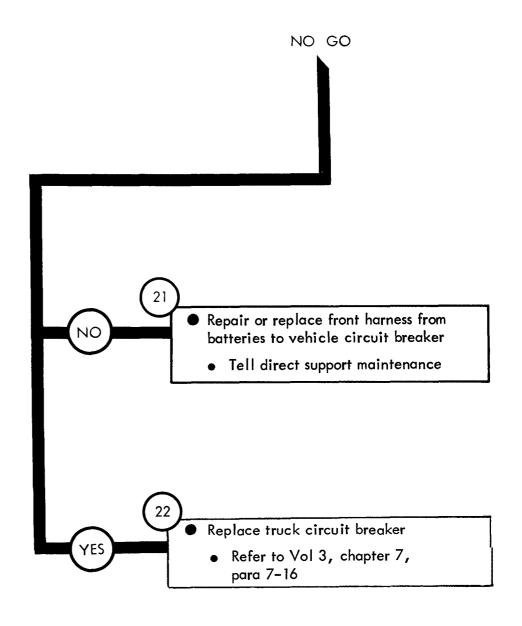


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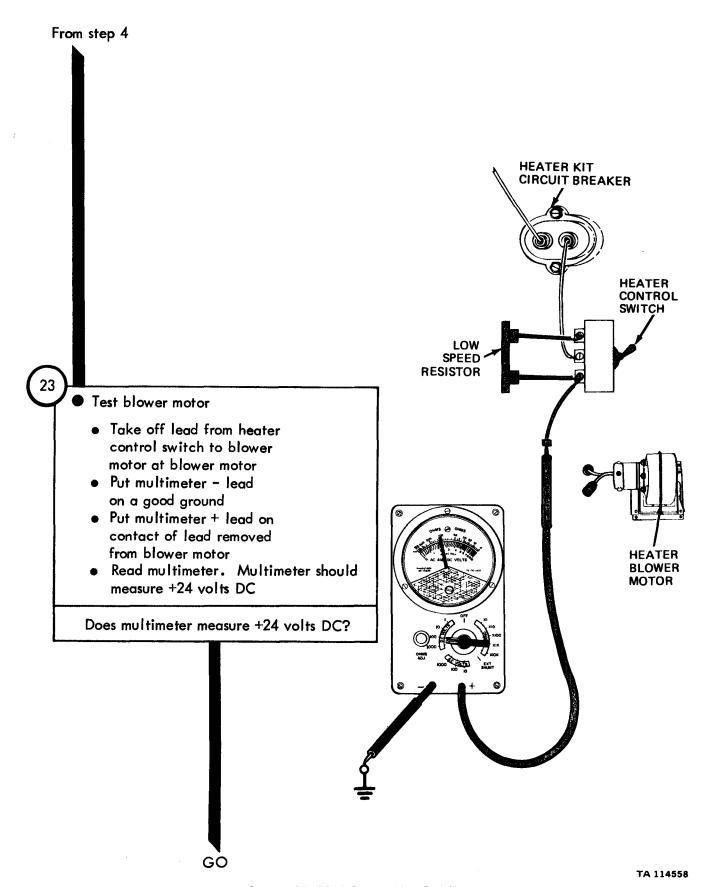


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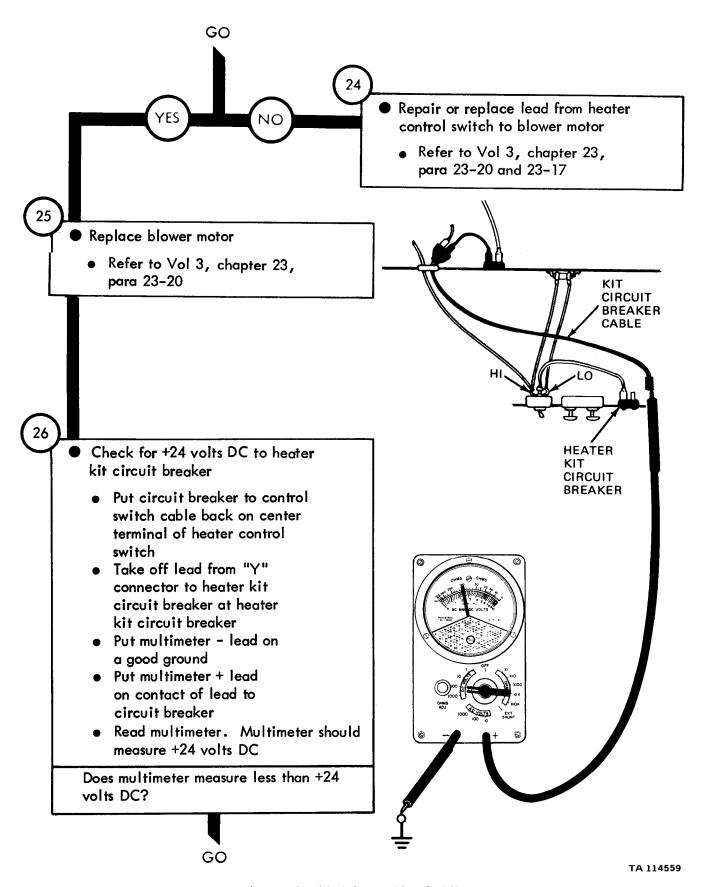


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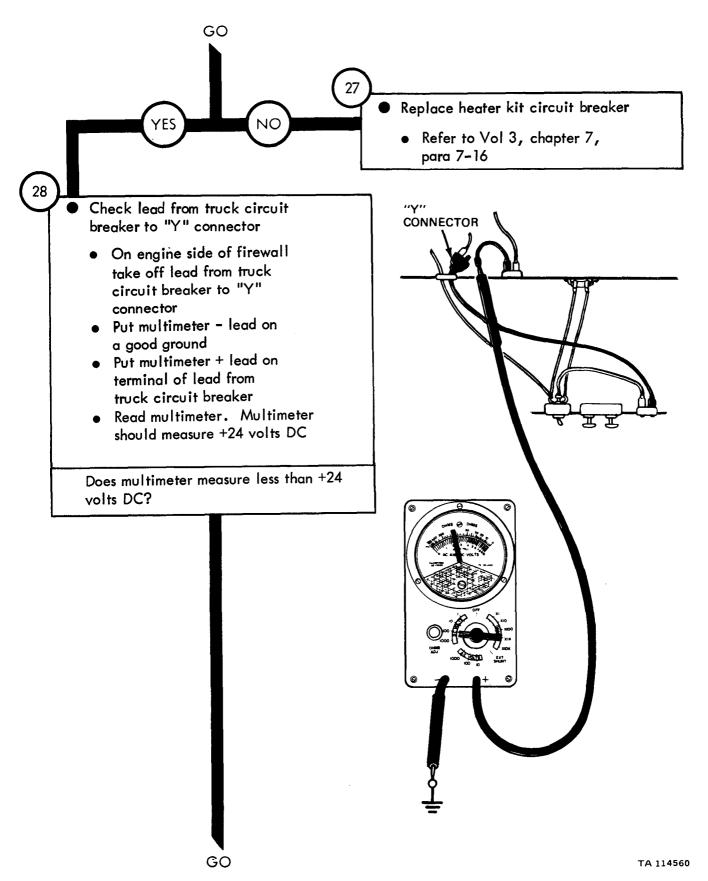


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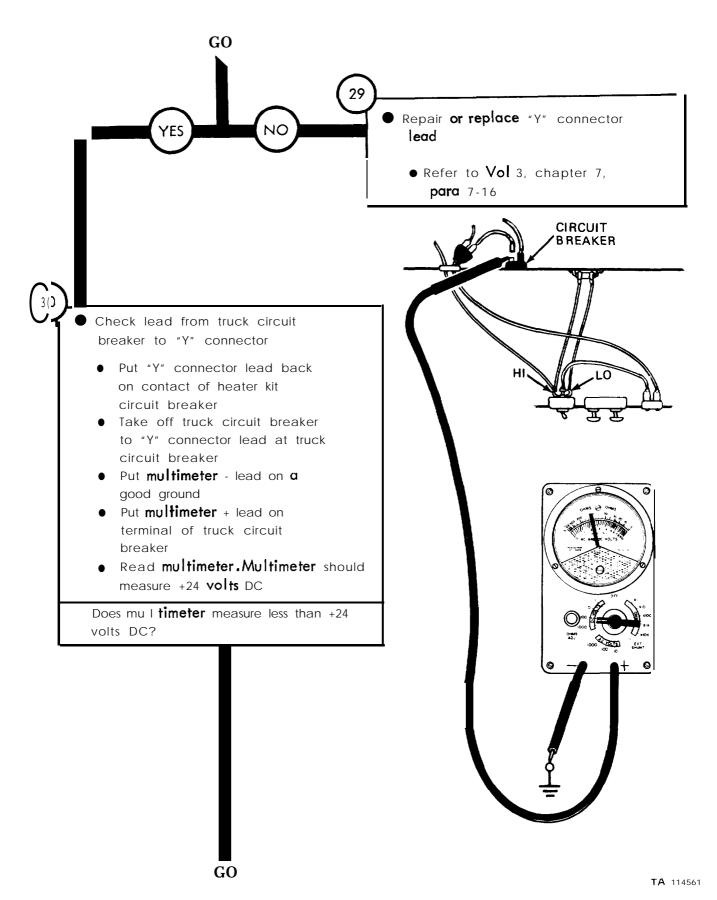


