PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

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## **OPERATOR'S MANUAL**

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# RECOVERY VEHICLE, FULL-TRACKED: LIGHT, ARMORED, M578 (2350-00-439-6242) (EIC:3LA)

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HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY 27 April 1990

**TM 9-2350-238-10** C4

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Washington, DC 26 November 1993

OPERATOR'S MANUAL FOR RECOVERY VEHICLE, FULL TRACKED: LIGHT, ARMORED, M578 (NSN 2350-00-439-6242)

TM 9-2350-238-10, dated 27 April 1990, is changed as follows:

1. The purpose of this change notice is to provide notification under Section 326 of Public Law 102-484, FY 93 National Defense Authorization Act, that Ozone Depleting Chemicals may no longer be used on Army equipment.

2. Throughout this publication the following items should be substituted for Ozone Depleting Chemicals used on your equipment:

FOR:

SUBSTITUTE:

Page D-3, (2 places) MIL-C-22750

MIL-C-22750, Type 1

3. File this change notice in the front of the publication for reference purposes.

CHANGE No. 4 By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

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#### OPERATOR'S MANUAL

#### RECOVERY VEHICLE, FULL-TRACKED: LIGHT, ARMORED, M578 (2350-00-439-6242) (EIC:3LA)

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B-9 through B-22 D-5 and D-6	B-9 through B-22 D-5 and D-6

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#### OPERATOR'S MANUAL

#### RECOVERY VEHICLE, FULL TRACKED: LIGHT, ARMORED, M578 (2350-00-439-6242)

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D-3 and D-4	D-3 and D-4

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# WARNING

#### GENERAL

Protect your hearing. Use hearing protection when operating vehicle due to high intensity noise.

Dry cleaning solvent (SD-2) is toxic and flammable. Wear protective goggles (item 18, appx D) and gloves (item 17, appx D), and use only in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothes and don't breathe vapors. Do not use near open flame or excessive heat. The flash point is 100°F -138°F (38°C - 59°C). If you become dizzy while using cleaning solvent, get fresh air immediately and get medical aid. If contact with eyes is made, wash your eyes with water and get medical aid immediately.

Remove all watches and jewelry from your person to prevent possible injury by becoming entangled in vehicle.

Unusable CARC mixtures may be considered hazardous waste and may require, disposal in accordance with Federal, state, DOD, and DA hazardous waste regulations. Consult the installation environmental office for proper disposal guidance. Mixed CARC has a flashpoint of approximately 38°F (3°C) due to the incorporation of solvents and is highly flammable.

#### DRIVING

Driver will remain in driver's compartment while engine is running.

Drive carefully, especially if you're not experienced with vehicle. On hard pavement avoid oversteering and speeding; you could lose control of vehicle.

Be sure that driver's cupola cover is secured in either open or closed position.

Fasten your seat belt and alert crew members to fasten their seat belts to avoid injury in the event of a sudden stop or directional change.

Use brakes to prevent vehicle speed from overrunning engine speed. If vehicle speed overruns engine speed, you will not be able to downshift to a lower range and may lose control.

Do not apply brakes if you throw a track during operation; allow vehicle to coast to a halt.

#### BATTERY

Turn off MASTER switch, radio, and other electrical loads when working on batteries.

Electrolytic action forms EXPLOSIVE hydrogen gas, DO NOT cause a spark across battery terminals. The battery may blow up in your face.

Battery corrosion is an acid and will eat holes in your clothing. Wash any corrosion off your skin immediately.



#### FUEL

Diesel fuel is FLAMMABLE. DO NOT smoke in vicinity while servicing fuel system.

#### TRANSMISSION

If transmission is overfilled or reservoir is full, pressure may build up in transmission and cause violent eruption of oil when transmission oil level dipstick is removed.

#### **AIR FILTER**

Always wear protective goggles and stand upwind of blast when using compressed air to clean air filters.

#### GAS-PARTICULATE FILTER UNIT

Do not remove contaminated filters from the filter unit. Notify NBC unit maintenance officer assigned to remove and dispose of contaminated filters.

Carbon monoxide is a poisonous gas and can cause personal injury and possible death. The M8A2 or M8A3 gas-particulate filter unit will not protect against carbon monoxide. If you have symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning, seek immediate medical help. Keep area adequately ventilated.

Contaminated air filters (NBC) must be handled using adequate precautions (refer to FM 3-87) and must be disposed of by authorized personnel.

#### COOLANT

Do not remove radiator caps on an overheated engine.

Do not attempt to drain coolant from a hot engine.

#### TRACK

Be sure fixtures are seated properly when replacing or repairing track; injury to personnel may result if fixtures fall off.

#### MACHINE GUN

Make certain machine gun is clear of ammo and barrel is free of obstructions before doing PMCS procedures.

#### тоw

Place transmission shift lever in neutral and lock brakes on both vehicles before removing tow bar.

Do not depress accelerator on towed vehicle and do not exceed 10 miles per hour when tow starting vehicle.

Do not attempt to tow-start an M110A2 with the recovery vehicle. Use another M110A2 vehicle. The M110A2 cannon and muzzle brake will not clear the M578 cab.

## WARNING

#### CABLE, BOOM, AND LEVEL WIND

Always wear leather gloves when handling winch cable. Never allow cable to run through hands. Broken wires can cause painful injuries. Do not operate winch/crane with less than four turns of wire ropes on drums. Failure to observe these warnings could result in injuries to personnel.

During winch/crane operations direct all personnel to stay clear of operations area. A snapped cable or shifting load can be extremely dangerous. If faulty equipment halts operation, notify unit maintenance personnel immediately.

Arrange signals with equipment operator per FM 21-60 to prevent injury to personnel or damage to equipment during loading/unloading operations.

Equipment operators will not allow personnel to stand or walk under lifted load.

Any kinks, crushed sections, or broken strands are potential weak points and can cause wire rope failure. Frayed, kinked, worn, or corroded ropes must be replaced. Rope is unsafe if 3 broken wires are found in one strand of 6 x 7 rope, 6 broken wires in one strand of 6 x 19 rope, or 9 broken wires in one strand of 6 x 37 rope.

Do not touch level wind slide assembly unless the level wind switch is in OFF position. Unexpected turning of cab and boom may injure personnel and damage equipment.

Make sure all personnel stand clear of any suspended load when releasing boom winch brake.

Make sure all personnel stand clear of boom.

Make sure all personnel stand clear of any load supported by the wire rope which may roll free when releasing tow winch brake.



#### WARNING CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING IS DEADLY

CARBON MONOXIDE IS A COLORLESS, ODORLESS, DEADLY POISONOUS GAS WHICH, WHEN BREATHED, DEPRIVES THE BODY OF OXYGEN AND CAUSES SUFFOCATION. EXPOSURE TO AIR CONTAMINATED WITH CARBON MONOX-IDE PRODUCES SYMPTOMS OF HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, LOSS OF MUSCULAR CONTROL, APPARENT DROWSINESS, OR COMA. PERMANENT BRAIN DAMAGE OR DEATH CAN RESULT FROM SEVERE EXPOSURE.

CARBON MONOXIDE OCCURS IN THE EXHAUST FUMES OF FUEL-BURNING HEATERS AND INTERNAL-COMBUSTION ENGINES AND BECOMES DANGEROUSLY CONCENTRATED UNDER CONDITIONS OF INADEQUATE VEN-TILATION, THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS MUST BE OBSERVED TO ENSURE THE SAFETY OF PERSONNEL WHENEVER THE PERSONNEL HEATER, MAIN, OR AUXILIARY ENGINE OF ANY VEHICLE IS OPERATED FOR MAINTENANCE PUR-POSES OR TACTICAL USE.

- 1. DO NOT operate heater or engine in an enclosed area unless it is ADE-QUATELY VENTILATED.
- 2. DO NOT idle engine for long periods without maintaining ADEQUATE VENTILATION in personnel compartments.
- 3. DO NOT drive any vehicle with inspection plates, cover plates, or engine compartment covers removed unless necessary for maintenance purposes,
- 4. BE ALERT at all times during vehicle operation for exhaust odors and exposure symptoms. If either are present, IMMEDIATELY VENTILATE personnel compartments. If symptoms persist, remove affected personnel from vehicle and treat as follows: expose to fresh air; keep warm; DO NOT PERMIT PHYSICAL EXERCISE; if necessary, administer artificial respiration.

THE BEST DEFENSE AGAINST CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING IS ADEQUATE VENTILATION.

#### FIRST AID

Refer to FM 21-11, First Aid for Soldiers.

#### TECHNICAL MANUAL

TM 9-2350-238-10

#### HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Washington, D. C., 27 April 1990

#### **Operator's Manual**

#### RECOVERY VEHICLE, FULL TRACKED: LIGHT, ARMORED, M578 (2350-00-439-6242) (EIC:3LA)

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#### REPORTING ERRORS AND RECOMMENDING IMPROVEMENTS

You can help improve this manual. If you find any mistakes or if you know of a way to improve the procedures, please let us know. Mail your letter, DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms), or DA Form 2028-2 located in the back of this manual direct to: Commander, U.S. Army Armament, Munitions and Chemical Command, ATTN: AMSMC-MAS, Rock Island, IL 61299-6000. A reply will be furnished to you.

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\*This manual supersedes TM 9-2350-238-10, 17 March 1978, including all changes.

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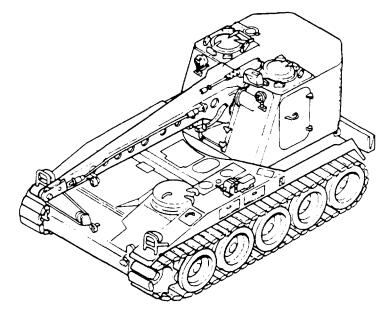
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## CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

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## Section I. GENERAL INFORMATION



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#### SCOPE

This manual is for your use in operating and maintaining the Armored Light Full Tracked Recovery Vehicle M578. The vehicle is provialed with a boom, winches, and equipment to perform its recovery mission. Special purpose kits are provided to aid recovery operations in cold climates, Operation and maintenance of these kits are covered in Chapter 5.

#### MAINTENANCE FORMS AND RECORDS

Department of the Army forms and procedures used for equipment maintenance will be those prescribed by DA PAM 738-750, The Army Maintenance Management System (TAMMS).

#### REPORTING EQUIPMENT IMPROVEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS (EIR'S)

If your M578 Recovery Vehicle needs improvement, let us know. Send us an EIR. You, the user, are the only one who can tell us what you don't like about your equipment. Let us know why you don't like the design or performance. Put it on an SF 368 (Product Quality Deficiency Report). Mail it to us at U.S. Army Armament, Munitions, and Chemical Command, ATTN: AMSMC-QAD, Rock Island, IL 61299-6000. We'll send you a reply.

#### CORROSION PREVENTION AND CON-TROL (CPC)

a. Corrosion Prevention and Control (CPC) of Army material is a continuing concern. It is

important that any corrosion problems with this item be reported so that the problem can be corrected and improvements can be made to prevent the problem in the future.

b. While corrosion is typically associated with rusting of metals, it can also include deterioration of other materials such as rubber and plastic. Unusual cracking, softening, swelling, or breaking of these materials may be a corrosion problem.

c. If a corrosion problem is identified, it can be reported using SF 368, Product Quality Deficiency Report. Use of key words such as "corrosion," "rust, " "deterioration, " or "cracking" will assure that the information is identified as a CPC problem.

d. The form should be submitted to: Commander, U.S. Army Armament, Munitions and Chemical Command, ATTN: AMSMC-QAS/ Customer Feedback Center, Rock Island, IL 61299-6000.

## Section II. EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

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#### EQUIPMENT CHARACTERISTICS, CAPABILITIES, AND FEATURES

#### PURPOSE

The M578 Recovery Vehicle is used to pick up or tow disabled mechanized equipment, as a crane at repair base, and as a carrying platform for spare parts and maintenance personnel.

#### CAPABILITIES AND FEATURES

The M578 Recovery Vehicle is a light, fulltracked, self-propelled, diesel-powered vehicle with a 30,000 lb (1 3,620 kg) boom winch and a 60,000 lb (27,240 kg) tow winch mounted in an armored cab. It is highly mobile and maneuverable and may be air

#### LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION OF MAJOR COMPONENTS

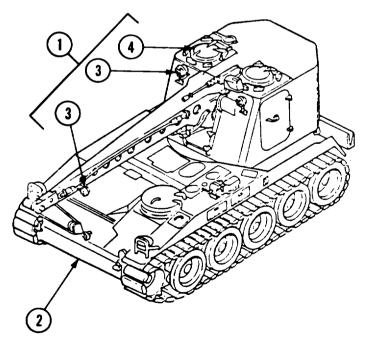
The following pages show location and give a brief description of components and accessories with which the crew must be familiar to effectively operate the M578 Recovery Vehicle. transported. The vehicle is capable of longrange, high-speed operation on improved roads. It can also traverse rough terrain, muddy or marshy ground, snow or ice, and can ford streams of a depth of 42 in. (1 06.7 cm).

A suspension lockout system and a spade assembly provide a stable platform and increase lifting and winching capabilities of the vehicle. Suspension lockout system, boom, winches, cab, and spade are hydraulically powered.

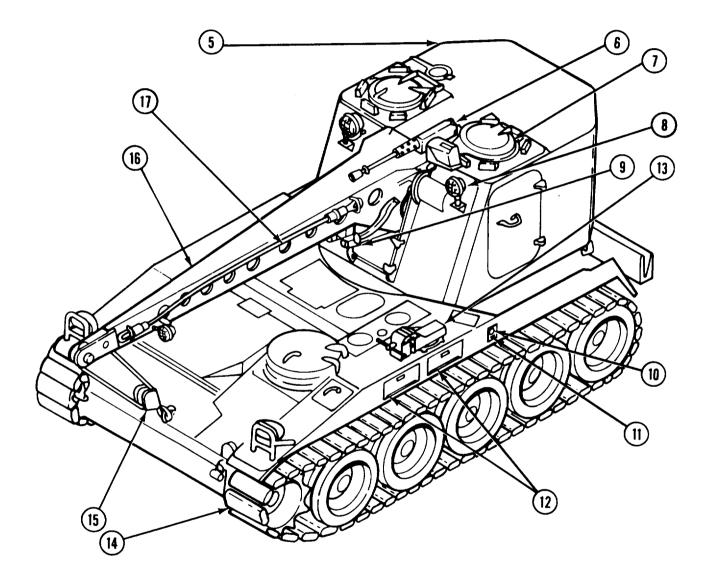
A machine gun mount support is installed on the rigger/gunner cupola to accommodate a Browning M2 caliber .50 machine gun.

#### M578 RECOVERY VEHICLE- LEFT FRONT VIEW

- 1 CRANE. Crane consists of boom, cab, boom cylinders, boom cable, tow cable, hydraulic reservoir, seats, and operating controls.
- 2 HULL. Hull is an armor steel and armor steel plate weldment which forms vehicle chassis.
- 3 FLOODLIGHT. Two 24-volt sealed beam units provide illumination for night operations.
- 4 CRANE OPERATOR'S CUPOLA. Crane operator's cupola consists of an armorplate mounting ring welded to cab and an armor-plate cover hinged to cab top and counterbalanced by a torsion bar. Six M 17 periscopes are provided for external vision.



M578 RECOVERY VEHICLE- LEFT FRONT VIE W- CONTINUED

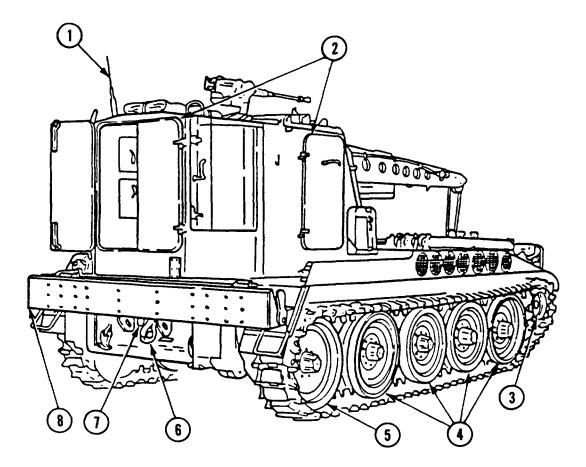


#### M578 RECOVERY VEHICLE- LEFT FRONT VIEW- CONTINUED

- 5 CAB. Cab is an armor steel weldment which houses hydraulic reservoir; supports boom, winches, and controls; and provides protection for crew members. It has provision for radio and intercommunication equipment. Doors are provided for access to cab and stowage compartments.
- 6 MACHINE GUN. M578 Recovery Vehicle armament is a heavy barrel M2 Browning Caliber .50 Machine Gun.
- 7 RIGGER/GUNNER CUPOLA. Rigger/gunner cupola consists of an armor-plate hinged cupola cover, traverse ring, six MI 7 periscopes for external vision, and caliber .50 machine gun mount support. Cover is counterbalanced by a torsion bar.
- 8 FLASHER LAMP. Flasher lamp warns oncoming traffic and personnel during travel and recovery operations.
- 9 LEVEL WIND ASSEMBLY. Level wind assembly is a guide for winch wire rope and provides a perfect layup on tow winch drum. Sensing switches actuate cab traversing system to keep cab lined up with wire rope.
- 10 SLAVE RECEPTACLE. Slave receptacle is used to receive or provide 24-volt power for emergency starting of vehicle, if batteries are discharged.

- 11 FIXED FIRE EXTINGUISHER CONTROL HANDLE. Control handle starts a fixed fire extinguisher system to protect vehicle and crew in the event of fire in engine compartment.
- 12 ENGINE AIR CLEANER ACCESS DOOR. This door provides access to engine air intake filters for cleaning and replacement purposes.
- 13 VISE. Vise is mounted on surface above air filter compartment.
- 14 TRACK. Right and left tracks consist of rubber-padded steel track shoes and are driven by drive sprockets attached to final drives.
- 15 SINGLE BOOM BLOCK. Single boom block is a sheave, block, and hook assembly used to increase capability of boom winch.
- 16 BOOM. Boom is a box section steel plate weldment which can be raised and lowered by hydraulic cylinders for hoisting operations.
- 17 TOW CABLES. Two 10 ft (31 m) tow cables are mounted on boom, one on each side. These cables have a safe operating load of 110,000 lb (49,940 kg).

M578 RECOVER Y VEHICLE- RIGHT REAR VIEW

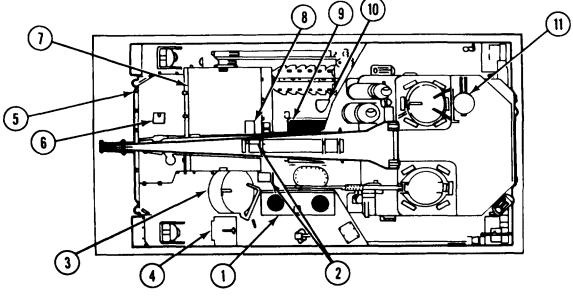


- 1 ANTENNA. Antenna is used with radio to receive and transmit signals which provide outside communication.
- 2 DOORS, Doors provide access to cab and stowage compartments.
- 3 DRIVE SPROCKET. Right and left drive sprockets are mounted on final drives to drive tracks.
- 4 ROAD WHEEL. The eight pairs of road wheels provide support and guide the tracks and suspension points for vehicle.
- 5 TRAILING IDLER ROAD WHEEL. Two pairs of trailing idler road wheels provide

supports, guides, and tension for track and suspension points for vehicle.

- 6 TOWING PINTLE. Towing pintle is used in towing operations as a vehicle attaching point for tow bar.
- 7 TRAILER RECEPTACLE. Trailer receptacle is used to supply electrical power to a towed trailer.
- 8 SPADE. Spade is hydraulically powered and is emplaced on ground during heavy load lifting and tow winching operations.

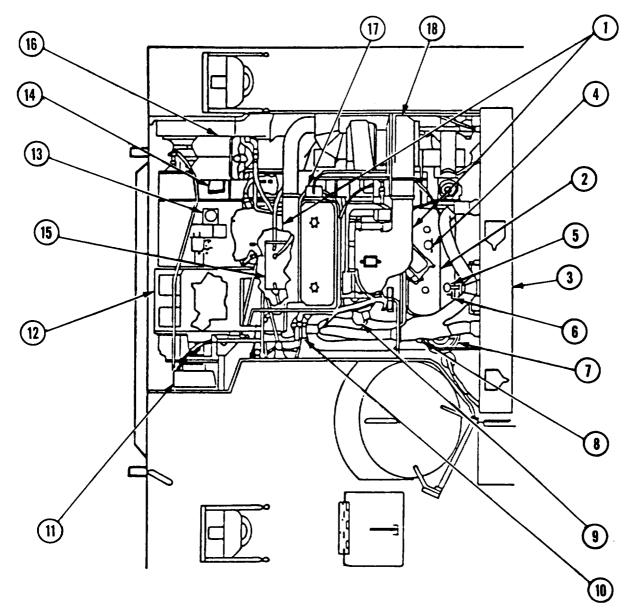
M578 RECOVERY VEHICLE- TOP VIEW



- 1 BATTERY COMPARTMENT ACCESS DOOR. This door provides access for service and replacement of four batteries.
- 2 RADIATOR FILL CAP COVERS. These covers provide access for checking coolant level and filling two radiators.
- 3 DRIVER'S CUPOLA. Driver's cupola consists of an armor-plate mounting ring welded to hull and an armor-plate cupola cover hinged to hull deck counterbalanced by a torsion bar. Three M 17 periscopes are provided for external vision.
- 4 AIR CLEANER BLOWER ACCESS DOOR. This door provides access for service and replacement of air cleaner blower and access to impact wrench and controls.
- 5 TRANSMISSION DECK. This cover provides for access to transmission and forward power plant compartment.

- 6 TRANSMISSION OIL ACCESS DOOR. This door provides access for checking and filling transmission with oil.
- 7 ENGINE DECK. This cover provides access to engine and rear power plant compartment.
- 8 ENGINE OIL ACCESS DOOR. This door provides access for checking and filling engine with oil.
- 9 FAN WELL COVER. This cover screens out debris from engine cooling air intake and provides access to fan belt, tensioner, magnetic clutch, and drive shaft.
- 10 DIESEL FUEL FILL COVER. This cover provides access to fuel cap for filling vehicle with fuel.
- 11 HYDRAULIC OIL FILL COVER. This cover provides access for filling hydraulic reservoir with oil.

M578 RECOVERY VEHICLE- TOP VIEW, ENGINE AND TRANSMISSION DECKS REMOVED



- 1 POWER PLANT. Power plant consists of a diesel engine, Allison transmission, and input transfer assembly to provide power to vehicle.
- 2 ENGINE. Engine is a Detroit Diesel GMC series 8V71T turbocharged 8-cylinder,

V-type 2-cycle diesel with fuel injectors and overhead exhaust valves.

3 RADIATOR. Two radiators are provided to cool engine. A surge tank is provided to catch excess coolant and gases.

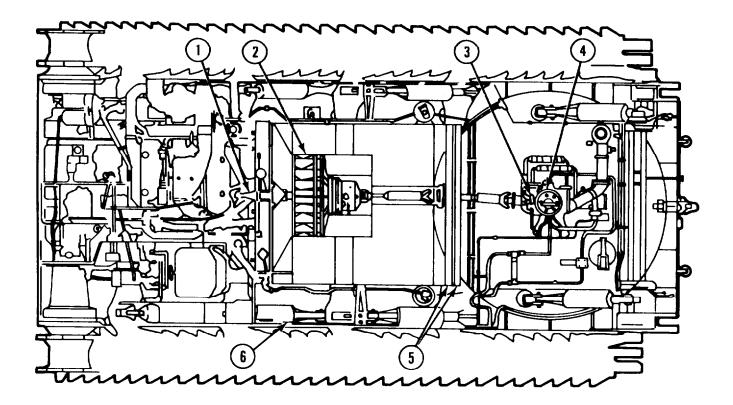
*M578 RECOVER Y VEHJCLE– TOP VIEW. ENGINE AND TRANSMISSION DECKS REMOVED – CONTINUED* 

- **4** ENGINE OIL FILL. This is the cap and opening through which engine crankcase is filled with oil.
- 5 AUXILIARY DRIVE OIL FILL AND LEVEL. This is a dipstick for checking oil level and opening for filling auxiliary drive with oil.
- 6 ENGINE OIL LEVEL. This is a dipstick for checking engine oil level.
- 7 GENERATOR. A 300 amperes (A), 24 V dc generator provides all electrical power for vehicle operation and battery charging and is controlled by a voltage regulator.
- 8 PRIMARY FUEL FILTER. This low pressure filter removes water and larger particles from fuel.
- 9 AIR PURGE AND FUEL PRIME SOLENOID. This solenoid allows the operator to purge and prime fuel system with switches in driver's compartment.
- 10 SECONDARY FUEL FILTER. This filter removes additional water and smaller particles from fuel.
- 11 FINAL DRIVE. Right and left final drives connect transmission to tracks to provide vehicle motion.
- 12 TRANSMISSION. Transmission is an Allison model XTG-411-2A crossdrive

which combines transmission, steering, and braking. It transmits engine power through final drives to track. The transmission provides four forward and two reverse gear ranges. Vehicle steering is controlled by mechanical linkage from steering bar that moves hydraulic controls in transmission. Vehicle braking is controlled by service brake pedal and linkage that moves discs in transmission.

- 13 TRANSMISSION FILL AND LEVEL. This is a dipstick for checking transmission oil level and opening for filling transmission with oil.
- 14 TRANSMISSION OIL SCREEN. This filter removes dirt from transmission oil.
- 15 POWER PLANT RESERVOIR. Power plant reservoir collects bypass oil and fuel from engine and transmission to prevent accumulation in bottom of hull which would create a fire hazard.
- 16 ENGINE OIL FILTERS. These two filters remove dirt from engine oil.
- 17 AERATION DETECTOR. Aeration detector warns the operator of excessive air in cooling system or of low coolant level.
- 18 TURBOCHARGER. Turbocharger provides pressurized air to engine.

M578 RECOVER Y VEHICLE- TOP VIEW, CUTAWAY

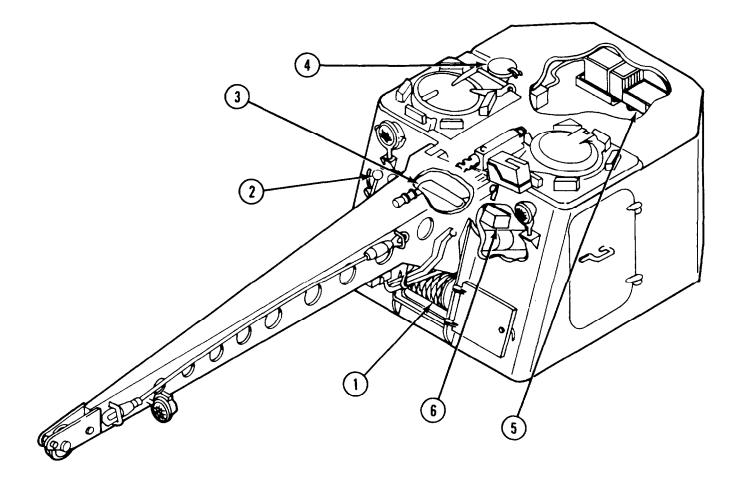


- 1 AUXILIARY DRIVE. When engine is operating, auxiliary drive powers generator, cooling system fan, and (when magnetic clutch is engaged) hydraulic pumps.
- 2 FAN. Fan forces air through powerplant compartment and radiators to cool engine.
- 3 HYDRAULIC PUMP. Two hydraulic pumps provide hydraulic pressure when engine is operating and magnetic clutch is engaged to. power all hydraulic components.
- 4 SLIP RING. Cab electrical system is supplied 24 V dc power from hull electrical

system through brushes and contact ring on top of hydraulic pump slip ring. Hydrualic oil from reservoir is supplied to hydraulic pumps and pressurized hydraulic oil is supplied to cab through slip ring.

- 5 TORSION BAR. Each wheel is suspended by a torsion bar that acts as a spring.
- 6 LOCKOUT CYLINDER. Each lockout cylinder acts as a shock absorber, bump stop, stabilizer, and suspension lockout device. Vehicles have eight lockout cylinders. (Lockout cylinders are not mounted on third from front road wheels )

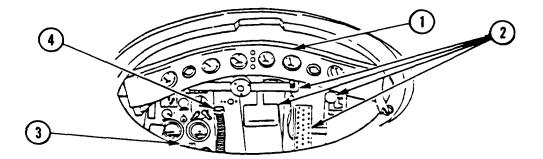
M578 RECOVERY VEHICLE- CAB VIEW, CUTAWAY



- 1 TOW WINCH. Tow winch is a two-speed, planetary-geared unit with an internal automatic brake. Winch is hydraulically powered and has a capacity of 60,000 lb (27,240 kg) with l-in. (2.5 cm) wire rope.
- 2 BOOM, WINCH, AND CAB CONTROLS. These controls allow the operator to raise and lower boom, traverse cab, and operate boom and tow winches.
- 3 BOOM WINCH. Boom winch is a twospeed, planetary-geared unit with an internal automatic brake. Winch is hydraulically powered and has a capacity of 30,000 lb (13,620 kg) with 5/8-in. (1.6 cm) wire rope and two-part line.

- 4 HYDRAULIC OIL RESERVOIR. Hydraulic oil reservoir provides reserve capacity and insures a steady supply of hydraulic oil to pumps.
- 5 RADIO AND INTERCOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT. This equipment allows the crew to maintain communication with driver and outside command posts.
- 6 GAS-PARTICULATE FILTER UNIT. This filter unit provides protection for the crew against toxic gases (except carbon monox-ide) and extremely dusty conditions.

M578 RECOVERY VEHICLE- DRIVER 'S COMPARTMENT VIEW

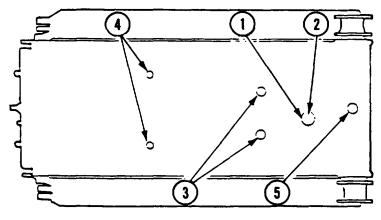


- 1 DRIVER'S INSTRUMENT PANEL. This panel contains gauges and lights that allow driver to observe vital engine, transmission and electrical functions.
- 2 DRIVER'S CONTROLS. These controls allow driver to drive and operate vehicle.
- 3 DRIVER'S SWITCH PANEL. This panel contains switches and controls that allow

driver to energize various systems in the vehicle, including hydraulic functions. A speedometer and tachometer allow observation of vehicle and engine speed,

4 GAS-PARTICULATE FILTER UNIT. This filter unit provides protection for driver against toxic gases (except carbon monoxide) and extremely dusty conditions.

M578 RECOVERY VEHICLE-TOP VIEW, HULL BOTTOM



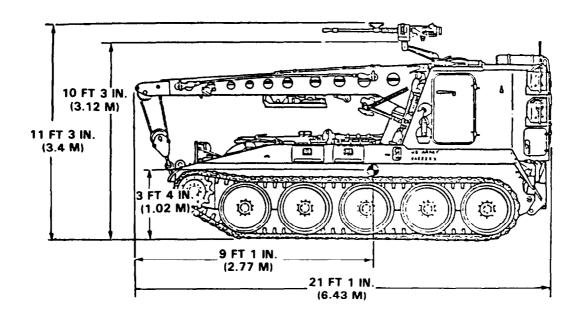
- 1 ENGINE DRAIN COVER. This cover provides access for draining engine oil,
- 2 POWER PLANT RESERVOIR DRAIN PLUG. This plug is installed during fording operations to prevent flooding of power plant reservoir. The plug should be wired to hand throttle control rod in the driver's compartment during normal operations.
- 3 RADIATOR DRAIN COVERS, These two covers provide access for draining coolant from radiator.

- 4 FUEL PLUGS. These two plugs are removed to drain fuel cell.
- 5 TRANSMISSION DRAIN COVER. This cover provides access for draining transmission oil.

#### EQUIPMENT DATA

#### GENERAL

Weight,	Combat Loaded
-	Length
Overall	Width
Overall	Height (with machine gun)
Overall	Height (without machine gun)
	Clearance
Ground	Pressure
Vehicle	Classification



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CAUTION	
	ł

Do not let engine speed exceed 2300 RPM under any circumstances.

Manufacturer	Detroit Diesel Engine Division, GMC
Туре	Turbocharged two-cycle diesel
Model (7083 -7398 )	
Weight, Dry (as installed)	
Number of Cylinders	
Displacement	
Bore	
Stroke	
Compression Ratio	
Horsepower, Gross Brake (at 2300 ram)	
Horsepower, Net Brake	• • • •
Maximum rpm, No Load (governed)	•
Maximum rpm, Hydraulic Pump Engaged (governe)	
Idle Speed	•
Cylinder Cooling	

## EQUIPMENT DATA-CONTINUED

#### TRANSMISSION

Manufacturer	
Туре	Crossdrive. torque converter, planetary gear, all-torque shifting
Weight, Dry (as installed )	
Range Selector	Four forward speeds, two reverse speeds
Oil Screen	Reusable, disk-type
Lubrication Pressure	18 to 45 psi (124 to 310 kPa) at
	1835 to 1900 engine rpm
	(minimum 10 psi (69 kPa) at 1000 engine rpm)
Gear ratios	
Fourth	
Reversal	
Reverse	
Reverse	
Reverse	

## BOOM WINCH

Manufacturer	Pacific Car and Foundry Company
Туре	
Model	
Rated Load Capacity (with boom block assembly)	
Full Drum	15,0001b (6804 kg)
Bare Drum	30,000 lb (13,608 kg)
Hydraulic Motor to Drum Ratio	
Low	
High	
Wire Rope Diameter	
Wire Rope Length	
Wire Rope Breaking Strength	
Wire Rope Spooling (line anchored)	Line pull 7500lb(3402 kg)
Drum Capacity	
Perfect Layup	
Uneven Layup	
Line Pull	
Low Speed, Bare Drum	· • •
Low Speed, Full Drum	
High Speed, Bare Drum	
High Speed, Full Drum	
Line Speed (approximate)	
Low Speed, Bare Drum	,
Low Speed, Full Drum	
High Speed, Bare Drum	
High Speed, Full Drum	496 feet per minute (151 mpm)

## EQUIPMENT DATA-CONTINUED

#### TOW WINCH

Manufacturer       Pacific Car and Foundry Company         Type       Two-speed planetary         Model       Pacific Car and Foundry Company         Model       Pacific Car and Foundry         Model       Pacific Car and Foundry         Pacific Car and Foundry       Pacific Car and Foundry         Model       Pacific Car and Foundry
Low
High
Wire Rope Diameter
Wire Rope Length
Wire Rope Breaking Strength
Wire Rope Spooling (line anchored)
Drum Capacity, Perfect Layup
Low Speed, Bare Drum
Low Speed, Full Drum
High Speed, Bare Drum
High Speed, Full Drum
Line Speed (approximate)
Low Speed, Bare Drum
Low Speed, Full Drum
High Speed, Bare Drum
High Speed, Full Drum

## GENERATOR

Voltage
Amperage
Driven
Cooled
Controlled

#### BATTERIES

Number
Voltage
Connected
Output potential
Post to ground

### MACHINE GUN

Type
Caliber
Weight
Muzzle Velocity
Rate of Fire (cyclic)
Feed

## EQUIPMENT DATA-CONTINUED

#### PERFORMANCE

#### Maximum Allowable Speed

Fourth
Second
First
Reverse I
Reverse
Cruising Range
Fuel Consumption
Grade Ascending/Descending Ability (Maximum)
Angle of Approach
Angle of Departure
Side Slope
Turning Radius (minimum)
Fording Depth
Trench (maximum)
Vertical Wall (maximum)
Towed Load (maximum)
Traverse
Elevation

### CAPACITIES

Fuel Cell	260	gal.	(984.2)
		9 <b>~</b>	(***)



Use the following grades of fuel at the indicated temperatures:

Fuel Type
Engine Oil, Refill
Transmission Oil, Dry 19 gal.(72 l)
Transmission Oil, Refill
Auxiliary Drive Oil, Dry
Auxiliary Drive Oil, Refill
Hydraulic Reservoir Oil, Dry
Hydraulic Reservoir Oil, Refill
Final Drive, Right
Final Drive, Left
Engine Coolant

## Section III. TECHNICAL PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

Refer to TM 9-8000 for complete description of technical principles of operation.

# CHAPTER 2 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

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# Section 1. DESCRIPTION AND USE OF OPERATOR'S CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

#### SECTION INDEX

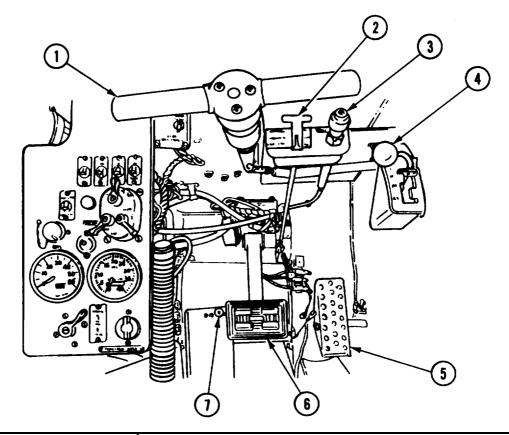
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#### KNOW YOUR CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

Before you attempt to operate your equipment, make sure that you are familiar with the location and operation of all controls, indicators, and components. Pages 2-3 through

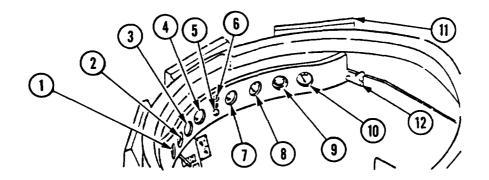
2-17 describe driver's controls, crew controls, vehicle controls, cab controls, and communication controls.

## DRIVER'S COMPARTMENT CONTROLS AND INDICATORS



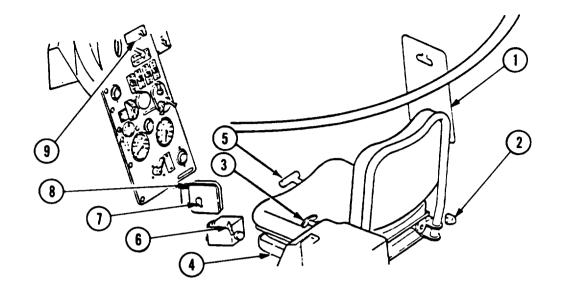
Key	Control or Indicator	Function
1	Vehicle steering bar	Turns vehicle left or right by engaging clutches in transmission.
2	Parking brake handle	Locks service brake when pulled out and engaged in bracket catch.
3	Hand throttle control	Has two functions. The first is to accelerate engine to operate hydraulic system. The second is to set engine rpm for warmup/cooling.
4	Transmission shift control	Selects proper transmission gear range, 4 forward and 2 reverse. A safety catch locks control in neutral.
5	Accelerator pedal	Used to control engine speed.
6	Service brake pedal	Operates service brakes in transmission to slow, stop, or hold vehicle.
7	Headlight dimmer switch	Used to switch headlamps between high beam and low beam.

## DRIVER'S COMPARTMENT CONTROLS AND INDICATORS-CONTINUED



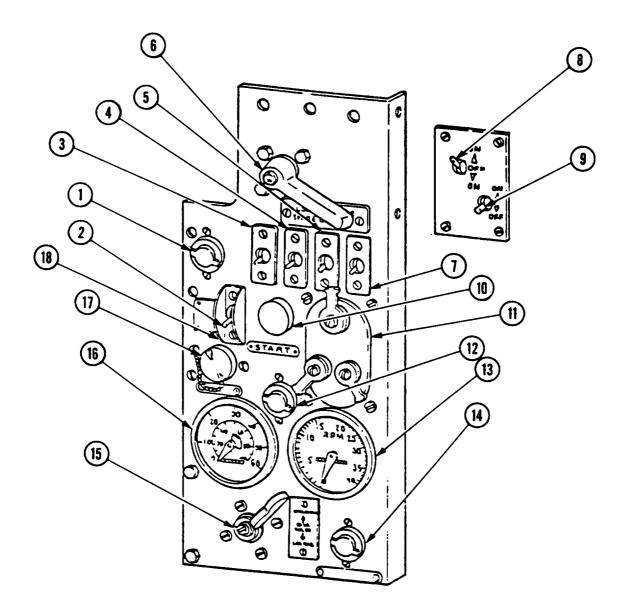
Key	Control or Indicator	Function
1	FUEL level indicator	Indicates (by quarters) amount of fuel in fuel cell.
2	ENGINE-TRANSmission TEMPerature-PRESsure lamp	Lights when engine coolant temperature is too high, when transmission oil temperature is too high, and when engine or transmission oil pressure is too low.
3	Transmission OIL temperature indicator	Indicates transmission oil temperature in degrees Fahrenheit. (Normal is approximately 165°F (74°C) to 220°F (105°C)).
4	Transmission OIL pressure indicator	Indicates transmission oil pressure in pounds per square inch (psi). (Normal is 18-45 psi (124-310 kPa)).
5	MASTER INDicator lamp	Lights when MASTER switch is turned ON and remains on until MASTER switch is turned OFF.
6	HI BEAM INDicator lamp	Lights when headlamps are on high beam. They are controlled by dimmer switch.
7	ENGINE WATER indicator	Indicates engine coolant temperature in degrees Fahrenheit. (Normal is 170°F (79°C) to 185°F (85°C)).
8	ENGINE OIL pressure indicator	Indicates engine oil pressure in pounds per square inch (psi). (Normal is 50-70 psi. )
9	GENerator WARNING lamp	Indicates by glowing red when generator output is below normal.
10	BATTERY/generator indicator	Indicates general voltage when engine is running. Needle should be in yellow or green zone.
11	Periscope M 17	Three periscopes provide a field of view for driver when his hatch is closed.
12	Engine shutdown handle	Shuts off fuel supply and stops engine when it is pulled out.

#### DRIVER'S COMPARTMENT CONTROLS AND INDICATORS- CONTINUED



Key	Control or Indicator	Function
1	Fuel filter access door	Provides access to primary and secondary fuel filter drain cocks when removed.
2	Drain valve handle	Drains driver's compartment of any fluid. Must be closed dur- ing vehicle operation,
3	Fixed fire extinguisher control handle	Controls two fixed fire extinguishers. It has a safety seal to prevent accidental discharge, Pulling control handle breaks seal and discharges carbon dioxide into engine compartment to suppress fire.
4	Seat horizontal lever	Locks or releases driver's seat in horizontal position. Push lever right to release seat,
5	Seat vertical handle	Locks or releases driver's seat in vertical position. Handle is pulled up to release seat and body weight is used to adjust seat height.
6	Intercommunication control switch	Selects desired radio and interphone connections when using headset.
7	Dome light switch	Turns on dome light, normal lighting, or blackout lighting. A locking plunger prevents accidentally turning on light.
8	Low engine coolant warning light	Lights when coolant level is low or air is present in cooling system,
9	Gas-particulate air purifier switch	Controls gas-particulate air purifier to supply driver with clean air through mask M25 or M25A1.

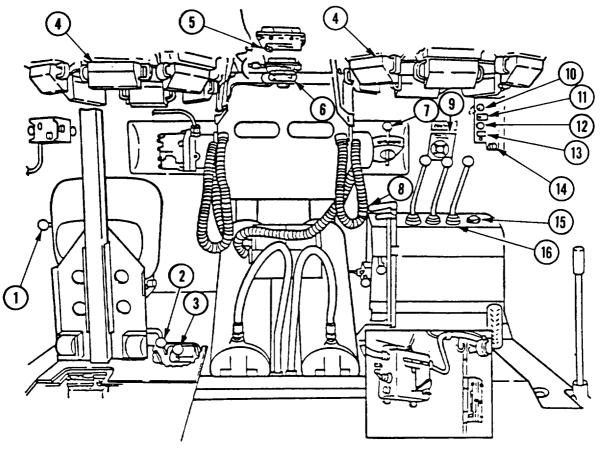
### DRIVER'S COMPARTMENT CONTROLS AND INDICATORS- CONTINUED



Key	Control or Indicator	Function
1	Clutch engaged indicator light	Lights when magnetic clutch is engaged to drive hydraulic pumps.
2	HYDraulic pump PTO CLUTCH switch	When ON, energizes magnetic clutch and controls engine- driven hydraulic pumps to supply hydraulic power to all hydraulic components.

Key	Control or Indicator	Function
3	IR-RCVR infrared receiver switch	Turns on infrared lamps in headlamps. Used with BO-IR and main light BO switches.
4	BO-IR selector switch	Selects either infrared or blackout lights for operation. Used with IR-RCVR and main light BO switches.
5	instrument switch	Activates start switch, air cleaner blowers, and gauges on in- strument panel.
6	SPADE CONTROL valve handle	Controls lowering or raising of spade.
7	MASTER switch	Turns on or turns off all electrical power to vehicle.
8	Fuel prime and heater fuel cycle switch	Controls flow of fuel from air-box pump to purge and prime high pressure fuel filter.
9	Pump and heater igniter switch	Controls air-box heater fuel pump and fuel ignition.
10	Start switch	Activates starter to start engine when master switch and in- strument switch are ON and shift control lever is in N position.
11	Light switch assembly	Controls driving lights and instrument panel light.
12	Instrument panel light	Lights instrument panel and is controlled by lever on light switch assembly.
13	Tachometer	Indicates engine speed in revolutions per minute (rpm).
14	SUSPENSION LOCKED indicator light	Lights when suspension is in locked position.
15	Suspension lockout control valve handle	Activates suspension lockout cylinders to lockout suspension system.
16	Speedometer	Indicates vehicle speed in miles per hour (mph). An odometer shows accumulated mileage.
17	Utility outlet	A single pole 24-volt outlet that allows auxiliary electrical equipment operation from vehicle electrical system.
18	Guard, switch	To prevent accidentally turning on HYDraulic pump PTO CLUTCH switch.

CRANE OPERATOR AND RIGGER CONTROLS



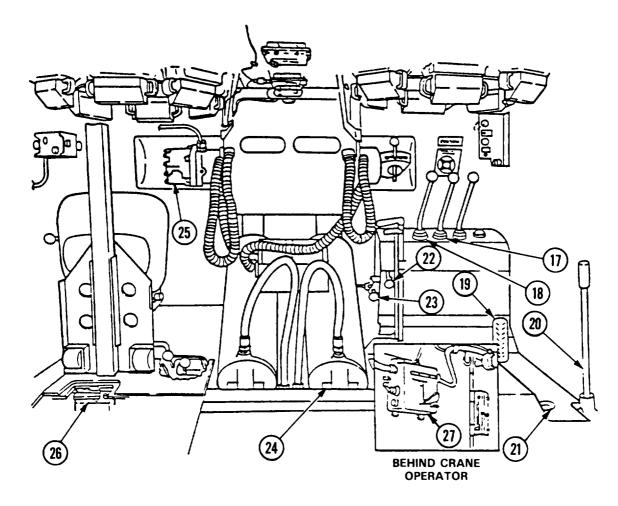
BEHIND CRANE OPERATOR

Key	Control or Indicator	Function
1	Vertical adjusting handle, operator or rigger seat	Controls vertical adjustment of seat. Used with body weight to adjust seat.
2	Horizontal adjustment knob, operator or rigger seat	Controls horizontal adjustment of seat.
3	Traversing brake pressure selector valve	A two position valve. When valve is pushed in, (normal position), system hydraulic pressure will release traversing brake. When valve knob is pulled out (emergency position), hydraulic ram hand pump pressure will release traversing brake
4	Periscope M 17	Provides a field of view for the operator and rigger when hatch is closed.
5	Dome light switch	Turns on dome light, normal lighting, or blackout lighting A locking plunger prevents accidentally turning on light.

#### CRANE OPERATOR AND RIGGER CONTROLS-CONTINUED

Key	Control or Indicator	Function
6	Gas-particulate air purifier switch	Controls gas-particulate air purifier to supply operator and rigger clean air through mask M25 or M25A1.
7	Boom winch shift control lever	A three-position control equipped with a pull-up lock. The outer notch provides high gear ratio, center notch provides a neutral position (gears not engaged), and inner notch provides low gear ratio for load handling.
8	Tow winch shift control lever	A three-position control equipped with a lock trigger. Turned fully counterclockwise provides high gear ratio, turned halfway provides a neutral position (gears not engaged), and turned fully clockwise provides low gear ratio for load handling.
9	Load rating capacities instruction plate	Indicates safe operating capacities of boom in relation to load weight, boom position, boom elevation, and with suspension locked, indicates tow winch capacities with and without spade emplaced.
10	Utility outlet	A single pole 24-volt outlet that allows auxiliary electrical equipment operation from vehicle electrical system.
11	Floodlight switch	Controls two floodlights from inside cab. Used to illuminate night recovery operations.
12	Flasher indicator lamp	Flashes on and off when flasher light is operating.
13	Flasher switch	Controls flasher light to warn personnel during vehicle operation.
14	Level wind switch	Controls electrical power to level wind assembly to automatically align cab with tow winch wire rope.
15	Filter bypass indicator light	Lights when hydraulic reservoir filter is plugged with foreign material.
16	. Boom cylinder control handle	Operates a three-position hydraulic valve to control boom cylinders to raise or lower boom. It is spring-loaded to return to center position.

CRANE OPERATOR AND RIGGER CONTROLS-CONTINUED

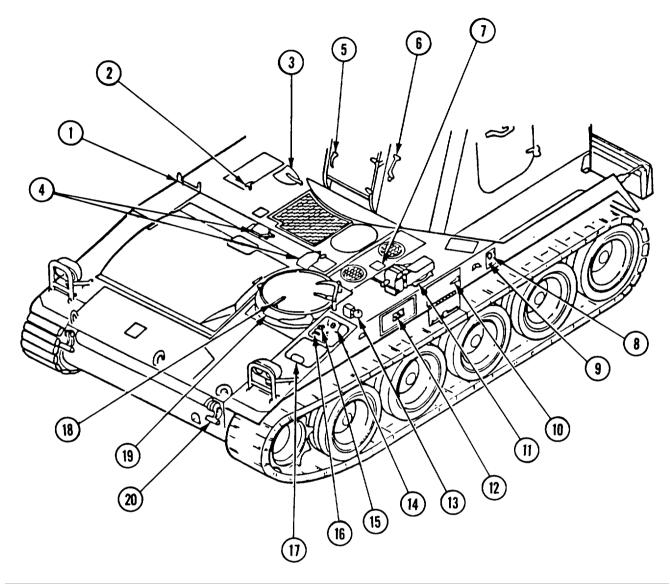


Key	Control or Indicator	Function
17	Tow winch control handle	Operates a three-position hydraulic valve to control tow winch by releasing winch brake and driving winch to reel out or reel in wire rope, It is spring-loaded to return to center position.
18	Boom winch control handle	Operates a three-position hydraulic valve to control boom winch by releasing winch brake and driving winch to reel in or reel out wire rope. It is spring-loaded to return to center position.

#### CRANE OPERATOR AND RIGGER CONTROLS-CONTINUED

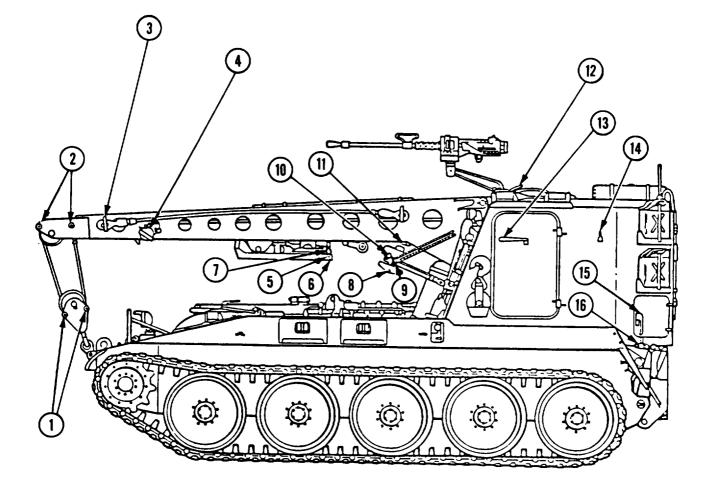
Key	Control or Indicator	Function
19	Traversing foot pedal	Operates a three-position hydraulic valve to control traversing crane cab by releasing traversing brake and traversing cab clockwise or counterclockwise. It is spring-loaded to return to center position.
20	Hydraulic ram hand pump handle	Operates a double acting hydraulic ram pump to release tow winch, boom winch, and traversing unit brakes and to raise spade when vehicle hydraulic system pressure is not available.
21	Quick disconnect coupling with cap	Provides a connection for accessory hydraulic hose that is connected to impact wrench selector valve to allow raising spade with hydraulic ram hand pump.
22	Tow winch brake pres- sure selector valve	A two-position valve. When valve knob is pushed in (normal position), system hydraulic pressure will release tow winch brake. When valve knob is pulled out (emergency position), hydraulic ram hand pump hydraulic pressure will release tow winch brake.
23	Boom winch brake pres- sure selector valve	A two-position valve. When valve knob is pushed in (normal position), system hydraulic pressure will release boom winch brake. When valve knob is pulled out (emergency position), hydraulic ram hand pump hydraulic pressure will release boom winch brake.
24	Boom cylinder	Two hydraulic cylinders that raise and lower boom.
25	Boom winch hydraulic motor	Plays out or retrieves cable.
26	Boom cylinder bypass valve	A two-position valve. When handle is pointed to left (normal position), valve is closed. When handle is pointed forward, valve is open and hydraulic pressure in boom cylinders is released to lower boom. Valve must be opened slowly to prevent damage to equipment.
27	Intercommunication control box	Provides interphone and radio control facilities for crew.

### VEHICLE CONTROLS

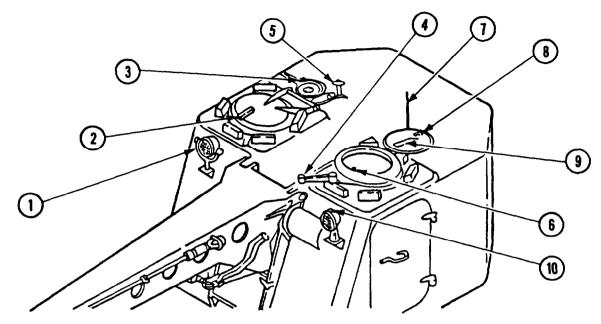


Key	Control or Indicator	Function
1	Tow bar bracket	Holds ends of tow bar when it is stowed on vehicle.
2	Engine compartment hull drain valve handle	Drains engine compartment of any fluid. Must be closed during vehicle operation.
3	Fuel fill cover latch	Secures cover over fuel cell fill cap.
4	Radiator fill cover latches	Secures a cover over radiator fill caps.
5	Tow winch access door latch handle	Secures door closed when tow winch is not in use,

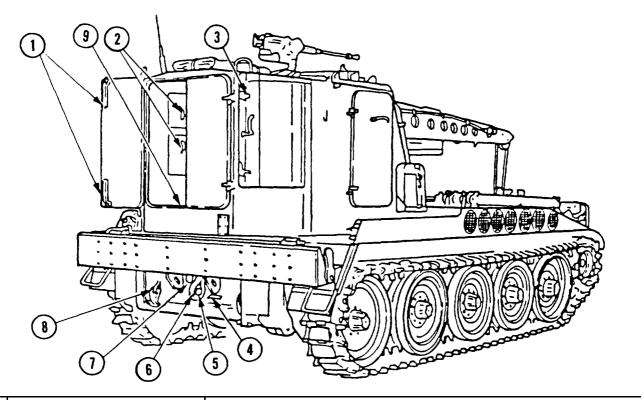
Key	Control or Indicator	Function
6	Tow winch door hold open catch	Holds door open during winch operation.
7	Battery compartment access door handle	Secures door to hull. Door provides access to batteries.
8	Slave receptacle	Provides a means of connecting an external 24-volt power source to vehicle for emergency starting.
9	Fixed fire extinguisher control handle	An exterior control of two fixed fire extinguishers. It has a safety seal to prevent accidental discharge. Pulling handle breaks seal and discharges carbon dioxide into engine compartment to suppress fire.
10	Air filter basket lock lever	Holds air filter basket and bag in place.
11	Vise mounting plate	Holds universal vise.
12	Engine air cleaner door handle	Secures door to hull. Door provides access to engine air cleaner filters.
13	Cupola cover open position latch	Holds driver's cover open and away from driver's head.
14	Impact wrench flow regulator valve control handle	Adjusts valve to meter hydraulic fluid to control speed of impact wrench.
15	Impact wrench quick release couplings	Provides connections for impact wrench to vehicle hydraulic system and to connect accessory hydraulic hose to allow rais- ing spade with hydraulic ram hand pump.
16	Impact wrench selector valve handle	Operates selector valve to open or close vehicle hydraulic system to impact wrench.
17	Air cleaner access door handle	Secures access door to hull.
18	Cupola cover outer handle	Secures and locks cover closed by an ear wedged under cupola ring.
19	Driver's periscope M 17	Provides a field of view for driver when cupola is closed.
20	Front tow hook	Provides a means of attaching tow cable to vehicle.



Key	Control or Indicator	Function
1	Boom lifting block quick release pins	Acts as a guide to retain boom winch wire rope within block sheave.
2	Boom sheave quick release pins	First pin acts as guide to retain boom winch wire rope in boom sheave. Second pin secures end of wire rope to boom.
3	Tow cable bracket	Holds ends of tow cable to boom when not in use.
4	Floodlight switch	Controls floodlight. It is normally in ON position to allow con- trol from inside cab.
5	Snatch block tray lift handle	Provides hand grip for moving tray between stowed and operate positions.
6	Snatch block tray release handle	Secures tray in stowed position.
7	Quick release pin	A safety lock to prevent accidental release of snatch block tray.
8	Slide release pin	Secures wire rope in level wind slide.
9	Side bar release pin	To attach or detach level wind assembly to or from level wind brackets.
10	Bar release pin	Removal of pin allows level wind assembly to pivot to wire rope angle.
11	Level wind to boom release pin	Secures level wind bracket to underside of boom.
12	Rigger's cupola cover outer latch handle	Secures and locks cover closed by an ear wedged under cupola ring.
13	Side door outer latch handle.	Secures side door to cab.
14	Side door catch	Holds side door in open position when latch handle is inserted.
15	Rear stowage door handle	Secures stowage door to cab.
16	Spade travel lock	Locks spade in up position when spade is not in use.



Key	Control or Indicator	Function
1	Floodlight switch	Controls floodlight. It is normally in ON position to allow con- trol from inside of cab.
2	Operator cupola cover outer latch handle	Secures and locks cover closed by an ear wedged under cupola ring.
3	Hydraulic reservoir filter cover latch	Secures cover over hydraulic reservoir fill cap and filter.
4	Gun mount lock clamp	Secures caliber .50 machine gun mount to pintle support.
5	Operator's cupola cover hold open hook	Holds cupola cover open and away from crane operator's head.
6	Rigger cupola ring release handle	Secures cupola ring to cupola base to position pintle support and machine gun in forward position.
7	Radio antenna	Provides means of radio contact with commander.
8	Rigger cupola cover inner latch 'handle	Used to open or close cupola cover.
9	Rigger cupola cover lock strap and locking pin	Locking pin secures cupola cover in open position, strap is used to release pin.
10	Flasher light switch	Controls flasher light. It is normally in ON position to allow control from inside cab,



Key	Control or Indicator	Function	
1	Rear door latch handle Secures rear doors in closed position by wedging against and bottom of door frame.		
2	Inside stowage compart- ment door handle	Two handles on each door secure doors in closed position.	
3	Tool locker door quick release pin	Secures tool locker door in closed position.	
4	Rear hull drain valve handle	Drains turret well compartment of any fluid. Must be closed during vehicle operation.	
5	Towing pintle latch	Locks towing pintle closed.	
6	Towing pintle latch safety pin	Secures towing pintle latch to prevent accidental release of latch during towing operation.	
7	Trailer receptacle connector	Provides a means of supplying a towed trailer with electrical power for tail and stoplights.	
8	Rear tow hook	Provides a means of attaching tow cable to vehicle.	
9	Turret well cleanout cover handle (on bottom of hull)	Secures cover to bottom of hull. Must be closed during vehicle operation.	

#### Section II. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES (PMCS)

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Table 2-1. Preventive maintenance checks and services for the recovery vehicle	• M578 .2-20

#### INTRODUCTION TO PMCS TABLE

a. General. Your PMCS table (Table 2-1) has been provided so you can keep your equipment in good operating condition and ready for its primary mission.

b. Warnings and cautions. Always observe the WARNINGS and CAUTIONS appearing in your PMCS table BEFORE, DURING, and AFTER you operate the equipment. The warnings and cautions appear before certain procedures. You must observe these WARNINGS and CAUTIONS to prevent serious injury to yourself and others or prevent your equipment from being damaged.

c. Explanation of table entries.

(1) Item number column. Numbers in this column are for reference. When completing DA Form 2404, Equipment Inspection and Maintenance Worksheet, include the item number for the check/service indicating a fault. Item numbers also appear in the order that you must do checks and services for the intervals listed.

(2) Interval column. This column tells you when you must do the procedure in the procedure column. BEFORE procedures must be done before you operate or use the equipment for its intended mission. DURING procedures must be done during the time you are operating or using the equipment for its intended mission. AFTER procedures must be done immediately after you have operated or used the equipment.

(3) Item to Check Service column. This column provides the location and the item to be checked

(4) Procedure column. This column gives the procedure you must do to check or service

the item listed in the Check/Service column to know if the equipment is ready or available for its intended mission or for operation. You must do the procedure at the time stated in the interval column.

(5) Not fully mission capable if: column. Information in this column tells you what faults will keep your equipment from being capable of performing its primary mission. If you make check and service procedures that show faults listed in this column, do not operate the equipment. Follow standard operating procedures for maintaining the equipment or reporting equipment failure.

#### GENERAL

a. Corrosion. Refer to page 1-2.



Unusable CARC mixtures may be considered hazardous waste and may require disposal in accordance with Federal, state, DOD, and DA hazardous waste regulations. Consult the installation environmental office for proper disposal guidance. Mixed CARC has a flashpoint of approximately 38°F (3°C) due to the incorporation of solvents and is highly flammable.

*b.* Touchup/Spot Painting. Painting at the operator level is limited to touchup/spot painting. CARC paint that has been opened must be used within 8 hours or it will deteriorate beyond use. Mix only what is needed for immediate use. Refer to TM 43-0139.

c. If Your Equipment Fails to Operate. Troubleshoot with proper equipment. Report any deficiencies using the proper forms. See DA PAM 738-750.

#### **PMCS PROCEDURES**

a. Perform PMCS each day vehicle is operated. If vehicle is not being operated regularly, start and run engine for approximately 1/2 hour at least once a week. While engine is running, exercise crane controls. Perform only the PMCS required for running engine and checking crane controls.

b. Perform weekly as well as before operations PMCS and check fluid levels if:

(1) You are the assigned operator and have not 'operated the item since the last weekly.

(2) You are operating the item for the first time.

*c.* While you perform PMCS, have "checker" tools with you and keep an eye out for the following:

(1) Loose bolts. A loose bolt can be difficult to spot without using a wrench.
However, you can often identify loose bolts by observing loose or chipped paint around bolt head and bare metal or rust at its base.
Tighten loose bolts.

(2) Damaged welds. Damaged welds may be detected by observing rust or chipped paint where cracks occur.

(3) Frayed electrical wires and loose connectors. Check electrical wiring for cracks due to aging and exposed wires that could cause an electrical short. Tighten loose clamps and connectors.

### CAUTION

Equipment operation is allowable with minor leakages (class I or 11). Of course, you must consider the fluid capacity in the item/system being checked/ inspected. When in doubt, notify unit maintenance personnel, When operating with class I or class II leaks, continue to check fluid levels as required in your PMCS.

Class III leaks should be reported to unit maintenance personnel.

#### NOTE

Fluid leakage classifications apply only to hull components.

(4) Fluid leakage. Leaks are divided into three classifications. Compare leak with the following definitions:

- Class I Seepage of fluid (as indicated by wetness or discoloration) not great enough to form drops.
- Class II Leakage of fluid great enough to form drops but not enough to cause drops to drip from item being checked/inspected.
- Class III Leakage of fluid great enough to form drops that fall from the item being checked/inspected.

*d.* If your equipment does not perform as required, refer to troubleshooting procedures in chapter 3 for possible problems. Report any malfunctions or failures on the proper DA Form 2404, or refer to DA PAM 738-750.

e. If an assembly must be removed and/or disassembled in order to perform PMCS, refer to the maintenance procedures in chapter 3.

ITEM No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
1	Before	Vehicle Exterior	Make a visual inspection for damage, corrosion, pilferage, and/or leaks that may have oc- curred after previous usage.	Fuel, oil, or class III leaks are present.
2	Before	Fixed Fire Extinguisher	Check that fire extinguisher lead seal (1) on fixed handle is not broken.	Lead seal is broken.
3	Before	Drain Valves		
			Close rear hull (1) engine compart- ment (2) to check for free operation. Make sure all drain valves are closed.	

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
4	Before	Radiators		
			NOTE When adding coolant in cold weather, check anti- freeze protection. Check coolant level on both radiators (1) and fill if necessary.	Class III leaks, Cap cannot be sealed,
5	Before	Vehicle Interior (Driver's Compartment)	Make a visual inspection for damage, pilferage, and/or leaks that may have occurred after previous usage.	Any fuel or oil leaks are present.

ltem N o .	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
6	Before	Fuel Filters and Lines	Drain primary (1) and secondary (2) fuel filters of accumulated water (ap- proximately one cup). Prime fuel	Any fuel leaks.
7	Before	Fixed Fire Extinguisher	system. Check fuel lines for leaks.	
			Check driver's fixed fire extinguisher handle (1) for lead seal.	Lead seal is broken or missing.

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
	Interval			

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
8	Before	Instrument Panel (Continued)	<ul> <li>(3) (5) (5) (5) (6) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7</li></ul>	Any unusual noises or erratic operation of engine or instru- ments. Improper operation cannot be corrected. Transmission, oil pressure, engine oil pressure, or tach- ometer inoperative. Any temperature gauge reads high or fails to work.

ltem No.	Interval	ltem to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
8	Before	Instrument Panel (Continued)	<ul> <li>(2) ENGINE OIL pressure indicator (6) - Normal operating pressure at 1,800 rpm and above is 50 to 70 psi (343.75 to 482.65 kPa). Minimum allowable pressure is 5 psi (34.48 kPa) at 650 rpm, 28 psi (193.06 kPa) at 1,800 rpm, 30 psi (206.85 kPa) at 2,000 rpm, and 35 psi (241 .35 kPa) at 2,300 rpm.</li> <li>(3) Tachometer (7) and speedometer (8) should operate without excessive fluctuation or unusual noises.</li> <li>(4) Check fuel level at fuel gauge</li> </ul>	
	5.6		(9).	
9	Before	Gas Partic- ulator Unit	Check air flow at outlet.	
10	Before	Drain Valve		
			Operate driver's compartment drain valve handle (1) to check for free operation. Make sure drain valve is closed.	
11	Before	Vehicle Interior (Crane Cab)	<ul> <li>Make a visual inspection for damage, corrosion, pilferage, and/or leaks that may have oc- curred after previous usage.</li> </ul>	Class III leaks.

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
11	Before	Vehicle Interior (Crane Cab) (Continued)	<ul> <li>b. Check hvdraulic oil in sight gauge (1) for contamination and correct level.</li> <li>Deleted</li> </ul>	Any class III leaks. Oil is contaminated or no oil evident.
13	Before	Crane Operator Controls	NOTE Switch on power take off (PTO). a. Check the following cab controls for smooth operation: (1) Boom winch. (2) Boom. (3) Tow winch. (4) Crane Cab - through full traverse. (5) Level wind.	Controls do not operate smoothly or are damaged.

ltem N o .	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
No. 13	Interval	Crane Operator Controls (Continued)	<text><text><text><image/><list-item></list-item></text></text></text>	Filter bypass indicator light comes on.

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
	Before	Communica- tions	<image/> <section-header></section-header>	No intercom from commander to driver or no two-way com- munication with out- side station.

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
15	Before	Cal .50 Machine Gun M2	WARNING Make certain machine gun is clear of ammo and barrel is free of obstruction.	
			<ul> <li>a. Check pintle support assembly for missing pins and for tightness of all fasteners and operating parts. Make sure machine gun is locked in horizontal position.</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>b. Operate ammo box latch. When locked, ammo box must be stur- dy and secure. Check mount for presence of its condition. Hand function weapon to check for proper assembly and operation. Refer to TM 9-1005-213-10.</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>c. Check headspace and timing and adjust if necessary. Refer to TM 9-1005-213-10.</li> </ul>	



ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
16	During	Instrument Panel	Check instruments for proper oper- ation:	
			<ul> <li>(1) Transmission OIL pressure indicator (1) - Normal pressure is 18 to 45 psi (124.11 to 310.28 kPa) at 1,835 to 1,900 rpm and above; 10 psi (68.95 kPa) at 1,000 rpm is minimum allowable.</li> </ul>	Transmission oil pressure, engine oil pressure, or tachom- eter inoperative. Any temperature gauge reads high or fails to work.
			<ul> <li>(2) ENGINE OIL pressure indicator</li> <li>(2) - Normal operating pressure at 1,800 rpm and above is 50 to 70 psi (343.75 to 482.65 kPa). Minimum allowable pres- sure is 5 psi (34.48 kPa) at 650 rpm, 28 psi (193.06 kPa) at 1,800 rpm, 30 psi (206.85 kPa) at 2,000 rpm, and 35 psi (241 .35 kPa) at 2,300 rpm.</li> </ul>	
			(3) Tachometer (3) and speed- ometer (4) should operate with- out excessive fluctuation or unusual noises.	
			<ul> <li>(4) Engine coolant temperature in- dicator (5) - Normal operating temperature is 170°F to 185°F (77°C to 85°C); maximum allowable temperature is 230°F (110°C).</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>(5) Transmission oil temperature indicator (6) - Normal operating temperature is 165°F to 220°F (74°C to 104°C); maximum allowable temperature is 300°F (149°c).</li> </ul>	

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
17	During	Controls and Handling	Vehicle handles properly and all controls function properly (brakes, steering, and shifting).	Vehicle controls do not function or ve- hicle wanders when operating. Parking brake or service brake inoperative. Shifting lever binds or will not shift.
18	During	Crane Operator Controls	CAUTION Do not operate hydraulic system when filter bypass indicator light is on, except under emergency con- ditions.	
			<ul> <li>Check the following cab controls for smooth operation:</li> <li>(1) Boom winch.</li> <li>(2) Boom.</li> <li>(3) Tow winch.</li> <li>(4) Crane cab - through full traverse.</li> <li>(5) Level wind.</li> </ul>	Controls do not operate smoothly or are damaged.
19	During	Wire Rope	<ul> <li>a. During operation of tow winch and boom winch, check wire ropes for kinks, breaks, or frayed condition.</li> <li>b. Observe level wind for proper operations.</li> </ul>	Frayed, kinked, worn, or corroded ropes must be re- placed. Rope is un- safe if three broken wires are found in one strand of 6 x 7 rope, six broken wires in one strand of 6 x 19 rope, or nine broken wires in one strand of 6 x 37 rope.

ltem No,	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
20	During	Hubs		
			Feel road wheel hubs, idler wheel hubs, and sprocket hubs to make sure that no one hub is hotter than any of the others. Lubricate over- heated hub (appx G).	Any hub broken. Proper lubrication does not correct an overheated hub.
21	After	Engine Shut Down	Pull engine fuel shut off handle (engine stop).	Handle does not shut down engine or parts are missing from linkage.
22	After	Drain Valves	Open drivers compartment drain valve (1). Leave in open position.	

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
23	After	Fire Extinguisher	The second secon	
			Check fixed fire extinguisher handle (1) for lead seal	Fire extinguisher is discharged or seal is broken.
24	After	Engine Compartment Fluid Levels	WARNING	
			Driver will remain in driver's compart- ment while engine is running.	
			NOTE See PMCS procedures, paragraph b, page 2-19.	
			<ul> <li>a. Transmission oil level should be within OPERATING RANGE on dipstick (1). Add oil as required, Run engine at 1200-1600 rpm for 3-5 minutes with transmission in neutral to stabilize oil temperature between 180° and 220°F (82.2° and 93.3°C). Stop engine, wait 3 to 5 minutes, and check oil level,</li> </ul>	Any class III oil leaks. Oil below ADD or above FULL. Oil is contaminated.

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
24	After	Engine Compartment Fluid Levels (Continued)	b. Auxiliary drive oil level should	Any class III leaks.
			fall between FULL and ADD marks on dipstick (2). Add oil if required.	Oil drops below ADD mark between operations.
			c. Engine oil level should be be- tween low (L) and full (F) mark on dipstick (3). If required, re- move cap (4) and add oil.	Any class III oil leaks. Oil below ADD or above FULL Oil is contaminated.

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
25	After	Fuel Level		
			Check fuel level at fuel gauge (1). Check fuel cell as required; do not fill cell above 6 in. (1 5.24 cm) from top. Check fuel filler neck (2) and filter screen for foreign material and clean as required.	
26	After	Drain Valve	A CONTRACTOR	
			Open drain engine compartment valves.	

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
27	After	Final Drive		
			Check for oil leakage. Check that oil is level with bottom of plug openings (1). Add oil if required.	Class III oil leaks.
2.0	After	Air Cleaners		
28	Aller	Air Cleaners		
			Make sure filter pats (1) are present, lock lever (2) is positioned, door locks operate, and doors seal proper- ly when closed.	Filter pats are miss- ing and/or doors do not latch properly.

ltem No.	Interval	ltem to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
29	After	Fire Extinguisher		
			I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
			Check that fixed fire extinguisher lead seal on fixed fire extinguisher handle (1) is not broken.	Fire extinguisher is unserviceable or seal is broken.
30	After	Drain Valve		
			Open rear drain valve (1 ).	

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
	Interval		DEAD TRACK SHOE DEAD TRACK SHOE METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT CRACKS	
			are not to exceed 3/4 in. (1.9 cm) in length. b Check all track shoes for miss- ing pads or pads worn to grouser.	

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
31	After	Track and Wheels (Continued)	<ul> <li>c. Check for broken torsion bars by prying up on a road wheel with crowbar. If the wheel can be raised, the torsion bar is broken. Notify unit maintenance personnel.</li> </ul>	Any torsion bar broken or bent road wheel arm/eccentric.
			d. Check road wheels for chunking and separation. Any chunking or separation that causes the road wheel to thump when placed in service, Notify unit mainte- nance	
32	After	Hubs		
			Feel road wheel hubs, idler wheel hubs, and sprocket hubs to make sure that no one hub is hotter than any of the others. Lubricate over- heated hub (appx G).	Any hub broken. Proper lubrication does not correct an overheated hub.

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
33	After	Suspension Lockout System	<text><text><text><image/><text><text></text></text></text></text></text>	

# Table 2-1. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES FOR THE RECOVERY VEHICLE M578–CONTINUED

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
33	After	Suspension Lockout System (Continued)	<ul> <li>b. Check for defective lockout cylinders.</li> <li>(1) Place a wood block, 4 to 6 in. (10.16 to 15.24 cm) high, under one track.</li> <li>(2) Start engine and make sure</li> </ul>	Two front or two rear lockout cylin- ders are inoperative. Two lockout cylinders are in- operative on one side of vehicle.
			<ul> <li>lockout control valve handle is in UNLOCKED position.</li> <li>(3) Drive vehicle over block slowly. Watch road wheels. All road wheels should rise over block. If any do not rise, notify unit maintenance.</li> <li>(4) Set lockout control valve handle in LOCKED position.</li> <li>(5) Drive vehicle over block slowly. Watch road wheels. Except as noted above, wheels should remain rigid. If any wheel rises, notify unit maintenance.</li> </ul>	
34	After	Spade	Lower and raise spade, checking for cracks at cylinder mounting points, smoothness of operation, and leaks.	During operation, spade cannot be emplaced or re- tracked to stowed position. Cracks exist at cylinder mounting points or class III leak is present.

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
35	After	Fire Extinguisher	Check that portable fire extinguisher (1) is properly stowed and lead seal is not broken. Make sure nozzle. is serviceable and secure.	Fire extinguishers are unserviceable or seals are broken.
36	After	Cal .50 Machine Gun M 2	WARNING Make certain machine gun is clear of ammo and barrel is free of obstruction.	
			Remove, clean, and secure. Refer to TM 9-1005-213-10,	
37	After	Hatches and Doors	Operate to be sure they lock secure- ly in open and closed positions. Check that seals are secure and not damaged. NOTE	
			Perform all before checks before performing weekly checks.	

# Table 2-1. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES FOR THE RECOVERY VEHICLE M578 – CONTINUED

# Table 2-1. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES FOR THE RECOVERY VEHICLE M578–CONTINUED

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
38	Weekly	Batteries	WARNING	
			Set MASTER switch OFF before checking batteries.	
			Remove all watches and jewelry from your person to prevent possible injury by becoming entangled in vehicle.	
			Make sure all electrical switches are OFF to prevent possible battery gas ex- plosion.	
			CAUTION	
			Do not open driver's cover while servicing batteries. The cover handle may short out on cable connections.	
			<ul> <li>a. In cold weather, after water has been added to batteries, start engine and fast idle for 30 min- utes to recharge batteries and mix water with residual electrolyte to prevent freezing of batteries.</li> </ul>	One or more bat- teries are unser- viceable or missing,
			<ul> <li>b. Check batteries for corrosion and correct electrolyte level (TM 9-6140-200-1 4). Refer to page 3-36.</li> </ul>	

# Table 2-1. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES FOR THE RECOVERY VEHICLE M578-CONTINUED

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
39	Weekly	Lights and Crane Lights	<ul> <li>a. Check operation of front, back, and interior lights.</li> <li>b. Check operation of floodlights and flasher light in cab.</li> <li>c. Inspect for discolored or broken lenses.</li> </ul>	
40	Weekly	Hand Pump Operation	<image/> <text><text></text></text>	

# Table 2-1. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES FOR THE RECOVERY VEHICLE M578–CONTINUED

ltem No.	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
40	Weekly	Hand Pump Operation (Continued)	<ul> <li>b. Operate hydraulic pump (3) until boom with brake is released.</li> <li>c. Manually pull on boom winch cable from end of boom to make sure hand pump is operating. If cable is pulled from winch, winch brake is released and hand pump is operating properly.</li> </ul>	
41	Weekly	Gas-Particulate Filter Unit	<text><text><image/><list-item><list-item><list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></text></text>	

ltem No.	Interval	ltem to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
41	Weekly	Gas-Particulate Filter Unit (Continued)	<ul> <li>d. Check that unused quick-disconnect outlets (2) on air</li> </ul>	
42	Weekly	Belt	<ul> <li>algorithmetric (a) on all purifier (3) are covered with air flow control caps (5).</li> <li>e. Check that spring clip (6) is covering intake holes.</li> <li>f . Check that filter unit is clean and dry.</li> <li>g. Notify NBC unit maintenance personnel to replace contaminated filters.</li> </ul>	

# Table 2-1. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES FOR THE RECOVERY VEHICLE M578-CONTINUED

# Table 2-1. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES FOR THE RECOVERY VEHICLE M578-CONTINUED

ltem No.	Interval	ltem to Check/Service	Procedure	Not fully Mission Capable if:
42	Weekly	Belt (Continued)	<ul> <li>Inspect fan belt for proper condition and tension adjustment as follows:</li> <li>(1) Remove all bolts and washers securing fan well deck and remove deck.</li> <li>(2) Check fan belt (1) for fraying and proper position in fan sheave.</li> <li>(3) Loosen top jam nut (2), then tighten top adjusting nut (3) within operating range of gauge plate (4).</li> <li>(4) Use wrench or pliers to hold tension shaft (5) and secure tension adjustment by tightening jam nut (2).</li> <li>(5) Install fan well deck and secure with screws and washers.</li> </ul>	Belt is missing, frayed, or broken. Adjuster will not adjust.
43			Deleted	

ltem No,	Interval	Item to Check/Service	Not fully I Procedure Capable	
44	Weekly	Power Plant Reservoir	Remove plug (1), if installed, and drain reservoir into suitable container. Check and clean drain plug hole in access cover (2). Wire plug (1) to hand throttle control rod in driver's compartment.	
45	Weekly	Traversing System	Check traversing system (1) for damage, obstruction, rust, and prop er lubrication.	Cab does not traverse.

# Table 2-1. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES FOR THE RECOVERY VEHICLE M578– CONTINUED

## Section III. OPERATON UNDER USUAL CONDITIONS

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## ASSEMBLY AND PREPARATION FOR USE

Before operating a new or reconditioned vehicle, make sure unit maintenance personnel service the vehicle.

# INITIAL ADJUSTMENTS AND DAILY CHECKS

Performing preventive maintenance checks and services (PMCS) on pages 2-18 thru 2-48 before, during, and after operation makes sure that all adjustments and daily checks required for effective vehicle operation will be completed. Keep vehicle ready for any action.

### OPERATING PROCEDURES

Familiarize yourself with operating instructions on decals and instruction plates itemized on pages 2-105 thru 2-107. Instructions and procedures required to operate vehicle under normal conditions are on the following pages.



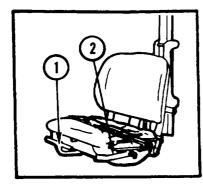
. Fasten your seat belt. Drive carefully.

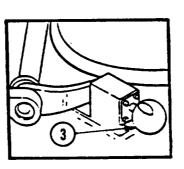
- Do not apply brake if a track is thrown; allow vehicle to coast to a halt.
- Whenever operating vehicle, use hearing protection devices to protect against high intensity noise.
- Driver will remain in driver's compartment while engine is running.

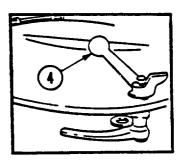


- This vehicle has a semiautomatic transmission. It must be shifted manually.
- To prevent engine damage when engine is hot from operation, set hand throttle for engine idle of 1,000 to 1,200 rpm and allow to idle for 2 to 5 minutes prior to shutdown.
- Start with transmission in range 1 when driving with a cold engine.

### PRE-STARTING INSTRUCTIONS





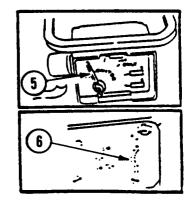


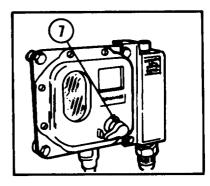
- 1 Do the before operation PMCS on pages 2-18 thru 2-48.
- 2 Adjust driver's seat. To adjust seat height, use your body weight to hold seat and pull up on vertical adjusting rod handle (1). To adjust seat forward or backward, push in horizontal adjusting lever (2). Release handle and lever to lock in position.
- 3 Secure driver's cupola cover. Lock cupola cover in open position by engaging lock (3). Lock cupola cover in closed position by rotating inner handle (4) until latch engages in cupola ring.

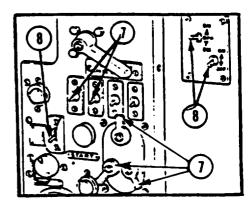


To avoid damage to radio, turn off all communication switches before starting vehicle.

4 Make sure communication (5), air purifier (6), light (7), and accessory (8) switches in driver's compartment are OFF.







PRE-STARTING INSTRUCTIONS-CONTINUED

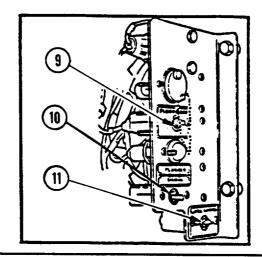
5 Make sure floodlight (9), flasher (10), level wind (11), air purifier (12), and dome light (13) switches are OFF in cab.

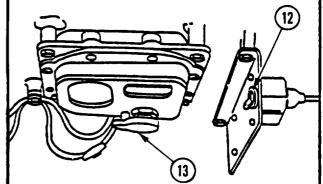


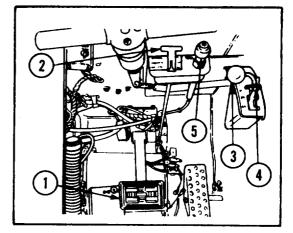
## NOTE

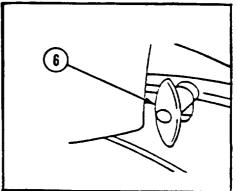
Use these procedures to start engine in temperate climates  $(40^{\circ}F \ (4^{\circ}C) \text{ and warmer})$ . To start engine in colder climates, refer to page 2-110.

- 1 Perform pre-starting procedure. Refer to page 2-51.
- Set vehicle parking brake. To set brake, press down service brake (1) and pull out and down on parking brake handle (2). Release parking brake handle and then release service brake.
- 3 Put transmission shift lever (3) in N (neutral) position and make sure that latch (4) is locked.
- 4 Depress hand throttle control release button and push throttle control (5) in.
- 5 Push engine shutdown handle (6) in against hull.

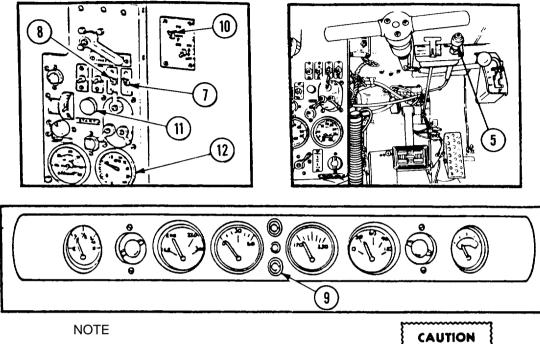








NORMAL ENGINE STARTING-CONTINUED



Before turning MASTER switch ON, make sure that all other electrical switches are in OFF position.

- 6 Turn MASTER switch (7) and instrument switch (8) to ON. Master indicator light (9) will light and warning horn will sound.
- 7 Operate engine fuel filters switch (10) for 1 minute to make sure fuel lines are full.

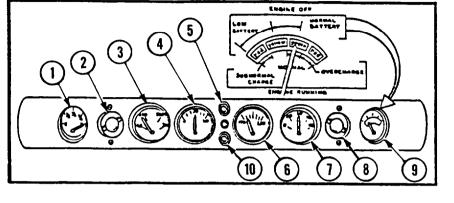
Protect your hearing. Use hearing protection when operating vehicle due to high intensity noise.

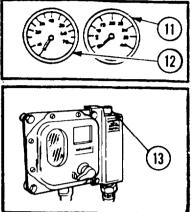
Do not operate starter continuously" for over 30 seconds. Allow a 1 -minute cooling off period before again engaging starter. Notify unit maintenance personnel if engine fails to start on fourth try.

- 8 Push in on START switch (11) and hold until engine starts, then release. Warning horn will sound until engine oil pressure reaches 8 psi (55 kPa),
- 9 Adjust throttle control (5) and run engine at 1,000 to 1,200 rpm (fast idle) as indicated on tachometer (1 2). Allow engine to warm up at 1,000 to 1,200 rpm for approximately 5 minutes.
- Perform instrument panel checkout pro-10 cedures during engine warmup period. Refer to page 2-54.
- 11 Release parking brake and shift transmission into 1st range. Drive vehicle slowly for first 100 yards (91 .4 m) to warm lubricants.

Т

INSTRUMENT PANEL CHECKOUT PROCEDURES





- 1 FUEL gauge (1). Should be near full mark.
- 2 ENGINE-TRANSmission TEMPerature-PRESsure warning lamp (2), Light should be off during engine operation.

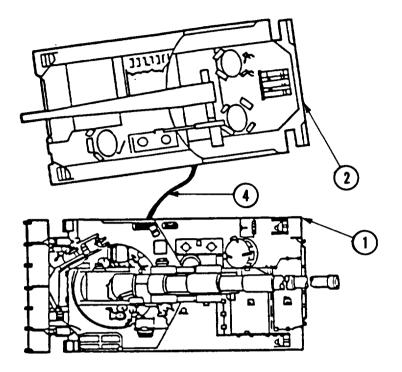
### NOTE

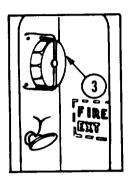
If warning horn sounds and ENGINE-TRANSmission TEMPerature-PRESsure indicator (2) lights at idle speed (650-700 rpm), increase speed to 800 rpm. If horn continues to sound and light does not go off, stop engine and notify unit maintenance personnel.

- 3 Transmission OIL temperature indicator (3). Normal operating temperature is 165°F to 220°F (74°C to 105°C); maximum allowable temperature is 300° F (149°C).
- 4 Transmission OIL pressure indicator (4). Normal pressure is 30 psi (206.85 kPa) at 1,800 rpm and above; 10 psi (68.95 kPa) at 1,000 rpm is minimum allowable.
- 5 HI-BEAM INDicator light (5). Lights when headlights are on and dimmer switch has been pushed to place lights on high beam.

- 6 ENGINE WATER temperature indicator (6). Normal operating temperature is 170°F to 185°F (77°C to 85°C); maximum allowable temperature is 230" F (110°C).
- 7 ENGINE OIL pressure indicator (7). Normal operating pressure at 1,800 rpm and above is 50 to 70 psi (344.75 to 482.65 kPa). Minimum allowable pressure is 5 psi (34.48 kPa) at 650 rpm; 28 psi (193.06 kPa) at 1,800 rpm; 30 psi (206.85 kPa) at 2,000 rpm; and 35 psi (241.33 kPa) at 2,300 rpm.
- 8 GENerator WARNING lamp (8). Light should be off. Lights when generator is not charging.
- 9 BATTERY/generator indicator (9). Normal range is when needle is in GREEN.
- 10 MASTER switch INDicator lamp (10) Lights when MASTER switch is on,
- 11 TACHOMETER (11) and SPEEDOMETER (12) should operate without excessive fluctuation or unusual noises.
- 12 LOW ENGINE COOLANT WARNING LIGHT (1 3). Should be off. Lights and warning horn sounds when engine coolant is low or when air is present in cooling system. Press to test lamp.

### STARTING ENGINE USING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT





- 1 Position slave vehicle (1) as close to receiving vehicle (2) as possible so that slave receptacles (3) of both vehicles are side by side.
- 2 Make sure that MASTER switch and all necessary switches in receiving vehicle are OFF, and that transmission shift lever is in N (neutral).
- 3 Start engine in slave vehicle and set hand throttle at 1,000 to 1,200 rpm on engine tachometer.

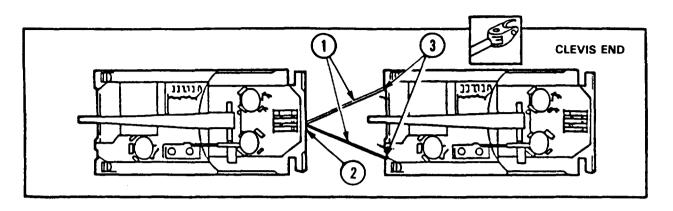


Make sure cable prongs match receptacle holes (+) to (+) and (-) to (-).

4 Connect slave cable (4) to slave receptacle (3) in each vehicle.

- 5 Turn instrument switch to ON in receiving vehicle. Press in engine START switch on receiving vehicle and start engine.
- 6 When engine in receiving vehicle is running, disconnect slave cable from both vehicles. Turn MASTER switch ON in receiving vehicle.
- 7 Adjust throttle control and run engine at 1,000 to 1,200 rpm (fast idle) as indicated on tachometer.
- 8 Allow engine to warm up at 1,000 to 1,200 rpm for approximately 5 minutes. Watch that BATTERY/generator indicator returns to NORMAL zone.
- 9 Perform instrument checkout procedures during engine warm-up period. Refer to page 2-54.

## STARTING ENGINE BY TOWING





Do not depress accelerator on towed vehicle and do not exceed 10 miles per hour when tow-starting vehicle.

- Do not attempt to tow-start a M 110A2 with the recovery vehicle. Use another M110A2 vehicle. The M110A2 cannon and muzzle brake will not clear M578 cab.
- 1 Connect tow bar (1) between towing vehicle pintle (2) and towed vehicle towing lugs (3).
- 2 Shift transmission to range 2 on towed vehicle.
- 3 Make sure that all electrical switches are OFF, that hand throttle is pushed in, and that engine shutdown handle in towed vehicle is pushed in against hull.
- 4 Turn MASTER switch and instrument switch ON in towed vehicle.

- 5 Depress service brake, lift up on parking brake handle and push handle to panel to release parking brake on towed vehicle.
- 6 Tow vehicle forward in a straight line. Engine should start by the time vehicle speed reaches 6 to 8 mph (9.65 to 12.88 kph).
- 7 When engine in towed vehicle starts, shift into N (neutral) and adjust hand throttle until engine operates at fast idle (1,000 to 1,200 rpm).
- 8 Allow engine to warm up at 1,000 to 1,200 rpm for approximately 5 minutes. Watch that BATTERY/generator indicator returns to NORMAL zone.



Place transmission shift lever in neutral and lock brakes on both vehicles before removing tow bar.

- 9 Disconnect tow bar from both vehicles.
- 10 Perform instrument panel checkout procedures during engine warm-up period. Refer to page 2-54.

## OPERATION OF DRIVING LIGHTS AND DOME LIGHT

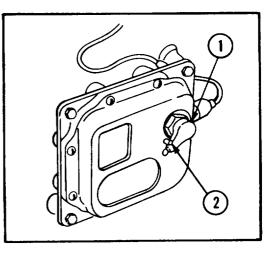
### OPERATION OF DOME LIGHT

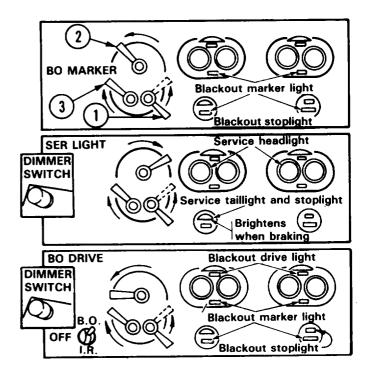
- 1 Blue light ON: Turn lever (1) fully clockwise.
- 2 White light ON: Press safety latch (2) and turn lever (1) counterclockwise past stop.
- 3 Both lights OFF: Turn lever (1) counterclockwise or clockwise past stop.

OPERATION OF LIGHT SWITCH ASSEMBLY

Panels show which lights are turned on by different positions of main light switch.

- 1 Safety switch (1). Push up to unlock main light switch (2). Release after main light switch (2) is in position.
- 2 Main light switch (2). Turn to desired position.
- 3 Instrument panel light switch (3). Push up to turn on panel light.





### DRIVING VEHICLE



- Drive carefully, especially if you're not experienced with vehicle. On hard pavement, avoid oversteering and speeding; you could lose control of vehicle.
- Be sure that driver's cupola cover is secured in either open or closed position during operation.

- Fasten your seat belt and alert crew members to fasten their seat belts to avoid injury in the event of a sudden stop or directional change.
- Driver will remain in engine compartment while engine is running.

### DRIVING VEHICLE- CONTINUED

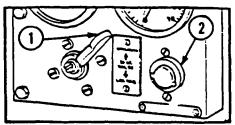
### NOTE

Do not attempt to drive M578 Recovery Vehicle until you are thoroughly familiar with all controls, instruments, and procedures. Read and heed all WARNINGS and CAUTIONS which apply to safe operation of vehicle and accessories.

Before moving vehicles, make sure of the following:

That boom is centered forward over vehicle and single boom block is secured to eye.

That all basic issue items are stowed and secure.



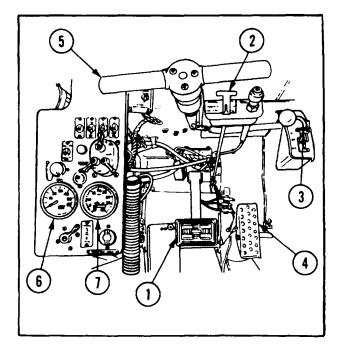
That lockout control valve handle (1) is in UNLOCKED position and SUSPENSION LOCKED indicator light (2) is OFF.

- Reduce engine speed to (650-700 rpm) before shifting transmission into gear.
- Do not shift into reverse gear unless vehicle is at a dead stop and engine is operating at idle rpm.
- When starting on a hill, depress brake and place transmission in low "1" position, increase engine speed and release brake.
- Don't hold vehicle on an upgrade by using accelerator as a brake. Transmission will overheat.

## CAUTION

Do not coast down grade. Downshift when going down steep hills. Use range 2 or 3 on long grades (0-15%), and range 1 on steep grades (15 - 30%).

This vehicle has a semiautomatic transmission. it must be shifted manually.



- 1 Depress brake pedal (1), lift up on parking brake handle (2), and push in on parking brake handle to release parking brake.
- 2 With brake pedal (1) depressed, engine running at 650-700 rpm, release shift lever latch (3) and shift from N (neutral) to range 1.
- 3 Release brake pedal (1) and depress accelerator (4) to obtain necessary vehicle speed. Shift through gear ranges to necessary speed range. Refer to page 2-60 for information-on the range to use for different conditions.

DRIVING VEHICLE- CONTINUED

### NOTE

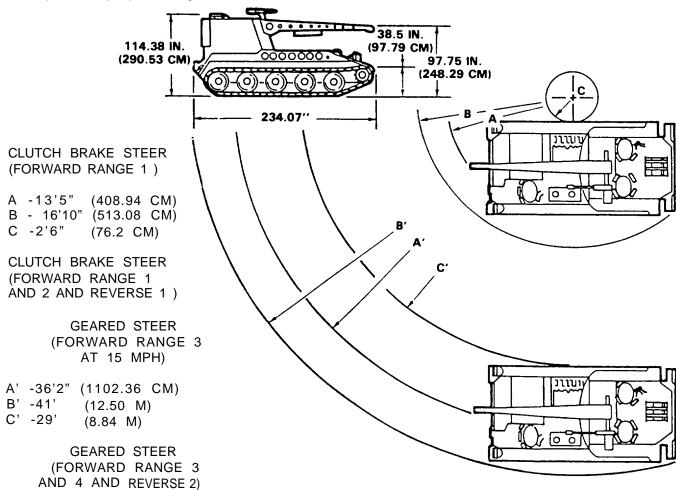
Minimum turning radius is 15 ft (4.575 m) with transmission in forward ranges 1 and 2 or reverse 1, and 38 ft (1 1.59 m) with transmission in forward ranges 3 and 4 or reverse 2. Refer to page 2-59.

4 Use steering bar (5) to turn vehicle. Make a steady, even turn. Vehicle will turn same direction in reverse as in forward. Do not jerk or oversteer since loss of control could occur.

# CAUTION

To avoid engine overspeed damage, do not exceed 2300 rpm in any speed range.

- 5 While driving, check speedometer (6) and tachometer (7). Be alert for any malfunction by observing instruments and warning lights.
- 6 To stop vehicle, release accelerator (4) and depress brake pedal (1) until vehicle comes to a halt.
- 7 When stopped, do during operation PMCS on pages 2-18 thru 2-48.
- 8 When driving, make sure to observe overhead clearance and allow room for corners of vehicle when making turns. Shift to forward range 1 or 2 for sharp turns.



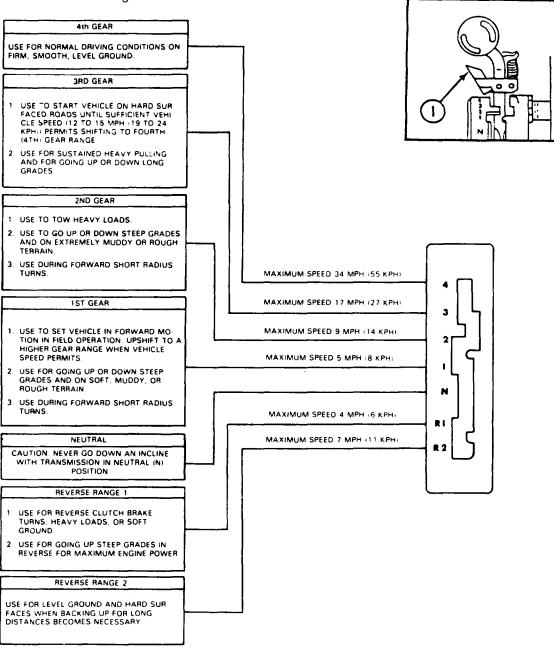
### SHIFTING TRANSMISSION

The transmission is equipped with a shift inhibitor. It restricts movement of shift lever and prevents down shifting of transmission until vehicle speed drops within correct operating limits for desired gear range. Brake vehicle to prevent vehicle speed from overrunning engine speed while down shifting.

The shift lever is equipped with a latch (1) which must be depressed in order to shift transmission from neutral into gear.

## CAUTION

Never attempt to shift into reverse gear range unless vehicle is at a dead stop and engine is operating at idle rpm.



### DRIVING ON ROUGH AND HILLY TERRAIN

Go up and down long grades in range 2 or 3 (O-15 percent), steep grades in range 1 (15 -30 percent). Don't coast.

Shift transmission to range 1 (low) before going up or down steep grades and when starting on a hill.

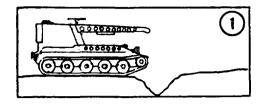
Don't hold vehicle on an upgrade by using accelerator. The transmission will overheat.



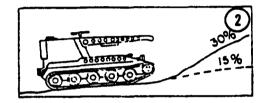
• Brake vehicle to prevent vehicle speed from overrunning engine speed. If vehicle speed overruns engine speed, you will not be able to down shift to a lower range and may lose control of vehicle.

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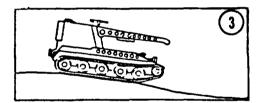
Steer vehicle in a series of short turns rather than a long, even turn when operating in loose sand, dirt, or rocks. This will allow debris to feed out of track. If debris accumulates, a thrown track or damage to suspension system may result.



1 Trench Crossing. Reduce speed as vehicle approaches edge of trench, then speed up when tracks contact far side of trench. Maximum width of trench that can be safely crossed is 7 ft 9 in. (2.36 m).

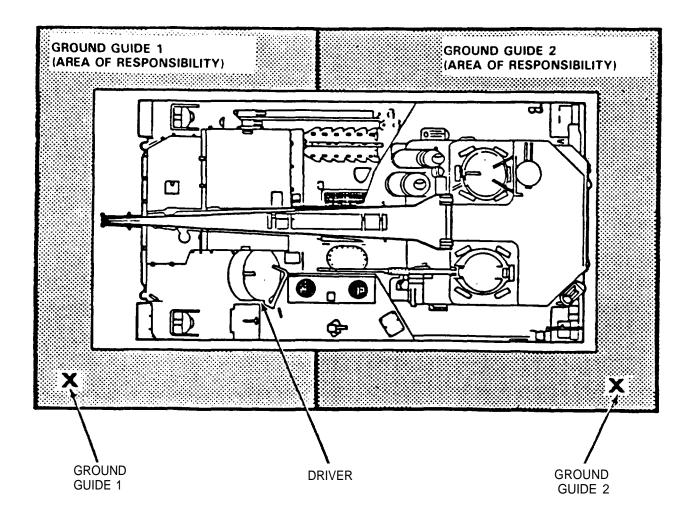


2 Steep Grades. Speed up as vehicle climbs hill; slow down at crest of hill and while going down. Use range 2 or 3 for normal grades from 0-15% and range 1 for steep grades from 15-30%.



3 Going Down Hills. Go down hills slowly and shift to lower range before starting down. Approach bottom of hill cautiously to avoid digging in and damaging final drives or tracks.

### BACKING VEHICLE



To back vehicle:

- 1 Driver will step on brake and shift into reverse.
- 2 Driver will be directed by hand signals from ground guide 1.
- 3 Ground guide 1 will be positioned to left and front of vehicle, He will be highly

visible to both driver and ground guide 2 and will relay signals from ground guide 2 to driver.

4 Ground guide 2 will be positioned to left and rear of vehicle and will direct vehicle movement by means of hand signals to ground guide 1.

### SHUTTING DOWN VEHICLE

- 1 Stop vehicle. Refer to page 2-59.
- 2 With brake pedal (1) depressed, move shift lever (2) into neutral, pull out and down on brake release handle (3). Release brake pedal (1).



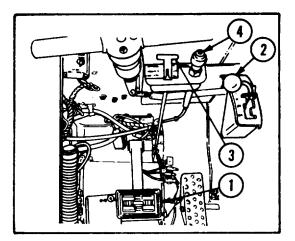
Failure to observe proper engine shutdown procedures will cause high engine failure rate.

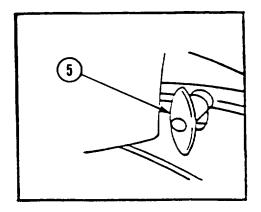
- 3 Set hand throttle control lever (4) to run engine at 1,000 to 1,200 rpm and allow engine to cool for 3 to 5 minutes until temperature reaches 170°F - 185°F (77°C - 85°C).
- 4 Push in throttle control lever (4) to return engine to normal idle.
- 5 Turn off all communication and accessory switches.
- 6 Pull out engine shutdown handle (5) until engine stops, then push handle back to hull.