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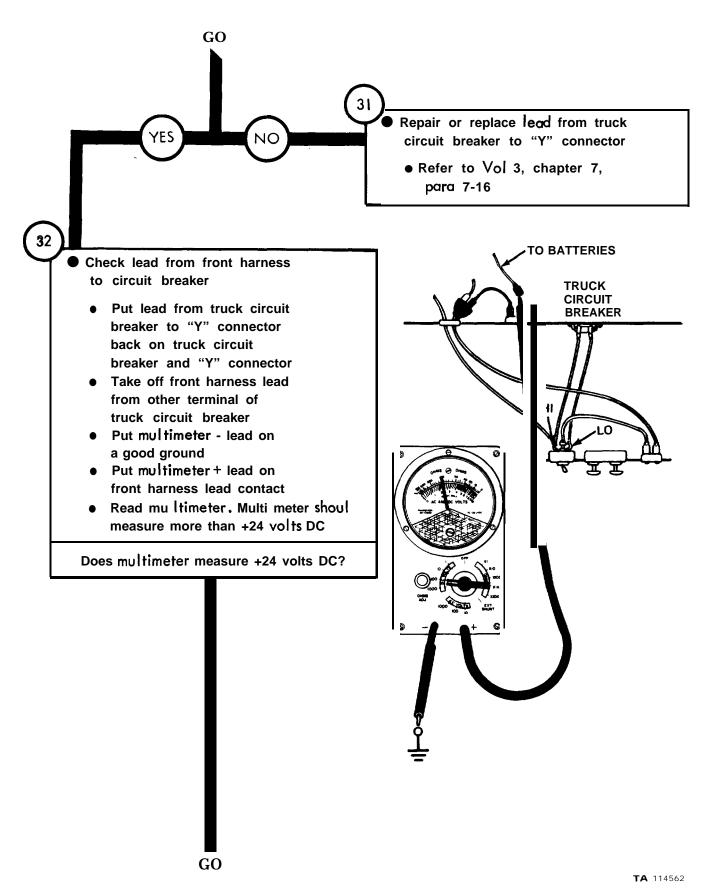
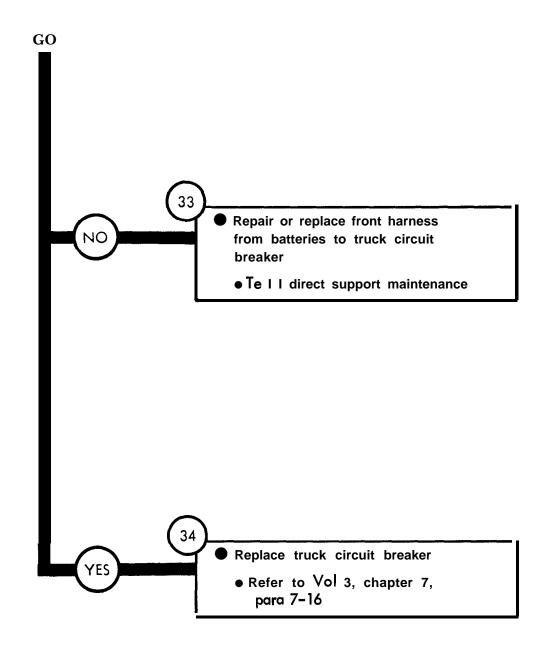


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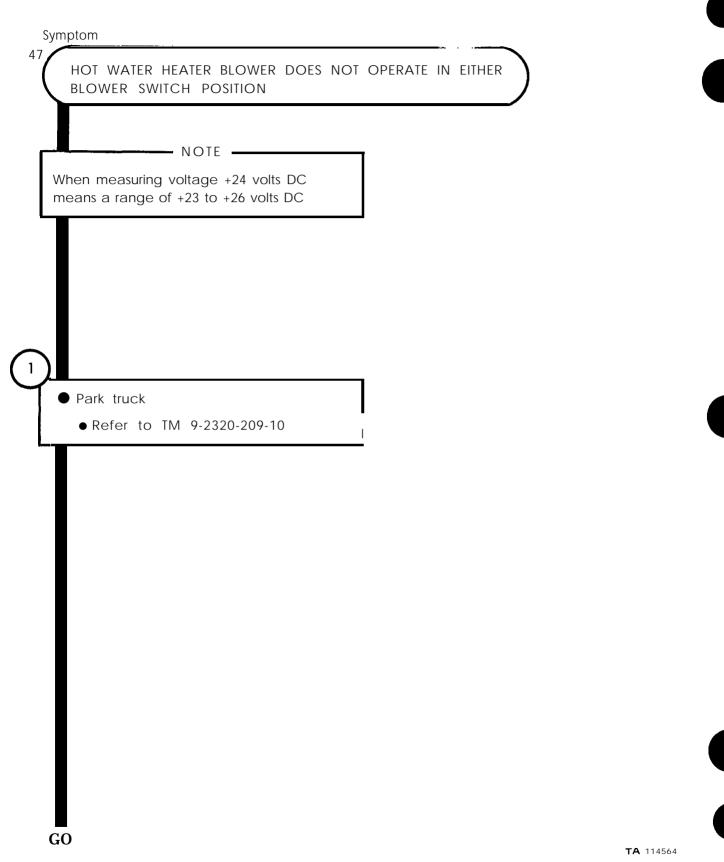


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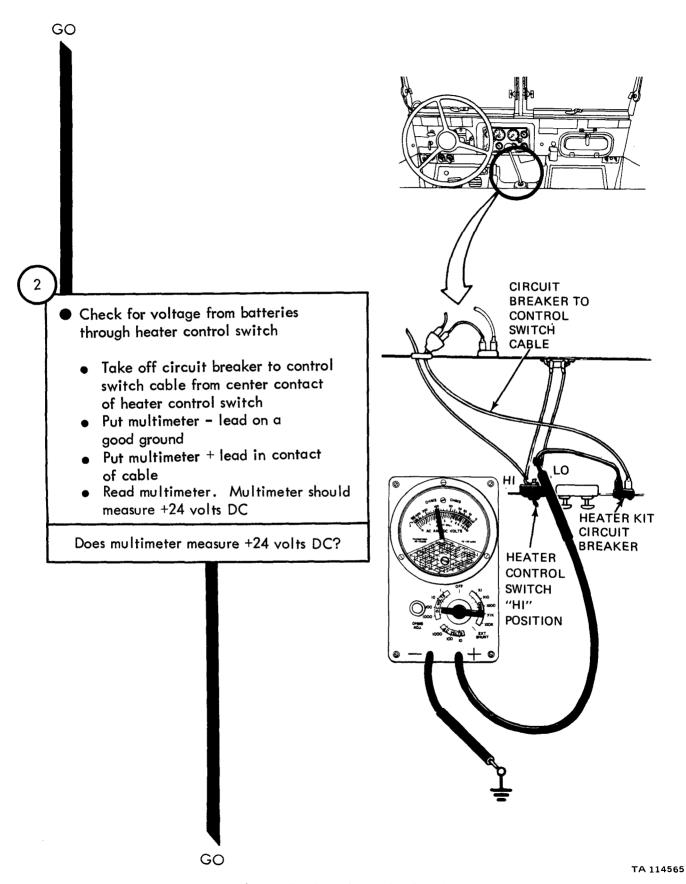


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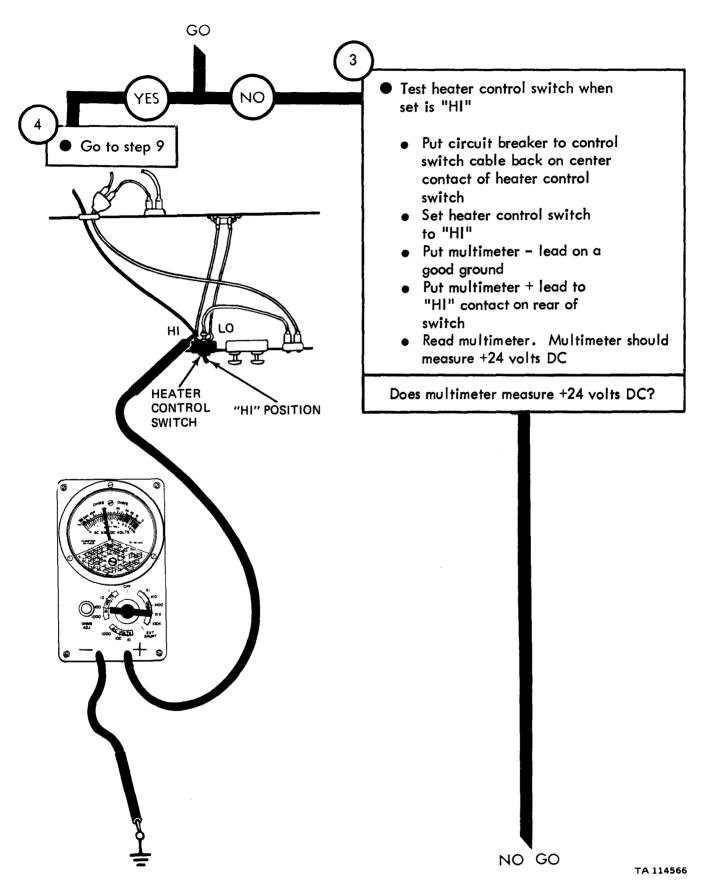


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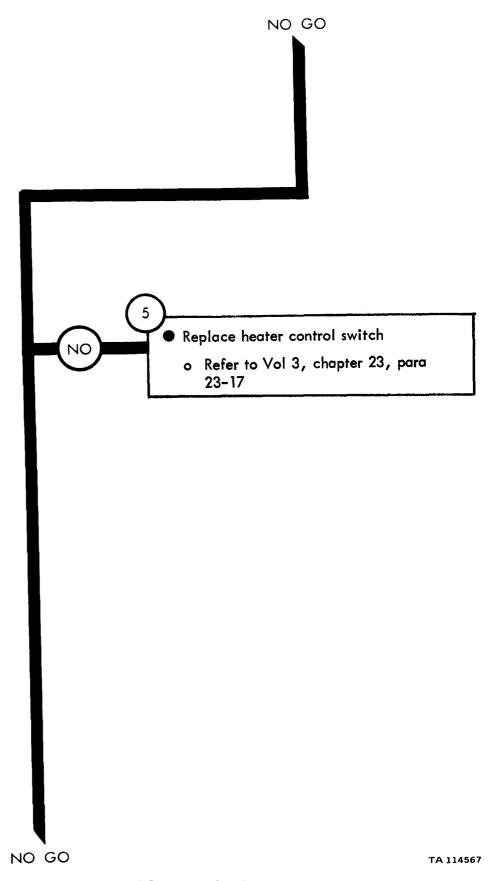