#### NOTE

If engine doesn't stop, check shutdown linkage.

7 Turn instrument and MASTER switches off.





- 8 After vehicle is shut down, do after operation PMCS on pages 2-18 thru 2-48.
- 9 Secure vehicle. Close and padlock cupola, all hatches, and doors.

### TO WING A DISABLED M578 RECOVERY VEHICLE

CAUTION

Do not tow a disabled vehicle over 5 mph (8 kph). In an emergency a disabled vehicle can be towed for a distance, not to exceed 1/4 mile (0.4 km), without disconnecting final drives. Do not shift towed vehicle into gear during towing operation.

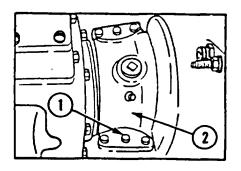
### NOTE

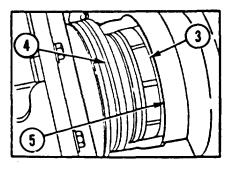
Coordinate with unit maintenance personnel to disconnect final drives.

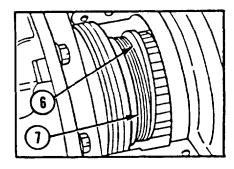
- 1 Block tracks of a disabled vehicle to prevent any movement.
- 2 Remove deck clips or bolts and remove transmission deck to gain access to final drive couplings.

### TO WING A DISABLED M578 RECOVERY VEHICLE-CONTINUED

- 3 To disconnect final drives:
  - a. Remove six screws and washers (1) securing saddle cap and seal (2).
  - b. Using a spanner wrench, unscrew locknut (3) from output coupling (4); a hammer and drift pin may be used in an emergency.
  - c. Push locknut (3) back into final drive housing (5).
  - d. Using pliers, remove retainer (6) from groove in final drive shaft (7).
  - e. Using a screwdriver, remove final drive shaft (7) from output coupling (4) and push final drive shaft (7) into final drive housing (5).
  - f. Retrieve locknut (3) from final drive housing (5), place retainer (6) into interior shoulder of locknut (3) and screw locknut and retainer onto output coupling (4).
  - g. Replace saddle cap and seal (2) and secure with six screws and washers (1).
  - h. Repeat steps 3a thru 3g to disconnect opposite final drive.
  - i. Replace and secure transmission deck (cover).



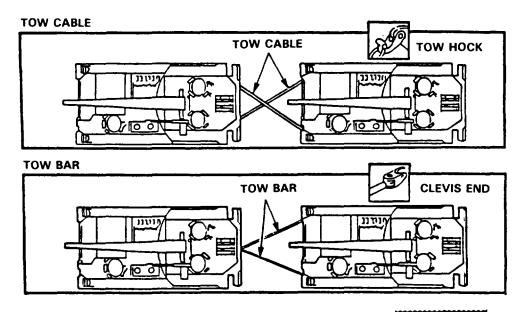






- Use a tow bar when towing another vehicle. When final drives are disconnected, you can't steer or brake.
- Tow cables may be used to tow a disabled vehicle short distances on fairly level terrain only when brakes are operational on the disabled vehicle. When towing a vehicle in neutral, there is a danger of towed vehicle overrunning towing vehicle.
- Make sure tow cables are crossed to prevent damage to track.

### TO WING A DISABLED M578 RECOVERY VEHICLE- CONTINUED

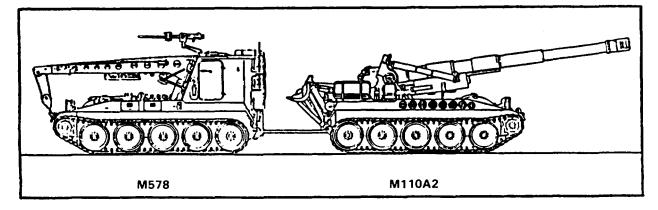


- 4 Remove tow hooks from hull lugs and stow in stowage box.
- 5 Install tow bar between pintle on towing vehicle and tow lugs on towed vehicle.
- 6 Remove blocks from tracks of towed vehicle.
- 7 Shift towed vehicle into N (neutral).
- 8 Release brake on towed vehicle and signal towing vehicle to start.
- TO WING OTHER DISABLED VEHICLES

CAUTION

When towing a vehicle, turn in a wide arc to prevent interference of tracks and undue side strain on tow bar.

9 When towing a vehicle at night, turn towed vehicle lights ON if tactical situation permits. Ail other switches should be OFF.



Vehicle reparation for towing varies from item to item. Always refer to operator's manual of vehicle to be towed for detailed towing procedures. Some vehicles with long gun tubes, such as M110A2, must be towed-backwards to avoid hitting M578 recovery vehicle cab with gun tube or muzzle brake.

## RECOVERY VEHICLE AFTER OPERATION SERVICES

The PMCS after operation services are designed to make sure that vehicle will be ready for its next mission. By following PMCS after operation procedures, any defects should be discovered before serious damage or failure occurs and repair can be started on any defects without immediately risking next mission.

Perform all after operation (A) checks and services itemized in table 2-1 on pages 2-18 thru 2-48.

Check equipment log book.

Open drain valves and drain accumulated water.

Check air cleaners.

Fill vehicle fuel cell with diesel fuel.

Check temperature of all wheel hubs and final drive hubs.

Notify unit maintenance personnel to replace contaminated filters.

Check track tension, track pads, and vehicle suspension.

Remove, clean, and secure cal .50 machine gun.

Clean vehicle.

Secure vehicle with padlocks.

### OPERATING CRANE

All crane operations are performed with pressurized hydraulic oil. Crane operation consists of:

## WARNING

 Always wear leather gloves when handling winch cable. Never allow cable to run through hands. Broken wires can cause painful injuries. Do not operate winch/crane with less than four turns of wire rope on drums. Failure to observe these warnings could result in injuries to personnel.

- During winch/crane operations, direct all personnel to stay clear of operations area. A snapped cable or shifting load can be extremely dangerous. If faulty equipment halts operations, notify unit maintenance personnel immediately.
- Arrange signals with equipment operator to prevent injury to personnel, or damage to equipment during loading/ unloading operations.
- . Do not allow personnel to stand or walk under lifted load.
- Any kinks, crushed sections, or broken strands of wire rope are potential weak points and can cause rope to fail. Frayed, kinked, worn, or corroded ropes must be replaced. Rope is unsafe if three broken wires are found in one strand of 6 x 7 rope, six broken wires in one strand of 6 x 19 rope, or nine broken wires in one strand of 6 x 37 rope.

## CAUTION

Vehicle should not be driven with suspension system locked. Vehicle may be driven for a short distance at very slow speed with suspension locked only if moving a load or emplacing spade in hard ground.

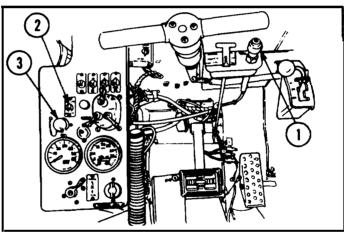
## CAUTION

Make sure flasher light is operating during recovery or load. Do not lift or tow leads beyond rated capacities of equipment.

- 1 Operating boom and boom winch to lift loads and place them where desired, such as removal and installation of power plants.
- 2 Traversing cab to locate boom over a load and/or to align tow winch wire rope with a vehicle being recovered.

### STARTING HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

- 3 Operating tow winch to recover a disabled vehicle, such as pulling out a mired vehicle or a damaged vehicle.
- 4 Locking suspension system to make recovery vehicle a stable platform from which to work.
- 5 Emplacing spade to take advantage of total recovery vehicle weight to lift loads, and to provide an anchor to prevent moving the M578 recovery vehicle when pulling heavy loads with tow winch.



1 Start and warm up engine. Refer to page 2-52.

### NOTE

Warm hydraulic oil before operating hydraulic components in cold weather, Engage hydraulic system for 5-10 minutes when temperature is 32°F (0°C) or below.

2 Idle engine 650-700 rpm using hand throttle (1).

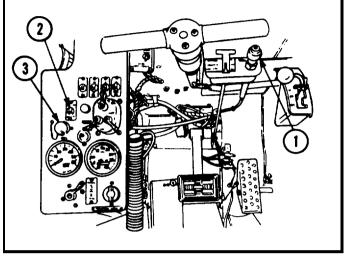


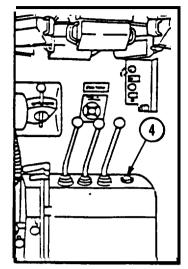
Make sure that hydraulic pump power takeoff clutch is engaged

only at engine idle speed. When magnetic clutch is engaged, engine speed should not exceed 1,350 rpm.

- 3 Set hydraulic pump PTO CLUTCH switch (2) to ON.
- 4 When magnetic clutch is engaged, indicator light (3) comes on. Pull hand throttle (1) all the way out to run engine at 1,350 rpm with only hydraulic pump operating. When operating hydraulic components, engine speed will drop to 1,200 rpm.

### STARTING HYDRAULIC SYSTEM-CONTINUED







Do not operate hydraulic system when filter bypass indicator light (4) is on, except under emergency conditions.

5 Using intercommunications system, have crane operator check filter bypass indicator light (4). If light is on, push hand throttle (1) to idle engine at 650-700

### OPERATING SUSPENSION LOCKOUT SYSTEM

- 1 Drive M578 recovery vehicle onto level surface if possible, and bring vehicle to a complete stop.
- 2 Start hydraulic system. Refer to page 2-67,

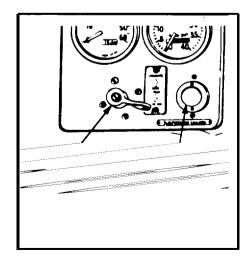


Do not operate suspension lockout system when vehicle is in motion.

- 3 Set suspension lockout control valve handle (1) to locked position.
- 4 SUSPENSION LOCKED indicator light (2) will come on when suspension is locked.

rpm, set hydraulic pump PTO clutch switch (2) to OFF, stop engine, and notify unit maintenance personnel.

6 When hydraulic system is not required, turn hydraulic system off, Push hand throttle (1) in to idle engine at 650-700 rpm. Set hydraulic pump PTO CLUTCH switch (2) to OFF. Indicator light (3) will go off.



### OPERATING SUSPENSION LOCKOUT SYSTEM-CONTINUED

## CAUTION

Vehicle should not be driven with suspension system locked. Vehicle may be driven for a few feet at a very slow speed with suspension locked only if moving a load or emplacing spade in hard ground.

5 Before driving vehicle, set suspension lockout control handle (1) in UNLOCKED position and check to see that SUSPEN-SION LOCKED indicator light (2) is off.

### OPERATING SPADE

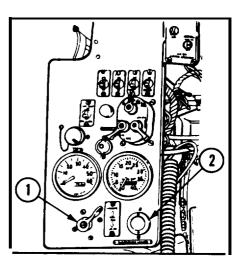
Spade Emplacement on Average Soil.

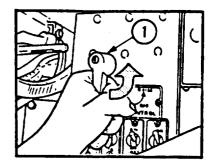
- 1 Start hydraulic system. Refer to page 2-67.
- 2 Place spade control valve handle (1) in RAISE position and loosen and remove spade travel lock (2). Place travel lock on deck.
- 3 Place spade control valve handle (1) in LOWER position and lower spade to ground.

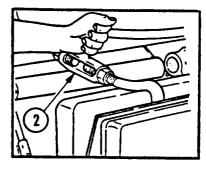


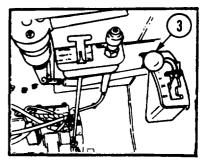
When emplacing spade into ground, back vehicle just enough to place idler wheel over spade to force spade firmly into ground. Backing vehicle too far will damage spade supporting members.

4 Set transmission shift control lever (3) to RI while holding spade control valve handle (1) in LOWER position, slowly drive vehicle backward until spade catches and digs into ground.





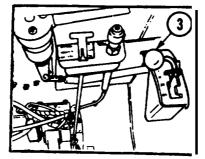




OPERATING SPADE-CONTINUED

Spade Emplacement on Average Soil-Continued





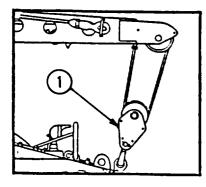
- 5 Drive vehicle backward very slowly until supported on spade (4). Refer to page 2-62.
- 6 Release spade control valve handle (1).
- 7 Move transmission shift control lever (3) into N (neutral) position. Engage parking brake.
- 8 Lock suspension system before performing tow winching or boom lifting operation. Refer to page 2-68.

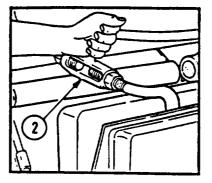
Spade Emplacement on Hard Ground

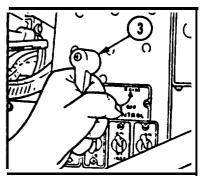
Spade emplacement on hard ground is the same as for average soil except suspension system must be locked. After lowering spade

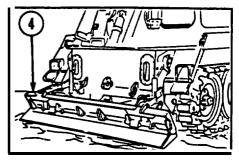
to ground (step 3), lock suspension system (step 8), and then perform steps 4 thru 7.

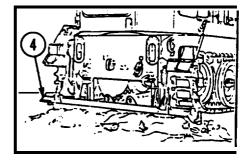
Spade Emplacement on Ice, Concrete, or Very Hard Ground.





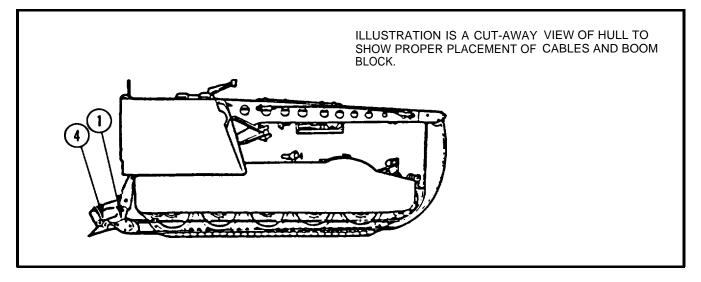






### OPERATING SPADE-CONTINUED

Spade Emplacement on Ice, Concrete, or Very Hard Ground-Continued.



1 Disconnect single boom block (1) from hull and lower to ground.



Always wear leather gloves (item 31, appx B) when handling winch cable. Never allow cable to run through hands. Broken wires can cause painful injuries. Do not operate winch/crane with less than four turns of wire rope on drums. Failure to observe these warnings could result in injuries to personnel.

#### NOTE

Driver and crane operator must work together to emplace spade.

2 Pay out boom winch wire rope forward, until single boom block can be reached at rear of vehicle. Place boom block at front center of vehicle. Then guide vehicle forward SLOWLY.

- 3 Loosen and remove spade travel lock (2) from spade and move handle (3) to LOWER position to lower spade to ground. Attach single boom lock (1) to either eye (4) of spade using a suitable shackle from equipment on vehicle.
- 4 Lock suspension system. Refer to page 2-68.

### CAUTION

Back vehicle just enough to place idler wheel over spade. Backing vehicle too far will damage supporting members.

- 5 Place spade control valve handle in LOWER position. Shift boom winch to low gear. At same time, slowly back vehicle while crane operator reels in boom winch wire to emplace spade.
- 6 Disconnect single boom block from spade. Unlock and lock suspension locknut system to make sure there is proper track-to-ground contact.

OPERATING SPADE-CONTINUED

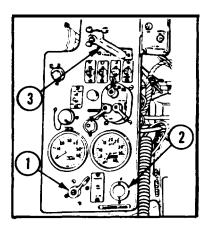
Positioning Spade in Travel Position.

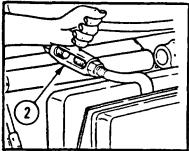
- Set suspension lockout control valve handle (1) in UNLOCKED position.
   SUSPENSION LOCKED indicator light (2) will go off.
- 2 Drive vehicle slowly forward until off spade. Hold spade control valve handle (3) in RAISE position.
- 3 Stop vehicle. Return release spade control valve handle to off position, clean spade moldboard of any dirt or rocks, then continue to raise spade.
- 4 When spade is against hull, install spade travel lock (41 on spade and tighten securely.
- 5 Release spade control valve handle (31.

### OPERATION PRECAUTIONS



- Always wear leather gloves when handling winch cable. Never allow cable to run through hands. Broken wires can cause painful injuries. Do not operate winch/crane with less than four turns of wire rope on drums. Failure to observe these warnings could result in personnel injuries.
- During winch/crane operations direct all personnel to stay clear of operations area. A snapped cable or shifting load can be extremely dangerous. Should operations be halted due to faulty equipment, notify unit maintenance personnel immediately.





- Use signals per FM 21-60 to prevent injury to personnel and damage to equipment during loading/unloading operations.
- Do not allow personnel to stand or walk under lifted loads.

During crane operations the following precautions must be observed. Notify unit maintenance personnel of any malfunction or indication of trouble that could lead to a malfunction.

1 Observe all controls for ease of component control and proper operation.

### OPERATION PRECAUTIONS-CONTINUED



Any kinks, crushed sections, or broken strands are potential weak points and can cause wire rope failure. Frayed, kinked, worn, or corroded ropes must be replaced. Rope is unsafe if three broken wires are found in one strand of 6 x 7 rope, six broken wires in one strand of 6 x 19 rope, or nine broken wires in one strand of 6 x 37 rope.

- 2 Observe wire ropes when winding onto winches for proper winding; avoid kinking wire ropes. Inspect wire ropes for frayed, damaged, or broken strands, Use level wind on tow winch wire rope for proper layup.
- 3 Observe boom cylinders for smoothness and ease of operation.
- 4 Observe boom drop rate (distance boom drops when loaded and boom cylinder control valve lever is in center position). Boom will gradually drop if left elevated with a hanging load. When hydraulic oil is hot from recovery operations, the boom drop rate should not exceed 1/2 in. (1.3 cm) per minute with a 10,000 lb. (4,536 kg) load; 1 in. (2.5 cm) per minute with a 20,000 lb (9,080 kg) load; or 2 in. (5.1 cm) per minute with a 30,000 lb (13,620 kg) load.
- 5 Observe boom winch, tow winch, and traversing brakes for smooth and efficient operation. They should not chatter or slip.
- 6 Observe all hydraulic lines, hoses, and connections for oil leaks. Tighten all loose connections after relieving all hydraulic pressure.
- 7 Listen for any unusual noises or indications of malfunctions in winches, slip ring, hydraulic valves, and traversing unit

- 8 Release and apply tow winch and boom winch control handles slowly. Control handle is spring-loaded and will return to neutral position when released, automatically applying winch brake which will stop unit with a jerk.
- 9 Make sure that spade is firmly emplaced and suspension is locked when lifting or recovering heavy loads.
- 10 Refer to FM 20-22 for vehicle recovery techniques.
- 11 Apply and release pressure on load slowly to decrease possibility of damage to load or equipment,
- 12 Wire rope life will be increased by lubricating wire rope at regular intervals (appx G) and winding wire rope tightly and evenly on winch drum.

HOISTING AND TOW WINCHING LOAD RATING CAPACITIES INSTRUCTION PLATE

Hoisting and tow winching load rating capacities instruction plate (view C, page 2-75) indicates safe operating capacities of boom in relation to weight of load being lifted, necessary boom elevation, areas where boom may be located while supporting load, and whether spade is emplaced or retracted. For maximum capacity, vehicle must be on level ground, suspension locked, and load directly under boom tip. White areas on instruction plate show where boom must be positioned with different load conditions. In all cases, boom placement must be kept within white areas when hoisting a load weighing between 15,000 and 30,000 lb (6,810 and 13,620 kg). When hoisting a load up to 15,000 lb (6,810 kg), operation in shaded area is permissible. Information covering maximum tow winching and hoisting capacities with spade emplaced (view A, page 2-74) is shown on left hand side of plate. Information covering maximum capacities with spade retracted (view B, page 2-74) are shown on right hand side of plate. Information concerning center of load and vehicle clearance is presented in center circle.

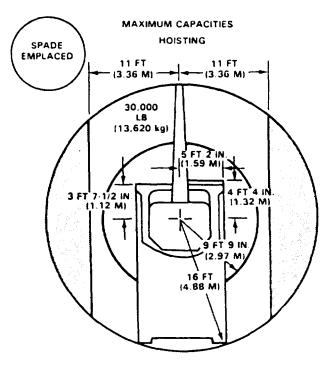
### HOISTING AND TOW WINCHING CAPACITIES-SPADE PROPERLY EMPLACED

With spade properly emplaced (view A, page 2-74 represents left side of plate), a 15,000 lb (6,810 kg) load may be hoisted safely at any boom elevation throughout cab turning range. However, with boom at its level position (full down), and hoisting a 30,000 lb (13,620 kg) load, a distance of 11 feet (3.35 m) to either side of lengthwise centerline of vehicle in maximum cab may be turned. To move 30,000 lb (13,620 kg) to a distance greater than 11 feet (3.35 m) from vehicle lengthwise centerline, boom must be elevated to its maximum raised position for load situation to remain in white (safe) area.

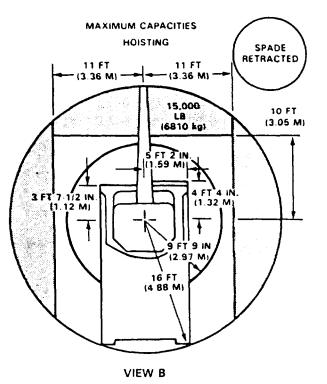
#### HOISTING AND TOW WINCHING CAPACITIES-SPADE RETRACTED

With spade retracted or improperly emplaced (view B, page 2-74, represents right side of plate), a 15,000 lb (6,810 kg) load may be safely hoisted at any boom elevation throughout cab turning range. A load of 30,000 lb (13,620 kg) may be hoisted only with boom at its fully elevated position. With boom in fully raised position, 30,000 lb (13,620 kg) load may be moved throughout cab range. When operating in white area, a maximum of 30,000 lb (13,620 kg) may be hoisted; when operating in shaded areas, a maximum of only 15,000 lb (6,810 kg) may be hoisted,

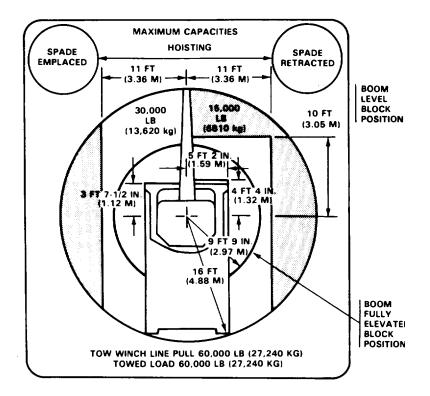
### LOAD RATING CAPACITIES INSTRUCTION PLATE



VIEW A



LOAD RATING CAPACITIES INSTRUCTION PLATE-CONTINUED



### BOOM WINCH OPERATION

VIEW C

1 Start hydraulic system. Refer to page 2-67.



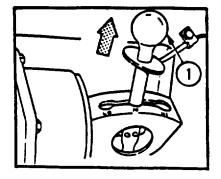
Do not pay out boom winch wire rope beyond last four wraps of rope on winch drum.



Shift winch only when winch is at full stop. Winch internal gears may be damaged if winch is shifted while being operated.

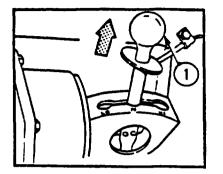
### NOTE

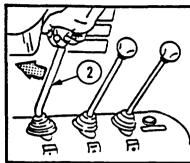
All controls are spring-loaded to return to center position. Hold onto control handle at all times when operating winch.

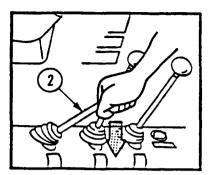


2 Pull up on shift control lever and push shift control lever (1) to LO position for low speed operation of boom winch. Release lever to lock control into position. Always use winch in LO position when hoisting loads.

### BOOM WINCH OPERATION-CONTINUED

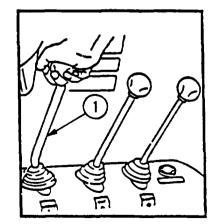






turns of wire rope on drums. Failure to observe these warn. ings could result in personnel injuries.

- 4 Push shift control lever (1) to HI (high speed) only when rapidly paying out winch wire rope or paying in winch wire rope without a load. Always hand hold wire rope to keep some pull on rope during this type of operation.
- 5 Push control handle (2) forward to pay out wire rope.
- 6 Slowly move control handle (2) to center position to stop winch.
- 7 Pull control handle (2) down to reel in wire rope.



## CAUTION

Do not place shift control lever in N (neutral) when a load is suspended.

3 With control handle (2) in pay-out position, shift control lever (1) should be in N (neutral) position only when pulling (paying out) winch wire rope from the boom winch by hand.



Always wear leather gloves (item 31, appx B) when handling winch cable. Never allow cable to run through hands. Broken wires can cause painful injuries, Do not operate winch/crane with less than four

### BOOM OPERATION

1 Start hydraulic system, Refer to page 2-67.

### NOTE

All controls are spring loaded to return to center position. Hold onto control handle at all times when operating.

2 Push control handle (1) forward and pay out wire rope about 1 ft (0.30 m) and stop winch. Refer to page 2-73.

## BOOM OPERATION-CONTINUED

3 Release single boom block (2) from front of vehicle.



Do not continue holding control handle (1) in RAISE or LOWER position after boom reaches its limits.

- 4 Pull boom cylinder control handle (3) down to RAISE position to raise boom.
- 5 Slowly move boom cylinder control handle (3) to center position to stop boom cylinders.
- 6 Push boom cylinder control handle (3) forward to LOWER position to lower boom.

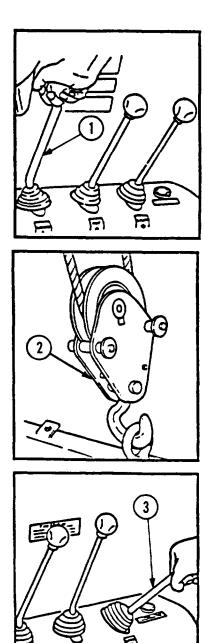
#### REEVING BOOM WINCH WIRE ROPE

Normally boom winch wire rope is used with single boom block and clevis end is attached to boom to provide a two-part line hoisting capability. When used as a single line pull, wire rope is detached from the boom and removed from single boom block.



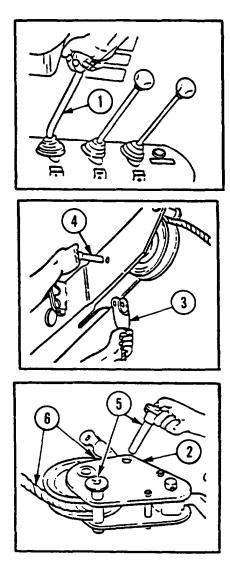
Always wear leather gloves (item 31, appx B) when handling winch cable. Never allow cable to run through hands. Broken wires can cause painful injuries. Do not operate winch/crane with less than four turns of wire rope on drums. Failure to observe these warnings could result in injuries to personnel.

1 Start hydraulic system. Refer to page 2-67.



REEVING BOOM WINCH WIRE ROPE-CONTINUED

- 2 Operate boom winch control handle (1) and pay out about 3 ft (0.92 m) of wire rope. Refer to page 2-73. Release single boom block (2) from front of vehicle. Place block on transmission deck.
- 3 Support winch wire rope clevis (3) and remove quick release pin (4) securing clevis to boom and remove clevis (3) and wire rope. Install quick release pin in boom,
- 4 Remove two quick release pins (5) from single boom block (2). Pull wire rope (6) and clevis through block. Install quick release pins (5) in single boom block (2), Stow boom block in cab stowage compartment.
- 5 After single line pull operation, reeve wire rope through single boom block and attach wire rope clevis to boom using reverse of steps 1 thru 4 above.



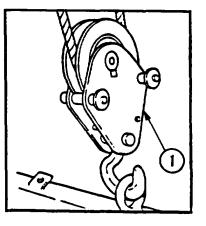
#### TRAVERSING CAB

1 Start hydraulic system, Refer to page 2-67

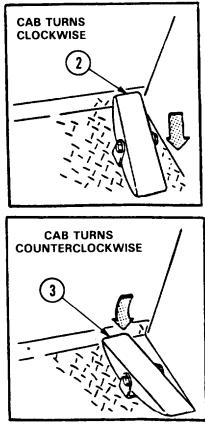


Make sure all personnel stand clear of boom and block before traversing cab.

- 2 Operate boom winch. Refer to page
  2-73. Pay out about 1 ft (0.30 m) of
  wire rope and release single boom block
  (1) from front of vehicle.
- 3 Raise boom until block clears front deck.



#### TRAVERSING CAB-CONTINUED



NOTE

Traversing foot pedal is spring-loaded to return to center position. Keep foot on pedal at all times when traversing cab.

Secure all doors and remove all tools and equipment from hull surface before traversing cab.

- 4 Slowly depress rear of traversing foot pedal (2) to turn cab clockwise.
- 5 Slowly release foot pedal to center position to stop cab. Start releasing traversing pedal before cab reaches desired location.
- 6 Slowly depress forward end of traversing foot pedal (3) to turn cab counterclockwise.

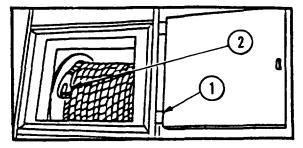
#### TOW WINCH OPERATION

## WARNING

Any kinks, crushed sections, or broken strands are potential weak points and can cause wire rope failure. Frayed, kinked, worn, or corroded ropes must be replaced. Rope is unsafe if three broken wires are found in one strand of 6 x 7 rope, six broken wires in one strand of 6 x 19 rope, or nine broken wires in one strand of 6 x 37 rope.

- 1 Start hydraulic system. Refer to page 2-67.
- 2 Emplace spade, if required, to increase winching capacity. Refer to page 2-69.
- 3 Lock suspension system. Refer to page 2-68.
- 4 Traverse cab to place tow winch at rear of vehicle. Refer to page 2-90.

## TOW WINCH OPERATION-CONTINUED



5 Open tow winch access door (1). Pull tow winch wire rope clevis (2) out through opening.



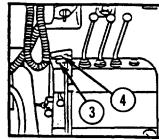
Shift which only when winch is at full stop. Winch internal gears may be damaged if winch is shifted while being operated.

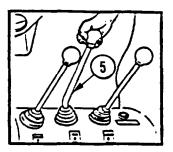
6 Pull up on control lever trigger (3) and turn shift control lever (4) fully clockwise to LO position for low speed operation of tow winch. Release control lever trigger (3) to lock control. Always use winch in LO when winching loads.

## WARNING

Always wear leather gloves (item 31, appx B) when handling winch cable. Never allow cable to run through hands. Broken wires can cause painful injuries. Do not operate winch/crane with less than four turns of wire rope on drums. Failure to observe these warnings could result in injuries to personnel.

7 Turn shift control lever (4) to N (neutral) position for pulling winch wire rope from tow winch by hand or other mechanical means.





8 Turn shift control lever (4) fully counterclockwise to HI (high speed) to pay out winch wire rope or reel in a light load. Always pay in wire rope onto winch with a load for tight wrap on winch drum.

#### NOTE

- Winch internal brakes hold winch until released by operating tow winch control handle.
- All controls are spring-loaded to return to center position. Hold onto control handle at all times when operating winch.
- 9 Push tow winch control handle (5) forward to OUT to pay out wire rope.
- 10 Slowly move control handle (5) to center position to stop winch.
- 11 Pull tow winch control handle (5) down to IN to pay in wire rope.

#### LEVEL WIND OPERATION

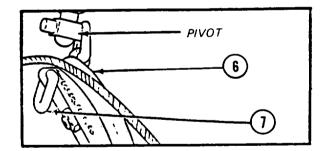
The level wind assembly contains two sensing switches that automatically actuate cab hydraulic traversing system when tow winch wire rope is not straight out from tow winch drum. This action makes sure that there is a perfect wire rope layup on tow winch drum. The level wind sensing switches are activated by level wind switch in cab. When level wind switch is ON, turning level wind wire rope slide will automatically traverse cab. There is no electrical danger to personnel.

- 1 Start hydraulic system. Refer to page 2-67.
- 2 Open tow winch access door and operate tow winch to pay out 10 to 15 ft (3.05 to 4.57 m) of wire rope. Refer to page 2-79.
- 3 Adjust level wind, if out of adjustment. Refer to page 3-51.
- 4 Remove quick release pin (1) securing snatch block tray release handle.
- 5 Lift up on tray lift handles (2) to support snatch block weight (approximately 90 lb (40.8 kg)) and pull tray release handle (3) to release tray and snatch block.
- 6 Lower tray and snatch block. Swing tray up toward front of boom and secure to bracket (4) on underside of boom with quick release pin (5).



- Always wear leather gloves (item 31, appx B) when handling winch cable. Never allow cable to run through hands. Broken wires can cause painful injuries.
- Any kinks, crushed sections, or broken strands are potential weak points and can cause wire rope failure. Frayed, kinked, worn, or cor-

SNATCH BLOCK



roded ropes must be replaced. Rope is unsafe if three broken wires are found in one strand of  $6 \times 7$  rope, six broken wires in one strand of  $6 \times 19$  rope, or nine broken wires in one strand of  $6 \times 37$ rope.

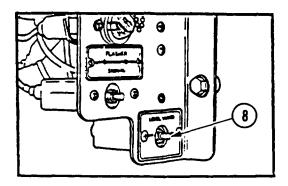
7 Pivot snatch block sheave (6) to aline with tow winch wire rope. Lift snatch block and release shackle (7) from pivot. Place tow winch wire rope on snatch block sheave and reinstall shackle on pivot.

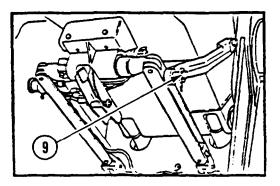
### LEVEL WIND OPERATION-CONTINUED

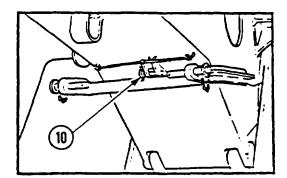


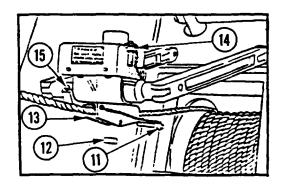
Do not touch level wind slide assembly unless level wind switch is in OFF position. Unexpected turning of cab and boom may injure personnel and damage equipment.

- 8 Make sure LEVEL WIND switch (8) is in OFF position.
- 9 Remove two yoke bracket quick release pins (9) and lower level wind assembly over tow winch wire rope.
- 10 Remove yoke bracket-to-boom quick release pin (10), lift yoke bracket, and secure bracket to boom with quick release pin (10).
- 11 Remove slide quick release pin (11) and sleeve (12) from slide (13). Position slide (13) over tow winch wire rope. Position sleeve (12) under wire rope and into slide and secure sleeve in place with quick release pin (11).
- 12 Remove slide bar quick release pin (14) securing slide bar to housing (15) and store pin in access hole in housing.
- 13 Level wind is now ready for operation.
  After tow winch cable is attached to recovery load, turn LEVEL WIND switch (8) to ON for perfect winding of cable on tow winch.
- 14 After operation, turn LEVEL WIND switch (8) to OFF and stow level wind assembly and snatch block using reverse of steps 1 thru 11.

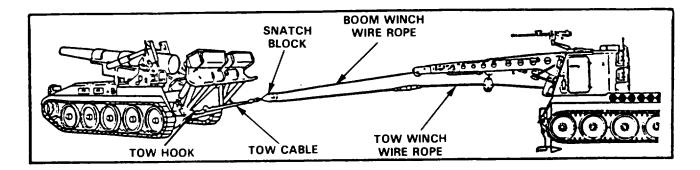








TOW WINCH AND WIRE ROPE OPERATION



Tow winch wire rope can be pulled to load by 1 hand. However, the following procedures make it a lot easier.



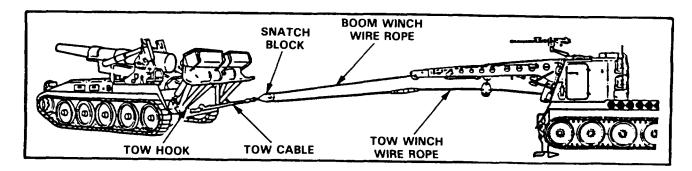
- . Always wear leather gloves (item 31, appx B) when handling winch cable. Never allow cable to run through hands. Broken wires can cause painful injuries. Do not operate winch/crane with less than four turns of wire rope on drums. Failure to observe these warnings could result in personnel injuries.
- . Any kinks, crushed sections, or broken strands are potential weak points and can cause wire rope failure. Frayed, kinked, worn, or corroded ropes must be replaced. Rope is unsafe if three broken wires are found in one strand of 6 x 7 rope, six broken wires in one strand of 6 x 19 rope, or nine broken wires in one strand of 6 x 37 rope.

- Open tow winch access door and pull tow winch wire rope clevis out through opening.
- 2 Pay out a few feet of tow winch wire rope and reeve rope through snatch block on underside of boom. Refer to page 2-79.
- 3 Take 5/8-in. (1.59-cm) sheave snatch block, stowed on left side of cab, and attach to load being recovered.
- 4 Disconnect boom winch wire rope from boom and remove single boom block from wire rope. Refer to page 2-75.
- 5 Pay out boom wire rope to load and pull boom winch wire rope through snatch block attached to load. Pull boom winch wire rope back and attach to tow winch wire rope.
- 6 Operate boom winch to pay in wire rope and at same time operate tow winch to pay out tow winch wire rope until tow winch wire rope reaches load to be recovered.

#### NOTE

The 3/4-in. (1.91-cm) fiber rope may be used to supplement boom winch wire rope to reach loads at greater distance.

TOW WINCH AND WIRE ROPE OPERATION-CONTINUED





- Always wear leather gloves (item 31, appx B) when handling winch cable. Never allow cable to run through hands. Broken wires can cause painful injuries. Do not operate winch/crane with less than four turns of wire rope on drums. Failure to observe these warnings could result in injuries to personnel.
- Any kinks, crushed sections, or broken strands are potential weak points and can cause wire rope failure. Frayed, kinked, worn, or corroded ropes must be replaced. Rope is unsafe if three broken wires are found in one strand of 6 x 7 rope, six broken wires in one strand of 6 x 19 rope, or nine broken wires in one strand of 6 x 37 rope.
- 7 Disconnect boom winch wire rope from tow winch wire rope. Remove snatch block from load and stow on cab. Pay in boom winch wire rope, reeve through

single boom block, and attach to boom. Refer to page 2-75.

- 8 Install level wind on tow winch wire rope. Refer to page 2-80.
- 9 Attach tow winch wire rope to load to be recovered. Operate tow winch to pull in load.

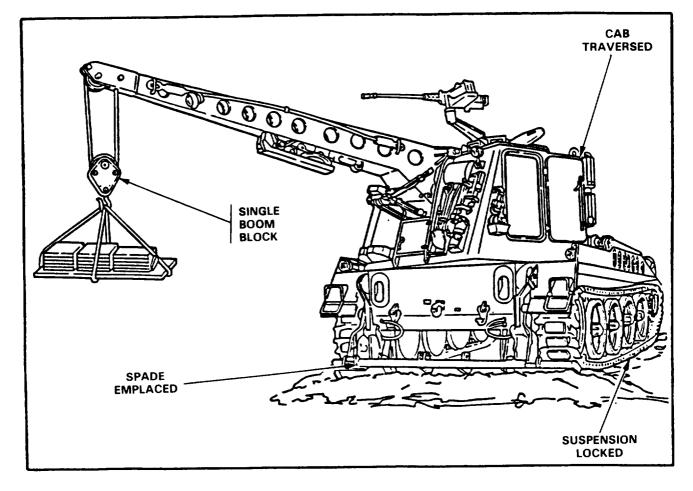
#### RECOVERY OPERATION

Every recovery operation will present different conditions and circumstances. Refer to FM 20-22 for vehicle recovery operations. The following procedures apply to operation of M578 recovery vehicle to accomplish the recovery mission.

#### VEHICLE OPERATION

- 1 Drive vehicle as close to load to be recovered and on as level ground as possible. Position vehicle with rear of vehicle toward load to be moved.
- 2 Actuate hydraulic system. Refer to page 2-67. Refer to load rating capacities instruction plate for hoisting and tow winching capacities information. Refer to page 2-74.
- 3 Emplace spade, if required, to increase winching capacity. Refer to page 2-69.

#### VEHICLE OPERATION-CONTINUED

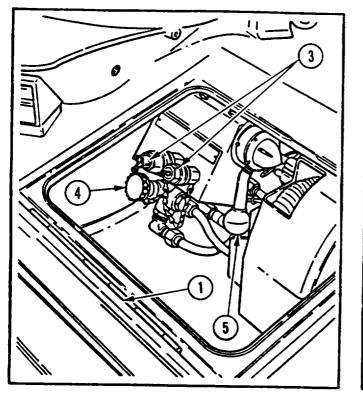


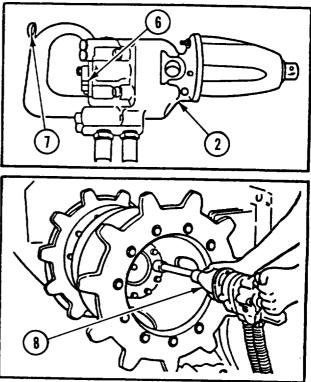
- 4 Lock suspension system. Refer to page 2-68.
- 5 Disconnect single boom block from hull and traverse cab to place boom over load or to place tow winch wire rope in line with load to be recovered. Refer to page 2-79.

BOOM AND BOOM WINCH OPERATION

- 1 Operate boom as required. Refer to page 2-76.
- 2 Operate boom winch as required to lift load. Refer to page 2-75.

HYDRAULIC IMPACT WRENCH OPERATION





- 1 Start hydraulic system. Refer to page 2-67.
- 2 Open impact wrench access door (1) and remove impact wrench (2).

#### NOTE

Twenty-five foot hydraulic hoses stowed in cab stowage compartment may be connected to extend impact wrench working area.

3 Remove caps from valve quick disconnect couplings (3) and from impact wrench hoses.

## NOTE

All impact wrench hoses must be bled prior to stowing.

4 Pull out selector valve (4).

## NOTE

- Upon completion of impact wrench operation, push selector valve in.
- Refer to TM 9-5130-338-15P for repair procedures on hydraulic impact wrench.

Flow Regulator	Torque Output 1-in. Bolt at	Torque Output 1-in. Bolt at
Setting	10 Seconds	5 Seconds
5	OFF	OFF
6		
7		
7 1/2		
8	460	300
8 1/2	640	380
9	760	510
9 1/2	800	660
10	840	780

## HYDRAULIC IMPACT WRENCH OPERATION-CONTINUED

- 5 Pull up on flow regulator valve handle (5) to setting required as listed in table.
- 6 Turn impact wrench rotary switch (6) to desired direction of rotation.
- 7 Install impact wrench on work and depress trigger (7) to operate impact wrench (2).
- 8 Hold hydraulic impact wrench with two hands during operation (8).
- 9 Push down on flow regulator valve handle (5) when wrench operation is completed. Handle must be all the way down before spade can be operated.

## EMERGENCY OPERATION OF CRANE AND SPADE

The M578 recovery vehicle is equipped with a hydraulic ram hand pump and brake pressure selector valves. These provide emergency hydraulic pressure and limited operation of crane and spade. The following procedures should be used when there is a power failure causing loss of hydraulic pressure. The emergency procedures provide for making vehicle ready for travel and allow: Boom winch brake to be released.

Boom to be lowered.

Tow winch brake to be released.

Cab to be traversed.

Spade to be raised.

## RELEASING BOOM WINCHBRAKE

Releasing boom winch brake will allow a suspended load to be lowered and boom winch wire rope to be unwound from winch drum.

# WARNING

Make sure all personnel stand clear of any suspended load when releasing boom winch brake.

1 Pull boom winch brake pressure selector valve (1) out. Place winch shift lever (2) in neutral.

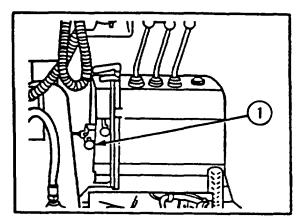
## NOTE

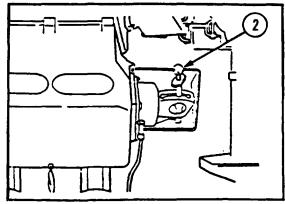
Operate hydraulic ram hand pump slowly to control descent . rate of load.

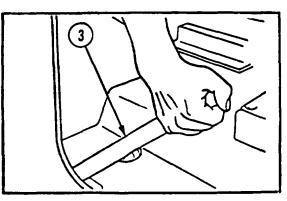
- 2 Operate hydraulic ram hand pump (3) slowly until boom winch brake is released and load is lowered to ground.
- 3 Disconnect wire rope from load.
- 4 Roll up wire rope and stow securely on vehicle deck.
- 5 Push brake pressure selector valve (1) in when load is on ground and wire rope is secure. This will set winch brake.

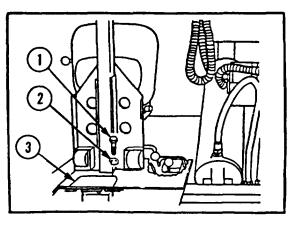
## LOWERING BOOM

- 1 If a load is supported by boom, release boom winch brake before attempting to lower boom. Refer to page 2-88.
- 2 Remove two screws (1) and washers (2) securing cover (3) over boom cylinder bypass valve and remove cover. The cover is on deck behind and to left of . rigger's seat.









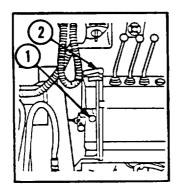
LOWERING BOOM-CONTINUED



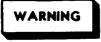
Make sure all personnel stand clear of boom.

- 3 To lower boom, open boom cylinder bypass valve (4) by slowly turning handle (5) clockwise.
- 4 When boom is completely lowered, close boom cylinder bypass valve (4) by turning handle (5) counterclockwise, Position cover (3) and secure with two screws (1) and washers (2).

## RELEASING TOW WINCH BRAKE



Releasing tow winch brake will release wire rope tension and allow tow winch wire rope to be unwound from winch drum.

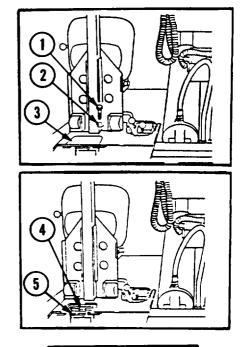


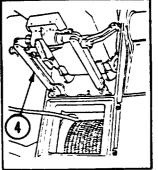
Make sure all personnel stand clear of any load supported by wire rope which may roll free when releasing tow winch brake.

1 Pull tow winch brake pressure selector valve (1) out. Place winch shift lever (2) in neutral.

#### NOTE

Operate hydraulic ram hand pump slowly to control release rate of load.





2 Operate hydraulic ram hand pump (3) slowly until tow winch brake is released and load is secured.

#### NOTE

Make sure tension has been released from wire rope.

- 3 Disconnect wire rope from load.
- 4 Raise and secure level wind (4) to boom.
- 5 Roll up wire rope and stow securely on vehicle deck.
- 6 Push brake pressure selector valve (1) in when load is secure. This will set winch brake.

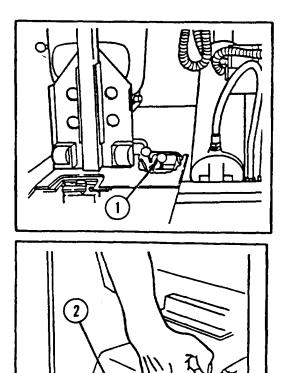
#### TRAVERSING CAB

Releasing cab traversing brake will allow cab to be pulled into desired position.

#### NOTE

Make sure that boom and tow winch cables are secure and boom is lowered before releasing brake and traversing cab.

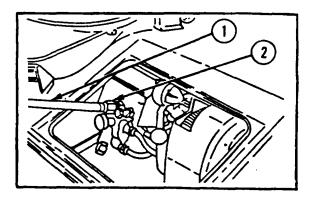
- 1 Pull brake pressure selector valve (1) out.
- 2 Operate hydraulic ram hand pump (2) until traversing brake is released.
- 3 Continue to operate hydraulic ram hand pump (2). Traverse cab into desired position by pushing on boom or pulling on boom with an attached line.
- 4 When cab is in desired position, push selector valve (1) in. This will set traversing brake.



## RAISING SPADE

Connecting hydraulic ram hand pump to impact wrench controls with impact wrench hose will provide pressure to raise spade.

1 Connect impact wrench hose (1) to large quick disconnect coupling (2) on impact wrench flow regulator manifold.



RAISING SPADE-CONTINUED

2 Route impact wrench hose (1) as shown,



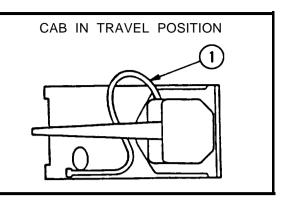
Traverse cab counterclockwise to working position to prevent damage to hose. From working position traverse cab clockwise only to prevent damage to hose.

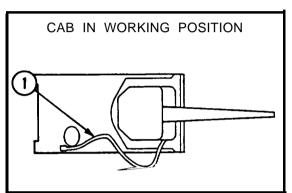
- 3 Connect impact wrench hose (1) to large quick disconnect coupling (3) at right front of hand pump.
- 4 Drive vehicle off spade.

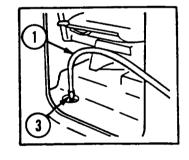
NOTE

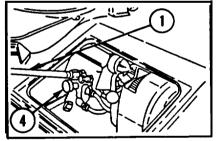
Pull from spade if vehicle is disabled.

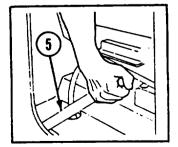
- 5 Pull impact wrench pressure selector valve (4) out.
- 6 Turn spade control valve handle in driver's compartment to RAISE.
- 7 Operate hydraulic ram hand pump (5) for approximately 2 minutes to raise spade.
- 8 Install spade travel lock and tighten securely.
- 9 Push pressure selector valve (4) in. Remove, drain, and stow impact wrench hose (1).
- 10 Return cab to travel position.











#### **OPERATION OF AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT**

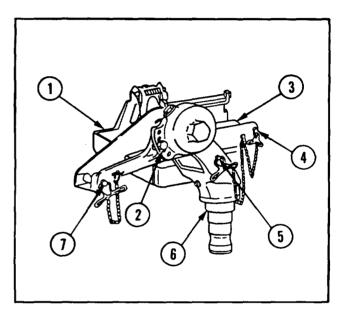
Make sure you know proper procedures and precautions before attempting to operate auxiliary equipment on M578 recovery vehicle. The following pages provide operating instructions for machine gun mount, caliber .50 machine gun, fixed fire extinguisher, portable fire extinguisher, gas-particulate filter unit, and communications equipment.

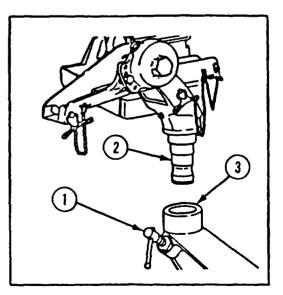
#### CALIBER .50 MACHINE GUN MOUNT NOMENCLATURE

- 1 AMMUNITION TRAY. Tray holds the ammunition box from which ammunition is fed into machine gun. The tray has a hinged, spring-loaded arm that holds ammunition in box when machine gun is elevated.
- 2 EQUILIBRATOR ADJUSTING SCREW. Screw provides adjustment for equilibrator spring and cap that holds machine gun in a horizontal position.
- 3 CRADLE. Cradle supports machine gun in mount.
- 4 FRONT LOCKING PIN. Pin secures machine gun to cradle.
- 5 TRAVEL LOCK PIN. Pin secures cradle in a horizontal position.
- 6 PINTLE. Pintle secures mount on mount support of the rigger/gunner's cupola.
- 7 REAR LOCKING PIN. Pin secures machine gun to cradle.

## OPERATING CALIBER .50 MA CHINE GUN MOUNT

 Install mount on vehicle by loosening gun lock clamp (1) and inserting mount pintle (2) into mount support (3). Tighten gun lock clamp (1).





#### OPERATING CALIBER .50 MACHINE GUN MOUNT-CONTINUED

- 2 Install machine gun on mount by removing front locking pin (4) and rear locking pin (5) and by positioning machine gun on mount. Secure machine gun by inserting locking pins (4 and 5).
- 3 Machine gun and mount are removed by reversing above steps.
- 4 Remove travel lock pin to unlock cradle for gun elevation during firing.
- 5 Loosen gun lock clamp to unlock mount for gun traversing during firing.