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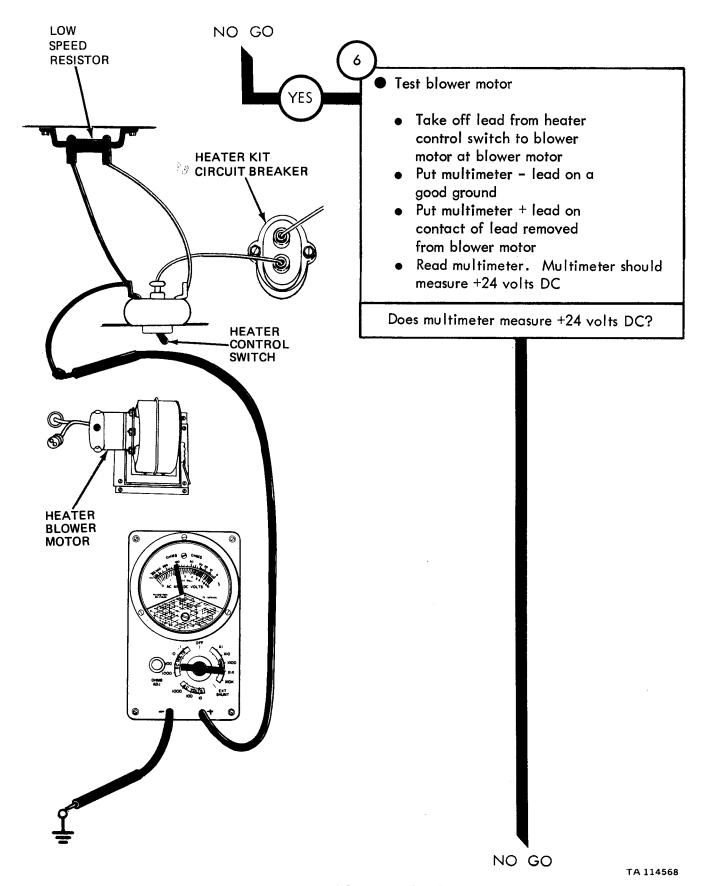
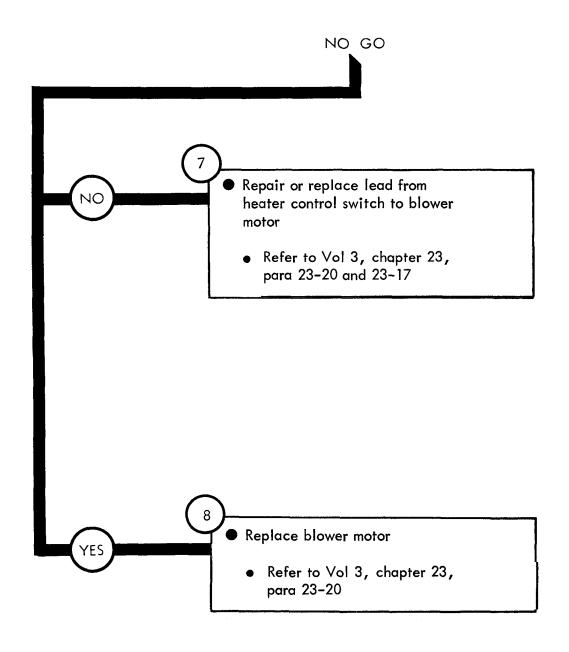


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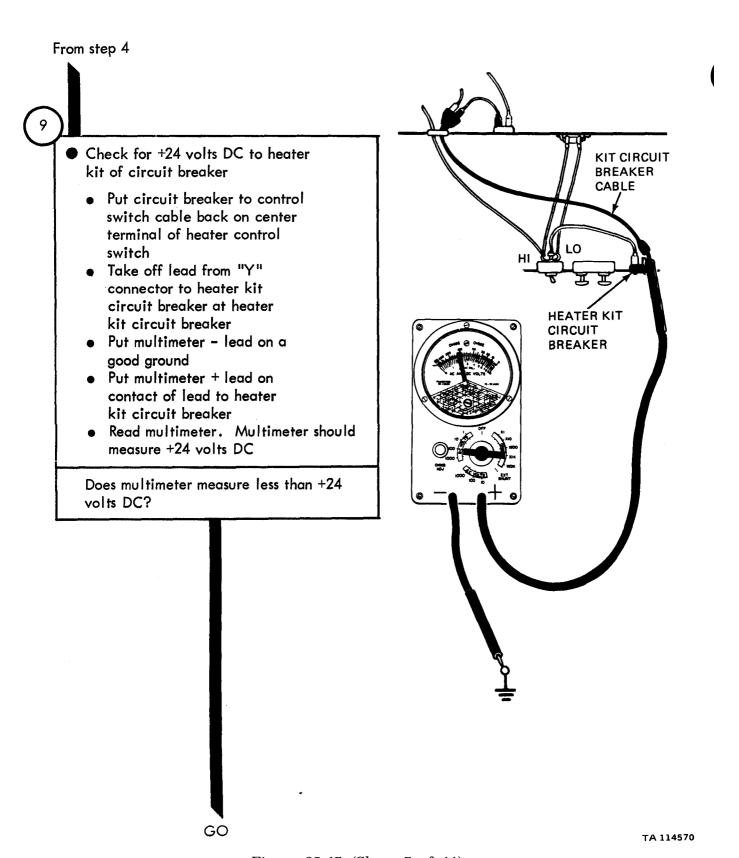


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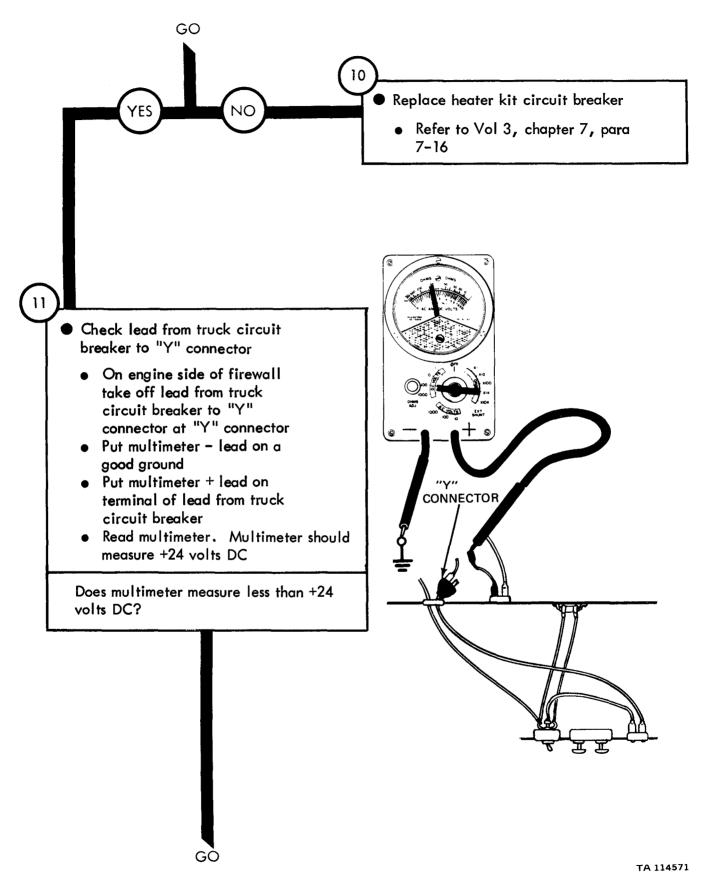


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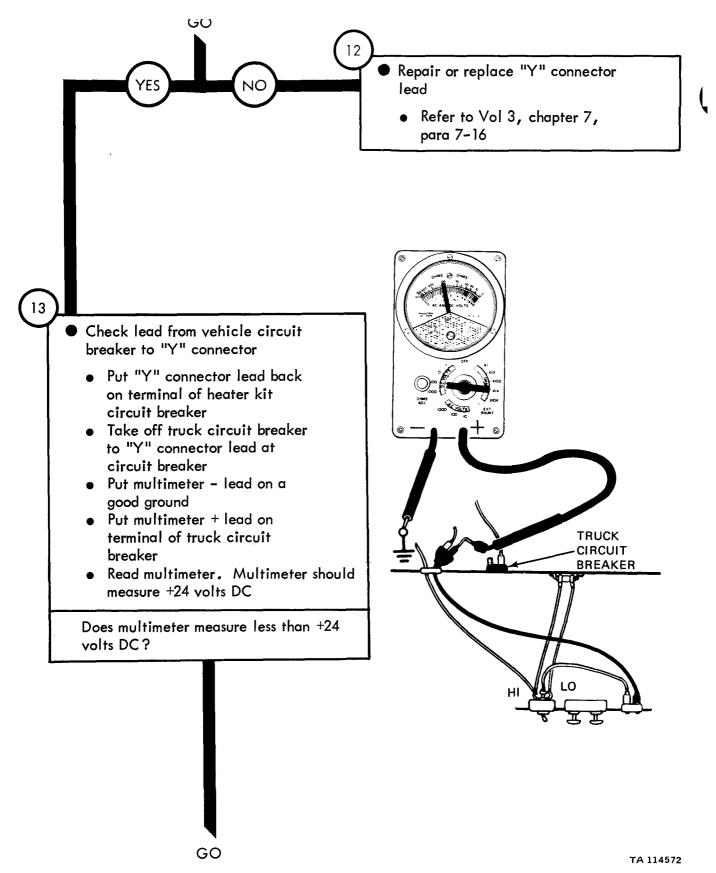