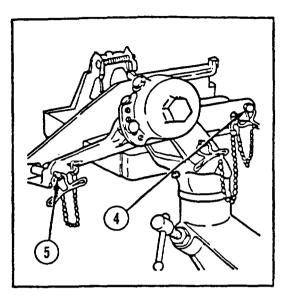
OPERATING CALIBER .50 MACHINE GUN

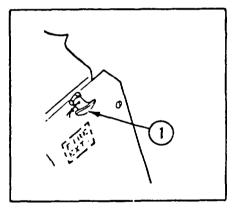
Refer to TM 9-1005-213-10 for operating instructions on machine gun.

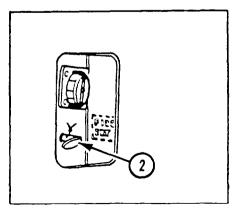
OPERATING FIXED FIRE EXTINGUISHER

Fixed fire extinguisher system consists of two 10 lb (4.5 kg) cylinders provided to extinguish engine compartment fires. System can be discharged from driver's compartment or from left side of hull. Fixed fire extinguisher handle (1) is in driver's compartment on wall to left and rear of driver's seat. Fixed fire extinguisher handle (2) is just below slave receptacle on left fender box.

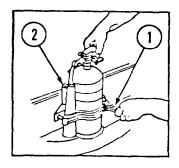
- 1 To discharge fixed fire extinguisher cylinders, pull handle (1 or 2) out with a quick, hard jerk. This will break seal and discharge carbon dioxide into engine compartment.
- 2 After using fire extinguisher, notify unit maintenance personnel to replace discharged carbon dioxide cylinders with charged cylinders.

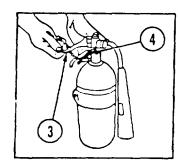






#### OPERATING PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHER

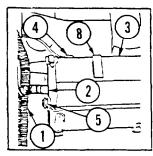


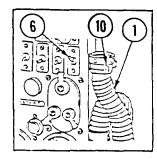


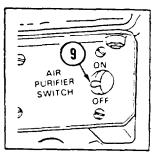
One portable fire extinguisher is located inside cab on left rear wall. The other portable fire extinguisher is located outside on left front of cab.

- 1 Pull latch (1) and lift fire extinguisher from bracket (2).
- 2 Pull safety pin (3) and break safety wire (4).

### OPERATING GAS-PARTICULATE FILTER UNIT







DRIVER'S GAS PARTICULATE FILTER UNIT

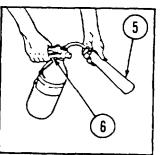


The M8A2 or M8A3 gas-particulate filter unit will not protect against carbon monoxide.

#### NOTE

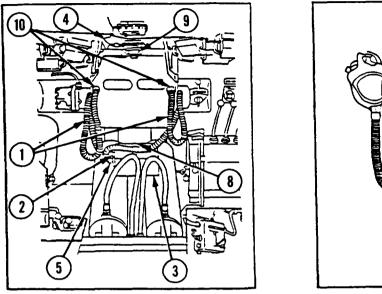
If it is necessary for a crew member to work outside of cab area, and fitter protection is needed, a 9 ft (3 m) hose is availabe. Notify unit maintenance.

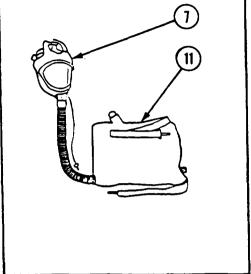
The M578 recovery vehicle is equipped with two M8A2 or M8A3 gas-particulate filter units for protection of driver and crew against toxic gases and extremely dusty conditions. One filter unit is located on floor in front of driver. The other filter unit is located in cab on boom cylinders. M25/M25A1 protective masks must be used with filter unit.



- 3 Aim nozzle (5) at base of fire and squeeze trigger, (6) to discharge fire extinguisher.
- 4 After using fire extinguisher, notify unit maintenance personnel to have cylinder recharged or replaced,

OPERATING GAS-PARTICULATE FILTER UNIT-CONTINUED





#### CREW GAS-PARTICULATE FILTER UNIT

- 1 Check that each hose assembly (1) is securely attached to quick-disconnect outlet (2) on side of air purifier (3).
- 2 Check that electrical power cable (4) is securely connected to connector on back of air purifier (3).
- 3 Check that unused quick-disconnect outlets (2) on air purifier (3) are covered with air flow control caps (5).
- 4 Check that MASTER switch (6) on driver's instrument panel is in ON position.
- 5 Put on protective mask and adjust facepiece (7).
- 6 Slide spring clip (8) off air intake holes in air purifier (3) until openings are completely uncovered.
- 7 Set AIR PURIFIER switch (9) to ON.

#### NOTE

Make sure air purifier is operating by placing hand near

dust outlets on end plate of unit and detecting a small but noticeable flow of air.

- 8 Remove air hose (1) from holding clip (10) and couple to canister (1 1 ) of protective mask.
- 9 Reverse above steps when stopping gasparticulate filter unit.
- 10 Record duration of any chemical attack and type of agent used.



Do not remove contaminated filters from filter unit. Notify NBC unit maintenance officer assigned to remove and dispose of contaminated filters.

11 Compute remaining protective capability of filter unit. Refer to chart on page 2-96. Notify NBC unit maintenance personnel when 100 replacement units have been used.

## OPERATJIVG GAS-PARTICULATE FILTER UNIT-CONTINUED

	GAS F	ILTER REPLACEMENT U	NITS	
		Type of Attack		
Duration of	Ground- delivered nerve	Each air- delivered nerve agent attack and all blister agent	сх	CX and ail other agents including unidentified
attack (min)	agents (units used)	attacks except CX (units used)	(units used)	agents (units used)
2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20	1/2 1 1 1/2 2 2 1/2 3 3 1/2 4 4 1/2 5	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100	6 12 18 24 30 36 42 48 54 60
lasting longer th	an 2 minutes but less	s is considered to have a s than 4 minutes is cons n to attacks up to 20 m	idered to have	
may be used: M propriate attack	Aultiply duration (numb column and divide by	an attack longer than 2 ber of minutes) by number 2. For example, a filter use 15 replacement units	er of units show exposed to a	n on line 1 of ap-
		<u>30</u> minutes <u>x</u> 1_unit		

## 

<u>30 minutes x 1 unit</u> 2 = 15 units

12 After operation, perform after operation preventive maintenance checks and services.

INSTALLING COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT



Make sure communication equipment is off before starting engine.

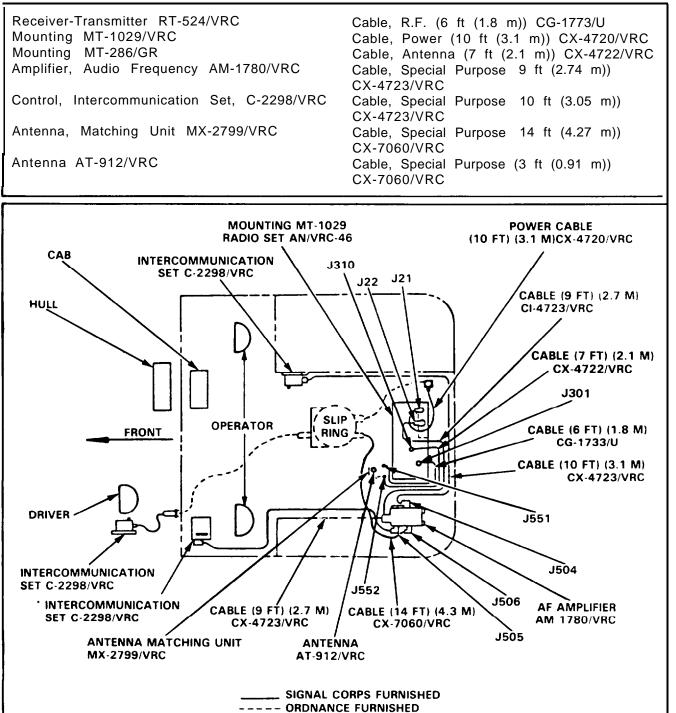
The M578 recovery vehicle is equipped with a radio set AN/VRC-46 with interphone or a

radio set AN/VRC-13, -14, or -15 with interphone. These radio sets provide for crew intercommunication and for voice communication between other vehicles, aircraft, and field units. Maximum reliable distance for these radios is 50 miles (80.5 km). See TM 11-291 or TM 11-5820-401-10-1, supplied with equipment, for detailed instructions on the use of radio equipment.

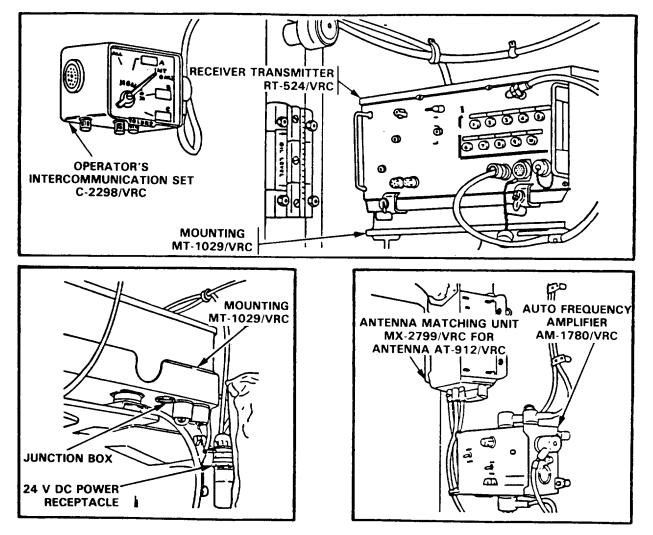
#### INSTALLING COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT- CONTINUED

RADIO SET AN/VRC-46 WITH INTERPHONE

PRINCIPAL COMPONENTS



## INSTALLING COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT- CONTINUED



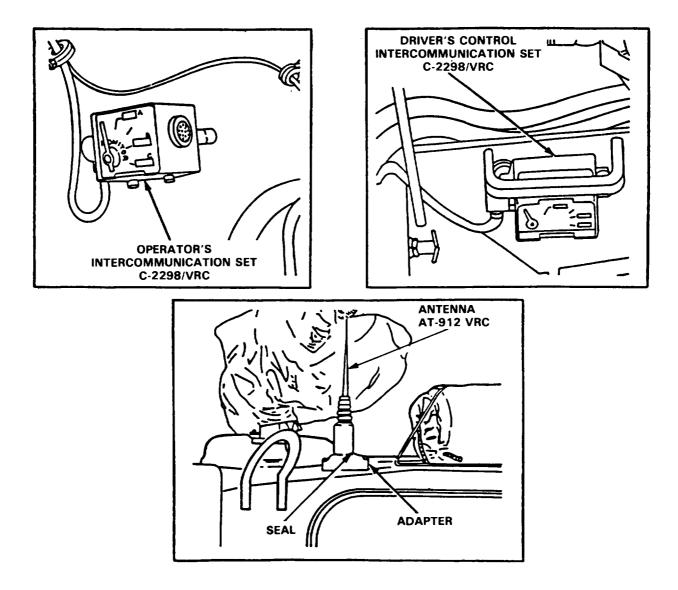
Radio receiver-transmitter RT-524/VRC provides frequency modulated (FM) voice communication in frequency range of 30 to 75.95 mcs. Receiver-transmitter is manually tuned and covers entire frequency range. The front panel of RT-524/VRC houses a loud speaker. Control boxes, audio accessories, cables, and intercommunication components are not part of basic radio set, but are furnished as individual parts in installation unit. All cable assemblies used with radio set terminate in pin and socket connectors.

Mounting MT-1029/VRC is a steel frame unit for supporting RT-524/VRC. Two latching

thumbscrews engage two holddown tabs to secure receiver-transmitter. Five shock mounts attach top tray mounting surface to bottom mounting plate. A terminal box, at left rear of mounting, contains power and wiring connections.

Audio frequency amplifier AM-1780/VRC houses amplifier and is main junction box for attaching components of communication system. Selection of modes of operation is available with amplifier. A set of field telephone binding posts is located on face panel of amplifier provided for external field operation.

INSTALLING COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT- CONTINUED



Intercommunication control set C-2298/VRC provides interphone and radio control facilities. Control set box has a main control switch on front to select desired radio and interphone facilities. An 18-pin receptacle is provided at each side for connection of cable assemblies.

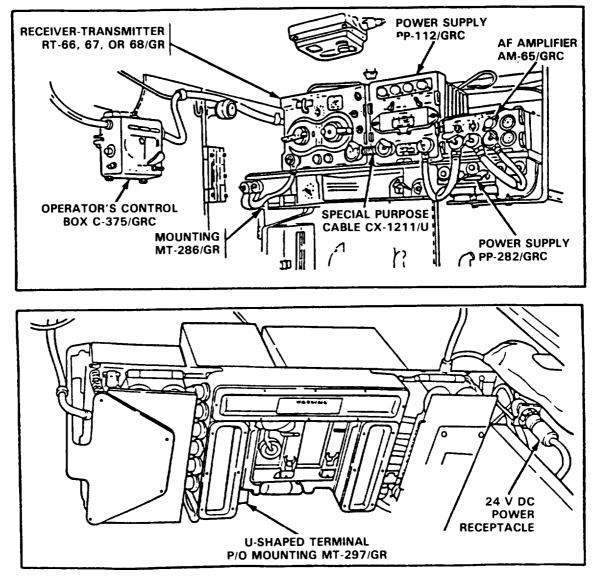
Antenna AT-912/VRC is a center-fed whip antenna for use with receiver-transmitter RT-524/VRC. Antenna consists of a helical spring-type base support, two fiberglass covered sections, and an impedance matching unit. A seal and adapter are used to mount antenna on cab. Impedance matching unit automatically tunes antenna for maximum RF output over entire frequency range of receiver-transmitter. The RF and system control cables from receiver-transmitter are terminated in receptacles located at bottom end of matching unit.

## INSTALLING COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT-CONTINUED

RADIO SET AN/VRC-13, -14, OR -15 WITH INTERPHONE COMPONENTS

Principal components	AN/VRC-13	ANVRC-14	ANVRC-15
Receiver-Transmitter RT-66/GR	х		
Receiver-Transmitter RT-67/GR	~	х	
Receiver-Transmitter RT-68/GR			х
AF Amplifier AM-65/GRC (Interphone Amplifier)	х	Х	х
Power Supply PP-112/GRC	х	Х	х
Power Supply PP-282/GRC	х	Х	х
Mounting MT-297/GR	х	Х	х
Control Box C-375/GRC (3)	Х	Х	х
Loud Speaker LS-166/U	х	Х	х
Antenna, Consisting of:			
Mast Base AB-15/GR	х	Х	х
Mast Section MS-116A	Х	Х	х
Mast Section MS-117A	х	Х	х
Mast Section MS-118A	х	Х	х
Mast Section AB-24GR	х	Х	Х
Cable (6 ft) (1.8 m) WM-46/U	Х	Х	Х
Cable (3 ft) (0.9 m) WM-46/U	Х	Х	Х
Cable (10 ft) (3.1 m) WM-46/U	Х	Х	Х
Cable (12 ft) (3.7 m) WM-46/U	Х	Х	х
Cable (4 ft) (1.2 m) WM-46/U	X	Х	X
Cable, Power CO-212 Cable, Special Purpose CX-1211/U	X	X	X
Cable, RF (4 ft 2 in.) (1.3 m) CG-530/U	Х	X	X
Cable, RF (4 ft 2 in. ) (1.3 m) CG-568/U	Y	Х	х
Cable, R1 (4 R 2 III. ) (1.3 III) CC-500/C	Х		
SIGNAL CORPS FURNISHED CONTROL BOX	SPECIAL PURPOSE		/VRC-13, -, OR -15
ORDNANCE FURNISHED	CABLE CX-1211/U	' <b>/</b> I.	-
		RECEIVER TH	
			RT-66/GR
		CABLE	(4 FT)
(PLUGS INTO ANY AUDIO			1) WM-46/U
HULL		POWER C	ABLE CO-212
	SLIP -		
FRONT	RING	LINE DISCONN	ECT PLUG
		PC	WER SUPPLY
		PP	-112/GRC
		PC	WER SUPPLY
The A			-282/GRC
CONTROL BOX			OUNTING
C-375/GRC			T-297/GR
CONTROL BOX ANT	ENNA		AMPLIFIER
C-375/GRC CABLE (12 FT) CABLE (3 FT) (0.91 M) (3.66 M) WM-46/			M-65/GRC
WM-46/U CABLE (10 FT) (3.05 M) WM-46/U	U CG-530/U OR ( CG-568/U	(6 FT) (1.8 M) WM-	46/U

INSTALLING COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT- CONTINUED



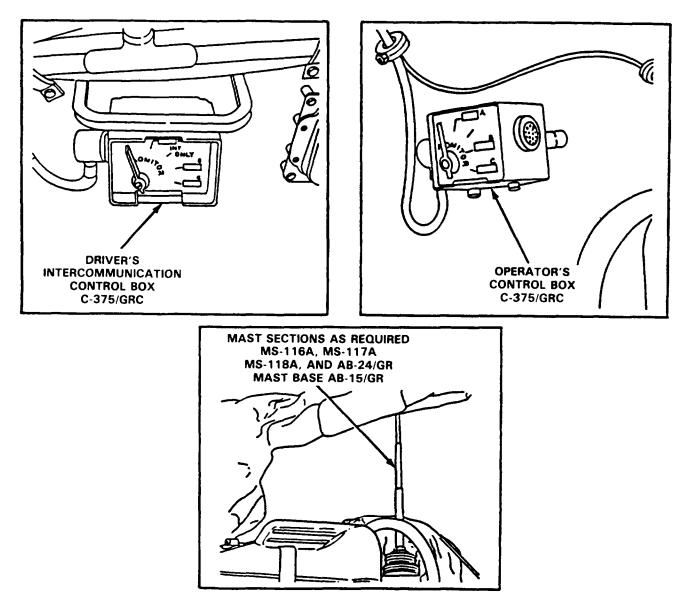
Receiver-transmitters RT-66/GR, RT-67/GR, and RT-68/GR provide intervehicle communication. Sets are identical in shape and size and differ only in frequency band in which they operate.

Components for each radio set are installed on mounting MT-297/GR. Mounting is a steelframe unit with equally spaced, recessed channels, running from front to rear. Latches for locking feet of components in channels are activated by levers along front edge of mounting. Shock mounts attach mounting surface to holddown plates. U-shaped terminal box contains power and control wiring connections.

Power supply PP-112/GRC is a 24-volt vibrator which powers receiver-transmitter.

AF amplifier AM-65/GRC contains audio amplifier and mixer circuits necessary to provide interphone communication and radio monitoring at control box C-375/GRC.

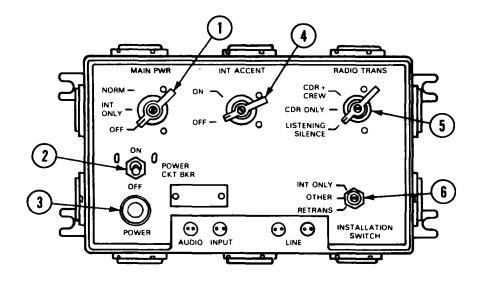
INSTALLING COMMUNICATJONS EQUIPMENT-CONTINUED



Control box C-375/GRC is used to control radio set and interphone amplifier. Control box has a main control switch in front to select radio and interphone facilities and a spring-loaded radio transmit switch on top. Three control boxes are used in vehicle to furnish each crew member intercommunication facilities. Cables with pin-and-socket connectors connect control boxes in cab to a pin-andsocket receptacle in hull.

One whip-type antenna is used. The location of antenna "hole opening is at left rear of cab roof. Component parts of antenna are mast base AB-15GR, consisting of a flexible stem, a feed-through porcelain insulator and provisions on bottom for connecting antenna lead-in cable and mast sections MS-116A, MS-117A, MS-118A, or AB-24GR. Refer to principal components list on page 2-100 for combinations with each receiver-transmitter.

#### OPERATING COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT



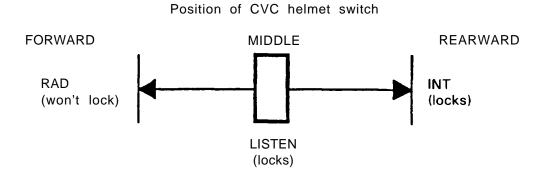
The AM-1780/VRC is master control for intercom system. Nothing works until both driver's MASTER switch and AM-1780/VRC are turned on.



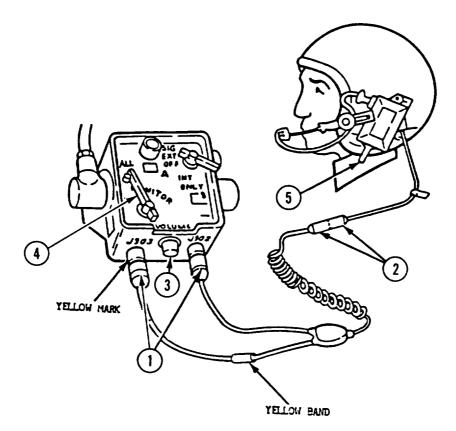
Before starting vehicle engine, make certain MAIN PWR switch (1) is off. Otherwise, engine start could damage AM-1780/ VRC.

- 1 With vehicle power on, set MAIN PWR switch (1) to INTercom ONLY and POWER CKT BKR switch (2) to ON position. POWER lamp (3) should light.
- 2 Leave INT ACCENT switch (4) at OFF, RADIO Transmission switch (5) at LISTENING SILENCE and INSTALLATION SWITCH (6) at INTercom ONLY.

The following procedures explain how to operate control box C-2298/VRC.



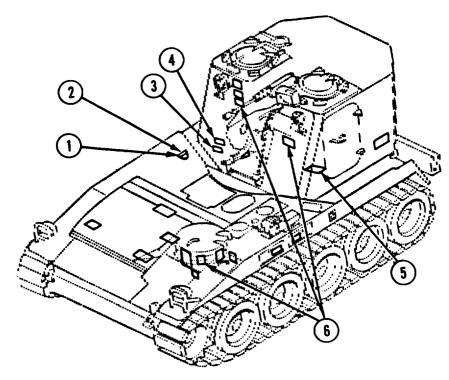
OPERATING COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT- CONTINUED



- Connect CVC helmet cable connectors

   to control box receptacles. Cable with yellow band (longer cable) connects to receptacle with yellow mark.
- 2 Check that bail-out connectors (2) are snapped in place.
- 3 During operation, adjust VOLUME knob (3) for best reception.

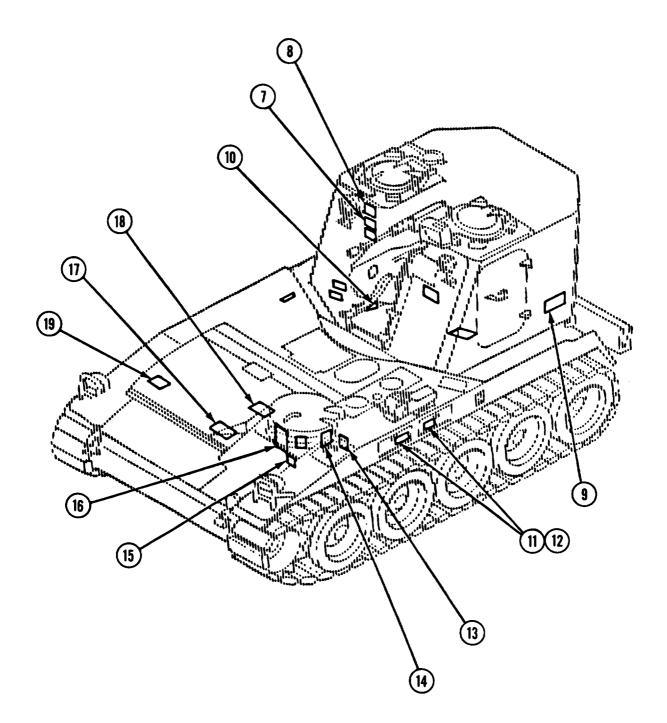
- 4 MONITOR switch (4) can be at A, ALL, or INT ONLY.
- 5 Talk to other crew members by pushing helmet switch (5) rearward. Set to mid position when done.



## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS ON DECALS AND INSTRUCTION PLATES

Key	Item/Location	Description
1	Diesel fuel only plate on fuel fill cover	Caution to fill fuel cell with diesel fuel only.
2	Fuel cell bladders in- stalled caution plate on inside fuel filler ac- cess cover	Caution to remove fuel cell bladders before welding fuel cell area.
3	Tow winch brake pressure selector valve plate on inside right front of cab	Instructions for the use of tow winch brake pressure selector valve.
4	Boom winch brake pres- sure selector valve plate on inside right front of cab	Instructions for the use of boom winch brake pressure selector valve.
5	Traversing brake pressure selector valve plate on left center floor of cab	Instructions for the use of traversing brake pressure selector valve.
6	High intensity noise caution decals on inside front of cab and driver's instrument panel	Warning to wear hearing protection when vehicle is operating.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS ON DECALS AND INSTRUCTION PLATES-CONTINUED



## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS ON DECALS AND INSTRUCTION PLATES-CONTINUED

Key	Item/Location	Description
7	Boom winch load caution plate on inside right front of cab.	Caution on safe operating capacity of boom winch high gear.
8	Boom and tow winch load rate capacities plate on inside right front of cab	Caution on safe operating capacities of the boom in relation to load weight, boom positions, boom elevation with sus- pension locked. Indicates tow winch capacities with and without spade emplaced.
9	Fire extinguisher plate on cab fire extinguisher	Instructions for the care and use of handheld fire extinguisher.
10	Level wind warning plate on level wind	Warning not to touch level wind unless unit is turned off.
11	Air cleaner plates on in- side of access doors	Instructions for servicing and replacing engine air intake filters.
12	Contaminated (NBC) filters warning plate on inside of access doors	Warning that contaminated (NBC) filters must be handled with adequate precautions.
13	Impact wrench flow con- trol valve instruction plate in impact wrench compartment	Instructions for the use of impact wrench flow control valve.
14	Aeration warning plate on aeration warning light in driver's compartment.	Identifies low engine coolant level warning light.
15	Governed speed plate on instrument panel	Cautions that the government engine speed under total load is 1,200 rpm with the hydraulic clutch engaged. Under no load, governed speed is 1,350 rpm.
16	Air box heater and fuel prime plate on driver's instrument panel	Instructions for the use of fuel purge and prime and air box heater.
17	Secondary fuel filter plate on high pressure fuel filter	Notice to drain filter and replace element,
18	Primary fuel filter plate on low pressure fuel filter.	Notice to drain filter and replace element.
19	Ignition exciter warning plate on ignition exciter	Warning to disconnect power input before servicing exciter due to high amperage output.

## Section IV. OPERATION UNDER UNUSUAL CONDITIONS

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In addition to normal preventive maintenance service, special care in cleaning and lubrication must be observed where extremes of temperature, humidity, and terrain conditions are present or anticipated. Proper cleaning and lubrication of equipment not only are necessary for proper operation and functioning, but also guard against excessive wear of working parts and failure of equipment. Read FM 21-306 special instructions for operating under unusual conditions,

## OPERATION IN UNUSUAL WEATHER

EXTREMELY MOIST HEAT SALT AIR, OR SEA SPRAY

- 1 Lubricate vehicle at frequent intervals as prescribed in appendix G.
- 2 Operation of vehicle at high speeds, on long hard pulls in lower gear ratios, or in soft terrain may cause engine to overheat. Watch engine temperature gauge and halt vehicle for a cooling-off period whenever necessary and tactical situation permits. Do not turn off engine - set hand throttle control lever to run engine at 1,000 to 1,200 rpm and allow to cool.
- 3 If engine temperature consistently rises above 200°F (93°C), check filter bags

for excessive dust, and if necessary, clean filter pacs. Refer to page 3-43. When air filter baskets are removed, inspect air separators for clogging. If clogged, notify unit maintenance personnel.

- 4 Keep vehicle clean and dry.
- 5 Inspect vehicle frequently for corrosion, moisture, and accumulation of fungus growth. Dry any moisture and remove any corrosion or fungus growth. Have unit maintenance personnel prime and paint any area where paint is cracked or peeling.
- 6 Clean and Lubricate exposed metal surfaces and gun bore of machine gun frequently. When machine gun is not in use, cover surfaces with a film of PL special or CLP and keep cover in place.
- 7 Do not park vehicle in sun for long periods of time. If no suitable shelter is available, cover vehicle with tarpaulin. Tarpaulin should be suspended above cab surface to allow air ventilation, if possible.
- 8 Keep all doors and cupola covers open whenever possible to aid ventilation of vehicle.

# OPERATION IN UNUSUAL WEATHER-CONTINUED

EXTREMELY MOIST HEAT, SAL T AIR, OR SEA SPRAY- CONTINUED

- 9 Refer to page 3-53 for maintenance procedures which are required in addition to normal PMCS when vehicle is operated in salt air, sea spray, or hot humid climates.
- 10 Check level of battery acid in cells daily, Electrolyte level must not drop below top of battery plates. If low, notify unit maintenance personnel. Batteries selfdischarge at a high rate when not in use. If vehicle is parked for several days in hot climate, have unit maintenance personnel remove batteries and store in a cool place, if possible.

## EXTREMELY OR Y HEAT

- 1 Lubricate vehicle at frequent intervals as prescribed in appendix G.
- 2 Operation of vehicle at high speed, on long hard pulls in lower gear ratios or in soft terrain may cause engine to overheat. Watch engine temperature gauge and halt vehicle for a cooling-off period whenever necessary and tactical situation permits. Do not turn off engine - set hand throttle control lever to run engine at 1,000 to 1,200 rpm and allow engine to cool.
- 3 If engine temperature consistently rises above 200°F (93°C), check filter bags for excessive dust, and if necessary, clean filter pats. Refer to page 3-43. When air filter baskets are removed, inspect air separators for clogging. If clogged, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 4 Do not park vehicle in sun for long periods of time. If no suitable shelter is available, cover vehicle with tarpaulin. Tarpaulin should be suspended above cab surface to allow air ventilation, if possible.

- 5 Keep all doors and cupola covers open whenever possible to aid ventilation of vehicle.
- 6 Clean and lubricate exposed metal surfaces and gun bore of machine gun frequently. When machine gun is not in use, cover surfaces with a film of PL special or CLP and keep cover in place.
- 7 Refer to page 3-57 for maintenance procedures which are required in addition to normal PMCS when vehicle is operated in desert climates.
- 8 Check level of battery acid in cells daily. Electrolyte level must not drop below top of battery plates. If low, notify unit maintenance personnel. Batteries selfdischarge at a high rate when not in use. If vehicle is parked for several days in hot climate, have unit maintenance personnel remove batteries and store in a cool place, if possible.

## TOXIC GAS, EXTREME DUST, OR DUST AND SAND STORMS



Carbon monoxide is a poisonous gas and can cause personal injury and possible death. The gas-particulate filter unit will not protect against carbon monoxide. If you have symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning, seek immediate medical help. Keep area adequately ventilated.

- In event of a chemical attack or when operating vehicle under extremely dusty conditions, driver and crew should use gas-particulate filter unit. Refer to TM 3-4240-280-10 for operation of gasparticulate unit.
- 2 When operating in extreme dust or during a dust or sand storm, keep all doors and cupola covers closed and locked when not in use.

OPERATION IN UNUSUAL WEATHER-CONTINUED

TOXIC GAS, EXTREME DUST, OR DUST AND SAND STORMS – CONTINUED

- 3 When at halt, cover entire vehicle with tarpaulin, if possible. If entire vehicle cannot be covered, protect periscopes against etching by windblown sand. Also, protect engine compartment against entry of sand and dust.
- 4 Clean tow winch and boom winch wire ropes more often when operating in extreme dust or sand. Wipe as much lubricant from wire rope as possible. Lubricants mixed with sand create an abrasive paste that is more damaging to wire rope than the lack of lubricant.
- 5 Disassemble and clean machine gun at least once each day. Remove lubricants on exposed and noncritical operating surfaces of machine gun and mount. This will prevent windblown sand and dust from sticking to oil and forming an abrasive, After handling, wipe machine gun with dry cloths to remove perspiration which may cause rusting. During sand or dust storms, keep machine gun and mount covered, if possible. Clean and lubricate machine gun and mount with lubricating oil (PL special or CLP) immediately upon leaving sandy terrain.
- 6 Operation in sand or dust requires daily cleaning of air filter bags. Extreme conditions may require cleaning filter bags more than once a day. When air filter baskets are removed, inspect air separators for clogging. If clogged, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 7 Refer to page 3-56 for maintenance procedures which are required in addition to normal PMCS when vehicle is operated in extreme dust or sand.
- 8 Check level of battery acid in cells daily. Electrolyte level must not drop below top of battery plates. If low, notify unit maintenance personnel. Batteries selfdischarge at a high rate when not in use.

If vehicle is parked for several days in hot climate, have unit maintenance personnel remove batteries and store in a cool place, if possible,

9 Extremely dusty conditions may clog radiators and cause engine to overheat. Remove engine deck and check condition of radiators. If clogged, notify unit maintenance personnel.

## EXTREMELY COLD WEATHER



- Extreme cold will cause lubricants to thicken, prevent batteries from furnishing sufficient Current for cold weather starting, and prevent fuel from vaporizing and properly combining with air to form a combustible mixture for starting.
- During extreme cold be very careful when moving vehicle after a shutdown. Thickened lubricants may cause failure of parts. Tracks may freeze to the ground.
- Cold weather practices and precautions must be followed. FM 9-207 contains information on cold weather operation applying specifically to this vehicle. It must be considered an essential part of this manual and not merely a supplementary explanation.

#### NOTE

- For descriptions of operations in extreme cold weather, refer to FM 9-207, FM 31-70, FM 31-71, and FM 90-6.
- Read FM 21-306 for special instructions on driving hazards in snow, ice, and unusual terrain encountered under extreme cold conditions.

## OPERATION IN UNUSUAL WEATHER - CONTINUED

## EXTREMELY COLD WEATHER - CONTINUED

1 The cold weather starting procedures follow:

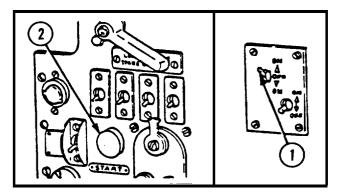
#### NOTE

These cold weather starting procedures are normally used at  $0^{\circ}$  to  $-25^{\circ}F(-18^{\circ}$  to  $-31^{\circ}C)$ , but they also apply if vehicle will not start at 32° to  $0^{\circ}F$  ( $0^{\circ}$  to  $-18^{\circ}C$ ). For extreme cold,  $-25^{\circ}F$  ( $-31^{\circ}C$ ) and below, special purpose kits should be installed and operated. Refer to Chapter 5.

- a. Make sure batteries are fully charged.
- b. If winterization kit is installed, roll up and secure covers over exhaust ports and air intake grille. Refer to page 5-9. Turn coolant heater OFF. Refer to page 5-5.
- c. Perform normal engine starting procedure steps 1 thru 5. Refer to page 2-52.
- d. Push PRIME-ENGINE-FUEL-FILTERS-AND-HEATER-FUEL-CYCLE switch
  (1) to heater fuel cycle ON position, hold 3 to 5 seconds, and release. immediately press START switch (2) and hold no more than 15 seconds. If engine does not start, release START switch for 5 seconds and repeat step d while performing step e.

## NOTE

If engine does not start on third attempt, turn all switches OFF. If winterization kit is installed, operate coolant heater or notify unit maintenance personnel.



e. While cranking engine, operate PRIME-ENGINE-FUEL-FILTER-AND-HEATER-FUEL-CYCLE switch (1) in heater fuel cycle ON position for 1 second then OFF position for 2 seconds repeatedly.

#### NOTE

Observe instruction to cycle the HEATER-FUEL-CYCLE switch (1) on and off. Continuous flame in air box will deplete oxygen supply to engine.

- f. When engine starts, release START switch (2) and intermittently activate HEATER-FUEL-CYCLE switch (1) to ON and OFF until engine speed is 300 rpm or running smoothly. When engine is running smoothly, release switch (1).
- g. If engine does not start after 30 seconds or indication of firing stops for over 10 seconds, stop cranking and notify unit maintenance personnel.
- h. With brakes still locked, shift transmission into 4th range position, adjust throttle to run engine at 1,200 rpm. Continue to run engine until coolant temperature reaches 120° to 140°F (49°C to 60°C), then shift into N (neutral) and cut engine speed to slow idle (650-700 rpm). If transmission temperature approaches 220°F (93°C) during warmup, stay in neutral until temperature returns to normal.

## OPERATION IN UNUSUAL WEATHER-CONTINUED

## EXTREMELY COLD WEATHER - CONTINUED

- i. Perform instrument panel checkout during warmup. Refer to page 2-54.
- j. Shift transmission to 1st gear and drive vehicle slowly for 100 yards (91.44 meters). This will warm lubricants for normal operation.
- 2 If tracks are frozen to ground, chip heavy ice free from around tracks prior to attempting to move vehicle.
- 3 Watch temperature and pressure gauges to make sure engine and transmission are not running too hot or too cold and that oil pressure is not abnormally high or low. If temperature and pressure readings are consistently abnormal, stop vehicle and investigate cause.
- 4 Cover machine gun and mount to prevent entrance of snow and moisture.
- 5 Keep all doors and cupola covers closed and locked when not in use to prevent entrance of snow and moisture.

#### NOTE

Warm hydraulic oil before operating hydraulic components in cold weather; engage hydraulic system for 5-10 minutes when temperature is 32°F (0°C) or below.

- 6 If winterization kit is installed, operate hydraulic oil immersion heater to warm hydraulic oil before engaging hydraulic pump magnetic clutch.
- 7 Operate crane controls slowly to avoid breaking parts which may have become frozen.

- 8 Park vehicle in a sheltered spot out of wind. If shelter is not available, park with left side of vehicle facing into wind to prevent snow and sleet from entering through exhaust ports. When vehicle is to be parked for a long period, be sure to park on solid ground, on planks, or on brush to avoid having tracks freeze to ground.
- 9 Place control levers in neutral position when not in use to prevent them fro-m freezing in an engaged position.
- 10 Clean vehicle of snow, ice, and mud as soon as possible after operation. If winterization kit is not installed, be sure to protect all parts of engine compartment against entrance of snow or sleet. Wrap tarpaulins around rear portion of boom. Cover and shield vehicle, but keep ends of tarpaulins off ground to prevent them from freezing to ground.
- 11 If vehicle is not equipped with engine coolant heater, have unit maintenance personnel remove batteries and store in a warm place.
- 12 If vehicle is equipped with engine coolant heater, start heater and check that it is operating properly immediately after stopping engine. This heater is designed to operate unattended during overnight stops. Watch battery charge. Do not operate coolant heater more than 12 hours without running engine to recharge batteries.

#### NOTE

Refer to chapter 5 for operation and maintenance of winterization kit components.

13 In addition to normal PMCS, special care in cleaning and lubricating must be taken when extreme cold weather is present or anticipated. Refer to page 3-59 for instructions on winterizing and cold weather maintenance.

#### **OPERATION ON UNUSUAL TERRAIN**

# WARNING

Excessive speed under mud, snow, or ice conditions can cause personnel injury or damage to equipment.

#### MUD

- 1 Drive with transmission in a low range. Keep vehicle moving steadily to avoid digging in.
- 2 If vehicle becomes stuck, do not dig further in by attempting to drive out. Connect winch wire rope to a solid object and use winch to assist driving out or arrange to be towed out.
- 3 If freezing temperatures are expected, be sure to park vehicle on solid ground to avoid having tracks freeze in mud.
- 4 Remove mud from track and wheel contacting surfaces.

#### SNOW

- 1 Drive with transmission in a low range.
- 2 Avoid grades and sharp turns when possible.
- 3 Drive as straight up or down grades as possible to equalize track load.
- 4 It may be possible for vehicle to ride heavily crusted snow with only occasional breakthrough. To climb back onto crust, reduce engine speed and shift into low range to achieve a very low track speed for forward movement without slippage.

5 Check air filter pats frequently and clean pats of snow. When air filter baskets are removed, inspect air separators for clogging. If clogged, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### ICE

- 1 Select a higher gear range which will move vehicle steadily without imposing undue strain on engine.
- 2 Drive slowly and cautiously to avoid skidding. If vehicle skids, slow down engine and proceed with caution. Do not spin tracks.
- 3 Avoid grades and sharp turns, if possible.

#### SAND

- 1 The main objective when driving in sand is to avoid spinning tracks.
- 2 Drive slowly and use a gear high enough to move vehicle steadily without imposing undue strain on engine.
- 3 Avoid sharp and pivot turns to prevent buildup of debris in track that would cause track to be thrown.

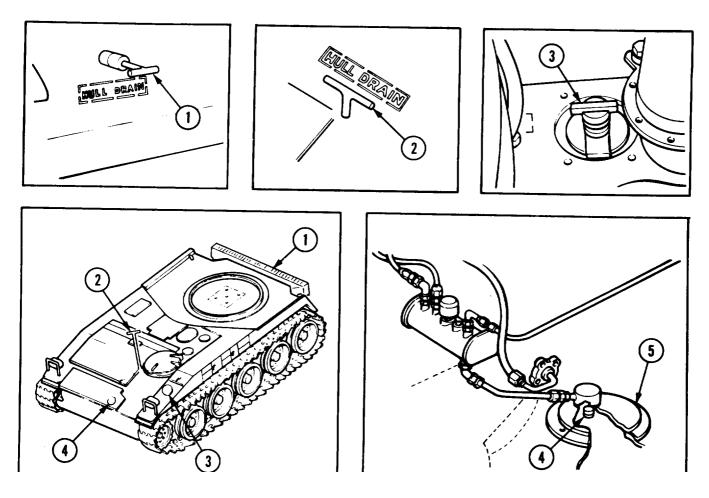
#### FORDING

# CAUTION

Do not ford water that exceeds 42 inches (106.7 cm) in depth. Check for soft mud or sandy bottoms.

The M578 recovery vehicle is designed to cross a body of water only up to 42 inches (106.7 cm) deep.

# FORDING-CONTINUED



- 1 Close rear hull drain valve (1). Drain valve handle is located on right rear of hull,
- 2 Close engine compartment drain valve (2). Drain valve handle is located on right deck, just forward of fan well.
- 3 Close driver's compartment drain valve(3). Drain valve handle is located in floor adjacent to right side of driver's seat.
- 4 Make sure power plant reservoir drain plug (4) is installed in power plant reservoir drain cover (5).

- 5 Inspect bottom of hull to make sure all access plates are installed.
- 6 Make sure that engine is warmed up to prevent stalling while fording.
- 7 Shift transmission into range 1 and enter water slowly. Do not exceed 4 mph while crossing. Speed up vehicle when exiting.
- 8 Perform after fording maintenance after fording 12 inches (30.5 cm) or more. Refer to page 3-56.

#### **EMERGENCY PROCEDURES**

Detailed procedures are found in Battle Damage Assessment Repair (BDAR), TM 9-2350-274-BD.

# NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, AND CHEMICAL (NBC) DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES

#### NOTE

- Detailed decon procedures can be found in FM 3-87.
- Refer to TM 3-4320-214-12&P for operation of the M 13 Decontaminating Apparatus.

#### GENERAL

The following emergency procedures can be performed until NBC DECON facilities are available. Vehicle commander will supervise, assign crew duties, and assist supporting NBC unit,

#### EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

If NBC attack is known or suspected, mask at once and continue mission. If inside, do not leave vehicle. If outside, follow decon procedures below to avoid taking contamination into the vehicle. Do not unmask until told to do so.

Nuclear Decontamination:

Brush fallout from skin, clothing, and equipment with available brushes, rags, and tree branches. Wash skin and have radiation check made as soon as tactical situation permits. [You can find instructions for the check in FM 3-5).

Biological Decontamination:

The vehicle crew has no method to detect or decon biological agents. Remain masked and continue mission until told to unmask.

# CHEMICAL DETECTION AND DECONTAMINATION



Do not use decontamination spray on personnel. It could cause personal injury.

Use M8 paper from M256 chemical agent detector kit or M9 paper to determine if liquid agent is present on vehicle surface.

If exposure to liquid agent is known or suspected, clean exposed skin, clothing, and personal gear, in that order, using M258A1 kit. Use the buddy system. Wash exposed skin and thoroughly decontaminate as soon as tactical situation permits.

If M8 or M9 paper indicates that liquid chemical agent is present on vehicle surface use ABC-M 11 decon apparatus for partial decon of vehicle. Use loader's hatch for exit/entry. Avoid getting liquid agent into crew compartment. Spray only surfaces that will be touched getting in and out of vehicle.

Decon procedures take time. Do as much as you can based on the tactical situation.

## BATTLE DAMAGE

If M578 recovery vehicle shows signs of battle damage, refer to TM 9-2350-274-BD.

# CHAPTER 3 MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

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# Section 1. LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

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GENERAL

Appendix G provides and illustrates cleaning and Lubricating procedures as to locations, intervals, and proper materials for this vehicle. Any special Lubricating instructions for specific mechanisms or parts are contained in the specific section.

#### SERVICE INTERVALS-NORMAL

Service intervals specified in appendix G are for normal operation and where moderate temperature, humidity, and atmospheric conditions prevail.

#### TOUCHUP AND RECOATING

When touching up damaged areas, the procedure should be as similar to the original method of finishing as possible; a clean surface is imperative. Where general disintegration of the surface is evident, or the under surface is corroded, the coating must be stripped clean from the part. Corrosion must be removed or neutralized by mechanical or chemical treatment, or both, and the surface metal must be pretreated, primed, and then topcoated.

# SERVICE INTERVALS-UNUSUAL CONDITIONS

6	AUTION	
2		1

A lubricant that contains grit, dust, and sand will be an abrasive and cause rapid wear of parts.

Lubricate more frequently to compensate for abnormal or extreme conditions, such as high or low temperature, prolonged periods of high-speed operation, continued operation in sand or dust, immersion in water, or exposure to moisture. Any of these operations or conditions may quickly destroy protective qualities of lubricants. Refer to FM 9-207 for instructions on necessary special preliminary lubrication of vehicle for continued operation below  $O^{\circ}F$  (-18°C). Intervals may be extended during inactive periods after application of proper lubrication.

MAINTAINING PROPER LUBRICANT LEVELS

Lubricant levels in engine, transmission, auxiliary drive, final drives, road wheel hubs, traversing drive, boom winch, tow winch, and hydraulic reservoir must be observed closely and necessary steps taken to replenish in order to maintain proper levels at all times.

LUBRICATION AFTER FORDING OPERATIONS

After any fording operation in water 12 inches (30.5 cm) or over, lubricate ail chassis points to clean bearings of water or grit, as well as any other points required, in accordance with page 3-61.

# Section II. TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES

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#### SCOPE

Troubleshooting table 3-1 lists common malfunctions which may be found during operation or maintenance of M578 Recovery Vehicle or its components. Perform tests/inspections and corrections in order listed. This manual cannot list all malfunctions that may occur, nor all tests or inspections and corrective actions. If a malfunction is not listed or is not corrected by listed corrective actions, notify unit maintenance personnel.

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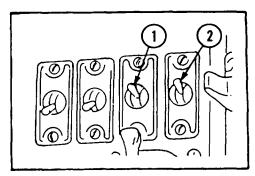
#### TROUBLESHOOTING INFORMATION

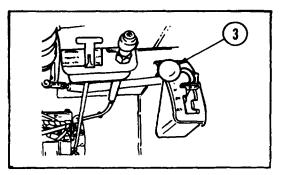
#### Table 3-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

#### MALFUNCTION TEST OR INSPECTION CORRECTIVE ACTION

#### ENGINE

1. ENGINE FAILS TO CRANK OR CRANKS SLOWLY WHEN STARTER SWITCH IS PUSHED,



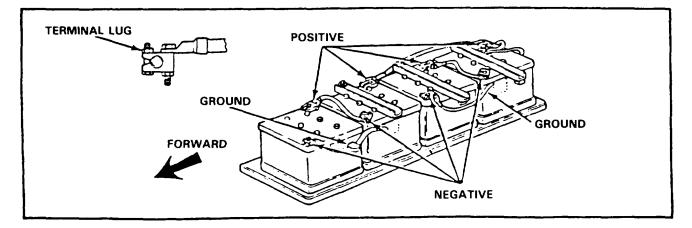


Step 1. Check to see if MASTER switch (1) and instrument switch (2) are in ON position and that all other switches are OFF.

Set switches to ON position.

Step 2. Check to see if transmission lever (3) is in N (neutral) position.

Move shift lever to N position.



Step 3. Check to see if battery cables are loose, broken, or corroded.

If loose, broken, or corroded, notify unit maintenance personnel.

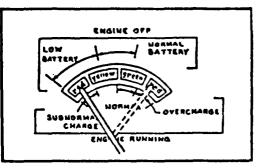
#### Table 3-1. TROUBLESHOOTING-CONTINUED

#### MALFUNCTION TEST OR INSPECTION

CORRECTIVE ACTION

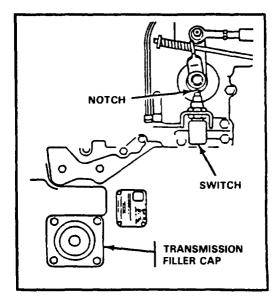
#### **ENGINE-CONTINUED**

1. ENGINE FAILS TO CRANK OR CRANKS SLOWLY WHEN STARTER SWITCH IS PUSHED-CONTINUED.



Step 4. Check to see if your batteries are discharged.

See if battery indicator reads in red band. Tow to start engine; then if engine doesn't start, notify unit maintenance personnel.



Step 5. Check to see if neutral position switch on transmission is properly adjusted.

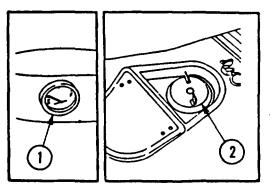
Remove transmission deck and inspect neutral position switch to see if roller is in notch. If not, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### Table 3-1. TROUBLESHOOTING-CONTINUED

#### MALFUNCTION TEST OR INSPECTION CORRECTIVE ACTION

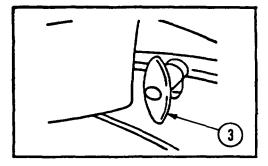
#### ENGINE-CONTINUED

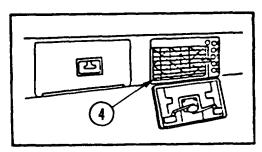
2. ENGINE CRANKS BUT FAILS TO START.



Step 1. Check to see if fuel gauge (1) indicates empty.

Fill fuel cell (2), if empty. Refer to page 3-33.





Step 2. Check to see if engine shutdown control handle (3) is pulled out.

Push control handle up against hull.

Step 3. Check for very dirty or clogged air filter pacs (4).

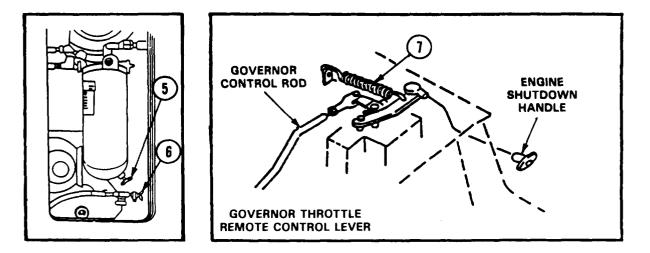
Clean filter pacs. Refer to page 3-43.

#### MALFUNCTION

TEST OR INSPECTION CORRECTIVE ACTION

#### ENGINE-CONTINUED

2. ENGINE CRANKS BUT FAILS TO START-CONTINUED,



Step 4. Check to see if water is in fuel filters (5 and 6).

Drain water from primary (5) and secondary (6) fuel filters. Refer to page 3-32.

Step 5. Check for disconnected, loose, or broken fuel lines.

Remove engine deck and check fuel lines. Connect or tighten loose connections. If lines are broken or split, notify unit maintenance personnel.

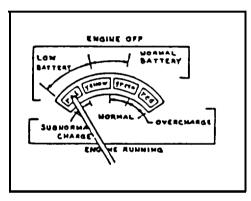
Step 6. Check for disconnected or broken governor control spring (7).

Remove engine deck and check condition of spring. If disconnected or broken, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### **ENGINE-CONTINUED**

3. ENGINE CRANKS TOO SLOWLY TO START.

Step 1. Check to see if you have correct weight oil in engine and transmission for weather conditions.