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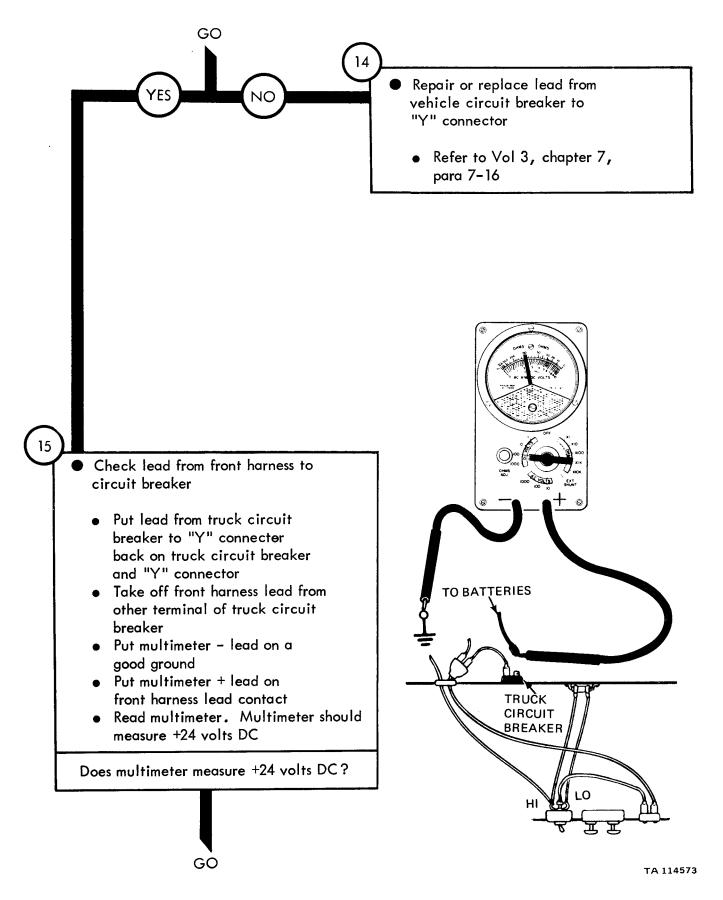
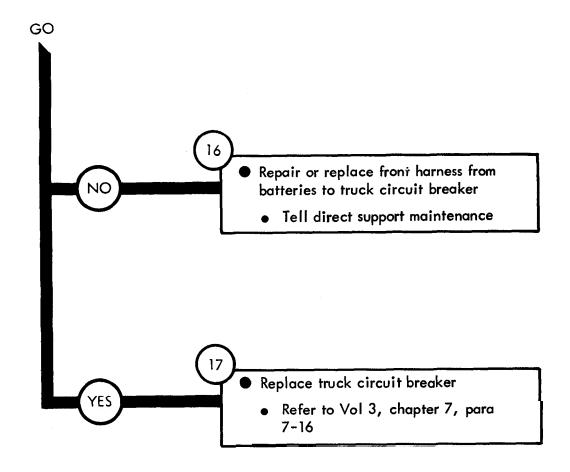
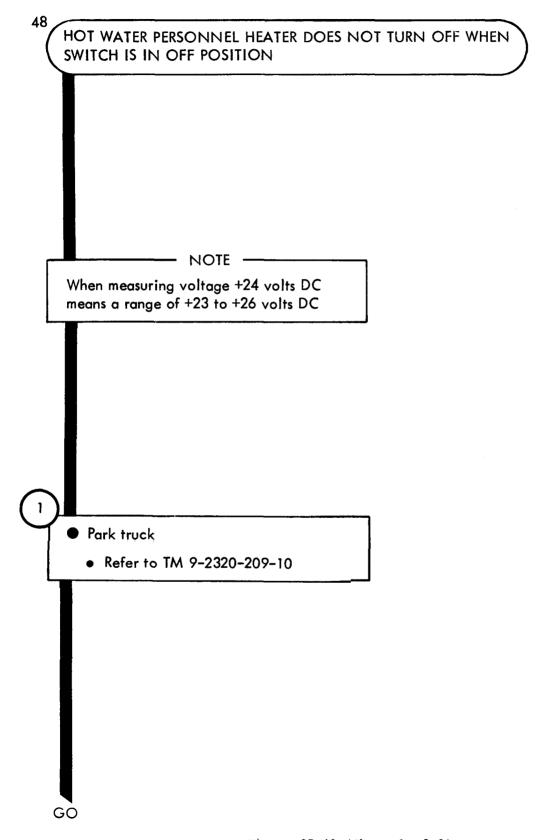
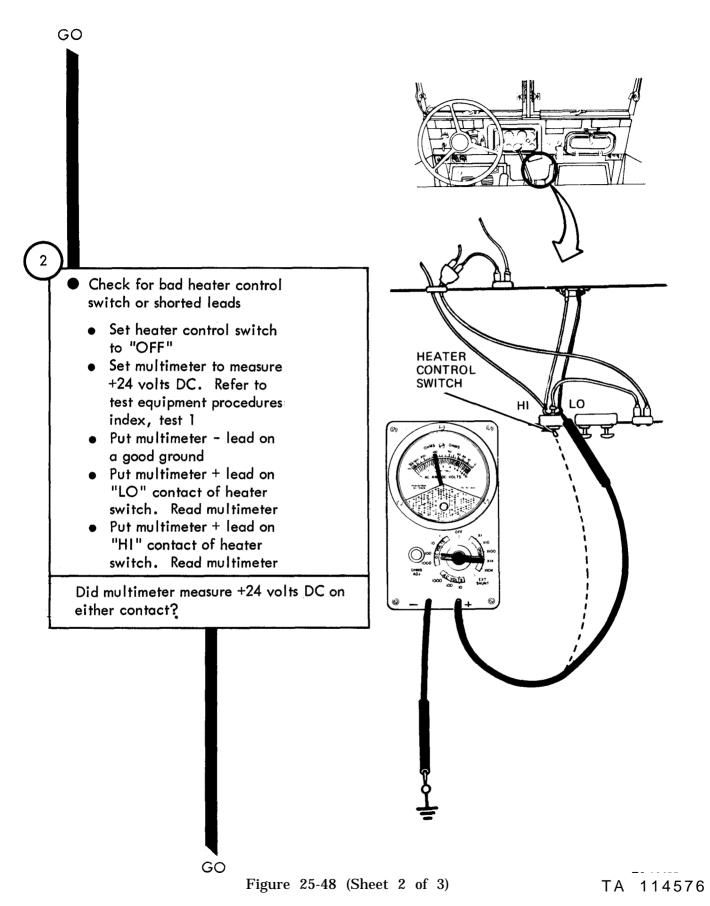


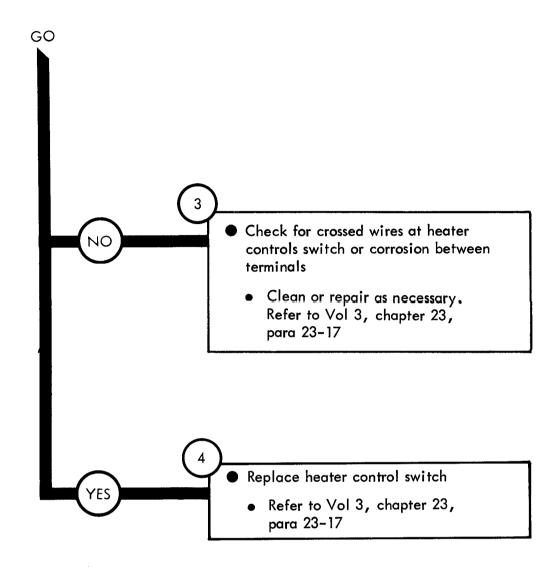
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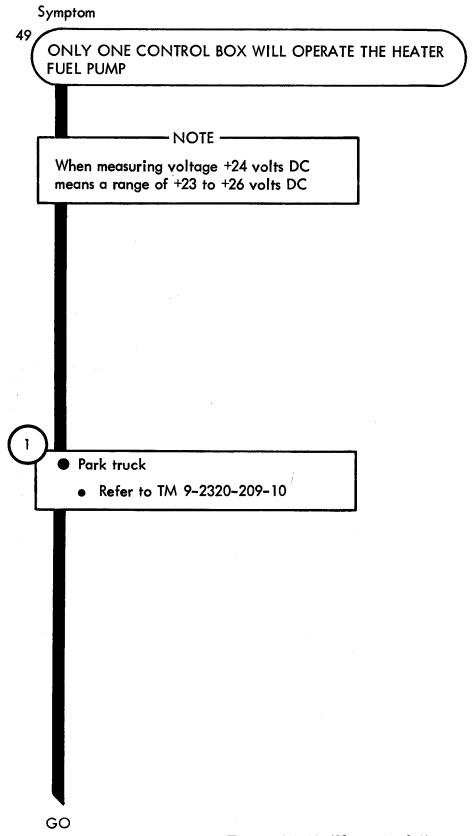


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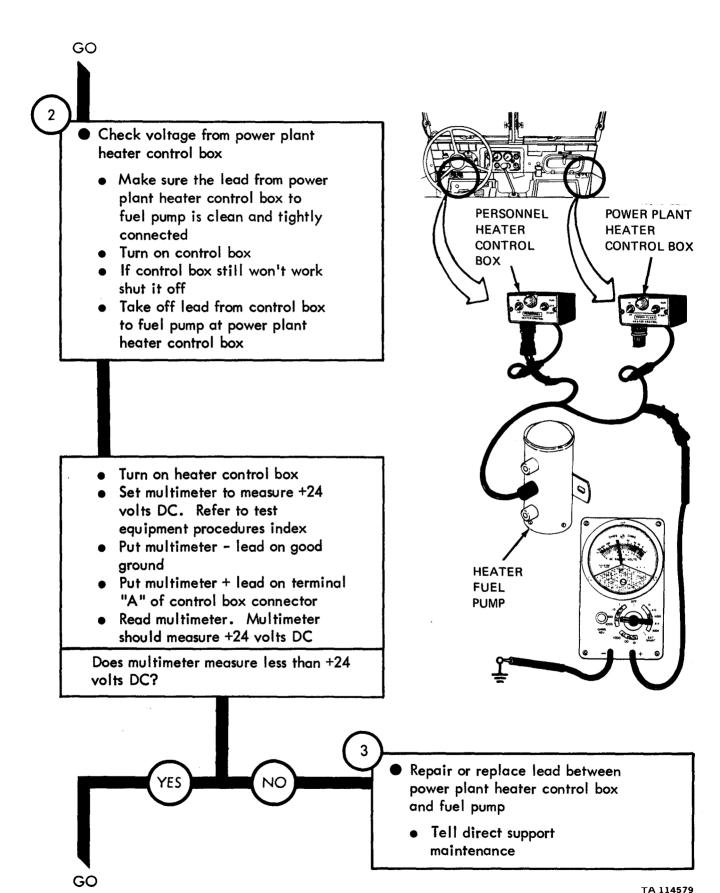


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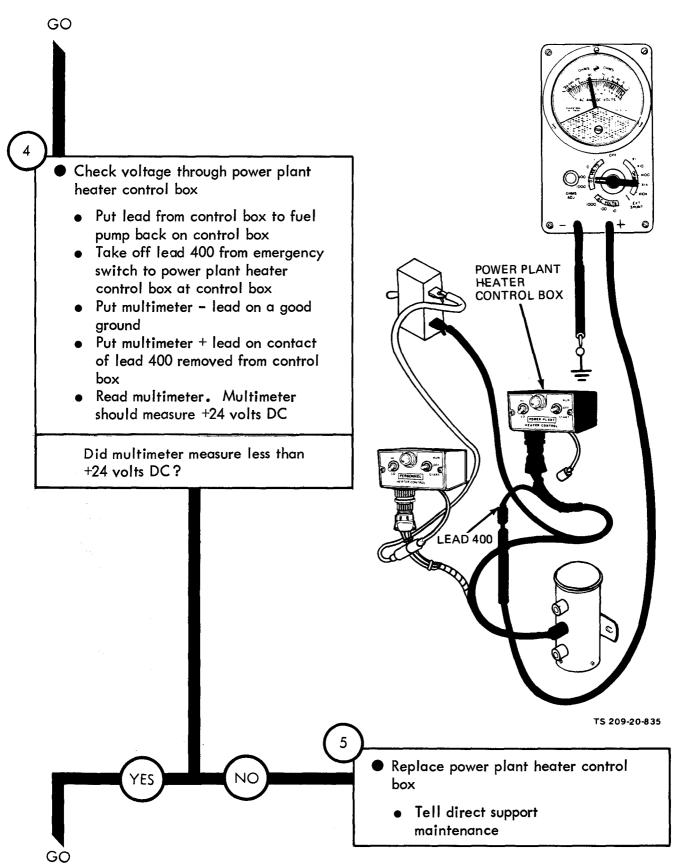


Figure 25-49 (Sheet 3 of 9)

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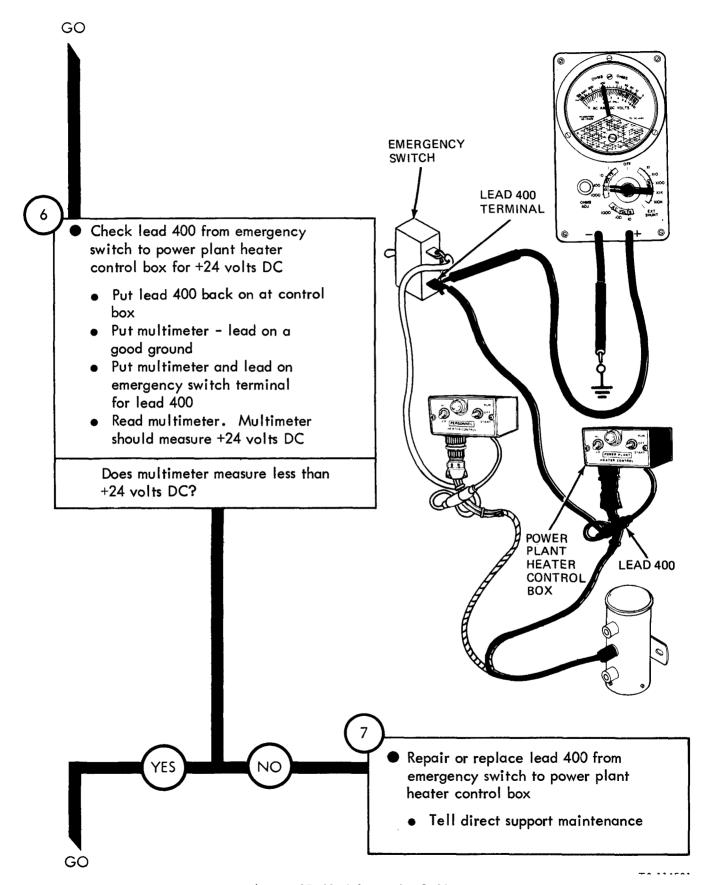
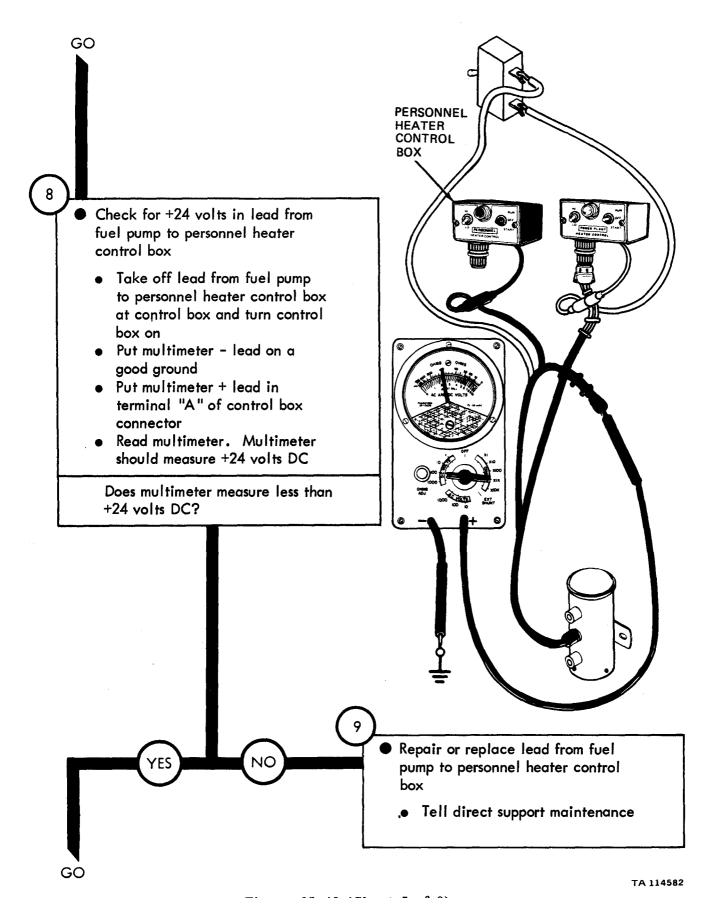


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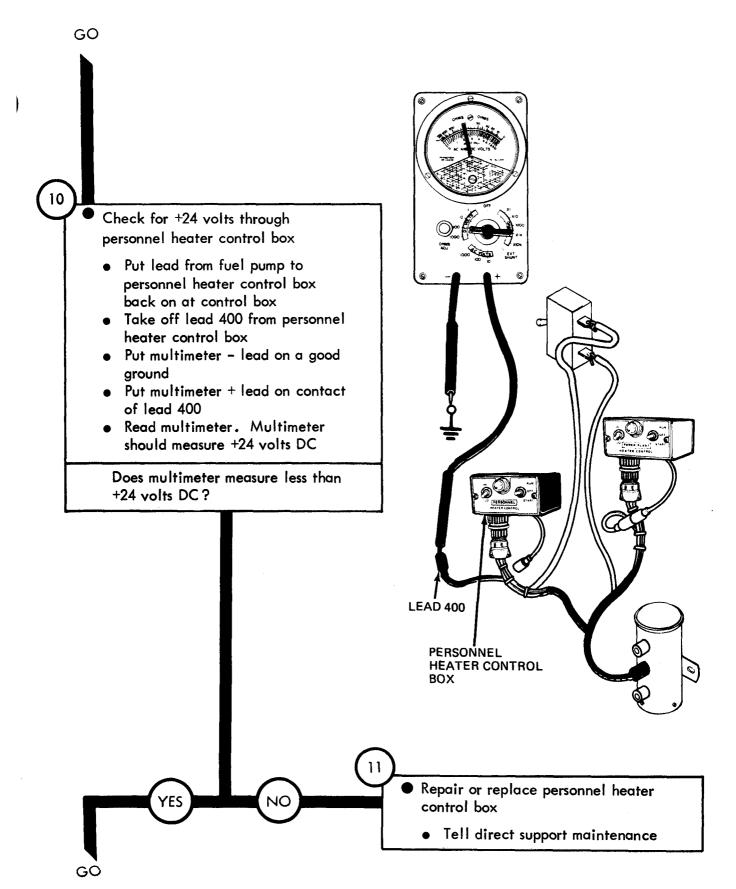