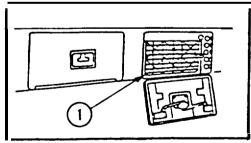


Drain and refill with correct weight oil (appx G).

Step 2. Check to see if batteries are discharged.

Turn on headlights; if dim, batteries may be discharged. See if battery indicator reads in red band. Tow to start engine, then if engine doesn't start, notify unit maintenance personnel.

4. ENGINE LABORS, RUNS UNEVENLY, ACCELERATES IMPROPERLY, OR DOES NOT DEVELOP FULL POWER.



Step 1. Check for very dirty or clogged air filter pats (1).

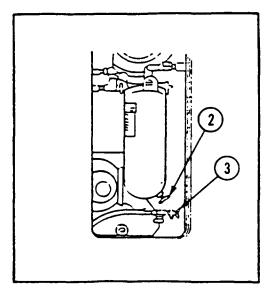
Clean filter pats. Refer to page 3-43.

Step 2. Check for fuel leaks.

Remove engine deck and check fuel lines. Tighten loose fuel line and hose connections.

#### ENGINE-CONTINUED

4. ENGINE LABORS, RUNS UNEVENLY, ACCELERATES IMPROPERLY, OR DOES NOT DEVELOP FULL POWER-CONTINUED.



Step 3. Check for obstructions on battery cover air intake grilles and in forward end of battery compartment.

Remove obstructions from grilles. Open battery compartment door and remove any obstructions in compartment.

Step 4. Check to see if water is in fuel filters (2 and 3).

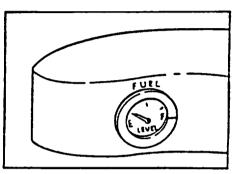
Drain water from primary (2) and secondary (3) fuel filters. Refer to page 3-32.

Step 5. Check to see if transmission shift lever is in proper range.

Shift transmission to lower gear.

#### ENGINE-CONTINUED

5. ENGINE SPEED VARIES OR STALLS FREQUENTLY.

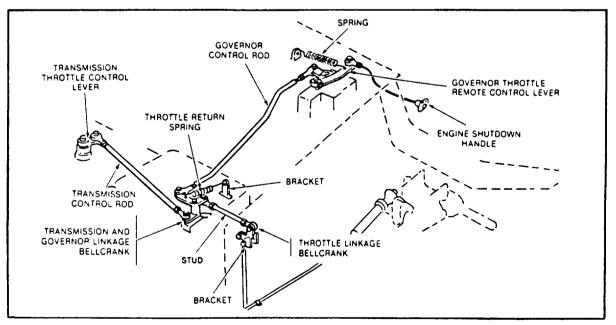


Step 1. Check to see if fuel gauge indicates empty.

fill fuel cell, if empty. Refer to page 3-33,

Step 2. Check for fuel leaks.

Remove engine deck and check fuel lines. Tighten loose fuel line and hose connections.

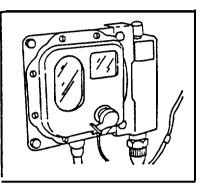


Step 3. Check accelerator linkage to engine and governor.

Remove engine deck and check linkage for looseness or damage. If loose or damaged, notify unit maintenance personnel.

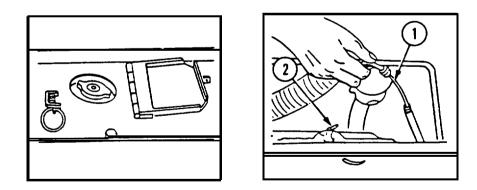
#### **ENGINE-CONTINUED**

6. ENGINE OVERHEATS.



Step 1. Check to see if engine coolant level is low and if leaks are visible.

Check to see if low engine coolant warning light is on. Fill radiators with coolant as required. If leaks are visible, notify unit maintenance personnel.



Step 2. Check to see if radiator cap seal is damaged.

Notify unit maintenance personnel if cap is damaged.

Step 3. Check to see if engine oil is low.

Open engine access door and check engine oil level. Oil level should be between low (L) and full (F) mark on dipstick (1). If required, remove cap (2) and add oil (appx G).

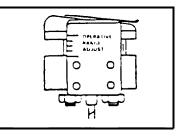
#### **ENGINE-CONTINUED**

Step 4. Check to see if fan well deck is covered and check radiators for obstructions and accumulated dirt.

Remove obstructions. Remove engine deck and check radiators. If radiators are clogged with dirt, notify unit maintenance personnel,

Step 5. Check to see if engine has been excessively operated at idle speed.

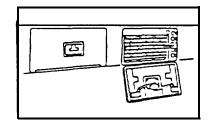
Increase speed to 1000 to 1200 rpm or stop engine.



Step 6. Check fan belt tension and condition of fan belt.

Adjust fan belt tension. Refer to page 3-31. If fan belt is cracked or frayed, notify unit maintenance personnel.

7. EXCESSIVE SMOKE FROM EXHAUST AFTER ENGINE WARMUP,



Step 1. Check for very dirty or clogged air filter pats.

Clean filter pats, Refer to page 3-43.

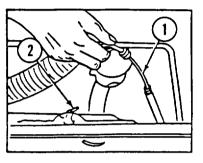
Step 2. Check color of smoke.

Blue-gray smoke indicates defective turbocharger. Black smoke indicates clogged air intake system or defective turbocharger regulator. White smoke indicates water in compression chamber or exhaust system.

If engine continues to smoke after cleaning air filter pats, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### **ENGINE-CONTINUED**

8. LOW OR NO OIL PRESSURE.



Step 1. Check to see if engine oil is low.

Open engine access door and check engine oil level. Oil level should be between low (L) and full (F) mark on dipstick (1). If required, remove cap (2) and add oil (appx G).

Step 2. Check for dirty oil or foam on oil dipstick (1).

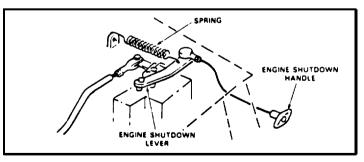
If dirty, drain engine oil, and refill (appx G). If foam is evident, notify unit maintenance personnel,

9. HIGH OIL PRESSURE.

Incorrect grade of oil.

Drain engine oil and refill with correct weight oil (appx G).

10. ENGINE WILL NOT SHUT DOWN.



Check for loose or disconnected engine shutdown control linkage,

Open access door in engine deck and manually push engine shutdown lever at governor toward driver's compartment, Notify unit maintenance personnel,

#### ENGINE-CONTINUED

11. RUNAWAY ENGINE.

Defective governor.

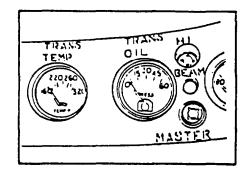


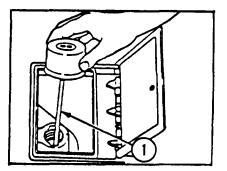
Failure to observe the following procedure will result in catastrophic failure of equipment and possible loss of life.

If engine shutdown control does not work, place transmission shift lever in range 4 and apply brakes to load engine down, If engine fails to load down, shift into neutral, lock brakes, and abandon vehicle. Notify unit maintenance personnel immediately.

#### TRANSMISSION

#### 12. OIL PRESSURE TOO LOW OR TOO HIGH.





Step 1. Check engine rpm.

Increase engine speed to 800 rpm. If oil pressure gauge reads low and warning horn continues to sound, go to step 2.

Step 2. Check to see if transmission oil is low,

Open transmission access door and check oil level. Level should be within operating range on dipstick (11. Add oil as required (appx G).

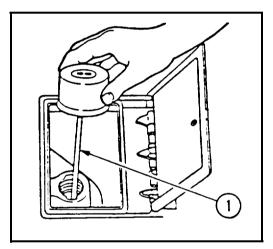
#### **TRANSMISSION-CONTINUED**

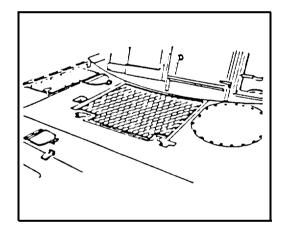
12. OIL PRESSURE TOO LOW OR TOO HIGH-CONTINUED.

Step 3. Incorrect grade of oil.

Drain transmission and refill with correct grade of oil (appx G). If warning horn continues to sound or oil pressure gauge continues to read too high a pressure, notify unit maintenance personnel.

13. OIL TEMPERATURE TOO HIGH.





Step 1. Check to see if transmission oil is low,

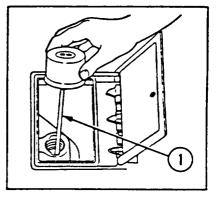
Open transmission access door and check oil level. Level should be within operating range on dipstick (1). Add oil as required (appx G).

Step 2. Check and make sure fan well deck is not covered and check radiators for obstructions and accumulated dirt.

Remove obstructions. Remove engine deck and check radiators. If radiators are clogged with dirt, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### TRANSMISSION-CONTINUE )

14. TRANSMISSION DOES NOT DRIVE IN ANY RANGE.



Step 1. Check to see if transmission oil is low or over full.

Open transmission access door and check oil level. Oil level should be within operating range stamped on dipstick (1). Add oil as required (appx G).

Step 2. Remove deck transmission plate and inspect for damaged or broken control linkage.

Refer to page 3-11. Notify unit maintenance personnel if linkage is damaged.

DRIVING CONTROLS AND LINKAGES

- 15, VEHICLE DOES NOT STEER PROPERLY, OR PULLS TO ONE SIDE.
  - Step 1. Check for unequal track tension.

Adjust track tension on both tracks. Refer to page 3-45.

Step 2. Check track for worn or missing track pads.

Notify unit maintenance personnel if track pads are worn or missing.

16. TRANSMISSION SHIFT DOES NOT ENGAGE TRANSMISSION PROPERLY.

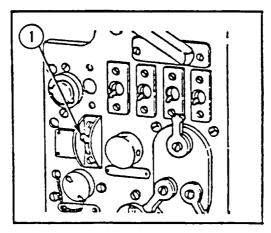
Notify unit maintenance personnel.

17. BRAKES DO NOT HOLD VEHICLE ON GRADE.

Notify unit maintenance personnel.

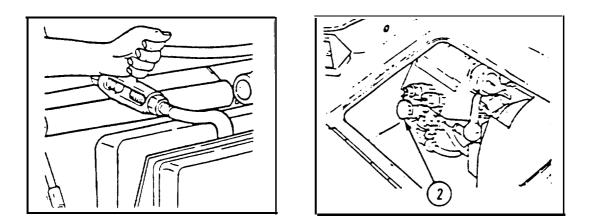
#### DRIVING CONTROLS AND LINKAGES-CONTINUED

18. SPADE DOES NOT RAISE OR LOWER.



Step 1. Check to see that engine is operating and that hydraulic pump PTO CLUTCH switch (1) is ON.

Start hydraulic system. Refer to page 2-67



Step 2. Check to see that spade travel lock is disengaged from spade.

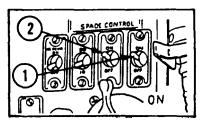
Loosen and remove spade travel lock. If spade still will not raise or lower, notify unit maintenance personnel.

Step 3. Check impact wrench selector valve control (2) setting.

Push valve control (2) in to normal OFF position.

#### LIGHTING SYSTEM

19. ALL LIGHTS DO NOT OPERATE.



Step 1. Check to see that MASTER switch (1) and instrument switch (2) are in ON position.

Set switches to ON position.

Step 2. Check to see that individual switch is ON.

Set switch to ON position.

20. DRIVING LIGHTS DO NOT OPERATE.

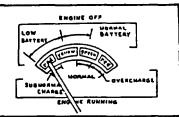
Step 1. Check for loose wiring connections at vehicle light switch.

Tighten or connect loose connections.

Step 2. Check for open light circuit breaker.

If breaker does not reset within 30 seconds, or if circuit breaker repeatedly closes and opens, notify unit maintenance personnel.

21. DRIVING LIGHTS BURN DIMLY.



Step 1. Check to see if batteries are discharged.

See if battery indicator reads in red band. If batteries are discharged, notify unit maintenance personnel.

Step 2. Check to see if battery cable connections are loose or corroded.

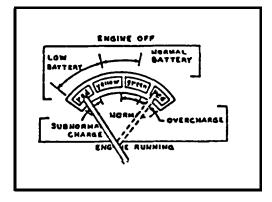
If corroded or loose, notify unit maintenance personnel.

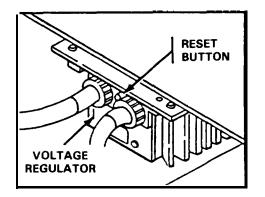
#### MALFUNCTION

TEST OR INSPECTION CORRECTIVE ACTION

#### BATTERY AND GENERATING SYSTEM

#### 22. BATTERIES DO NOT CHARGE WHEN ENGINE IS RUNNING.





Check battery indicator for voltage reading.

If no voltage reading, remove eight screws and washers, and lift carbon dioxide bottle access cover for access to voltage regulator. Idle engine at 650-700 rpm and press reset button on regulator. Increase engine speed to 1000 to 1200 rpm and observe battery indicator. Voltage should increase normally. If voltage does not increase or if voltage increases momentarily and then drops back, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### 23. BATTERIES DISCHARGE RAPIDLY.

Step 1. Check for improper use of electrical components.

Do not use electrical components for long periods unless engine is running.

Step 2. Check for frayed or worn electrical harness that could short out circuit.

Notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### 24. NO CURRENT IN BATTERY CIRCUIT.

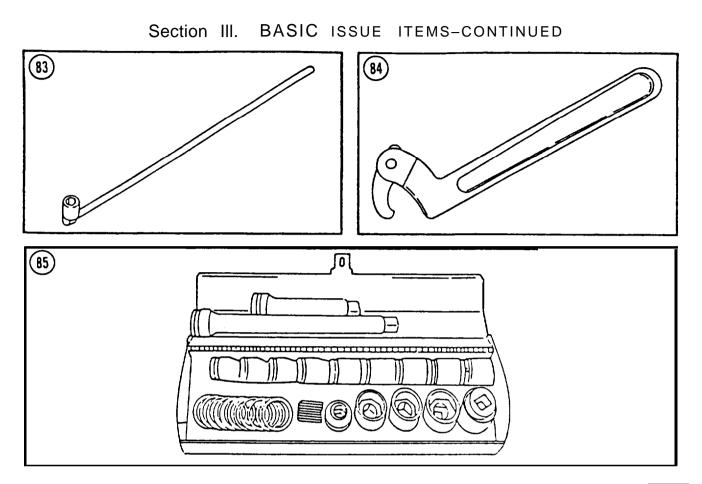
Step 1. Check battery cables for corroded or loose connections.

If corroded or loose, notify unit maintenance personnel.

Step 2. Dead or discharged batteries.

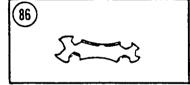
Notify unit maintenance personnel,

TM 9-2350-238-10



(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	•	Jsable On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
83	5120-00-980-9283	WRENCH, SOCKET: 4 ft lg (1 9207) 10904436		EA	1
84	5120-00-288-6468	WRENCH, SPANNER: fixed pivot point, adjusta hook wrench, 3/4 to 2 in. circle diameter (81348) GGG-W-665	ble	EA	1
85	5130-00-357-5135	WRENCH SET, SOCKET: 3/4 in. sq drive, 6 point, heavy duty, w/case (58536) A-A-399A Composed of:		SE	1
	5140-00-322-5965 5130-00-449-6656 5130-00-449-6657 5130-00-227-6698 5130-00-227-6699 5130-00-227-6700 5130-00-227-6701 5130-00-227-6676 5130-00-227-6677	<ol> <li>CASE, SOCKET WRENCH: metal</li> <li>EXTENSION, SOCKET WRENCH: 7 in. lg</li> <li>EXTENSION, SOCKET WRENCH: 13 in. lg</li> <li>SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 9/16 in. opering</li> <li>SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 5/8 in. opening</li> <li>SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1 1/16 in. opening</li> <li>SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 3/4 in. opening</li> <li>SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 13/16 in. opening</li> </ol>	ng ening ng ening		

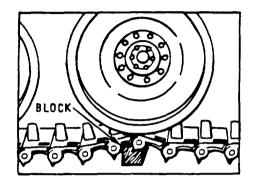
# 85



(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
85	5130-00-357-5135 5130-00-293-1411 5130-00-227-6679 5130-00-293-1412 5130-00-227-6681 5130-00-227-6683 5130-00-227-6684 5130-00-227-6686 5130-00-236-3979	<ul> <li>WRENCH SET - continued:</li> <li>Composed of:</li> <li>1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 15/16 in. opening</li> <li>1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1 in. opening</li> <li>1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1-1/16 in. opening</li> <li>1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1-1/8 in, opening</li> <li>1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1-1/4 in. opening</li> <li>1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1-5/16 in. opening</li> <li>1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1-7/16 in. opening</li> <li>1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1-7/16 in. opening</li> </ul>		
86	5120-00-494-1929	WRENCH, TORCH AND REGULATOR: oxygen and acetylene (1 9207) 8090028	EA	1
	DA PAM 25-30	TM 9-2350-238-10 OPERATOR'S MANUAL	EA	1

# Section III. BASIC ISSUE ITEMS-CONTINUED

#### TRACKS AND SUSPENSION-CONTINUED



Step 2. Check for suspension lockout cylinder that did not release.

Place lockout control handle in UNLOCK position. Drive vehicle so high side track wheels roll over a  $4 \times 4$  or other obstacle. If any wheel does not lift up, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### NOTE

Vehicles have eight lockout cylinders. Lockout cylinders are not mounted on third from front road wheels.

#### CAB, BOOM, AND WINCHES

30. CAB, BOOM, AND WINCHES DO NOT RESPOND TO CONTROLS.

Step 1. Check to see if engine is operating at idle speed.

Activate hydraulic system. Refer to page 2-67,

Step 2. Check hydraulic reservoir gauge for low or no hydraulic oil in reservoir.

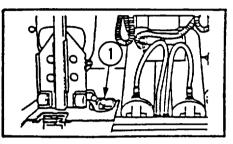
Fill hydraulic reservoir to proper level (appx G).

Activate hydraulic system. Refer to page 2-67.

If trouble continues, notify unit maintenance personnel.

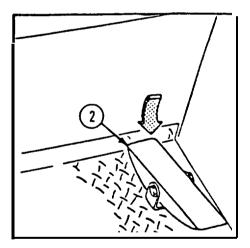
#### CAB, BOOM, AND WINCHES-CONTINUED

31. CAB WILL NOT TRAVERSE.



Step 1. Check to see if traversing pressure selector valve (1) is in open position.

Push pressure selector valve in to close valve. Refer to page 2-90.



Step 2. Check to see if linkage to traversing foot pedal (2) is disconnected.

If disconnected, install linkage on foot pedal.

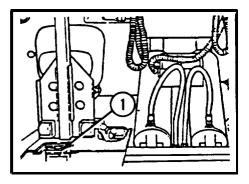
If cab still will not traverse, notify unit maintenance personnel.

32. BOOM WILL NOT RAISE OR LOWER.

Step 1. Check to see if single boom block is released from hull.

Operate boom winch to pay out cable and disconnect single boom block from front of vehicle.

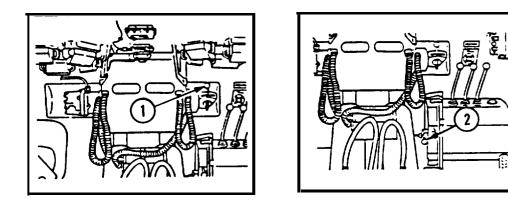
CAB, BOOM, AND WINCHES-CONTINUED



Step 2. Check to see if boom cylinder bypass valve handle (1) is in open position.

Close boom cylinder bypass valve by turning handle clockwise. If boom still will not raise or lower, notify unit maintenance personnel.

33. BOOM WINCH WILL NOT OPERATE.



Step 1. Check to see if boom winch shift control (1) is in center (neutral) position. Place winch shift control in LO position. Refer to page 2-75.

Step 2. Check to see if boom winch pressure selector valve (2) is pulled out.

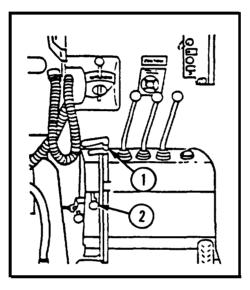
Push pressure selector valve handle in to close valve. If winch still will not operate, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### MALFUNCTION

TEST OR INSPECTION CORRECTIVE ACTION

#### CAB, BOOM, AND WINCHES-CONTINUED

34. TOW WINCH WILL NOT OPERATE.



Step 1. Check to see if tow winch shift control (1) is in center (neutral) position.

Turn shift control clockwise to LO position.

Step 2. Check to see if tow winch brake pressure selector valve (2) is pulled out.

Push pressure selector valve knob in to close valve. If winch still will not operate, notify unit maintenance personnel.

35. LEVEL WIND DOES NOT TRAVERSE CAB.

Check to see if MASTER switch and level wind switch are in ON position.

Set MASTER switch and level wind switches to ON position. If level wind still does not traverse cab, notify unit maintenance personnel.

36. LEVEL WIND TRAVERSES CAB IN ONLY ONE DIRECTION,

Step 1. Check to see if any bell connectors are disconnected at level wind sensing switches.

Connect bell connectors,

#### CAB, BOOM, AND WINCHES-CONTINUED

Step 2. Check to see if sensing switches are out of adjustment.

Adjust level wind. Refer to page 3-51. If trouble continues, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### CAB ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

37. ONE OR BOTH FLOODLIGHTS DO NOT OPERATE.

Step 1. Check to see if floodlight switch in cab is in OFF position.

Set switch to ON position.

Step 2. Check to see if switch at floodlight is in OFF position.

Set switch to ON position. If floodlight still will not light, lamp may be burned out. Notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### 38. FLASHER LIGHT DOES NOT OPERATE.

Step 1. Check to see if flasher light switch in cab is in OFF position.

Set flasher light switch to ON position.

Step 2. Check to see if switch at flasher light is in OFF position.

Set switch to ON position. If flasher light still will not light, lamp may be burned out. Notify unit maintenance personnel.

39. FLASHER INDICATOR LAMP DOES NOT LIGHT.

Step 1. Check to see if flasher light switch in cab is in OFF position.

Set flasher light switch to ON position.

Step 2. Check to see if flasher lamp is operating.

If flasher lamp is operating, notify unit maintenance personnel to replace indicator lamp light bulb.

#### MALFUNCTION

#### TEST OR INSPECTION CORRECTIVE ACTION

#### CAB ELECTRICAL SYSTEM -CONTINUED

40. GAS-PARTICULATE FILTER UNIT DOES NOT OPERATE PROPERLY.

Step 1. Check to see if MASTER switch and air purifier switches are in OFF position.

Set MASTER switch and air purifier switches to ON position.

Dogo

Step 2. Check to see that electrical power cable is securely connected to air purifier.

Tighten connector, if loose.

Step 3. Check to see if cap(s) are on unused outlets of air purifier.

Install cap(s) on outlets not in use.

## Section III. MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

#### SECTION INDEX

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Refueling	3-33

Lamp replacement
Clutch engaged indicator light
Engine -transmission low oil warning indicator light and generator
charge indicator light
Filter bypass light
Flasher indicator light
Headlamps
High beam indicator light and master switch indicator light
Low engine coolant warning light
Panel light
Stoplight - taillight
Suspension locked indicator light
Level wind adjustment
Replacement of periscope MI17       3-52         Special tools
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Towing pintle
Track
Decreasing track tension
Increasing track tension
Installing track
Spindle and idler arm clearance
Track removal and installation
Track tension check
Wire ropes

## MAINTENANCE UNDER USUAL CONDITIONS

This section provides maintenance instructions that are normally performed by the operator.

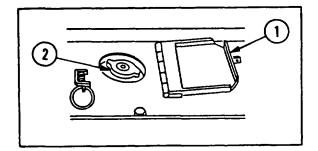
ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

#### ADDING COOLANT



Do not remove radiator caps on an overheated engine.

- 1 Open radiator cap covers (1) and, using a rag (item 36, appx D), slowly remove radiator caps (2) from both radiators.
- 2 Add coolant (item 2, appx D) slowly until radiators are filled to within 1 in. (2.5 cm) below the base of fill neck.



#### ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM- CONTINUED

#### ADDING COOLANT-CONTINUED

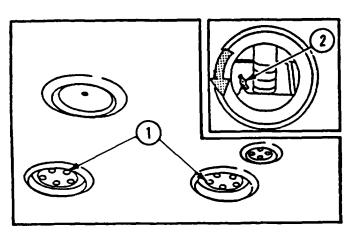
- 3 Replace radiator caps and make sure covers are closed.
- 4 Run engine for at least 5 minutes and then check coolant level. Level should be approximately 1/2 in. (1.3 cm) below base of fill neck.
- 5 If engine overheats and/or there is an excessive loss of coolant, surge tank pressure cap may be defective. Notify unit maintenance personnel.

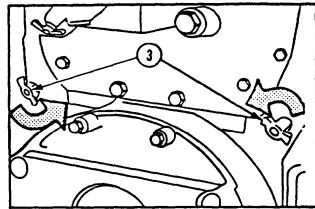
#### DRAINING COOLANT



Do not attempt to drain coolant from a hot engine.

- 1 Allow engine to completely cool.
- 2 Open radiator cap covers and, using a rag (item 36, appx D), slowly remove radiator caps from both radiators.
- 3 Remove radiator access plates (1). Attach short length of rubber hose to each radiator draincock to route antifreeze to clean bucket placed underneath. Open draincocks (2) in bottom of both radiators.
- 4 Open two draincocks (3) at accessory end of engine.

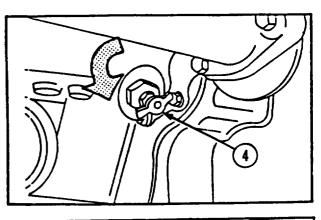


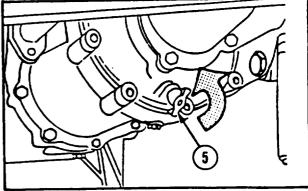


# ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM-CONTINUED

# DRAINING COOLANT-CONTINUED

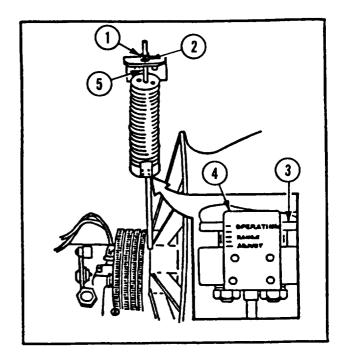
- 5 Open two draincocks (4) in cylinder coolant chamber (one on each side of engine).
- 6 Open draincock (5) on underside of oil cooler.
- 7 When cooling system has completely drained, close all draincocks and install access plates.
- 8 Refill by adding coolant. Refer to page 3-29.





## FAN BELT TENSIONER ADJUSTMENT

- 1 Remove all screws and washers securing fan well deck and remove deck.
- 2 Loosen top jam nut (1), then tighten top adjusting nut (2) to bring bottom of spring retainer (3) within operating range of gauge plate (4).
- 3 Use wrench or pliers to hold tension shaft (5) and secure tension adjustment by tightening jam nut (1).
- 4 Install fan well deck and secure with screws and washers.



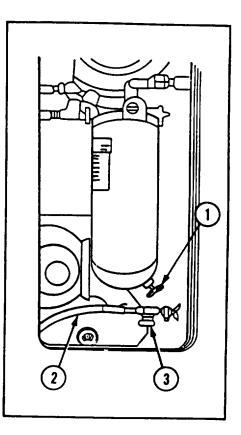
FUEL SYSTEM

FUEL FILTERS

# WARNING

Diesel fuel is FLAMMABLE. DO NOT smoke in vicinity while servicing fuel system.

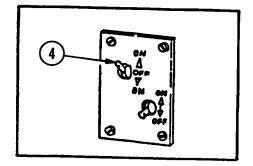
- 1 Remove access door in driver's compartment by turning handle 90 degrees counterclockwise.
- 2 Place a suitable container under primary fuel filter and turn drain valve (1) counterclockwise until fuel flows, When clear fuel appears, close drain valve.
- 3 Lift secondary fuel filter drain hose (2) from clip (3) on engine and repeat step 2 above,
- 4 Secure hose in clip and replace access door in opening.
- 5 Discard drained fuel.





Always prime fuel system after draining fuel filters. Air in system will damage fuel pump or injectors.

- 6 Turn MASTER switch and instrument switch ON.
- 7 Hold PRIME AND HEATER-FUEL-CYCLE switch (4) in PRIME-ENGINE-FUEL-FILTERS ON for 1 minute.
- 8 Release switch. Turn MASTER switch and instrument switch OFF.



#### FUEL SYSTEM-CONTINUED

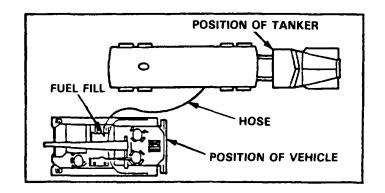
#### REFUELING

1 Open access door and remove fuel cap. Fill only to 6 in. (15.2 cm) below top.

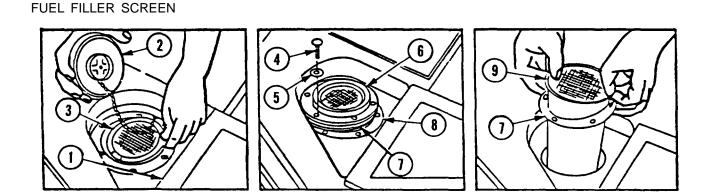


Use the following grades of fuel at the indicated temperatures:

Winter Grade (DF-1) -25°to 30°F (-32°to-1°C) Arctic Grade (DF-A) -25°to -65°F (-32°to-54°C)



2 Fill with proper grade of fuel and replace fuel cap.



- 1 Open fuel fill cover (1) and remove fuel cell cap (2) and retaining ring (3).
- 2 Remove six screws (4) and lockwashers (5).
- 3 Remove bayonet ring (6), gasket (7), and washer (8). Lift filter (9) and second gasket (7) from fuel filler opening.



Dry cleaning solvent (SD-2) is toxic and flammable. Wear protective goggles (item 18, appx D) and gloves (item 17, appx D) and use only in a well ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothes and don't breathe vapors. Do not use near open flame or excessive heat. The flash point is 100°F -138°F (38°C - 59°C). If you become dizzy while using solvent, get fresh air immediately and get medical aid. If contact with eyes is made, wash your eyes with water and get medical aid immediately.

Clean filter (9) with dry cleaning solvent (SD-2) (item 15, appx D) and dry with low pressure air.

5 Make sure surface around fuel filler opening is clean and install clean filter by reversing above steps.

#### BATTERIES

The following preventive maintenance procedures are performed by the operator. Refer to TM 9-6140-200-14 for further information pertaining to lead acid storage batteries.

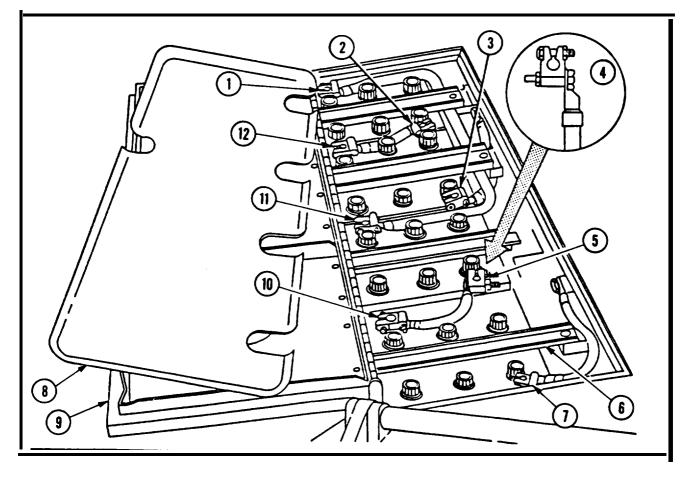


Make sure all electrical switches are in off position.

Remove ail jewelry and wristwatches from your person before checking batteries.



Do not open the driver's cupola cover while checking batteries. The cover handle may short out on the cable connections.

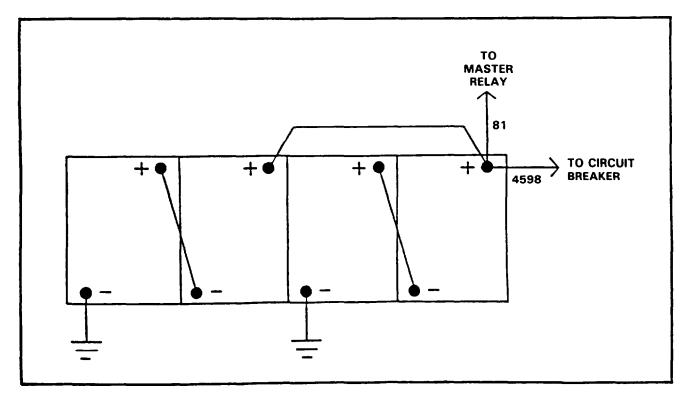


- (1) Positive-to-bus-bar
- (2) Negative
- (3) Negative-to-ground
- (4) Terminal post
- (5) Negative
- (6) Battery tiedown

- (7) Negative-to-ground
- (8) Battery protective cover
- (9) Battery door
- (10) Positive
- (11) positive-to-bus-ba,
- (12) Positive

## BATTERIES-CONTINUED

## LEAD CONNECTIONS





Electrolytic action forms EX-PLOSIVE hydrogen gas. DO NOT cause a spark across the battery terminals. The battery may blow up in your face.

- 1 Check that connectors are all the way down on battery posts and tight.
- 2 Check that battery holddowns are snug, but not so tight as to damage battery case.

**REPLACING BATTERIES** 

Notify unit maintenance personnel.

- 3 If bolt threads are corroded and prevent a tight hold, notify unit maintenance personnel for replacement.
- 4 Check cables for loose or broken connections. If connections are loose or broken, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### BATTERIES – CONTINUED

#### CORROSION



Battery corrosion is an acid and will eat holes in your clothing. Wash any corrosion off your skin immediately.

# CAUTION

Make sure battery caps are tight and no cracks are visible in battery case, so no alkaline solution (acid neutralizer) reaches electrolyte.

Corrosion is greenish "fuzz" that builds up on battery posts, terminals, and cables. This corrosion not only can prevent starting, but will also eat up cables and connectors, If corroded, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### DEEP CYCLING

Deep-cycling is a complete discharge of batteries. This will lessen battery life and in freezing weather will burst battery case. Avoid running battery down.

#### BATTERIES IN USE

Make sure unit maintenance personnel check specific gravity of each battery cell weekly when vehicle is in use.

#### BATTERIES NOT IN USE

Make sure unit maintenance personnel check specific gravity once a month when vehicle is not in use. Charge batteries when specific gravity drops below 1.225.

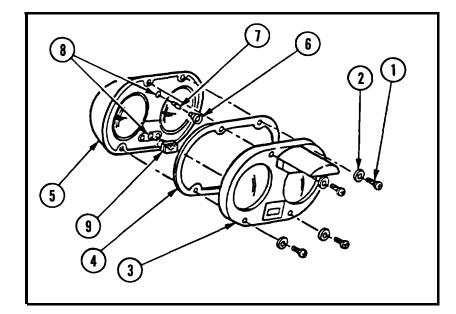
#### UNSERVICEABLE BATTERIES

If batteries fail to respond, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### LAMP REPLACEMENT

HEADLAMPS

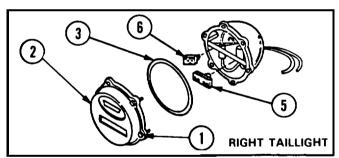
Pages 3-36 thru 3-41 provide lamp replacement instructions to be performed by operator. If lamp replacement does not remedy malfunction, notify unit maintenance personnel. Make sure lamps are replaced with lamps of same identification number.



#### HEADLAMPS-CONTINUED

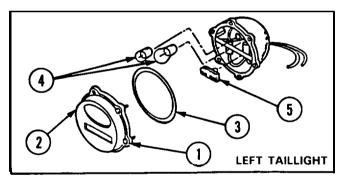
- 1 Remove four screws (1), four lockwashers (2), cover (3), and gasket (4) from headlight assembly (5).
- 2 Check for cracked, damaged, or torn cover (3) and gasket (4). If condition exists, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 3 Remove reflector (6), then push inward on lamp (7) and turn counterclockwise to release lamp (7) from bulb socket (8).
- 4 Snap open cover of marker assembly (9). Insert a screwdriver into center slot of marker assembly (9), push inward, and turn counterclockwise to remove from bulb socket (8).
- 5 Apply a light coat of silicone compound (item 38, appx D) to bulb sockets (8).

#### STOPLIGHT-TAILLIGHT



- 1 Loosen six screws (1) and remove door (2).
- 2 Check for cracked, damaged, or torn door (2) and packing (3). If condition exists, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 3 To remove lamps (4), depress and turn counterclockwise. Apply a light coat of silicone compound (item 38, appx D) to socket before installing new lamps (4). Install new lamps (4) into bulb socket. Push inward and turn clockwise to secure.
  - 4 To remove marker assembly (5) insert screwdriver into center slot, push in-

- 6 Install new lamp (7) into bulb socket (8) Push inward on lamp (7) and turn clockwise to secure. Install reflector (6) over lamp (7).
- 7 Snap open cover of new marker assembly (9). Install new marker assembly (9) into bulb socket (8). Insert a screwdriver into center slot, push inward on marker assembly (9), and turn clockwise to secure.
- 8 Reinstall gasket (4) and cover (3) with four lockwashers (2) and four screws (1).



ward, and turn counterclockwise. To remove stop lamp assembly (6), snap open cover, insert screwdriver into center slot, push inward, and turn counterclockwise to secure.

5 Apply a light coat of silicone compound (item 38, appx D) to socket before installing new marker assembly (5) or lamp assembly (6). Open cover of new stop lamp assembly (6), then install new marker assembly or new stop lamp assembly by using a screwdriver to turn and lock base of assembly into socket to secure. Snap housing cover of stop lamp assembly closed.

6 Reinstall door (2) with six screws (1).

#### DOME LIGHT

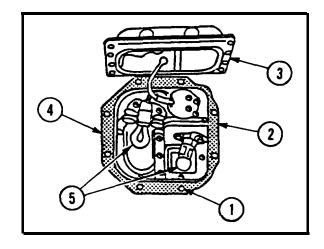
- 1 Loosen eight captive screws (1) and separate dome light door assembly (2) from light body (3).
- 2 Check for cracked, damaged, or torn door assembly (2) and rubber seal (4). If condition exists, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 3 To remove lamps (5), depress and turn counterclockwise. Install new lamp (5) (item 26, appx D), depress and turn clockwise to secure.
- 4 Reinstall door assembly (2) and tighten eight captive screws (1).

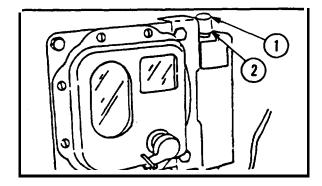
LOW ENGINE COOLANT WARNING LIGHT

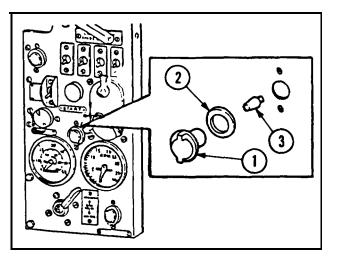
- 1 Unscrew indicator light lens (1).
- 2 Check for cracked or damaged indicator light lens (1). If condition exists, notify unit maintenance personnel,
- 3 Depress and turn LED (2) counterclockwise to remove. Install new LED (2) (item 29, appx D) by depressing and turning clockwise to secure.
- 4 Screw indicator light lens (1) on securely. Press to make sure lamp is good.

PANEL LIGHT

- 1 Unscrew panel light lens (1). Remove lens (1) and gasket (2).
- 2 Check for cracked, damaged, or torn lens (1) and gasket (2). If condition exists, notify unit maintenance personnel.





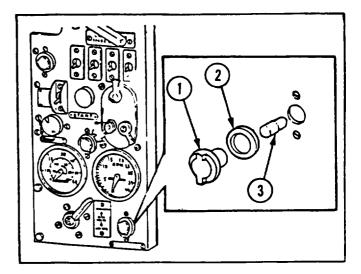


## PANEL LIGHT-CONTINUED

- 3 To remove lamp (3), depress and turn counterclockwise. Apply a light coat of silicone compound (item 38, appx D) to socket before installing new lamp (3). install new lamp (3) (item 29, appx D), depress and turn clockwise to secure,
- 4 Reinstall gasket (2) and screw panel light lens (1) on securely.

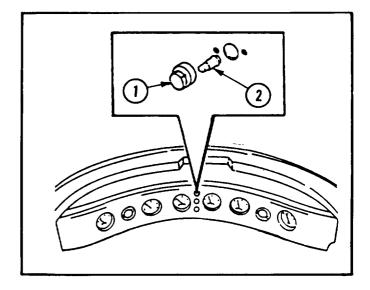
### SUSPENSION LOCKED INDICATOR LIGHT

- 1 Unscrew suspension locked indicator light lens (1). Remove lens (1) and gasket (2).
- 2 Check for cracked, damaged, or torn lens (1) and gasket (2). If condition exists, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 3 To remove LED (3), depress and turn counterclockwise. Apply a light coat of silicone compound (item 38, appx D) to socket before installing new LED (3). install new LED (3) (item 29, appx D), depress and turn clockwise to secure.
- 4 Reinstall gasket (2) and screw lens (1) on securely.



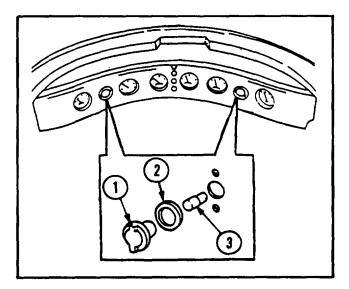
# HIGH BEAM INDICATOR LIGHT AND MASTER SWITCH INDICATOR LIGHT

- 1 Unscrew lens (1) and remove LED (2).
- 2 Check for cracked or damaged lens (1). If condition exists, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 3 Apply a light coat of silicone compound (item 38, appx D) to socket before installing new LED (2). Install new LED (2) (item 28, appx D).
- 4 Screw lens (1) on securely.



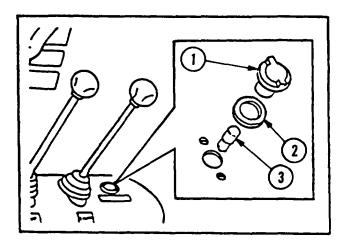
ENGINE-TRANSMISSION LOW OIL WARNING INDICATOR LIGHT AND GENERATOR CHARGE INDICATOR LIGHT

- 1 Unscrew indicator light lens (1). Remove lens (1) and gasket (2).
- 2 Check for cracked, damaged, or torn indicator light lens (1) and gasket (2). If condition exists, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 3 To remove LED (3), depress and turn counterclockwise. Apply a light coat of silicone compound (item 38, appx D) to socket before installing new LED (3). install new LED (3) (item 29, appx D), depress and turn clockwise to secure.
- 4 Reinstall gasket (2) and screw indicator light lens (1) on securely.



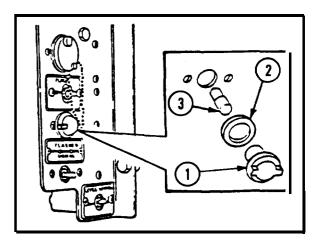
#### FILTER BYPASS LIGHT

- 1 Unscrew filter bypass light lens (1). Remove bypass light lens (1) and gasket (2).
- Check for cracked, damaged, or torn lens
   (1) and gasket (2). If condition exists, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 3 To remove LED (3), depress and turn counterclockwise. Apply a light coat of silicone compound (item 38, appx D) to socket before installing new LED (3). install new LED (item 29, appx D), depress and turn clockwise to secure.
- 4 Reinstall gasket (2) and screw bypass light lens (1) on securely.

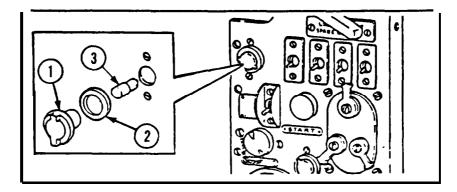


## FLASHER INDICATOR LIGHT

- 1 Unscrew flasher indicator light lens (1). Remove lens (1) and gasket (2).
- 2 Check for cracked, damaged, or torn flasher indicator light lens (1) and gasket (2). If condition exists, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 3 To remove LED (3), depress and turn counterclockwise. Apply a light coat of silicone compound (item 38, appx D) to socket before installing LED (3). Install new LED (3) (item 29, appx D), depress and turn clockwise to secure.
- 4 Reinstall gasket (2) and screw flasher indicator light lens (1) on securely.



#### CLUTCH ENGAGED INDICATOR LIGHT



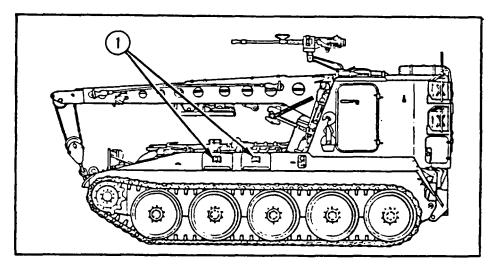
- 1 Unscrew clutch engaged indicator light lens (1). Remove clutch engaged indicator light lens (1) and gasket (2).
- 2 Check for cracked, damaged, clutch engaged indicator light or torn lens (1) and gasket (2). If condition exists, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 3 To remove LED (3), depress and turn counterclockwise. Apply a light coat of

silicone compound (item 38, appx D) to socket before installing LED (3). Install new LED (3) (item 29, appx D), depress and turn clockwise to secure.

4 Reinstall gasket (2) and screw clutch engaged indicator light lens (1) on securely.

#### AIR FILTERS

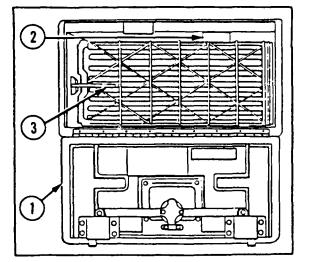
## REMOVAL AND INSPECTION

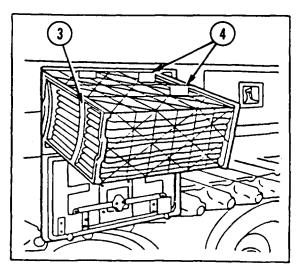




Contaminated (NBC) filters must be handled using adequate precautions (refer to FM 3-87] and must be disposed of by authorized personnel.

- 1 Turn MASTER switch and instrument switch ON and check operation of air separator blowers by holding hand at each blower exhaust port to detect air flow. If air is not exhausted, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 2 Set MASTER switch and instrument switch to OFF position.
- 3 Open air cleaner access door (1). Note position of stops (2).
- 4 Turn air filter basket lock lever (3) to vertical position and pull basket (4) from compartment.

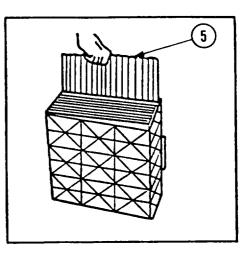


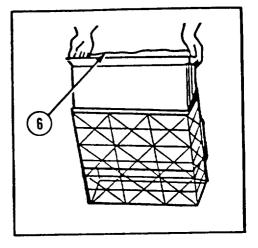


## AIR FILTERS-CONTINUED

REMOVAL AND INSPECTION-CONTINUED

- 5 Remove ten filter spacers (5) and lift filter bag (6) from basket.
- 6 Check filter bag for leaks. If there is evidence of leaks, replace filter bag. Heavy traces of dust on inside of filter bag is evidence of a leak. Light traces of dust on inside of filter bags are normal.





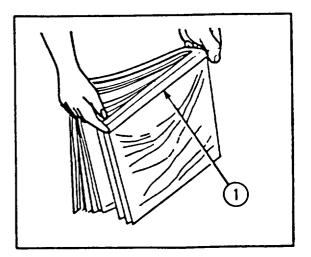
#### FILTER BAG CLEANING

Three methods of cleaning filter bags are listed. The best method of cleaning is number three.



DO NOT strike bag against any surface. Do not allow dust to enter inside filter bag pockets during cleaning.

1 Grasp rubber cap end of filter (1) with both hands and shake filter. Be sure to shake dust from filter pocket edges and from between pleats.



## AIR FILTERS-CONTINUED

FILTER BAG CLEANING-CONTINUED

## WARNING

Always wear protective goggles and stand upwind of blast when using compressed air.

2 Use compressed air to remove dust from filter. Insert hose nozzle into each pocket and blow dust out. A maximum line pressure of 100 psi (690 kPa) and a 1/8 in. (0.3 cm) internal diameter nozzle are recommended for cleaning with compressed air.

## WET AIR FILTERS AND HULL COMPARTMENT

The following procedures should be followed if air filters and hull compartment become wet from fording or washing of vehicle.

1 Remove air filters by following the procedure on page 3-42.

CAUTION

Do not use steam to clean filter bag. Maximum temperature must not exceed 212°F (100°C).

2 Wash filters with hot or cold water or water and a nonsudsing detergent.

#### INSTALLATION



Incorrect installation can cause misalignment of rubber cap and damage to filter basket and access door latch.

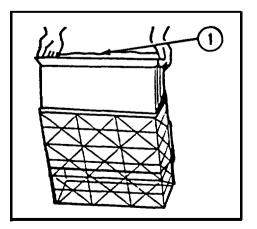
1 Install air filter bag (1) in basket and fit filter bag rubber cap firmly around rim of basket.

## CAUTION

Do not use steam to clean filter bag. Maximum temperature must not exceed 212 'F (100°C).

3 Wash filter with hot or cold water or water and a nonsudsing detergent. Hang filter bag to dry with rubber cap end in a horizontal position.

- 3 Hang filter bag to dry with rubber cap end of bag in a horizontal position.
- 4 Clean and dry air filter hull compartment with clean rags and low pressure compressed air.
- 5 Check air filter access door seals for nicks or tears. Report any damage to unit maintenance personnel.
- 6 Install air filters using following procedure.



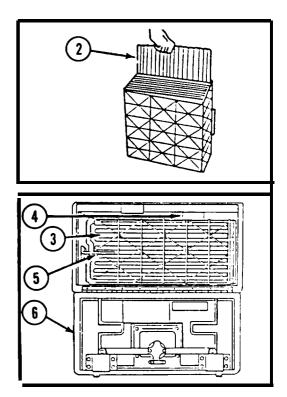
## AIR FILTERS- CONTINUED

INSTALLATION-CONTINUED

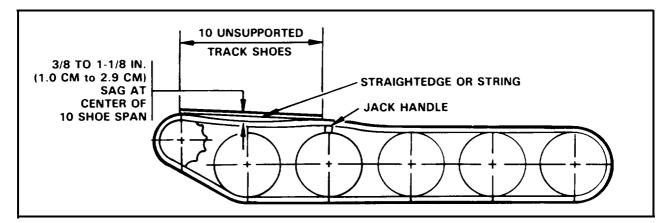


Do not tear bag while installing filter spacers.

- 2 Install 10 filter spacers (2) in filter bag pockets. Make sure spacers are fully and evenly inserted.
- 3 Position air filter basket and filter bag (3) in hull compartment with basket stops(4) on top and slide basket past stops in hull recess.
- 4 Push filter basket against hull and secure with lock lever (5). Close air filter access door (6).



#### TRACK



## TRACK TENSION CHECK

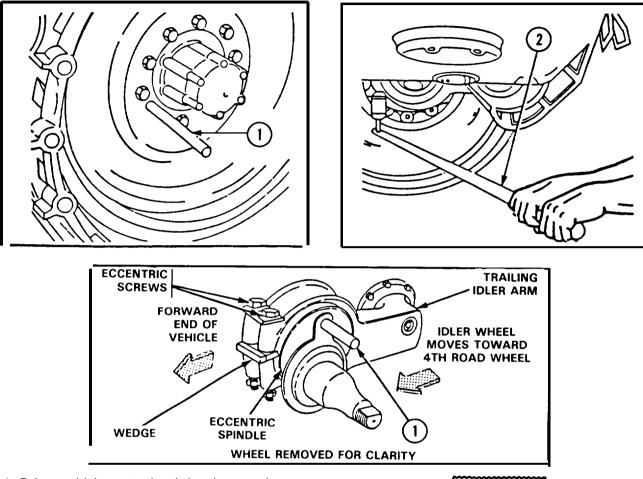
- 1 Center boom forward over vehicle and secure boom block.
- 2 Move vehicle slowly backward or forward over hard level ground; allow vehicle to coast to a stop without applying brake. Shift transmission into neutral.
- 3 Place hydraulic jack handle between track and second road wheel. If track touches first road wheel, adjust track tension.