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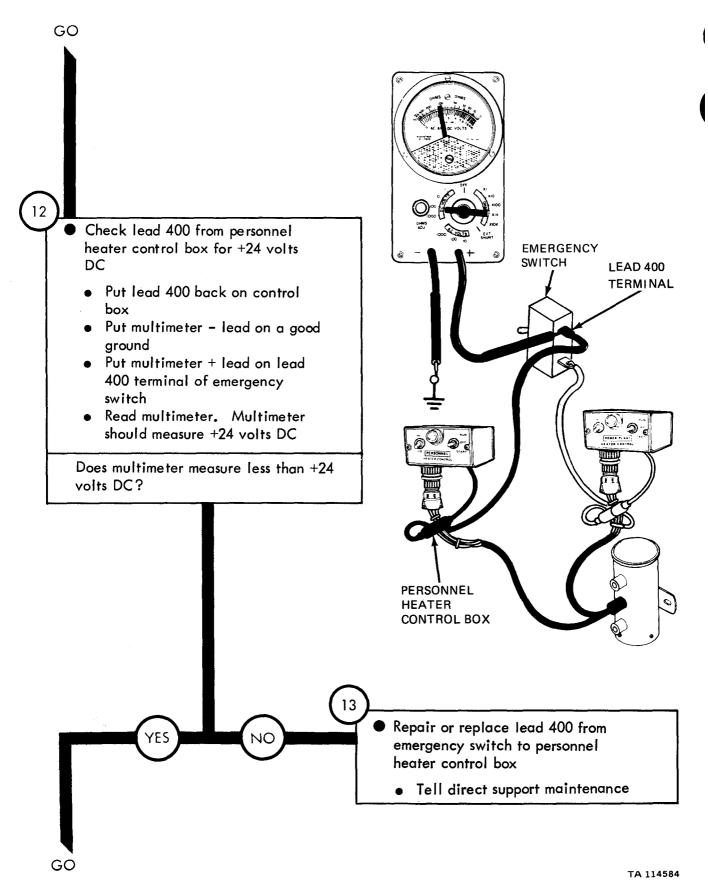


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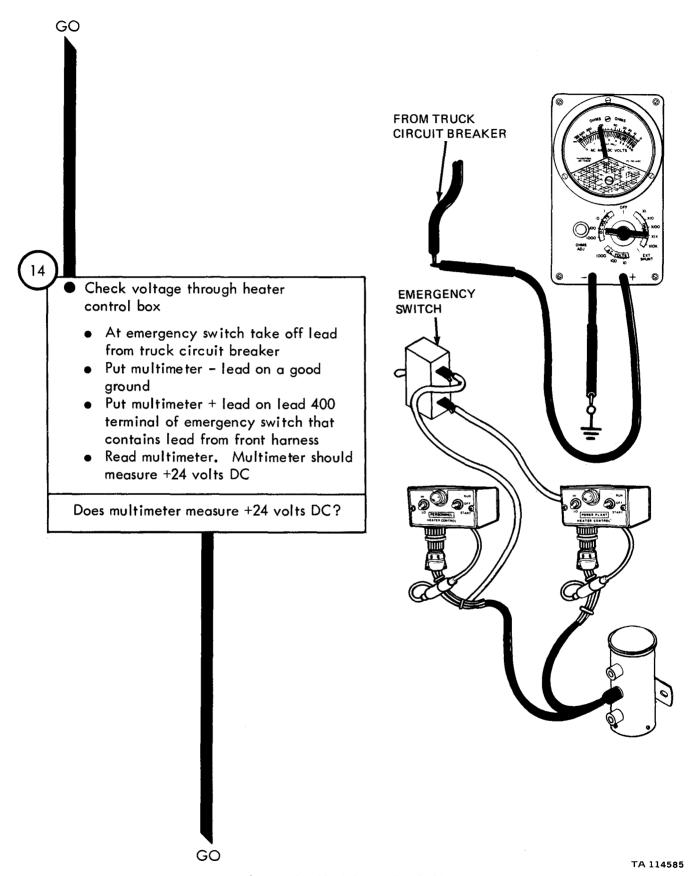
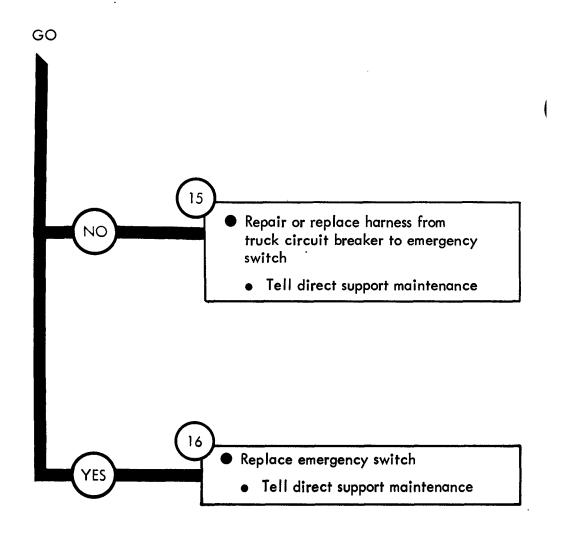
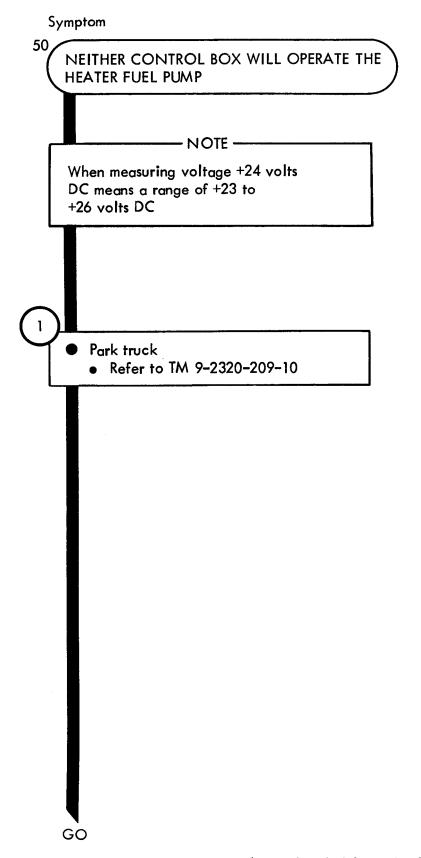


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Figure 25-50 (Sheet 1 of 11)

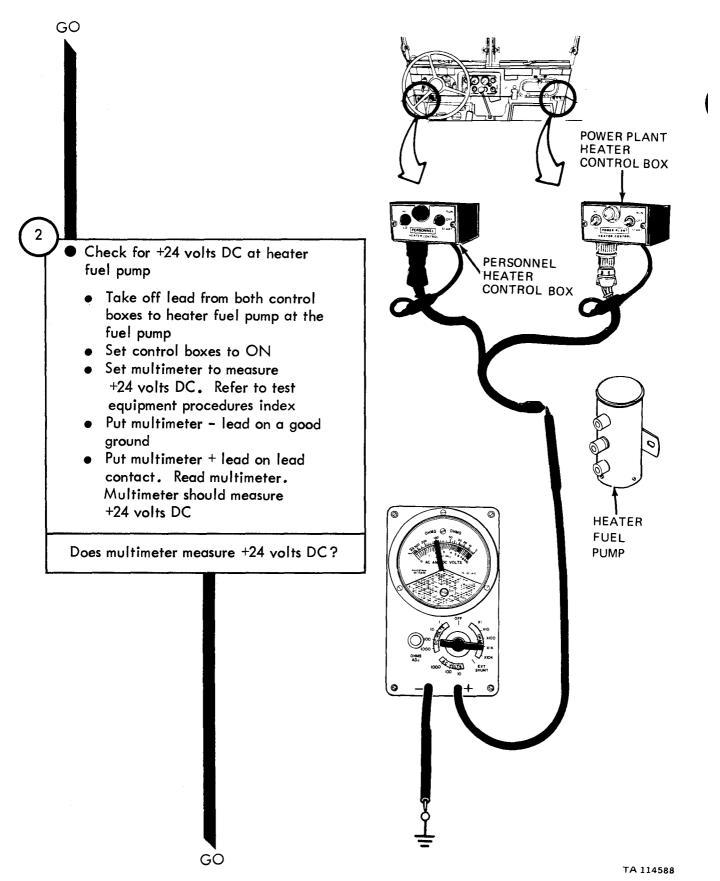
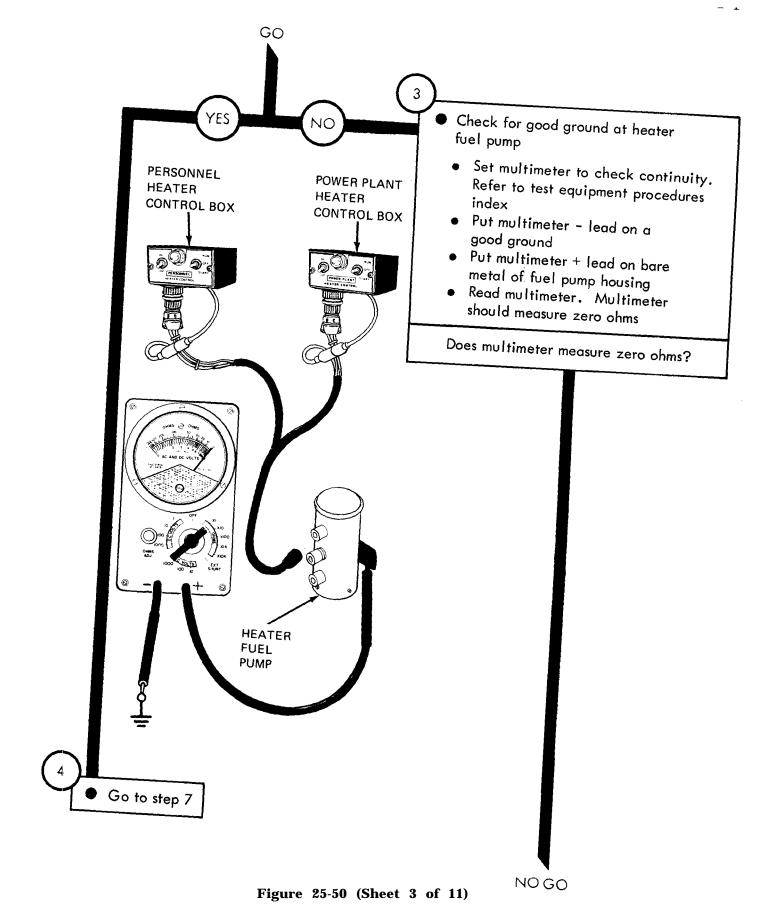
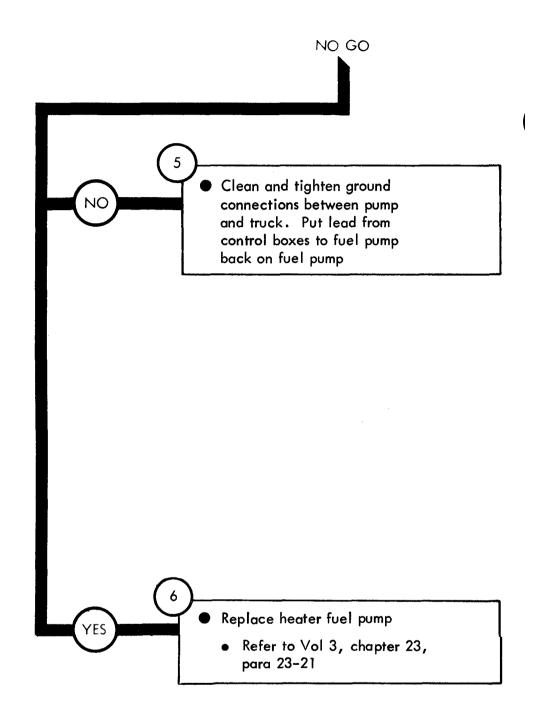


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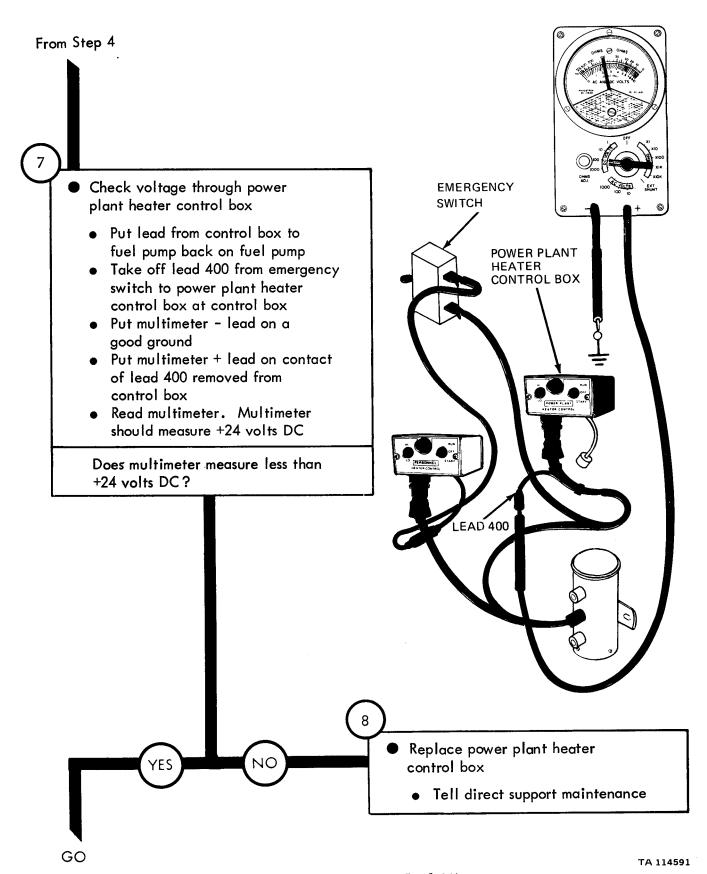


Figure 25-50 (Sheet 5 of 11)

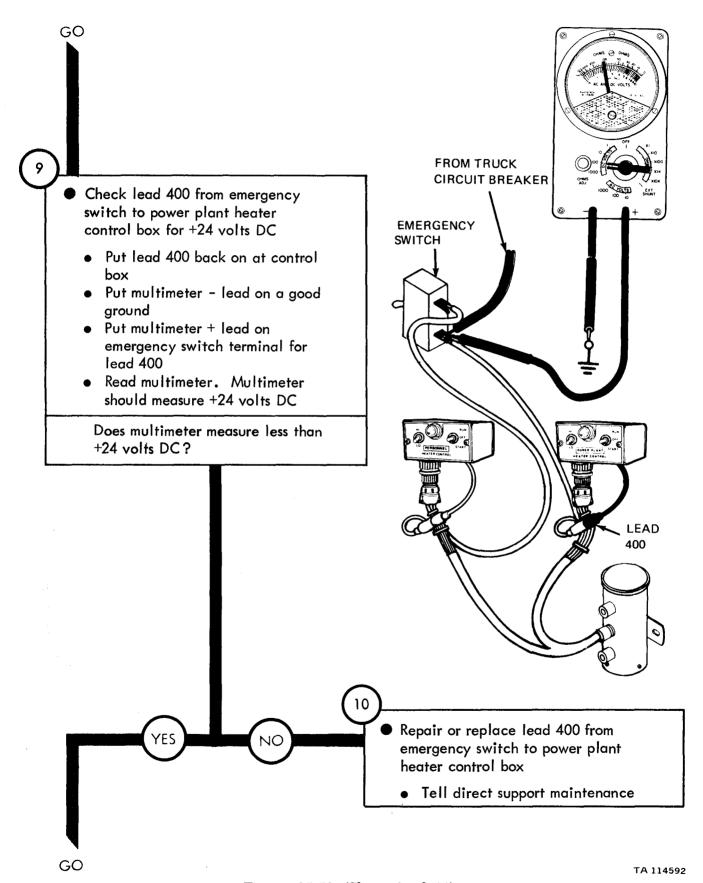


Figure 25-50 (Sheet 6 of 11)

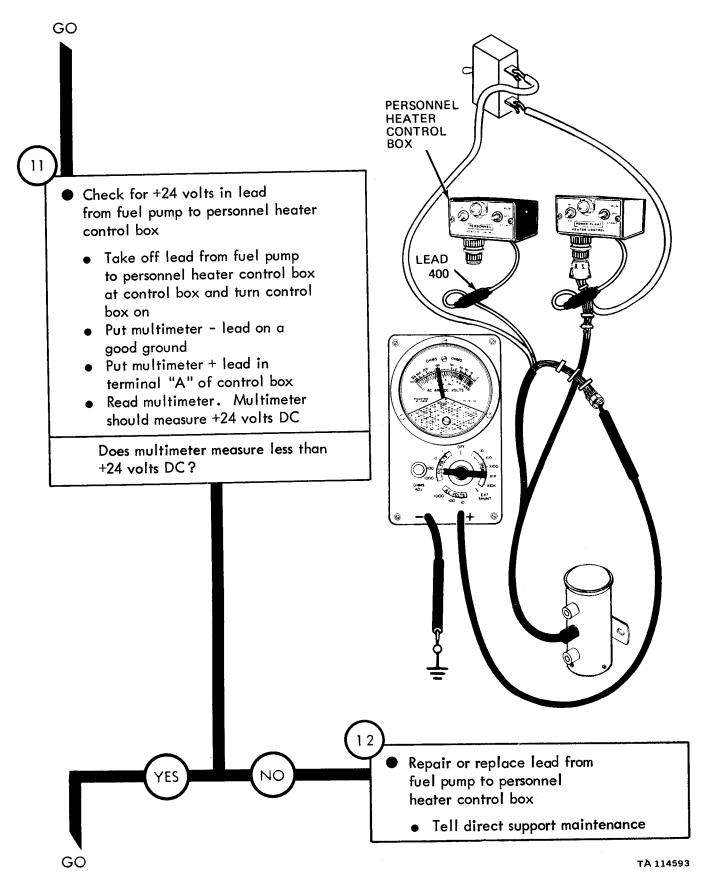


Figure 25-50 (Sheet 7 of 11)

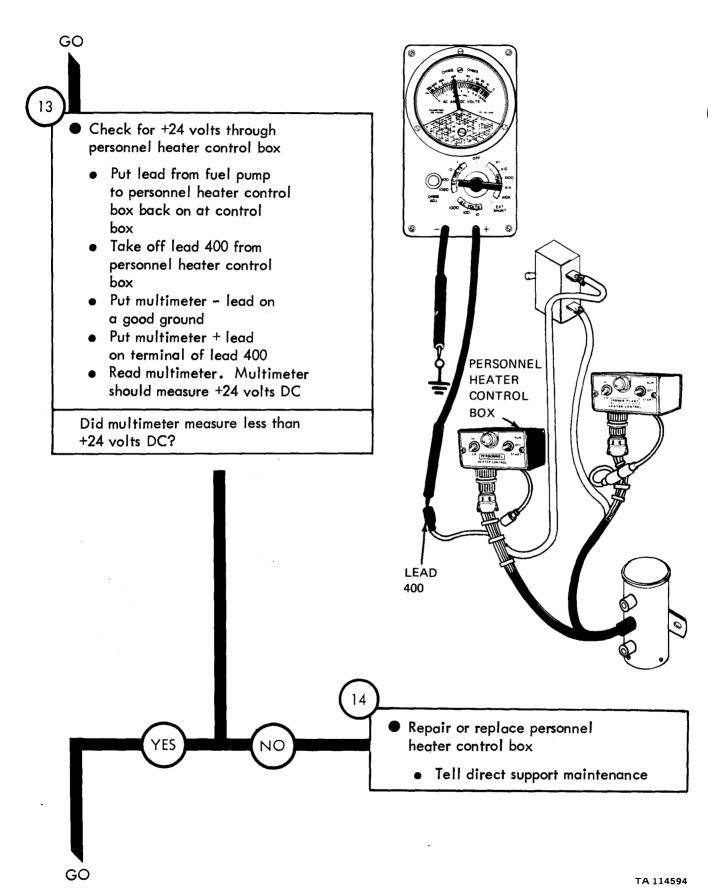


Figure 25-50 (Sheet 8 of 11)