#### NOTE

Track tension should be adjusted before maximum allowable track sag is reached.

4 Place a straightedge or stretch string over a distance of 11 unsupported track shoe pins. Measure track sag midway between 10 unsupported track shoes as shown below. If track sag does not fall within normal limits (3/8 to 1-1 /8 in.) (1.0 cm to 2.9 cm) adjust track tension.

## DECREASING TRACK TENSION



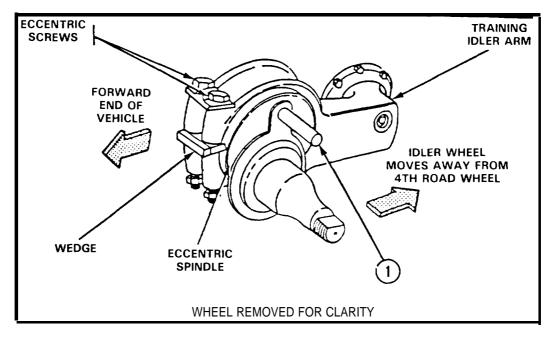
- 1 Drive vehicle onto hard level ground.
- 2 Drive vehicle slowly in reverse until hole through hub flange of trailing idler wheel is alined with hole in eccentric shaft spindle. Insert 10 in. (25.4 cm) of bar (1) (item 5, appx B) through hub flange and into spindle.
- 3 Loosen self-locking nuts on eccentric spindle screw, using socket wrench (2) (item 83, appx B). Nuts are torqued to  $600 \pm 25$  ft-lb (810  $\pm$  34 N-m) (oiled threads and washer). Drive wedge (item 72, appx B) into joint to relieve tension on eccentric spindle.

CAUTION

Bar must not travel below centerline of trailing idler arm. Ensure spindle arm clearance is correct. Refer to page 3-48.

- 4 Move vehicle slowly rearward, rotating bar and eccentric spindle 1/4 to 1/2 turn, and decrease track tension.
- 5 Remove wedge from spindle. Tighten eccentric spindle screws and nuts as tight as possible using socket wrench. As soon as possible have unit maintenance personnel check and torque spindle nuts to 600 ± 25 ft-lb (810 ± 34 N-m) (oiled threads and washer).

INCREASING TRACK TENSION



- 1 Drive vehicle onto hard level ground,
- 2 Drive vehicle slowly forward until hole through hub flange of trailing idler wheel is alined with hole in eccentric shaft spindle. Insert 10 in. (25.4 cm) of bar (1) (item 5, appx B) through hub flange and into spindle.
- 3 Loosen self-locking nut on eccentric spindle screw, using socket wrench (item 82, appx B). Nuts are torqued to  $600 \pm$ 25 ft-lb (810  $\pm$  34 N-m) (oiled threads and washer). Drive wedge (item 71, appx B) into joint to relieve tension on eccentric spindle.

······
CAUTION
{

Bar must not travel below centerline of trailing idler arm, Ensure spindle arm clearance is correct. Refer to page 3-48.

4 Shift transmission into 3 (third gear) and hold engine speed at 900 rpm. Drive vehicle slowly forward to increase track tension.

#### NOTE

- If proper tension has not been achieved by the time steel bar reaches centerline of trailing idler arm, remove one track shoe. Reassemble track and adjust track to proper tension.
- Make sure that track does not bunch up between road wheels during track tensioning.
- Lubricate screws and nuts with engine oil (OE) (item 33, appx D) before installing.
- 5 Remove wedge from spindle. Tighten eccentric spindle screws and nuts as tight as possible using socket wrench. As soon as possible have unit maintenance personnel check and torque spindle nuts to  $600 \pm 25$  ft-lb ( $810 \pm 34$  N-m) (oiled threads and washer).

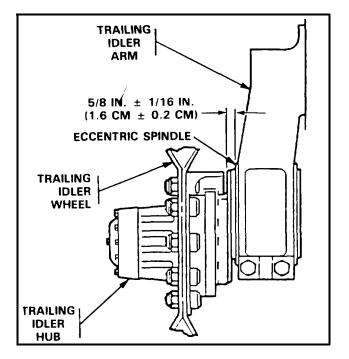
SPINDLE AND IDLER ARM CLEARANCE

Make sure placement of spindle is correct. Proper placement of spindle in arm is when approximately 5/8 in. (1.6 cm) of threaded portion of spindle extends outside of arm, If placement is incorrect, rotate spindle either in or out to achieve proper clearance as follows:

- 1 Decrease track tension. Refer to page 3-46, steps 1 thru 4.
- 2 Adjust left side spindle:
  - a. Insert 10 in. (25.4 cm) of bar (item 5, appx B) through hub flange into eccentric shaft spindle.
  - b. To increase clearance to 5/8 in, (1.6 cm), drive vehicle forward until spindle has rotated 360 degrees.
    Measure clearance. Repeat procedure, if necessary. To decrease clearance, drive vehicle rearward.
- 3 Adjust right side spindle:
  - a. Insert 10 in. (25.4 cm) of bar (item 5, appx B) through hub flange into eccentric shaft spindle.

#### TRACK REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1 Drive vehicle on level ground and position track shoe to be removed midway between bottom of drive sprocket and first road wheel.
- 2 Decrease track tension. Refer to page 3-46.



 b. To increase clearance to 5/8 in. (1.6 cm), drive vehicle rearward until spindle has rotated 360 degrees. Measure clearance. Repeat procedure, if necessary. To decrease clearance, drive vehicle forward.

3 Block opposite track to prevent vehicle movement. Do not lock vehicle brakes.

TRACK REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION-CONTINUED



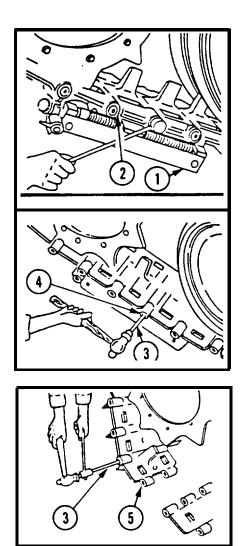
Be sure fixtures are seated properly, Injury to personnel may result if they fall off.

- Install two track connecting fixtures (1) across track shoe to be removed.
   Tighten fixtures equally to relieve tension on track pins.
- 5 Remove self-locking nut (2) from track pin.



Do not damage track pin threads during removal,

- 6 Using short leg of drift pin (3) start to drive track pin (4) out of track shoe (5). Remove track pin (4) with long leg of drift pin (3).
- 7 Remove track shoe (5) connecting fixture (1).
- 8 Repeat steps 5 and 6 for remaining track pin (4) and remove track shoe (5).
- 9 Partially install one self-locking nut (2) on each track pin (4).
- 10 Position track shoe (5) being installed at one end of disconnected track. Lift shoe approximately 15 degrees to aline hexagon shape of bushing and insert track pin (4). Drive track pin through shoes by tapping lightly with hammer on end of nut. Install remaining self-locking nut (2) on opposite end of track pin (4).
- 11 Install two track connecting fixtures (1) across track shoes to be connected and tighten equally until holes in ends of track are aligned, Connect shoes with track shoe track pin (4) as in step 10 and install remaining self-locking nut (2).



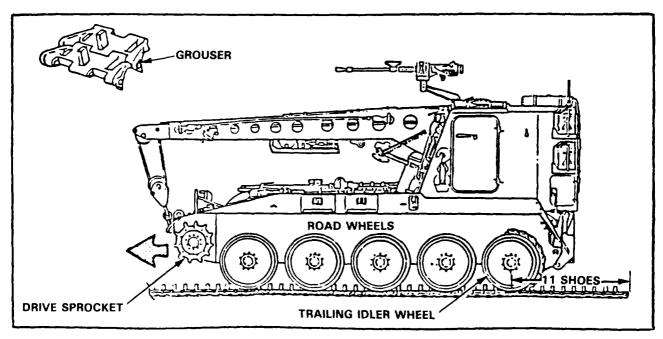
12 Tighten all nuts as much as possible. Remove track connecting fixture. As soon as possible, have unit maintenance personnel torque nuts to 160-200 ft-lb (216-270 N-m).

#### NOTE

A minimum of 1/8 track pin thread must extend through both track pin nuts.

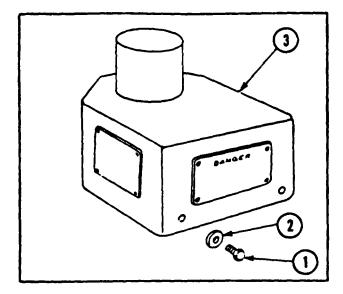
13 Adjust track tension. Refer to page 3-45.

## INSTALLING TRACK



- 1 Lay track out in front of vehicle in a straight line, directly ahead of and touching first road wheel. Position track on ground with shoe grousers facing forward.
- 2 Start engine and drive slowly onto track to a point where 11 track shoes extend past centerline of trailing idler wheel.
- 3 Stop engine; leave parking brake off.
- 4 Place drift pin in track shoe hole on last shoe at rear of vehicle. Lift end of track over trailing idler wheel,
- 5 Start engine and move vehicle forward slowly allowing track to rest on road wheels, lifting up on end of track preventing end from getting caught between road wheels. When track reaches drive sprocket, pry or lift track over sprocket.

- 6 Using drive sprocket, bring both ends of track together.
- 7 Install two track connecting fixtures across track shoes to be connected and tighten equally until holes in ends of track are aligned. Connect shoes with track shoe track pin and install selflocking nut.
- 8 Tighten two nuts on track shoe track pin. Remove track connecting fixtures, As soon as possible, have unit maintenance personnel torque nuts to 160-200 ft-lb (216-270 N-m).
- 9 Increase track tension. Refer to page 3-47.

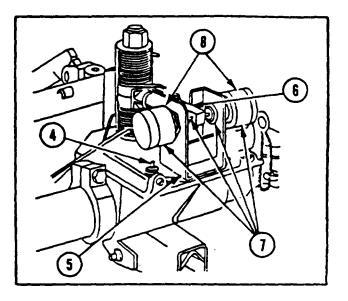


- 1 Pay out 50 to 100 feet (15 to 30 m) of tow winch wire rope and attach it to an object to be recovered. Install wire rope in snatch block and level wind slide. Refer to page 2-80.
- 2 Tighten wire rope and turn cab until tow winch drum is at a right angle to wire rope.



Do not touch level wind assembly unless level wind switch is turned off. Unexpected traversing of cab and boom may injure personnel and damage equipment.

- 3 Remove three screws (1), washers (2), and remove cover (3) from level wind assembly.
- 4 Loosen three nuts (4) securing bracket(5) to base. Rotate bracket so lever (6) is centered in bracket.
- 5 Loosen switch nuts (7). Screw in switches (8) to contact lever and then unscrew one-half turn. Secure switches (8) and bracket (5) with nuts (4 and 7).



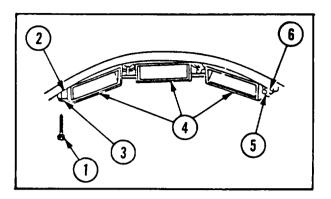
6 Turn level wind switch ON and reel in tow winch wire rope and pull in object to be recovered.



Do not rotate bracket so far as to prevent proper switch actuation.

- 7 If loose wrap is obtained on first layer of wire rope, turn off level wind switch, loosen nuts (4) securing bracket (5) and rotate bracket approximately one degree counterclockwise. If wire rope has a tendency to overwrap or is subject to severe scrubbing on first layer, loosen nuts (4) securing bracket (5) and rotate bracket approximately one degree clockwise. Secure bracket (5) and readjust switches (8).
- 8 Continue normal level wind operation. Repeat step 7 if necessary.
- 9 When correct adjustment is obtained, replace level wind cover (3) and secure with three screws (1) and washers {2).

REPLACEMENT OF PERISCOPE M17



- 1 Remove screw (1) and retainer (2) from periscope lug (3).
- 2 Hold periscope (4) in place and remove screw (5) and retainer (6) from opposite lug of periscope.
- 3 Remove periscope (4).
- 4 Install periscope (4) by holding in place and installing screws (5) and retainers (6) on lugs (3) of periscope.

#### DRIVER'S AND CREWS SEAT

- 1 Lubricate seats in accordance with appendix G.
- 2 If seats will not operate, seat belts are damaged, or seat cushions are torn, notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### WIRE ROPES

Clean boom winch and tow winch wire rope of mud, sand, and other foreign material.

Lubricate wire ropes in accordance with appendix G.

Wind wire ropes tightly and evenly on winch drums.

Report any damage such as crushing, kinks, or abrasion to unit maintenance personnel.

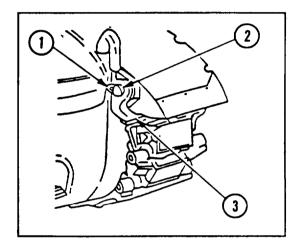
BOOM BLOCK AND TOW WINCH BLOCK

Clean boom block and tow winch block and lubricate in accordance with appendix G.

#### TO WING PINTLE

Clean towing pintle and lubricate in accordance with appendix G,

#### TOW HOOKS



- 1 Remove two lock pins (1).
- 2 Remove pin (2) and tow hook (3).
- 3 To install tow hook (3), place tow hook (3) in position and secure with pin (2) and tow lock pins (1).

#### SPECIAL TOOLS

Keep all tools clean and properly stowed. Notify unit maintenance personnel of any missing or damaged tools.

BASIC ISSUE ITEMS (BII)

Keep all basic issue items clean and properly stowed. Notify unit maintenance personnel of any missing or damaged items. See Appendix B for a listing of basic issue items, and Appendix E for location.

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## Section IV. MAINTENANCE UNDER UNUSUAL CONDITIONS

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#### GENERAL

a. Important References. Three important manuals to get acquainted with are: FM 21-306, FM 9-207, and FM 21-60 providing operational and ground guide instructions in all weather conditions to include extreme cold  $(0^{\circ}F to -65^{\circ}F(-18^{\circ}C to -54^{\circ}C))$ .

b. Vehicle. In addition to normal PMCS (pages 2-18 thru 2-48), special care in cleaning and lubrication must be taken where extremes of temperature, humidity, and terrain conditions are present or anticipated. When operating in extremely dusty or snowy conditions, clean air filter bags frequently to provide adequate air to engine.

*c. Armament.* When not in use, cal .50 machine gun should be covered. Keep machine gun clean and lightly lubricated. When cleaning in cold weather, use CLP lubricant (item 3, appx D). Do not dilute or add antifreeze to rifle bore cleaner. When cleaning and lubricating have been done, store cleaning solutions and lubricants in a warm place, if available.

d. General Lubrication Notes.

(1) Refer to appendix G for grades and types of cold weather lubricants.

(2) In temperatures below freezing, keep moving parts of machine gun and critical parts of vehicle free of moisture.

(3) During adverse conditions of heavy rains, high humidity, sand storms, very dusty, or muddy conditions, clean and lubricate vehicle more frequently to prevent damage to equipment. Be sure to clean and lubricate winch wire ropes.

#### e. Maintenance Do's and Don'ts.

(1) Extreme Heat, Humid, or Salty Conditions.

- <u>a.</u> Don't . . . Park vehicle in sun for long periods of time.
- <u>b.</u> Do . . . . . Lubricate vehicle more frequently because oil will evaporate.
- <u>c.</u> Do . . . . . . . Clean and lubricate working metal surfaces frequently.
- <u>d.</u> Do . . . . . . . Apply a light film of CLP (item 3, appx D) on machine gun and mount and keep cover in place.
- (2) Dusty and/or Sandy Areas.
  - a. Do . . . . . . . Park vehicles under shelter if possible. If none is available, cover vehicle with tarpaulin.
  - <u>b.</u> Do . . . . . Keep machine gun lubricated and covered when not in use.
  - <u>c.</u> Do . . . . . . Clean all dust and/or sand from all working metal surfaces before operating.

### GENERAL-CONTINUED

- (3) Fording.

  - b. Do . . . . . Make sure basic issue

items are properly stowed and secured.

- c. Do . . . . . Open hull drain valves and drain accumulated water after crossing is completed.
- <u>d.</u> Do . . . . . Check engine oil level and crankcase for evidence of water as soon as possible after crossing.

#### EXTREME COLD WEATHER MAINTENANCE

a. General. In extreme cold weather, special purpose kits (Chapter 5) should be installed and operated. Maintenance in extreme cold is difficult in the field. Cold increases maintenance time. At temperatures below  $-40^{\circ}F$  ( $-40^{\circ}C$ ), maintenance requires up to five times the normal amount of time. Bare hands stick to cold metal. Fuel in contact with hands results in super-cooling due to evaporation and hands can become frostbitten. Engine oils, except subzero grade, cannot be poured at temperatures below  $-40^{\circ}F$ ( $-.40^{\circ}c$ ).

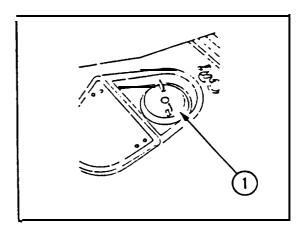
*b.* Fuel System Maintenance. When conditions indicate that temperatures are going to be below  $-25^{\circ}$ F ( $-32^{\circ}$ C), drain, purge, and fill fuel cell and fuel lines with arctic fuel.

#### NOTE

Draining fuel system must be coordinated with unit maintenance personnel.

(1) Remove fuel fill cap (1).

(2) Place suitable container under vehicle. Fuel cell contains 260 gal. (984 l).



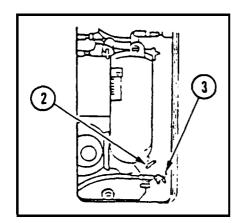
NOTE

Regular grade fuel, DF-2 (NATO F-54), will thicken or partially solidify at extreme cold temperatures. The entire vehicle must be placed under cover and warmed until fuel returns to a liquid state.

(3) Remove fuel cell drain plugs from bottom of hull and drain fuel.

(4) When fuel cell is drained, install drain plugs and tighten securely.

#### EXTREME COLD WEATHER MAINTENANCE-CONTINUED



(5) Fill fuel cell with fuel, grade DF-A (NATO F-56) and install fuel fill cap.

(6) Provide suitable container and drain approximately one quart of fuel from each of the low pressure and high pressure fuel filters (2 and 3). Close drain valves.

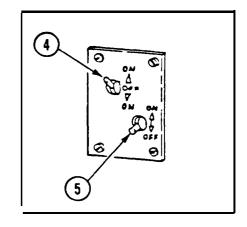
(7) prime fuel system. Refer to page 3-32.

(8) Use fuel cycle switch (4) and pump and heater igniter switch (5) for approximately 2 minutes and then idle engine at 1200 rpm for 5 minutes to warm up engine.

c. Coolant System Maintenance. Refer to FM 9-207 for instructions on draining and cleaning coolant system and selection, application and checking of antifreeze comounds to suit anticipated conditions.

(1) Check and make sure antifreeze in coolant is correct for lowest anticipated temperature. When adding water to system, make sure antifreeze protection is maintained. Operate engine to mix coolant.

(2) Operate coolant heater when vehicle is parked, if installed (Chapter 5).



(3) Make sure fan well deck is covered when vehicle is parked to keep out blowing snow. Check and remove any accumulated snow from fan well before starting engine.

*d. Battery Maintenance.* Refer to FM 9-207 for method of correcting specific gravity readings for batteries exposed to extreme cold.

(1) Start and run engine for approximately 30 minutes at 1200 rpm to charge batteries immediately after adding water to batteries so water will combine with battery acid and not freeze.

(2) Keep batteries fully charged during extreme cold weather. The colder batteries become the more battery electric power output is diminished.

(3) Operate coolant heater, if installed (Chapter 5), when vehicle is to be parked for several hours. If coolant heater is not installed, have unit maintenance personnel remove batteries and store in a warm place. When reinstalling batteries, make sure cables and terminals are clean and tight.

## EXTREME HOT WEATHER MAINTE-NANCE

a. General. Maintenance of vehicle under extreme hot weather conditions requires more frequent checks and services. Lubricants and coolant evaporate, fungus and rust form rapidly, and straps and canvas material may rot from mildew, mold, or fungus.

#### b. Cooling System Maintenance.

(1) Check coolant level frequently and keep system filled to within 1 in. (2.5 cm) below base of fill neck. Avoid use of water that contains alkali. Use soft water whenever possible.

(2) Deleted.

(3) Thoroughly clean and flush cooling system at frequent intervals. Refer to page 3-30. Clean outside of radiators of any accumulated dirt, grease, and debris.

(4) Check and adjust fan belt tension at frequent intervals. Refer to page 3-31.

#### c. Battery Maintenance.

(1) Check level of battery acid in cells daily. Electrolyte level must not drop below top of battery plates. Have unit maintenance personnel add distilled or rain water if necessary.



Do not store acid type storage batteries near stacks of tires. Fumes from batteries have a harmful effect on rubber.

(2) Have unit maintenance personnel remove batteries and store them in a cool place if vehicle is to be parked for several days. A battery will self-discharge at a greater rate if left standing for long periods at high temperatures.

d. Hull and Cab Maintenance.

#### NOTE

In extreme hot, humid weather, corrosive action will show in form of rust and paint blisters on metal and mildew, mold, or fungus growth on wood, fabric, leather, and glass.

(1) Make frequent inspections of inactive vehicles.

(2) Remove rust, paint blisters, mildew, mold, or fungus from components.

(3) Apply protective coat of rust preventive paint on painted surfaces or film of preservative lubricating oil (item 3, appx D) to unpainted surfaces.

(4) Coat battery cables and terminals with a light coat of grease (GAA) (item 19, appx D).

e. Armament Maintenance.

(1) Inspect parts frequently for condensed moisture or corrosion.

(2) Thoroughly dry all exposed unpainted surfaces and lubricate (appx G.

#### AFTER FORDING MAINTENANCE

The following maintenance should be done at once on all vehicles that have been exposed to some depth of water or completely submerged, especially in salt water.

## AFTER FORDING MAINTENANCE-CONTINUED

#### a. Vehicle Maintenance.

(1) Open three hull drain valves and drain hull. Clean hull and tracks of mud and debris. Close drain valves after all water is drained.

(2) Clean all exposed surfaces and touch up paint on any damaged painted surfaces.

(3) Clean and coat unpainted metal parts with CLP lubricant (item 3, appx D).

(4) Check lubricating oil in engine, transmission, auxiliary drive and final drives for water leakage. If there is evidence of water entering any of these components, drain, flush, and refill with correct lubricant (appx G). Remove and replace engine and transmission oil filters.

(5) Clean and lubricate all suspension grease-lubricated components. Make sure that grease is generously forced into each fitting to force out any water present.

(6) Check road wheel and idler wheel hubs for water leakage. Drain and refill hubs if there is any evidence of water in the grease.

(7) Check batteries to be sure no water entered through vent caps. This is of special importance should vehicle have been submerged in salt water.

(8) Remove, disassemble, and dry air filter bags.

(9) Check electrical connections for corrosion, particularly bayonet-type connectors. Dry and clean any wet or corroded connections.

(10) Drain primary and secondary fuel filters of any accumulated water.

b. Armament Maintenance. If the armament has been splashed with water or has been accidentally submerged, precautions must be taken as soon as possible to avoid damage to materiel.

(1) Completely disassemble armament (TM 9-1005-213-10). Clean, dry, and lubricate all exposed unpainted parts as soon as situation permits.

(2) Regardless of temporary measures taken, notify unit maintenance personnel so that complete disassembly, cleaning, and lubrication can be accomplished.

## UNUSUAL TERRAIN MAINTENANCE

a. Mud.

(1) Clean vehicle thoroughly and dry.

(2) Lubricate vehicle as prescribed in appendix G. Pay particular attention to suspension components. Be sure to force out any dirty lubricant.

(3) Clean power plant reservoir drain in bottom of hull. If drain becomes plugged with mud, pressure may build up in transmission and cause violent eruption of oil when transmission oil level dipstick is removed.

(4) Clean tow winch and boom winch wire ropes. Do not coat wire rope with lubricant. Lubricants mixed with grit create an abrasive paste that is more damaging to wire rope than the lack of lubricant.

(5) Clean air filter bags daily if/when operating in mud. When air filter baskets are removed, inspect air separators for clogging. If clogged notify unit maintenance personnel.

#### UNUSUAL TERRAIN MAINTENANCE-CONTINUED

b. Sand and Dust.

(1) Thoroughly clean and dry vehicle, including power plant compartment.

(2) Lubricate vehicle as prescribed in appendix G. Be sure to force out any dirty lubricant.

(3) Check for chipped paint. Have unit maintenance personnel prime and paint any area where paint is etched or chipped.

(4) Cover entire vehicle with tarpaulin, if possible. If entire vehicle cannot be covered, protect periscopes against etching by windblown sand. Also, protect engine compartment against entry of sand and dust.

(5) Clean tow winch and boom winch wire ropes. Do not coat rope with lubricant. Lubricants mixed with sand create an abrasive paste that is more damaging to wire rope than the lack of lubricant. (6) Disassemble and clean machine gun at least once each day. Remove lubricants on exposed and noncritical operating surfaces of machine gun and mount. This will prevent windblown sand and dust from sticking to oil and forming an abrasive. Clean and lubricate machine gun and mount with CLP lubricant (item 3, appx D) immediately upon leaving sandy terrain.

(7) Clean air filter bags daily when operating in sand or dust. Extreme conditions may require cleaning filter bags more than once a day. When air filter baskets are removed, inspect air separators for clogging. If clogged, notify unit maintenance personnel.

(8) Clean power plant reservoir drain in bottom of hull. If drain becomes plugged, pressure may build up in transmission and cause violent eruption of oil when transmission oil level dipstick is removed.

## CHAPTER 4 MAINTENANCE OF AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

#### CHAPTER INDEX

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## GENERAL

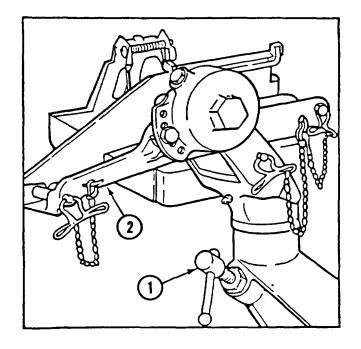
This chapter provides operator maintenance for auxiliary equipment used with M578 Recovery Vehicle. The auxiliary equipment consists of machine gun, machine gun mount, communications equipment, gas-particulate filter unit, fixed fire extinguisher system, portable fire extinguisher, and impact wrench.

#### CALIBER .50 MACHINE GUN, M2

Refer to TM 9-1005-213-10 for detailed maintenance instructions on the machine gun.

# CALIBER .50 MACHINE GUN MOUNT, M106A1

1 Loosen mount support gun lock clamp (1) and remove mount (2).

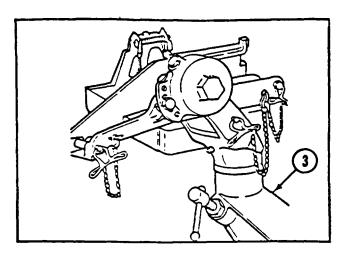


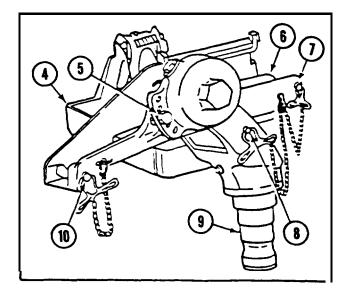
## CALIBER .50 MACHINE GUN MOUNT, M106A1-CONTINUED



Dry cleaning solvent (SD-2) is toxic and flammable. Wear protective goggles (item 18, appx D) and gloves (item 17, appx D) and use only in a well ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothes and don't breathe vapors. Do not use near open flame or excessive heat. The flash point is 100°F -138°F (38°C - 50°C). If you become dizzy while using solvent, get fresh air immediately and get medical aid. If contact with eyes is made, wash eyes with water and get medical aid immediately.

- 2 Clean interior of machined surface of mount support (3) with dry cleaning solvent SD-2 (item 15, appx D) and wipe dry. Lubricate machined surface with CLP (item 3, appx D).
- 3 Clean all components of mount with dry cleaning solvent SD-2 (item 15, appx D) and wipe dry.
- 4 Inspect mount for damage and missing parts. Notify unit maintenance personnel of any damaged or missing parts.
  - (4) Ammunition box tray
  - (5) Equilibrator adjusting screw
  - (6) Support cradle
  - (7) Front locking pin
  - (8) Travel lock pin
  - (9) Pintle
  - (10) Rear locking pin
- 5 Oil all moving parts and locking pins, Use CLP (item 3, appx D) for all temperatures.





#### COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT

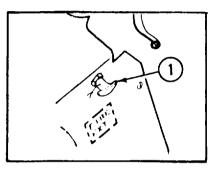
Refer to TM 11-291 and TM 11-5820-401-10-1, supplied with communications equipment, for detailed maintenance instructions.

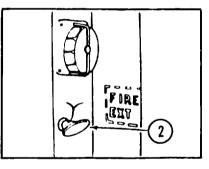
## GAS-PARTICULATE FILTER UNIT

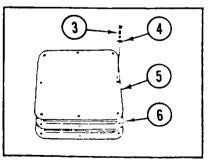
For maintenance instructions on M25/M25AI Protective Mask, use TM 3-4240-280-10.

## FIXED FIRE EXTINGUISHER SYSTEM

- 1 Check lead seals on handles (1 and 2) to make sure they have not been broken.
- 2 Remove eight screws (3) and washers (4) securing right access cover (5). Remove access cover (5) and gasket (6). Repeat procedure and remove left access cover.
- 3 Keep a log to be sure extinguishers have been weighed and inspected within 90 days.
- 4 If extinguishers have not been weighed or if system has been discharged, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 5 Replace access covers (5) and gaskets (6) and secure each with eight screws (3) and washers (4).



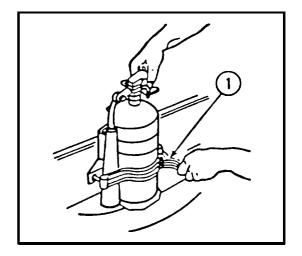




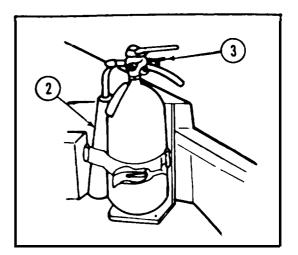
TM 9-2350-238-10

## PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

1 Check condition and operation of portable fire extinguisher latch (1).



- 2 Make sure extinguisher nozzle (2) is secure and serviceable. Check lead seals (3) to make sure they have not been broken.
- 3 If extinguisher has not been weighed or has been discharged, notify unit maintenance personnel.



## IMPACT WRENCH

Refer to TM 9-5130-338-15P for detailed maintenance instructions on impact wrench

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## **CHAPTER 5**

## OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF SPECIAL PURPOSE KITS

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#### GENERAL

Special purpose kits consist of driver's heater kit, winterization kit, and arctic traction kit.

Driver's heater kit provides warm air for driver's compartment. It is authorized for issue when low temperatures require heating of driver's compartment.

Winterization kit provides warm air for the crew in cab, maintains engine coolant and battery temperatures at level required for starting engine, warms hydraulic oil, and provides warm air below cab to warm slip ring and hydraulic pumps. It is authorized for issue when vehicle is to be operated in arctic regions.

Arctic traction kit provides special track pads that increase traction of vehicle on ice and snow.

Special purpose kits are installed on M578 Recovery Vehicle by support maintenance personnel. Pages 5-2 thru 5-12 describe each kit and provide instructions for operation and crew maintenance of each item.

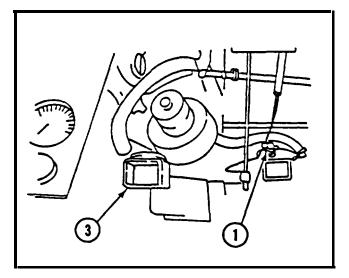
#### DRIVER'S HEATER KIT

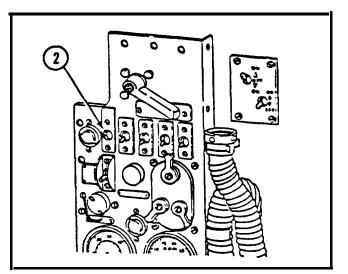
Driver's heater kit uses hot engine coolant to provide warm air for driver's compartment. Hoses allow hot coolant to circulate through heater and an impeller, driven by an electric motor, blows air through heater. Heater is installed above driver's feet. A deflector assembly allows heated air to be directed as desired.

## DRIVER'S HEATER KIT-CONTINUED

#### DRIVER'S HEATER OPERATION

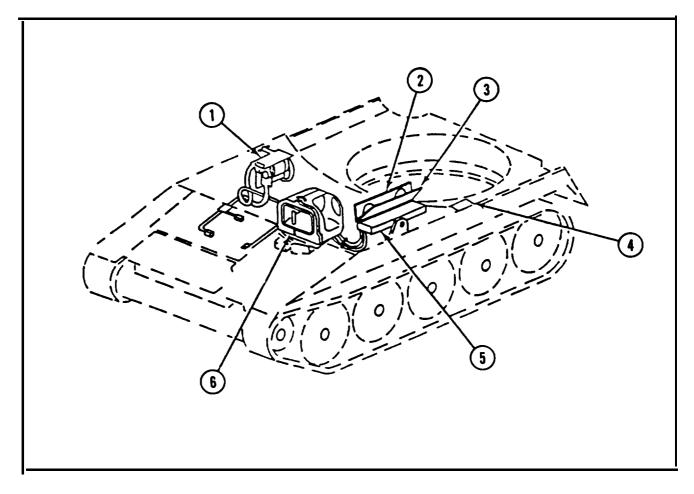
- Start vehicle engine and set engine speed at fast idle (1000 to 1200 rpm) until engine coolant has warmed to 170°F (77°c).
- 2 Open HEATER SHUTOFF VALVE (1) by turning it in direction marked ON.
- 3 Set DRIVER'S HEATER switch (2) to ON.
- 4 Direct hot air as desired by rotating deflector (3) or by opening or closing sliding panel on deflector.
- 5 Temperature of heated air may be decreased by partially closing HEATER SHUTOFF VALVE (1).
- 6 To shut off heater, set DRIVER'S HEATER switch (2) to OFF, and turn HEATER SHUTOFF VALVE (1) in direction marked OFF.
- 7 Inspect heater, hoses, and fittings for leaks. Check operation of heater switch and shutoff valve. If there are any leaks or heater does not operate, notify unit maintenance personnel.





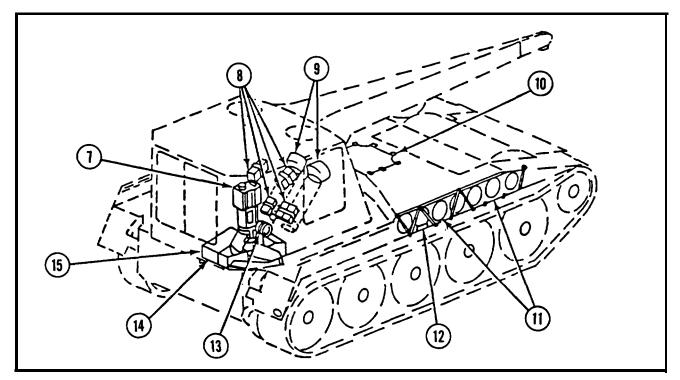
#### WINTERIZATION KIT

Winterizatoin kit allows vehicle to be operated in arctic regions. Winterization kit consists of an engine coolant heater system, cab heater, hydraulic oil immersion heater, driver's enclosure, and vehicle closure covers, plate, boots, trays, and plugs.



- 1 COOLANT HEATER. A diesel fuel burning heater (1) that maintains engine and battery temperature at starting level. Coolant heater draws coolant from engine, heats coolant, and then circulates it through hollow bottom of battery tray and back into engine cooling system.
- 2 BATTERY COMPARTMENT AIR INTAKE PORT COVER. This cover (2) prevents entry of snow and ice into battery compartment and engine air intake system.
- 3 INSULATED BATTERY COMPARTMENT COVER. This cover (3) provides insulation to help maintain battery temperature at starting level.

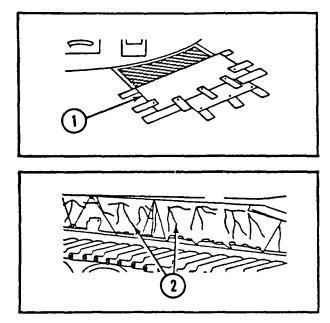
- 4 ENGINE INTAKE AIR VENT COVER. This cover (4) prevents entry of snow and ice into engine air intake system.
- 5 BATTERY TRAY. This tray (5) has a hollow bottom through which heated coolant from coolant heater is circulated to warm batteries.
- 6 DRIVER'S ENCLOSURE. This enclosure (6) protects driver from wet and cold while driving vehicle with cupola cover open. Enclosure will fold forward and not interfere with closing cupola cover. An electric windshield wiper is installed on windshield.

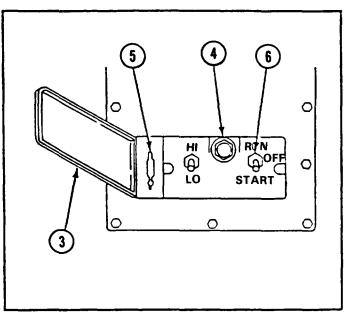


- 7 CAB HEATER. A fuel burning heater (7) that provides warm air for cab, slip ring, and hydraulic pumps. Heater discharges heated air that is deflected into cab and into slip ring hot air ducts.
- 8 AMMUNITION BOX TRAYS. Trays (8) are provided to hold ammunition boxes displaced by installation of cab heater.
- 9 BOOM CYLINDER BOOT. The boots (9) seal opening in front wall of cab around boom cylinders.
- 10 RADIATOR AIR INTAKE GRILLE COVER. This cover (10) prevents entry of snow and ice into radiator and fan well compartment.
- 11 HULL EXHAUST PORT COVER. This clover (11) prevents entry of snow and ice into radiator and fan well compartment.

- 12 COOLANT HEATER EXHAUST OUTLET COVER PLATE. This plate (12) allows for coolant heater exhaust while protecting exhaust port cover from damage.
- 13 HYDRAULIC OIL IMMERSION HEATER. Heater (13) warms hydraulic oil in reservoir prior to engaging hydraulic pumps. The immersion heater is an electrical, resistance type heater installed in hydraulic reservoir.
- 14 SLIP RING HOT AIR DUCTS. The hot air ducts (14) deflect air from cab heater below cab to warm slip ring and hydraulic pumps.
- 15 IMMERSION HEATER SLAVE RECEP-TACLE. Immersion heater slave receptacle (15) permits connection of a 24-volt DC power source to immersion heater.

## COOLANT HEATER OPERATION





## CAUTION

- Operate coolant heater continually whenever engine is not operating and average temperature is -25°F (-32°C) or below.
- Do not operate coolant heater longer than 12 hours without recharging vehicle batteries.
- 1 Install cover (1) on radiator air intake grille and secure with snap fasteners.
- 2 Release exhaust port cover (2) from stow position and lace in closed position.
- 3 Open spring-loaded cover (3) over coolant heater control panel and press on light (4). Light should come on.

#### NOTE

Before first operation of coolant heater, or after coolant system had been drained and refilled, purge air from coolant heater by opening drain cock (5) located under coolant heater control panel. Run coolant heater until air is no longer ejected from draincock, then close draincock.

4 Hold RUN-OFF-START switch (6) in START position until light comes on.

## NOTE

If light (4) does not come on within 5 minutes notify unit maintenance personnel.

## COOLANT HEATER OPERATION- CONTINUED

- 5 When light (4) comes on, immediately move switch (6) to RUN position without hesitating in OFF position.
- 6 Set HI-LO switch (7) for desired rate of heating,

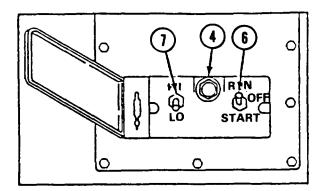
#### NOTE

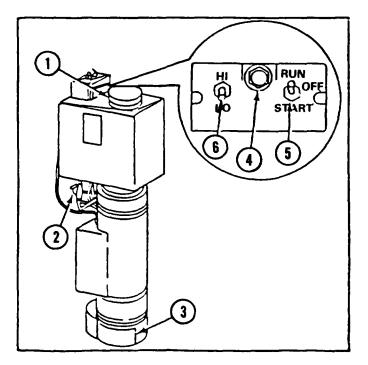
If set for HI, heater will automatically go into low heat when coolant temperature reaches 220°F (105°C). LO position is suitable for standby operation when heater will be used for an extended period of time.

7 Shut heater off when engine is operating. To shut heater off, turn switch (6) to off position. Flame will extinguish in a few moments as soon as fuel is purged. Blower will operate for about 1 minute until heater has cooled, then will stop. Light will stay on until blower stops.

#### CAB HEATER OPERATION

- 1 Remove heater fuel filler cap (1) and add diesel fuel to fill as required. Initial heater capacity is 5 gal. (19 I). Replace filler cap.
- 2 Open the fuel shutoff cock (2).
- 3 Close air deflector (3) at base of heater to deflect air to slip ring and hydraulic pumps.
- 4 Set vehicle master switch to ON.
- 5 Check that light (4) on heater control box goes on when pressed.
- 6 Hold START-RUN switch (5) in START position until light (4) comes on; then move switch (5) to RUN position without stopping in OFF position.





CAB HEATER OPERATION-CONTINUED

#### NOTE

If light (4) does not come on within 5 minutes, notify unit maintenance personnel.

- 7 Position HI-LO switch (6) to desired rate of heating.
- 8 When slip ring is warm, open air deflector(3) to allow heated air into cab for personnel comfort.

IMMERSION HEATER OPERATION



Do not operate immersion heater from vehicle slave receptacle when engine is not running. Batteries are discharged very rapidly by immersion heater.

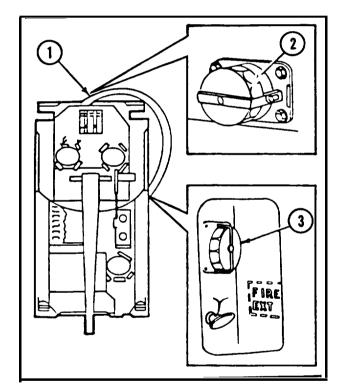
- 1 Start the engine.
- 2 Connect slave cable (1) (item 8, appx B, Sec. III) between cab slave receptacle (2) and vehicle slave receptacle (3) or an external 24-volt DC power source. immersion heater will be on and start warming hydraulic oil.



Do not engage hydraulic pump clutch switch when temperature is below  $-25^{\circ}F$  ( $-32^{\circ}C$ ) until hydraulic oil has been warmed.

- 3 Allow hydraulic oil to warm, Inside wall of cab below hydraulic oil level gauge will be warm to your hand.
- 4 Actuate hydraulic system (page 2-67). If filter bypass light comes on, reduce engine speed until light goes out, or turn off hydraulic pump clutch switch and allow immersion heater to continue to operate.

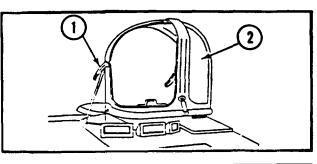
- 9 To turn heater off, set heater START-RUN switch (5) to OFF. Light will stay on until heater is purged. Blower will operate for approximately 1 minute after heater is turned off.
- 10 Close fuel shutoff cock (2).
- 11 Set vehicle master switch to OFF.

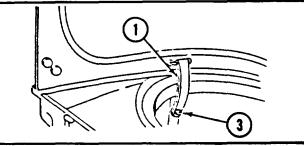


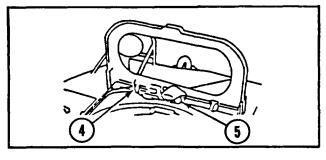
- 5 Repeat steps 3 and 4 until hydraulic pump clutch is successfully engaged and filter bypass light remains out. Pull hand throttle out slowly, making sure bypass light remains out, until engine speed reaches 1350 rpm.
- 6 Remove slave cable (1). Immersion heater will be off and will stop heating hydraulic oil. Hydraulic oil will be heated as long as hydraulic system is in operation.

DRIVER'S ENCLOSURE OPERATION

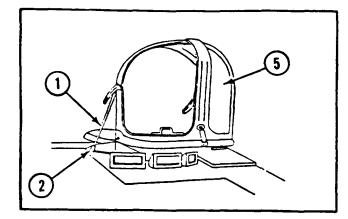
- 1 Pull down on straps (1) to lower driver's window (2) over cupola.
- 2 Secure enclosure by pushing snap fastener on strap (1) onto studs (3).
- 3 To open driver's window:
  - a. Pull strap on each side of enclosure free from stud.
  - b. Push up and forward on window (2) and fold windshield and window forward onto hull.
- 4 To operate windshield wiper, set wiper motor switch (4), located to left of wiper motor (5), to ON position.



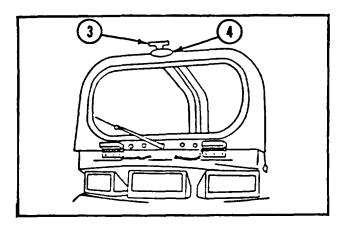




REMOVAL OF DRIVER'S ENCLOSURE

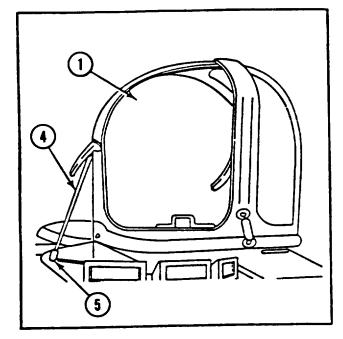


- 1 Remove window-to-cupola chain (1) from base link (2).
- 2 Turn handle of catch assembly (3) counterclockwise until there is enough slack to allow release of catch assembly (3) from latch (4) in window assembly. Lift catch assembly from latch.

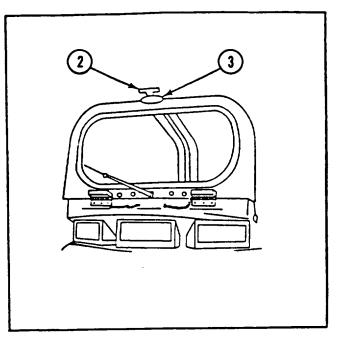


- 3 Lift window (5) from windshield and remove from vehicle.
- 4 Make sure that windshield is folded down flat.

INSTALLATION OF DRIVER'S ENCLOSURE

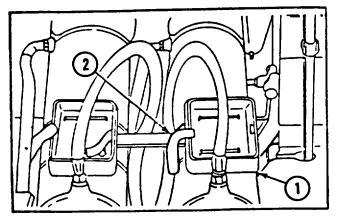


- 1 Make sure windshield is upright if folded down.
- 2 Install window (1) in windshield.

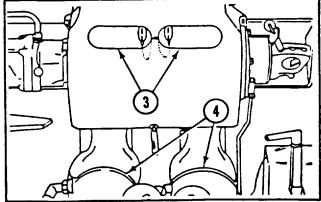


- 3 Place catch assembly (2) in latch (3). Turn handle of catch assembly (2) clockwise until it locks in window assembly.
- 4 Install cupola chain (4) to base link (5) in window.

WINTERIZATION KIT COVERS, PLUGS, BOOTS, AND TRAYS OPERATION

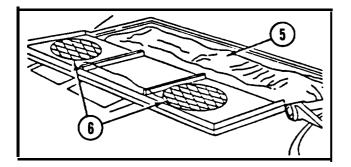


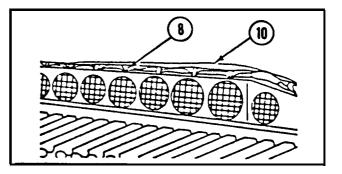
1 Stow ammunition boxes in trays (1) which have been relocated to boom cylinders and secure with straps (2).



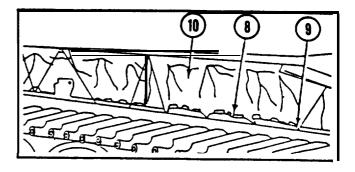
2 Make sure boom winch cover plugs (3) and boom cylinder boots (4) are in place and secure.

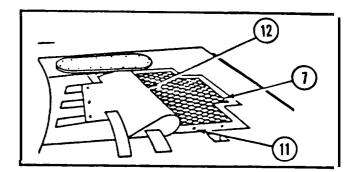
WINTERIZATION KIT COVERS, PLUGS, BOOTS, AND TRAYS OPERATION-CONTINUED





- 3 After servicing batteries, replace insulated cover (5) over batteries before closing door,
- 4 Make sure engine intake air vent cover (6) and air intake port cover (7) are in place.
- 5 Before starting engine, loosen rope (8) from cleats (9) and roll exhaust port cover (10) up. Secure in place on top deck by attaching rope (8) to cleats.
- 6 Partially uncover air intake by unfastening snaps from studs (11) securing cover (12) over air intake grille,
- 7 After engine is running, adjust cover (12) to suit engine cooling requirements.





#### WINTERIZATION KIT MAINTENANCE

- 1 Oil windshield pin assemblies and engine coolant heater control box access cover hinge with proper oil for expected temperatures.
- 2 Inspect coolant heater, hoses, and fittings for leaks. Test indicator light on control box by pressing. If light does not operate or if any components are leaking or damaged, notify unit maintenance personnel.
- 3 Inspect cab heater, fuel tank, lines, and fittings for leaks, Turn on MASTER switch and test indicator light on control box by pressing. If light does not operate or if any components are leaking or damaged, notify unit personnel.
- 4 Inspect around hydraulic oil immersion heater for oil leaks. Notify unit maintenance personnel of any leaks.
- 5 Check that all covers and plugs are correctly installed or stowed and not damaged. If any covers or plugs are missing or damaged, notify unit maintenance personnel.

# CAUTION

Do not use solvent or any abrasive agent on driver's enclosure,

- 6 Wash off all sand and dirt from driver's enclosure with stream of water. Then clean enclosure and windshield with mild soap and water and soft cloth.
- 7 Turn on MASTER switch and check operation of windshield wiper on driver's enclosure. Check driver's enclosure for damaged window or windshield glass. Notify unit maintenance personnel if windshield wiper does not operate or if driver's enclosure is damaged.
- 8 Check vehicle fuel level before notifying unit maintenance personnel that coolant heater is defective.
- 9 Check fuel level in heater tank before notifying unit maintenance personnel that cab heater is defective.

#### **ARCTIC TRACTION KIT**

Arctic traction kit provides special track pads that increase traction of vehicle on ice and snow.

Arctic track pads are installed and replaced by unit maintenance personnel.

Arctic track pads require no special maintenance, Service and maintain track, track tension, and track shoes in normal manner. Refer to pages 3-45 thru 3-50.

# APPENDIX A REFERENCES

## SCOPE

This appendix lists all field manuals, forms, technical manuals, and miscellaneous publications referenced in this manual.