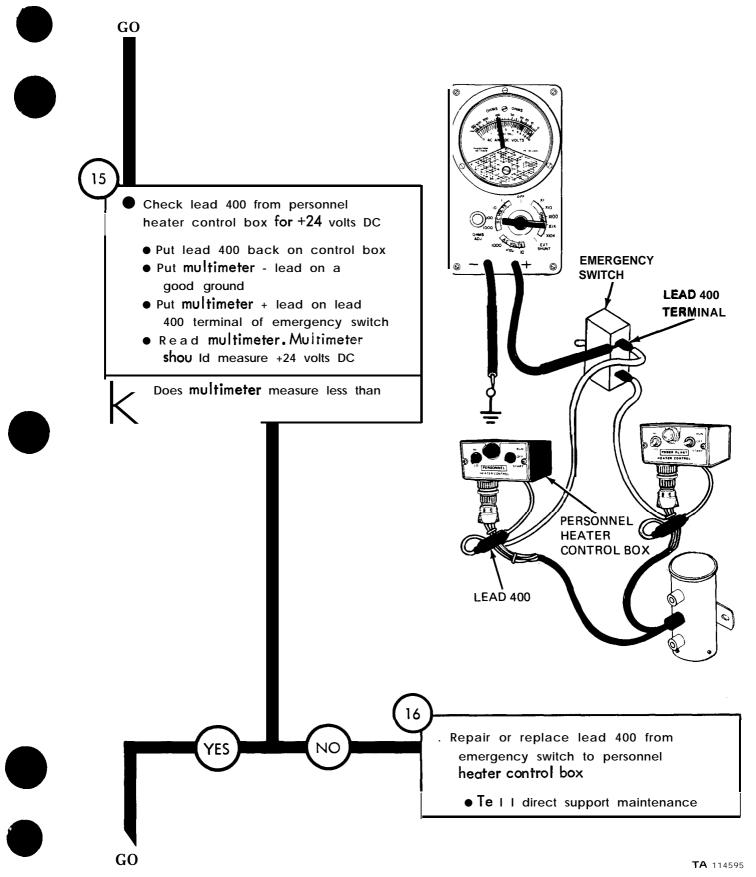


Figure 25-50 (Sheet 9 of 11)

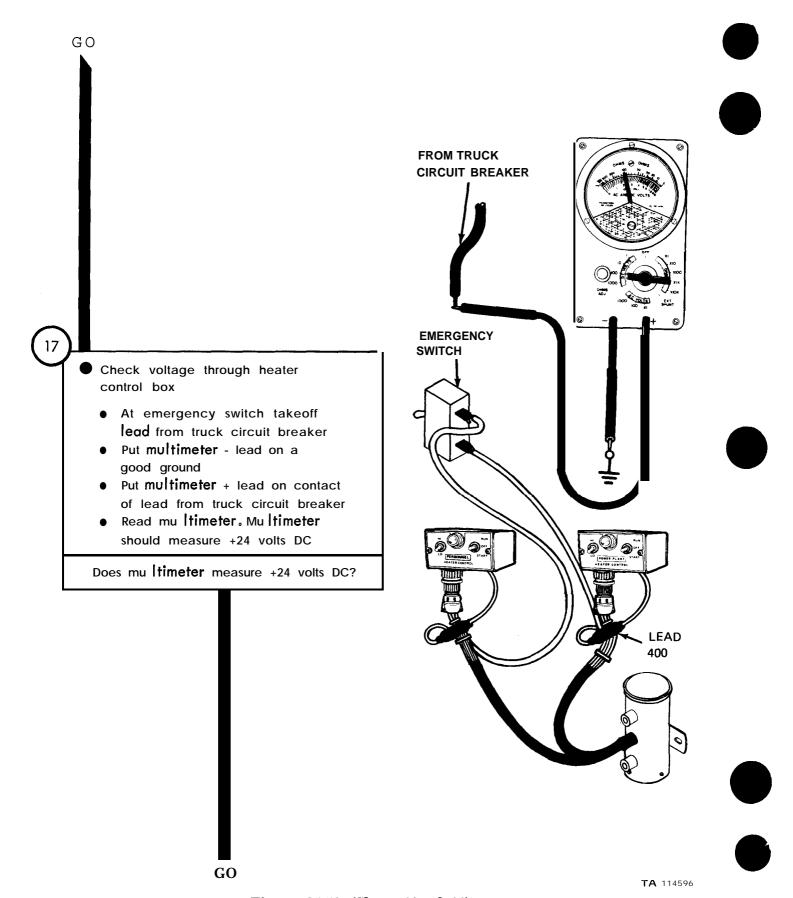
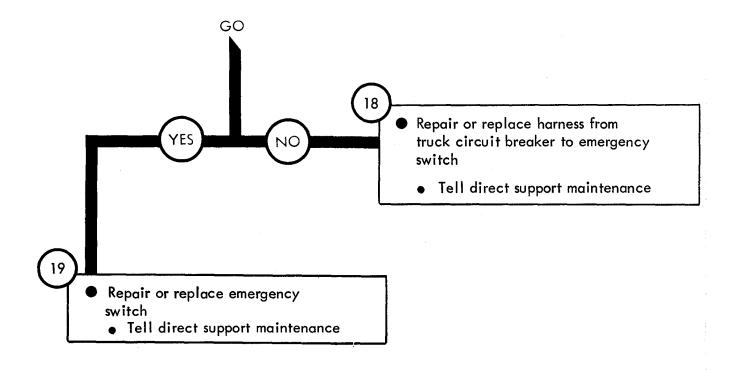


Figure 25-50 (Sheet 10 of 11)



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TM 9-2320-209-20-2-1

PUBLICATION DATE 27 May 1981 PUBLICATION TITLE ORGANIZATIONAL TROUBLESHOOTING MANUAL

<u></u>			7-20-2-	<u>i</u>	27 May	1901	TROUBLESHOUTING MANUAL
PAGE NO	PARA- GRAPH	FIGURE NO	TABLE	IN THIS	SPACE TEL	L WHAT I	S WRONG E ABOUT IT:
5-14		5-/3					hart should be changed to
				•	//		aldown on tires. add
				TIRE	MOUNT	ING.	to chart.
6-2			6-1	Subsy	ptem 1	UBRIC	CATION, symptom 2, summary
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#### THE METRIC SYSTEM AND EQUIVALENTS

#### LINEAR MEASURE

1 Centimeter = 10 Millimeters = 0.01 Meters = 0.3937 Inches 1 Meter= 100 Centimeters= 1000 Mill Imeters = 39.37 Inches 1Kilometer=1000 Meters= 0.621 Miles

#### WEIGHTS

- 1 Gram '0.001 Kilograms' 1000 Milligrams' 0.035 Ounces
- 1 Kilogram =1000 Grams =2.2 Lb
- 1 Metric Ton = 1000 Kilograms = 1 Megagram = 1.1 Short Tons

#### LIQUID MEASURE

- 1 Milliliter=0.001 Liters 0.0338 Fluid Dunces 1 Liter=1000 Milliliters = 33.82 Fluid Ounces

#### SQUARE MEASURE

1 Sq Centimeter= 100Sq Mi I I imeters= 0.1 55 Sq Inches lSq Meter= 10,000 Sq Centimeters= 10.76 Sq Feet 1 SqKilometer= 1,000,000 SqMeters= 0.386 Sq Miles

#### CUBIC MEASURE

- 1 Cu Centimeter = 1000 c. Millimeters = 0.06 Cu Inches
- 1 C. Meter = 1,000,000 Cu Centimeters = 35.31 C. Feet

#### TEMPERATURE

5/9 (°F - 32) = 0°C 212° Fahrenheitis equivalent to 100° Celsius 90° Fahrenheitis equivalent to 32.2° Celsius 320 Fahrenheit is equivalent to 0° Celsius 9/5 co +32=F<sup>0</sup>

### APPROXIMATE CONVERSION FACTORS

APPROXIMATE C	ONVERSION FACTORS	
TO CHANGE	<u>TO</u>	MUL I PLY BY
Inches	Centimeters	2.540
Feet		
Yards		
Miles	Kilometers	1, 609
Square Inches ,	Square Centimeters	
Square Feet ,		
Square Yards	Square Meters	
Square Miles	Square Kilometers .	
Acres		
Cubic Feet		
Cubic Yards		
Fluid Ounces		
Pints	Liters	().473
Quarts		
Gallons		3.785
Ounces		. : 28.349
Pounds		
Short Tons		
Pound-Feet ,	Newton-Meters	. 1.356
Pounds per Square Inch		: . 6.895
Miles per Gallon ,	Kilometers per Lite	r 0.425
Miles per Hour , ,		
iii ree per nearr r , r r r ,	in remoters per mean	
TO CHANGE	<u>TO</u>	MULTIPLY BY
Centimeters	Inches	0.394
Meters		
Meters		

TO CHANGE	<u>TO</u>	MULTIPLY BY
Centimeters	Inches	0.394
Meters	Feet	3.280
Meters	Yards	1.094
Kilometers	Miles	0.621
Square Centimeters	Square Inches	0.155
Square Meters	Square Feet	10.764
Square Meters	Square Yards	1. 196
Square Kilometers	Square Miles	0.386
Square <b>Hectometers.</b> ,	Acres2	2.471
Cubic Meters	Cubic <b>Feet</b>	
Cubic Meters	Cubic Yards	1.308
Milliliters ,	Fluid Ounces	0.034
Liters	Pints	2. 113
Liters	Quarts	1.057
Liters	Gallons	
Grams	Ounces	
Kilograms	Pounds	2. 205
Metric Tons	Short Tons	1. 102
Newton-Meters ,	Pound-Feet ,	
Kilopascals .'		
Kilometers per Liter	Miles per Gallon .	2.354
Kilometers <b>Per</b> Hour	Miles per Hour	0.621