## FIELD MANUALS

FM3-5 NBC Decontamination
FM 3-87 Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Reconnaissance and Decontamination Operations
FM 9-207 Operation and Maintenance of Ordinance Materiel in Cold Weather (0° to -65°F)
FM 20-22 Vehicle Recovery Operations
FM 21-11
FM 21-60 Visual Signals
FM 21-306 Manual for Tracked Combat Vehicle Driver
FM31-70 Basic Cold Weather Manual
FM 31-71 Northern Operations
FM 90-6 Mountain Operations
FORMS
DA Form 2028 Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms
DA Form 2028-2 Recommended Changes to Equipment Technical Publications
DA Form 2062 Hand Receipt/Annex Number
DA Form 2404 Equipment Inspection and Maintenance Work Sheet
SF 368 Product Quality Deficiency Report

# **TECHNICAL MANUALS**

TM 3-4240-280-10 . . . . . . . . . Operator's Manual for Mask, Chemical-Biological, Aircraft, ABC-M24 and Accessories: Mask, Chemical-Biological, Tank M25/M25A 1 and Accessories TECHNICAL MANUALS (cont)

TM 3-4320-214-12&P . . . . . . Operator's and Organizational Maintenance Manual Including Repair Parts and Special Tools List for Decontaminating Apparatus: Portable, 14 Liter, M13

TM9-1005-213-10 . . . . . . . . Operator's Manual; Machine Gun, Cal. .50, Browning, M2, Heavy Barrel

TM9-1005-245-14 . . . . . . . . Operator's, Organizational, Direct Support and General Support Maintenance Including Repair Parts and Special Tools List (including Depot Maintenance Repair Parts and Special Tools): Various Machine Gun Mounts and Combinations Used on Tactical and Armored Vehicles

TM 9-2350-274-BD . . . . . . . Operational, Organizational, Direct Support and General Support Maintenance, Battlefield Damage Assessment and Repair: for M109/MI10/M578 Vehicles

TM 9-5130-338-15P . . . . . . Organizational, Field and Depot Maintenance Repair Parts List (Including Operation and Organizational, Field and Depot Maintenance) for Wrench, Impact, Hydraulic

TM 9-6140-200-14 . . . . . . . . Operator's Organizational, Direct Support and General Support Maintenance Manual for Lead-Acid Storage Batteries

TM 9-8000 . . . . . . . . . . . Principles of Automotive Vehicles

TM11-291 . . . . . . . . . . . . Manual for Radio Set AN/VRC-13, AN/VRC-14, or AN/VRC-15

TM 11-5820-401-10-1.... Operator's Manual for Radio Sets AN/VRC-43, AN/VRC-44, AN/VRC-46, AN/VRC-47, AN/VRC-48, and AN/VRC-49

#### MISCELLANEOUS PUBLICATIONS

# APPENDIX B COMPONENTS OF END ITEM AND BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LISTS

Section I. INTRODUCTION

#### SCOPE

This appendix lists components of end item and basic issue items for the M578 Recovery Vehicle to help you inventory items required for safe and efficient operation.

#### GENERAL

The Components of End Item and Basic Issue Items Lists are divided into the following sections:

a. Section II. Components of End Item. This listing is for informational purposes only, and is not authority to requisition replacements. These items are part of the end item, but are removed and separately packaged for transportation or shipment. As part of the end item, these items must be with the end item whenever it is issued or transferred between property accounts. Illustrations are furnished to assist you in identifying the items.

b. Section III. Basic Issue Items. These are the minimum essential items required to place the M578 Recovery Vehicle in operation, to operate it, and to perform emergency repairs. Although shipped separately packaged, BII must be with the M578 Recovery Vehicle during operation and whenever it is transferred between property accounts. The illustrations will assist you with hard-to-identify items. This manual is your authority to request/requisition replacement BII, based on TOE/MTOE authorization of the end item,

#### **EXPLANATION OF COLUMNS**

The following provides an explanation of columns found in the tabular listings:

a. Column (1) – Illustration Item Number (Illus Number). This column indicates the number of the illustration in which the item is shown.

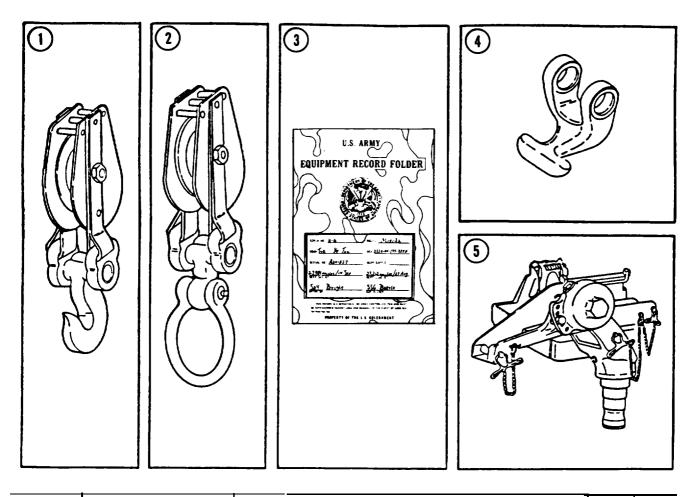
b. Column (2) – National Stock Number. Indicates the National stock number assigned to the item and will be used for requisitioning purposes.

c. Column (3) –Description. Indicates the Federal item name and, if required, a minimum description to identify and locate the item. The last line for each item indicates the FSCM (in parentheses) followed by the part number.

d. Column (4) – Unit of Measure (U/M). Indicates the measure used in performing the actual operational/maintenance function. This measure is expressed by a two-character alphabetical abbreviation (e. g., ea, in, pr).

e. Column (5) – Quantity Required (Qty Rqr). Indicates the quantity of the item authorized to be used with/on the equipment.

Section II. COMPONENTS OF END ITEM



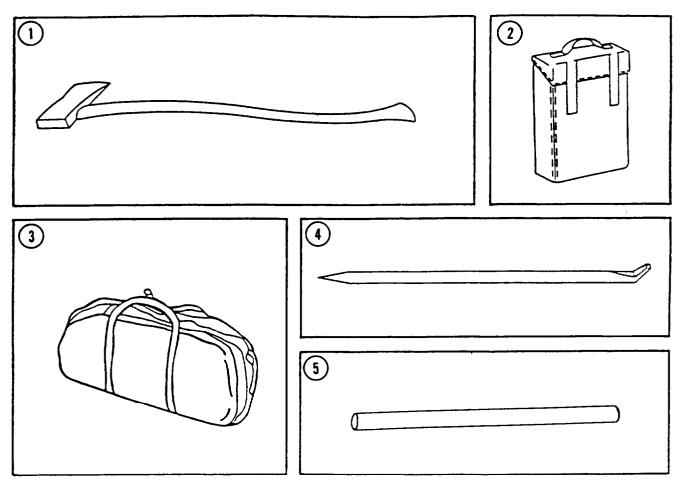
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
1	3940-00-630-9931	BLOCK, TACKLE: snatch, single 8-in, sheave, 10 ton, 5/8 in. dia rope, Type 2 Style A (19207) MIL-B-11837	EA	1
2	3940-00-489-8340	BLOCK, TACKLE: w/oblong swivel eye and upset shackle, 35 ton, 1 in. wire rope (19207) 8337021-1	EA	1
3	7510-01-065-0166	FOLDER EQUIPMENT RECORD BOOK: (See par. 2-3, DA PAM 738-750, page 6)	EA	1
4	2540-00-706-8219	HOOK: tow quick attaching, cable (19207) 7068219	EA	4
5	1005-00-704-6650	MOUNT, MACHINE GUN, CAL .50: (19204) 7046650 or (19204) 8367127 alternate	EA	1

B-2

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(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
6	6650-00-704-3549	PERISCOPE, M17: (19200) 7043549	EA	17
7	5315-00-350-4326	PIN: locking, tow hook pin (19207) 5213744	EA	8
8	5315-00-706-9195	PIN: tow hook (19207) 7069195	EA	4
9	5330-00-930-7177	SEAL, NONMETALLIC ST: periscope (19207) 11592732	EA	15
10	5120-00-293-1439	VISE, MACHINIST'S: swivel base, stationary jaw, 6 in. jaw opening, 4 in, jaw width (81348) GGG-V-410	EA	1

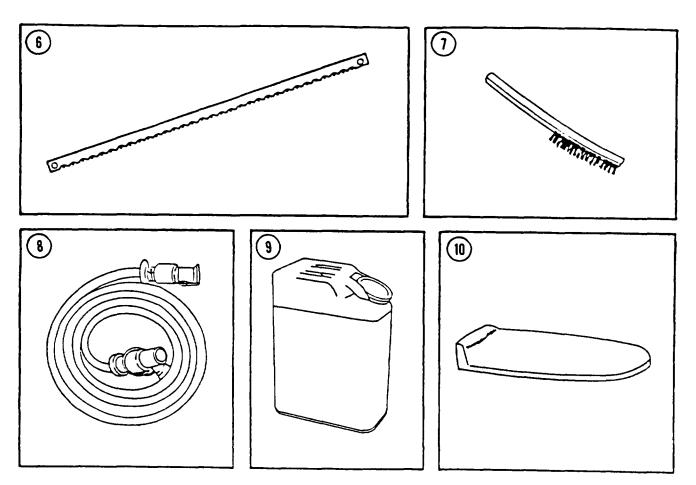
# Section II. COMPONENTS OF END ITEM-CONTINUED



Section III. BASIC ISSUE ITEMS

(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) • U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
1	5110-00-293-2336	AXE, SINGLE BIT: 4-3/4 in. blade, 4 lb, Type A (19207) 6150925	EA	1
2	2540-00-670-2459	BAG ASSEMBLY, PAMPHLET: (19207) 11676920	EA	1
3	5140-00-473-6256	BAG, TOOL, SATCHEL: w/o contents (81349) MIL-B-43663	EA	1
4	5120-00-224-1384	BAR, PINCH, OFFSET: 1 in. by 36 in. long Type III, Size 5 (81 348) GGG-B-101	EA	1
5	5120-00-243-2419	BAR, SOCKET WRENCH: 3/4 in. by 30 in. long (19207) 619547	EA	1

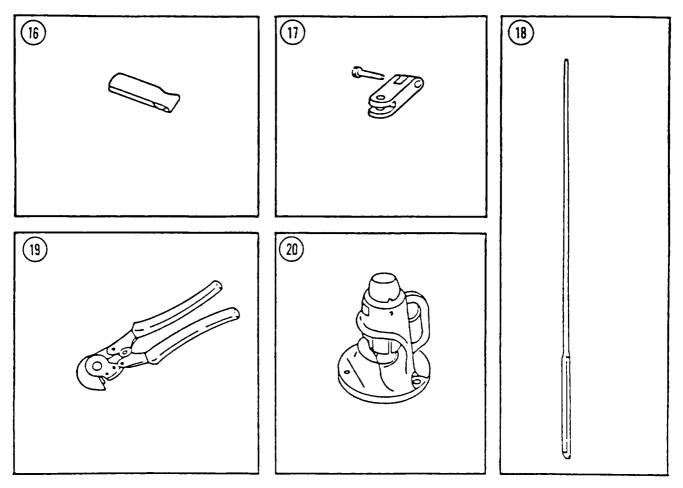
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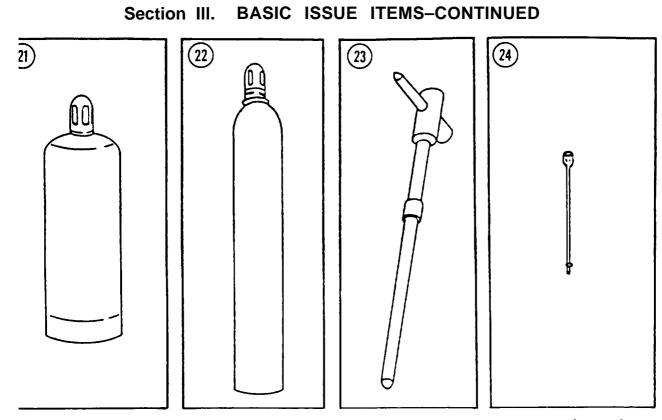
Section III. BASIC ISSUE ITEMS	-CONTINUED
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(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr	
6	5110-00-277-4589	BLADE, HAND HACKSAW: 10 in. long, 24 teeth per inch, Type A, Class 1 (81 348) GGG-B-451	BD	1	
7	7920-00-269-1259	BRUSH, WIRE, SCRATCH: 14 in., Type II (58536) A-A-2078	EA	1	
8	2590-00-148-7961	CABLE KIT, SPECIAL PURPOSE: electrical, 20 ft (slave) (19207) 11682379-1	EA	1	
9	7240-00-242-6153	CAN, WATER, MILITARY: 5 gallon, metal (81349) MILC43613	EA	1	
10	5140-00-261-4994	CARRIER, TOOL: wire cutter, MI 938 (19207) 11655787	EA	1	

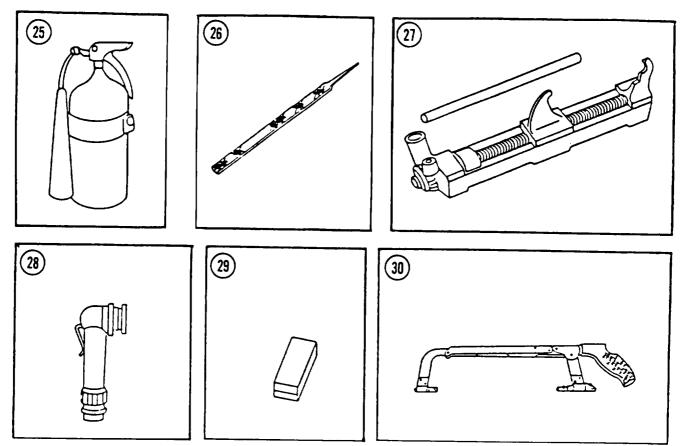
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description FSCM and Part Number	Usable On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
11	4010-00-133-6517	CHAIN ASSEMBLY, DOUBLE: lifting, (19207) 10929894	√-type	EA	1
12	4010-00-297-1815	CHAIN ASSEMBLY, SINGLE: w/hook a 1/2 in. x 4 ft lg (19207) 7717031	nd ring,	EA	2
13 I	4010-01-017-1714	CHAIN ASSEMBLY, SINGLE: w/hook a 7/8 in. x 6 ft lg (19207) 12253104-7	and ring,	EA	2
14	4010-00-473-6166	CHAIN ASSEMBLY, SINGLE: 5/8 in. lir 16 ft w/grab hook, w/2 pear shape links, OD finish (19207) 7077063		EA	1
15	5110-00-221-1075	CHISEL, BLACKSMITH'S: cold, w/hand 1-1/2 in. Type I, Class 1 (81348) GGG-T-00563	lle,	EA	1



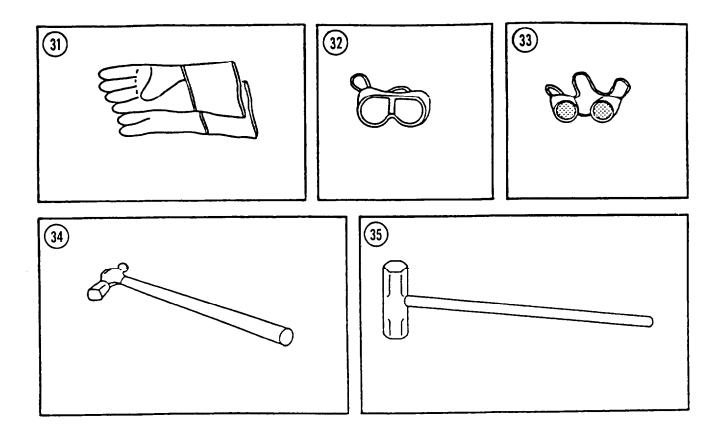
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
16	3439-00-383-3634	CLEANER SET, WELDING: welding and cutting tips, 0.021 to 0.067 in., 12 cleaners (81349) MIL-C-17223	SE	1
17	2540-00-863-3153	CLEVIS ASSEMBLY, TOW BAR: w/pin (19207) 10894255	EA	2
18	5120-00-224-1390	CROWBAR: pinch point, 5 ft Ig, 1 -1/4 in. wide (80064) 1833244	EA	2
19	5110-00-595-8229	CUTTER, WIRE, ROPE: M1938 (19207) 11655981	EA	1
20	5110-00-293-1066	CUTTER, WIRE ROPE: hammer impact, 1 -1/2 in. maximum wire capacity (85767) 2	EA	1



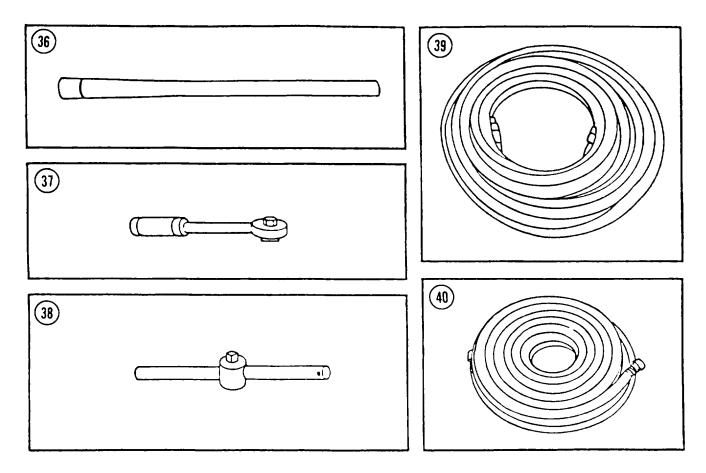
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
21	8120-00-268-3360	CYLINDER: compressed gas, acetylene, 225 cu ft, 250 psi, w/valve and cap, empty (81349) MIL-C-3701 (Note: Initial issue will contain unfilled acetylene, technical cylinders. Fill of cylinders will be accomplished at local level using NSN 6830-00-264-6751. User should annotate hand receipt to reflect the NSN of the filled cylinder.)	EA	1
22	8120-00-357-7992	CYLINDER: compressed gas, oxygen, 220 to 240 cu ft 2265 psi, w/valve and cap, empty (81348) RR-C-901/1 (Note: Initial issue will contain unfilled oxygen, technical cylinders. Fill of cylinders will be accomplished at local level using NSN 6830-00-292-0129. User should annotate the hand receipt to reflect the NSN of the filled cylinder.)	EA	1
23	5120-00-708-3639	DRIFT PIN (19207) 7083639	EA	1
24	5120-00-243-7326	EXTENSION, SOCKET WRENCH: 1/2 in. sq drive, 5 in. Ig (81348) GGG-W-641	EA	1



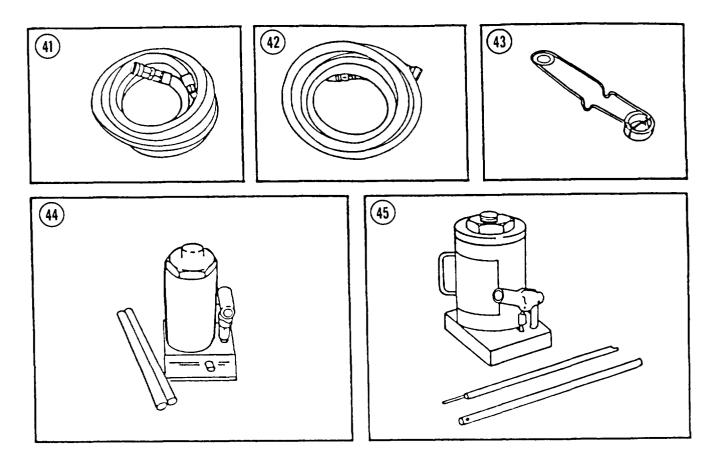
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
25	4210-00-270-4512	EXTINGUISHER, FIRE: carbon dioxide, portable, 5 lb (19207) 7714780	EA	2
26	5110-00-156-0059	FILE, HAND: smooth, 10 in. Ig (81348) GGG-F-325	EA	1
27	5120-00-605-3926	FIXTURE: track connecting, w/bar (19207) 8741739	EA	2
28	6230-00-264-8261	FLASHLIGHT: hand, 2-cell, w/lamp, w/o batteries (81349) MIL-F-3747	EA	2
29	5120-00-965-0603	FLINT TIP, FRICTION: igniter, threaded, 6 per box (81348) GG-I-271	BX	1
30	5110-00-289-9657	FRAME, HAND HACKSAW: pistol grip, 8 in. to 12 in. (90808) 163-20	EA	1



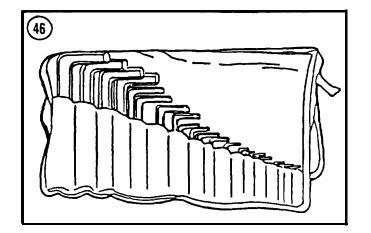
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
31	8415-00-268-7859	GLOVE: welder's leather, gauntlet, large pair, Type II (81348) KK-G-486	PR	1
32	4240-00-269-7912	GOGGLES, INDUSTRIAL: chipper, w/eye cups, plastic, clear lens, Type II, Class A (58536) A-A-1814	PR	1
33	4240-00-203-3804	GOGGLES: welder, w/eye cups, plastic, red shade lens, number 6, with hardened glass cover, Type II, Class B (81348) GGG-G-513	PR	1
34	5120-00-061-8546	HAMMER, HAND: machinist, ball peen, 2 lb, Type II, Class 1 (81348) GGG-H-86	EA	1
35	5120-00-900-6097	HAMMER, HAND: sledge double face w/handle, 10 lb (81348) GGG-H-86	EA	1



(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	<b>(5)</b> Qty Rqr
36	20-00-288-6574	HANDLE, MATTOCK-PICK: wood, 36 in. Ig (19207) 11677021	EA	1
37	20-00-230-6385	HANDLE, SOCKET WRENCH: reversible ratchet, 1/2 in. sq drive, 9 in. Ig (58536) A-A-2165	EA	1
38	5120-00-099-8544	HANDLE, SOCKET WRENCH: T-sliding, 3/4 in. sq drive 18 in. to 30 in. Ig (87641) SWE63	EA	1
39	4720-00-273-9886	HOSE ASSEMBLY: acetylene, red, w/couplings, 5/16 in. x 50 ft lg, Type II (81348) ZZ-H-461	EA	1
40	4720-00-293-7997	HOSE ASSEMBLY: gas, oxygen, green, w/couplings, 5/16 in. x 50 ft lg, Type II (81348) ZZ-H-461	EA	1

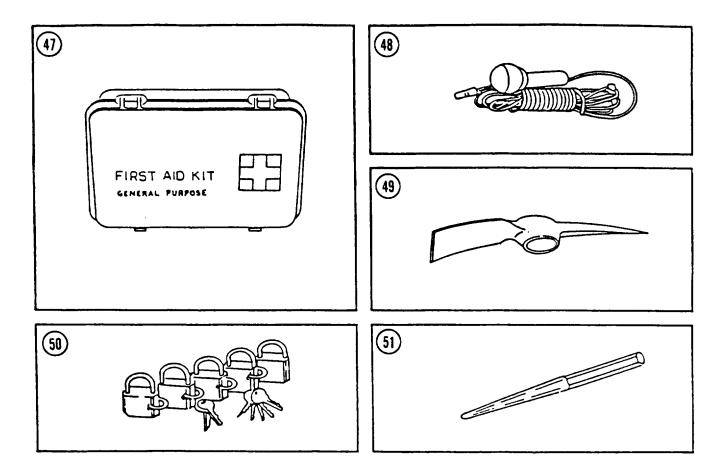


(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Co		(5) Qty Rqr
41	4720-00-792-9883	HOSE ASSEMBLY, NONMETALLIC: hydraulic, w/quick disconnects, 25 ft Ig, impact wenc (19207) 10867294		2
42	4720-00-792-9884	HOSE ASSEMBLY, NONMETALLIC: hydraulic w/quick disconnects, 25 ft Ig, impact wren (19207) 10867295	ch EA	2
43	5120-00-965-0326	IGNITER, FRICTION: oxygen and acetylene torch, friction, Type I, Style A (81337) 5-13-2003-55	EA	1
44	5120-00-595-8396	JACK, HYDRAULIC, HAND: 8 ton, w/handle (81348) 16-W-233	EA	1
45	5120-00-188-1790	JACK, HYDRAULIC, HAND: 30 ton, w/handle (07505) FA-11	EA	1



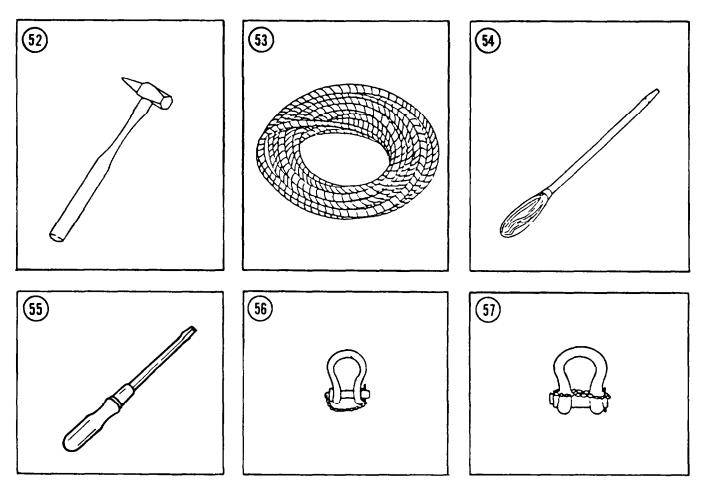


(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
		•	U/M SE	
	5120-00-240-5274 5120-00-198-5390 5120-00-240-5277 5120-00-198-5391 5120-00-240-5268 5120-00-224-2510 5120-00-222-1489	1 KEY: 3/8 in., 4-1 1/32 in. lg 1 KEY: 3/8 in., 4-1 1/32 in. lg 1 KEY: 7/16 in., 4-27/32 in. lg 1 KEY: 1/2 in., 5-11/32 in. lg 1 KEY: 9/16 in., 5-27/32 in. lg 1 KEY: 5/8 in., 6-1/4 in. lg 1 KEY: 3/4 in., 7-11/32 in. lg		

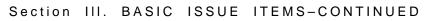


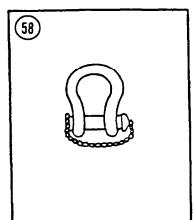
Section III. BAS	IC ISSUE ITEMS	6 – CONTINUED
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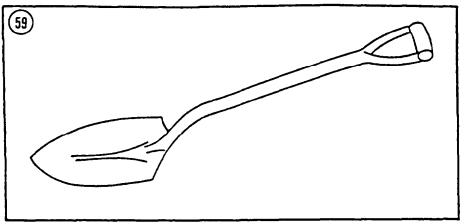
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
47	6545-00-922-1200	KIT: first aid, 12 units, Size 1 (19204) 11677011	EA	1
48	6230-00-239-3523	LIGHT, EXTENSION: inspection, 25 ft Ig, w/handle, hood, and shield (21450) 17-C-35079-45	EA	1
49	5120-00-243-2395	MATTOCK: pick w/o handle (19207) 11677022	EA	1
50	5340-01-050-7059	PADLOCK SET: keyed alike, 1 key per lock, 2 keys per set, w/clevis and chain, 5 padlocks per set (96906) S2131 3-50	SE	2
51	5120-00-293-0448	PUNCH, ALINING: 3/16 in. dia point, 10 in. Ig Type IX (81348) GGG-P-831	EA	1

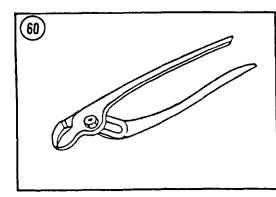


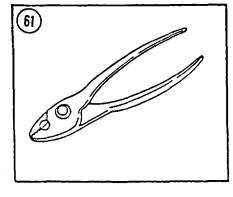
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) e U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
52	5120-00-197-9479	PUNCH, BLACKSMITHS: 1/4 in. w/handle (81348) GGG-T-00563	EA	1
53	4020-00-231-9013	ROPE, FIBROUS: manila, 3 strand, 3/4 in. dia x 100 ft Ig (81348) TR-605	CL	1
54	5120-00-010-7913	SCREWDRIVER, FLAT TIP: 9/64 in. tip width, 5 in. blade, Type I Class 3 (11728) CB964-5	EA	1
55	5120-00-293-3309	SCREWDRIVER, FLAT TIP: 3/8 in. tip width, 10 in. blade, Type I Class 4 (03914) 66-110	EA	1
56	4030-00-804-2307	SHACKLE: anchor, 5/8 in. dia pin (75535) G2130-1/2 in.	EA	2
57	4030-00-318-0326	SHACKLE: anchor 1 in. dia pin (19207) 7357967	EA	2

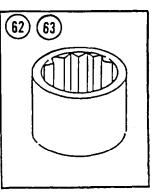




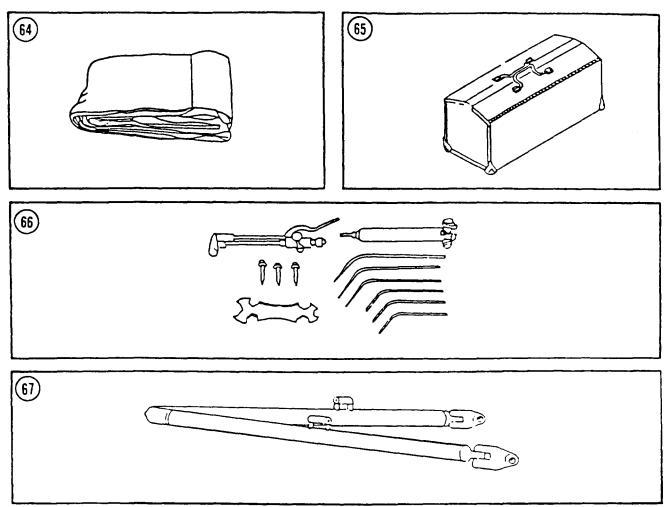




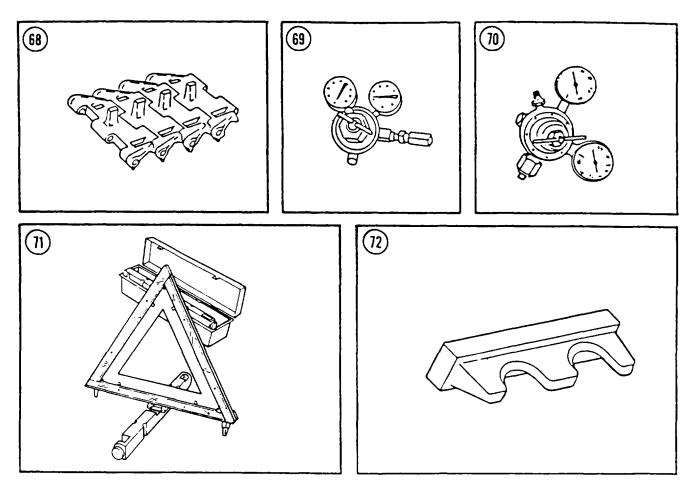




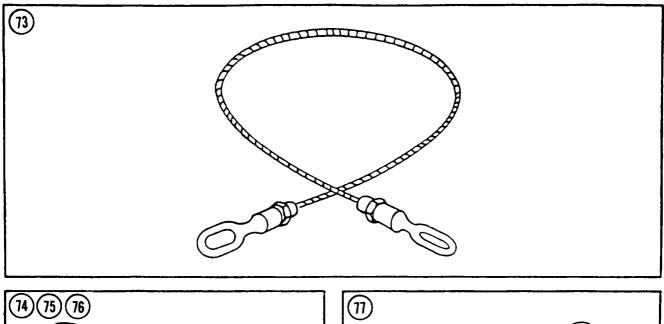
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
58	4030-00-992-4522	SHACKLE: anchor 1-1/2 in. dia pin (19207) 7357971	EA	2
59	5120-00-293-3336	SHOVEL, HAND: round point, D-handle, Type IV Size 2 (19207) 11655784	EA	1
60	5120-00-278-0351	SLIP JOINT PLIERS: angle nose, multiple tongue and groove, 8 in. size (19204) 41-P-1567-935	EA	1
61	5120-00-223-7398	SLIP JOINT PLIERS: w/cutter, 10 in. Ig (81348) GGG-P-471	EA	1
62	5120-00-189-7932	SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1/2 in. sq drive, 9/16 in. opening (58536) A-A-1399	EA	1
63	5120-00-181-6813	SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 3/4 in. sq drive, 12 pt 15/16 in. opening (81348) 5530	EA	1

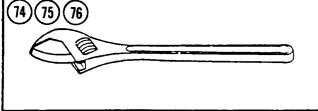


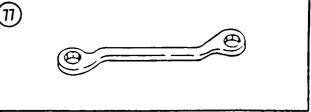
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description FSCM and Part Number	Usable On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
64	2540-00-653-7589	TARPAULIN: canvas, 12 ftx12ft (19207) 6537589		EA	1
65	5140-00-473-6260	TOOL BOX, PORTABLE: 9-3/16 in x 9 21 in. w/tray, Type 2, Class 3 (19204) 7540995	9-1/2 in. x	EA	1
66	3433-00-294-6743	TORCH SET: acetylene and oxygen, m duty, w/wrench; 6 welding tips, and tips, (The number of welding and c may vary) (81349) MIL-T-13880	3 cutting	SE	1
67	2540-01-267-2912	TOWBAR, MOTOR VEHICLE: w/eye a (19207) 12322663	ind fittings	EA	1



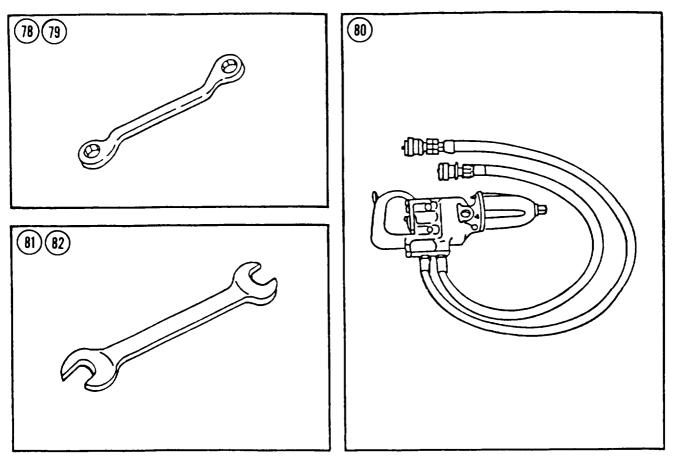
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
68	2530-00-076-7115	TRACK SHOE, VEHICULAR: track (T132E1) (19207) 10934639	EA	4
69	4820-00-551-1094	VALVE, REGULATING, FL: compressed gas, acetylene w/coupling, adapter, and outlet, Type V (81349) MIL-R-13877	EA	1
70	4820-00-281-8191	VALVE, REGULATING, FL: compressed gas, oxygen, w/coupling, adapter, and outlet, Type VI (36346) 998336	EA	1
71	9905-00-534-8376	WARNING DEVICE KIT: reflector and flag (81348) RR-W-1817.	SE	1
72	2530-00-302-6784	WEDGE, IDLER ADJUSTMENT: (19207) 11643492	EA	1





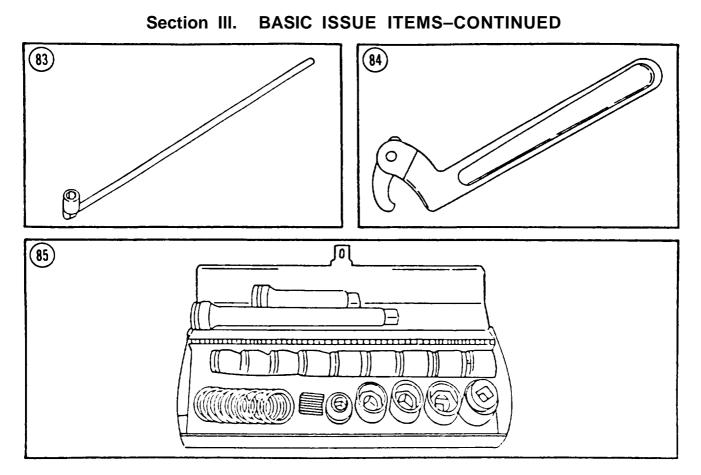


(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number		Usable On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
73	4010-00-202-2425	WIRE ROPE ASSEMBLY: steel, w/eyes, x 10 ft lg (19207) 7360553	1-1/8 in.	EA	2
74	5120-00-240-5328	WRENCH, ADJUSTABLE: open end, 15/ opening 8 in. Ig (58536) A-A-2344	16 in.	EA	1
75	5120-00-264-3796	WRENCH, ADJUSTABLE: open end, 1-5/ opening 12 in. Ig (19207) 11655778-5	′16 in.	EA	1
76	5120-00-449-8084	WRENCH, ADJUSTABLE: single end, 2-7 opening 24 in. Ig (72368) AC124	7/16 in.	EA	1
77	5120-00-224-3153	WRENCH, BOX: dbl offset, dbl head, 12 3/8 in. and 7/16 in. opening (58536) A-A-1 345	point,	EA	1



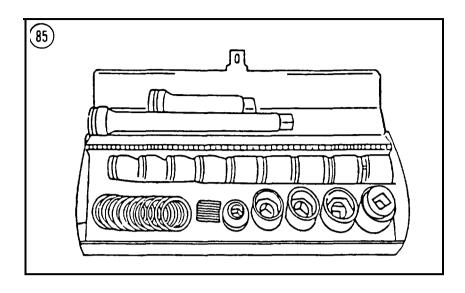
(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description FSCM and Part Number	Usable On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
78	5120-00-224-3154	WRENCH BOX: dbl offset, dbl head, 12 1/2 in. and 9/1 6 in, opening (19207) 11655785-1	point,	EA	1
79	5120-00-224-3138	WRENCH, BOX: dbl offset, dbl head, 12 5/8 in. and 3/4 in. opening (55719) XS2024	2 point	EA	1
80	5130-00-790-2284	WRENCH, IMPACT, HYDRAULIC: 3/4 in. drive, 2000 psi, 800 lb ft torque (19207) 8395499	. sq	EA	1
81	5120-00-277-2342	WRENCH, OPEN END: dbl head, 7/16 a in. (81348) 11655789-1	nd 3/8	EA	1
82	5120-00-187-7124	WRENCH, OPEN END: dbl head, 9/16 ar (07886) Q462-3	nd 1/2 in.	EA	1

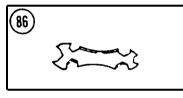
TM 9-2350-238-10



(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
83	5120-00-980-9283	WRENCH, SOCKET: 4 ft lg (19207) 10904436	EA	1
84	5120-00-288-6468	WRENCH, SPANNER: fixed pivot point, adjustable hook wrench, 3/4 to 2 in. circle diameter (81348) GGG-W-665	EA	1
85	5130-00-357-5135	WRENCH SET, SOCKET: 3/4 in. sq drive, 6 point, heavy duty, w/case (58536) A-A-399A Composed of:	SE	1
	5140-00-322-5965 5130-00-449-6656 5130-00-449-6657 5130-00-227-6698 5130-00-227-6699 5130-00-227-6700 5130-00-227-6701 5130-00-227-6676 5130-00-227-6677	<ol> <li>CASE, SOCKET WRENCH: metal</li> <li>EXTENSION, SOCKET WRENCH: 7 in. lg</li> <li>EXTENSION, SOCKET WRENCH: 13 in. lg</li> <li>SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 9/1 6 in. opening</li> <li>SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 5/8 in. opening</li> <li>SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1 1/16 in. opening</li> <li>SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 3/4 in. opening</li> <li>SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 13/16 in. opening</li> </ol>		

Change 2 B-21





(1) Illus Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Rqr
85	5130-00-357-5135 5130-00-293-1411 5130-00-227-6679 5130-00-293-1412 5130-00-227-6681 5130-00-227-6683 5130-00-227-6684 5130-00-227-6686 5130-00-236-3979	1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1-1/16 in. opening 1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1-1/8 in, opening 1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1-1/4 in. opening 1 SOCKET, SOCKET WRENCH: 1-5/16 in. opening		
86	5120-00-494-1929	WRENCH, TORCH AND REGULATOR: oxygen and acetylene (19207) 8090028	EA	1
	DA PAM 25-30	TM 9-2350-238-10 OPERATOR'S MANUAL	EA	1
	DA PAM 25-30	LO 9-2350-238-12 LUBRICATION ORDER	EA	1

# APPENDIX C ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION LIST

# Section 1. INTRODUCTION

#### SCOPE

This appendix lists additional items you are authorized for the support of the M578 Recovery Vehicle.

#### GENERAL

This list identifies items that do not have to accompany the M578 Recovery Vehicle and that do not have to be turned in with it. These items are authorized to you by CTA, MTOE, TDA, or JTA,

#### EXPLANATION OF LISTING

National stock numbers, descriptions, and quantities are provided to help you identify and request the additional items you require to support this equipment.

# Section II. ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION LIST

(1) Item Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Description Usable FSCM and Part Number On Code	(4) U/M	(5) Qty Auth
1	4930-00-204-2550	ADAPTER, GREASE GUN: lubrication gun, sleeve type (81349) MIL-L-4387	EA	V
2	4930-00-288-1511	ADAPTER, GREASE GUN: lubrication gun, hydraulic, 12 in. long (81349) MIL-L-4387	EA	V
3	4240-00-022-2946	AURAL PROTECTOR (81349) MIL-P-38268	EA	V
4	7240-00-222-3088	CAN: gasoline, 5-gal., standard (81902) 14196P1	EA	V
5	2540-00-860-2354	CASE, CROSSCUT SAW: saw, canvas (19207) 10876420	EA	V
6	5110-00-222-0457	HATCHET, CLAW: 4 in. cut (81348) GGG-H-131	EA	V
7		Deleted		
8	4930-00-253-2478	LUBRICATING GUN, HAND: 16 oz capacity (81349) MIL-G-3859	EA	V
9	8345-00-174-6865	PANEL MARKER: VS/176VX, signal, ground-to-air (81 349) MIL-P-40061	EA	V
10	5120-00-239-8251	PLIERS: side cutting, lineman, 8-in. Ig (81348) GGG-P-471	EA	V
11	5110-00-223-5349	SAW, CROSSCUT, ONE MAN: w/supplemental handle 4-1/2 ft Ig (81348) GGG-S-64	EA	V
11.1	4030-01-187-0964	SHACKLE: anchor, 1-1/4 in. dia pin (19207) 12328579	EA	4
12	7240-00-177-6154	SPOUT: can, flexible, w/filter screen, 16 in. Ig (09647) 838A7511	EA	V
13	7310-00-285-6155	STOVE: cooking, gasoline, MI 950, 1 burner w/case (81349) MIL-S-10736 Consisting of:	EA	V
	7310-00-379-2418 7310-00-281-2215	1-CASE: stove, gasoline 1-STOVE: cooking, gasoline, MI 950		

# Section II ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION LIST-CONTINUED

(1) Item Number	(2) National Stock Number	(3) Usab Description On Co FSCM and Part Number	0/10	(5) Qty Auth
13.1	3433-01-327-4609	TORCH, CUTTING (EXOTHERMIC) w/case (09687) DFP308 Type II Replacement welding rod (0.25 x 22 in. (0 x 55.88 cm)) NSN 3449-01-325-7641	EA	V
14	5120-00-277-8301	WRENCH, OPEN END: 15 degree, dbl head, 5/8 in. and 11/16 in. opening (58536) A-A-1 356	EA	V
15	5120-00-187-7130	WRENCH, OPEN END: 15 degree, dbl head, 13/16 in. and 7/8 in. opening (07971) E-2628	EA	V
16	5120-00-277-7025	WRENCH, OPEN END: 15 degree, dbl head, 15/16 in. and 1 in. opening (81348) GGG-W-636	EA	V
17	512000-187-7134	WRENCH, OPEN END: 15 degree, dbl head, 1-1/16 in. and 1-1/4 in. opening (81348) GGG-W-636	EA	V
18	5120-00-288-6551	WRENCH, OPEN END: 15 degree, dbl head, 1-1/8 in. and 1-3/8 in. opening (58536) A-A-1356	EA	V
19	120-00-277-9818	WRENCH, OPEN END: 15 degree, dbl head, 1-1/2 in. and 1-3/4 in. opening (81348) GGG-W-636	EA	V

# APPENDIX D EXPENDABLE/DURABLE SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS LIST

# Section I. INTRODUCTION

#### SCOPE

This appendix lists expendable supplies and materials you will need to operate and maintain the M578 Recovery Vehicle. This listing is for informational purposes only and is not authority to requisition the listed items. These items are authorized to you by CTA 50-970, Expendable/Durable Items (except Medical, Class V, Repair Parts, and Heraldic Items), or CTA 8-100, Army Medical Department Expendable/Durable Items.

#### EXPLANATION OF COLUMNS

a. Column (1) Item Number. This number is assigned to the entry in the listing and is referenced in the narrative instructions to identify the material (e. g., "Use cleaning compound, item 5, appx D").

b. Column (2)-Level. This column identifies the lowest level of maintenance that requires the listed item.

#### C-Operator/Crew

c. Column (3) – National Stock Number. This is the National stock number assigned to the item; use it to request or requisition the item.

*d.* Column (4)–Description. Indicates the Federal item name and, if required, a description to identify the item. The last line for each item indicates the Federal Supply Code for Manufacturer (FSCM) in parentheses followed by the part number.

e. Column (5) – Unit of Measure (UMW). Indicates the measure used in performing the actual maintenance function. This measure is expressed by a two-character alphabetical abbreviation (e. g., ea, in., pr). If the unit of measure differs from the unit of issue, requisition the lowest unit of issue that will satisfy your requirements.

# Section II. EXPENDABLE/DURABLE SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS LIST

(1) ITEM NUMBER	(2)	(3) NATIONAL STOCK	(4)	(5)
	LEVEL	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	U/M
1	С	8040-00-262-9025 8040-00-262-9026	ADHESIVE: reclaimed rubber, liquid, general purpose (81349) MIL-A-5092 4 oz tube (80244) MMM-A-1617 type 1 1/2 pt can	OZ PT
2	С	6850-00-181-7929 6850-00-181-7933	ANTIFREEZE: coolant, engine, ethyleneglycol, inhibited (81349) MIL-A-46153 1 gal. can 5 gal. can	GL GL
3	С	9150-00-053-6688 9150-01-054-6453	CLEANER, LUBRICANT A: CLP (81349) MIL-L-63460 1 gal. container 1 pt container	GL PT
4	С	6850-00-227-1887	CLEANING COMPOUND: optical lens (81349) MIL-C-43454 1 qt can	QT
5	С	6850-00-598-7328	CLEANING, COMPOUND, ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM: w/conditioner and inhibitor 1 kit for 18-22 qt capacity (81349) MIL-C-10597	КТ
6	С	6850-00-224-6665	CLEANING COMPOUND, SOLVENT: decreasing self-emulsifying (81349) MIL-C-11090 5 gal. can	GL
7	С	5350-00-221-0872	CLOTH, ABRASIVE: crocus, ferric oxide and quartz, cloth back, (58536) A-A-1206 50 sheet pack	SH
8	С	8010-01-229-7540 8010-01-229-7541	COATING, aliphatic polyurethane: black (81349) MIL-C-53039 1 qt kit 1 gal. kit	QT GL

Section II.	EXPENDAB	LE/DURABLE SUPPLIES
AND	MATERIALS	LIST-CONTINUED

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(1) ITEM NUMBER	(2) LEVEL	(3) NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	(4)	(5)
		NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	U/M
9	С	8010-01-229-7543 8010-01-229-7544	COATING, aliphatic polyurethane brown 383 (81349) MIL-C-53039 1 qt kit 1 gal kit	QT GL
10	С	8010-01-229-7546 8010-01-229-9561	COATING, aliphatic polyurethane green 383 (81349) MIL-C-53039 1 qt kit 1 gal kit	QT GL
11	С	8010-01-234-2934 8010-01-234-2935	COATING, aliphatic polyurethane sand (81349) MIL-C-53039 1 qt kit 1 gal kit	QT GL
12	С	8010-01-313-8702	COATING, epoxy-polyamide: clear (81349) MIL-C-22750, Type 1 (chg 4) 1 qt kit	QT
13	С	8010-01-313-8700 8010-01-053-2647 8010-01-313-8701	COATING, epoxy-polyamide: white (81349) MIL-C-22750 Type I (chg 4) 1 qt kit 2 qt kit 2 gal kit	Q T QT QT GL
14	С	6850-00-901-0591 Acceptable Replacement for 6850-01-039-3842	DEICING-DEFROST, FLUID (81 349) MIL-A-8243 5 gal. can	GL
15	С	5850-00-281-3061 3850-00-281-1985	DRY CLEANING SOLVENT: liquid, white, 140 degree flash point (SD-2) (81348) P-D-680 4 oz can 1 gal can	OZ GL
16	С	1110-00-391-7813	FUEL, JELLIED ALCOHOL: 2-5/8 oz can (50616) 4006	OZ

Section II. EXPENDABLE/DURABLE SUPPLIES
AND MATERIALS LIST-CONTINUED

(1) ITEM NUMBER	(2) LEVEL	(3) NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	(4) DESCRIPTION	(5) U/M
17	С	8415-01-138-2504 8415-01-138-2503	GLOVE NEOPRENE: use with P-D-680 (SD-2) (81349) MIL-G-43976 medium large	PR PR
18	С	4240-00-816-3819	GOGGLES: use with P-D-680 (SD-2) (74936) WA60-580746-0315	EA
19	С	9150-01-197-7693 9150-01-197-7690 9150-01-197-7689	GREASE, AUTOMOTIVE AND ARTILLERY: (GAA) (81349) MIL-G-10924 14 oz carton 1.75 lb can 6.5 lb can	OZ LB LB
20	С	9150-00-935-9807 9150-00-935-9808	HYDRAULIC FLUID, PETROLEUM BASE: (OHT) (98308) BRAYC0783C 1 qt can 1 gal can	QT GL
21			Deleted.	
22	С	6220-01-292-9872	LAMP ASSEMBLY: stop (right tail- light) (19207) 12360870-2	EA
23	С	6240-01-284-1925	LAMP, HALOGEN: (headlamps) (19207) 12360840-1	EA
24	С	6240-00-019-3093	LAMP, INCANDESCENT: single contact, bayonet candelabra base, No. 623 (dome light) (96906) MS 15570-623	EA
25	С	6240-00-044-6914	LAMP, INCANDESCENT: single contact, bayonet candelabra base, No. 1683 (extension light cord) (96906) MS35478-1 683	EA

# Section II. EXPENDABLE/DURABLE SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS LIST-CONTINUED

(1)	(2)	(3) NATIONAL	(4)	(5)
ITEM NUMBER	LEVEL	STOCK NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	U/M
26	С	6240-00-295-2668	LAMP, INCANDESCENT: single contact, bayonet candelabra base, No. 1691 (dome light) (96906) MS35478-1691	EA
27	С	6240-00-950-1727	LAMP, INCANDESCENT: single contact, No. 757 (winter kit coolant heater) (08806) 757	EA
28	С	5980-01-285-6689	LED: T1-3/4 based (high beam and master switch indicator lights) (19207) 12360905-1	EA
29	С	5980-01-285-6688	LED: T3-1/4 based (low engine coolant, suspension locked, instru- ment and switch lamps, filter bypass, flasher indicator, and clutch engaged lights) (1 9207) 12360890-1	EA
30	С	6220-01-284-2709	MARKER ASSEMBLY: (taillight) (1 9207) 12360850-1	EA
31	С	6220-01-290-9346	MARKER ASSEMBLY: (headlamp) (19207) 12360860-2	EA
32	С	9150-00-234-5199	OIL, LUBRICATING: chain and wire rope, Type II (CWII) (81348) VV-L-751 5 lb can	LB
33	С	9150-00-189-6727 9150-00-186-6668 9150-01-152-4117 9150-01-152-4118	OIL, LUBRICATING, INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE: (OE/HDO) (81349) MIL-L-2104B 1 qt can OE/HDO 10 1 gal can OE/HDO 10 1 qt can 15W40 1 qt 1 gal can 15W40 5 gallon	QT GL
34	С	9150-00-242-7602 9150-00-242-7603	OIL, LUBRICATING, INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE: (OEA) (15445) CONOCO 600 fluid 1 qt can 5 gal can	QT GL

## Section II. EXPENDABLE/DURABLE SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS LIST-CONTINUED

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	( )	NATIONAL		(-)
ITEM NUMBER	LEVEL	STOCK NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	U/M
35	С	6640-00-285-4694	PAPER, LENS: cleaning paper, Type I Class 3, packet (81348) NNN-P-40	PZ
36	С	7920-00-205-1711	RAG, WIPING: cleaned 50 lb bale (58536) A-A-531	EA
37	С	8030-00-291-1787 8030-00-252-3391	SEALING COMPOUND: w/brush (81349) MIL-S-45180 1 pt can 11 oz tube	PT OZ
38	С	6850-00-880-7616	SILICONE COMPOUND: 8 oz tube (81349) MIL-S-8660	OZ
39	С	8010-00-181-8080	THINNER: 1 gal. Type I (for use with aliphatic polyurethane coatings) (80244) MIL-T-81772	GL
40	С	8010-01-200-2637	THINNER: 1 gal. Type II (for use with epoxy-polyamide coatings) (80244) MIL-T-81772	GL
41	С	5610-00-141-7838	WALKWAY COMPOUND, NO: type 2 (81349) MIL-W-5044 1 gal can	GL
		5010-00-141-7838		

## APPENDIX E

## STOWAGE AND SIGN GUIDE (FOR COMPONENTS OF END ITEM, BASIC ISSUE ITEMS, AND APPLICABLE ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION LIST ITEMS)

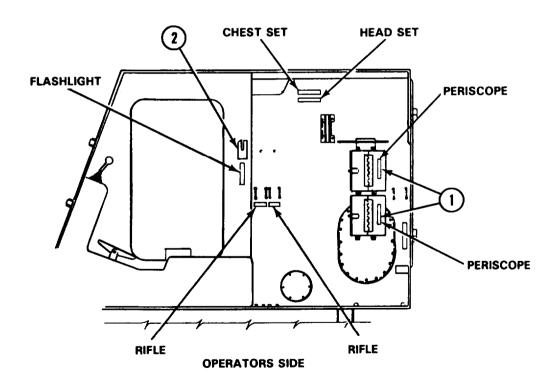
#### SCOPE

This appendix shows the locations for stowage of equipment and materiel required to be carried on the M578 Recovery Vehicle.

#### GENERAL

The pictures below and on the following pages show the location of stencils and decals used on the M578 Recovery Vehicle. The numbered items refer to the legend of actual stowage and the written callouts refer to the signs and decals.

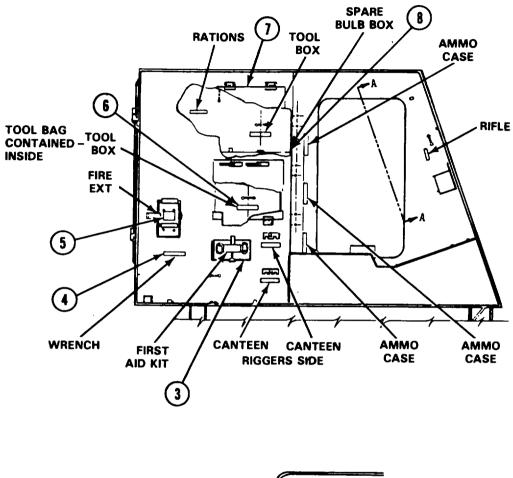
## STOWAGE AND SIGN GUIDE-INTERIOR

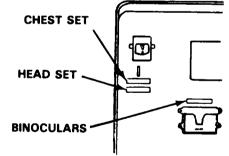


#### LEGEND:

- 1. Periscopes and seals
- 2. Flashlight

#### STOWAGE AND SIGN GUIDE-INTERIOR-CONTINUED





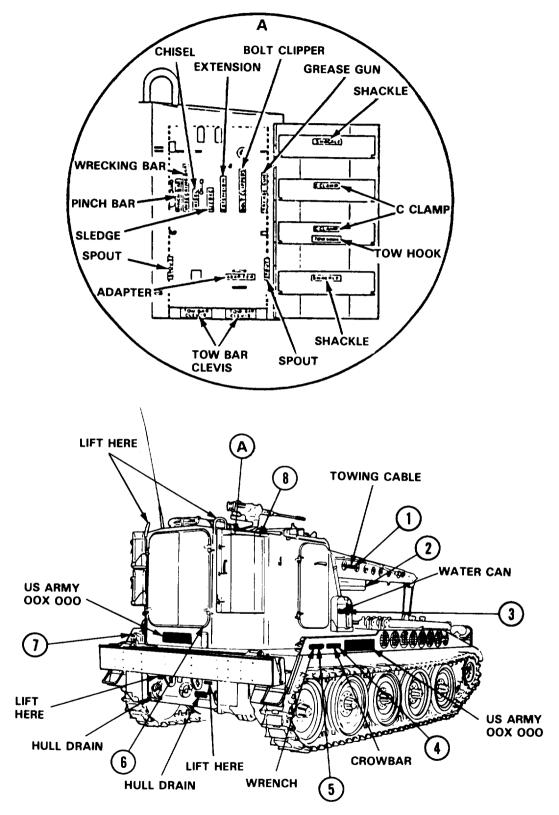
**VIEW A-A** 

## STOWAGE AND SIGN GUIDE-INTERIOR-CONTINUED

#### **LEGEND - Continued:**

3. First aid kit 4. Wrench (AC 124) 5. Fire extinguisher, portable 6. Lower stowage compartment Bag, tool Blade, hacksaw Carrier, tool wire cutter Driftpin Extension, ratchet File Frame Handle Key set Plier (41-P-1 567935) Punch, blacksmith's Ratchet Screwdriver Sockets Wrench (1 1655789-1, A-A-1 356, and GGG-W-665) Cable assembly Wrench set 7. Upper stowage compartment Tool box Brush Cleaner set Flint, tip friction Glove Goggles Hammer (GGG-H-86) Igniter Plier (GGG-P-471) Punch, aligning Regulators, pressure Torch set Wrench (GGG-W-631, 11655778-5, GGG-W-636, 11655785-1, and GGG-W-636) Light, extension 8. Lamps (located in spare bulb box)

## STOWAGE AND SIGN GUIDE-EXTERIOR

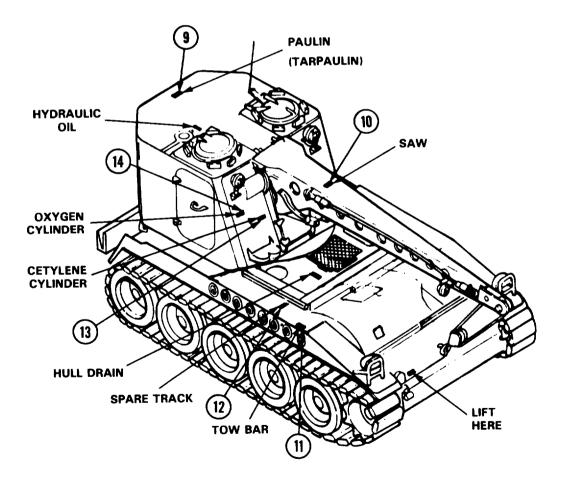


#### STOWAGE AND SIGN GUIDE-EXTERIOR-CONTINUED

#### LEGEND:

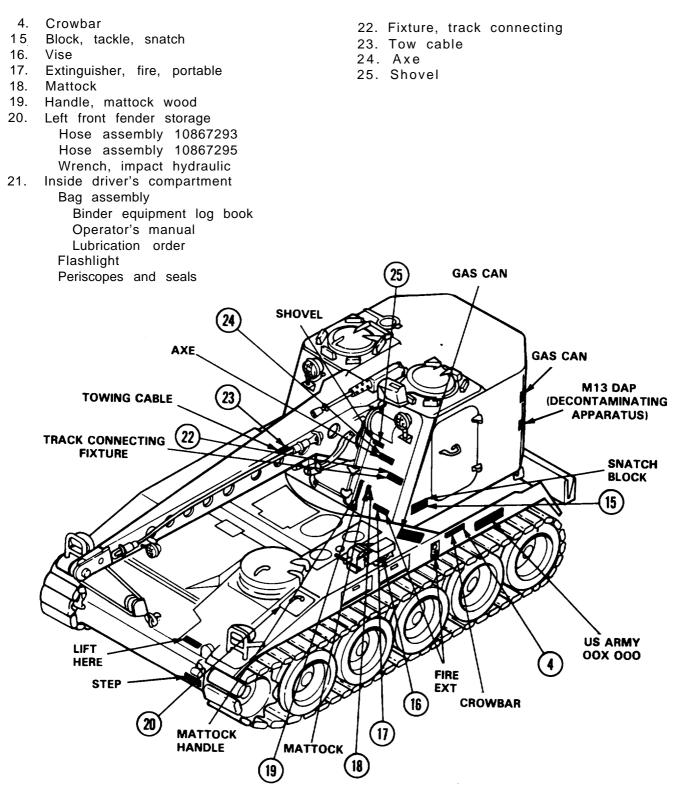
- 1. Wire rope assembly
- 2. Block, tackle
- 3. Water can
- 4. Crowbar
- 5. Wrench (10904436)
- 6. In bin under cab floor Kit, reflector and flag Hose assemblies (4)
- 7. Exterior stowage compartment Chain assemblies (6) Cutter, wire rope Jack, hydraulic (2) Rope
- 8. Tool locker Adapter Bar, socket wrench Chisel

- Clevis assembly Extension Gun, lubrication Hammer Hook, tow Pinch bar Shackle assemblies (6) spout Wedge
- 9. Tarpaulin
- 10. Case, Saw Saw
- 11. Tow bar
- 12. Track shoe assembly (4)
- 13. Cylinder, oxygen
- 14. Cylinder, acetylene



## STOWAGE AND SIGN GUIDE-EXTERIOR-CONTINUED

#### **LEGEND - Continued:**

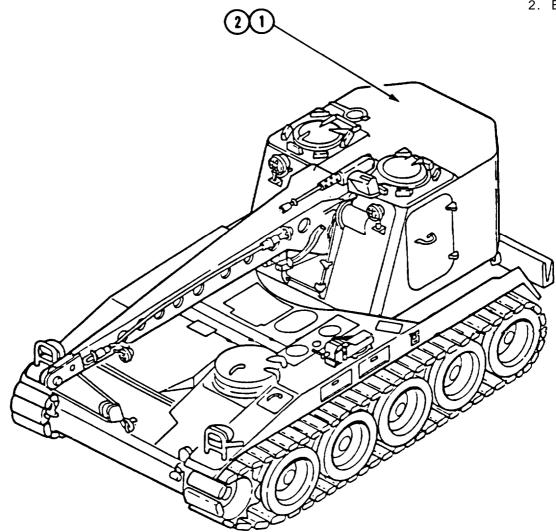


## APPENDIX F ON-VEHICLE EQUIPMENT LOADING PLAN

This is a standard load plan for the M578 Recovery Vehicle. It is designed to supplement the stowage and sign wide contained in Appendix E. It includes selected items of personal and unit equipment issued to most units within the Army equipped with this vehicle. It does not include items shown in Appendix E. Equipment not shown in either this document or Appendix E may be loaded in accordance with local command policy.

#### LEGEND:

- 1. Rucksacks
- 2. Bedrolls



## **APPENDIX G**

## LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

#### GENERAL

These lubrication instructions are divided into two sections based on lubrication intervals (daily and quarterly (3 months)).

An overall view showing lubrication points precedes each set of detailed notes.

A broken leader line (- - -) means there are lubrication points on both sides of the vehicle.

Intervals are based on normal operation.

- Lubricate more during constant operation.
- Perform a quarterly lubrication as soon as possible after water fording operation.
- For operation of vehicle in protracted cold temperatures below O°F (-18°C), remove lubricants prescribed in the key for temperatures above O°F (-18°C), clean parts with dry cleaning solvent, and relubricate with lubricants specified in key for temperatures +40° to -70°F (+4°C to -57°C).

## **MAN-HOUR TIMES**

The man-hour time specified is the time you need to do all the services prescribed for a particular interval.

#### LEVEL OF MAINTENANCE:

C--Operator/Crew

#### LUBRICANT POINTS

Type of lubricants used at each point are identified by arrows:

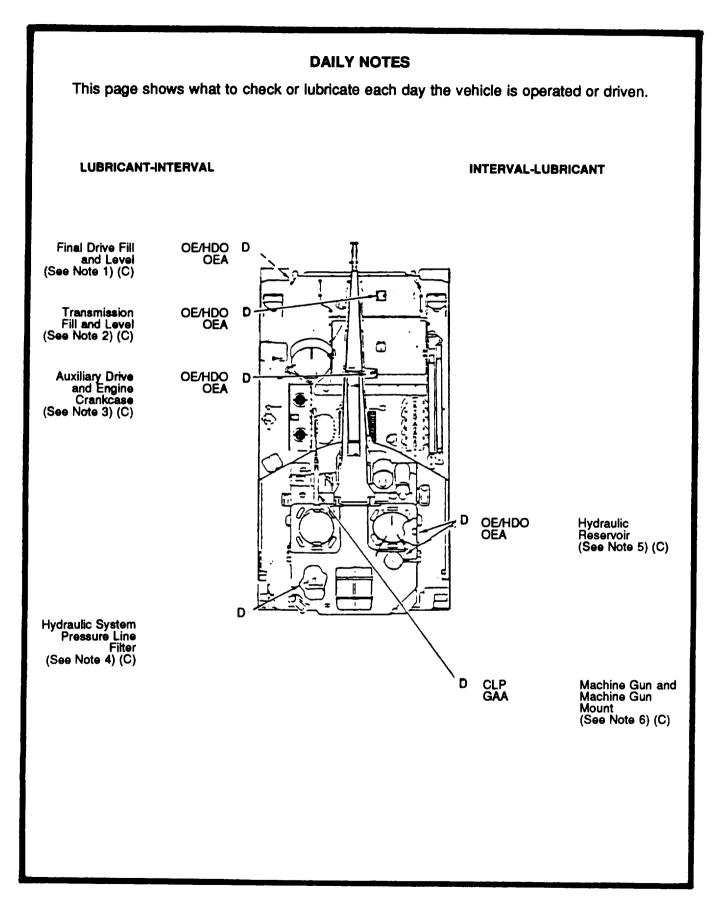


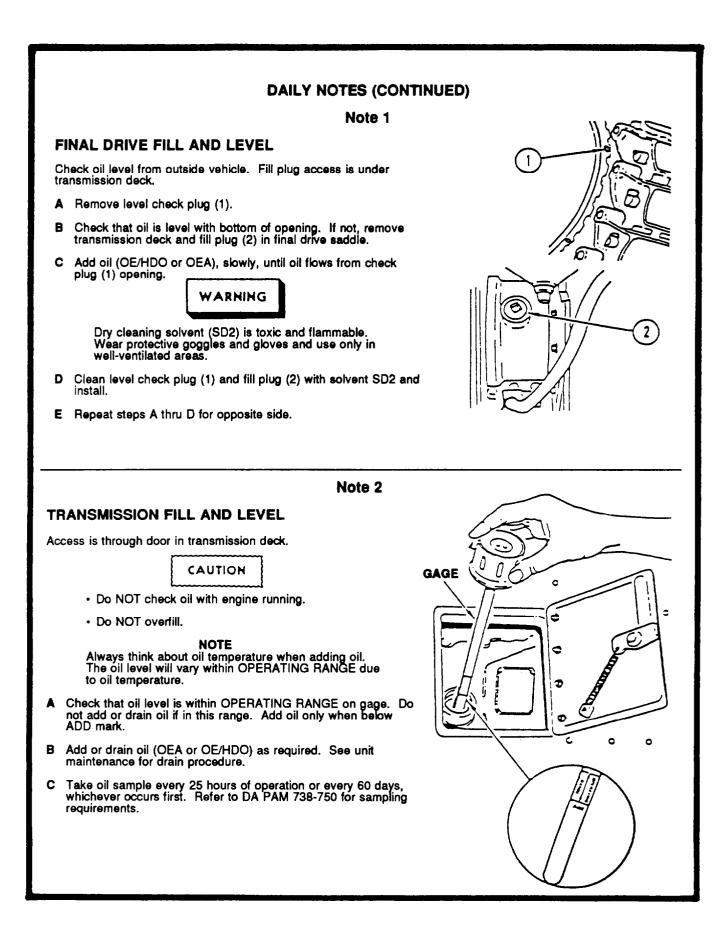
#### **OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING:**

- NEVER use the wrong type of grease.
- NEVER use too much lubrication.
- ALWAYS clean grease fittings before lubrication.
- ALWAYS use the lubrication instructions.

					KEY						
<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>			1	EXPECTED TEMPERATURES					<u> </u>		
LUBRICANTS		CAPACITIES		ES	Above 0°F (Above -18°C)			Below +40°F (Below +4°C)		INTERVALS	
OE/HDO (MIL-L-21040)	LUBRICATING OIL, Internal Combustion Engine, Tactical Service									D-Daily	
OEA (MIL-L-46167)	LUBRICATING OIL Internal Combustion Engine, Arctic										
	Engine Crankcase. Add Three Additional Quarts (2.8 I) for Filters.	Refill 28 qt (26.5 l) Dry 38 qt (35.9 l) Refill 4 qt (3.8 l) Dry 4.5 qt (4.2 l)								Q-Quarterly 750 mi (1207 km) or 75 hr of opera- tion, whichever	
	Auxiliary Drive			3	OE/HDO-15/40		OEA		tion, whichever occurs first.		
	Tow Winch	5 qt (4.7	' I)								
	Boom Winch	3 qt (2.8 l)									
	Auxiliary Drive Clutch Housing	Refill 3/4 pt (0.35 l) Dry 7/8 pt (0.40 l)		35 I) ) I)	OE/HDO-15/40			OEA			
	Transmission	Refill 12 gal (45.4 l) Dry 19 gal (72 l)			OEA C OE/HDO-15/40		OEA	1			
	Traversing Gearcase Upper Section		1 qt (0.95 l)		OEA			OEA	9-207		
	Traversing Gearcase Lower Section	3 qt (3.81 l)									
	Hydraulic Reservoir	Refill 140 Dry 165	0 gal (5 gal (62	530 I) 4.5 I)	OE/H	00-10		OEA	refer to		
	Final Drive (Left)	13 qt (12	2. <b>35 I</b> )		OE/HD	D-15/40		OEA	ğ		
	Final Drive (Right)	7 qt (6.6	5 1)						Dera		
	Road Wheel Hub Bearing Trailing Idler Hub Bearing				G/	A		GAA	For Arctic operation,		
GAA (MIL-G-10924)	GREASE, Automotive and Artillery					ALL TEMPE	RATU	RES	L.		
CLP (MIL-L-63460)	LUBRICANT, CLEANER and PRESERVATIVE			T							
Machine Gun Oil Can Points SD2 SOLVENT, Dry (P-D-680) Cleaning					C1	.P		CLP			
					ALL TEMPERATURES						
				EXPEC	ECTED TEMPERATURES		ES				
				80°F to (27°C to	o 30°F o - 1°C)	30°F to -30° (-1°C to 34°		-30°F to -65°F (-34°C to -54°C)			
CW-II VV-L-7511 GO-75 (MIL-L-2105)	LUBRICATING OIL, Chain, Wire Rope, Exposed Gear, and Cables	CM-IIC	;	CW	-118	CW-IIA		GO-75			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			т	OTAL M	AN-HOU	RS	¶,				
			[	arval D C	Man-H 5 20						







#### DAILY NOTES (CONTINUED)

Note 3

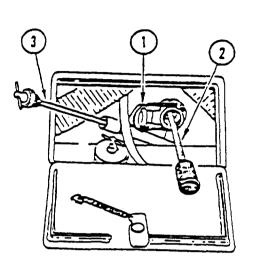
#### **AUXILIARY DRIVE AND ENGINE CRANKCASE**

Access is through door in engine deck.

- A Auxiliary Drive
  - 1 Lift cap (1) and check oil level. Oil should be within FULL and ADD marks on gage (2).
  - 2 Add or drain OE/HDO or OEA, as required.
- **B** Engine Crankcase

**NOTE** After overnight stand, oil level may indicate up to 3/4 in. (19 mm) over FULL mark. This is normal.

- 1 Level should be between low (L) and full (F) marks on gage (3). If required, add or drain oil (OE/HDO or OEA).
- 2 Take oil samples every 25 hours of operation or every 60 days, whichever occurs first. Refer to DA PAM 738-750 for sampling requirements.



#### Note 4

#### HYDRAULIC SYSTEM PRESSURE LINE FILTER

WARNING

Make sure no personnel are in turret well before traversing cab.



Relieve hydraulic pressure before disassembling filter assembly.

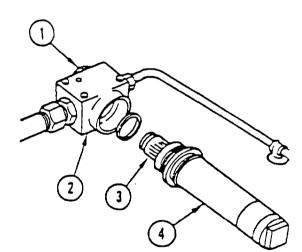
Remove stowage box to gain access into turret well.

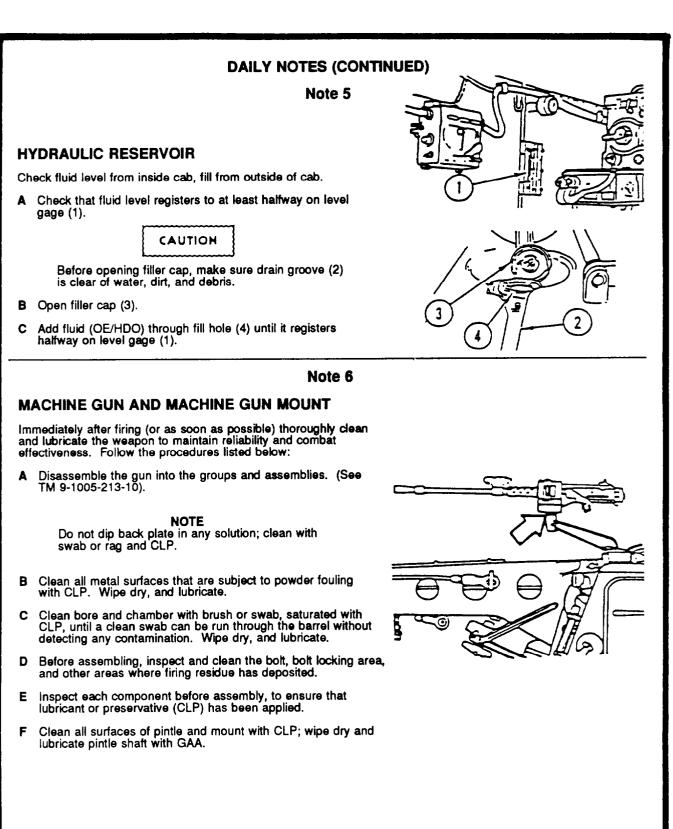
- A Check indicator button (1) on filter base (2).
- B When button protrudes 1/4 in. (6 mm), the filter is dirty.

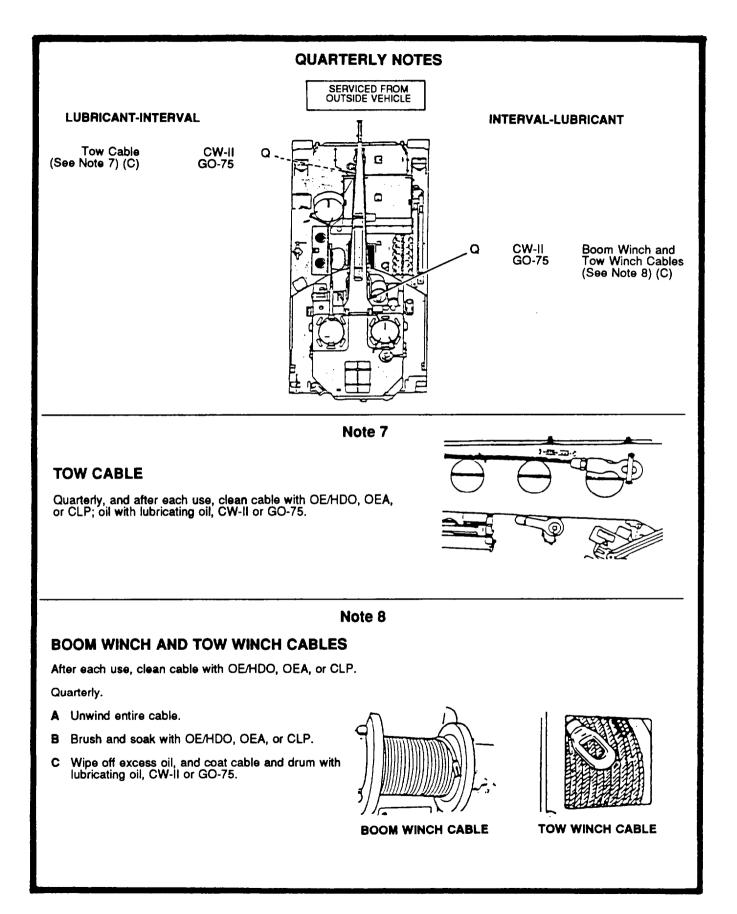
WARNING

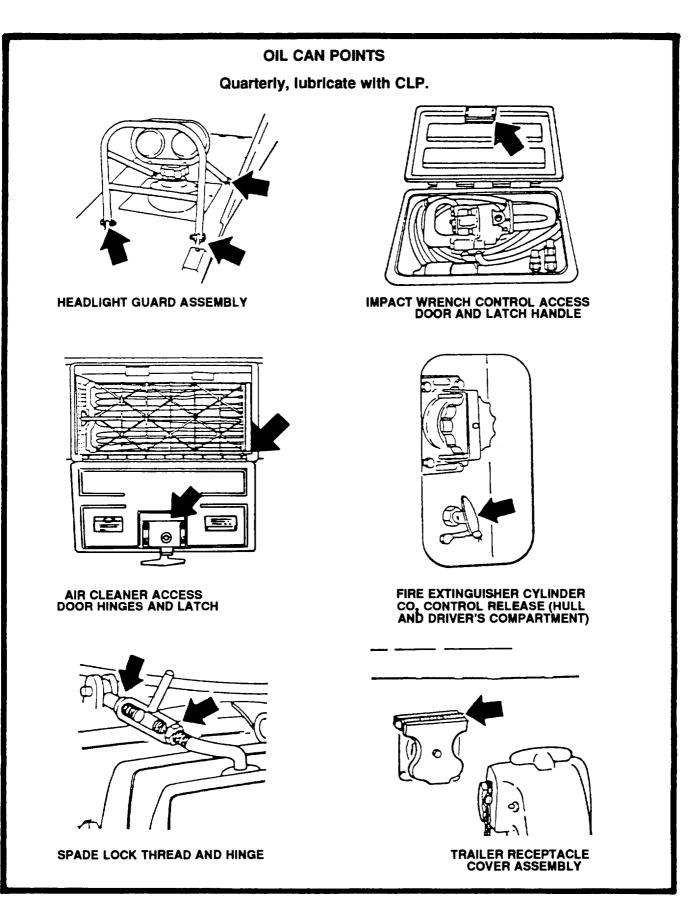
Dry cleaning solvent (SD2) is toxic and flammable. Wear protective goggles and gloves and use only in well-ventilated areas.

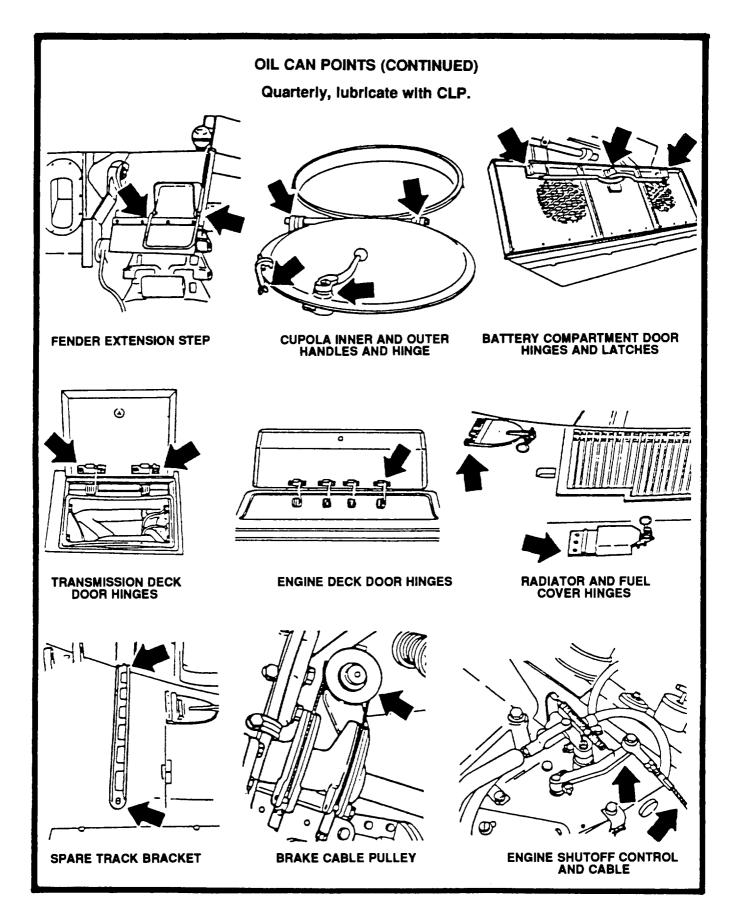
- C Remove filter element (3) and clean inside of case (4) with solvent SD2.
- D Dry case (4) and install new filter element (3).

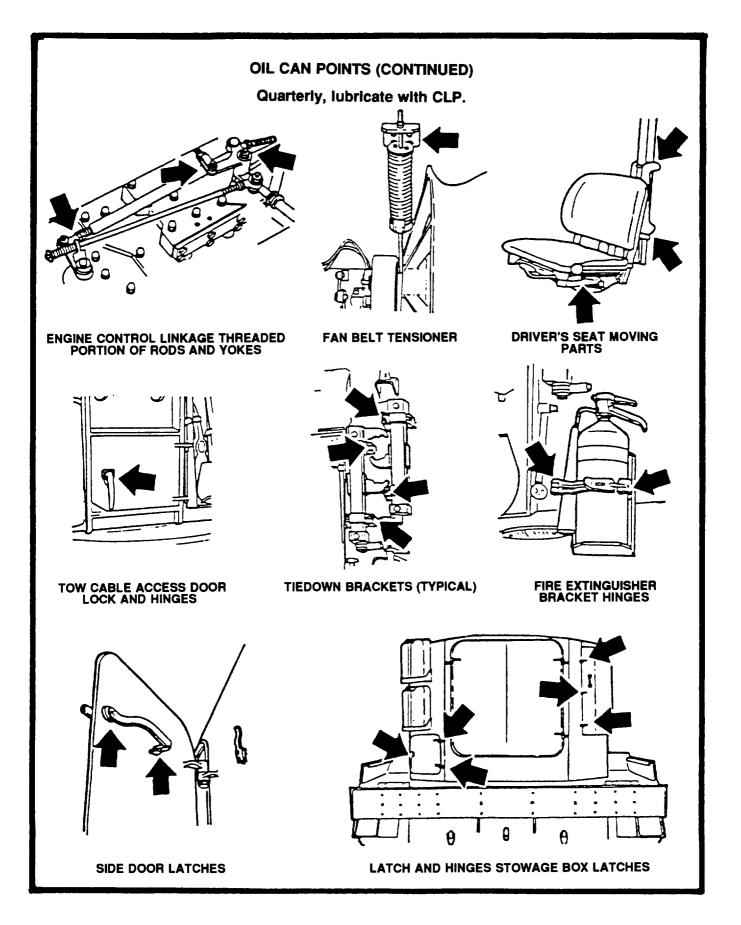


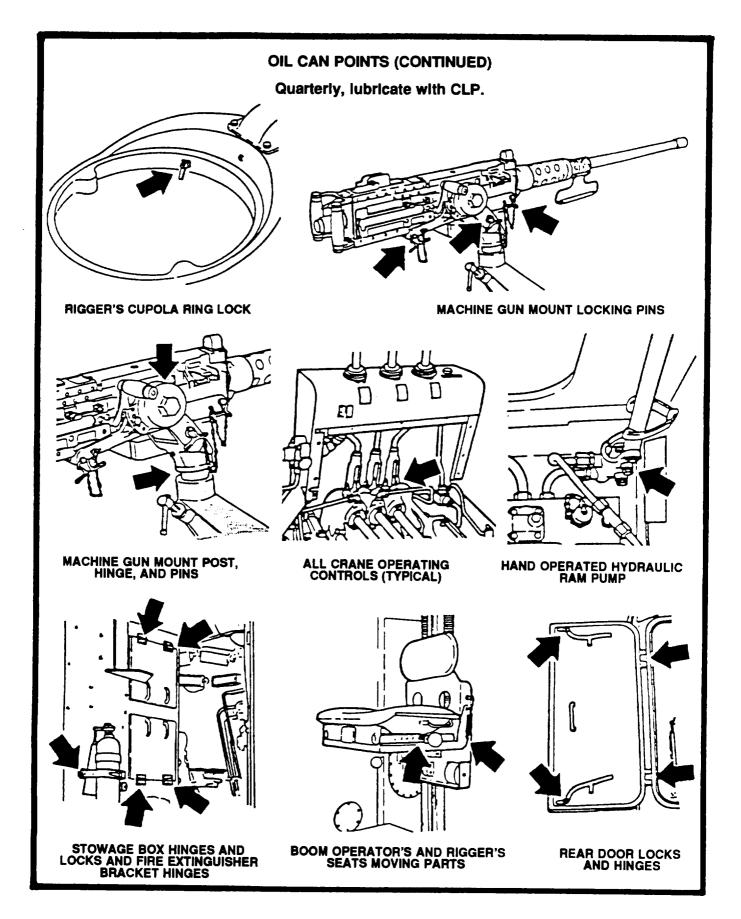


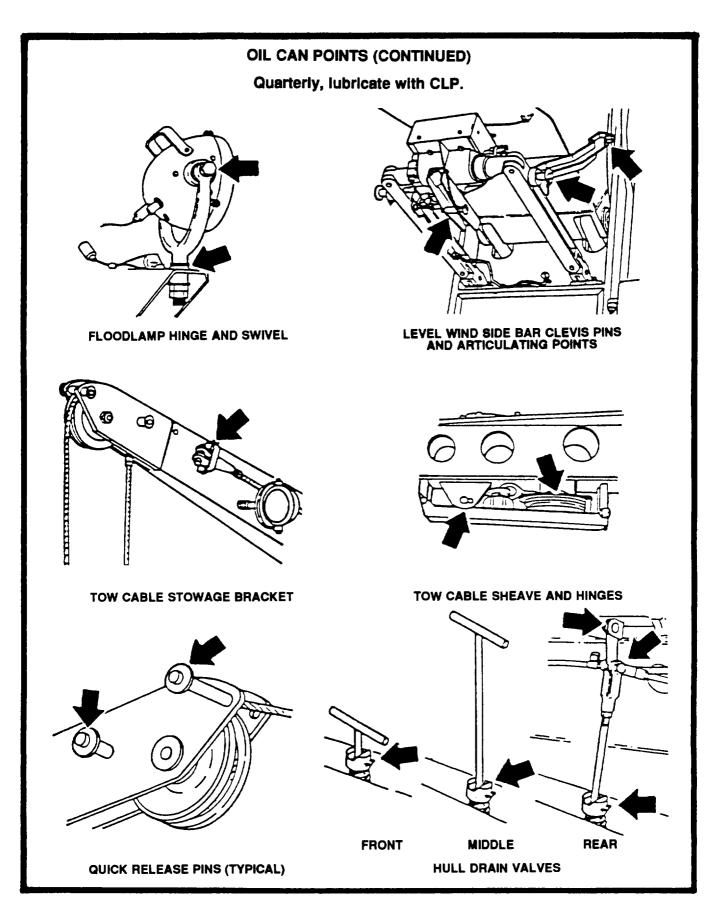


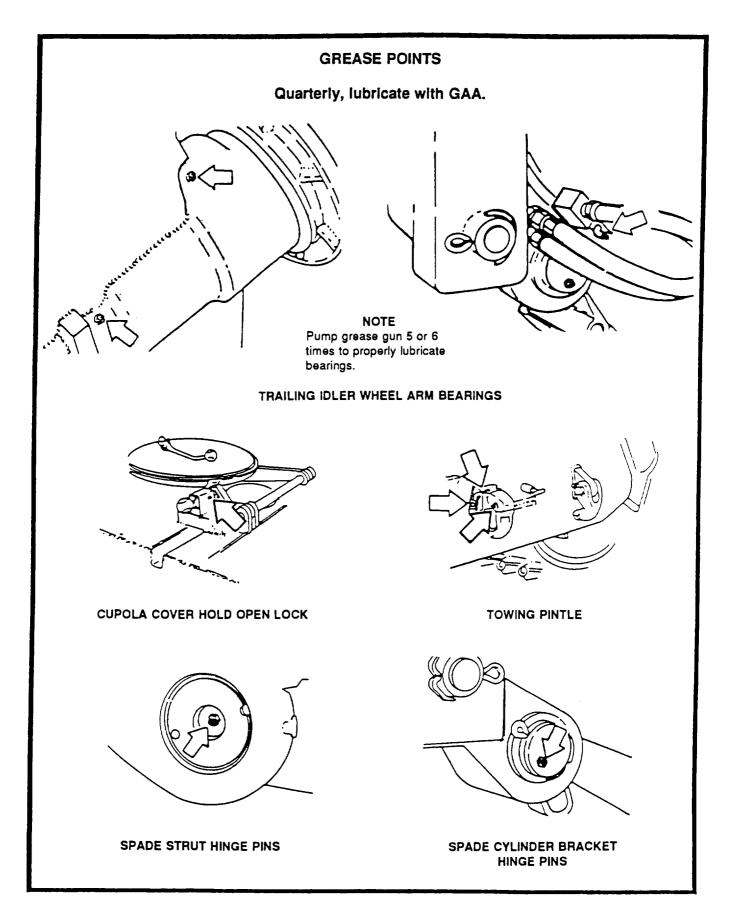


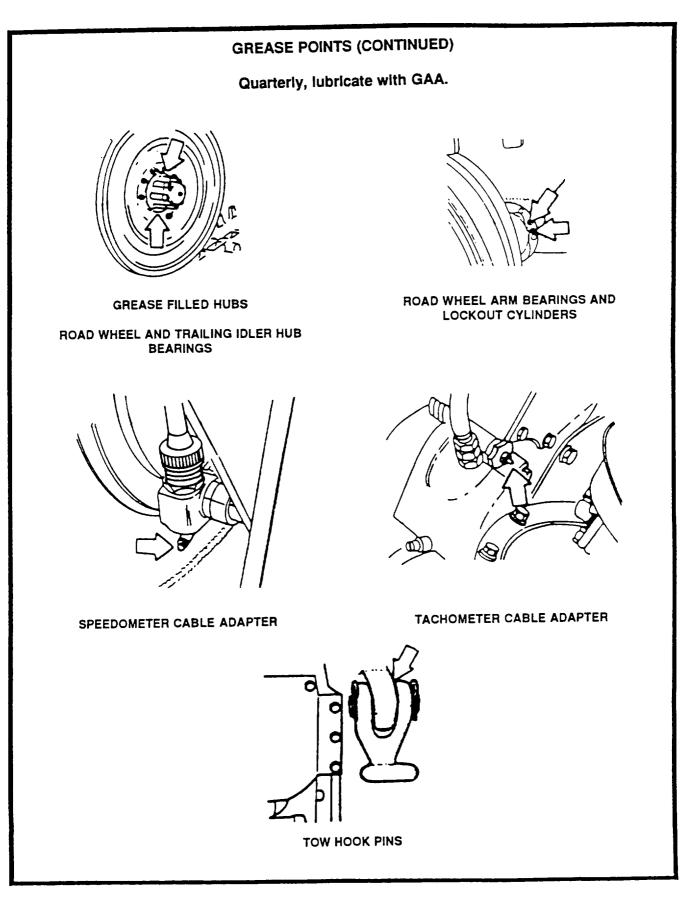












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#### **GREASE POINTS (CONTINUED)**

#### Quarterly, lubricate with GAA.

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## UNIVERSAL JOINTS

Note Power plant does not need to be removed to lubricate universal joints.

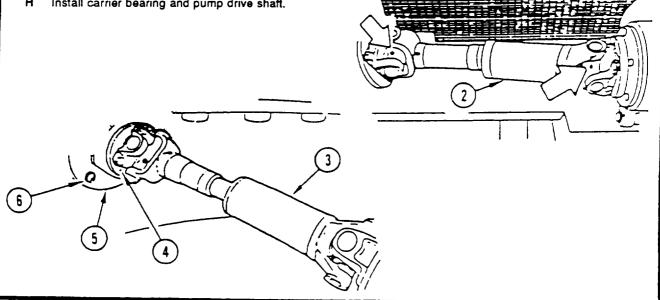
Lubricate all fittings with GAA. Wipe off extra lubricant.

- A Rotate drive shafts (1) and (2) until lubrication fittings are accessible.
- В Lubricate fittings with GAA and wipe off excess.
- С Rotate turret to rearward position and remove stowage box. Rotate pump drive shaft (3) until lubrication fittings are accessible. Lubricate fitting with GAA and wipe off excess.
- D Remove four screws (4) and disconnect pump drive shaft from carrier bearing (5).
- E Remove lockwire and four screws (6).

#### Note

Drive shaft will separate if extended too far. Extend only far enough to gain access to lubrication fittings.

- F Pull carrier bearing (5) just far enough into turret well to gain access to clutch-to-carrier bearing drive shaft lubrication fitting.
- G Lubricate fitting on universal joint with grease (GAA) and wipe off excess.
- н Install carrier bearing and pump drive shaft.



LUBRICATED AT TIME OF ASSEMBLY BY SUPPORT MAINTENANCE The following parts are lubricated at time of assembly: Starter Generator Slip ring Traversing drive assembly •Magnetic clutch output shaft bearings Auxiliary clutch drive shaft splines Accelerator pedal bushings •Vehicle control pivot points •Towing hook pin •Fixed fire extinguisher release mechanism .Cupola and driver's hatch cover torsion bar splines .Brake pedal mechanism .Fan assembly DO NOT LUBRICATE Do not lubricate the following parts: •Generator fan •Air cleaner blower motor •Personnel heater motor •Driver's heater motor .Winterization kit heater electric fuel pump and coolant pump NOTES 1 New engines are delivered with preservative oil MIL-L-21260 (see DD Form 1397). Unless an oil change is necessary to meet ambient temperature requirements or until first scheduled oil change, maintain proper oil level by adding OE/HDO or OEA as required for expected temperatures. At time of powerplant removal, clean and coat threads on engine bolt with GAA. Do not lubricate bracket mounting screws. 2 New transmissions are delivered with preservative oil MIL-L-21260 (See DD Form 1397). Unless an oil change is necessary to meet ambient temperature requirements or until first scheduled oil change, maintain proper oil level by adding OE/HDO or OEA as required for expected temperatures. 3 Perform a quarterly lubrication after any fording operation. 4 Perform complete servicing of all lubrication points when a vehicle which has been in storage for an extended period of time is put into service.

5 Before initial start of new or overhauled engine, or one removed from storage, remove both rocker assembly covers and our one quart of oil (OE/HDO or OEA) over rocker arms and push rods. Use oil required for expected temperature.

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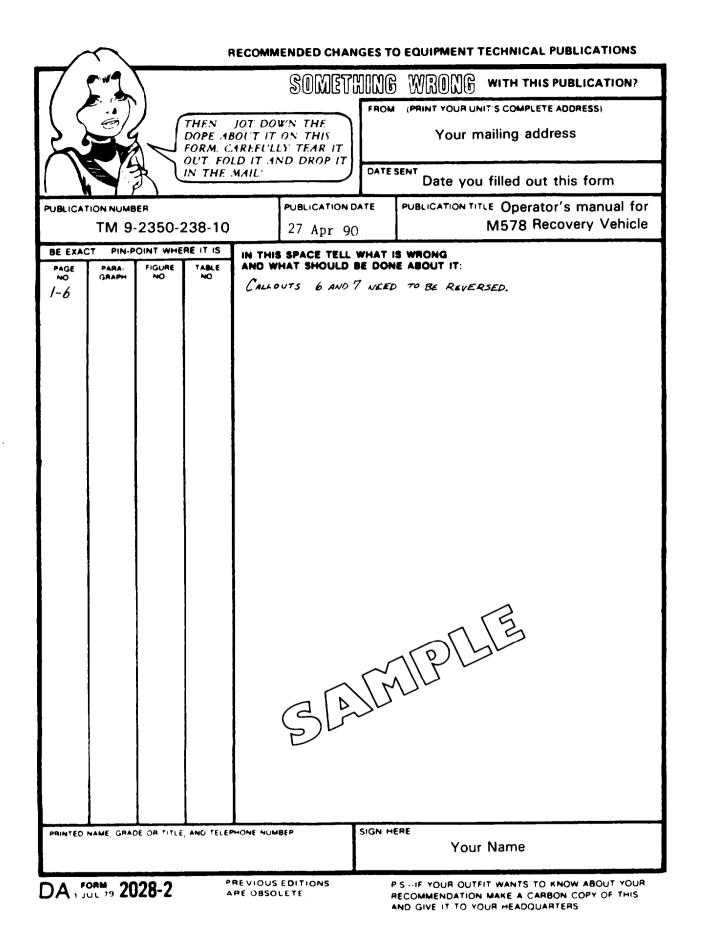
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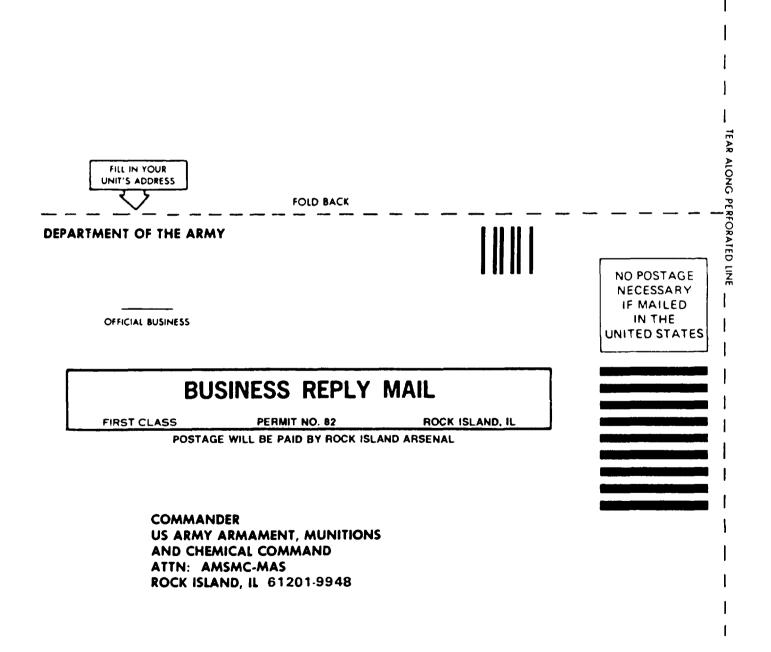
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## **METRIC CHART**

#### THE METRIC SYSTEM AND EQUIVALENTS

#### LINEAR MEASURE

#### SQUARE MEASURE

- 1 Centimeter = 10 Millimeters = 0.01 Meters = 0.3937 Inches 1 Meter = 100 Centimeters = 1000 Millimeters = 39.37 Inches 1 Kilometer = 1000 Meters = 0.621 Miles

#### WEIGHTS

- 1 Gram = 0.001 Kilograms = 1000 Milligrams = 0.035 Ounces 1 Kilogram = 1000 Grams = 2.2 Lb
- 1 Metric Ton = 1000 Kilograms = 1 Megagram = 1.1 Short Tons

#### LIQUID MEASURE

TO CHANGE

1 Milliliter = 0.001 Liters = 0.0338 Fluid Ounces 1 Liter = 1000 Milliliters = 33.82 Fluid Ounces

то

- 1 Sq Centimeter = 100 Sq Millimeters = 0.155 Sq Inches
- 1 Sq Meter = 10,000 Sq Centimeters = 10.76 Sq Feet
- 1 Sq Kilometer = 1,000,000 Sq Meters = 0.386 Sq Miles

#### CUBIC MEASURE

1 Cu Centimeter = 1000 Cu Millimeters = 0.06 Cu Inches 1 Cu Meter = '1,000,000 Cu Centimeters = 35.31 Cu Feet

#### TEMPERATURE

 $5/9 (^{o}F - 32) = ^{o}C$ 

212° Fahrenheit is equivalent to 100° Celsius 90° Fahrenheit is equivalent to 32.2° Celsius 32° Fahrenheit is equivalent to 0° Celsius  $9/5 C^{\circ} + 32 = F^{\circ}$ 

#### **APPROXIMATE CONVERSION FACTORS**

MULTIPLY BY

Inches	. Centimeters	2.540
Feet	. Meters	0.305
Yards	. Meters	0.914
	Kilometers	
Square Inches	Square Centimeters	6.451
	. Square Meters	
	.Square Meters	
Square Miles	. Square Kilometers	2.590
	.Square Hectometers	
	Cubic Meters	
	Cubic Meters	
	. Milliliters	
	Liters	
	Liters	
	Liters	
	Grams	
	Kilograms	
	Metric Tons	
	Newton-Meters	
	Kilopascals	
	Kilometers per Liter	
	Kilometers per Hour	
		1.009
TO CHANGE	то м	IULTIPLY BY
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Centimeters	Inches	0.394
Centimeters	Inches Feet	0.394 3.280 1.094
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Centimeters Meters Meters Square Centimeters Square Meters Square Meters Square Kilometers Square Hectometers	Inches Feet Yards Miles Square Inches Square Feet Square Yards Square Miles Acres	0.394 3.280 1.094 0.621 0.155 10.764 1.196 0.386 2.471
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Centimeters Meters Meters Kilometers Square Centimeters Square Meters Square Meters Square Kilometers Square Hectometers Cubic Meters Cubic Meters	Inches Feet Yards Miles Square Inches Square Feet Square Yards Square Miles Acres Cubic Feet Cubic Feet	0.394 3.280 1.094 0.621 0.155 10.764 1.196 0.386 2.471 35.315 1.308
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Centimeters Meters Meters Kilometers Square Centimeters Square Meters Square Meters Square Meters Square Hectometers Cubic Meters Cubic Meters Milliliters Liters	Inches Feet Yards Miles Square Inches Square Feet Square Yards Square Miles Acres Cubic Feet Cubic Feet Fluid Ounces Pints	0.394 3.280 1.094 0.621 0.155 10.764 1.196 0.386 2.471 35.315 1.308 0.034 2.113
Centimeters Meters Meters Kilometers Square Centimeters Square Meters Square Meters Square Meters Square Hectometers Cubic Meters Cubic Meters Liters Liters	Inches Feet Yards Miles Square Inches Square Feet Square Yards Square Miles Acres Cubic Feet Cubic Feet Fluid Ounces Pints Quarts	0.394 3.280 1.094 0.621 0.155 10.764 1.196 0.386 2.471 35.315 1.308 0.034 2.113 1.057
Centimeters Meters Meters Kilometers Square Centimeters Square Meters Square Meters Square Meters Square Hectometers Cubic Meters Cubic Meters Milliliters Liters Liters	Inches Feet Yards Miles Square Inches Square Feet Square Yards Square Miles Acres Cubic Feet Cubic Feet Cubic Yards Fluid Ounces Pints Quarts Gallons	0.394 3.280 1.094 0.621 0.155 10.764 1.196 0.386 2.471 35.315 1.308 0.034 2.113 1.057 0.264
Centimeters Meters Meters Square Centimeters Square Meters Square Meters Square Kilometers Square Hectometers Cubic Meters Cubic Meters Cubic Meters Liters Liters Grams	Inches Feet Yards Miles Square Inches Square Feet Square Yards Square Miles Acres Cubic Feet Cubic Feet Cubic Yards Fluid Ounces Pints Quarts Gallons Ounces	0.394 3.280 1.094 0.621 0.155 10.764 1.196 0.386 2.471 35.315 1.308 0.034 2.113 1.057 0.264 0.035
Centimeters Meters Meters Square Centimeters Square Meters Square Meters Square Kilometers Square Hectometers Cubic Meters Cubic Meters Cubic Meters Liters Liters Liters Grams Kilograms	Inches Feet Yards Miles Square Inches Square Feet Square Yards Square Miles Acres Cubic Feet Cubic Feet Cubic Yards Fluid Ounces Pints Quarts Gallons Ounces Pounds	0.394 3.280 1.094 0.621 1.0155 10.764 1.196 0.386 2.471 35.315 1.308 0.034 2.113 1.057 0.264 0.035 2.205
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Centimeters Meters Meters Square Centimeters Square Meters Square Meters Square Kilometers Square Hectometers Cubic Meters Cubic Meters Cubic Meters Liters Liters Liters Liters Citers Milliliters Liters Metric Tons Newton-Meters	Inches Feet Yards Miles Square Inches Square Feet Square Feet Square Yards Square Miles Acres Cubic Feet Cubic Feet Cubic Yards Fluid Ounces Pints Quarts Gallons Ounces Pounds Short Tons Pound-Feet	0.394 3.280 1.094 0.621 0.155 10.764 1.196 0.386 2.471 35.315 1.308 0.034 2.113 1.057 0.264 0.035 2.205 1.102 0.738
Centimeters Meters Meters Kilometers Square Centimeters Square Meters Square Meters Square Kilometers Square Hectometers Cubic Meters Cubic Meters Cubic Meters Liters Liters Liters Liters Citers Milliliters Liters Square Salar Metric Tons Newton-Meters Kilopascals	Inches Feet Yards Miles Square Inches Square Feet Square Feet Square Yards Square Miles Acres Cubic Feet Cubic Feet Cubic Yards Fluid Ounces Pints Quarts Gallons Ounces Pounds Short Tons	0.394 3.280 1.094 0.621 0.155 10.764 1.196 0.386 2.471 35.315 1.308 0.034 2.113 1.057 0.264 0.035 2.205 1.102 0.738 0.145

Kilometers per Hour ..... Miles per Hour ..... 0.621

